

International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Opening Statement Joseph M. Sedor

Aviation International Investigations

- Significant international workload
- Significant safety impact for U.S. aviation
- International safety effort
 - Investigative protocols
 - Outreach
 - Laboratory and data support
 - Family assistance
 - Case studies



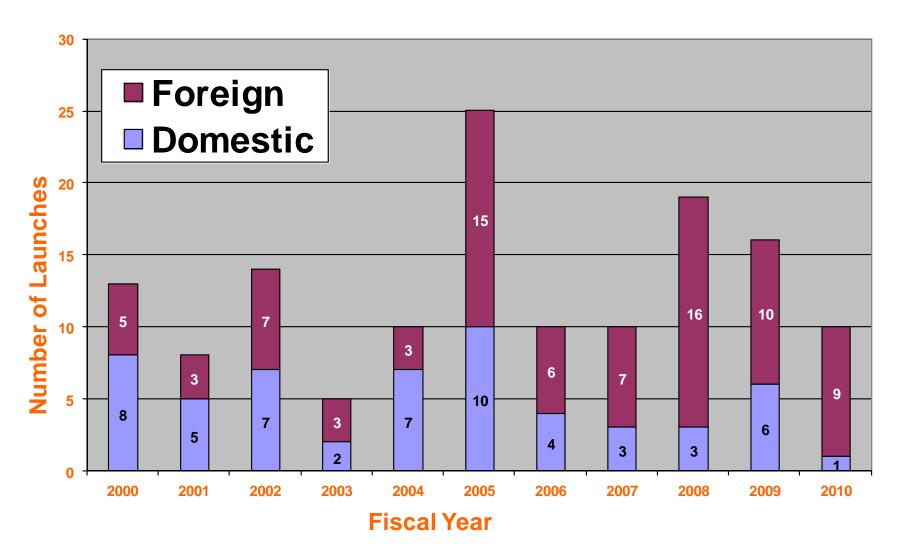








Major Domestic & Foreign Launches













International Civil Aviation Organization

- Chicago Convention on International Civil Aviation
 - Administered by ICAO
 - United States is a signatory
- NTSB responsible for fulfilling obligations
 - In coordination with State Department
- Annex 13: Aircraft Accident and Incident Investigation
- Annex 8: Airworthiness of Aircraft











Annex 13 – General

- Objective of Annex 13 investigations
 - Prevention of accidents, not for liability
- Standards and Recommended Practices
- Countries that take part in the investigations
 - State of Occurrence
 - State of Manufacture/Design
 - State of Operator
 - State of Registry











Annex 13 – Investigative Process

- State of Occurrence
 - Conducts the Investigation
 - Notifies ICAO and appropriate States
 - Investigator in Charge (IIC)
 - Organize, conduct, and control investigation
- State of Registry
 - Conducts investigation in international waters











Annex 13 – Investigative Process

- Accredited Representatives Rights
 - Appoint technical advisors
 - Visit the site and examine the wreckage
 - Participate fully in the investigation
 - recorder readouts, progress meetings, etc.
 - Have full access to all relevant data
- Accredited Representatives Obligations
 - Provide IIC all relevant information
 - Not release accident information











Annex 13 – Final Report

- Draft Final Report
 - Completed by State of Occurrence
 - Draft report sent to all States that participated
 - 60 day review period
- State comments on draft report
 - Must modify report <u>OR</u>
 - Append comments to the final report if requested





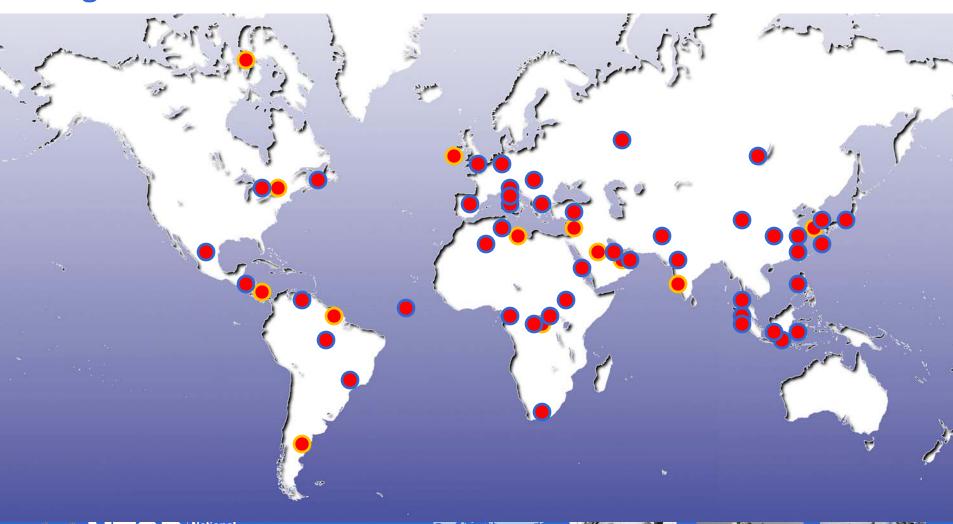






NTSB Annex 13 International Investigations

Significant Launches: 2000 to Oct. 2011



NTSB Annex 13 International Safety Results

- Recommendations
 - Hundreds issued by State of Occurrence
- NTSB Recommendations issued
 - -Since 2008 33 NTSB recommendations
 - Last 10 years 78 NTSB recommendations
- Total NTSB recommendations issued
 - -Over 320 recommendations





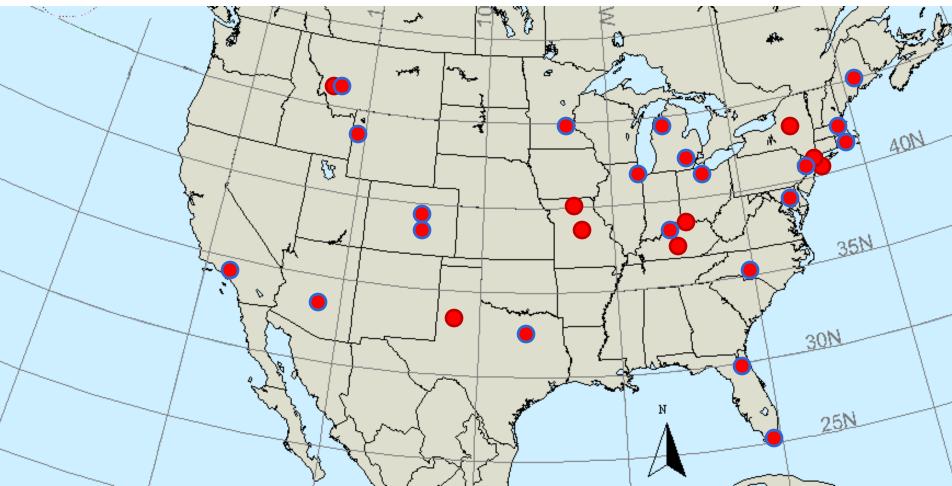






NTSB Annex 13 Domestic Investigations

...not a "one-way street"...













Annex 13 Investigations

- Critical factor in global aviation safety
- Critical component of U.S. aviation safety
- Identify safety issues from all accidents
- Required for many domestic accidents













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

International Outreach Frank Hilldrup

Why We Engage in International Outreach

- Improve bilateral cooperation
- Harmonize accident investigative procedures
- Enhance investigative knowledge
- Foster development of international safety protocols









Where We Engage in International Outreach

- International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)
- Flight Safety Foundation (FSF)
- International Society of Air Safety Investigators (ISASI)
- European Civil Aviation Conference (ECAC)
- European Organization for Civil Aviation Equipment (EUROCAE)
- Meetings with foreign counterparts



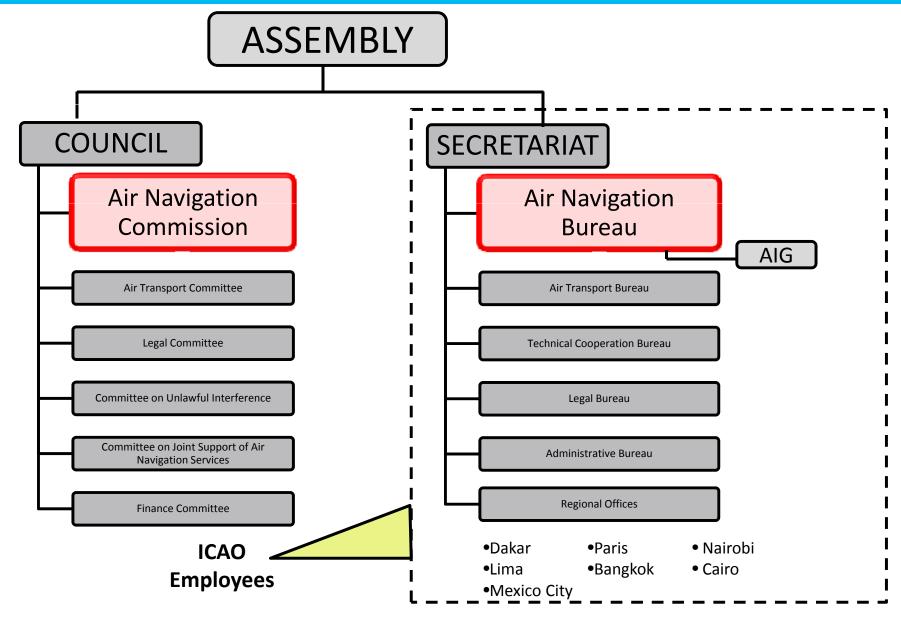








ICAO Organization













ICAO Activities/Interactions

Major Meetings and Symposia

- 2011 Fatigue Risk Management
- 2011 Runway Safety
- 2010 Triennial Assembly Meeting
- 2008 AIG meeting









ICAO Activities/Interactions (Cont'd)

ICAO Panels/Study Groups/Task Forces –

- Panels—
 - Flight Recorder Panel
 - Safety Management Panel
- Study Groups—
 - Accident Investigation Methods SG
 - Safety Indicators SG
- Task Forces—
 - Safety Information Protection TF
 - Circular 285 Update TF















International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

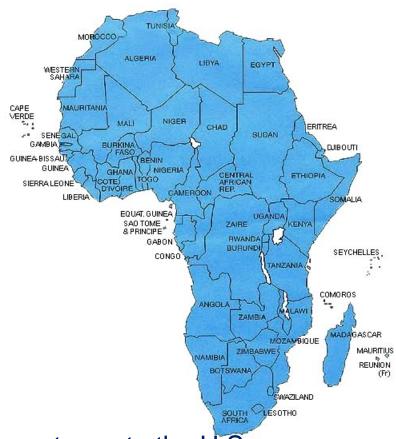
Aviation Safety in Africa - Safe Skies For Africa Dennis Jones

Background

Second largest continent 55 countries Three times the size of U.S.



Country/ region	Area (in millions of square miles)
Africa	11.7
Argentina	1.1
China	3.7
India	1.3
Kazakhstan	1.0
Mexico	0.8
United States	3.8



Importance to the U.S.:

- **Economic**
- Strategic
- Foreign Policy



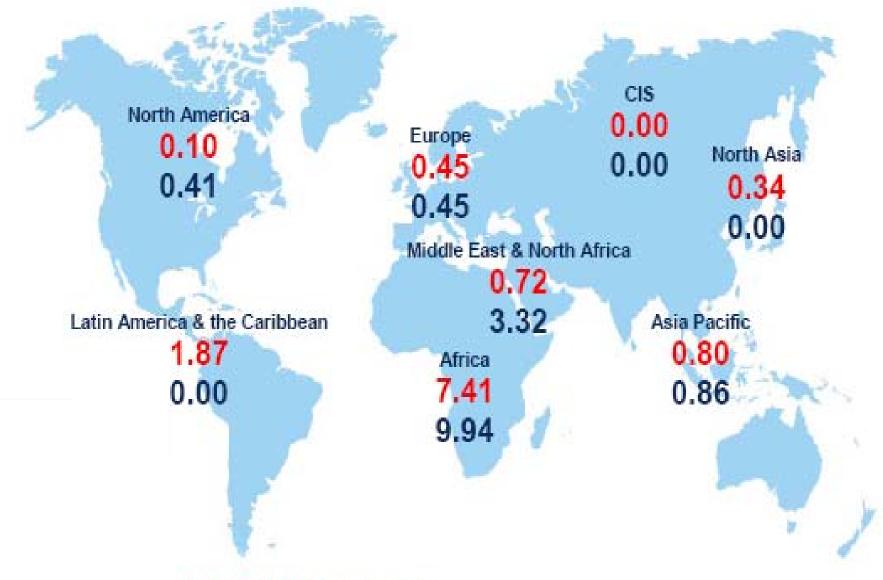












Red = 2010 / Blue = 2009

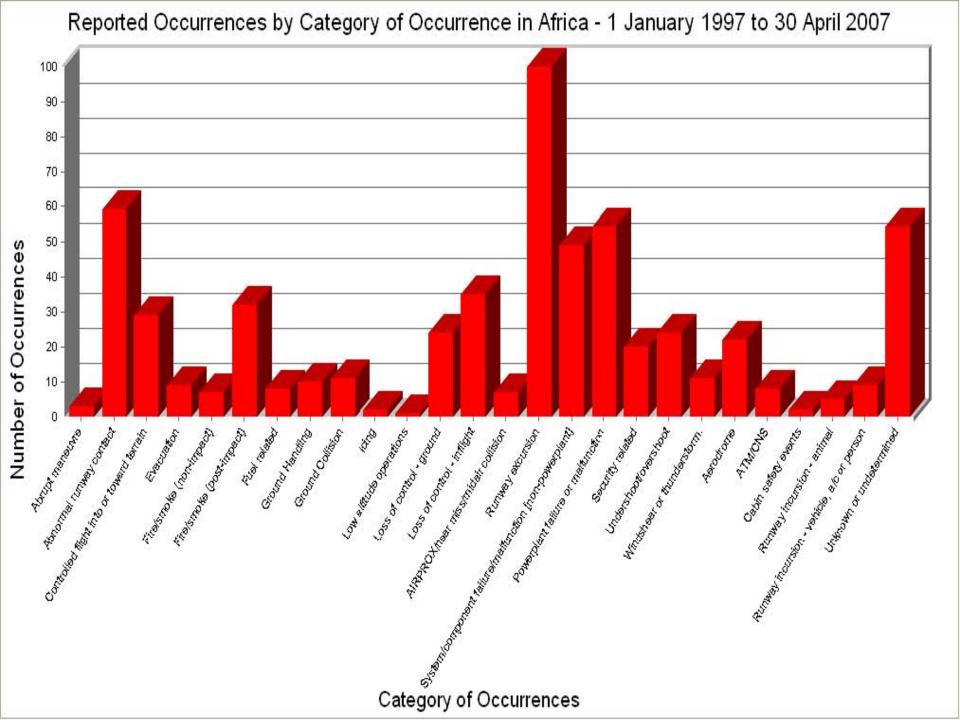














Safe Skies for Africa Program

- White House initiative created in 1998
- Assists civil aviation in African States:
 - Safety
 - Security
 - Air Navigation
- DOT-managed
- DOS-funded











Safe Skies for Africa - Goals

- ICAO Aviation Safety **Standards**
- Improve aviation security at a number of African airports
- Improve regional air navigation services in **Africa**











Safe Skies for Africa Participants

Eight states selected in 1998

Angola, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Coite d'Ivore (Ivory Coast), Kenya, Mali, Tanzania, Zimbabwe

Three states added June 2003

Djibouti, Namibia, Uganda

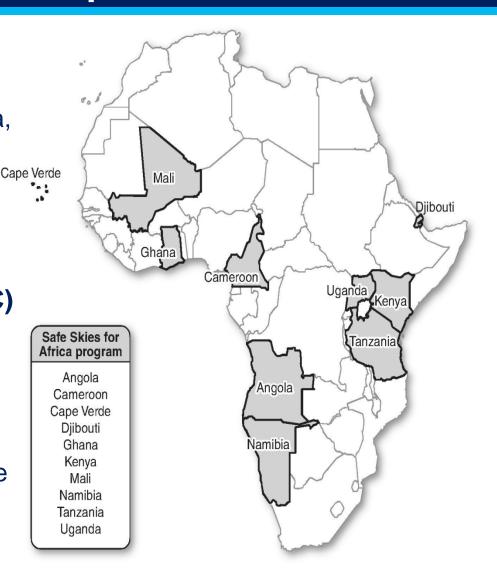
Regional focus:

East African Community (EAC)

Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi

Banjul Accord Group (BAG)

The Gambia, Ghana, Nigeria, Liberia, Sierra Leone, Cape Verde













NTSB and Safe Skies for Africa



Training and Technical Assistance

Accident Investigation Workshops













Nigeria – An African Success





















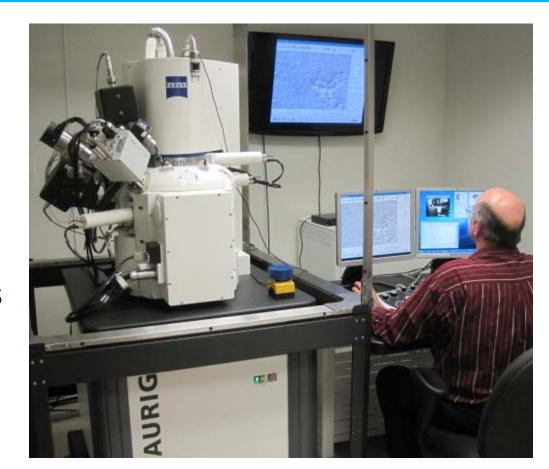
International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Materials Laboratory
Michael Budinski

Materials Laboratory: International Overview

- Technical specialists:
 - Materials science
 - Metallurgy
 - Fire science
- Laboratory
 - Material failure analysis
 - -Structural analysis
 - Group examinations
 - Experimental testing
 - On-scene examinations
 - Consultation







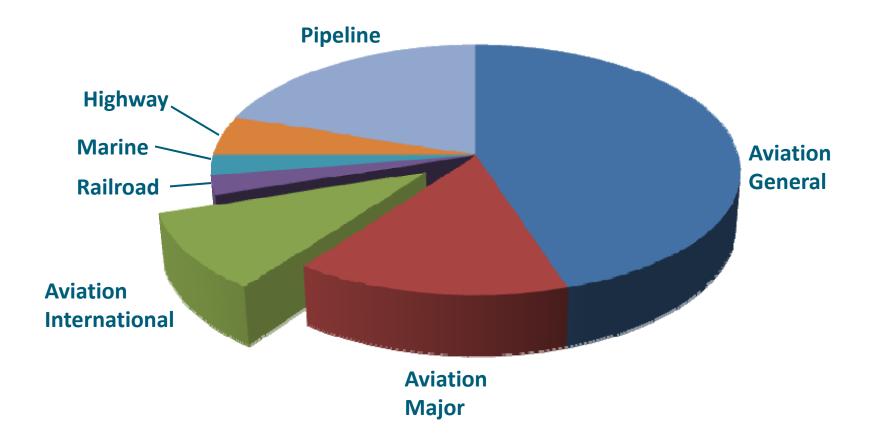






Materials Laboratory: International Overview

12-month "snap shot" of Materials Laboratory work based on labor hours













El Al Flight 027, Boeing 777-200, Tel Aviv, Israel

- Normal takeoff from Ben Gurion International Airport the left main landing gear (MLG) did not retract
- Aircraft returned to airport and landed without incident







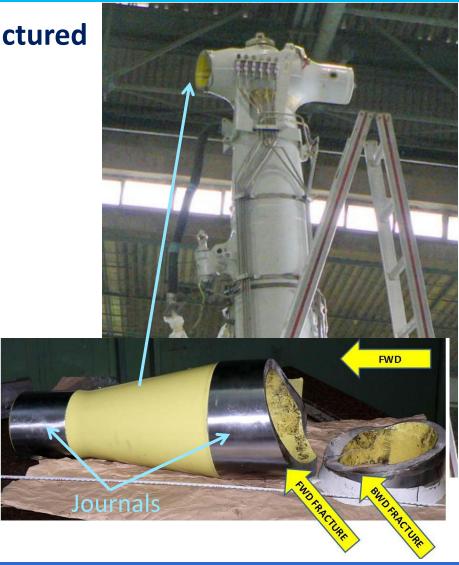




El Al Flight 027, Boeing 777-200, Tel Aviv, Israel

 Post-flight inspection revealed fractured left MLG forward trunnion















El Al Flight 027, Boeing 777-200, Tel Aviv, Israel

- Metallurgical analysis of the fractures, materials and specialized crack inspection
- Failure from fatigue at grinding burn cracks
- Examination of MLG steps at the overhaul shop in Singapore
- Opportunities identified to lower the probability of recurrence













- Copterline Sikorsky S-76C+ helicopter (OH-HCI Finland), crashed into the Baltic Sea shortly after takeoff from Tallinn, Estonia
- The investigation revealed the failure of the forward main rotor actuator





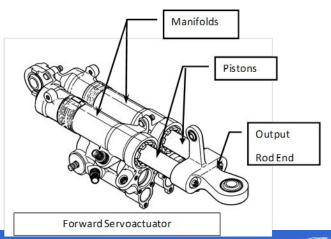






The NTSB conducted a metallurgical evaluation of the main rotor forward actuator components, exemplar actuator pistons, and other system components











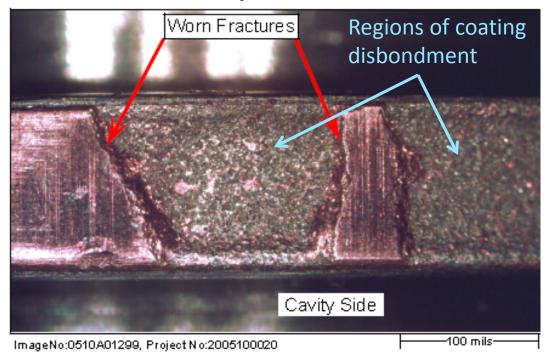






Metallurgical evaluation revealed failure of the coating system on the actuator pistons

- Excessive wear of components
- Hydraulic fluid leakage
- Blockage of a fluid return port













NTSB Safety Recommendations A-05-33 through -35 issued, which ask for:

- Immediate leakage testing of in-service actuators
- Visual and laboratory examination of hydraulic fluid filters
- Preflight check of flight control "stick jump" and control movement smoothness









UPS Flight 6, Boeing 747-400F, Dubai, UAE



- NTSB Materials Laboratory fire investigator on scene
- Developed a fire test program to understand cargo fires:
 - Quantify the fire load posed by lithium-ion batteries relative to ordinary combustibles
 - Quantify the size and growth rate of a cargo container fire



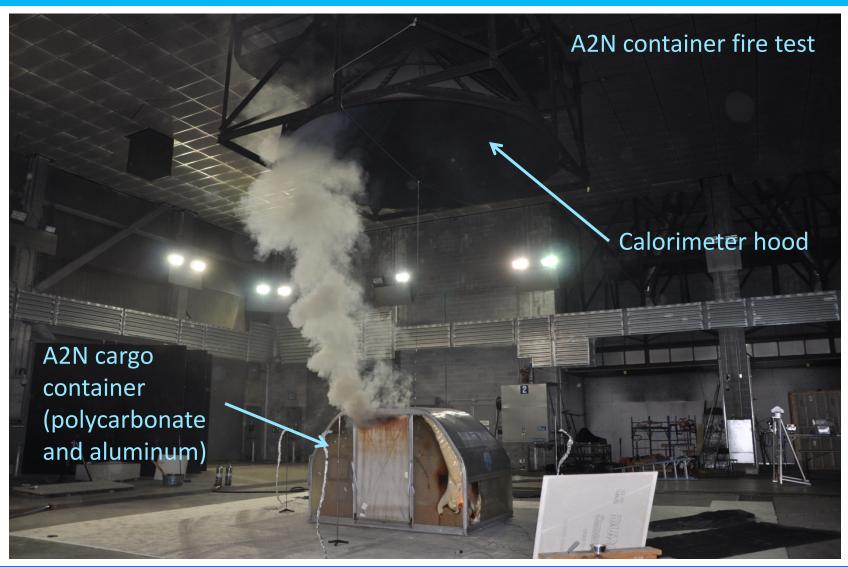








UPS Flight 6, Boeing 747, Dubai, UAE





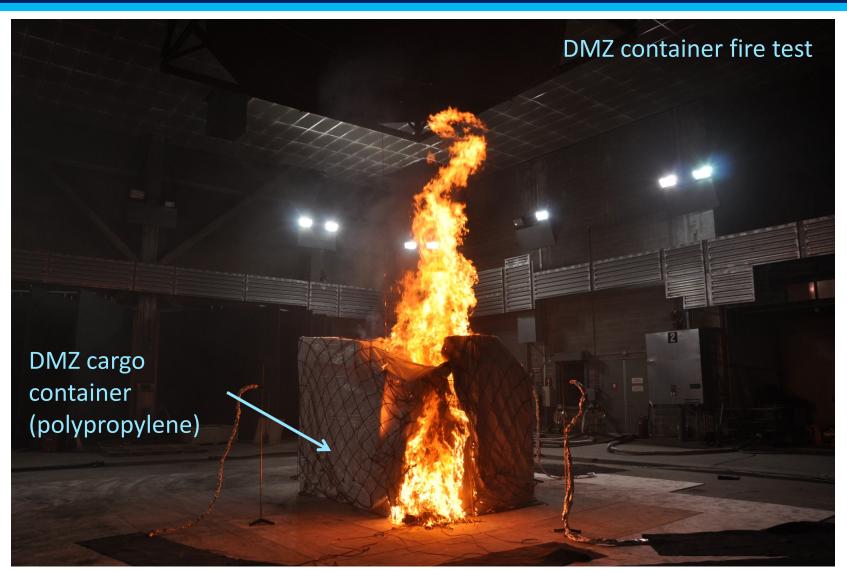








UPS Flight 6, Boeing 747, Dubai, UAE

















International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Flight Recorders and Electronic Devices
James Cash

Yearly Workload

- 30% of recorder lab's work is reading out of flight and voice recorders for foreign governments
- In 2010, recorder lab received over 40 recorders from 14 different countries
- Another 30 to 40 cases required support











NTSB Products

Range of recorder lab work

Simple downloading of flight data or cockpit voice recorder

- System and performance analysis of data
- Performing chip level data reconstruction of a damaged recorder, instrument or engine controller.

Poor quality or missing recordings









Animations





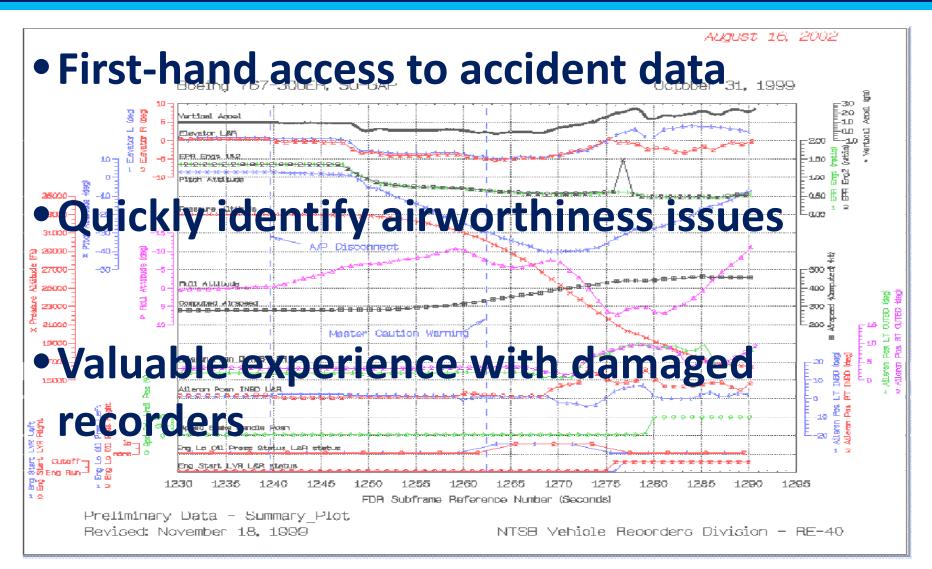








Benefits













New Electronic Technology and Equipment

Recorder lab is adding new equipment

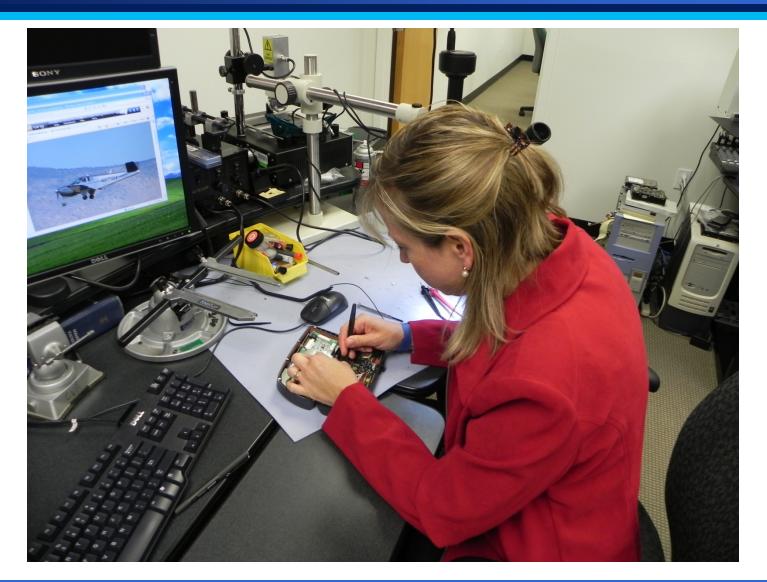
- Technology is changing and growing rapidly
- Hardware tools
 - New recorder readout equipment
 - Board and chip level evaluation
 - **Data recovery**
- Software tools
 - Reverse engineering of data encoding
 - Reconstruction of accident flight data





















Annex 13 Involvement

 NTSB will send a recorder specialist to assist in the download and readout of flight recorders

 The lab frequently will interface between foreign data requests and U.S. manufacturers













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Data Gathering and Sharing Loren Groff, PhD

ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices

- Notification and reporting
- Mandatory and voluntary reporting systems
- Database systems and analysis
- Exchange of safety information







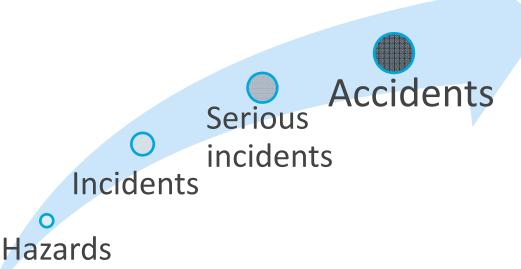






Expanding Use of Data Systems

- Safety management programs demand more data
- Demand brings new challenges
 - Standardization
 - Legal protections













Adopting Common Standards and Techniques

 CAST/ICAO Common Taxonomy Team (CICTT)



 European Coordination Centre for Accident and Incident Reporting Systems (ECCAIRS)













Developing Common Standards and Techniques

 ICAO Safety Indicator Study Group (SISG)











Addressing Shared Challenges

- Diverse legal frameworks
 - Safety Information Protection Task Force (SIP TF)
- Safety management procedures
 - ICAO Safety Management Advisory Group (SMAG)













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

International Family Assistance Efforts Paul Sledzik

Legislative Background

- Aviation Disaster Family Assistance Act of 1996
 - Foreign Air Carrier Family Support Act of 1997
 - Rail Passenger Disaster Family Assistance Act of 2008
- Accidents in U.S. or territories
- Part 121 or 129 air carrier
- Major loss of life













TDA Primary Partner Agencies





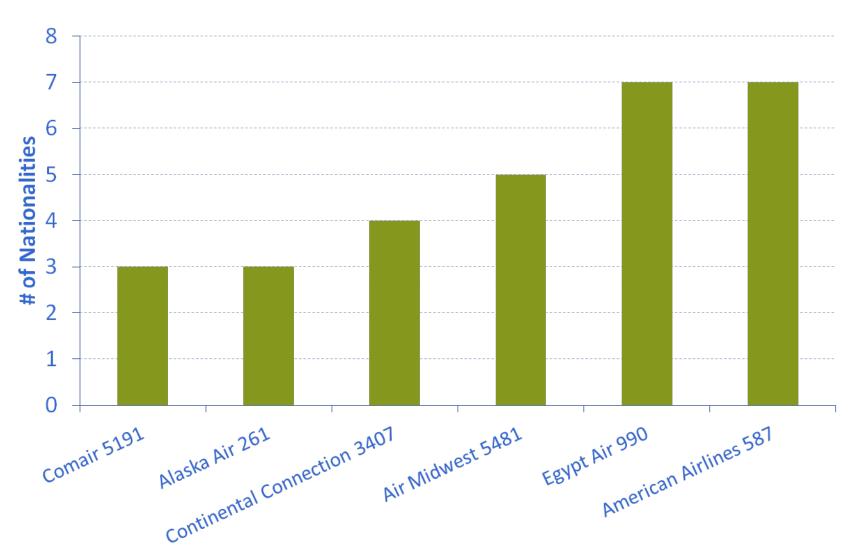








Nationalities in Domestic Accidents













TDA Primary Partner Agencies













Department of State Roles & Responsibilities

- Notification to families
- Crisis response team
- Ombudsman with local government agencies

U.S. Department of State Foreign Affairs Manual Volume 7 - Consular Affairs

7 FAM 1830 **AVIATION AND OTHER** TRANSPORTATION DISASTERS

(CT:CON-291; 04-07-2009) (Office of Origin CA/OCS/PRI)

7 FAM 1831 INTRODUCTION

(CT:CON-212; 11-20-2007)

a. The U.S. Department of State is responsible for coordinating and managing the federal response to aviation disasters involving U.S. citizens abroad. In recent years the Department has made significant changes to the way that it handles aviation disasters that involve U.S. citizens outside the United States. These changes are highlighted in this subchapter and include:

http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/86830.pdf



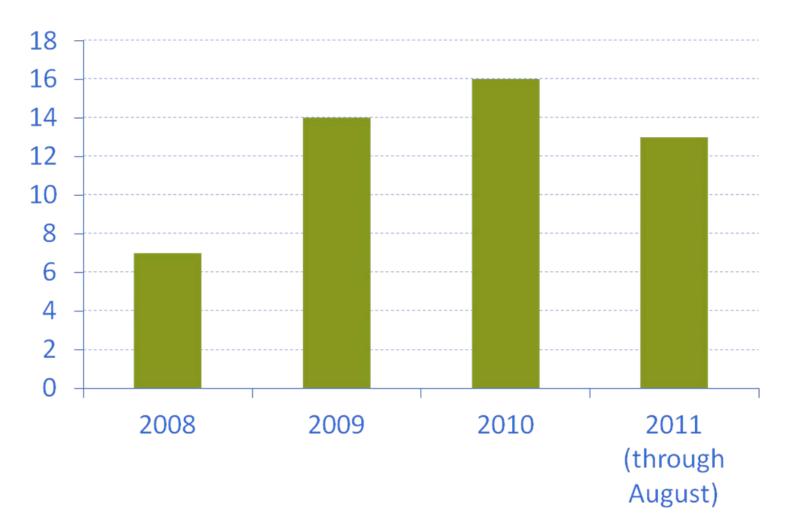








TDA Caseload Supporting International Accidents













International Accidents Supported by TDA



- Zacapa, Guatemala
- August 24, 2008
- 11 fatal, 3 serious
 -10 U.S. citizen aid workers
- Cessna 208

- Dubai, UAE
- September 3, 2010
- 2 fatal both U.S. citizens
- Boeing 747-44AF













Family Assistance: Promoting an International Approach for the Transportation Industry







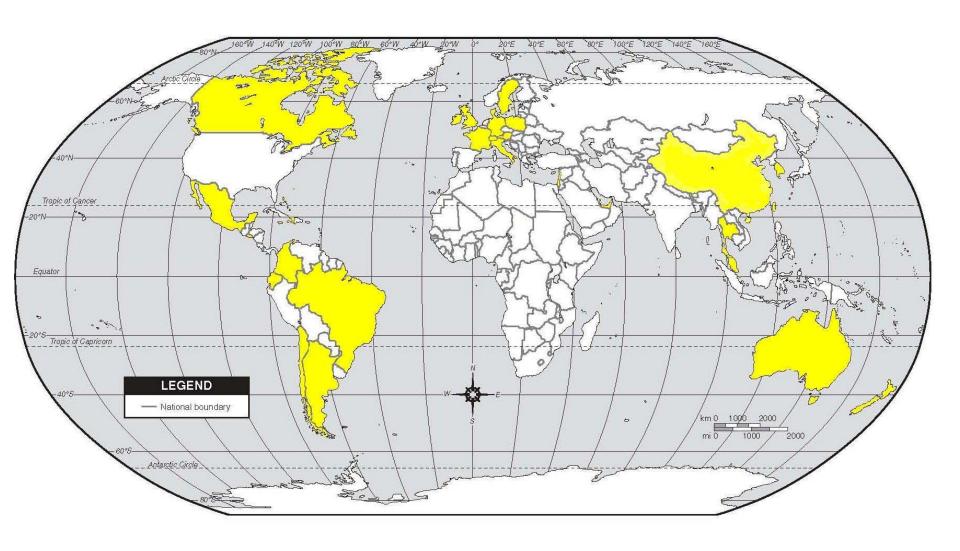








TDA Trainings - International Attendees (2005-2011)





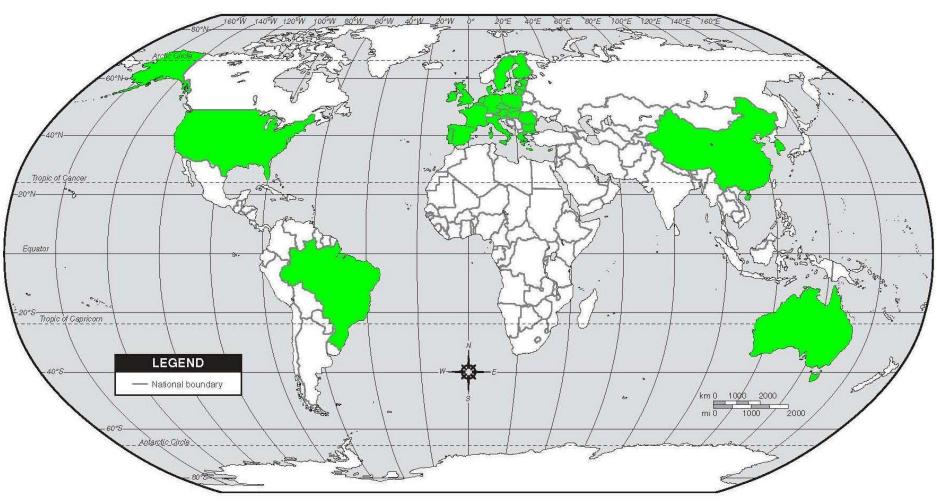








International Family Assistance Legislation



Data sources: Airports Council International; ICAO



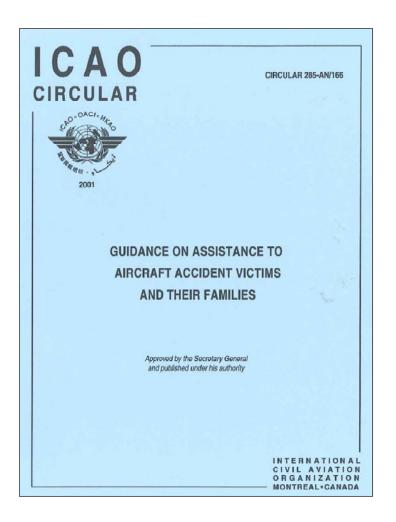








ICAO Circular 285 Revision



- Executive Summary
- Terminology
- Recipients of family assistance
- Guidelines for the provision of
- Types of family assistance
- When family assistance should be provided
- Family assistance providers
- Preparation of a family assistance plan
- Conclusion
- Appendices













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Naha, Okinawa – China Airlines Boeing 737
Fuel Leak and Fire
Robert Benzon

Basic Information

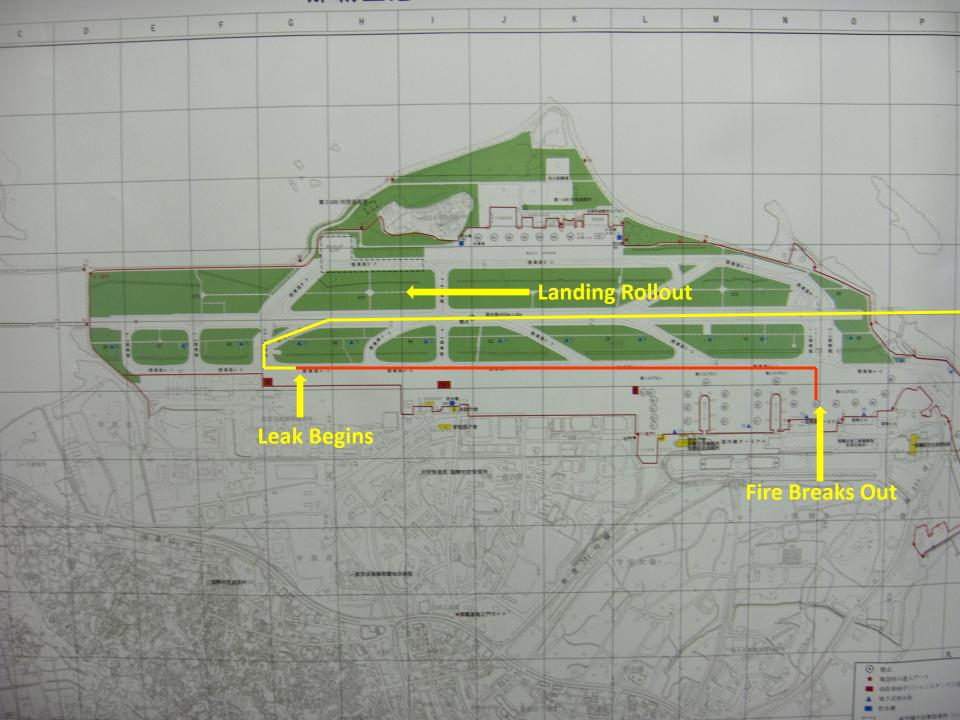
- August 20, 2007 10:35 AM
- China Airlines Flight 120
- 157 passengers, 8 crewmembers (no injuries)
- Taipei, Taiwan, to Naha, Okinawa
- Investigated by Japan Aviation and Railroad Accident Investigation Committee











Video of Fire





























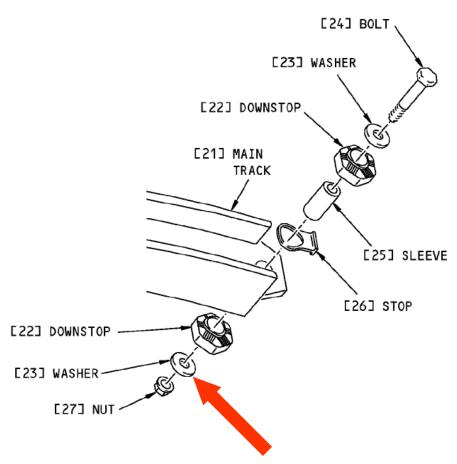








Slat Track Downstop Assembly



WASHER NOT INSTALLED DURING EARLIER MAINTENANCE



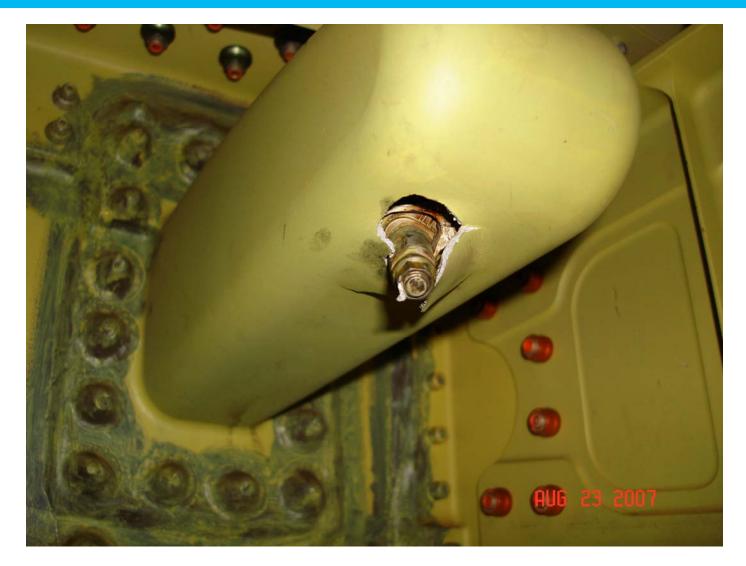








Damaged Can



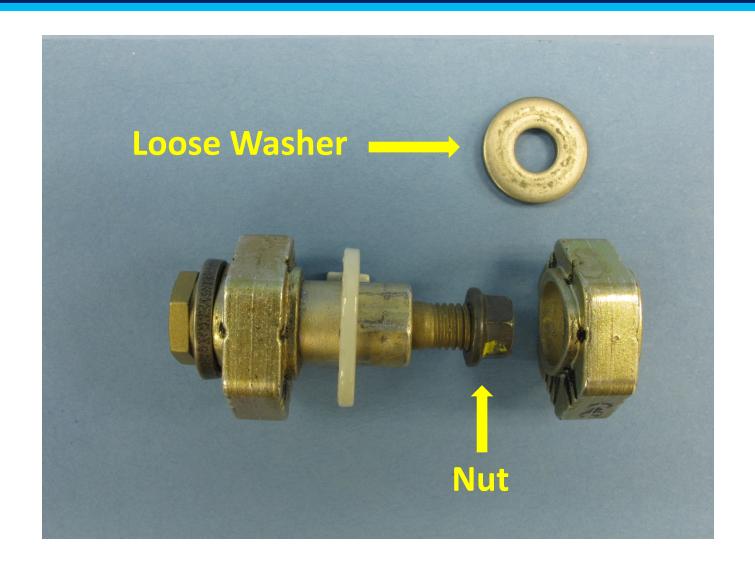






















Immediate Government Actions

- Japan Civil Aviation Bureau Emergency Airworthiness Directive
- Taiwan Civil Aviation Authority Emergency Airworthiness Directive
- U.S. Federal Aviation Administration Emergency Airworthiness Directive









Manufacturer Actions

- Rapid Boeing redesign of bolt/nut assembly
- Immediate Boeing cross-model safety review (B707/DC-9 through B777)









FAA Emergency AD Results

- 21 missing/loose washers discovered on U.S. **Boeing 737s**
- Any of these anomalies, if not discovered, could have led to an in-flight fuel leak and/or ground fuel leak, and subsequent fire.













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

Dubai UAE – UPS Boeing 747F, In-Flight Fire Bill English

Investigation Information

- UAE GCAA leads investigation
 - ICAO Annex 13
- U.S. Involvement
 - State of Manufacture, Registry, Operator
- Open investigation
 - no conclusions
- NTSB, FAA, UPS, Boeing, IPA responded











Initial Information

- Scheduled cargo flight to Cologne
 - Many shipments of lithium batteries
- At FL320, crew reported fire alarm
- Turned back to Dubai (120 nm)
- Began descent and initiated FIRE MAIN DECK checklist
 - Depressurizes cargo deck
 - Donned masks and goggles

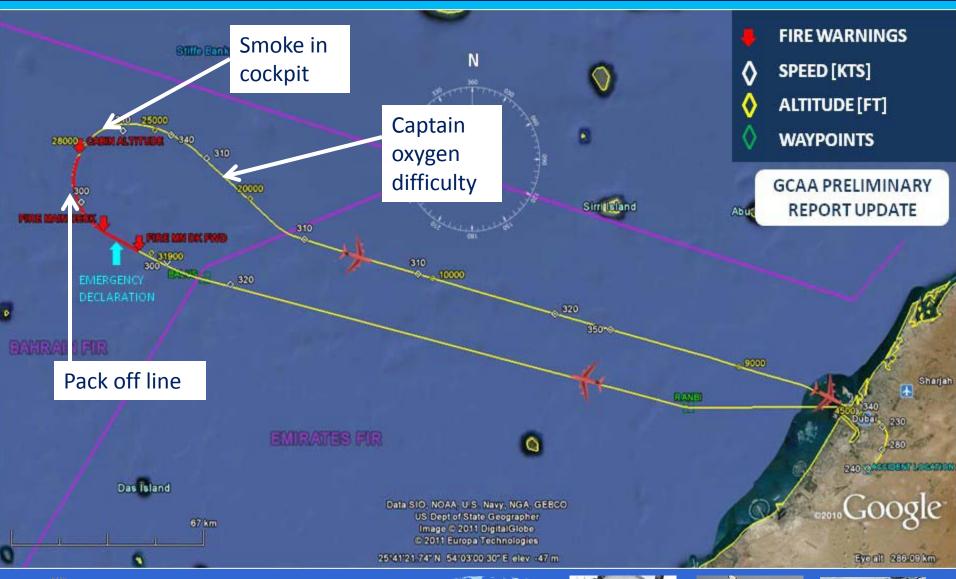








Flightpath













Flightpath













Wreckage













Follow-on Work

- Recorders
 - -FDR, CVR, AHM
- Groups formed
 - Operations/Human Performance
 - Cargo
 - Systems
 - Fire

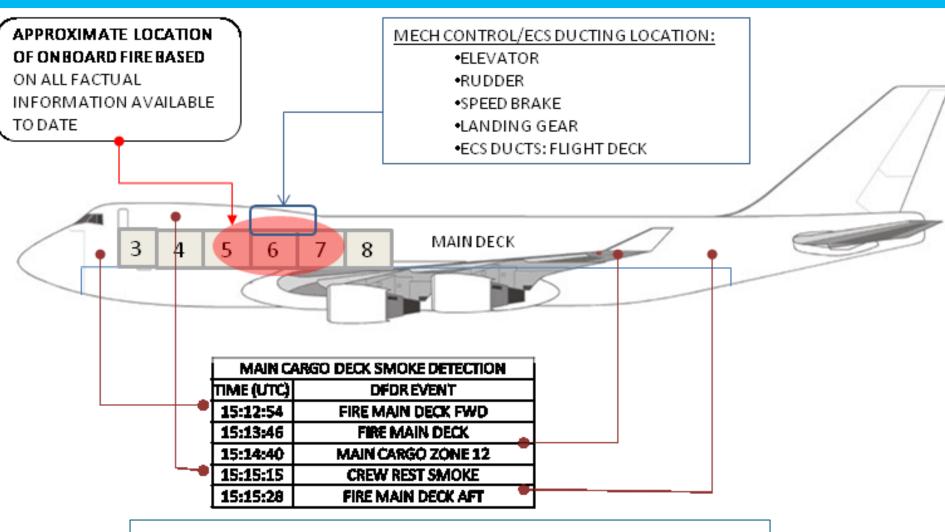








UPS B747-400F Layout



Examine fire origin, detection and containment











Common Point of Failures





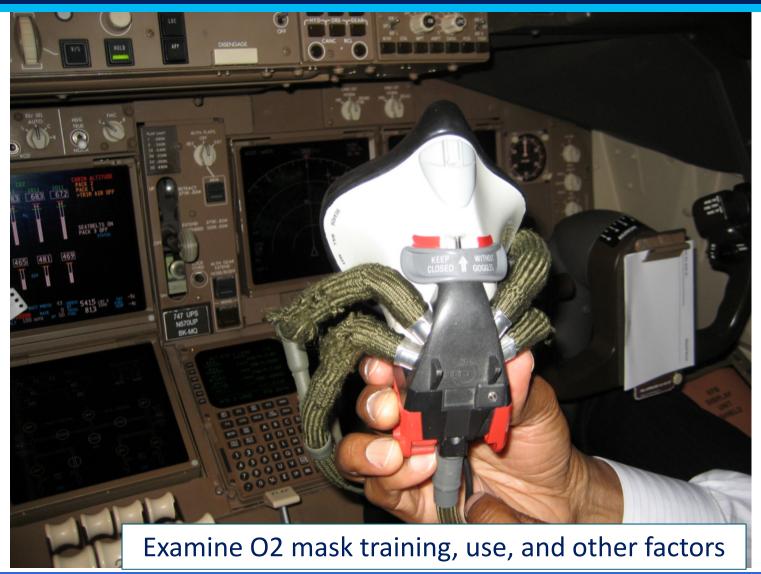








Investigation Activities





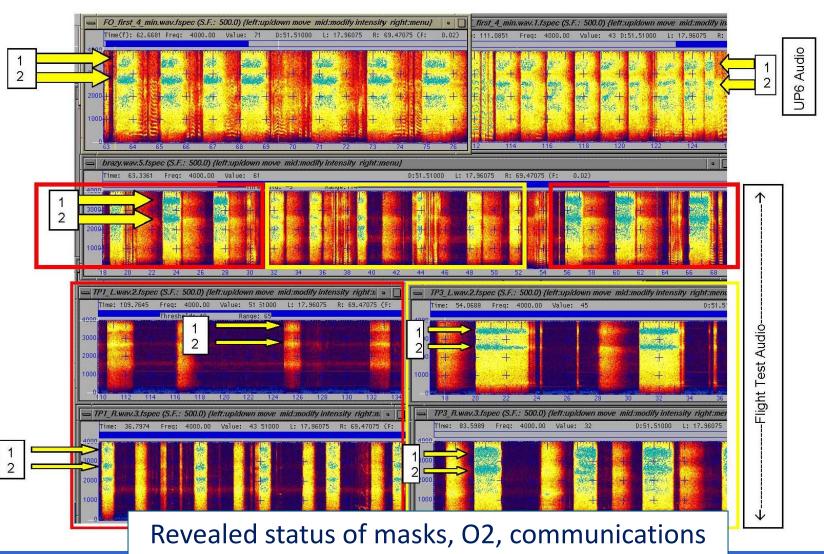








Sound Spectrum Study













Fire Threat Investigation



Quantify the actual threats in air cargo











Safety Actions

- GCAA Updates and Releases
- FAA Lithium Battery SAFO
 - Rulemaking/ICAO WP pending
- ICAO/EASA lithium carriage
- Boeing/UPS checklist changes 747F
- Recommendations crew training, mask use, etc.









Follow-on Testing Support

- GCAA lead
- Boeing simulator, timelining, systems and FDR analysis, etc.
- UPS test flights, cargo information
- IPA flight operations
- FAA hazmat, aircraft certification, tech center
- BATFE fire testing













International Investigations

Global Collaboration with Domestic Impact

United States – Pilatus PC-12, Butte, Montana Dennis Diaz

Investigation

- Documentation and data gathering
- Wreckage exhibited extensive impact damage and fire-related damage
- No flight data or cockpit voice recorders on board
- Several components containing nonvolatile memory (NVM) recovered from wreckage











Focus on Components

- One component with NVM was the central advisory and warning system (CAWS) computer
- CAWS provided system status indications and recorded event activation/deactivation in memory







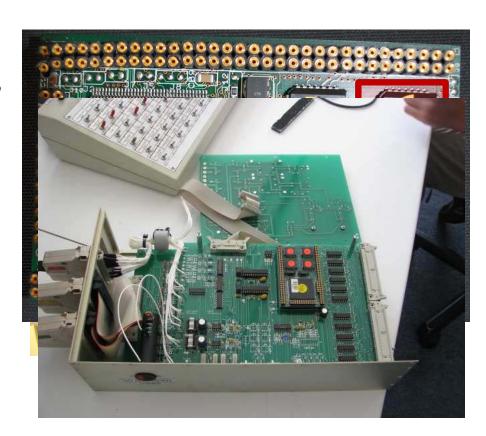






Focus on Components

- CAWS computer was damaged by fire and impact
- Board containing memory chips survived
- Log data contained on chips '3' and '4'
- Data recovery attempted at manufacturer using surrogate CAWS
- Damage precluded data download





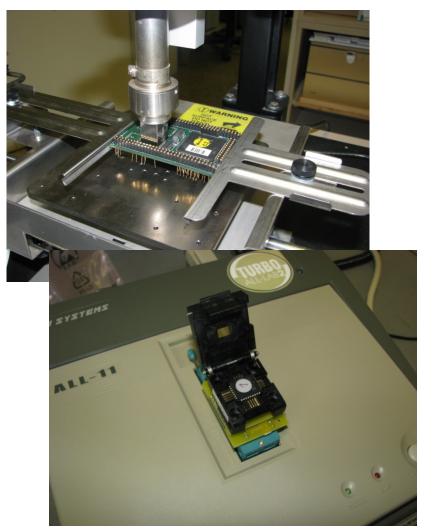








Assistance From Abroad



- German Federal Bureau of Aircraft Accident Investigation (BFU)
- After attending initial download attempt, offered to assist
- Extracted chips from board
- Downloaded data from chips directly









Assistance From Abroad

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Ety: 107904 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:01 WNo 43 : A/P TRIM
                                                                                    :Activated
Etý: 107905 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:02 WNo 43
                                                                                    :Cleared
Etv: 107906 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:10 WNo 43
                                                                                    :Activated
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                                                                                                00 00 .0...#"HC.8.Kà..
Ety: 107907 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:11 WNo
                                                                                    :Cleared
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Etý: 107908 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:17 WNo 43
                                                                                    :Activated
                                                                                                00 00 .0...#"IE.8.Mà..
Ety: 107909 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:30:18 WNo 43
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Ety: 107910 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:34:49 WNo
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Etv: 107916 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:39:06 WNo 43
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Ety: 107921 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:48:56 WNo 43
Ety: 107922 Flno: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:50:14 WNo 43
                                                                                    :Activated
Ety: 107923 FlNo: 1559 Date: 31.05 0001 Time: 23:50:14 WNo 43
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- Extracted files returned to CAWS manufacturer
- Manufacturer compiled software to decode data
- Decoded data returned to NTSB team

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0.00000660: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 34 00 38 04 65 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q4.8. àa. 00000660: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 34 00 38 04 66 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q4.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 34 00 38 04 66 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q4.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 38 08 38 04 66 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q8.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 38 08 38 04 62 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q8.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 42 08 38 04 62 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q8.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 44 00 38 04 62 E0 00 00 .0. #"Q8.8. àa. 000000680: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 44 00 38 04 65 E0 00 00 .0. #"QF.8. càa. 00000060: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 47 00 38 04 65 E0 00 00 .0. #"QF.8. càa. 00000060: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 47 00 38 04 66 E0 00 00 .0. #"QF.8. càa. 0000006E0: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 51 08 38 04 67 E0 00 00 .0. #"QQ.8. gàa. 0000006E0: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 51 08 38 04 67 E0 00 00 .0. #"QQ.8. gàa. 0000006E0: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 52 00 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"QQ.8. gàa. 000000700: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 51 6 08 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"QR.8. hàa. 000000710: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 52 16 08 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"R.8. jàa. 000000710: 00 30 01 00 05 23 22 52 16 08 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"R.8. jàa. 000000720: 00 11 01 00 05 23 22 52 16 03 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"R.8. jàa. 000000730: 00 11 01 00 05 23 22 52 16 03 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"R.8. jàa. 000000730: 00 11 01 00 05 23 22 52 16 03 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"R.8. jàa. 000000740: 00 34 01 00 05 24 00 26 14 00 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"S.8. jaa. 000000740: 00 34 01 00 05 24 00 26 14 00 38 04 68 E0 00 00 .0. #"S.8. jaa. 000000750: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 27 30 08 39 04 6F E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000760: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 27 30 08 39 04 71 E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000780: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 28 05 08 39 04 71 E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000780: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 28 05 08 39 04 71 E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000780: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 30 18 00 39 04 72 E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000780: 00 30 01 00 05 24 00 30 18 00 39 04 74 E0 00 00 .0. $$. (.9 qà. 000000780: 00 30
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Putting the Pieces Together

- Analysis of data validated by and supported with other information led investigation in new direction
- New understanding of accident flight system behaviors and operational factors
- Data proved pivotal in determining probable cause

