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FAX: August 20,1996

From: Frank Kingen. FAX #1 206 432-2010 Tel. 1206 432-2010

TO: Mr. Christopher Jennings, FAX

#12024562878

Re: Filling Ms. Clinton's, desire for a universal, free access health care plan.

The accompanying literature defines a process by which a universal free access, Health Care system should be funded with new money created and issued to support the building and operation of it, and other infrastructure such as roads and educational facilities as an accounting for the wealth they contribute to our economy.

Get back to me for follow-on information and others on my network who support this approach. With a littlecoordination 90% of our government leaders and social organization will support implementation.

FK

page 1 0f 10

A GENERAL THEORY OF MONEY AND WEALTH

PRESENTING A MONETARY SYSTEM FOR DEMOCRATIC SOCIETIES
EXTENDING KEYNSIANISM TO A VIABLE ULTIMATE
AND SHOWS THE WAY TO A MORE DEMOCRATIC, EFFICIENT AND
EQUITABLE -NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY
NEITHER LORD KEYNES, OR ADAM SMITH, FINISHED THEIR JOB; HERE'S WHY! THEY
FAILED TO RECOGNIZE THE NEED FOR GOVERNMENT TO RECOGNIZE THE TRUE
SOURCES OF WEALTH IN MODERN SOCIETIES AND CREATE, AND ISSUE NEW MONEY
AS LONG TERM LOANS —WITHOUT INTEREST TO PAY FOR:

- Construction and repair of public owned transportation facilities.
- Consruction and repair of public owned facilities for basic education from "K" through twelve, for qualified students in science and engineering through 18.
- Construct and maintain fcilities for complete health care.
- Basic education for all citizens from "K" through twelve
- Health care for all citizens.
- Extraction of basic commodities from the environment.
- Developing innovative tools, processes, and management of facilities which increase the availability of basic commodities, their derivatives and combinations.

During pioneer days, public facilities such as roads, health care and educational facilities were quite often built by community cooperation. As the population increased our government —with the consent of the total citizenry of the country, set aside public owned land on which to build universities and use the profit from the sale of some of the land or the products from such land to finance the building and operation of such facilities.

These are the true sources of the nation's wealth. New money must be created and issued directly to the elected official responsible for paying for building and maintaining such facility in the most efficient state.

Elected public officials, from state governors, to school board chairmen must be authorized to apply for new money <u>no interest</u> funding to supplement income from land grants, or to replace such funding procedures.

Building and maintenance districts must be established for health care facilities, similar to those now responsible for transportation and educational facilities.

APPENDIX E

The following is an outline of a proposed amendment to our constitution to define the procedure for managing the monetary system in a more equitable, efficient and democratic manner. The proposed amendment to the Constitution and following comment to the logic of the proposal specifies an honest equitable and democratic monetary system. It specifies the the process by which the wealth creating process must be recognized. Financing such operation must recognizing by the creation and issue of new money to account for the increase national these operations. National infrastructure is the property of the total population. They are not individual personal wealth gains; but that of the total population of the nation

AMENDMENT ??

The monetary system of the United States shall consist of a bank accounting, paper certificates and alloy coins.

The monetary standard shall consist of a specified amount of vegetable protein in any non-perishable food grain.

Its issue shall be limited to the accounting for the production of new material wealth commodities, public infrastructure, such as those public facilities and services which we now use as commonly owned and used educational and transportation systems at will without a toll fe for each use. Such facilities are managed as districts in such cases.

To maximize the effectiveness and efficiency of the process higher education in those sciences which conduct training and research in such subjects must also be funded with new money created and issued to the district chairman for paying for all expenses connected with such operations.

BASIC LOGISTIC OF THE PROPOSED MONETARY SYSTEMS CHANGES.

To complete the process being a democratic nation we must establish health care districts for maximizing the health welfare of the total population of the nation without fee for service or care, as we now use our public highway system and much of our educational system. We must also recognize those new innovations which improve the efficiency of any of the processes or infrastructure design or operations, listed above; must also be recognized by the creation and issue of new money to pay for constructing such enterprises. Stock holder profit making corporation must be limited to the amount of profit they are allowed or they are worker owned, worker managed, profit sharing enterprises. Stockholder corporations gained their financial capital through a fault in current monetary systems which allows them to profit from two sources of financile capital.

New money must be created and used to account for a national monetary reserve.

These forms of national infrastructure increase the productive capacity sufficiently to require new money be created and issued to local operating districts, as their chairman, with authority to secure the support of a majority of the district citizens to secure the issue of such funds. The authority to create and issue such funds for use to pay for the proposed structures and services can be allocates as a devolution program, as is now used to allocate funds for such structures and operations as is done from income from land grants. In addition to road and school districts, a new universal health care system of public health care districts shall be created on the same form and operations to: finance public care systems, such facilities to be available for use by all citizens as their health care specialist determines. Access to these services to be available for health care as now is transportation, and educational systems for all through 12 and the best qualified, for specific scientific and engineering through 20 for which there is a reasonable need.

This process eliminates the need to pay interest on such money, the money is created and issued by the authority of our government which is elected to respond to the majority of the citizens wishes. It is therefore a necessity to prohibit stock holder corporations parasite on this system and

receive excessive gains as did some who became known as "Robber Barns," from their greed in managing the use of money generated from implementation of Senator Lot Myrick Morrill's Land Grant Legislation.

A FREE ACCESS NO COST HEALTH CARE SYSTEM.

If this seems preposterous think of the effect the proposed system being introduced into a third world country where the government recognized these facts and and offered to create and issue new money to wqorker owned, worker managed, profit sharing groups of workers, educators, and professional health care personnel.

According to Ms. Kay Casstevens, then aid to Senator Harkin, now Assistant Secretary of Education, for legislative liason, Senator Harkin credit the plan on which he based his proposed "Resource Based Economy" -which it is: -the resources consist of public infrastructure, now recognized as public highways and educational facilities! At one time most of these facilities were constructed and maintained with funds from land grants. I have been discussing the proposed plan with a Democratic candidate for governor, and a candidate for Congress from our congressional district. They understand the concept and are promoting it in their campaigns -many others in business and political organizations representing the total population will support its implementation. One of the question asked by the congressional candidate led me

to the fact that health care should be included, funding these facilities as proposed actually are the major sources of new wealth in our societs and should be the subject of) the creation and issue of new money to pay for their construction and operation as was done for precious metal for circulation in lieu of the actual metal as money.

If the President, is still a member of the National Governor's Association, a note to Ms. Patti Sullivan, asking this presentation be made to all governor's for approval and support she and I will follow your instruction, with little delay. I sent several copies of my book "A General Theory of Money and Wealth" to Mr. James Carvill's office, Mandy, of his ofice sent them and accompanying literature to this office but could only give me the fax number as above for followup.

I am retired and available for further information by telephone throught most of the day from 6 AM to 11PM PDT, i have a FAX but keep it off line except for my use or a request to receive a FAX, no voice mail or answering machine.

I received a telephone call week before last from a female voice asking if I would be able to come to washington clarify details of my plan to those who need more details, because it may be required when it is made public. Because of health problems, I cannot do so but both candidates will do so for me. I asked the caller if she could identify the source of the request. She said she was not priveledged to do so at this time.

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Dr. Huntsman was then head of Bioengineering. he has recently been appointed as Profost at U.W.

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I will fax copies of this fax and accompanying to Ms. Casstevens, Ms. Patti Sullivan and to the two candidated mentioned above.

COPY.

FAX: September 3,1996 FUR TONY LYSEN

From:Frank Kingen.FAX #1 206 432-2010 Tel.1206 432-2010

TO: Governor, Bob Miller, FAX# 17026874486

Re: Filling Ms. Clinton's, desire for a universal, free access health care plan.

Attention: MS Kimberly Elliot

The accompanying literature defines a process by which a universal free access, Health Care system should be funded with new money created and issued to support the building and operation of it, and other infrastructure such as roads and educational facilities as an accounting for the wealth they contribute to our economy.

If the Governor will sigh the "Request of the U.S. Congress" and include it with a letter to Ms. Patti Sullivan at N.G.A. headquarters and ask she present the plan to all governors for consideration Ms. Sullivan will contact me for the followup info.

FK

page 1 Of 🎇 20

Presidential panel to study health-care quality, safeguards

President Clinton planned to announce today that he is creating a commission to conduct a major study. of quality and consumer protection in health care, looking closely at the activities of hospitals, doctors and health-maintenance organizations, officials in the administration said yesterday.

The 20-member commission will be led by Health and Human Services Secretary Donna Shalala and Labor Secretary Robert Reich, the officials said Its members will include health-care providers, employers, health-care workers and industry experts.

- Seattle Times news services

THE WHITE HOUSE...

September 17, 1996

Mr. Frank Kingen 24404 190th Place, S.E. Kent, Washington 98042

Dear Mr. Kingen:

Thank you for sending your materials to Mrs. Clinton. She appreciates the interest and concern for health care reform that these materials demonstrate.

Sincerely yours,

Alice J. Pushkar

Director of Correspondence for the First Lady

cc: The Honorable Patty Murray

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A few samples to part of my plan to fund such programs. Mr. Tom Merrick, of the World Bank, after attending the Cairo, mmetin on population pointed out the need for roads and monet to implement the plan "U replied that

if the government of any of those countries recognized the benefit of the plan I propose by creating and issuing money to pay worker owned, worker managed, profit sharing corporations, they could solve the problem" his response was "Thats a win win plan if I ever saw one". At the time of the controversy ofer funding the new super collider being planned. and askee his opinion of creating and issuing money to build the supercollider to partially account for the new wealth its research results would produce. He agreed with me and went on to point out [ts application to transportation and educational infrastructure.

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THHE FOLLOWING COMMENTS ARE BASED ON A LIST OF MANDITORY AND DISCRETIONARY SPENDING FOR FY '96, BY CONGRESSMAN JIM McDERMOTT, (I received from him on June 8, 1996)

Appendix "A" of "A General Theory of Money and Wealth" presents an outline of of legislation that extends the concept of land grant funding of schools, roads, and certain other public owned infrastructure, by creating and issue of newly created money to be used without interest for such construction and maintenance. Such structure are public owned and used by the public with paying a service fee. Included in such public support of economic development was the homestead act. mine claim legislation, patent protection, and copyright legislation.

The following is a comparison of present budget breakdown and that which would occur if the legislation I propose were in effect now.

I have added alphabetical codes to the budget lists, on the left of the listing and the savings in billions implementation of the legislation outlined in Appendix "A" of my book "A General Theory of Money and Wealth.

A. Social Security is not a savings plan, it is a government managed insurance which was originally ment to replace the need for families of those who were unfortunate in their management of their financial affairs to not have accumulated enough savings to give them a minimum income after the were not able to support themselves.

The original plan was to deduct from wages paid to employes of an amount estimated to provide a minimum of sustenance income to those unfortunate enough not to have a sustenance income when they were unable to be employed because of age or disablement. It was not ment to protect the inheritance of their heirs.

The funding of education as a national gain in wealth by the creation and issuing new non-interest bearing money for education and new business startup eliminates the need for saving for heirs.

The current limit in S.S.I. is set at \$62,500, per year, (perhaps congressional income begun at that level) because it was intended to be an an insurance plan not a savings S.S.I. deductions should extend to all incomes not covered by Government of Military retirement plans. This process would make the S.S.I. serve the purpose it was originally intended - provide that no citizen become wards of private charity, or the responsibility of low income heirs.

T. Coded items are military expenses and must be funded by taxes paid by a ratio of percentage of income from all sources according to the benefit received, in maintaining a strong military establishment.

A. Coded items are expenditures for maintaining the unemployed in a level of survival sufficient to maintain a healthy work force reserve, with surplus commodities, from the commodity reserves.

W. Coded items are those activities which maintain the ability of the members of society to improve the wealth producing capacity of the total society and must be supported by the creation and issue of money to be used without interest with which to gain the capability to do so.

W/T coded items contains a mix of minor activities that must be classified according to the criteria defined for (W) or (T) above

Funding of head start, all levels of education and research by activities predicted to improve the wealth production capacity of the total society must be paid for by the creation and issue of no interest bearing money. The money expended for such activities must remain in circulation to create the savings and loan bank funds for extending the benefits of the increase in wealth these activities extend throught the society. New money created and issued to account for infrastructure building and maintenance must be returned to the treasury on a predicted schedule where it must be extinguished to account for the consumption of the facility. The funding shall be limited by the capacity of the availability of unemployed manpower and resources, to be used without interest to pay for such projects predicted to increase the tax income from current levy rates during the first half the predicted service life of the facilities. This process may also be used to payoff existing bonds issued to pay for building and maintaining public owned infrastructure, without applying the payback formula.

Producers of basic commodities by the activities of farming, commercial fishing, mining, and builders of facilities for converting and distributing power developed from energy flow in the environment may draw no interest loans on a schedule predicted to maximize the efficiency of the production activity. The amount of money created and issued to such activity must be limited to one half the market price at the completion of the production cycle. That produce not immediatly absorbed by the consumers may be put in the national reserve by the treasury by paying full price of the excess to current needs for a national reserve. The money advanced to the producers must be extinguished as it is returned to the treasury to account for consumption of the commodities. The money created and issued to account for commodities being put into national reserves must stay in circulation until the reserves ares sold for consumption at which time the money must be removed from circulation and extinguished to account for consumption of the reserve commodities.

The increase in funding in head start and education will reduce the expenditures of money for prisons, law enforcement, and judiciary departments.

Expenditures for education of the governments in third world countries will increase the capacities of such countries to increase the wealth of their citizens and satisfaction with their economic progress which will encourage the use of family planning and the the tendency to reduce economic friction between the have and have-not, countries thus reducing the need for military expenditures at all levels.

The above listed process of funding economic activities switches the creation and issue of new money from those gambling in the stock, commodities, and real estate markets to the direct accounting for the new wealth created by society. This process limits the need to pay the interest we now pay to those who have been given the special priveledge of controlling the economy for the benefit of stock holders and gamblers in economic activity. This process limits control of our economy by the approximatly 9% of our citizenry who own stock and gamble in the markets and shifts it to the 91% of the citizenry of the country who by the above listed changes in the management of our monetary systems gain control of our economy and the future of their lives.

The plan also funds the buyout of stockholder companies by the employees desiring to create a worker owned, worker managed, profit sharing corporation, with new no interest money

Mandatory Spending

FY 1996

(In Billions of Dollars)

ese codes are explained on the		<u>Outla</u>
Social Secu	rity	34
		TOTAL DISCRETION
Net Interes		24
Medicare	******************	
Medicaid		9
Civil Service R		
Military Retire	ment	
Food Stamps		2
5 - 255 巻(漢代)(C (6), 11 2120251 - 3 (5), 13 (6)	Security Income	2
in the state of th	t Compensation	2
Veterans' Bene	વિવાર્ટ દેવાં કર્યું છે. તુવાર તુવા કરી કે કોર્ડ કે કિંક કરા અને કે કે વિવાર કરે કે કારણે કરતા ના કોર્ટ જેવી,	• (00) 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Family Suppor		
Earned Income		
Child Nutrition		
rarm Price Sur	ports	
	Programs	
Student Loans.		০০ বাৰ ব ছাত্ৰ বাৰ বিজ্ঞান কৰে হ'ব চাৰ্চ কৰিছে। শুৰ
All Other	ry Sub Total	<u>1</u>

Discretionary Spending

FY 1996

(In Billions of Dollars)

The	se codes are explained on the accompanying documents	<u>Outlays</u>
	Defense	265
•	Housing Assistance	27
	International Affairs	20
	Federal-aid Assistance	17
***	Veterans' Medical Care	17
W	Elementary, Secondary, Vocational Education NASA	15
	Public Health (excluding NIH)	12
	National Institutes of Health	12
	Federal Aviation Administration	9
W	Higher Education (except student loans)	8
	Law Enforcement (FBI, DEA, BATF, INS)	7
	Internal Revenue Service	7
	Conservation, Parks, and Forests	7
	Training and Employment	6
	Judiciary, U.S. Attorneys, other legal.	5
,	Community Development Block Grants	5
	Mass Transit	4
	Energy Research and Development.	4
	WIC	4
W	Head Start	4
• •	Federal Prisons	3
W ₃	National Science Foundation	3
	Other	62
		TOTAL 3
	Total	537

TAX-BODIES SUPPORTING THE SOVEREIGNTY PROPOSAL

THAT CONGRESS AUTHORIZE INTEREST-FREE LOANS TO TAX-SUPPORTED BODIES FOR BUILDING CAPITAL PROJECTS AND FOR PAYING OFF EXISTING DEBT

CITIES AND TOWNS AND THEIR POPULATION

				,	- ,
Freeport, Illinois	26,000	Priest River, Idaho	1,560	Brusly, Louisiana	1,900
Sterling, Illinois	16,000	Center Lane, Michig	an 9,026	Patterson, Louislana	4,700
Elyria, Ohio	65,000	Cariton Oregon	1,289	New Albany, Ohio	3,700
Monroe, Wisconsin	10,000	Pasco, Washington	20,840	Edgewater, Florida	6,726
South Beloit, Illinois	4,100	Kenosha, Wisconsin	80,352	Port Arthur Texas	61,195
Eaton Rapids, Michigan	5,000	Hunnewell, Kansas	100	Berwyn, Illinois	45,426
Traverse City, Michigan	15,500	San Anselma, Califo	rnia 11,743	Independence, Missouri	115,000
LaPorte, Indiana	21,800	Cotati, California	5,714	Niagara Falls, New York	61,840
Seymour, Texas	3,550	Chattanooga, Tenne	ssee 152,466	Woodville, Texas	2,636
Michigan City, Indiana	37,000	Washington, Louisia	na 1,253	Joplin, Missourl	40,961
North Chicago, Illinois	38,774	Edgewood, Texas	1,413	Walker, Louislana	3,550
Sanford, New York	2,635	Denham Springs, Lo	uisiana 8,381	Goldthwaite, Texas	1,693
Lansing, Michigan	127,321	Dixon, Illinois	16,000	Hammond, Indiana	84,236
Waterloo, Iowa	66,000	Rockton, Illinois	2,500	Yamhill, Oregon	820
Weston, West Virginia	4,800	Lena, Illinois	2,900	Gunter, Texas	898
Royalton, Illinois	1,300	Roscoe, Illinois	1,500	Kennewick, Washington	40,490
St. Louis, Missouri	394,000	West Richland, Was	hington 4,060	Oregon, Illinois	3,500
Streamwood, Illinois	30,000	DeKalb, Illinois	33,000	Rohnert Park, California	36,326
Ely, Minnesota	4,820	Wadsworth, Ohio	15,200	Burlington, Wisconsin	8,855
Sorrento, Louisiana	1,200	Fairmont, West Virgi	nia 22,800	Vista, California	71,872
Chehalis, Washington	6,000	Freeport, Pennsylvar	nia 2,381	Clarksburg, West Virginia	18,059
Cleveland, Ohio	500,000	Westmont, Illinois	16,700	Napoleonville, Louisiana	835
Plaquemine, Louisiana	8,000	Bellwood, Illinois	19,800	Gramercy, Louisiana	3,000
Port Allen, Louislana	6,000	Deposit, New York	2,000	Hemet, California	36,094
Wamego, Kansas	3,720	Fort Myers, Florida	45,200	Lakeline, Ohio	210
Lutcher, Louisiana	5,000	San Marcos, Californ	nia 23,600	Stow, Ohio	28,000
Buffalo, New York	327,200	Marsing, Idaho	700	Brookline, Massachusetts	57,000
Franklin, Louislana	9,584	Clinton, Ohio	1,277	McHenry, Illinois	18,200
Gaston, Oregon	560	Lyons, Illinois	10,000	Savannah, Missouri	4,352
Brownfield, Maine	1,000	Donaldsonville, Louis	siana 7,900	Quartzsite, Arizona	1,876
Turbotville, Pennsylvania	689	Gonzales, Louisiana	7,500	Marshalllown, Iowa	27,000
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	52,376	Addis, Louisiana	1,525	Allegan, Michigan	90,509
Calumet City, Illinois	37,840	White Castle, Louisia	ana 2,180	Otis, Colorado	500
Livingston, Louislana	1,057	Opelousas, Louisian	a 18,151	Superior, Montana	881
Ferguson, Iowa	.220	St. Anthony, Iowa	310	Shelby, Ohio	9,564
Wellsville, Kansas	1,563	Albion, Iowa	585	Liscomb, lowa	258
Scituate, Rhode Island	10,000	Muskogee, Oklahom	a 38,700		•

St. Louis County Municipal League - 80 Cities, Total Population 543,915

U.S. Conference of Mayors - 1,050 Cities, Total Population 80 Million

Southwest (Chicago) Conference of Local Governments - 20 Cities, Total Population 269,859

Northern Illinois Mayors' Association - 50 Cities, Total Population 454,880

McHenry County Municipal Association (IL) - 24 Cities, Total Population 144,255

Illinois Municipal League - 1,050 Citles, Total Population 10.9 Million

BANKS

Community Bankers Association of Illinois - 515 Banks

ORGANIZATIONS

United We Stand America - Illinois

North San Diego County Association of Realtors

	· C	OUNTIES AND THEIR POP	ULATION		
Lorain, Ohlo	275,000	Columbia, Florida	35,400	Perry, Pennsylvania	41,117
St. Landry, Louislana	80,331	Lee, Florida	205,266	Franklin, Washington	39,200
W. Baton Rouge, Louislana	20,000	Marlon, West Virginia	66,000	Columbiana, Ohio	113,600
Whiteside, Illinois	67,000	Berks, Pennsylvania	336,000		,500,000
LaPorte, Indiana	110,000	Ascension, Louisiana	50,068	Dauphin, Pennsylvania	
Assumption, Louisiana	22,500	Iberville, Louislana	32,159	Tyler, Texas	16,464
Darke, Ohio	55,000	Ellsworth, Kansas	6,600	St. James, Louisiana	20,879
Cumberland, Pennsylvania	70,621	Vinton, Ohlo	11,600	Lewis, West Virginia	17,223
Green, Wisconsin	30,000	St. Louis, Minnesota	220,000	Nelson, Virginia	12,778
Guernsey, Ohlo	46,000	Buncombe, N. Carolina	173,200	Bonner, Idaho	26,622
Lawrence, Ohlo	63,900	Lebanon, Pennsylvania	113,744	Suwannee, Florida	26,780
Grand Taverse, Michigan	55,000	Jasper, Missouri	90,465	Marshall, Iowa	38,276
Baylor, Texas	4,355	York, Pennsylvania	339,574	Humbolt, lowa	10,756
Richland, South Carolina	270,000	Livingston, Louisiana	70,526	Jasper, Iowa	34,475
Jefferson County, Washington	20,146	Mills, Texas	4,500	San Diego, California 2	
Muskogee County, Oklahoma	68,078		1	•	,

MONTANA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES - 56 COUNTIES, TOTAL POPULATION 803,655

	TOV	YNSHIPS AND THEIR POPUL	ATION		• :
Freeport, Illinois	4,800	Hampden, Pennsylvania	20,386	Jackson, New Jersey	34,000
Watsontown, Pennsylvania	2,310	Howell, New Jersey	40,000	Wadsworth, Ohio	4,400
DuBoistown, Pennsylvania	1,201	Silver Spring, Pennsylvania	8,300	Springfield, Ohio	40,000
Lakeville, Massachusetts	7,600	Riverton, New Jersey	2,800	Munson, Ohio	50,000
E. Pennsboro, Pennsylvania	16,750	Huron, Ohio	2,267		

Ohlo Township Association - 1,317 Townships, Total Population 10.9 Million South Dakota Association of Towns and Townships - 500, Total population 294,000

	SCHOOL	DISTRICTS AND THEIR ENROLLMENT		
Freeport, Illinois	4,800	Eastland, Illinois 725	Lewis, New Jersey 5	5,435
Dakota, Illinois	875	E. Pennsboro, Pennsylvania2,300	Burlington, Wisconsin 3	3,401
LaFourche Parish, Louisiana	16,000	St. Marys, Louislana 12,000	Maple Lake, Minnesota	770
Orangeville, Illinois	550	Forest Grove, Oregon 4,300	Stockton, Illinois	770
Orrville City Schools, Ohio	2,027	Howell, New Jersey 5,501	Gaston District, Oregon	770
Windsor Central, New York	2,150	St. Louis, Missourl 42,000	Pequawket Valley, Maine 1	,280
Woodville Independent, Texas	1,794	Rockford, Illinois 28,500	Assumption, Louisiana 1	008,1
Balsz, Arizona	13,000	Ravallie County, Montana 5,202	Valder Area, Wisconsin 1	,050
Collier County, Florida	20,566	Lee County, Florida 45,056	St. Helena, Louislana 1	,800
Ascension, Louisiana	13,000	Independence, Missouri 10,000	Gunter Independent, Texas	405
Montrose County, Colorado	4,295	Richland, Washington 7,997	Jackson, New Jersey 5	,435
Port Jefferson Station, New York	k 3,200	Pasco, Washington 7,149	Vista, California 21	,000
Hononegah Community, Illinois	1,082	Kennewick, Washington 12,600	Belvidere, Illinois 4	,800
Deposit Central, New York	803	Marion County, W. Virginia 9,576	Byron, Illinois 1	,172
Winnebago, Illinois	1,162	Schaumburg, Illinois 16,000	Shelby, Ohio 24	,087
Jackson, Michigan	1,501	San Marcos, Texas 6,700	San Marcos, CA 7	7,000
Barber County N. USD 254, KS	770	Houston, Missouri 1150		

Southwest Missouri Association of School Administrators, 90 School Districts, Enrollment 171,000

STATES AND THEIR POPULATION
Michigan State Legislature, 9.3 Million
Illinois State Senate, 11.5 Million
Iowa State Senate, 2.8 Million
Missouri State Legislature, 5.68 Million
Kansas State Legislature, 2.8 Million

Sovereignty, 1154 West Logan Street, Freeport, Illinois 61032 (815)232-8737 FAX: (815)232-5313

REQUEST OF THE U.S. CONGRESS

THE SOVEREIGNTY PROPOSAL makes interest free loans of new money to account for new wealth, generated by the following listed activities. It makes new, no interest money available to states, and local governments for funding the building and repair of capital projects, such as roads government owned power generating facilities and school buildings. It also funds head start and eduction 1 through 12, science, engineering for qualified students through Dr. and basic research projects

The loans may also be used to replace production loans for worker owned worker managed profit sharing producers of basic commodities, innovators and operators of organizations which improves the availability of basic commodities, their combinations and derivatives for consumption.

Under the SOVEREIGNTY PROPOSAL interest free money is created and issued by the United States Government. Article 1, Section B, Clause 5, and loaned directly to individuals responsible for building and repair of of public infrastructure, producers of new wealth, and fund education which improves the production of new wealth commodities, thier combinations and derivatives.

When Federal Legislation mandating the SOVEREIGNTY PROPOSAL is properly written and implemented the potential benefit is a tax reduction for individuals, family and businesses. Massive savings in the funding of the building and repair of public owned infrastructure. Paying off bonds of such public owned infrastructure will cause a solid and general improvement in the nation's economy. Therefore I support the concept of the SOVEREIGNTY PROPOSAL, and join in requesting the United States Congress introduce formal legislation as outlined in appendix "A" of the book "A General Theory of Money and Wealth" by Frank Kingen, as necessary to generate national debate. Following such public discussion we can better determine the proposal's full merit and will advise our Representatives and Senators accordingly.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OR PRESIDENT GOVERNOR, COMMISSIONER OR CHAIRMAN	NAME OF ORGANIZATION STATE, COUNTY OR DISTRICT		
NUMBER OF MEMBERS OR CONSTITUENTS	ADDRESS		
STATE, CITY, COUNTY OR DISTRICT	DATE		

OCT-01-96 TUE 05:02 PM FRANK/KINGEN

6-29-93 : 1:56PM :

U. S. CONF. MAYORS

12064323990:# 2/

SENT BY:

Resolution adopted in Houston, TX June 1992

INTEREST FREE LOANS

WHEREAS, The U.S. Conference of Mayors has consistently supported legislation that has been in harmony with the needs of the federal government as well as the state and local governments; and

WHEREAS, the necessary and legitimate services provided by federal, state, and local governments are not being met due to the lack of money; and

WHEREAS, the American taxpayer is already heavily burdened with various taxes; and

WHEREAS, the cities must from time to time issue bonds to finance capital projects that are necessary to ensure the health and welfare of the citizens; and

WHEREAS, The U.S. Conference of Mayors recognizes the fact that the cost of interest to a bends issued to fund capital projects is a great burden on the taxpayers.

NOW, THEREFORE, BETT RESOLVED, that The U.S. Conference of Mayors does here we express its support for the advisory resolution which requests that the United States Congress create money and instruct the United States Treasury to issue it as interest-free loans to the states and local trasupported bodies for the purpose of funding capital projects and for paying off existing debts.