

# ENERGY STAR® Data Center Storage Version 1.0

Stakeholder Update

**02 February 2010** 



# Agenda



- Development Schedule Overview
- Draft 1 Considerations
  - Partner Commitments
  - Definitions
  - Product Family
  - Taxonomy
  - PSU Criteria
  - System Efficiency: Data Collection Update (SNIA)
  - Measurement & Reporting Requirements
  - Power & Performance Data Sheet
- Q&A



# **Development Schedule**



- 6/4/09 Framework distributed
- 7/20/09 Stakeholder meeting (San Jose)
- 10/15/09 Test Procedure Workshop (Phoenix)
- 11/3/09 Draft data collection procedure distributed
- 12/28/09 Final data collection procedure
- 2/2/10 Stakeholder meeting
- 2/12/10 Data collection complete
- Feb-2010 Draft 1 distribution
- Feb/Mar Data analysis with stakeholders
- Apr-2010 Draft 2 distribution with Active/Idle criteria



# **Draft 1: Goals**



- Expose energy performance data for purchasers and operators. Even with minimal requirements on energy performance, the act of reporting in a consistent format will benefit the industry.
- Develop a system-level efficiency approach, with minimal component or subsystem requirements (PSUs, etc.)
- Develop a model for quantifying & recognizing the efficiency benefits of various software implementations.



# **Draft 1: Partner Commitments**



- Partner Commitments are a standard part of every ENERGY STAR product specification. Requirements for:
  - Product qualification and data submission guidelines for OEMs, VARs, etc.
  - Verification testing
  - Acceptable use of the ENERGY STAR logo
  - Unit Shipment Data reporting requirements
  - Opportunities for special recognition



## **Draft 1: Definitions**



- A work in progress:
  - Several modifications have been made to merge & consolidate definitions from the Framework and Data Collection Procedure
  - Most definitions will be further aligned with the Fall 2009 edition of the SNIA Dictionary
- Definitions are still needed for SNIA
   Taxonomy categories ("Online", "Near-online", etc.)



# **Draft 1: Definitions**



- A concise and unambiguous definition for "Storage Product" is critical to the success of the program – subsystems and components will not be eligible for qualification.
  - 3<sup>rd</sup>-party components?



# **Draft 1: Product Family**



- The "product family" concept will be included Draft 1 as a basis for discussion.
  - Introduced in the Version 1.0 server specification currently under revision
  - The family concept may be well suited to the data center storage product category due to the high degree of customization and configurability of storage products.
- Questions:
  - Based on Servers experience, how can the family structure be best implemented for Storage?



# **Draft 1: Taxonomy**



- EPA continues to reference the SNIA Taxonomy as a baseline for product characterization.
  - Intend to define requirements that are consistent across several taxonomy categories, in order to simplify the specification for both Partners and end users.
  - Data collection and ongoing comments may identify necessary deviations from the SNIA structure.
- Questions:
  - Are any hybrid systems or blade storage systems currently under test? Do these fit neatly in the taxonomy? If no, how can these be accommodated?





- Objectives:
  - Align specification structure with ENERGY STAR Servers / Computers.
  - Harmonize with EPRI test method and 80 PLUS / CSCI efficiency criteria
- Existing EPRI PSU test method was not applicable to Storage PSUs.
  - Typically multi-output, with fan used for PSU and whole-system cooling
  - Redundant configurations are common, so load conditions would never typically exceed 50%



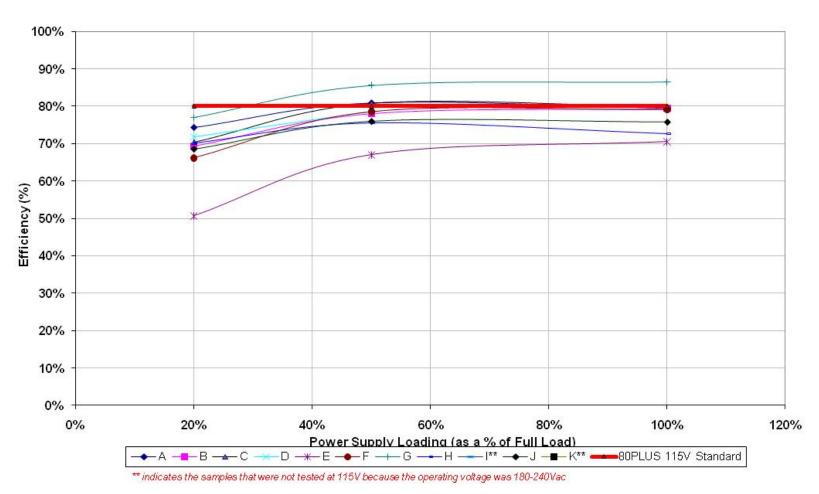


- SNIA & 80 PLUS jointly tested 11 storage
   PSUs from 6 OEMs at EPRI in 4Q-09.
- Goal to inform revisions to EPRI Generalized Test Procedure
  - Efficiency results if fan power included vs. excluded
  - Variation between tests at 50 Hz vs. 60 Hz





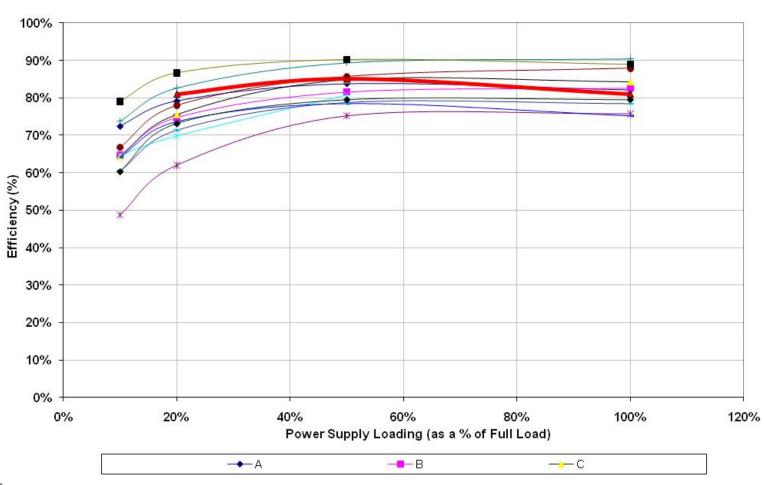
#### SNIA Power Supply Test Results (115V, 60Hz) - Efficiency







#### SNIA Power Supply Test Results (230V, 60Hz) - Efficiency







- Results (Source: SNIA / 80 PLUS presentation)
  - Testing at 60 Hz is representative of 50Hz or 60Hz.
     Observed worst case is 0.38% variation between same unit reading at one data point
  - No PSUs meet 80 PLUS Bronze @ 115V/60 Hz, 2 PSUs meet @ 230V/60Hz. All units met 80 PLUS and CSCI power factor criteria
  - Efficiency and PF performance of Storage PSUs is not significantly different from Desktop or Server PSUs





- The ENERGY STAR perspective:
  - Full support of the SNIA / 80 PLUS / EPRI effort
  - Concur that fan power should be <u>excluded</u> from storage PSU efficiency measurements (for drawer PSUs). However, fan power will be <u>included</u> in the system-level efficiency measurement, so there will be motivation for improved efficiency, variable speed fans, etc.
  - One or more unique hardware-based characteristics of storage PSUs must be identified, to avoid crossover with other PSU types & criteria.
  - Efficiency criteria for drawer and controller PSUs still TBD, but will consider a phased approach to allow time for hardware improvements.



# **Data Collection Update**



# The Storage Networking Industry Association



# **Draft 1: Efficiency Criteria**



- Data collection in progress through 2/12.
- Data analysis will include significant stakeholder involvement to ID key factors for storage energy efficiency.
- Questions:
  - What can we expect re: number of vendors, systems, discrete test points?
  - Suggested format for data analysis: In-person workshop(s)? Webinar?



# **Draft 1: Data M&R**



- Data Measurement & Reporting requirements are intended to provide operators with real-time information to drive efficient decisions.
  - Temperature and airflow reporting for integration with monitoring systems and data center management infrastructure
- Questions:
  - What real-time data is most important to storage system operators to ensure efficient operation?
  - Would the presence of temperature & power consumption data at the shelf level (vs. Rack/PDU level) provide substantial benefits to a data center operator? What are the costs and benefits?



## **Draft 1: P&P Data Sheet**

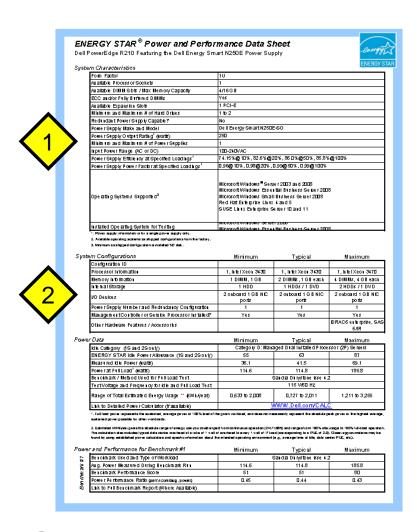


- The Power & Performance Data Sheet is intended to facilitate informed purchasing decisions, right-sizing to actual end-use needs, and predictions of energy consumption under various operational scenarios
  - A PPDS must be published for every ENERGY STAR qualified product.
  - Contains details of system configuration, performance, and power consumption



#### **Power & Performance Data Sheet**





#### **Section 1: System Characteristics**

- Form Factor
- Processor Socket, Expansion Slot, HDD, Memory Qty.
- Power Supply Unit (PSU)
  - -Make, Model, Output Rating
  - –Min/Max Quantity
  - Redundant Config Capability
  - -Input Power Range
  - –Efficiency & Power Factor
- OS Supported / Installed

#### Section 2: System Configuration

- Processor, Memory, Internal Storage,I/O Devices
- PSU Qty & Redundant Config
- •Mgt Controller or Svc Proc?



### **Power & Performance Data Sheet**



<i>IERGY STAR <sup>®</sup> Power and Perfor</i> I PowerEdge R210 Featuring the Dell Energy Sm			lnerg
tem Characteristics			ENERGY
Form Factor	10		
Au altable Process or Sockets	1		
Au allable DIM M Sb ts / Max Memory Capacity	£/16GB		
BCC and/or Fit lig Bittlered DIMMs	Yes		
Au altable Expansion Slots	1 PCI-E		
Minimum and Maximum # of Hard Drives	1102		
Reduidant Power Supply Capable?	No		
Power Supply Make and Model	De II Exergy Smart N250E-60		
Power Supply Output Rating' (wattr)	250		
Minimum and Maximum # of Power Supplies	1		
Input Power Range (AC or BC)	100-240VAC		
Power Supply Efficiency at Specified Loadings	7 k. 15% @ 10%, 82.6% @ 20%, 86.0% @ 50%, 85.8% @ 100%		
Power Supply Power Factor at Specified Loadings	0.96 <b>@</b> 10%, 0.96 <b>@</b> 20%, 0.99 <b>@</b> 50%, 0.99 <b>@</b> 100%		
Operating Systems Supported <sup>2</sup>	Historica Will down = "Seiner (2003 and 2005) Historica Will down Esse that Blackness Seiner (2008) Historica Will down is Small Blackness Seiner (2008) Historica William Essentia (1008) SSSE Laker Essentia Seiner (1008) Microproportional Seiner (2008)		
Installed Operating System for Testing		ri 2000 Attal Racise et Ce ne t 200	IZ
stem Configurations Configuration ID	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Processor Information	1, h 1e l Xeon 3430	1, Intel Xeon 3430	1, h 1e l Xeon 3470
Memory into miatton	1 DIMM, 1 GB	2 DIMMs,1 GB each	4 DIMMS, 4 GB each
In te mai Storage	1 HDD	1 HDDs / 1 DVD	2 HDDs /1 DVD
VO Deuloes	2 onboard 1 GB NIC ports	2 on board 1 G 8 NIC ports	2 o aboard 1 GB NIC ports
Power Supply Number and Reduidancy Configuration	1	1	1
Management Controller or Service Processor installed?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other Hardware Features / Accessories			IDRAC6 exterprise, SA 6/IR
ver Data	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
idle Category (IS and 2 Sonty)		aged Dival Installed Proce	
ENERGY STAR Idle Power Allowance (1S and 2S on 1/)	55	63	87
Measured Idle Power (watts)	36.1	£1.5	69.1
Power at Full Load (watts)	114.5	114.8	185.8
Be noting at / Method Used for Full Load Test		Sandra Dirystone Isse ↓	
TestVoltage and Frequency for Idle and Full Load Test	115 V/60 Hz		
Range of Total Estimated Energy Usage " (KWI) (year)	0,633 to 2,008	0,727 to 2,011	1,211 to 3,255
Likk to Detailed Power Calor lator (Yauallable)	1	I MM/W.Dell.com/CAL	t .
Carl lost nove removate the sustained average reversal '00's lost of			
• Juli last give in general line sustained, was tage given in 1 table size of 1 sustained (see an general line) and and give an expension of the control of the control of 1 sustained Willington general his absolute in large of a reagy was you could any the control of 1 sustained and an endough type of data cards on white all a suit of 1 sustained present control on a sustained and 1 sustained present control on a sustained present control on a sustained and 1 sustained a	ed 'romcorlinuous operation (24x) of overhead to every 1 vall of 11 to he ntended operating environment	(1585) and langestion 100% dis ad (collesponding to a PLE of 21 (a.g., average iron at bile, data c	i usaga la 188% lul-Hood opaisi (). Closei aggi curroliona may bi erlai PUS, alc).
	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Be work and Type of Work load		Sandra Dirγstone Isse ∔	
Aug. Power Meastred During Berchmark Run	116.5	114.8	185.8
	51	51	80
Be i climark Performatice Score			
Benchmark Performance Score  Power Performance Ratto (periscore/aug.power)  Link to Full Benchmark Report (Where Auallable)	0.45	0.44	0.43

#### **Section 3: Power Data**

- ENERGY STAR Power Allowance
- Measured Power (Watts)
- Test Voltage / Frequency
- Estimated Energy Usage (kWh/year)
- Link to Detailed Power Calculator

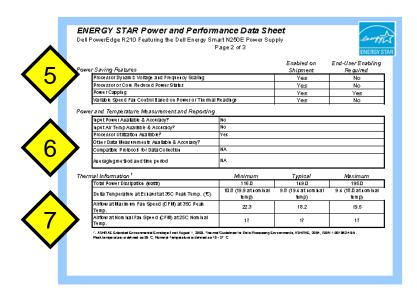
#### **Section 4: Benchmark Results**

- Workload & Performance Data
- •Link to Full Benchmark Report (Where Available)



#### **Power & Performance Data Sheet**





#### **Section 5: Power Saving Features**

Enabled on Shipment? User Enable Required?

# Section 6: Power & Temperature Measurement / Reporting

- Input Power & Air Temp
- Compatible Data Collection Protocols
- Averaging Method

#### **Section 7: Thermal Information**

- Total Power Dissipation (watts)
- •Delta Temp at Exhaust at 35C Peak Temp. (°C)
- Airflow at Maximum & Nominal Fan Speed (CFM)



# **Next Steps**



- Data collection results due to EPA 2/12/10
- Draft 1 specification to be distributed for review & comment in the next couple of weeks. Expect a 6-week comment period.
- Data analysis working groups to be scheduled for March & April 2010.



# Acknowledgments



Thanks to The Green Grid for hosting today's Servers & Storage events



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