

A photograph of a river with a rocky bank in the foreground and a yellow excavator in the background. The text is overlaid on the image.

# Bacteria Contamination in Urban Water Monitoring using Multiple Analytical Tools

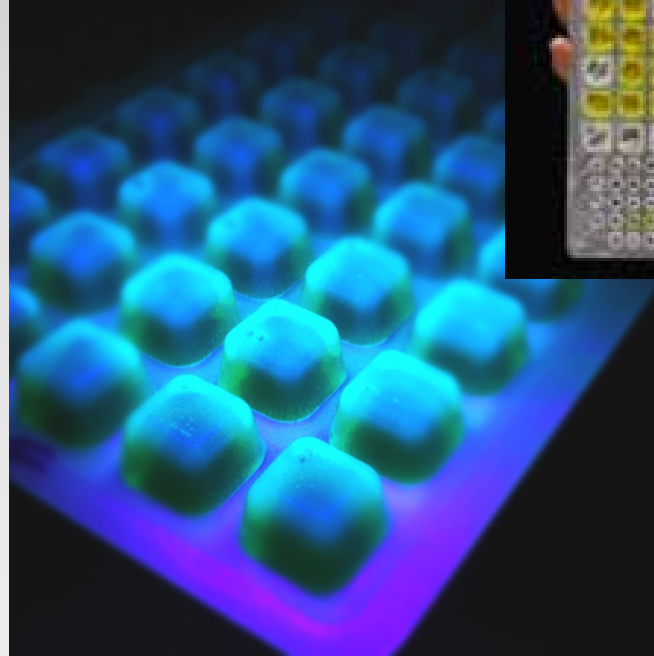
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Regina Klepikow,  
USEPA Region 7  
Kansas City, KS

- Urban Stream Network
- Urban Lakes
- Real Time Telemetry Network



**KCWATERS.org**

**EPA Region 7 Water Monitoring Team**

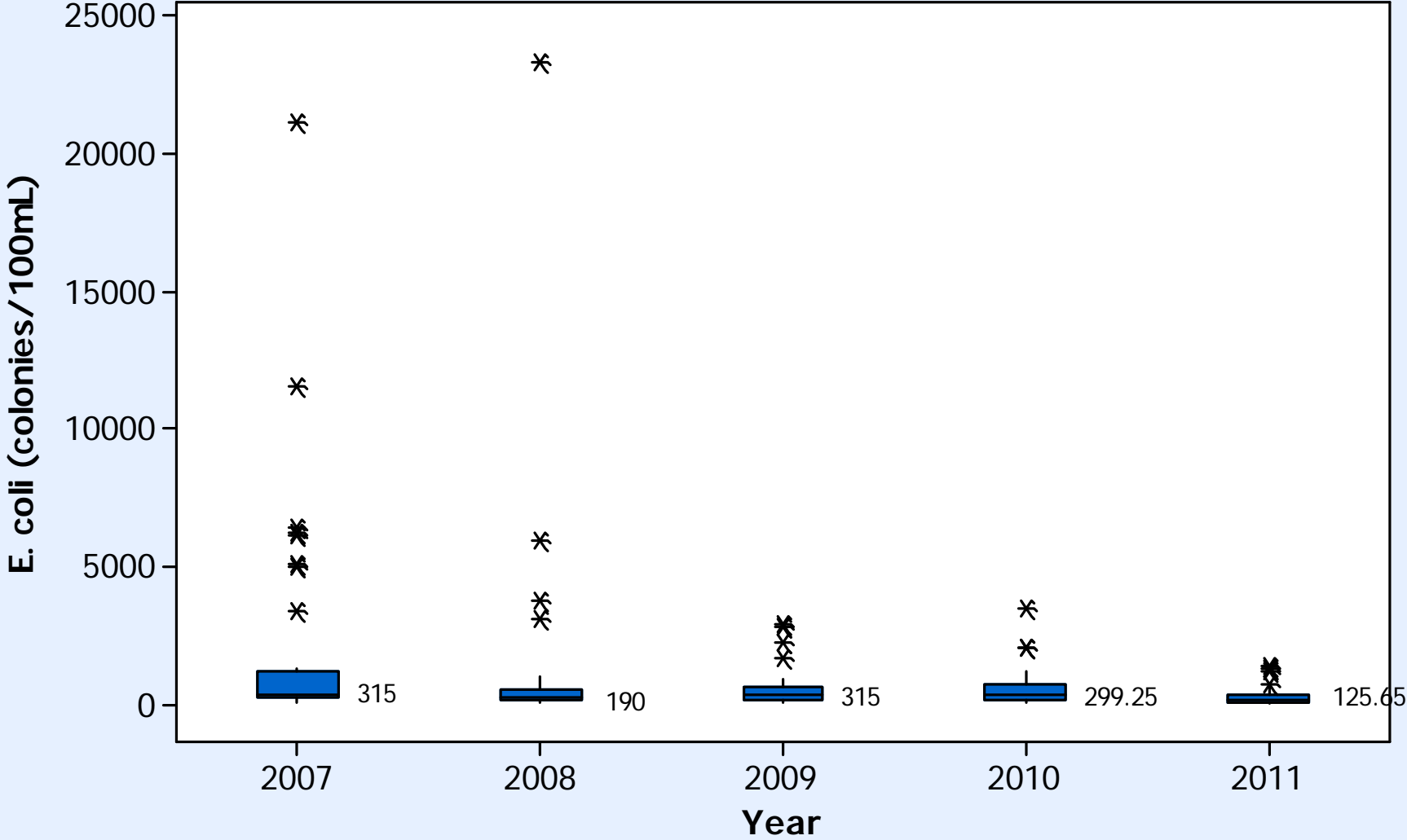


# Colilert<sup>®</sup>

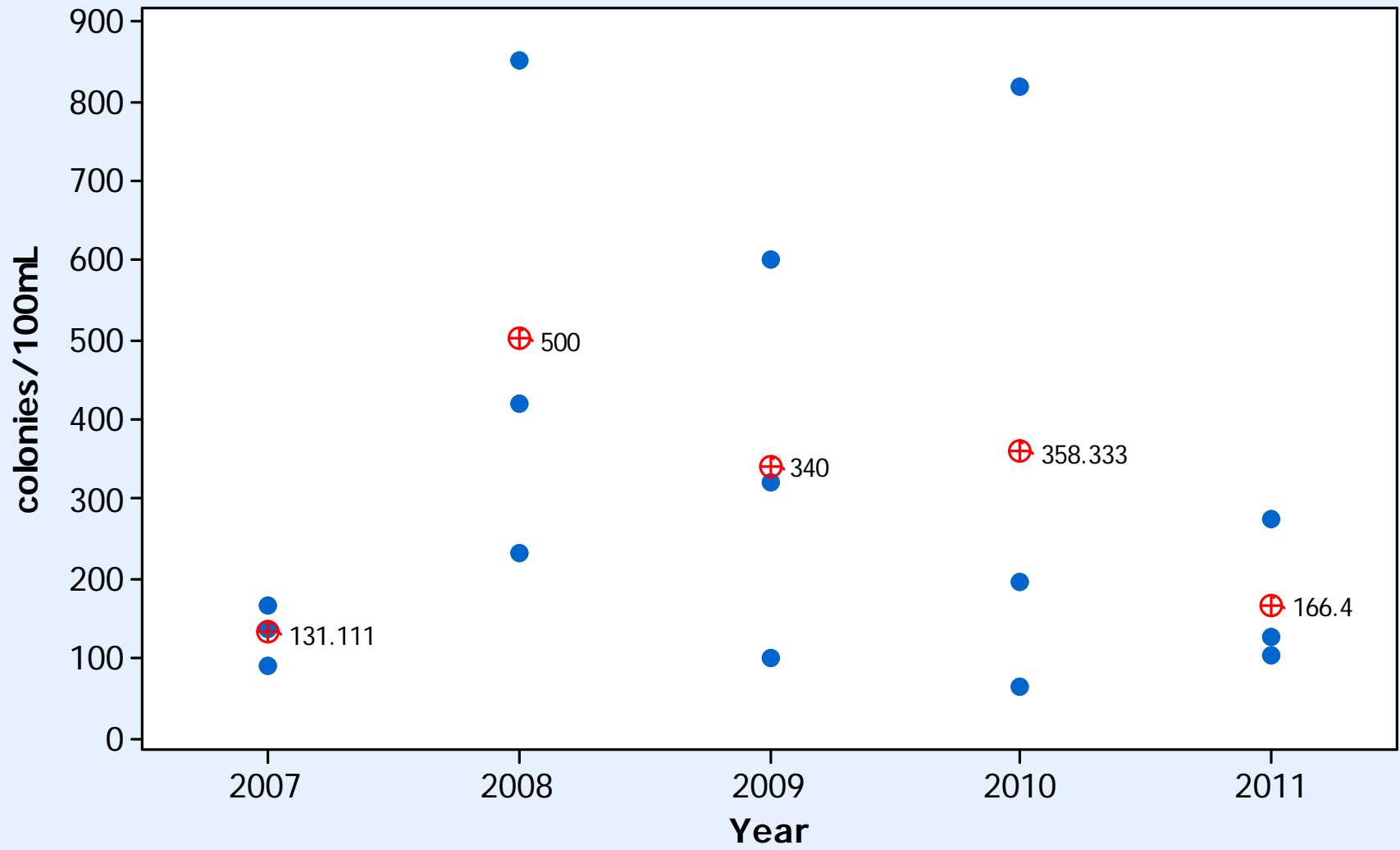
Primary Tool for Bacteria Monitoring



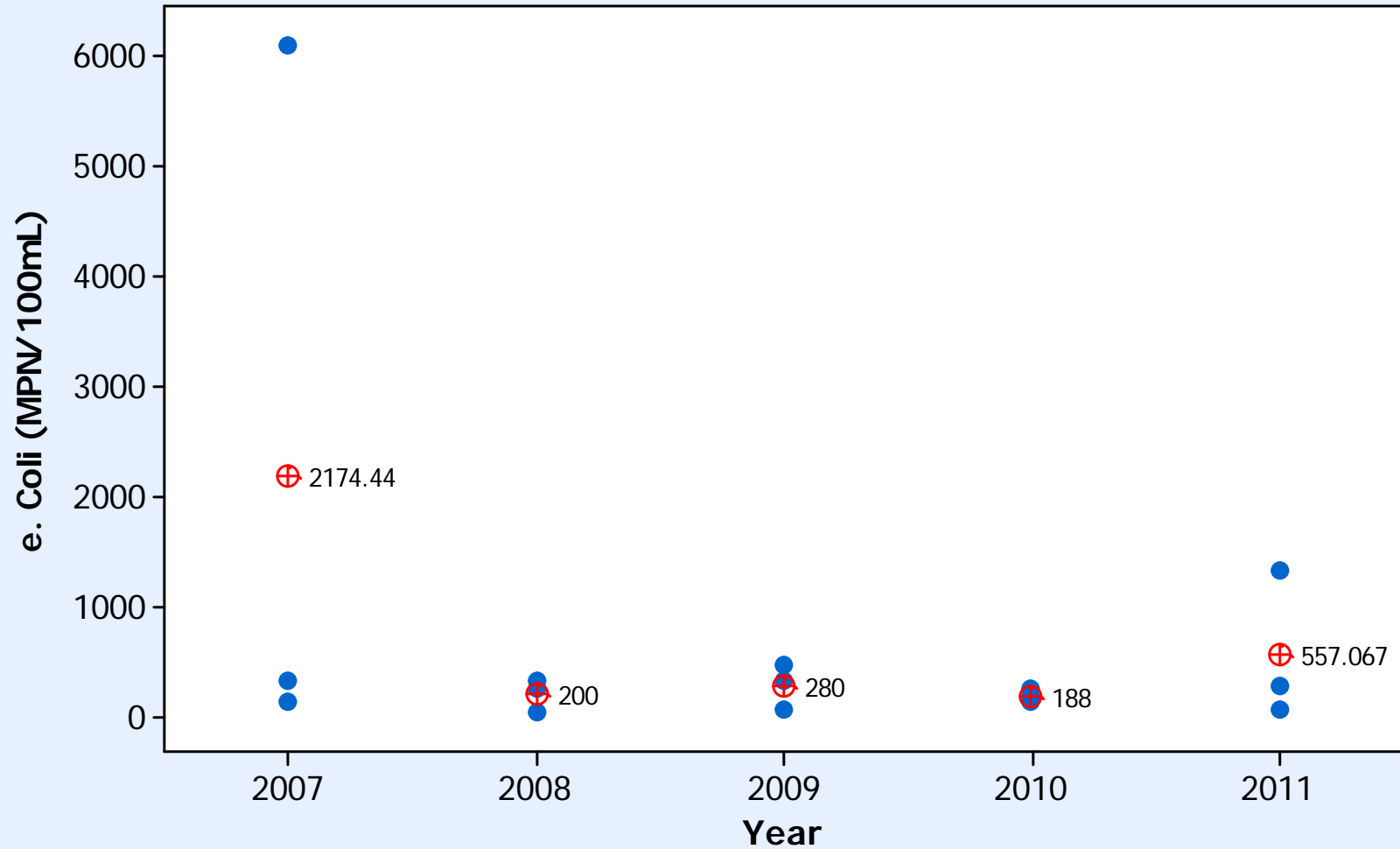
# Urban Streams



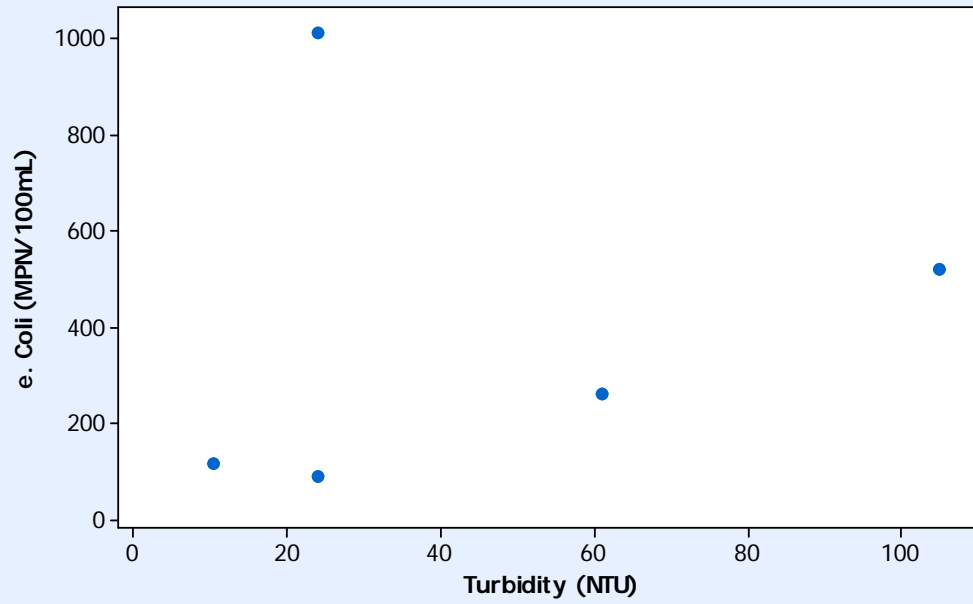
# Shoal Creek E. Coli



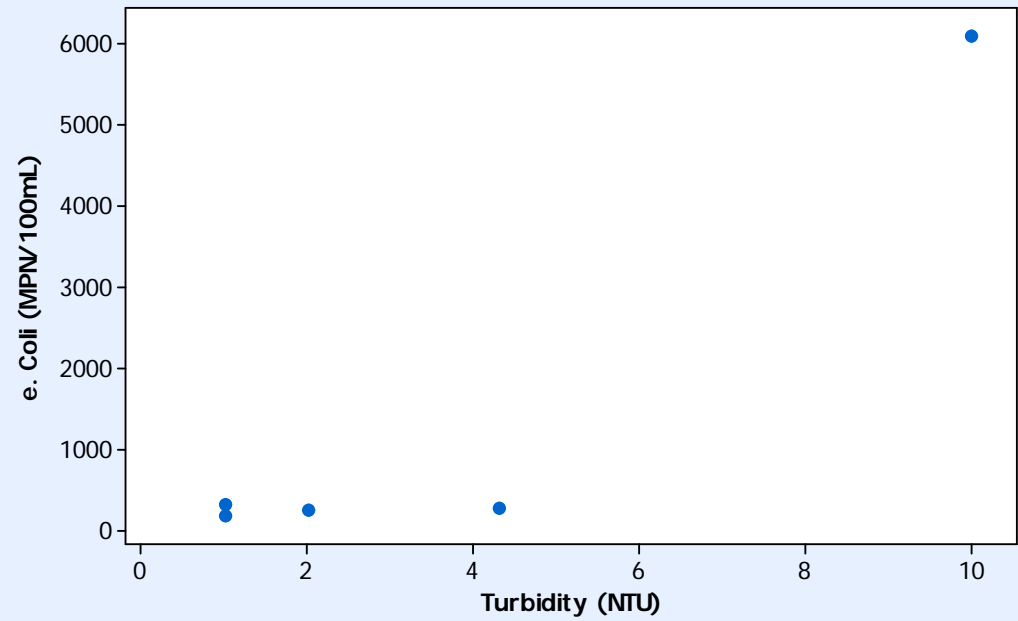
### Turkey Creek E. Coli



**Blue River Site 1**

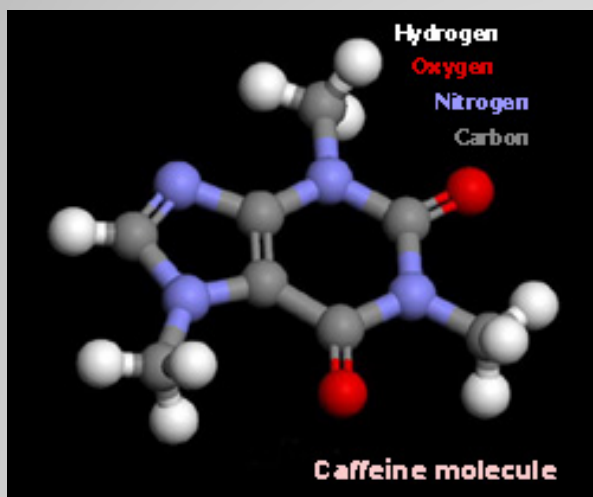


**Turkey Site 1**





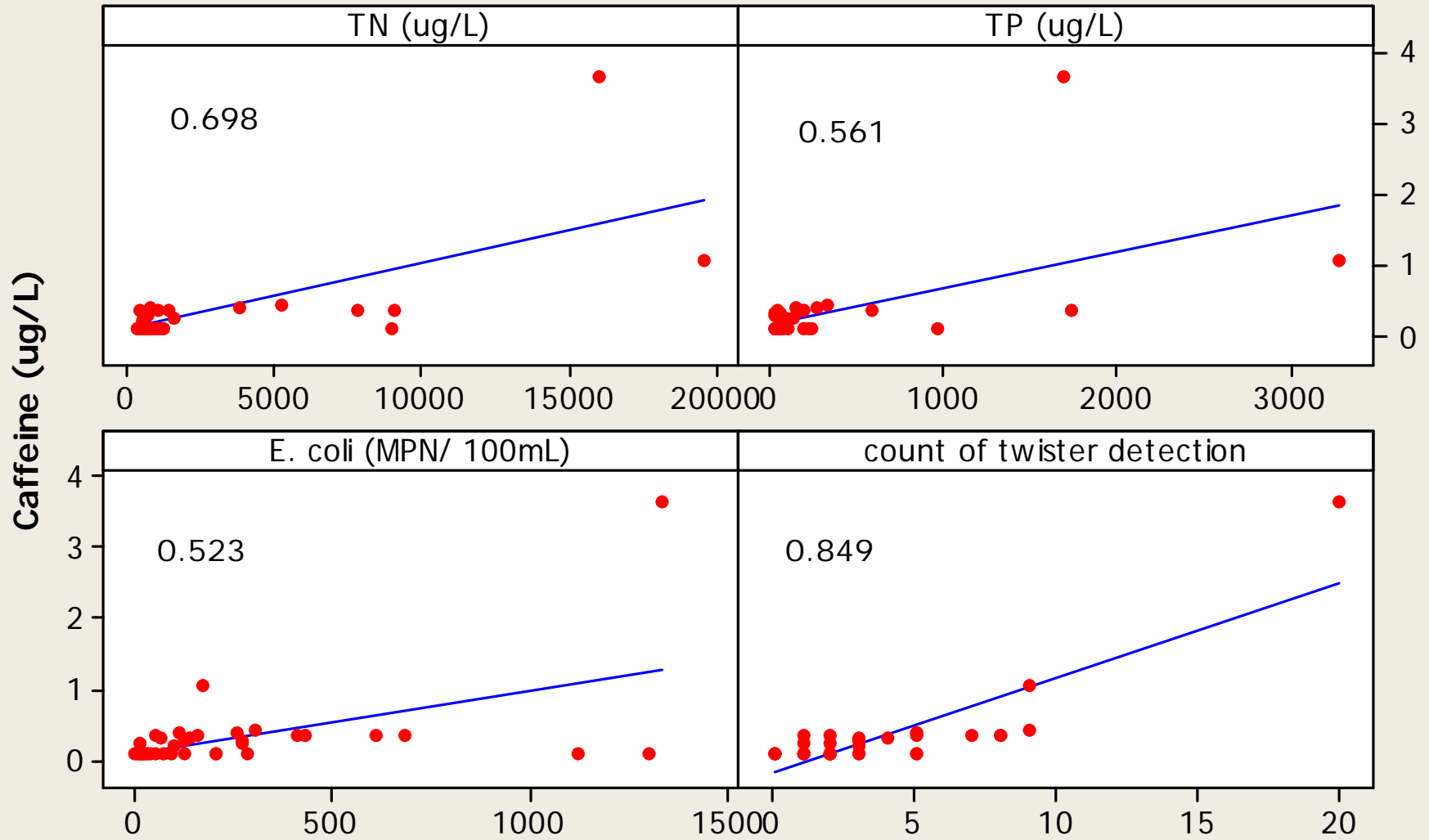
- Caffeine
- ELISA by Abraxis
- Used as indicator of human waste influence



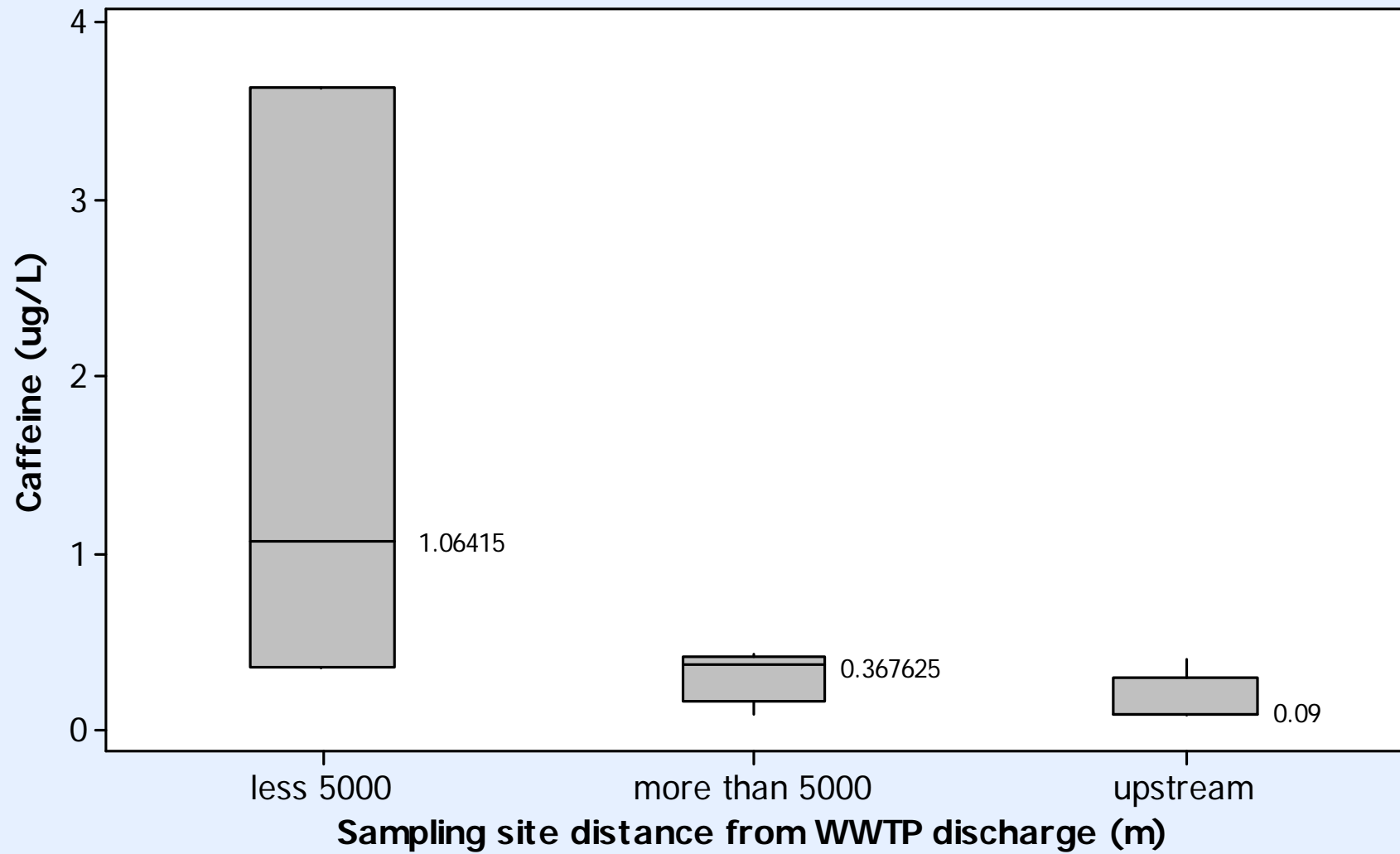
- Personal Care Products and Pharmaceuticals (PPCP)
- New SBSE GC/MS method (Twister<sup>®</sup>)
- BPA, TCEP, NPs, Coprostanol, Triclosan, Estrogens

**New Tools in 2011**

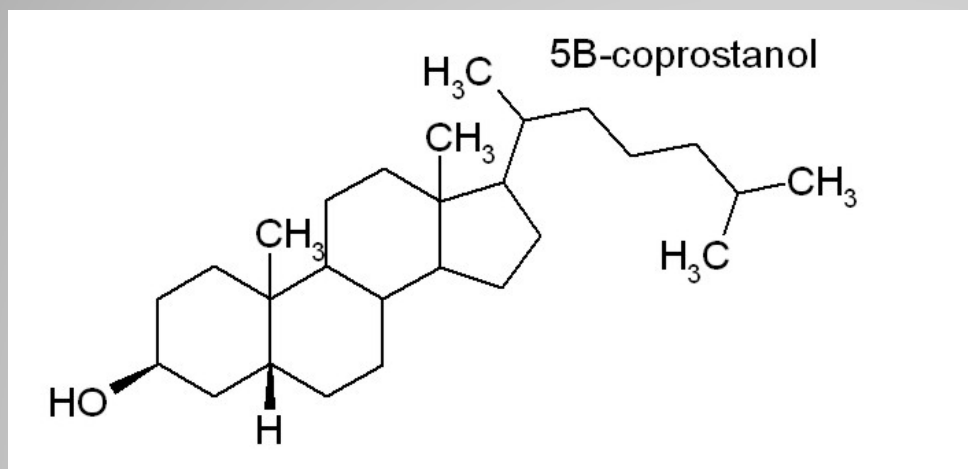
# 2011 Urban Streams



## 2011 Urban Streams



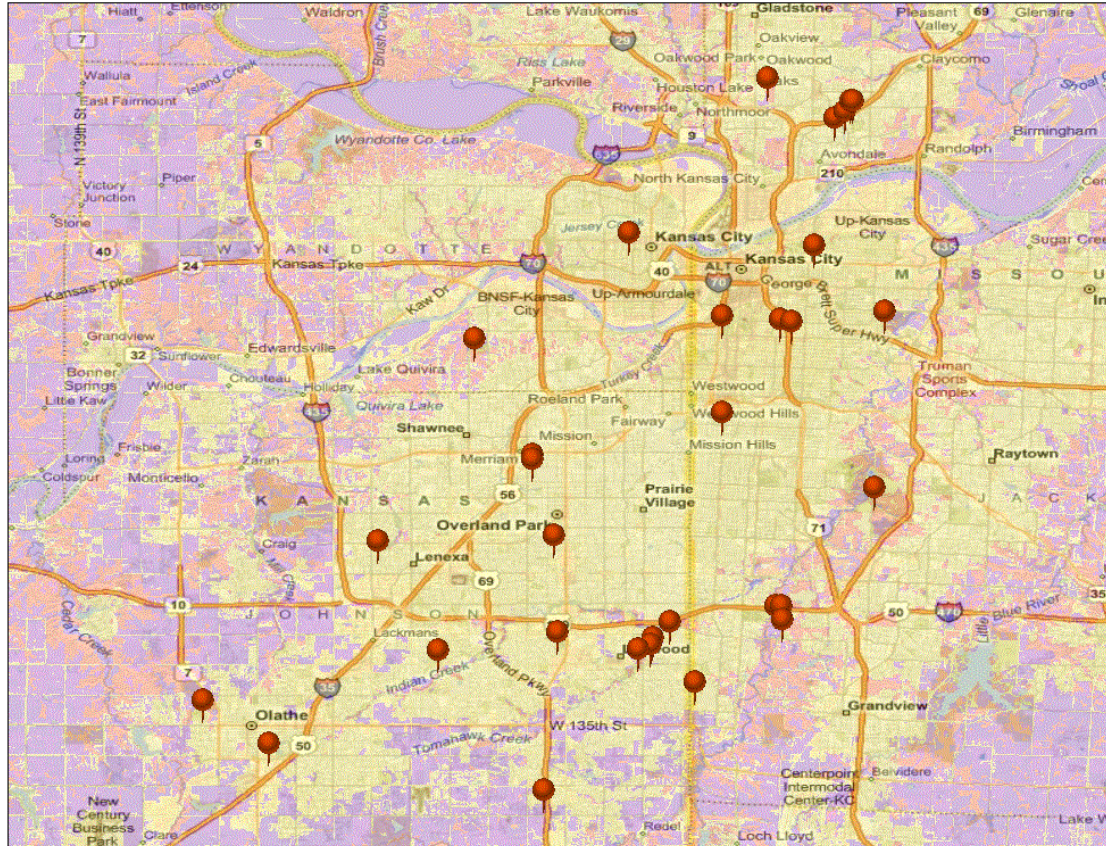
## Coprostanol



- Formed by the degradation of cholesterol in higher animals and birds (carnivores)
- Used as a biomarker for human feces
- RL = 0.2 µg/L
- Range 0.03 to 0.84
- Found at 2 sites above the RL, the two most influenced by WWTP discharge
- Also found at two highly urbanized sites between RL and MDL

Site Name	Positive Caffeine Concentration ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )	PPCP count	E. coli (MPN/100 mL)
Tomahawk 1	0.31	1	65
Tomahawk 2	0.28	0	126.7
Indian 3	0.36	2	410.6
Brush Creek 1	0.39	2	259.5
Brush Creek 2	0.35	3	435.2
Brush Creek 3	0.34	1	686.7
Shoal 1	0.26	1	273.2
Shoal 2	0.20	1	101.4
Line Creek 1	0.23	1	272.3
Jersey 2	0.36	0	613.1
Jersey 3	0.22	0	14.6

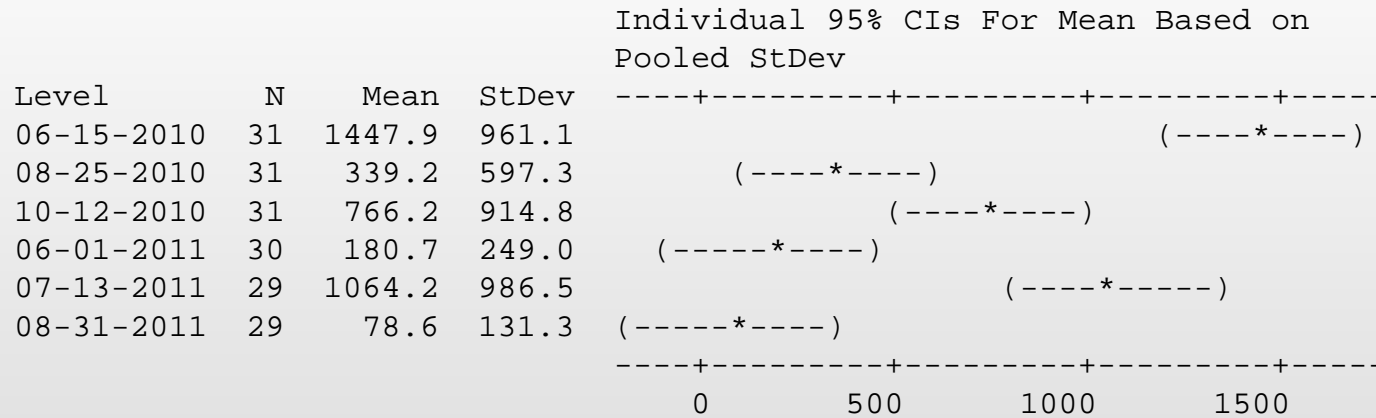
**Sites without WWTP discharge**



# Results

## Urban Lake Sampling

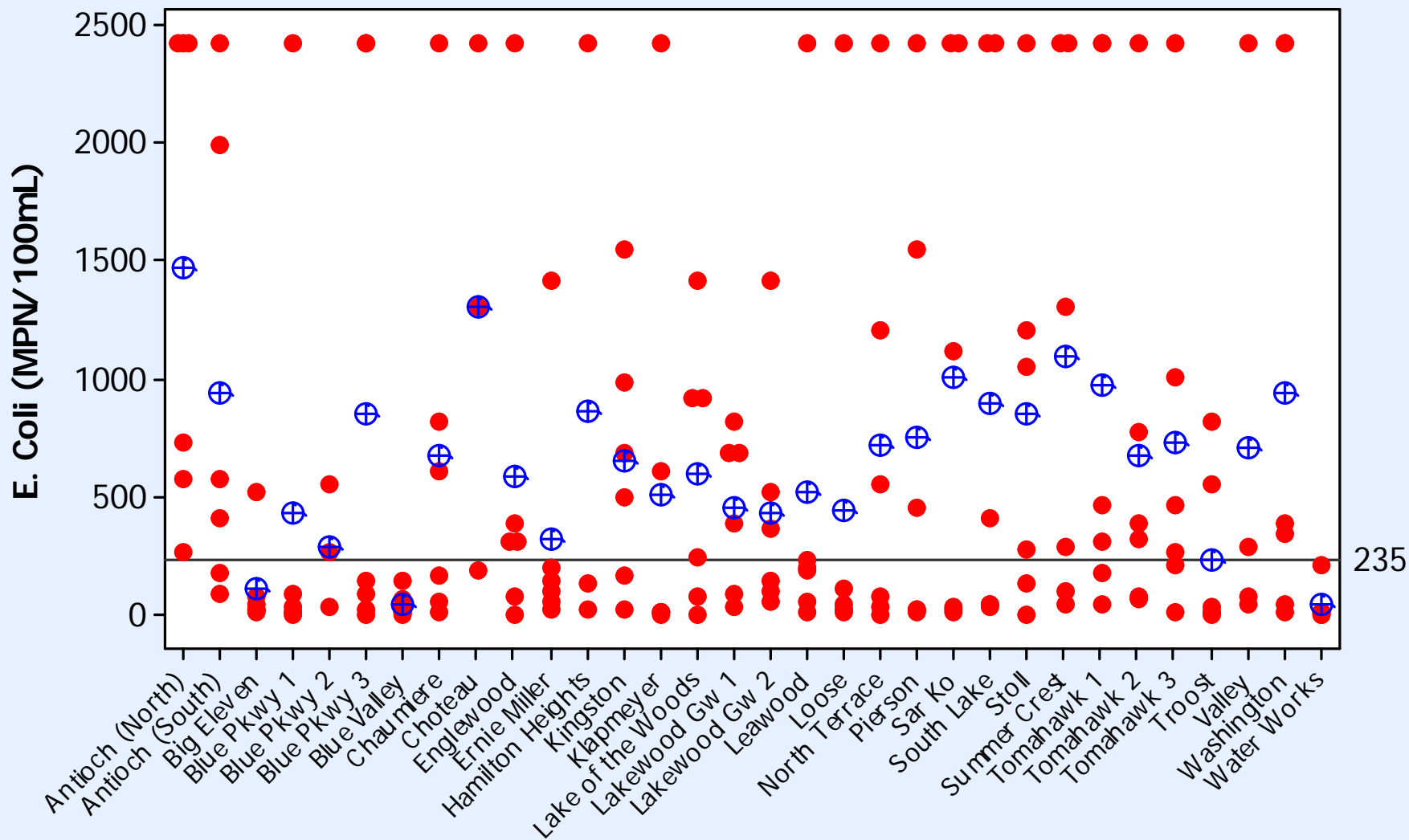
# One-way ANOVA: E. Coli versus date



Pooled StDev = 729.2

48 Hour Rain Fall	North		East		South	
	Amount (in)	Hours prior	Amount (in)	Hours prior	Amount (in)	Hours prior
6/15/10	0.59	24-30	1.8	24-32	4.7	24-32
8/25/10	0		0		0	
10/12/10	.63	0-24	.47	12-24	.51	0-24
6/1/11	.16	24	.16	12-24	.08	24
7/13/11	.83	0-8	.98	6-8	.87	6-8
8/31/11	.04	18	0		0	

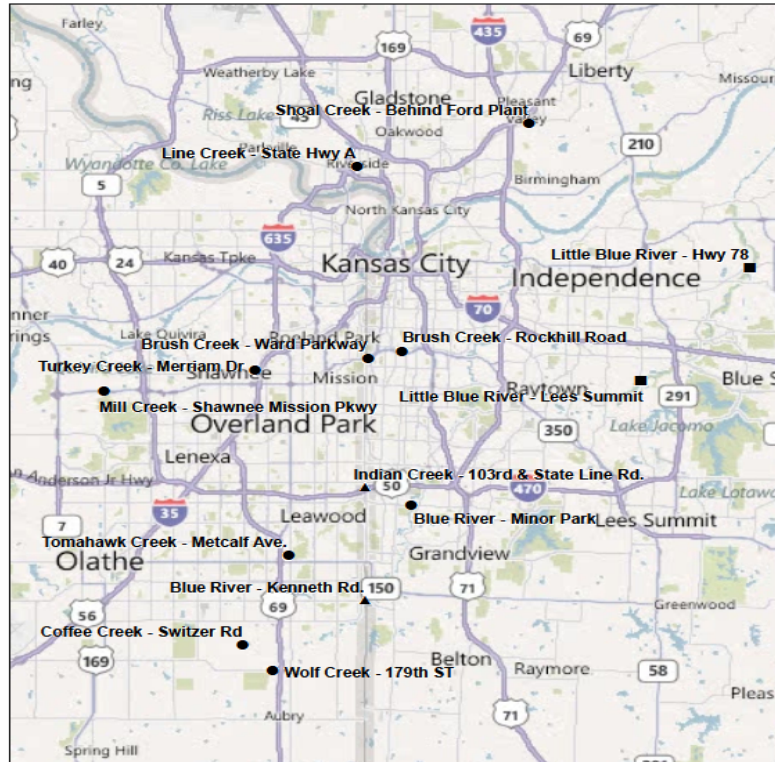
# 2010 - 2011 Urban Lakes





- Until we have a marker for geese...
- Could eliminate human and bovine with PCR – expensive and time consuming
- Could use caffeine ELISA or other chemical indicator
- Could change our PCR approach to do library source matching

**Bacteria Source?**



**Proposed Telemetry Locations**

- Agency
- EPA
  - ▲ GS
  - EPA/AGS



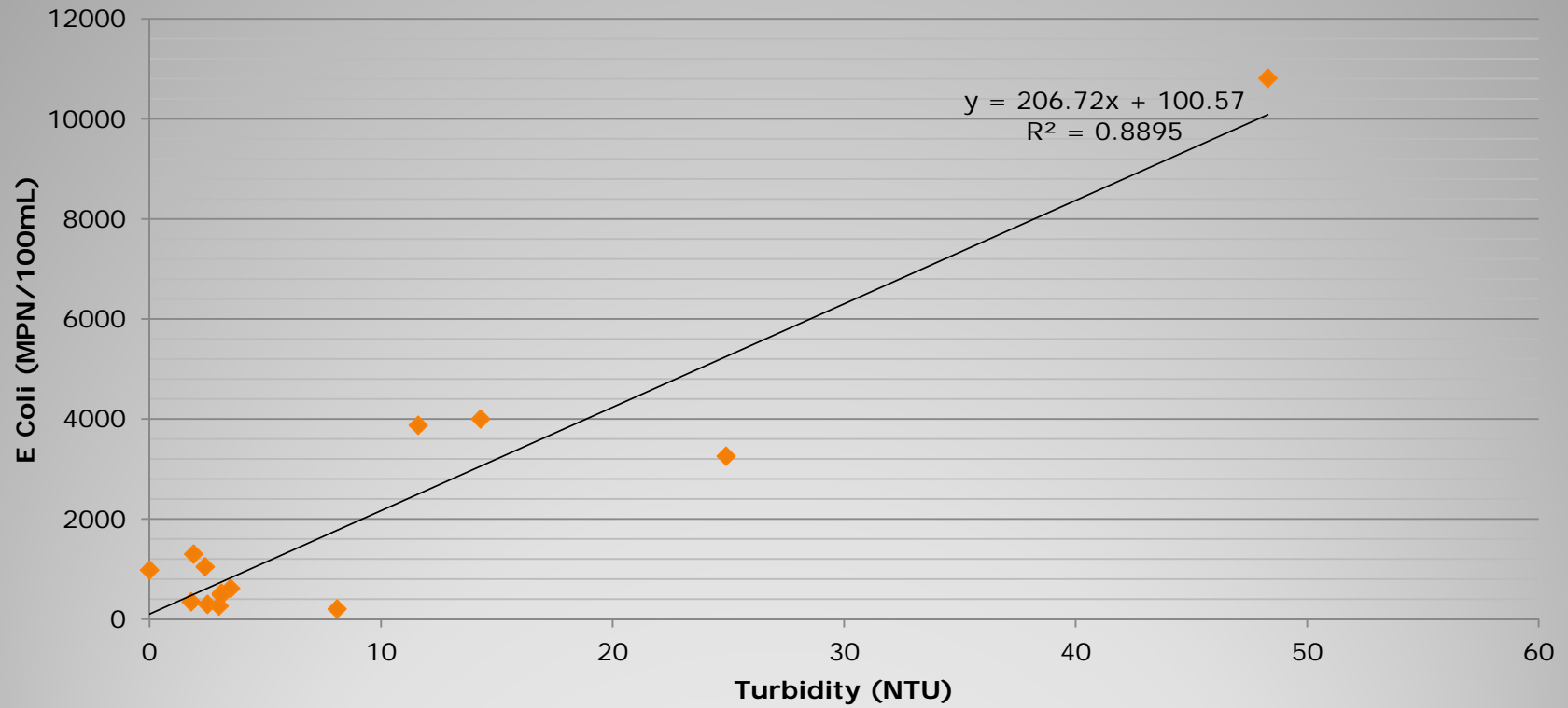
# Results

## Real Time Telemetry Network



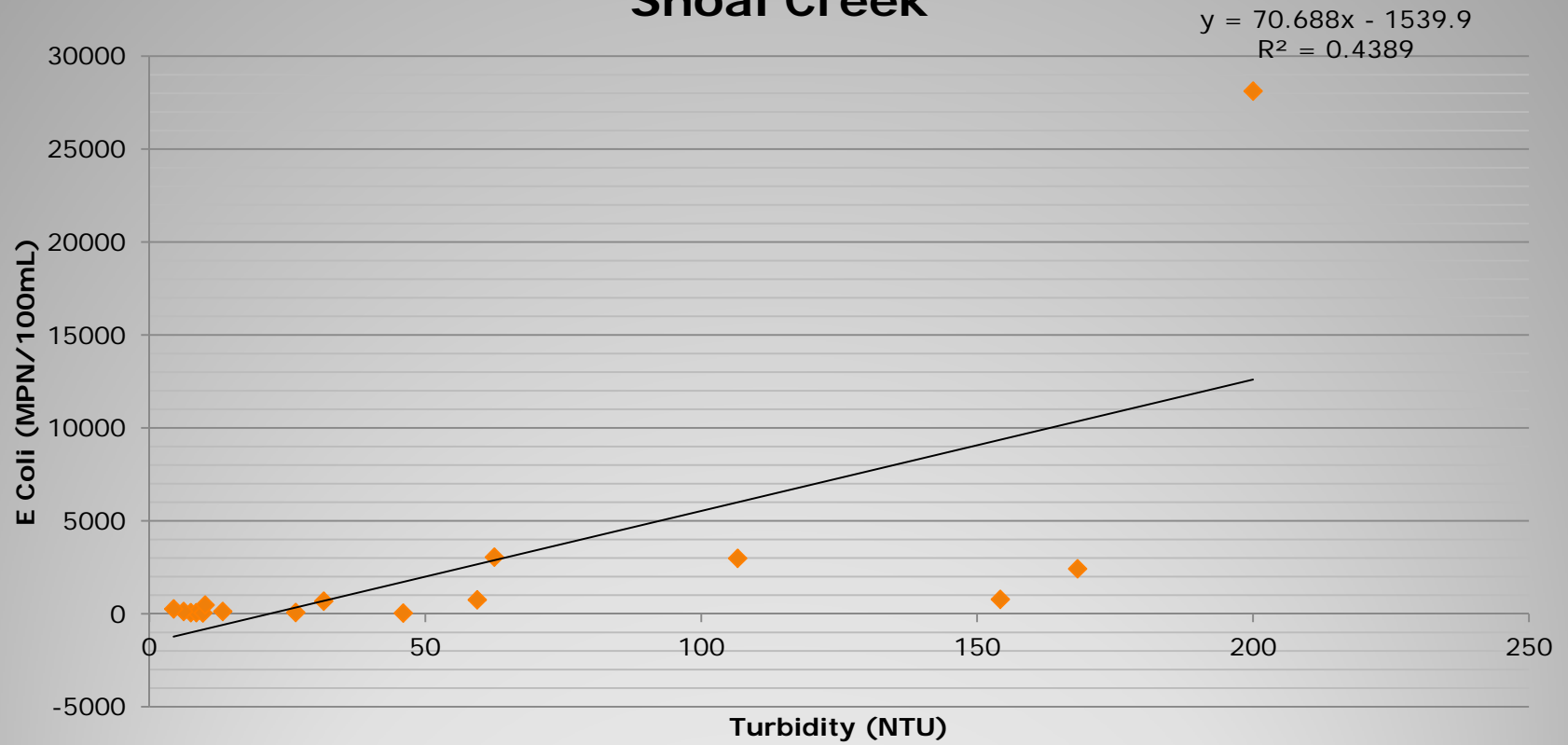
**Real-Time Site**

## Brush Creek @ Ward Parkway



**Good Correlation**

# Shoal Creek



Not as good



# PCR Results

Microbial Source Tracking

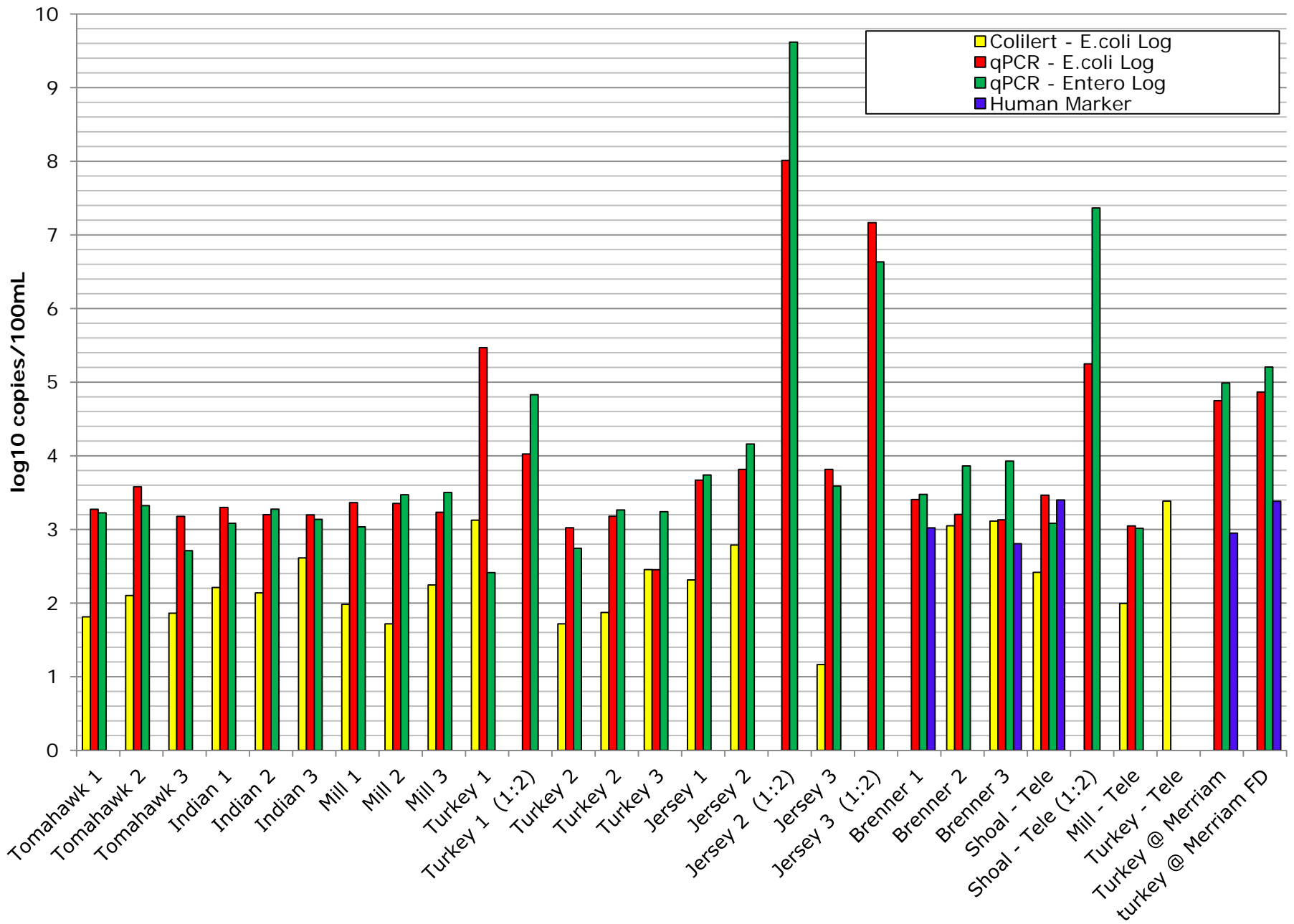
```
graph LR; A[Collection and Filtering] --> B[Extraction]; B --> C[PCR Analysis];
```

Collection  
and  
Filtering

Extraction

PCR  
Analysis

**Method**





- Focus on high EC events
- Investigate the surprises
- Develop more markers
- Improve method
- Once we find the problem, work on fixing it!
- Questions???

**Next Steps**