# Envisioning the Next 30 Years of Coastal Management

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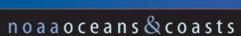


April 2007

### **Coastal Management Visioning Initiative**

### **Purpose:**

To conduct an examination of coastal management, and identify options for improving the CZMA.



### **Outcome and Timeline**

• A report that compiles *core principles* and specific options to be considered by NOAA, the Coastal States Organization, and the National Estuarine Research Reserve Association in their reauthorization proposals for the CZMA.

May 2006 – September 2007

# Going Beyond the Status Quo

Both the U.S. Commission on Ocean Policy and the U.S. Ocean Action Plan recommended there be better coordination among federal agencies.

The Office of Management and Budget expects proposed changes in the CZMA to include national or regional priority-setting, with outcome-oriented performance measures.

### Coastal Management Visioning Initiative

A year-long process to identify core issues and ideas on which the CZMA, or other coastal management legislation will be drafted.

 Phase I: Identify Challenges and Key Questions for Discussion

Discussion Paper (available on http://coastalmanagement.noaa.gov/)

Phase 2: Learn from Managers Within the System

Interviews with 33 CZM, 13 NERR and 10 other coastal managers (available on http://coastalmanagement.noaa.gov/)

- Phase 3: Meet with Stakeholders throughout the Country
  - (5 Meetings held April June 2007: Boston, San Francisco, Chicago, Atlanta and Hawaii)

### **Key Findings of State Manager Interviews**

- Managing growth was the most commonly identified challenge, with water quality as the second most common.
- Local governments were identified as the primary partner with which to address growth pressures.
- Climate change (inundation, impacts to habitat biodiversity) was the top emerging issue.
- Federal interagency coordination is ineffective, and that access to assistance is inefficient and confusing.

# Innovative Ideas from Managers

- Implement a tiered approach to coastal management, allowing states to opt-in to new program initiatives to become eligible for increased funding and authorities.
- Require states to develop strategies for engaging local governments to achieve coastal management objectives, and enable formal partnerships with local governments.
- Implement a regional approach to priority setting, and conduct priority assessments and reevaluations periodically.

# Stakeholder Meetings

- Planning 5 Regional Meetings: Boston, San Francisco, Chicago, Atlanta, and Hawaii
- Two small groups of experts (including Reserve, and Coastal Program managers) charged to deliver innovative thoughts to include in regional discussions.
- Two topic-based National Workshops to refine or hone set of ideas.
- Ongoing meetings with key constituents (industry, environmental groups) and Congressional staff to test idea support.
- Timeline: April July 2007

### We Need Your Help

 Identify individuals from your partner and local networks to participate in stakeholder meetings.

 Develop ideas for improving partnerships, through the CZMA or otherwise, between NOAA, state coastal and estuarine programs, other marine management agencies, and stakeholder groups.

#### Contacts



### For further information contact:

### Donna Wieting or Ralph Cantral at NOAA

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### Submit a comment on-line at:

OCRM web site: http://coastalmanagement.noaa.gov

# Discussion Question 1

Is the current land-side focus of CZMA adequate, or is there a need to integrate wet-side management? If more integration:

- What important wet-side ocean and coastal issues should coastal management and CZMA address with new or expanded efforts?
- From your perspective, what is preventing coastal management from addressing these ocean and Great Lake issues?
- What policy, governance, coordination, funding, science and/or other efforts could CZM add or expand upon to better address wet-side issues?

## Discussion Question 2

How could coastal zone management better integrate with and/or support:

- Other state and federal legislative initiatives (e.g., National Historic Preservation Act, and California Marine Life Protection Act), and
- Regional governance efforts (e.g., regional fishery management councils, ocean commission recommendations)?

# Discussion Question 3

Are there key constituents, particularly outside the traditional coastal management community, that should be aware of this coastal visioning effort and from whom NOAA should solicit input?