







- Popularity of recreational diving is growing rapidly
- 882,000 new divers certified in U.S. 2004

Shipwreck
vs
Submerged
Cultural
Resource

"Living museums under the sea"















An Underwater Site Plan on a Slate Assists Divers





Santello

Make history come alive: experience the mystique of the Spanish Main by viewing the remains of an 18th century sailing ship.

A Dynamic Living Ecosystem ...

Observe firsthand how nature reclaims what humans construct: from brittle stars to barracudas, sea life thrives on the drtificial reef.

UNDERWATER ARCHAEOLOGICAL PRESERVE



18th Century Merchant Ship

Designed to transport peoples and cargoes across vast oceans, the ship is a complex and highly organized expression of the rechnology of the time.



Time of Wrecking

The impact of the wreck damages the ship's structure and scatters parts. Wirsds, waves, and currents further scramble the remains.



One Hundred Years Later

Nature has taken its toll on the exposed part of the wreck.



"Today The wreck, shown here in a cutaway view, has become part of the seabed. Some parts are still preserved under the

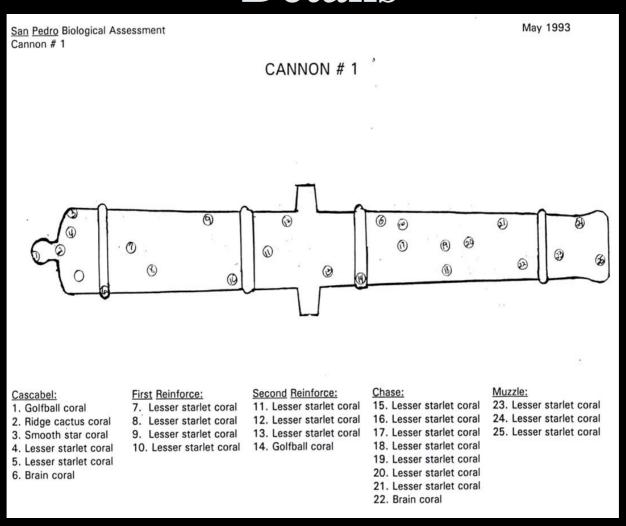
Monitoring is Critical





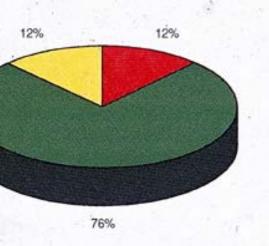


Field Notes Document Biological Details

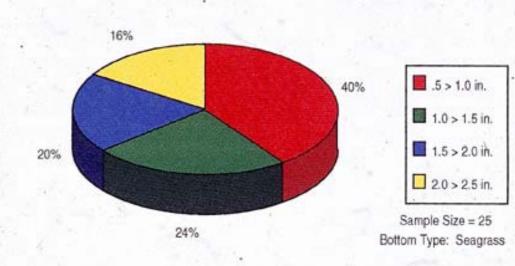


The San Pearo Biological Survey Cannon #1





Coral Size Distribution



Coral Types

Lateral 1 (300 - 59

Top (60 -120 deg.)

Lateral 2 (121 - 240

Vertical Surfaces

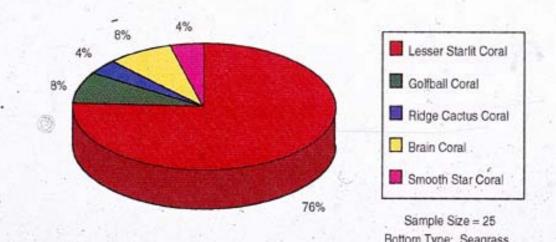
Sample Size = 25

Bottom Type: Seagrass

Heading = 68.5 Degrees

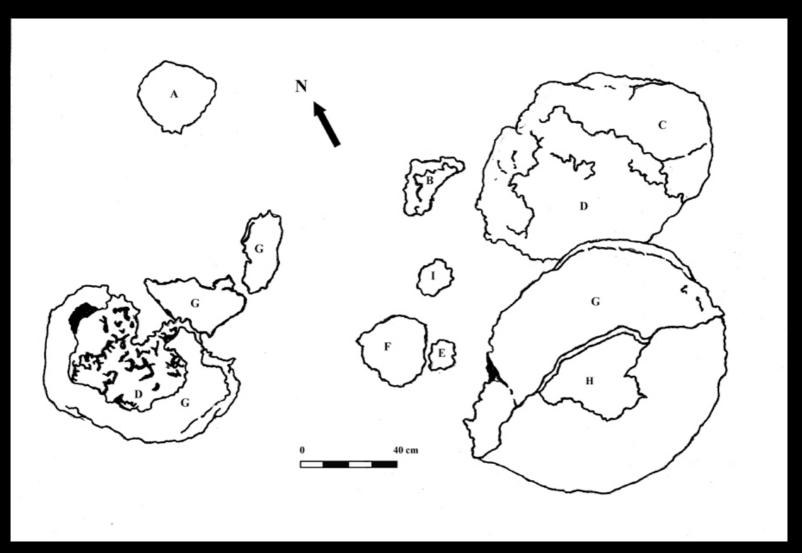
deg.)

deg.)









- A: Grooved Brain Coral, Diploria labyrinthiformis
- B: Mustard Hill Coral, Porites astreoides
- C: Boulder Star Coral, Montastraea annularis
- D: Algae, Halimeda sp.

- E: Maze Coral, Meandrina meandrites
- F: Smooth Star Coral, Solenastrea bournoni
- G: Massive Starlet Coral, Siderastrea siderea
- H: Orange Encrusting Sponge, Diplastrella sp.

Certificate of Participation

presented to

William Jones



for successful completion of the

Reef Medics Partner Training Workshop

San Pedro Coral Restabilization Project

conducted at the



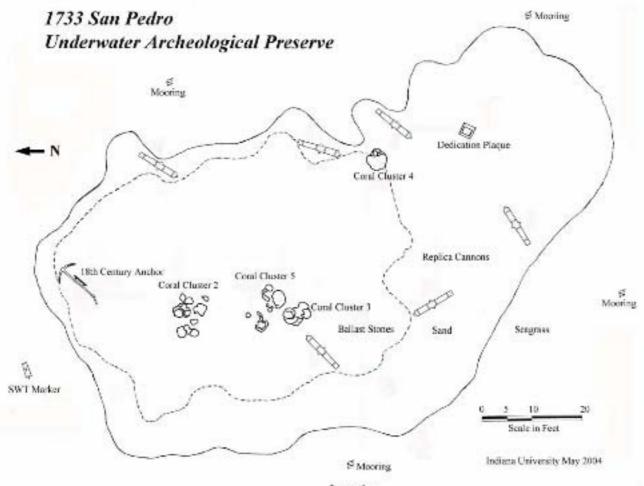


Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary
Upper Keys Region, Key Largo, FL
May 20 & May 25, 2003



Bill Goodwin, Program Coordinator, Reef Medics

Charles Beeker, Director, Underwater Science, Indiana University





The San Pedro lies in 20 feet of water 1.25 nautical miles south of Indian Key. Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. GPS: 24-51.802N, 80-40.780W

Buoy System

Four mooring buoys and a historic marker are located on the site.

Protected Area

Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Shipwreck Trail site is subject to rules and regulations. "Take only photos and leave only bubbles"

NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARIES ...





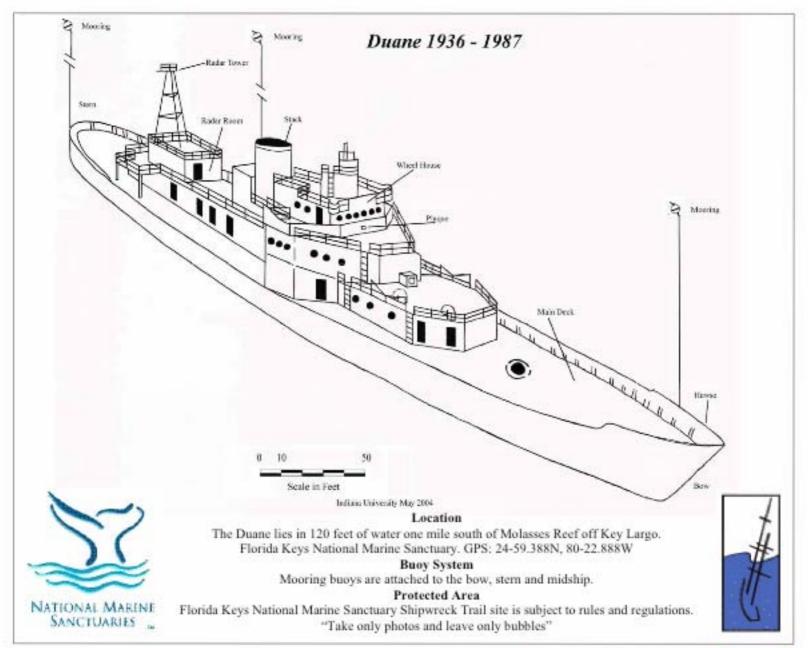






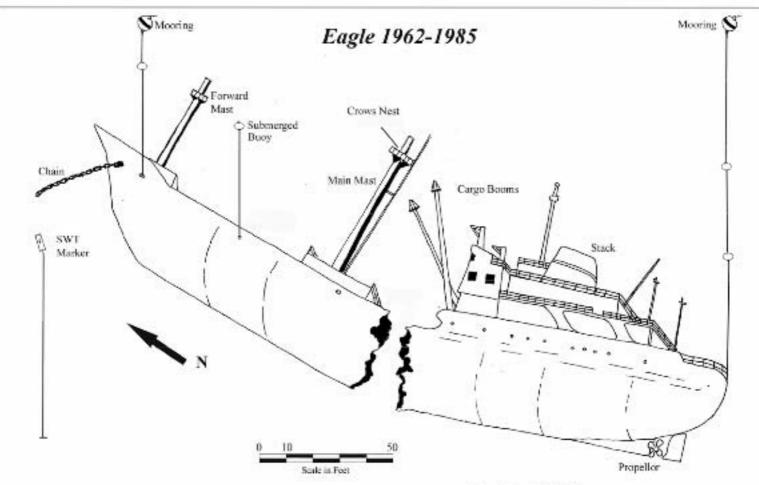
• Intentional Sinkings

The Coast Guard Cutter Duane was sunk as an artificial reef on November 26, 1987 in Florida's upper keys.









Indiana University May 2004

Location

The Eagle lies in 110 feet of water three miles northeast of Alligator Reef Light. Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. GPS: 24-52.184N, 80-34.217W

Buoy System

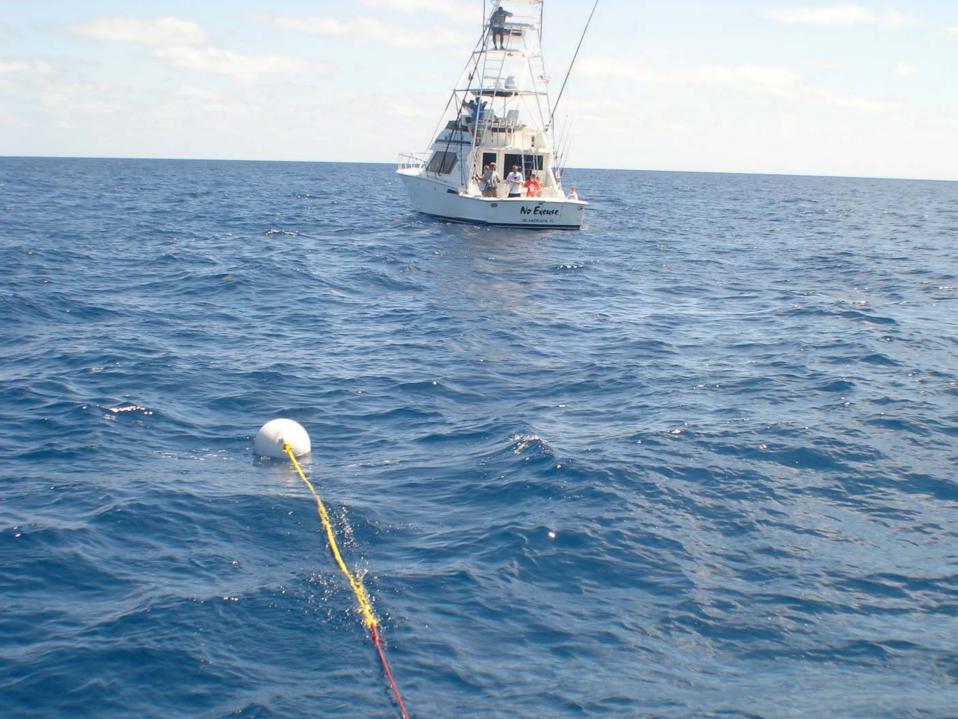
Mooring buoys are attached to the bow and stern of the ship.

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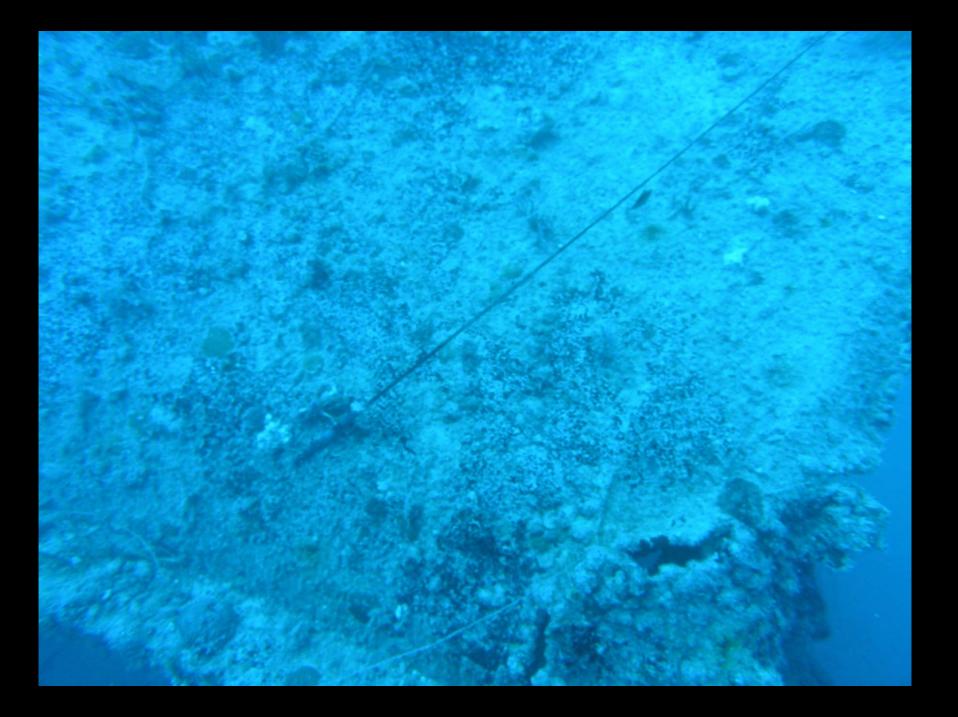
NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARIES ...











FKNMS Shipwreck Trail- Biological Monitoring

SWT Site	Biological Monitoring Stations	REEF fish surveys	Fish Species	Coral Species	Level of Protection fish/coral
Adelaide Baker	3	1	54	13	Low/high
Benwood	3	456	251	20	Low/high
City of Washington	3	239	215	19	High/high
Duane	2	85	155	2	Low/high
Eagle	2	57	149	7	Low/high
San Pedro	3	[25 IU]	[108 IU]	17	High/high
Thunderbolt	2	15	95	6	Low/high

