

NEWS RELEASE



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MIDWEST REGION CONSUMER PRICE INDEX – AUGUST 2012 Prices in the Midwest up 0.7 percent in August and 1.8 percent higher over the year

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) in the Midwest rose 0.7 percent in August following three months of little movement the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Charlene Peiffer noted that higher prices for motor fuel, up 8.9 percent, had the greatest impact on the index. Overall, energy costs rose 5.6 percent over the month. Food prices were 0.2 percent higher and the index for all items less food and energy was virtually unchanged in August.

The CPI-U for the Midwest rose 1.8 percent from August 2011 to August 2012. The energy index, which includes motor fuel and household fuels, registered little movement (0.1 percent), while food prices advanced 1.9 percent. Excluding food and energy, the CPI-U increased 2.0 percent over the year. (See chart 1.)

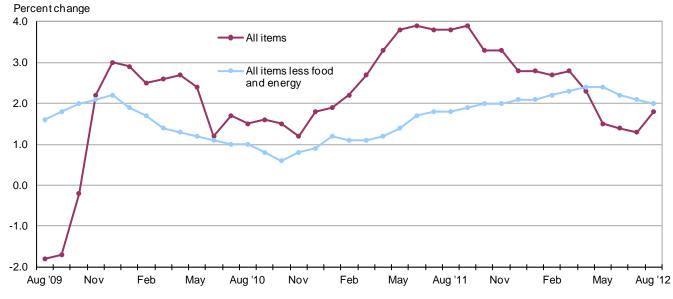


Chart 1. Over-the-year changes in consumer price indexes, Midwest Region, August 2009-August 2012

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Food

Food prices rose 0.2 percent in August. Costs for food away from home advanced 0.7 percent, the largest one-month increase since August 2011. Prices for food at home registered little change (-0.1 percent).

The annual rate of increase in food prices has slowed each month since late 2011. From August 2011 to August 2012, food prices rose 1.9 percent, the smallest over-the-year advance since January 2011. Higher costs for food at home (1.4 percent) and food away from home (2.7 percent) contributed to the increase.

Energy

The energy index for the Midwest turned up 5.6 percent in August after declining in each of the four previous months. Motor fuel prices jumped 8.9 percent and were largely responsible for the increase. Costs for utility (piped) gas service, up 3.2 percent, also contributed to the advance. In contrast, prices for electricity registered little movement over the month.

Despite the monthly advance, energy costs were virtually unchanged over the year (0.1 percent). A 3.9-percent rise in motor fuel prices was nearly offset by a 12.3-percent drop in utility (piped) gas service costs. Electricity prices were little changed (-0.1 percent) from August a year ago.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy was up a slight 0.1 percent in August due to offsetting movements within the index. Among the components registering higher prices over the month were shelter (0.1 percent), apparel (1.4 percent), and medical care (0.5 percent). In contrast, expenditure categories posting lower prices over the month included new and used motor vehicles (-0.6 percent), household furnishings and operations (-0.6 percent), and recreation (-0.3 percent).

The index for all items less food and energy was up 2.0 percent from August 2011 to August 2012. Higher costs for shelter (1.9 percent), medical care (4.4 percent), and recreation (2.1 percent) led the advance.

The Midwest Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) stood at 220.462 in August 2012. A typical market basket of goods and services that cost \$100.00 in the 1982-84 base period cost \$220.46 in August 2012. Because regional CPI data are not adjusted for seasonal price variation, consumers and businesses should be cautious in drawing conclusions about long-term retail price trends from short-term changes in the regional indexes.

	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Month	Monthly	Annual										
January	0.1	1.2	0.6	4.3	0.6	-0.3	0.5	2.9	0.5	1.9	0.6	2.8
February	0.7	2.0	0.2	3.8	0.3	-0.2	0.0	2.5	0.3	2.2	0.2	2.7
March	1.0	2.3	0.9	3.7	0.3	-0.8	0.4	2.6	0.9	2.7	1.0	2.8
April	0.5	2.3	0.8	4.0	0.2	-1.5	0.2	2.7	0.7	3.3	0.2	2.3
May	0.9	2.9	0.9	4.0	0.4	-1.9	0.1	2.4	0.6	3.8	-0.1	1.5
June	0.0	2.7	0.9	4.9	1.1	-1.7	0.0	1.2	0.0	3.9	-0.1	1.4
July	-0.1	2.3	0.5	5.6	-0.3	-2.5	0.2	1.7	0.1	3.8	0.0	1.3
August	-0.2	1.8	-0.3	5.4	0.4	-1.8	0.2	1.5	0.2	3.8	0.7	1.8
September	0.6	3.1	0.0	4.8	0.0	-1.7	0.1	1.6	0.2	3.9		
October	-0.1	3.7	-1.5	3.3	0.1	-0.2	0.0	1.5	-0.6	3.3		
November	0.7	4.1	-2.1	0.5	0.3	2.2	0.1	1.2	0.0	3.3		
December	-0.3	3.8	-1.1	-0.3	-0.3	3.0	0.2	1.8	-0.2	2.8		

Table A. Midwest Region CPI-U monthly and annual percent changes (not seasonally adjusted)

CPI-W

In August, the Midwest Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) was 217.113, up 0.8 percent over the month. The CPI-W increased 1.8 percent over the year.

The September 2012 Consumer Price Index for the Midwest region is scheduled to be released on Tuesday, October 16, 2012.

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 88 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers 29 percent of the total population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 87 urban areas across the country from about 4,000 housing units and approximately 26,000 retail establishments--department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17 The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/homch17_a.htm.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE:** Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.

The Midwest region is comprised of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods

Midwest (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

	Indexes			Percent change from—		
Item and Group	June 2012	July 2012	Aug. 2012	Aug. 2011	June 2012	July 2012
Expenditure category						
All items		218.956	220.462	1.8	0.7	0.7
All items (December 1977=100)	356.353	356.253	358.704	-	-	
Food and beverages	227.322	227.457	227.944	1.9	.3	
Food		226.875	227.345	1.9	.3	
Food at home	-	221.868	221.671	1.4	2	'
Food away from home Alcoholic beverages	1	234.808 233.743	236.489 234.481	2.7 2.2	1.2 1	
- Housing	202.087	202.651	203.002	1.0	.5	
Shelter		234.248	234.598	1.9	.2	
Rent of primary residence ¹		230.627	231.340	2.5	.5	
Owners' equivalent rent of residences 1 2	237.840	238.091	238.634	1.8	.3	
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 12	237.844	238.095	238.637	1.8	.3	.:
Fuels and utilities	204.944	208.133	210.018	-3.1	2.5	
Household energy	174.820	178.036	179.675	-5.1	2.8	
Energy services 1	180.673	184.596	186.259	-4.5	3.1	
Electricity ¹		200.186	199.939	1	1.0	'
Utility (piped) gas service ¹		149.848	154.574	-12.3	8.0	3.2
Household furnishings and operations	119.587	119.538	118.780	.2	7	6
Apparel	117.387	114.637	116.220	2.7	-1.0	1.4
Transportation		215.927	221.970	2.0	1.8	2.
Private transportation	212.377	210.506	216.980	2.3	2.2	3.1
New and used motor vehicles ³	102.041	101.834	101.225	7	8	(
New vehicles	137.940	137.261	136.943	.7	7	2
New cars and trucks ^{3 4}	97.668	97.178	96.954	.7	7	:
New cars ⁴		136.121	135.711	.0	8	
Used cars and trucks		158.066	156.844	7	5	3
Motor fuel		310.643	338.372	3.9	6.2	8.9
Gasoline (all types)	317.981 317.247	309.834 308.766	337.809 336.782	3.8 3.7	6.2 6.2	9.0 9.1
Gasoline, unleaded regular	345.313	338.472	367.801	3.7	6.5	9. 8.7
Gasoline, unleaded regular ⁴ Gasoline, unleaded midgrade ^{4 5} Gasoline, unleaded premium ⁴	309.841	302.006	329.913	4.9	6.5	9.2
Medical care	414.421	416.680	418.681	4.4	1.0	
Medical care commodities	1	334.633	336.424	4.7	1.2	
Medical care services	1	443.972	446.023	4.3	1.0	.!
Professional services	368.233	369.269	370.049	2.2	.5	.:
Recreation ³	117.133	117.198	116.866	2.1	2	:
Education and communication ³	134.806	135.095	135.534	1.6	.5	
Other goods and services	378.499	383.061	383.299	3.0	1.3	-
Commodity and service group						
All items	219.017	218.956	220.462	1.8	.7	
Commodities		182.789	185.245	1.0	.9	1.
Commodities less food and beverages		159.779	162.987	1.7	1.2	2.0
Nondurables less food and beverages		208.686	216.078	3.0	2.4	3.
Nondurables less food, beverages, and apparel		269.503	280.449	2.8	3.2	4.
Durables		111.639	111.020	6	8	!
Services		256.712	257.279	1.9	.5	
Rent of shelter ²		240.570	240.945	1.9	.2	
Transportation services	1	276.715	276.101	1.1	3	:

See footnotes at end of table.

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods-Continued

Midwest (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

		Indexes		Percent change from—			
Item and Group	June 2012	July 2012	Aug. 2012	Aug. 2011	June 2012	July 2012	
Commodity and service group							
Other services	312.193	312.839	313.422	3.1	0.4	0.2	
Special aggregate indexes							
All items less medical care	209.703	209.544	211.022	1.6	.6	.7	
All items less food	217.677	217.572	219.246	1.8	.7	.8	
All items less shelter	215.979	215.812	217.776	1.7	.8	.9	
Commodities less food	163.583	162.328	165.491	1.7	1.2	1.9	
Nondurables	219.964	218.780	222.998	2.4	1.4	1.9	
Nondurables less food	212.370	210.129	217.197	3.0	2.3	3.4	
Nondurables less food and apparel	267.302	265.265	275.365	2.8	3.0	3.8	
Services less rent of shelter ²	288.007	289.401	290.224	1.8	.8	.3	
Services less medical care services	241.960	242.602	243.074	1.6	.5	.2	
Energy	238.223	236.473	249.651	.1	4.8	5.6	
All items less energy	219.421	219.540	219.808	2.0	.2	.1	
All items less food and energy	218.779	218.883	219.115	2.0	.2	.1	
Commodities less food and energy commodities	146.878	146.567	146.483	1.0	3	1	
Energy commodities	315.503	307.312	334.086	3.3	5.9	8.7	
Services less energy services	265.810	266.204	266.652	2.4	.3	.2	

¹ This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator. ² Index is on a December 1982=100 base. ³ Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

⁴ Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.

⁵ Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.

Data not available.

Regions defined as the four Census regions. Midwest includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

NOTE: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods

Midwest (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

		Indexes		Percent change from—		
Item and Group	June 2012	July 2012	Aug. 2012	Aug. 2011	June 2012	July 2012
Expenditure category						
All items	215.455	215.341	217.113	1.8	0.8	0.
All items (December 1977=100)	348.438	348.254	351.120	-	-	
Food and beverages	227.626	227.890	228.167	1.8	.2	
Food	227.108	227.440	227.686	1.8	.3	
Food at home	222.413	222.391	222.092	1.4	1	
Food away from home	234.849	235.912	237.284	2.6	1.0	
Alcoholic beverages	234.246	233.348	234.155	2.4	.0	
Housing	197.070	197.668	198.127	1.0	.5	
Shelter	223.672	223.892	224.312	2.0	.3	
Rent of primary residence ¹	230.783	231.110	231.808	2.5	.4	
Owners' equivalent rent of residences 1 2	221.626	221.860	222.349	1.8	.3	
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 1 2	221.634	221.869	222.362	1.8	.3	
Fuels and utilities	205.865	209.022	210.929	-3.1	2.5	
Household energy	175.511	178.669	180.332	-5.1	2.7	
Energy services ¹	179.796	183.503	185.207	-4.8	3.0	-
Electricity 1	197.197	199.112	198.895	5	.9	
Utility (piped) gas service ¹ Household furnishings and operations	143.035 118.115	149.631 118.023	154.524 117.346	-12.5 .1	8.0 7	3.
5	110.115	110.025	117.340	. '	/	-
Apparel	116.264	113.244	113.927	2.3	-2.0	-
Transportation	220.034	217.660	224.907	2.4	2.2	3.
Private transportation	216.471	214.224	221.768	2.6	2.4	3.
New and used motor vehicles ³	102.689	102.455	101.890	8	8	
New vehicles	141.529	140.737	140.480	.8	7	
Used cars and trucks	158.666	159.107	157.873	7	5	-
Motor fuel	319.412	311.283	339.244	4.0	6.2	9. 9.
Gasoline (all types)	318.726 317.819	310.451 309.211	338.669 337.445	3.9 3.9	6.3 6.2	9.
Gasoline, unleaded regular ⁴ Gasoline, unleaded midgrade ^{4 5}	344.998	338.045	367.513	3.8	6.5	8.
Gasoline, unleaded premium ⁴	309.647	301.716	329.856	5.0	6.5	9.
Medical care	418.750	421.099	423.183	4.7	1.1	
Medical care commodities	326.951	329.203	331.009	4.9	1.2	
Medical care services	447.329	449.667	451.821	4.6	1.0	
Professional services	369.740	370.662	371.457	2.3	.5	
Recreation ³	113.539	113.716	113.412	2.2	1	
Education and communication ³	129.116	129.311	129.497	1.2	.3	
Other goods and services	412.778	420.781	420.892	3.5	2.0	
Commodity and service group						
All items	215.455	215.341	217.113	1.8	.8	
Commodities	187.858	186.929	189.831	2.0	1.1	1
Commodities less food and beverages	167.221	165.855	169.696	2.0	1.5	2.
Nondurables less food and beverages	223.689	221.070	229.786	3.6	2.7	3.
Nondurables less food, beverages, and apparel	289.476	287.025	300.478	3.6	3.8	4.
Durables	113.881	113.655	113.090	7	7	
Services	249.179	249.924	250.540	1.8	.5	
Rent of shelter ²	222.099	222.320	222.752 273.182	2.0 1.4	.3 2	-
Transportation services Other services	273.789 292.226	273.617 292.670	273.182 292.975	2.8	2 .3	-
Special aggregate indexes						
	207 5 47	207.050	200 404			
All items less medical care	207.547	207.352	209.104	1.6	.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods-Continued

Midwest (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

		Indexes		Percent change from—			
Item and Group	June	July	Aug.	Aug.	June	July	
	2012	2012	2012	2011	2012	2012	
Special aggregate indexes							
All items less food	213.060	212.876	214.886	1.8	0.9	0.9	
	215.034	214.788	217.113	1.8	1.0	1.1	
	169.476	168.114	171.908	2.1	1.4	2.3	
	226.895	225.563	230.517	2.8	1.6	2.2	
	224.249	221.704	230.076	3.6	2.6	3.8	
	283.307	280.981	293.469	3.7	3.6	4.4	
	255.742	257.046	257.819	1.7	.8	.3	
	235.868	236.523	237.054	1.6	.5	.2	
	242.308	240.036	254.248	.5	4.9	5.9	
	213.743	213.907	214.085	1.9	.2	.1	
	211.305	211.438	211.603	2.0	.1	.1	
	149.663	149.482	149.225	.9	3	.2	
	317.854	309.562	336.915	3.8	6.0	8.8	

¹ This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator. ² Index is on a December 1984=100 base. ³ Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

⁴ Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
⁵ Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.

- Data not available.

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