

Table 1344. World Energy Consumption by Region and Energy Source, 1990 to 2005, and Projections, 2010 to 2025

[In quadrillion Btu (347.3 represents 347,300,000,000,000). Btu = British thermal units. For Btu conversion factors, see source. Energy totals include net imports of coal coke and electricity generated from biomass in the United States. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. The electricity portion of the national consumption values consists of generation for domestic use plus an adjustment for electricity trade based on a fuel's share of total generation in the exporting country]

Region and energy source	1990	2004	2005	Projections			
				2010	2015	2020	2025
World, total	347.4	447.3	462.2	512.5	563.0	608.4	651.8
North America	100.7	120.6	121.3	126.4	132.3	137.8	143.4
United States ¹	84.7	100.1	100.1	103.3	107.3	110.8	114.5
Western Europe	70.0	81.0	81.4	83.9	86.8	88.5	90.4
Industrialized Asia	26.8	37.8	38.2	39.3	41.4	42.7	43.7
Eastern Europe and former Soviet Union	67.3	49.5	50.7	55.1	59.5	63.3	66.0
Developing Asia	47.4	101.0	109.9	137.1	164.2	189.4	215.3
Middle East	11.2	20.9	22.9	26.4	29.5	32.6	34.7
Africa	9.5	14.0	14.4	16.5	18.9	20.9	22.5
Central and South America	14.5	22.5	23.4	27.7	30.5	33.2	35.7
Oil	136.4	166.6	169.4	181.1	194.4	206.1	216.9
Natural gas	75.2	103.3	107.4	120.3	134.4	146.9	155.8
Coal	89.2	116.1	122.5	140.2	157.8	171.7	186.7
Nuclear	20.4	27.4	27.5	28.8	31.4	34.5	37.7
Other	26.2	33.8	35.5	42.0	45.0	49.3	54.7

¹ Includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Outlook 2008* (published June 2008). See also <<http://www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/ieo/ieorefcase.html>>.