

Table 1355. Annual Percent Changes in Consumer Prices by Country: 2000 to 2009

[Change from previous year. See text, this section, for general comments concerning the data. For additional qualifications of the data for individual countries, see source. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Country	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	Country	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009
United States	3.4	3.4	2.9	3.8	-0.4	Japan	-0.7	-0.3	0.1	1.4	-1.4
Argentina	-0.9	9.6	8.8	8.6	6.3	Kenya	10.0	10.3	9.8	26.2	9.2
Australia	4.5	2.7	2.3	4.4	1.8	Korea, South	2.3	2.8	2.5	4.7	2.8
Austria	2.4	2.3	2.2	3.2	0.5	Malaysia	1.5	3.0	2.0	5.4	0.6
Bangladesh	2.2	7.0	9.1	8.9	5.4	Mexico	9.5	4.0	4.0	5.1	5.3
Belgium	2.5	2.8	1.8	4.5	-0.1	Netherlands	2.3	1.7	1.6	2.5	1.2
Bolivia	4.6	5.4	8.7	14.0	3.3	Nigeria	6.9	17.9	5.4	11.6	12.4
Brazil	7.0	6.9	3.6	5.7	4.9	Norway	3.1	1.5	0.7	3.8	2.2
Canada	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.4	0.3	Pakistan	4.4	9.1	7.6	20.3	13.6
Chile	3.8	3.1	4.4	8.7	1.5	Peru	3.8	1.6	1.8	5.8	2.9
Colombia	9.2	5.0	5.5	7.0	4.2	Philippines	4.0	7.6	2.8	9.3	3.3
Ecuador	96.1	2.4	2.3	8.4	5.2	Portugal	2.8	2.3	2.8	2.6	-0.8
Egypt	2.7	4.9	9.3	18.3	11.8	Romania	45.7	9.0	4.8	7.8	5.6
France	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.8	0.1	Russia	20.8	12.7	9.0	14.1	11.7
Germany	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.6	0.3	South Africa	5.3	3.4	7.1	11.5	7.1
Ghana	25.2	15.1	10.7	16.5	19.3	Spain	3.4	3.4	2.8	4.1	-0.4
Greece	3.2	3.5	2.9	4.2	1.2	Sri Lanka	6.2	11.6	15.8	22.6	3.4
Guatemala	6.0	8.4	6.5	12.6	1.9	Sweden	1.0	0.5	2.2	3.4	-0.3
India	4.0	4.2	6.4	8.4	10.9	Switzerland	1.5	1.2	0.7	2.4	-0.5
Indonesia	3.7	10.5	6.3	10.1	4.6	Thailand	1.6	4.5	2.2	5.5	-0.8
Iran	14.5	13.4	17.2	25.5	13.5	Turkey	54.9	10.1	8.8	10.4	6.3
Israel	1.1	1.3	0.5	4.6	3.3	United Kingdom	2.9	2.8	4.3	4.0	-0.6
Italy	2.5	2.0	1.8	3.3	0.8	Venezuela	16.2	16.0	18.7	31.4	28.6

Source: International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC, *International Financial Statistics*, monthly (copyright).

Table 1356. Comparative Price Levels—Selected OECD Countries: 2010

[Purchasing power parities (PPPs) are the rates of currency conversion that eliminate the differences in price levels between countries. Comparative price levels are defined as the ratios of PPPs to exchange rates. The PPPs are given in national currency units per U.S. dollar. The table is to be read vertically. Each column shows the number of specified monetary units needed in each of the countries listed to buy the same representative basket of consumer goods and services. In each case the representative basket costs a hundred units in the country whose currency is specified. Example of data: An item that costs \$1.00 in the United States would cost ¥1.41 (U.S. dollars) in Japan]

Country	United States (U.S. dollar)	Canada (Canadian dollar)	Mexico (Mexican peso)	Japan (Yen)	France (Euro)	Germany (Euro)	Italy (Euro)	United Kingdom (Pound)
United States	100	84	147	71	81	85	83	100
Australia ¹	137	115	202	98	112	117	114	138
Austria	118	99	174	84	96	100	98	119
Belgium	124	104	182	88	100	105	102	124
Canada	119	100	176	85	97	101	99	119
Czech Republic	82	69	121	59	67	70	68	82
Denmark	165	138	243	117	134	140	136	165
Finland	143	120	210	101	116	121	118	143
France	123	103	181	87	100	104	102	123
Germany	118	99	174	84	96	100	97	118
Greece	108	91	159	77	88	92	89	108
Hungary	81	68	119	57	66	68	67	81
Iceland	109	91	161	78	89	93	90	109
Ireland	139	117	205	99	113	118	115	139
Italy	121	101	178	86	98	103	100	121
Japan	141	118	207	100	114	119	116	141
Korea, South	80	67	118	57	65	68	66	80
Luxembourg	131	110	193	93	106	111	108	131
Mexico	68	57	100	48	55	58	56	68
Netherlands	120	100	176	85	97	102	99	120
New Zealand ¹	115	96	169	81	93	97	95	115
Norway	167	140	245	118	135	141	138	167
Poland	76	64	113	54	62	65	63	76
Portugal	97	82	144	69	79	83	80	97
Slovakia	86	72	127	61	70	73	71	86
Spain	107	90	158	76	87	91	88	107
Sweden	130	109	191	92	105	110	107	130
Switzerland	163	136	239	115	132	138	134	163
Turkey	86	72	127	61	70	73	71	86
United Kingdom	100	84	147	71	81	85	83	100

¹ Estimates based on quarterly consumer prices.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), 2010, "Purchasing Power Parities and Comparative Price Levels", *Main Economic Indicators*, May 2010 (copyright). See also <<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/48/18/18598721.pdf>>.