

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007

District of Columbia

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2007 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Private industry⁶		440.6	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.2	1.0
Goods producing⁶		14.6	3.7	1.8	0.6	1.2	1.8
Construction		12.9	3.8	1.7	0.6	1.1	2.1
Construction	23	12.9	3.8	1.7	0.6	1.1	2.1
Utility system construction	2371	--	4.3	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Land subdivision	2372	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Other heavy and civil engineering construction	2379	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	0.4	15.4	11.5	(¹⁰)	10.6	(¹⁰)
Manufacturing		--	2.8	2.5	(¹⁰)	1.9	(¹⁰)
Service providing		425.9	1.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		27.9	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.2	0.9
Wholesale trade	42	5.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	(¹⁰)	0.4
Retail trade	44-45	18.2	2.8	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	0.4	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	0.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Electronics and appliance stores	443	0.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	0.8	2.7	2.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Food and beverage stores	445	5.4	4.1	2.5	1.7	0.8	1.6
Gasoline stations	447	0.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	3.4	2.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.8
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	1.5	1.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.6
General merchandise stores	452	1.1	4.1	3.0	2.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	1.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	2.3	1.3	0.7	0.7	(¹⁰)	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007 -- Continued

District of Columbia

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Air transportation	481	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	1.2	0.5	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.7
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Utilities	22	2.4	5.0	3.0	3.0	(¹⁰)	2.0
Information		22.2	0.8	0.5	0.4	(¹⁰)	0.4
Information	51	22.2	0.8	0.5	0.4	(¹⁰)	0.4
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	8.7	0.6	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	0.5
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	7.8	0.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	0.5
Software publishers	5112	0.9	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Telecommunications	517	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Satellite telecommunications	5174	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Data processing, hosting, and related services	5182	0.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Financial activities		27.4	0.9	0.7	0.7	(¹⁰)	0.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10.8	1.1	0.6	0.6	(¹⁰)	0.4
Professional and business services		145.2	1.0	0.5	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	99.5	0.7	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	99.5	0.7	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	0.4
Legal services	5411	33.7	0.8	0.3	0.3	(¹⁰)	0.4
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	5412	4.7	0.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	--
Architectural, engineering, and related services	5413	7.5	1.1	0.5	--	(¹⁰)	0.6
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	28.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	(¹⁰)	0.3
Advertising and related services	5418	7.3	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1.4	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	44.2	2.2	1.4	1.4	(¹⁰)	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007 -- Continued

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Administrative and support services	561	43.9	2.2	1.4	1.4	(¹⁰)	0.8
Education and health services		89.5	3.3	1.5	1.2	0.3	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		54.6	3.8	1.7	1.3	0.3	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	6.0	6.1	3.0	2.7	(¹⁰)	3.1
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	3.3	9.0	5.0	--	(¹⁰)	4.0
Accommodation and food services	72	48.6	3.7	1.6	1.2	0.3	2.1
Accommodation	721	15.3	6.5	3.0	1.9	1.0	3.5
Food services and drinking places	722	33.3	2.2	0.9	0.9	(¹⁰)	1.4
Other services		59.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4
Other services, except public administration	81	59.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4

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Repair and maintenance	811	0.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Personal and laundry services	812	6.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	(¹⁰)	0.3

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.