Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006

Industry ²		annual record		Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³		Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		294.6	5.7	2.5	1.7	0.9	3.1
Private industry ⁶		249.2	5.5	2.5	1.6	0.9	3.0
Goods producing ⁶		55.6	7.1	4.0	2.6	1.4	3.2
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		2.1	3.2	1.9	1.3	(11)	1.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	1.4	3.5	1.8	1.8	(11)	1.7
Animal production ⁶	112	0.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Mining ⁷	21	0.7	3.0	2.0	(11)	(11)	(11)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸	212 2123		3.0 3.0	2.0 2.0	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)
Construction		17.2	8.5	5.5	4.5	1.0	3.1
Construction	23	17.2	8.5	5.5	4.5	1.0	3.1
Construction of buildings . Heavy and civil engineering construction . Specialty trade contractors . Building equipment contractors . Electrical contractors . Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors .	236 237 238 2382 23821 23822	5.1 1.9 10.2 4.0 1.8 2.1	11.1 9.0 7.3 8.2 9.0 7.9	6.9 4.9 4.9 5.0 6.2 4.2	6.3 4.2 3.7 4.3 6.1 3.0	0.6 (¹¹) 1.2 0.7 (¹¹) 1.2	4.2 4.1 2.4 3.2 2.7 3.8
Manufacturing		36.3	6.8	3.5	1.9	1.6	3.3
Manufacturing	31-33	36.3	6.8	3.5	1.9	1.6	3.3
Food manufacturing	311	3.8	11.1	6.9	3.3	3.6	4.2
See footnotes at end of table		<u> </u>					<u> </u>

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Industry ²		2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Wood product manufacturing	321	2.3	7.1	3.0	1.7	1.2	4.1
Paper manufacturing	_	1.3	6.6	3.9	2.2	1.8	2.6
Printing and related support activities	323	1.5	2.7	1.2	(¹¹)	(11)	1.5
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing		1.2	11.6	6.9	4.5	2.3	4.8
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	2.0	10.2	5.0	3.5	1.5	5.2
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2.9	12.6	5.7	3.0	2.7	6.9
Machinery manufacturing	333	2.9	7.3	3.0	2.0	1.0	4.3
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	7.9	1.2	0.5	0.4	(¹¹)	0.6
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	1.3	8.2	4.4	1.6	2.8	3.8
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	2.3	5.3	3.7	1.8	1.9	1.7
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	2.1	10.4	5.3	2.2	3.1	5.1
Tallina o and rouged product managed any				0.0		0	0
Service providing		193.5	5.0	2.1	1.3	0.8	2.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		59.2	5.3	2.7	1.8	0.9	2.6
Wholesale trade	42	10.2	7.4	5.1	3.2	1.9	2.3
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods		5.1	7.2	4.6	2.5	2.1	2.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods		4.9	7.9	5.9	4.0	1.9	2.1
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	0.2	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Retail trade	44-45	40.4	4.6	1.9	1.3	0.6	2.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	4.9	5.3	1.4	1.4	(¹¹)	3.9
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	3.9	4.9	2.5	1.7	0.8	2.4
Food and beverage stores	445	9.6	5.6	3.6	2.5	1.1	1.9
General merchandise stores	452	2.8	6.2	3.0	2.3	(11)	3.2
Nonstore retailers	454	2.6	5.4	2.3	1.8	(11)	3.0
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	6.8	6.0	3.6	2.4	1.2	2.4
Rail transportation ⁹	482		(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(11)
Truck transportation	_	2.6	4.1	2.6	2.4	(11)	1.5
Utilities	22	1.7	3.5	1.0	(11)	(11)	2.5
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Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Industry ²		NAICS code ³ 2006 Average annual recordable cases (000's)		Cases with			
			recordable	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Information		6.1	3.7	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.1
Information	51	6.1	3.7	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.1
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	2.2	3.6	1.1	0.9	(11)	2.6
Telecommunications	517	1.5	4.9	2.1	2.1	(11)	2.8
Financial activities		12.9	2.4	0.6	0.6	(11)	1.8
Finance and insurance	52	9.7	1.9	0.3	0.3	(11)	1.6
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	5.0	1.7	0.6	0.6	(11)	1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	3.3	4.0	1.6	1.5	(11)	
Professional and business services		22.2	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56	8.7	2.6	1.4	1.0	0.3	1.2
Administrative and support services	561	7.7	1.8	0.8	0.7		1.0
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.1	7.1	4.6	3.1	1.5	2.5
Education and health services		51.6	6.3	2.4	1.3	1.1	4.0
Educational services	61	9.2	3.7	1.6	1.2	0.4	2.1
Health care and social assistance	62	42.4	6.9	2.5	1.3	1.3	4.3
Ambulatory health care services	621	15.5	4.5	0.7	0.3	0.4	3.9
Home health care services	6216	2.2	3.8	1.6		1.2	2.2
Hospitals	622	11.1	11.1	3.8	2.0	1.8	7.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	6.7	14.0	8.4	4.5	3.9	5.6
Leisure and hospitality		33.3	7.1	2.3	1.3	1.0	4.7
See footnotes at end of table							

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Industry ²		NAICS 2006 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	4.0	2.9	1.3	1.0	(¹¹)	1.6
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	2.8	2.5	1.2	1.1	(11)	1.3
Accommodation and food services	72	29.4	7.6	2.4	1.4	1.1	5.1
Accommodation	721 722	10.9 18.5	10.1 6.0	4.0 1.5	1.5 1.3	2.5 	6.1 4.5
Other services							
Other services, except public administration	81						
Personal and laundry services	812 813	2.1 3.3	1.2 1.5	(¹¹) 1.0	(¹¹) 1.0	 (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)
State and local government		45.5	6.8	2.5	2.0	0.5	4.3
State government		16.2	5.4	2.7	2.0	0.6	2.7
Goods producing ⁶		0.6	23.4	23.4	15.8	7.7	(11)
Construction		0.6	23.4	23.4	15.8	7.7	(11)
Service providing		15.6	4.5	1.6	1.3	0.3	2.9
Information			(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Education and health services		8.6	7.0	2.1	1.9	(11)	4.9
Educational services	61	6.1	6.5	1.8	1.4	(11)	4.7
Health care and social assistance	62	2.4	7.4	2.4	2.4	(11)	5.0
Public administration		6.4	2.7	1.1	1.0	(11)	1.7
See feetpetee at and of table							

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

Industry ²		2006		Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration	92	6.4	2.7	1.1	1.0	(¹¹)	1.7
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921 922	 2.7	(¹¹) 6.3	(¹¹) 2.4	(¹¹) 2.3	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) 3.8
Local government		29.2	7.5	2.4	2.0	0.5	5.1
Goods producing ⁶		0.6	25.9	15.0	13.7	(11)	10.9
Service providing		28.7	6.9	2.0	1.6	0.4	4.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		0.6	16.2	10.3	6.8	3.5	5.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	0.2	9.6	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Utilities	22	0.4	18.9	12.2		4.9	
Education and health services		21.6	5.7	1.1	0.8	0.3	4.6
Educational services	61		5.7	1.1	0.8	0.3	4.5
Health care and social assistance	62		(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Leisure and hospitality		0.3	11.4	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Other services			(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Public administration			8.9	3.2	2.8	0.4	5.7
Public administration	92		8.9	3.2	2.8	0.4	5.7
See feetpetee at and of table							

Table 6. Incidence rates 1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2006 -- Continued

		2006	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction				
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	922	3.2 1.4 1.0	4.9 14.1 10.2	2.8 4.3 3.1	2.5 3.9 2.5	 	2.1 9.8 7.0

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.