### Subchapter R. CUSTOMER PROTECTION RULES FOR RETAIL ELECTRIC SERVICE.

#### §25.480. Bill Payment and Adjustments.

- (a) **Application.** This section applies to a retail electric provider (REP) that is responsible for issuing electric service bills to retail customers, unless the REP is issuing a consolidated bill (both energy services and transmission and distribution services) on behalf of an electric cooperative or municipally owned utility. In addition, this section applies to a transmission and distribution utility (TDU) where specifically stated. This section does not apply to a municipally owned utility or electric cooperative issuing bills to its customers in its own service territory.
- (b) **Bill due date.** A REP shall state a payment due date on the bill which shall not be less than 16 days after issuance. A bill is considered to be issued on the issuance date stated on the bill or the postmark date on the envelope, whichever is later. A payment for electric service is delinquent if not received by the REP or at the REP's authorized payment agency by the close of business on the due date. If the 16th day falls on a holiday or weekend, then the due date shall be the next business day after the 16th day.
- (c) Penalty on delinquent bills for electric service.
  - (1) A REP may charge a one-time penalty not to exceed 5.0% on a delinquent bill for electric service. No such penalty shall apply to residential or small commercial customers served by the provider of last resort (POLR), or to customers receiving a low-income discount pursuant to the Public Utility Regulatory Act (PURA) §39.903(h). The one-time penalty, not to exceed 5.0%, may not be applied to any balance to which the penalty has already been applied.
  - (2) A bill issued to a state agency, as defined in Texas Government Code, Chapter 2251, shall be due as provided in Chapter 2251.
- (d) **Overbilling.** If charges are found to be higher than authorized in the REP's terms and conditions for service or other applicable commission rules, then the customer's bill shall be corrected.
  - (1) The correction shall be made for the entire period of the overbilling.
  - (2) If the REP corrects the overbilling within three billing cycles of the error, it need not pay interest on the amount of the correction.
  - (3) If the REP does not correct the overcharge within three billing cycles of the error, it shall pay interest on the amount of the overcharge at the rate set by the commission.
    - (A) Interest on overcharges that are not adjusted by the REP within three billing cycles of the bill in error shall accrue from the date of payment by the customer.
    - (B) All interest shall be compounded monthly at the approved annual rate set by the commission.
    - (C) Interest shall not apply to leveling plans or estimated billings.
  - (4) If the REP rebills for a prior billing cycle, the adjustments shall be identified by account and billing date or service period.
  - (5) A bill issued to a state agency shall bear interest if overdue as provided in Texas Government Code Chapter 2251.
- (e) **Underbilling by a REP.** If charges are found to be lower than authorized by the REP's terms and conditions of service, or if the REP fails to bill the customer for service, then the customer's bill may be corrected.
  - (1) The customer shall not be responsible for corrected charges billed by the REP unless such charges are billed by the REP within 180 days from the date of issuance of the bill in which the underbilling occurred The REP may backbill a customer for the amount that was underbilled beyond the timelines provided in this paragraph if:
    - (A) the underbilling is found to be the result of meter tampering by the customer; or

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- (B) the TDU bills the REP for an underbilling as a result of meter error as provided in §25.125 of this title (relating to Adjustments Due to Meter Errors).
- (2) The REP may disconnect service pursuant to §25.483 of this title (relating to Disconnection of Service) if the customer fails to pay the additional charges within a reasonable time.
- (3) If the underbilling is \$50 or more, the REP shall offer the customer a deferred payment plan option for the same length of time as that of the underbilling. A deferred payment plan need not be offered to a customer when the underpayment is due to theft of service.
- (4) The REP shall not charge interest on underbilled amounts unless such amounts are found to be the result of theft of service (meter tampering, bypass, or diversion) by the customer. Interest on underbilled amounts shall be compounded monthly at the annual rate, as set by the commission. Interest shall accrue from the day the customer is found to have first stolen the service.
- (5) If the REP adjusts the bills for a prior billing cycle, the adjustments shall be identified by account and billing date or service period.
- (f) **Disputed bills.** If there is a dispute between a customer and a REP about the REP's bill for any service billed on the retail electric bill, the REP shall promptly investigate and report the results to the customer. The REP shall inform the customer of the complaint procedures of the commission pursuant to §25.485 of this title (relating to Customer Access and Complaint Handling).
- (g) Alternate payment programs or payment assistance.
  - (1) **Notice required.** When a customer contacts a REP and indicates inability to pay a bill or a need for assistance with the bill payment, the REP shall inform the customer of all applicable payment options and payment assistance programs that are offered by or available from the REP, such as bill payment assistance, deferred payment plans, disconnection moratoriums for the ill, or low-income energy assistance programs, and of the eligibility requirements and procedure for applying for each.
  - (2) Bill payment assistance programs.
    - (A) All REPs shall implement a bill payment assistance program for residential electric customers. At a minimum, such a program shall solicit voluntary donations from customers through the retail electric bills.
    - (B) Each REP shall provide an annual report on June 1 of each year to the commission summarizing:
      - (i) the total amount of customer donations;
      - (ii) the amount of money set aside for bill payment assistance;
      - (iii) the assistance agency or agencies selected to disburse funds to residential customers; and
      - (iv) the amount of money disbursed by the REP or provided to each assistance agency to disburse funds to residential customers.
    - (C) A REP shall obtain a commitment from an assistance agency selected to disburse bill payment assistance funds that the agency will not discriminate in the distribution of such funds to customers based on the customer's race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, marital status, lawful source of income, disability, familial status, location of customer in an economically distressed geographic area, or qualification for the low-income discount program or energy efficiency services.
- (h) **Level and average payment plans.** A REP shall offer a level or average payment plan to its customers who are not currently delinquent in payment to the REP. Consistent with the REP's terms of service, the REP may bill or credit any overbilling or underbilling, as appropriate, at least once every twelve months. A REP may collect under-recovered costs from a customer annually, or upon

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termination of service to the customer. A REP shall refund any over-recovered amounts to customers annually, or upon termination of service to the customer. A REP may initiate its normal collection activity if a customer fails to make a timely payment according to such a plan. All details concerning a levelized or average payment program shall be disclosed in the customer's terms of service document.

- (i) **Payment arrangements.** A payment arrangement is any agreement between the REP and a customer that allows a customer to pay the outstanding bill after its due date, but before the due date of the next bill. If the REP issues a disconnection notice before a payment arrangement was made, that disconnection should be suspended until after the due date for the payment arrangement. If a customer does not fulfill the terms of the payment arrangement, service may be disconnected after the later of the due date for the payment arrangement or the disconnection date indicated in the notice, without issuing an additional disconnection notice.
- (j) **Deferred payment plans.** A deferred payment plan is an agreement between the REP and a customer that allows a customer to pay an outstanding bill in installments that extend beyond the due date of the current bill. A deferred payment plan may be established in person or by telephone, but all deferred payment plans shall be confirmed in writing by the REP.
  - (1) A REP shall offer a deferred payment plan to customers, upon request, for bills that become due during an extreme weather emergency, pursuant to §25.483(j) of this title.
  - (2) A REP shall offer a deferred payment plan to a customer who has been underbilled, as described in subsection (e) of this section.
  - (3) For customers who have expressed an inability to pay, a REP shall offer a deferred payment plan unless the customer:
    - (A) has been issued more than two termination or disconnection notices during the preceding 12 months; or
    - (B) has received service from the REP for less than three months, and the customer lacks:
      - (i) sufficient credit; or
      - (ii) a satisfactory history of payment for electric service from a previous REP (or its predecessor electric utility).
  - (4) Any deferred payment plans offered by a REP shall not refuse a customer participation in such a program on any basis set forth in §25.471(c) of this title (relating to General Provisions of Customer Protection Rules).
  - (5) A deferred payment plan offered by a REP for customers who have expressed an inability to pay and have received a disconnection notice shall provide that the delinquent amount be paid in equal installments over at least three billing cycles, unless the customer requests a lesser number of installments. A REP may require an initial payment not to exceed 25% of the delinquent amount of the outstanding balance to initiate the agreement, with the remainder to be paid in equal installments over at least the next three billing cycles.
  - (6) A copy of the deferred payment plan shall be provided to the customer and:
    - (A) shall include a statement, in a clear and conspicuous type, that states "If you are not satisfied with this agreement, or if the agreement was made by telephone and you feel this does not reflect your understanding of that agreement, contact (insert name of REP)." In addition, where the customer and the REP's representative or agent meets in person, the representative shall read the preceding statement to the customer;
    - (B) may include a penalty not to exceed 5.0% for late payment but shall not include a finance charge;
    - (C) shall state the length of time covered by the plan;
    - (D) shall state the total amount to be paid under the plan;

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- (E) shall state the specific amount of each installment;
- (F) shall allow for the disconnection of service if the customer does not fulfill the terms of the deferred payment plan, and shall state the terms for disconnection; and
- (G) shall allow either the customer or the REP to initiate a renegotiation of the deferred payment plan if the customer's economic or financial circumstances change substantially during the time of the deferred payment plan.
- (7) A REP may pursue disconnection of service if a customer does not meet the terms of a deferred payment plan. However, service shall not be disconnected until appropriate notice has been issued, pursuant to §25.483 of this title, notifying the customer that the customer has not met the terms of the plan. The requirements of subsection (j)(3) of this section shall not apply with respect to a customer who has received notice of a disconnection due to failure to meet the terms of a deferred payment plan.
- (k) Allocation of partial payments. A REP shall allocate a partial payment by the customer first to the oldest balance due for electric service, followed by the current amount due for electric service. When there is no longer a balance for electric service, payment may be applied to non-electric services billed by the REP. Electric service shall not be disconnected for non-payment of non-electric services.