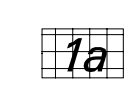

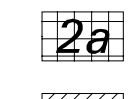
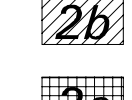
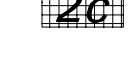


# Natural Subregions of Texas

**1 Piney Woods**

-  Longleaf Pine Forest
-  Mixed Pine-Hardwood Forest



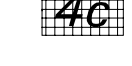
**2 Oak Woods and Prairies**

-  Oak Woodlands
-  Eastern Cross Timbers
-  Western Cross Timbers

**3 Blackland Prairies**

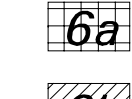

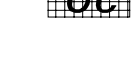
-  Blackland Prairie
-  Grand Prairie

**4 Gulf Coast Prairies and Marshes**

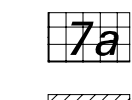

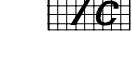
-  Dunes/Barrier
-  Estuarine Zone
-  Upland Prairies and Woods

**5 Coastal Sand Plain**

**6 South Texas Brush Country**

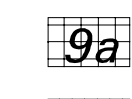

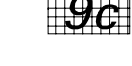
-  Brush Country
-  Bordas Escarpment
-  Subtropical Zone

**7 Edwards Plateau**

-  Live Oak-Mesquite Savanna
-  Balcones Canyonlands
-  Lampasas Cut Plain

**8 Llano Uplift**

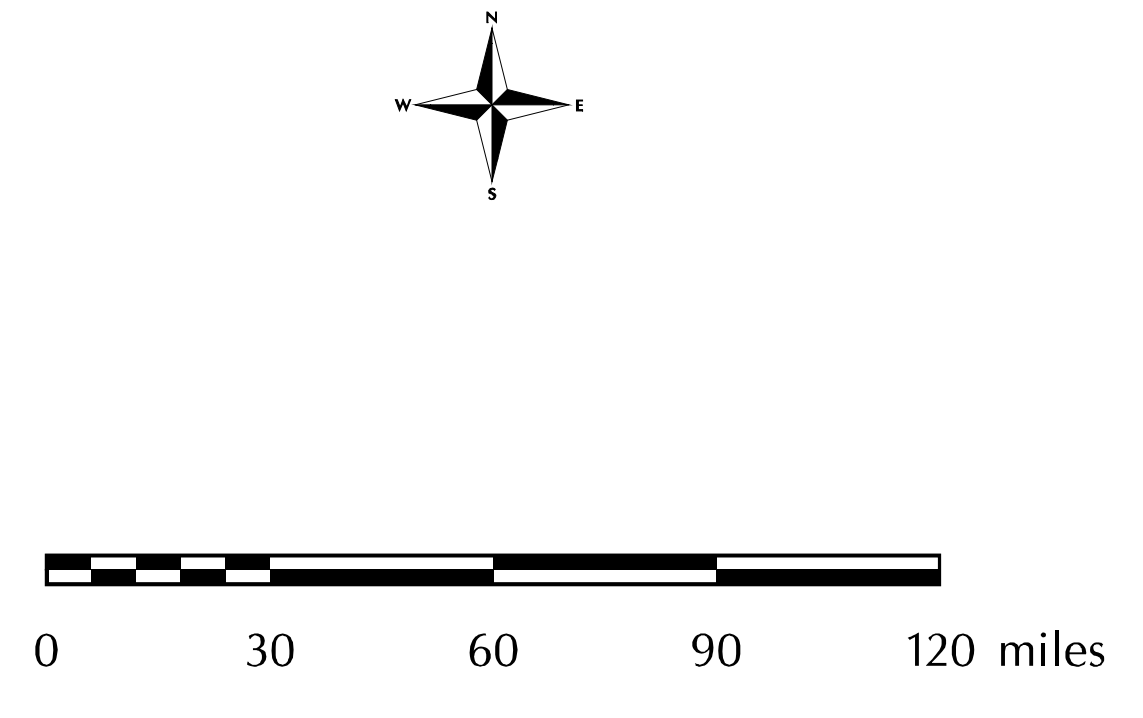
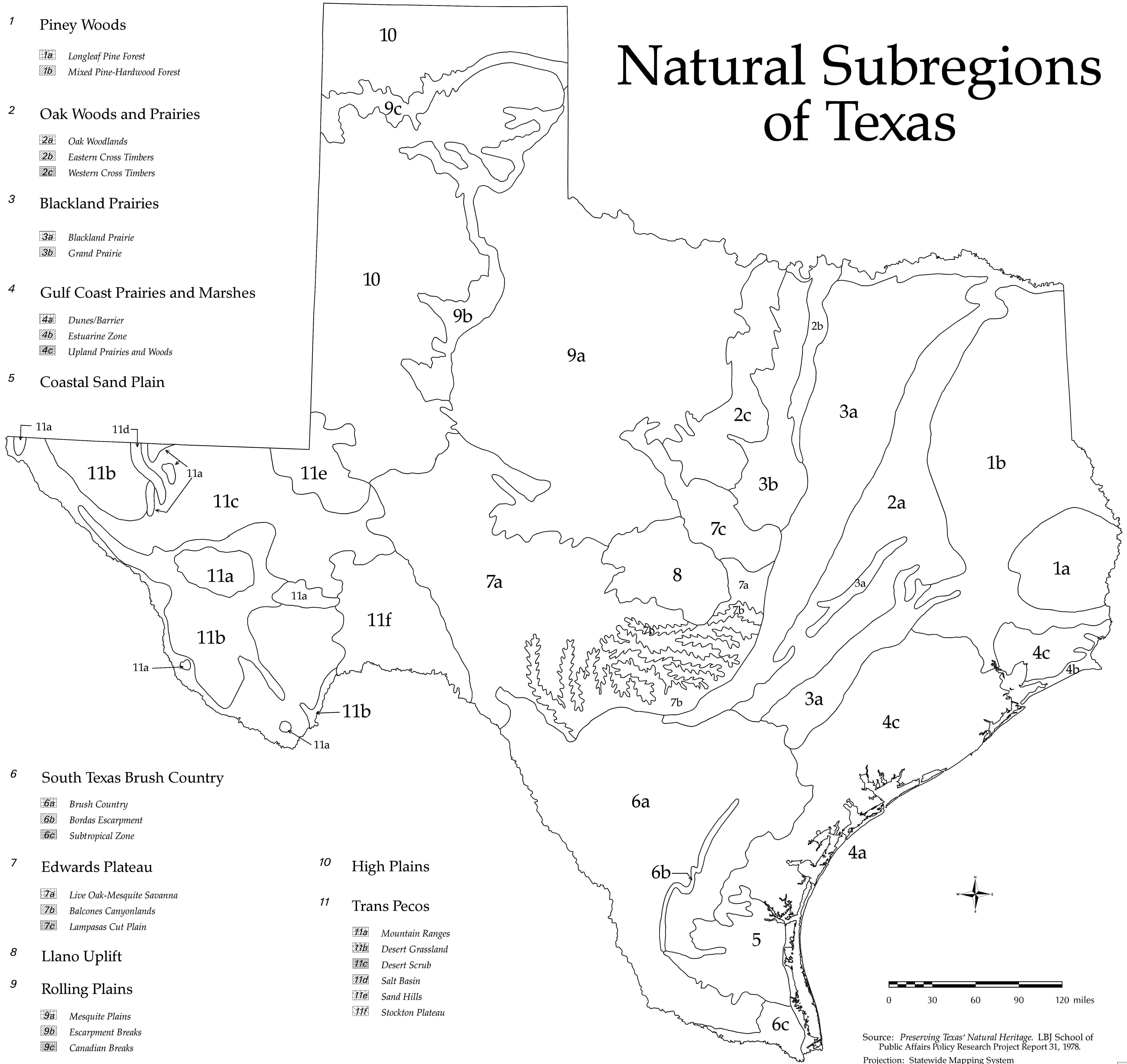
**9 Rolling Plains**

-  Mesquite Plains
-  Escarpment Breaks
-  Canadian Breaks

**10 High Plains**

**11 Trans Pecos**

-  Mountain Ranges
-  Desert Grassland
-  Desert Scrub
-  Salt Basin
-  Sand Hills
-  Stockton Plateau



Source: *Preserving Texas' Natural Heritage*. LBJ School of Public Affairs Policy Research Project Report 31, 1978.  
 Projection: Statewide Mapping System

Compiled by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department GIS Lab. No claims are made to the accuracy of the data or to the suitability of the data to a particular use.

