TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

LAW ENFORCEMENT POLYGRAPH SCHOOL



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PREFACE

The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School is dedicated to providing quality education to government and law enforcement students in the professional field of polygraph

POLICY STATEMENT

Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School reserves the right to correct, alter, or modify any item contained in this booklet. Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School also reserves the right to make changes as required in course offerings, curricula, academic policies and other rules and regulations affecting students. Enrollment of all students is subject to these conditions. Changes will be shown in the schedule pamphlet of classes, a correction sheet to the schedule book, or will be available from Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School.

Courtesy, Service, Protection

INTRODUCTION

The Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) officially came into being in August 1935 when the legislature passed a law creating the department and the Public Safety Commission. However, the roots of the department can be traced back to the 19th century when Texas was still under Mexican rule.

In 1823, having been appointed commander of the new colony, Stephen F. Austin issued a proclamation by authority of the Imperial Mexican Government, appointing ten men to act as rangers for the common defense. This small cadre, which Austin paid himself, was the beginning of the organization we now know as the Texas Rangers.

When the DPS was created in 1935, the Texas Rangers became one of its two components. The other component, the Highway Patrol, also predates the formation of the department. It was originally created as a unit of the State Highway Commission in 1929 and transferred to the DPS in 1935. Today, DPS employs close to seven thousand people in positions ranging from commissioned law enforcement officers to specialized technical and administrative support personnel.

Texas Department of Public Safety administered its first polygraph examination on July 24, 1944. This case involved a burglary of a jewelry store in Nixon, Texas. Today, the DPS Criminal Intelligence Service has polygraph examiners geographically located throughout the state. It assists in approximately 2,700 criminal investigations per year. To meet the current demands of law enforcement polygraph, on May 30, 1995, the DPS and the Texas Police Association (TPA) cosponsored their first basic polygraph school. The course is taught by a nationally renowned faculty.

As one of the leading law enforcement organizations in the world, the DPS has continued to grow and evolve since its inception in an effort to meet the challenge of providing *Courtesy, Service, and Protection* to the people of Texas.

Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School is accredited by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education (TCLEOSE), the Psychophysiological Detection of Deception (PDD); school accreditation from the American Polygraph Association (APA), and the State of Texas Polygraph Examiners Board. The School is also endorsed by the Texas Association of Law Enforcement Polygraph Investigators, as well as being recognized by the American Association of Police Polygraphists (AAPP).

Mission Statement

The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School provides introductory and continuing education courses in the polygraph profession. Its purpose is to qualify law enforcement personnel for careers as polygraph examiners, as well as to provide continuing education for those in the professional field.

Institution Goals

Enable students to acquire an in-depth knowledge of the polygraph profession.

Provide continuing education programs for professional career development.

Provide flexible methods of instruction to meet the unique learning styles of students.

Maintain a reputable standing as an academic school.

Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School is committed to equal opportunity in employment and education and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age or against those with disabilities.

If you have special needs addressed by the Americans with Disabilities Act, please notify the school director prior to the date of the course you plan to attend.

ACADEMICS REGULATIONS, PROCEDURES, AND REQUIREMENTS

Admission Requirements

DPS Personnel – Refer to Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service for current job description for a sergeant's position.

NON-DPS Personnel – To become a candidate for admission to the program offered by Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School, the applicant must complete or meet each of the following:*

- 1. Applicant must be a U.S. Citizen.
- 2. Applicant cannot have been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude.
- 3. Applicant must be employed by a federal, state or local governmental agency (law enforcement, corrections, parole, probation). Applicants must attend in an official capacity.
- 4. Applicant must have a minimum of 60 hours accredited by a college or university. Hours must be verifiable by a college transcript. The requirement may be waived by School Director.
- Applicant must successfully complete an Applicant Verification Polygraph Examination. This examination will be administered by a DPS Polygraph Examiner or by a Polygraph Examiner approved by the School Director.
- Applicant must complete the matriculation process and pay the tuition and other applicable fees.

*The Texas Polygraph Examiners Board requires that the applicants for a Polygraph Examiner's License hold a baccalaureate degree or have five consecutive years of active investigative experience. An out of state applicant would be wise to inquire about the licensing requirements of the state in which the applicant wishes to practice before enrolling in this course of study.

Attendance

A student must attend all classes and lectures unless excused. The student's assigned faculty member may excuse a student for one class period (1 hour duration). Any absence over one hour must be approved by the school director or his designee. A student must be physically present at the facilities of the school for not less that 90 percent of the total classroom instruction time. Re-mediation is required for all missed hours.

Due to the challenging nature of the basic course in the polygraph profession, the student must be free to concentrate on academic pursuits. If the student believes that factors independent of the classroom and laboratory may adversely affect academic performance, the student should remedy any such issue before it adversely affects academic performance. The student should take immediate steps to resolve the issue. If the issue cannot be resolved through the student's initiative, the student should enlist the support of Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School faculty in attempting resolution. It is the responsibility of the student to make known to a faculty member any problem being experienced.

In the event a student perceives the faculty is not being responsive to student needs, the student should personally meet with the school director to discuss the issue and gain faculty support.

Standards of Conduct and Appearance

Students may be dismissed for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Academic deficiency/failure—student must maintain a 75 percent grade average throughout the school.
- 2. Cheating.
- 3. Involvement in substantiated allegations for unethical practices such as destroying polygraph equipment, falsifying personal data, intentional misrepresentation on admissions application, etc.
- 4. Disciplinary problems to include but not limited to excessive tardiness or absences.
- 5. Violation of the Texas Penal Code, Texas Code of Criminal Procedures or any Texas law.
- 6. Sponsorship withdrawal by student's agency.
- 7. Sexual harassment.

Student withdrawal will not become official until the Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School has received written notice from the student's sponsoring agency. **NO REFUNDS** will be issued after the fifth class day. Funds will **NOT** be transferable toward future schools.

All absences from scheduled instructions, regardless of reason, are recorded. When absence affects progress, is considered excessive or exceeds 10 percent of total classroom time, the student will be subject to expulsion. Re-enrollment is at the discretion of the school. If re-enrolled, the student must re-enter on a probationary basis. All class work missed will be made up on a student's own time. If an instructor has to spend time with that student, an additional hourly instructor's fee will be charged.

Students are required to dress in business casual attire. Students should also be prepared to dress formally for class photographs and the graduation ceremony.

Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School reserves the right to impose an immediate temporary suspension in an instance where the student's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property, or an ongoing threat to the academic process. If the school exercises this option, a hearing will be granted within a reasonable time period (72 hours).

Further, any student dismissed for non-academic reasons is entitled to written notice, hearing, and explanation. A hearing will be held before a hearing board to be convened and appointed by the school director in writing. At the conclusion of the hearing, the matter, along with the recommendations from the hearing board, will be forwarded to the school director or his designate for final disposition.

Loss of agency sponsorship constitutes automatic withdrawal and does not require a hearing.

Evaluation Methods

Academic examinations may be of essay, multiple choice, fill-in the blank, true or false, or other types of testing formats. Examinations also may be presented through computerized systems or programmed instruction methods. Lab work and research projects will also be evaluated.

Internship

To receive credit for completing this course, each student must complete a field work project after graduation from the academic phase of the course. The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School has established an internship program to insure professional, ethical, and operational proficiency in real life case production.

Students will have to conduct 10 complete polygraph examinations in the techniques taught by Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School after returning to their duty station or agency. The student is allowed six months to complete this project. Once the project has been completed, it will be subject to quality control review by the school. The final graduation certificate will be awarded upon successful completion of this internship.

Academic Standards

A student is required to complete all academic examinations and practical evaluations. The student will receive eight written examinations, one written mid-term exam and one written final examination. One research paper and a presentation of that research paper will also be completed by the student.

Incompletion due to illness or agency requirements will be considered on a case by case basis.

Success in any course of instruction by the Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School is predicated upon the student's preparation and persistence.

Students with academic performance difficulties will be counseled and the sponsoring agency will be advised in writing. Students with continued academic or performance difficulties will not graduate and will be subjected to expulsion from the school at any time. If a student is expelled from the school, **NO REFUND** will be given to the student or to the student's sponsoring agency. Difficulties or deficiencies in laboratory exercises will be brought to the student's attention, and remedial training will be offered. All deficiencies and remedial action taken will be documented. Students experiencing difficulty in any area of instruction are encouraged to meet with the appropriate faculty member to discuss the student's progress and possible remedies.

Sponsors Workshop

The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School will offer a sponsors workshop in conjunction with the school. This workshop may be attended by the student's sponsor or a designee. The purposes of this workshop is to familiarize the sponsor with the polygraph skills taught to the student and to provide the sponsor with an assessment of the student's performance in the polygraph school.

Student Grievance Policy

Students are encouraged to discuss informally any grievances they may have regarding grading, course requirements, or inadequacy of subject matter instruction with the responsible faculty member within three working days of identifying the grievance.

The student should bring all supporting material (handouts, text, and class notes) to this informal meeting and be prepared to openly discuss their grievance.

In the event this meeting has not resolved the issue, the student is encouraged to schedule an appointment to appeal the matter to the school director. During this meeting the student must present in writing all issues in question. To aid the school director in rendering a fair and equitable decision, the student should be prepared to provide any supporting material. The appeal must include information regarding the action the student is protesting and any related mitigating circumstances.

The school director will act on all student grievances and provide a written response to the student within one week of receipt. All decisions of the school director will be considered final.

Financial Fees

The sponsoring agency or the student (with appropriate sponsoring agency approval) is responsible for all course fees and costs.

Tuition fee for attending the Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School is \$4500.00. This fee should be paid to the DPS not later than two weeks before the beginning of the school.

Housing and meals will be provided at the DPS Training Academy for the full 10 week duration of the school. This includes lodging for seven days a week and meals Monday breakfast through Friday lunch each week. The cost of the housing and meals in included in the tuition fee.

All fees and tuition are subject to change at any time before the four weeks prior to the opening day of the school.

A student confirmation letter and receipt will be forwarded to the student upon acceptance into the school. For a refund to be authorized, preliminary notice of cancellation must be given at least 30 days before the beginning of class. The refund will **NOT** be issued unless a written request from the sponsoring agency has been received prior to the opening day of class. Any refund of a tuition fee will not be applied toward the tuition fees of a future school.

School Materials

All books, materials, and other equipment required to complete the courses taught at the Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School are furnished by the school. It is recommended each student bring a polygraph instrument including laptop computer and printer. Students are encouraged to bring the polygraph instrument or one that is similar to the one the student will utilize after completion of the polygraph school. This will provide the student with an opportunity to receive individual training specific to the student's own or assigned instrument. It is also recommended that each student bring a timepiece which reflects seconds and minutes.

Licensing

The Texas Polygraph Examiners Board regulates and licenses all persons, in the state of Texas, who purport to be able to detect deception or verify the truthfulness of statements through the use of instrumentation. As one of its methods for licensure as a polygraph examiner in the state of Texas, the Texas Polygraph Examiners Board requires the license applicant to complete an approved polygraph course accredited by the American Polygraph Association (APA).

Since 1995, the Texas Department of Public Safety Polygraph School has been accredited by the APA and is therefore recognized by the Texas Polygraph Examiners Board. The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School coordinates with the Texas Polygraph Examiners Board to schedule and offer the academic and scenario portions of the polygraph board's licensing examination prior to graduation from the polygraph school. These portions of the licensing examination will be offered to all students seeking licensure in the state of Texas who successfully complete all portions of the polygraph school and who have passed the final examination.

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School course consists of **370 - 400** hours of intensive classroom study and 10 complete polygraph examinations to be submitted to the school director within six months after school graduation. The course is designed to insure the graduate will be a competent polygraph examiner, equipped with the knowledge necessary to conduct conclusive polygraph examinations in a professional and ethical manner.

The primary course material is as follows:

History and Development of Polygraph

Min. of 8 class hours

A complete history of the origin and development of the science detection of deception; various methods and techniques of the past and present; the history of polygraph schools, scientific research done and how it became related to the profession; famous individuals who contributed to the advance of polygraph science as we know it today.

Mechanics of Instrumentation

Min. of 32 class hours

A comprehensive study of the instruments used in polygraph. Both analog and computerized polygraph instruments will be studied. The student will conduct an in-depth study of how each component of a polygraph instrument works and the function each component performs.

Question Formulation

Min. of 34 class hours

Instructions and practical exercises concerning theory, selection, preparation, and phrasing of the various types of questions used in polygraph.

Polygraph Techniques

Min. of 60 class hours

A complete explanation of the nature, purpose, structure, and sequence of the various types of polygraph test administered during polygraph examinations, including comparison question, relevant-irrelevant question and peak of tension techniques.

Police Pre-Employment Examinations

Min. of 8 class hours

A comprehensive study of the psychology and methodology of administering a police pre-employment examination, including the techniques used and how to construct and ask proper questions.

Chart Analysis

Min. of 50 class hours

Comprehensive and detailed explanation of the theory of polygraph chart interpretations: methods of comparing the graphic indices to truth and deception criteria, factors that affect polygraph responses and steps involved in rendering an accurate opinion of truth and deception.

Pre- and Post-Test Interview

Min. of 32 class hours

The student will receive an intensive study of pre-test interviewing and post-test interrogation to give the examiner the skills needed for obtaining admissions or confessions from a subject.

Ethics Min. of 6 class hours

The student will be given lectures on the ethical and moral standards required of every professional polygraph examiner regarding the examiner, examinee, and other interested parties; the laws regarding confidentiality and ethics of submitting oral and written reports.

Polygraph Skills

Min. of 40 class hours

Hands-on training in the use of the polygraph instrument; students will be supervised and critiqued by faculty members; simulated and realistic situations will be utilized.

Psychology and Physiology

Min. of 50 class hours

Lectures in general physiology with specialized instruction in the respiratory, electrodermal, cardiovascular, musculature, and nervous systems of the human body as they relate to the reactions and responses recorded by the polygraph instrument; lectures in general psychology with emphasis on human behavior and how different personality disorders will affect the outcome of a polygraph examination.

Legal Issues

Min. of 8 class hours

Basic legal matters pertaining to criminal and civil polygraph testing will be given by qualified guest instructors who know and understand polygraph and the legal issues involved.

ACADEMIC FACILITIES

A major responsibility of the DPS is the education and training of law enforcement officers.

As a matter of historical interest, the first peace officer's school conducted by the department was in December 1937 at our headquarters located then at Camp Mabry, Austin, Texas.

Through the succeeding years, as the enforcement officer's responsibilities for training needs have increased, the department's facilities and staff have expanded accordingly. The DPS training academy now has a capacity of 416 beds available for the student housing and the various classrooms will seat a combined total of 552 students.

The department not only trains our own peace officers and personnel but also offers retraining and in-service instruction to personnel and officers from other agencies. Training is not confined to traffic enforcement, but extends also to specialized criminal investigations.

The department's polygraph training facility is equipped with the latest in audio and visual training aids including monitoring equipment and the latest in computerized polygraph instruments and an impressive collection of analog instruments. The polygraph school library also has an abundance of polygraph reference material available for student use.

The department will also make arrangements to allow student access to watch live tests being conducted.

During orientation on the opening day of class the DPS Training Academy staff will provide you with a student information and guideline handout. This handout will contain general information concerning the wearing of security badges, dormitory rules and regulations, after hours conduct, illness or injury emergencies, parking regulations, etc.

STAFF AND FACULTY

Qualifications

The Texas Department of Public Safety Law Enforcement Polygraph School continually strives to seek out the most qualified instructors available. The department considers the selection, development and retention of competent faculty at all levels is paramount to the success of the polygraph school. The department retains only the most experienced, qualified and respected faculty in all courses of instruction.

No less that 75 percent of the polygraph schools primary course material will be taught by an instructor who holds a Primary Instructor Certificate approved and awarded by the American Polygraph Association (APA) Education Accreditation Committee. Each Primary Instructor at a minimum:

- 1. Must possess, as a minimum, a degree at the Baccalaureate level form a college or university accredited by the appropriate regional accreditation board.
- 2. Must have administered a minimum of 200 polygraph examinations within a three year period following the completion of their final graduation from an APA accredited training facility.
- 3. Must have completed a basic polygraph school course at a school that was accredited by the APA at the time of their attendance.
- 4. Must have at least three years experience as a practicing polygraphist after their final graduation from an APA accredited training facility.
- Must be capable of demonstrating three years of documented experience gained after their final graduation from an APA accredited training facility applying the subject matter and/or procedures they are responsible for teaching.
- 6. Must maintain no less that sixteen (16) of APA approved continuing education in subjects specifically related to polygraph.

Administration

School Director: Lieutenant, Walt Goodson School Coordinator: Sergeant Brian Vaughan

Administrative Assistant: Felicia Ruiz

Instruction Division

Samuel Braddock, PHD., Lecturer, Troy State University, Atlanta, Georgia

Frank Chambers, Lieutenant, DPS Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service, Mt. Pleasant, Texas

Grace Davis, Austin, Texas

Walt Goodson, Lieutenant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service, Austin, Texas

Michael C. Gougler, Texas Department of Public Safety, Retired

Mark Handler, American Polygraph Association Primary Certified Instructor

Esther Harwell, Special Agent, Department of Energy, Tucson, AZ

Ronald W. Hilley, Federal Bureau of Investigations, Retired, Private Polygraph Consultant, Concord, California

Donald J. Imbordino, Special Agent, Drug Enforcement Administration, Retired

Gary Light, Special Agent, Defense Academy for Credibility Assessment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

Richard Mack, Marriage & Family Therapy Associates, Lubbock, Texas

Terrance V. "T.V." O'Malley, Fayetteville, North Carolina

Randy S. Reynolds, Master Sergeant, Department of Defense Polygraph Institute, Retired

Stuart Senter, PDD., Polygraph Specialist, Defense Academy for Credibility Assessment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

Pamela Shaw, Assistant Director, Lecturer, Kentucky Institute for Polygraph Study, Lexington, Kentucky

Antonio V. Suarez-Barrio, Doctor, University of Central Texas, Retired

Bill Teigen, Federal Bureau of Investigators, Retired, Teigen and Associates, Dallas, Texas

Brian Vaughan, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service, Kerrville, Texas

Gordon Vaughan, Esquire, Vaughan and DeMuro Attorney at Law Denver, CO.

Support Division

Walt Goodson, Lieutenant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Frank Chambers, Lieutenant, DPS Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Shane Byrd, Captain, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Manuel Espinosa, Lieutenant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Doug Wrentz, Captain, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Robert Hawkins, Lieutenant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Internal Affairs Division James Morgan, Lieutenant, DPS Administrative Division

Gordon Bake, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Michele Cianci, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Don Clendennen, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

David Criner, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Martin Dellert, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Matt Hicks, Sergeant, DPS Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Mark Leger, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Matthew Mull, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Ronaldo Munoz, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Service

Jules Peterson, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Gustavo Trevino, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Tim Upright, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service Brian Vaughan, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Derick, Walker, Sergeant, DPS, Criminal Law Enforcement Division, Criminal Intelligence Service

Phillip Ayala, Lieutenant, DPS, Administrative Division

Michael Carlson, Sergeant, DPS, Administrative Division

Raquel Matthews, Sergeant, DPS, Administrative Division

Justin Park, Sergeant, DPS, Administrative Division

Rhonda Perry, Sergeant, DPS, Administrative Division

Texas Department of Public Safety Training Academy Personnel