

Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation 7551 Metro Center Drive, Suite 100 • Austin, Texas 78744-1609

MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION				
Type of Requestor: (x) Health Care Provider () Injured Employee () Insurance Carrier				
Requestor's Name and Address:		MDR Tracking No.:	M4-05-B796-01	
South Austin Surgery Center		Claim No.:		
4207 James Casey, Ste 203		Injured Employee's Name:		
Austin, Tx 78745				
Respondent's Name and Address:		Date of Injury:		
Zurich American Ins Co		Employer's Name:	RaceTrac Petroleum Inc.	
C/o Flahive Ogden & Latson Box: 19		Insurance Carrier's No.:	001079008207WC01	
			001077000207770	
PART II: REQUESTOR'S PRINCIPLE DOCUMENTATION AND POSITION SUMMARY				
"Requestor states that 2004 claim should be paid at 85% and 2004 Implants should be paid at cost plus 10%"				
Principle Documentation: 1. Table of Dispute Services				
2. Hcfa 1500				
3. Eob's				
4. Operative Report				
PART III: RESPONDENT'S PRINCIPLE DOCUMENTATION AND POSITION SUMMARY				
Carrier states that the billing in dispute has been paid at fair and reasonable rate in accordance with TWCC Guidelines.				
Principle Documentation: 1. Position Statement				
2. Eob's				
PART IV: SUMMARY OF DISPUTE AND FINDINGS				
Date(s) of Service	CPT Code(s) or Des	scription	Part V Reference	Additional Amount Due (if any)
8/23/04	Ambulatory Surgical C	Center Care	1	\$274.25
PART V: MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION REVIEW SUMMARY, METHODOLOGY, AND/OR EXPLANATION				
1. This dispute relates to services provided in an Ambulatory Surgical Center that are not covered under a fee guideline for this date of				
service. Accordingly, the reimbursement determined through this dispute resolution process must reflect a fair and reasonable rate as				
directed by Commission Rule 134.1. This case involves a factual dispute about what is a fair and reasonable reimbursement for the				
services provided.				
After reviewing the documentation provided by both parties, it appears that neither party has provided convincing documentation that				

sufficiently discusses, demonstrates, and justifies that their purported amount is a fair and reasonable reimbursement (Rule 133.307). After reviewing the services, the charges, and both parties' positions, it is clearly evident that some other amount represents the fair and reasonable reimbursement.

During the rule development process for facility guidelines, the Commission had contracted with Ingenix, a professional firm specializing in actuarial and health care information services, in order to secure data and information on reimbursement ranges for these types of services. The results of this analysis resulted in a recommended range for reimbursement for workers' compensation services provided in these facilities. In addition, we received information from both ASCs and insurance carriers in the recent rule revision process. While not controlling, we considered this information in order to find data related to commercial market payments for these services. This information provides a very good benchmark for determining the "fair and reasonable" reimbursement amount for the services in dispute.

To determine the amount due for this particular dispute, staff compared the procedures in this case to the amounts that would be within the reimbursement range recommended by the Ingenix study (from 213.3% to 290% of Medicare for this particular year). Staff considered the other information submitted by the parties and the issues related to the specific procedures performed in this dispute. Based on this review and considering the similarity of the various procedures involved in this surgery, staff selected a reimbursement amount in the lower end of the Ingenix range. In addition, the reimbursement for the secondary procedures were reduced by 50% consistent with standard reimbursement approaches. The total amount was then presented to a staff team with health care provider billing and insurance adjusting experience. This team considered the recommended amount, discussed the facts of the individual case, and selected the appropriate "fair and reasonable" amount to be ordered in the final decision.

Based on the facts of this situation, the parties' positions, the Ingenix range for applicable procedures, and the consensus of other experienced staff members in Medical Review, we find that the fair and reasonable reimbursement amount for these services is \$1,631.75. Since the insurance carrier paid a total of \$1,357.50 for these services, the health care provider is entitled to an additional reimbursement in the amount of \$274.25.

PART VI: GENERAL PAYMENT POLICIES/REFERENCES IMPACTING DECISION

28 Texas Administrative Code Sec. 134.1 28 Texas Administrative Code Sec. 133.307

PART VII: DIVISION DECISION AND ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code, Sec. 413.031, the Division has determined that the requestor is entitled to additional reimbursement in the amount of \$274.25. The Division hereby **ORDERS** the insurance carrier to remit this amount plus all accrued interest due at the time of payment to the Requestor within 30-days of receipt of this Order.

Ordered by:

Authorized Signature

Typed Name

October 4, 2005

Date of Order

PART VIII: YOUR RIGHT TO REQUEST JUDICIAL REVIEW

Appeals of medical dispute resolution decisions and orders are procedurally made directly to a district court in Travis County [see Texas Labor Code, Sec. 413.031(k), as amended and effective Sept. 1, 2005]. An appeal to District Court must be filed not later than 30 days after the date on which the decision that is the subject of the appeal is final and appealable. The Division is not considered a party to the appeal.

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.