

# Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation

7551 Metro Center Drive, Suite 100 • Austin, Texas 78744-1609

# MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION		
<b>Type of Requestor:</b> (x) Health Care Provider ( ) Injured Employee	( ) Insurance Carrier	
Requestor's Name and Address: AHC on Behalf of Christus Santa Rosa	MDR Tracking No.:	M4-05-A946-01
10002 Battleview Parkway	Claim No.:	
Manassas, Virginia 20109	Injured Employee's Name:	
Respondent's Name and Address: Texas Mutual Insurance Company	Date of Injury:	
6210 East Highway 290 Austin, Texas 78723-1098 Box 54	Employer's Name:	Age Refining, Inc.
	Insurance Carrier's No.:	99E0000377597

# PART II: REQUESTOR'S PRINCIPLE DOCUMENTATION AND POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor submitted operative report and a position statement. The requestor indicates in their position statement that "Per TWCC Rule 134.401 (c)(6) laws state that any claim greater than \$40,000.00, must be paid at stop loss. Stop loss payment is 75 percent of the total charges. Insurance carriers are not allowed to carve out implant charges on a claim that has met stop loss. TWCC has advised the only carve outs allowed in a claim that has met stop loss is the personal items used by the patient." The provider is seeking additional reimbursement in the amount of \$25,733.01.

## PART III: RESPONDENT'S PRINCIPLE DOCUMENTATION AND POSITION SUMMARY

Carrier submitted a position statement that supports their reason for no additional reimbursement. "This dispute involves this carrier's payment for dates of service in dispute for which the requester charged \$40,831.35 for a one day inpatient ICU stay and two day surgical stay for services that were NOT unusually extensive or costly. This carrier reimbursed the requester for one day ICU (\$1,560) and two surgical per diem (\$1,118) per the TWCC Acute Care In-Patient Fee Guideline. The requester was also reimbursed invoice cost plus 10% for the implants."

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## PART V: MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION REVIEW SUMMARY, METHODOLOGY, AND/OR EXPLANATION

This dispute relates to inpatient services provided in hospital setting with reimbursement subject to the provisions of Rule 134.401 (Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline). The hospital has requested additional reimbursement according to the stop-loss method contained in that rule. Rule 134.401(c)(6) establishes that the stop-loss method is to be used for "unusually costly services." The explanation that follows this paragraph indicates that in order to determine if "unusually costly services" were provided, the admission must not only exceed \$40,000 in total audited charges, but also involve "unusually extensive services."

After reviewing the information provided by the provider, it does **not** appear that this particular admission involved "unusually extensive services." The provider submitted an operative report indicating that an anterior cervical fusion C5-C6 was performed, patient tolerated the procedure well and no complications were noted. Accordingly, the stop-loss method does not apply and the reimbursement is to be based on the per diem plus carve-out methodology described in the same rule.

The provider did not submit any invoices indicating the amount billed for the implantables. Therefore, MDR cannot determine the charges of the implantables and no reimbursement is recommended for the implantables.

The carrier made reimbursement for the 3-day stay in the amount of \$4,890.50 per diem and cost plus ten percent for the implantables.

Therefore, based on the facts of this situation, the parties' positions, and the application of the provisions of Rule 134.401(c), we find that the health care provider is not entitled to additional reimbursement.

## PART VI: GENERAL PAYMENT POLICIES/REFERENCES IMPACTING DECISION

28 Texas Administrative Code Sec. 134.401 (c)(6).

## PART VII: DIVISION DECISION AND ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code, Sec. 413.031, the Division has determined that the requestor is not entitled to additional reimbursement.

Ordered by:

Michael Bucklin

09/09/05

Authorized Signature

Typed Name

Date of Order

# PART VIII: YOUR RIGHT TO REQUEST JUDICIAL REVIEW

Appeals of medical dispute resolution decisions and orders are procedurally made directly to a district court in Travis County [see Texas Labor Code, Sec. 413.031(k), as amended and effective Sept. 1, 2005]. An appeal to District Court must be filed not later than 30 days after the date on which the decision that is the subject of the appeal is final and appealable. The Division is not considered a party to the appeal.

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.