MDR Tracking Number: M5-03-2051-01

Under the provisions of Section 413.031 of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, Title 5, Subtitle A of the Texas Labor Code, effective January 1, 2002 or January 1, 2003 and Commission Rule 133.305 and 133.308 titled Medical Dispute Resolution by Independent Review Organizations, the Medical Review Division (Division) assigned an IRO to conduct a review of the disputed medical necessity issues between the requestor and the respondent.

The Division has reviewed the enclosed IRO decision and determined that **the requestor did not prevail** on the issues of medical necessity. The IRO agrees with the previous determination that the FCE and work hardening program were not medically necessary. Therefore, the requestor is not entitled to reimbursement of the IRO fee.

Based on review of the disputed issues within the request, the Division has determined that medical necessity was the only issue to be resolved. As the treatment was not found to be medically necessary, reimbursement for dates of service from 4-15-02 through 5-3-02 is denied and the Division declines to issue an Order in this dispute.

This Decision is hereby issued this 12<sup>th</sup> day of June 2003.

Dee Z. Torres Medical Dispute Resolution Officer Medical Review Division DZT/dzt

June 9, 2003

David Martinez TWCC Medical Dispute Resolution 4000 IH 35 South, MS 48 Austin, TX 78704

MDR Tracking #:	M5-03-2051-01
IRO #:	5251

\_\_\_ has been certified by the Texas Department of Insurance as an Independent Review Organization. The Texas Worker's Compensation Commission has assigned this case to \_\_\_ for independent review in accordance with TWCC Rule 133.308 which allows for medical dispute resolution by an IRO.

has performed an independent review of the care rendered to determine if the adverse determination was appropriate. In performing this review, all relevant medical records and documentation utilized to make the adverse determination, along with any documentation and written information submitted, was reviewed.

says that his back is doing much better and has to lift up to 95 pounds at the workplace. He also states that the patient saw and he recommended that he return to work full time made the statement that the FCE performed in December indicated that the patient was not able to return to work. He then ordered work hardening five times a week for four weeks at
The notes fromleading to the dates in question which are from 4/18/02 to 5/3/02 show the note of 3/29/02 to make the comment thatexperienced low back pain after an Independent Medical Evaluation by The letter of 4/2/02 byalso makes the note that, thoughhas not completely recovered, he has significantly improved up until recently. He mentions the increased pain after's evaluation. The note of 4/12/02 notes thatstate that he has to lift 80 pounds at work. On the planstates that the patient is able to return to work under limitations from his FCE. The note of 4/26/02 showed thatmentioned the possibility of a surgical referral on the following visit in one week. The note of 5/15/02 showed thatmentions that the RFCE suggested thatwas not at MMI. The note of 5/28/02 shows thatstates that, if work hardening was denied, he would placeat MMI status based on his current limitations. Finally, the note of 8/26/02 showed that the patient had a laminectomy of the lumbar spine with fusion by, orthopedic surgeon, on 7/3/02.
notes make it very difficult for the reviewer to determine whether the patient was at work or not. On the note of 3/15/02,notes thatstates that he has to lift up to 95 pounds at the workplace. However, the reviewer is unsure if this means that he is at work or not. The statement that the FCE performed in December indicated thatwas not able to return to work is not correct. A FCE helps to determine an individual's functional capacity, but does not determine MMI status. Furthermore,waited over three months to act on the FCE of 12/12/01. At that point, he should have requested another FCE to determine what the functional level was at that time. Even though the two FCEs show thatdoes have an improvement, we do not know his true functional capacity when he started the work hardening on 3/20/02.
Furthermore, the note of 3/15/02 shows thatnotes thatrecommended thatreturn to full work, which apparently he did not do. Also, the note of 3/1/02 notes that is considering MMI on the follow-up visit of 3/15/02, which he did not do, based on the results of the FCE done on 12/12/01.
Even thoughnotes that the patient had increased pain to the lumbar spine after having undergone an IME by, he notes this on the visit of 3/29/02, which is after his recommendation for work hardening for four weeks at on 3/15/02.
Therefore, notes are very confusing. He does not document much on the objective part of his notes. The reader of his notes cannot tell whether this patient is at work or not. Furthermore, he did not act on the initial FCE of 12/12/01 on a timely basis. He acted on the FCE results more than three months after. At that time, he should have ordered another FCE to see the functional capabilities at that time and then determine whether he was a candidate for work hardening. Also, was considering MMI status two weeks after the visit of 3/1/02, which was prior to the date in question, 4/18/02 recommended that the patient return to full work. However, he was not returned to full work because of the FCE results done over three months prior.

Even though this patient probably would have benefited from a work hardening program, the documentation available for this review shows thatdid not act on the initial FCE in a timely basis. He should have requested a follow-up FCE in March when work hardening was started. Beyond that, note of 3/1/02 shows that he was considering MMI status on the follow-up visit of 3/15/02, although he did not do so because of the FCE findings.
Therefore, becausementioned the possibility of MMI on the visit of 3/15/02, because he did not placeat MMI status on that date because of the FCE results done in December 10, 2002, because an FCE by itself does not determine MMI status, and because a follow-up FCE was not done at the time that work hardening was ordered and started, the reviewer finds that there was no document of the medical necessity for the work hardening program and the FCE done from 4/18/02 through 5/3/02.
has performed an independent review solely to determine the medical necessity of the health services that are the subject of the review has made no determinations regarding benefits available under the injured employee's policy
As an officer of, I certify that there is no known conflict between the reviewer, and/or any officer/employee of the IRO with any person or entity that is a party to the dispute.
is forwarding this finding by US Postal Service to the TWCC.
Sincerely,