THIS DECISION HAS BEEN APPEALED. THE FOLLOWING IS THE RELATED SOAH DECISION NUMBER:

SOAH DOCKET NO. 453-03-3035.M5

MDR Tracking Number: M5-03-1131-01

Under the provisions of Section 413.031 of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, Title 5, Subtitle A of the Texas Labor Code, effective January 1, 2002 and Commission Rule 133.305 and 133.308 titled Medical Dispute Resolution by Independent Review Organizations, the Medical Review Division (Division) assigned an IRO to conduct a review of the disputed medical necessity issues between the requestor and the respondent.

The Division has reviewed the enclosed IRO decision and determined that **the requestor did not prevail** on the issues of medical necessity. The IRO agrees with the previous determination that office visits and physical therapy sessions were not medically necessary. Therefore, the requestor is not entitled to reimbursement of the IRO fee.

Based on review of the disputed issues within the request, the Division has determined that office visit and physical therapy session fees were the only fees involved in the medical dispute to be resolved. As the treatment was not found to be medically necessary, reimbursement for dates of service from 4-25-02 through 9-24-02 is denied and the Division declines to issue an Order in this dispute.

This Decision is hereby issued this 31st day of March 2003.

Dee Z. Torres
Medical Dispute Resolution Officer
Medical Review Division

DZT/dzt

March 14, 2003

NOTICE OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW DECISION

RE: MDR Tracking #: M5-03-113101

has been certified by	by the Texas Department of I	nsurance (TDI) as	an independent review
organization (IRO)	IRO Certificate Number is	s 5348. Texas W	Vorker's Compensation
Commission (TWCC) Ru	ule §133.308 allows for a claim	nant or provider to r	request an independent
	dverse medical necessity de or independent review in accord		<u> </u>

___ has performed an independent review of the proposed care to determine whether or not the adverse determination was appropriate. Relevant medical records, documentation provided by the parties referenced above and other documentation and written information submitted regarding this appeal was reviewed during the performance of this independent review.

This case was reviewed by a practicing chiropractor on the external review panel. The
chiropractor reviewer signed a statement certifying that no known conflicts of interest exist
between this chiropractor and any of the treating physicians or providers or any of the
physicians or providers who reviewed this case for a determination prior to the referral to for
independent review. In addition, the chiropractor reviewer certified that the review was
performed without bias for or against any party in this case.

Clinical History

This case concerns a 46 year-old female who sustained a work related injury on ____. The patient reported that while at work she was lifting a box of calculators when she accidentally dropped it on her left wrist and forearm. The patient reported that since her injury she has been experiencing extreme pain and intermittent numbness and tingling in her elbow, shoulder, and neck. A thorough orthopedic and neurological evaluation showed carpal tunnel syndrome accompanied with cervical segmental dysfunction complicated by a component of reflex sympathetic dystrophy. The patient has also undergone an EMG/NCV. The patient has been treated with active and passive therapies, oral medications, and range of motion.

Requested Services

Office visits, physical therapy sessions, range of motion, muscle testing, and physical performance testing from 4/25/02 through 9/24/02.

Decision

The Carrier's determination that these services were not medically necessary for the treatment of this patient's condition is upheld.

Rationale/Basis for Decision

The chiropractor reviewer noted that the patient sustained a work related injury to her wrist on The chiropractor indicated that the patient was treated with active and passive
therapies, oral medications, and range of motion. The chiropractor reviewer explained that
the records provided failed to show documentation of orthopedic or neurological testing. The
chiropractor noted that the records provided failed to show specific soft tissue and trigger
point documentation. The chiropractor reviewer indicated that the records provided failed to
show what is being treated or adjusted. The chiropractor reviewer explained that from office
visit to office visit the records failed to show objective measures of functional gains, ongoing
recovery progress, and pain reduction. Therefore, the chiropractor consultant concluded
that the office visits, physical therapy sessions, range of motion testing, and physical
performance testing from 4/25/02 through 9/24/02 were not medically necessary to treat this
patient's condition.

Sincerely,

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