

**CHAPTER 637**

**H.B. No. 1626**

**AN ACT**

relating to a requirement that the Texas Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse provide alternatives for children at risk of selling controlled substances.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:*

SECTION 1. Section 461.012(a), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The commission shall:

(1) provide for research and study of the problems of chemical dependency in this state and seek to focus public attention on those problems through public information and education programs;

(2) plan, develop, coordinate, evaluate, and implement constructive methods and programs for the prevention, intervention, treatment, and rehabilitation of chemical dependency in cooperation with federal and state agencies, local governments, organizations, and persons, and provide technical assistance, funds, and consultation services for statewide and community-based services;

(3) cooperate with and enlist the assistance of:

(A) other state, federal, and local agencies;

(B) hospitals and clinics;

(C) public health, welfare, and criminal justice system authorities;

(D) educational and medical agencies and organizations; and

(E) other related public and private groups and persons;

(4) expand chemical dependency services for children when funds are available because of the long-term benefits of those services to the state and its citizens;

(5) sponsor, promote, and conduct educational programs on the prevention and treatment of chemical dependency, and maintain a public information clearinghouse to purchase and provide books, literature, audiovisuals, and other educational material for the programs;

(6) sponsor, promote, and conduct training programs for persons delivering prevention, intervention, treatment, and rehabilitation services and for persons in the criminal justice system or otherwise in a position to identify chemically dependent persons and their families in need of service;

(7) require programs rendering services to chemically dependent persons to safeguard those persons' legal rights of citizenship and maintain the confidentiality of client records as required by state and federal law;

(8) maximize the use of available funds for direct services rather than administrative services;

(9) consistently monitor the expenditure of funds and the provision of services by all grant and contract recipients to assure that the services are effective and properly staffed and meet the standards adopted under this chapter;

(10) make the monitoring reports prepared under Subdivision (9) a matter of public record;

(11) license treatment facilities under Chapter 464;

(12) use funds appropriated to the commission to carry out this chapter and maximize the overall state allotment of federal funds;

(13) develop and implement policies that will provide the public with a reasonable opportunity to appear before the commission and to speak on any issue under the commission's jurisdiction;

(14) establish minimum criteria that peer assistance programs must meet to be governed by and entitled to the benefits of a law that authorizes licensing and disciplinary authorities to establish or approve peer assistance programs for impaired professionals; ~~and~~

(15) adopt rules governing the functions of the commission, including rules that prescribe the policies and procedures followed by the commission in administering any commission programs; *and*

*(16) plan, develop, coordinate, evaluate, and implement constructive methods and programs to provide healthy alternatives for youth at risk of selling controlled substances.*

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 1993.

SECTION 3. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the

constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended.

Passed by the House on May 10, 1993, by a non-record vote; the House refused to concur in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 1626 on May 27, 1993, and requested the appointment of a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; the House adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 1626 on May 30, 1993, by a non-record vote; passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 25, 1993, by a viva-voce vote; at the request of the House, the Senate appointed a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; the Senate adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 1626 on May 31, 1993, by a viva-voce vote.

Approved June 12, 1993.

Effective Sept. 1, 1993.