

Weighting Child Care Licensing Minimum Standards

December 3, 2007

Minimum Standard Regulations

- Work collectively to protect children in out of home care.
- *While <u>all</u> minimum standards provide some level of protection, not all standard deficiencies present the same risk to children.

Current Enforcement Practice

- Licensing decisions are based on an operation's compliance history which includes the
 - number,
 - seriousness, and
 - frequency of minimum standard deficiencies.
- * The relative risk of each deficiency is often considered on a case-by-case basis, with no formal recognition of which deficiencies present the greatest risk to children.

Current Enforcement Practice

When all standards are essentially treated equally, without a common regard toward risk:

- Enforcement decisions may be inconsistent,
- Enforcement actions may not always be timely, and
- Providers and consumers have no clear message about how standards protect children.

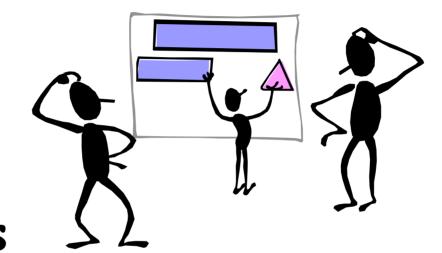
A Weighted Enforcement System

- Assigns a weight to individual minimum standards based on the level of risk a deficiency presents to children
- Provides Licensing staff with an additional piece of objective information that can be used when determining Licensing enforcement actions, and
- * Reduces the variance in decision-making and enforcement actions

Weighted Standards Enforcement

- ❖ Implemented on a statewide basis in Fall of 2008
- Apply to all Licensed and Registered Day Care and 24-Hour Residential Child-Care Operations
- * Requires weighting the numerous minimum standard regulations used in different kinds of child care operations
- Only program of its kind in the nation

The Weighting Process



Challenges

- * Assigning initial weights to all standards
- Determining which standards present a significant risk to children when violated.

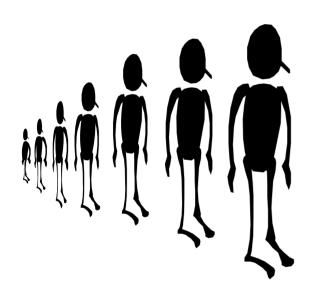
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Experience in Texas and other states:

- Developing risk-based decision-making instruments
- Performing statistical analyses, and
- Conducting program/policy evaluations

The Weighting Process



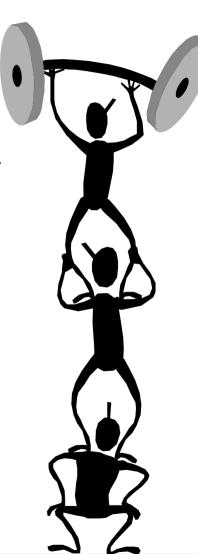
- Conducted Focus Groups with residential and child day care providers
- Obtained input from former State Advisory Committee on Child Care Administrators and Facilities

Assigning Weights

- * Focus group members and Licensing staff were invited to participate in assigning initial weights
- Data on actual citations and subsequent enforcement actions will be gathered and analyzed
- Initial weights will be evaluated and refined over time

Five Categories of Weights

- * Address subsections of each standard
- Distinguish between standards that are considered "important" vs. standards that present more substantial "risk"
- * Reflect the risk a deficiency presents to children, without consideration of the scope & severity of the deficiency:
 - · High Risk
 - · Medium High Risk
 - · Medium Risk
 - · Medium Low Risk
 - · Low Risk



Weighted Enforcement Practice Licensing staff will:

- Continue to determine compliance based on observations, review of records and files at operation
- Continue to cite deficiencies, and document observations to capture scope and severity
- Continue to assess overall compliance history to form a clear picture of the operation, and
- * Continue differential monitoring
- Now include weights associated with standard deficiencies as a part of the decision-making process

Weighted Minimum Standards Will provide Licensing staff with:

- *A common understanding of risk
- Objective information
- Data that will help identify and address trends, disparities and risk to children more effectively and efficiently, and
- Data to support similar actions are taken for similar compliance history

Impact to Providers

Providers will not be asked to do anything different

Focus Group Participants said weights

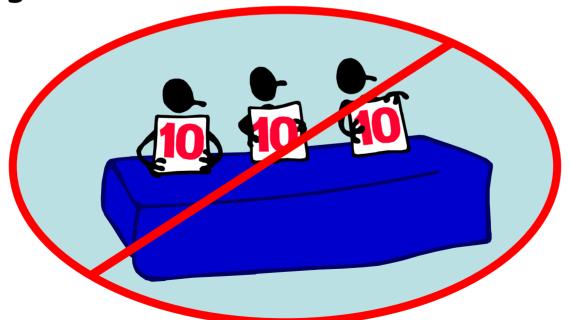
- * May help them identify risk and implement practices and training to increase child safety
- * May provide clearer picture of standard deficiencies for consumers
- Licensing staff will discuss weights associated with deficiencies at the conclusion of the inspection

Weighted Enforcement Will:

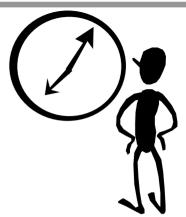
- Focus Licensing resources
- *Reduce variance in decision-making
- Facilitate taking the right licensing action at the right time
- Increase provider and consumer understanding of risk
- Clarify the connection between deficiencies and the consequences, and
- Provide the greatest level of protection for children

Weighted Enforcement Will Not:

- Provide a rating or ranking
- * Result in a score, or
- Ignore low risk standard deficiencies



Implementation Fall 2008



- Weight all minimum standard regulations and notify providers of assigned weights
- Train Licensing staff to ensure consistent use of weighting information
- Modify Licensing automation system providing a more efficient way to collect data on standard deficiencies and subsequent Licensing actions

Implementation Summer 2009



- Identify and implement sharing standard deficiencies and their associated weights with consumers
- Design and implement a quality assurance system to ensure consistency and reduce variance in decision-making
- Design and implement a system for validating and adjusting the weights

The goal of the Licensing division is to protect Children in out-of-home care through consistent and fair enforcement of Licensing regulations.





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Questions and Answers

http://www.dfps.state.tx.us/