

## **Tamper-Resistant Prescription Pads**

#### **Presentation to the House Public Health Committee**

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# **U.S. Appropriations Act 2007**

- Required by section 7002b of the U.S. Troop Readiness, Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Accountability Appropriations Act, 2007.
- Prohibits payment to a provider for a written prescription unless it was executed on a tamper-resistant pad.
  - Applies to all non-electronic prescriptions for Medicaid beneficiaries (including managed care) in all states.
- Purpose cost savings from reduced instances of unauthorized, improperly altered, and counterfeit prescriptions.



### **Federal Guidance**

- The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) issued guidance in August 2007.
  - Prescription pads must meet three criteria in order to be considered tamper-resistant:
    - Prevent unauthorized copying of completed or blank prescription forms.
    - Prevent erasure or modification of written information.
    - Prevent use of counterfeit prescription forms.
- Regulation does <u>not</u> apply to prescriptions transmitted electronically via:
  - > Telephone
  - Fax
  - E-prescription



### **Implementation Timeline**

- October 2007 Texas:
  - Opposed implementation on the grounds it could decrease access to care
  - Requested an exemption from CMS
- December 2007
  - CMS denied Texas request.
- April 1, 2008
  - Federal date for limited implementation.
- October 1, 2008 -
  - Federal date for full implementation.



# **HHSC Guidance for Prescribers**

- Any prescription or order handed to a Medicaid patient must be on tamper-resistant paper.
- HHSC and the Texas Medical Association (TMA):
  - Encouraged prescribers to adopt the use of tamper-resistant paper for all of their patients to reduce risk and avoid the confusion of determining which pad to use for which patient.
- HHSC encourages prescribers to purchase prescription paper that lists the security features on the actual paper.



# **HHSC Guidance for Pharmacists**

- If a Medicaid patient presents to the pharmacy a prescription not written on tamper-resistant paper, the prescription:
  - May be filled immediately if the pharmacy calls the prescriber's office and verifies the prescription.
  - May be filled immediately if a prescription written on tamperresistant paper or electronic prescription will be obtained within 72 hours.
- Pharmacists are expected to use their best professional judgment. If a prescription appears questionable, the pharmacist should contact the prescriber.









## **HHSC General Guidance**

- Schedule II Drugs:
  - Prescription forms issued by the Texas Department of Public Safety comply with the regulation.
  - Prescribers should continue to use those pads for Schedule II controlled substances.
- Tamper-resistant Prescription Pad Suppliers -
  - Suppliers of compliant prescription pads/paper can be located on the internet: <u>www.texmed.org/Template.aspx?id=6495</u>.
  - HHSC does not certify suppliers.
    - Prescribers may refer to the guide developed by the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs for available features when selecting a supplier.



## **HHSC General Guidance**

- Prescriptions and drug orders for patients in nursing homes and other facilities:
  - Only written prescriptions provided directly to the patient are required to be on tamper-resistant paper.
  - Therefore, patients in nursing homes and other facilities are generally exempt from this regulation.
- Prescriptions printed in a practitioner's office from a patient's medical record:
  - May not require tamper-resistant paper if the prescription is printed with CMS-compliant features, such as "micro print".