

House Human Services Committee Child Protective Services Reform

Albert Hawkins, Executive Commissioner Health and Human Services Commission February 24, 2005



CPS Reform Overview

- HHSC has developed a reform plan to strengthen the state's CPS program. This plan will dramatically:
 - reduce CPS staff workloads,
 - ➢ focus services on child safety, and
 - \succ strengthen management and accountability.
- The reform plan was developed after Governor Rick Perry issued an executive order on July 2, 2004, directing HHSC to review and reform the CPS program.
- The Governor's order came in response to several cases where children died at the hands of abusers or were left in a state of abuse or neglect despite CPS involvement.



CPS Reform Overview

- CPS requires significant change in nearly all aspects of program operations
 - Staff unable to focus on clear mission and goals
 - Inadequate accountability to ensure safety of children



CPS Review Findings

- Caseload and staff turnover are too high.
- CPS needs to strengthen its focus on its core function – investigating allegations of abuse and neglect.
- CPS' relations with law enforcement and the judiciary are not adequate to protect children.
- CPS does not have adequate management controls.
- CPS does not effectively support caseworkers.



- Refer families unwilling to protect their child to local prosecutors
- Perform an independent review prior to closing any investigation involving children, 3 and under, when abuse and neglect cannot be ruled out
- Obtaining the services of medical professionals for on-call consultation
- Use digital cameras for forensic photography
- Accelerated hiring 123 CPS staff authorized by the 78th Legislature
- Developed an incentive program to retain experienced investigative staff



CPS Reform Components Investigations and Caseload

Anne Heiligenstein Deputy Executive Commissioner

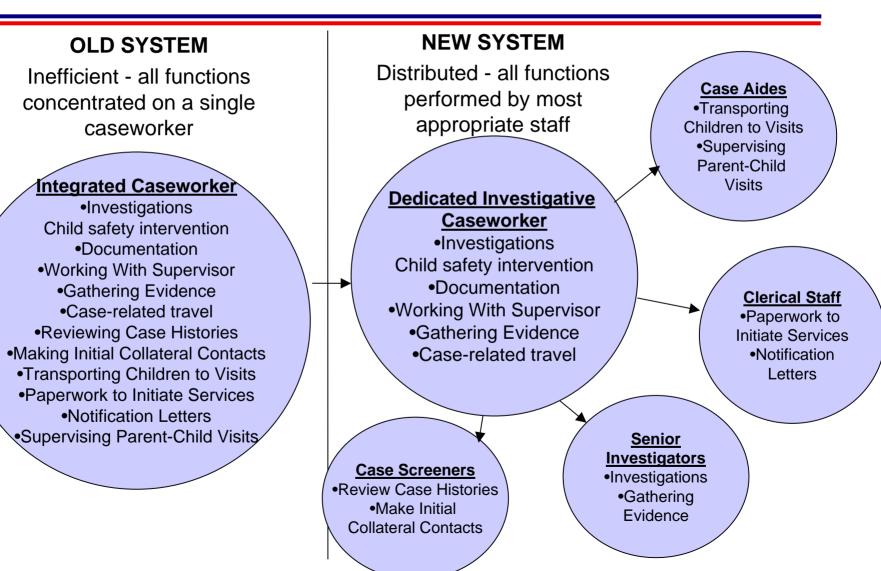


Strengthen Investigations

- Create an Office of Investigations
- 72 hour response time on all Priority 2 investigations
- Co-locate with community partners
- Alter the workweek (shift work)
- Screeners used to reduce investigations assigned
- Establish functional units
- Embed Senior Investigator in units



CPS Reform

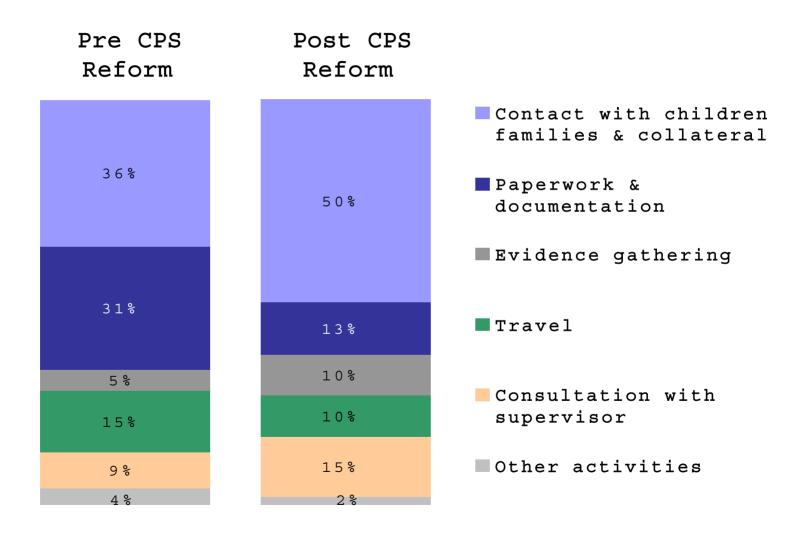




Caseloads

- Reduce caseloads
 - ➤ Monthly 74 in FY 2005 to 45 in FY 2007
 - ➤ Daily 44 in FY 2005 and 33 in FY 2007
- Reduce staff turnover
- Focus recruitment efforts
- Expand and improve caseworker training
- Deploy mobile technology
- Salary increases for direct delivery staff

Distribution of Investigative Functions





CPS Reform Staffing and Caseload

| | Old System | New System |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Investigators | 1305 | 1723 |
| Senior Investigators | 0 | 430 |
| Investigation Screeners | 6 | 47 |
| Case Aides | 118 | 430 |
| Clerical Staff | 213 | 454 |
| Caseloads (Monthly/Daily) | 74/44 | 45/33 |



CPS Reform Staffing and Caseload

| | Old System | Annual Salary Cost | New System | Annual Salary Cost |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Investigators | 1,305 | \$37,740,600 | 1,723 | \$49,829,200 |
| Senior Investigators | 0 | 0 | 430 | \$14,184,800 |
| Investigation Screeners | 6 | \$210,600 | 47 | \$1,649,700 |
| Case Aides | 118 | \$2,763,600 | 430 | \$10,070,600 |
| Clerical Staff | 213 | \$4,795,100 | 454 | \$10,220,500 |
| Caseloads (Monthly/Daily) | 74/44 | | 45/33 | |