TABLE SNR06. Highest incidence rates of total nonfatal occupational injury cases, private industry, 2003

| Industry ² | NAICS code ³ | 2003 Annual average employment ⁴ (thousands) | Incidence rate | Total cases (thousands) |
|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Bottled water manufacturing | 321991 | 17.0 61.8 41.9 45.2 9.8 | 16.7 14.9 14.6 14.5 13.8 | 2.9 9.6 6.2 6.1 1.3 |
| Steel foundries, except investment | 312111 332111 | 17.7 80.6 24.5 8.7 19.6 | 13.7 13.5 13.4 13.3 13.1 | 2.2 11.2 3.4 1.2 2.5 |
| Refrigerated warehousing and storage Truck trailer manufacturing Sugarcane mills Couriers Framing contractors | 336212 311311 4921 | 41.9 30.8 4.8 517.6 136.9 | 12.8 12.3 12.2 12.1 11.7 | 5.3 3.7 .8 47.1 13.3 |
| Fabricated structural metal manufacturing | 321992 4811 | 88.6 8.1 24.3 484.1 48.3 | 11.7 11.1 11.0 10.9 10.8 | 10.4 1.0 2.5 43.3 5.1 |
| Amusement parks and arcades Enameled iron and metal sanitary ware manufacturing Overhead cranes, hoists, and monorail systems Light truck and utility vehicle manufacturing Alcoholic beverage merchant wholesalers | 332998 | 152.9 13.2 12.5 76.8 135.1 | 10.8 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 | 10.7 1.4 1.3 8.5 14.4 |
| Private industry ⁵ | | 106,183.1 | 4.7 | 4,095.7 |

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

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number of injuriestotal hours worked by all employees during the EΗ

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

publication, based on the North American Industry Classification System-- United States,

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor December 2004

 $^{^2}$ High rate industries were those having at least 500 cases and among the 20 highest total cases incidence rates for injuries at the most detailed level of rate calculation and

publication, based on the Assistantian 2002.

3 North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2002

4 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program.

5 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.