Industries with the highest number of nonfatal illness cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma, private industry, 1996

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1996 Annual average employment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Number of cases (000's)	
			1995	1996
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	965.3	49.5	44.4
Meat products	201	482.9	36.7	30.2
Hospitals	806	3,777.3	6.1	7.3
Grocery stores	541	3,031.7	5.1	6.2
Aircraft and parts	372	460.2	6.4	5.5
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	224.5	6.2	5.1
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	308	713.7	5.9	5.0
Metal forgings and stampings	346	253.6	5.2	4.8
Electronic components and accessories	367	612.1	4.3	4.0
Telephone communications	481	904.9	4.6	3.6
Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies	369	153.6	3.9	3.4
Knitting mills	225	181.4	4.1	3.4
Household appliances	363	118.8	4.2	3.3
Commercial banks	602	1,453.5	2.3	2.8
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	203.6	4.0	2.8
Air transportation, scheduled <sup>4</sup>	451	965.5	2.0	2.8
Miscellaneous business services	738	1,624.3	1.5	2.7
Miscellaneous fabricated textile products	239	220.5	2.5	2.7
Measuring and controlling devices	382	296.4	2.6	2.6
Medical instruments and supplies	384	268.3	2.7	2.6
Household furniture	251	276.8	2.5	2.5
Department stores	531	2,346.5	2.7	2.4
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	156.1	2.1	2.4
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	157.7	2.6	2.4
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	528.9	2.3	2.2
Commercial printing	275	563.9	2.5	2.2
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	349	253.8	2.1	2.1
Computer and office equipment	357	358.2	2.3	2.1
Nonstore retailers	596	332.2	2.8	2.1
Medical service and health insurance	632	322.4	1.6	2.1
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	233.6	1.9	2.0
Bakery products	205	208.9	2.1	2.0
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	178.1	1.6	2.0
Private industry <sup>5</sup>		98,772.9	308.2	281.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Industries with the highest number of illness cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma were determined by analysis of the number of cases at the 3-digit SIC code level. The analysis included those 3-digit industries which reported at least 2,000 cases of disorders associated with repeated trauma.

Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor December 1997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

4 In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry

Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.