Industry ¹	SIC code ²	1995 Annual average employment ³ (000's)	Incidence rate ⁴	
			1994	1995
Truck trailers	3715	39.3	24.7	28.8
Ship building and repairing	3731	104.3	27.6	28.3
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	83.3	27.8	26.5
Steel foundries, n.e.c.	3325	27.1	21.7	24.5
Malleable iron foundries	3322	4.3	18.7	24.2
Secondary nonferrous metals	334	15.8	15.4	24.2
Mobile homes	2451	61.5	28.9	23.9
Meat packing plants	2011	143.5	22.4	22.7
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	358.9	21.9	21.1
Structural wood members, n.e.c.	2439	34.9	20.5	20.8
Prefabricated wood buildings	2452	19.1	20.3	20.8
Travel trailers and campers	3792	22.2	21.0	20.7
Truck and bus bodies	3713	38.3	19.6	20.5
Hoists, cranes, and monorails	3536	8.0	13.4	20.3
Aluminum foundries	3365	23.8	_	19.9
Aluminum die-castings	3363	36.4	20.1	19.8
Prefabricated metal buildings	3448	26.2	12.6	19.2
Automotive stampings	3465	115.3	21.2	19.2
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	91.7	16.8	18.8
Iron and steel forgings	3462	30.9	21.4	18.8
Fabricated structural metal	3441	73.0	17.3	18.7
Raw cane sugar	2061	5.5	15.8	18.1
Cold finishing of steel shapes	3316	16.9	11.4	18.0
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,692.5	16.5	17.8
Nonferrous die-castings, except aluminum	3364	10.9	13.3	17.4
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	31.2	17.4	17.3
Metal barrels, drums, and pails	3412	7.7	21.8	17.2
Flat glass	321	15.3	17.3	17.0
Prepared flour mixes and doughs		13.5	15.4	17.0
Metal stampings, n.e.c.	3469	93.5	14.7	16.8
Fluid milk	2026	65.2	15.6	16.8
Private industry ⁵		96,886.0	7.7	7.5

¹ High rate industries were those having the 25 highest total cases incidence rates for injuries at the most detailed or lowest SIC level at which rates are calculated and published. Generally, manufacturing industries were calculated at the 4-digit code level and the remaining industries at the 3-digit level based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor March 1997

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

 $^{^4}$ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 200,000, where

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data not available.