

Posted online at <http://www.cdc.gov/NARMS/> on December 12<sup>th</sup>, 2008, the “National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System 2005 Human Isolates Final Report” contained errors in five tables.

On page 21, **Table V**, “Antimicrobial agents used for susceptibility testing of *Campylobacter* isolates, NARMS, 1997-2005.” should read as follows:

**Table V: Antimicrobial agents used for susceptibility testing of *Campylobacter* isolates, NARMS, 1997-2005**

CLSI Subclass	Antimicrobial Agent	Antimicrobial Agent Concentration Range (µg/mL)	Breakpoints		
			Susceptible	Intermediate	Resistant
Aminoglycosides	Gentamicin	0.12-32 0.016–256*	≤2	4	≥8
Ketolides	Telithromycin <sup>†</sup>	0.015-8	≤4	<u>8</u>	≥16
Lincosamides	Clindamycin	0.03-16 0.016–256*	≤2	4	≥8
Macrolides	Azithromycin	0.015-64 0.016–256*	≤2	4	≥8
	Erythromycin	0.03-64 0.016–256*	≤8	16	≥32
Phenicols	Chloramphenicol <sup>‡</sup>	0.016-256*	≤8	16	≥32
	Florfenicol <sup>§</sup>	0.03-64	≤4	N/A	N/A
Quinolones	Ciprofloxacin	0.015–64 0.002–32*	≤1	2	≥4
	Nalidixic acid	4-64 0.016–256*	≤16	32	≥64
Tetracyclines	Tetracycline	0.06-64 0.016–256*	≤4	8	≥16

\*E-test dilution range used from 1997-2004.

<sup>†</sup>Telithromycin added to NARMS panel in 2005.

<sup>‡</sup>Chloramphenicol, tested from 1997-2004, was replaced by florfenicol in 2005.

<sup>§</sup>Currently only a susceptible breakpoint has been established. In this report isolates with a MIC ≥8 µg/mL are categorized as resistant.

On page 59 **Table 5.01**, the percentage of *Campylobacter jejuni* species isolated in NARMS, 2005 should read 88.9% and 11.0% for *Campylobacter coli*. The total percentage of *Campylobacter* species isolated in NARMS, 2005 should read 100%.

On page 60 **Table 5.03**, page 62 **Table 5.06** and page 64 **Table 5.08**, the susceptible breakpoint for florfenicol should read (MIC ≤4).

The report was corrected and made available online on February 10<sup>th</sup>, 2009 at: <http://www.cdc.gov/narms/annual/2005/NARMSAnnualReport2005.pdf>