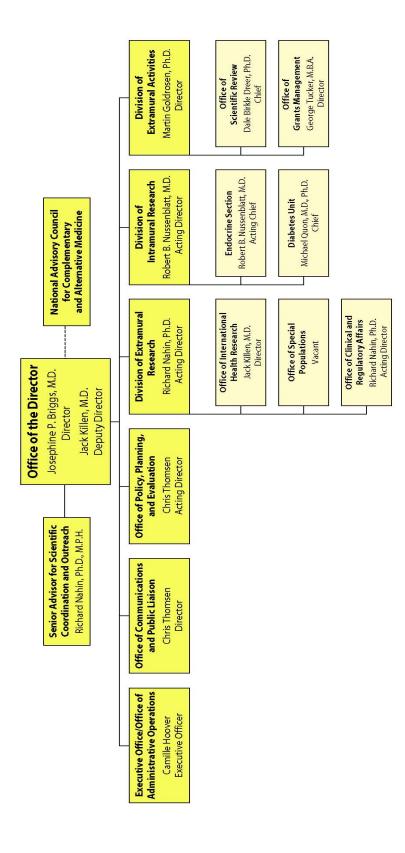
#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine (NCCAM)

FY 2010 Budget	Page No.
Organization chart	2
Appropriation language	3
Amounts available for obligation	4
Budget mechanism table	5
Budget authority by activity	6
Major Changes in Budget Request	7
Summary of changes	8
Budget Graphs	10
Justification narrative	11
Budget authority by object	19
Salaries and expenses	20
Authorizing legislation	21
Appropriations history	22
Detail of full-time equivalent employment (FTE)	23
Detail of positions	24
New positions requested	25

National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine



#### NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine

For carrying out section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Services Act with respect to complementary and alternative medicine [\$125,471,000] \$127,241,000 (Department of Health and Human Services Appropriation Act, 2009)

### National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine

#### Amounts Available for Obligation 1/

Source of Funding	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 PB
Appropriation	\$123,739,000	\$125,471,000	\$127,241,000
Type 1 Diabetes	0	0	0
Rescission	-2,162,000	0	0
Supplemental	647,000	0	0
Subtotal, adjusted appropriation	122,224,000	125,471,000	127,241,000
Real transfer under Director's one-percent transfer authority (GEI)	-205,000	0	0
Comparative transfer under Director's one-percent transfer authority (GEI)	205,000	0	0
Subtotal, adjusted budget authority	122,224,000	125,471,000	127,241,000
Unobligated balance, start of year	0	0	0
Unobligated balance, end of year	0	0	0
Subtotal, adjusted budget authority	122,224,000	125,471,000	127,241,000
Unobligated balance lapse	-6,000	0	0
Total obligations	122,218,000	125,471,000	127,241,000

<sup>1</sup>/ Excludes the following amounts for reimbursable activities carried out by this account: FY 2008 - \$6,000 FY 2009 - \$6,000 FY 2010 - \$6,000 Excludes \$0 Actuall in FY 2008; Estimate \$0 in FY 2009 and Estimate \$0 in FY 2010 for royalties.

#### **NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH**

#### National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine

(Dollars in Thousands)

Budget Mechanism - Total

		2008		2009	FY	2010		
MECHANISM		ctual		imate		PB	Ch	ange
Research Grants:	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount		Amount
Research Projects:	110.	711100111	110.	7 1110 0111	1101	7 ti i i odi i c	110. /	unount
Noncompeting	123	\$48,433	121	\$47,809	123	\$51,482	2	\$3,673
Administrative supplements	(17)	4,268	(17)	5,543	(17)	1,700	(0)	(3,843)
Competing:	( ,	.,200	(,	0,010	(11)	1,100	(0)	(0,0.0)
Renewal	3	1,651	0	0	0	0	0	C
New	68	19,951	69	21,633	71	22,700	2	1,067
Supplements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Competing	71	21,602	69	21,633	71	22,700	2	1,067
Subtotal, RPGs	194	74,303	190	74,985	194	75,882	4	897
SBIR/STTR	9	2,738	9	2,765	9	2,803	0	38
Subtotal, RPGs	203	77,041	199	77,750	203	78,685	4	935
Research Centers:		,-		,		-,		
Specialized/comprehensive	6	2,031	6	2,500	6	2,500	0	C
Clinical research	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Biotechnology	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Comparative medicine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Research Centers in Minority Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Subtotal, Centers	6	2,031	6	2,500	6	2,500	0	C
Other Research:								
Research careers	51	6,116	53	6,409	55	6,684	2	275
Cancer education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cooperative clinical research	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	C
Biomedical research support	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Minority biomedical research support	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	19	2,683	19	2,782	19	2,824	0	42
Subtotal, Other Research	70	9,299	72	9,191	74	9,508	2	317
Total Research Grants	279	88,371	277	89,441	283	90,693	6	1,252
Research Training:	<u>FTTPs</u>		<u>FTTPs</u>		<u>FTTPs</u>			
Individual awards	24	948	24	956	24	966	0	10
Institutional awards	75	3,136	75	3,162	75	3,194	0	32
Total, Training	99	4,084	99	4,118	99	4,160	0	42
Research & development contracts	14	7,672	14	9,300	14	9,400	0	100
(SBIR/STTR)	0	5	(0)	(5)	(0)	(5)	(0)	(0)
(====,,	<u>FTEs</u>	_	FTEs	(-)	FTEs	(-)	FTEs	(-)
Intramural research	12	7,455	10	7,630	10	7,744	0	114
Research management and support	55	14,642	54	14,982	55	15,244	1	262
Construction		0	5-	0	30	0	· '	0
Buildings and Facilities		0		0		0		0
Total, NCCAM	67	122,224	64	125,471	65	127,241	1	1,770

Includes FTEs which are reimbursed from the NIH Roadmap for Medical Research

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH
National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine
BA by Program
(Dollars in thousands)

	FY	FY 2006	Ŧ	FY 2007	FΥ	FY 2008	FY	FY 2008	F	FY 2009	FY	FY 2010		
	Ă	Actual	Ac	Actual	Ä	Actual	Com	Comparable	Est	Estimate	_	<b>B</b>	Change	ge
Extramural Research	FTES	Amount	FTES	<u>Amount</u>	FTEs	Amonnt	FTES	Amount	FTES	Amount	FTES	Amount	FTEs Amount	nount
<u>Detail:</u>														
Basic Research		31,606		36,955		39,927		40,138		41,233		41,792		559
Clinical Research		54,698		50,364		49,071		49,071		50,410		51,093		683
Training		13,413		12,182		10,918		10,918		11,216		11,368		152
Subtotal, Extramural		99,717		99,501		99,916		100,127		102,859		104,253		1,394
Intramural research	15	7,448	13	7,443	12	7,452	12	7,455	9	7,630	9	7,744	0	114
Res. management & support	59	14,217	56	14,427	55	14,639	55	14,642	54	14,982	55	15,244	~	262
TOTAL	74	121,382	69	121,371	29	122,007	29	122,224	64	125,471	65	127,241	~	1,770
Collinate and second becaused and a second s	A Towns	denoted by the form of the contract of the	der											

Includes FTEs which are reimbursed from the NIH Roadmap for Medical Research

The dollars represent training as a program and not as a disease research category.

#### Major Changes in the Fiscal Year 2010 Budget Request

Major changes by budget mechanism and/or budget activity detail are briefly described below. Note that there may be overlap between budget mechanism and activity detail and these highlights will not sum to the total change for the FY 2010 budget request for the National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine which is +\$1.770 million more than the FY 2009 estimate, for a total of \$127.241 million.

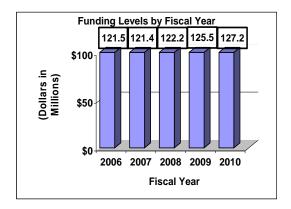
Research Project Grants (+897 thousand; total \$75.882 million). NCCAM will support a total of 194 Research Project Grant (RPG) awards in FY 2009. Noncompeting RPG's will increase by 2 awards and increase \$3.673 million, of which \$0.993 million will be for conversion of Pathway to Independence awards from Research Careers to noncompeting RPGs. Competing RPG's will increase by 2 awards and increase by \$1.067 million. The NIH Budget policy for RPGs in FY 2010 is to provide a 2% inflationary increase in noncompeting awards and a 2% increase in average cost for competing RPGs.

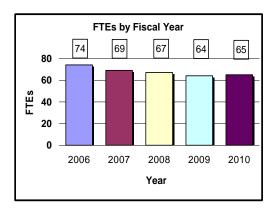
Research Careers (+275 thousand; total \$6.684 million). NCCAM will support the Pathway to Independence program, by funding 2 additional awards in FY 2010. Total support for the Pathway program in FY 2010 is 4 awards and \$360 thousand.

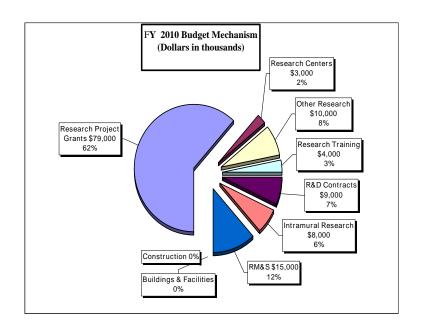
			\$125,471,000
			127,241,000
			1,770,000
200	09 Current		
Esti	imate Base	Change	e from Base
	Budget		Budget
FTEs	Authority	FTEs	Authority
	Φ4 <b>500 000</b>		<b>#</b> 40.000
			\$19,000
	, ,		24,000 0
	, ,		41,000
	2,004,000		41,000
	3.980.000		64,000
	0,000,000		0.,000
			148,000
	\$7,671,000		\$92,000
	7,671,000		115,000
	7,671,000		0
	981,000		20,000
	6,330,000		103,000
			330,000
			478,000
	Est	\$1,586,000 1,586,000 1,586,000 2,064,000 3,980,000 \$7,671,000 7,671,000 7,671,000	Estimate Base Chang Budget FTEs Authority FTEs  \$1,586,000 1,586,000 2,064,000 3,980,000  \$7,671,000 7,671,000 7,671,000 981,000

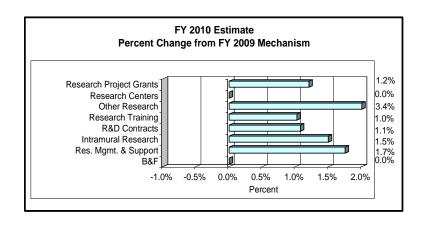
#### **Summary of Changes--continued**

		09 Current		
		imate Base		e from Base
CHANGES	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
B. Program:				
Research project grants:				
a. Noncompeting	121	\$53,352,000	2	(\$170,000)
b. Competing	69	21,633,000	2	1,067,000
c. SBIR/STTR	9	2,765,000	0	38,000
Total	199	77,750,000	4	935,000
2. Research centers	6	2,500,000	0	0
3. Other research	72	9,191,000	2	317,000
4. Research training	99	4,118,000	0	42,000
5. Research and development contracts	14	9,300,000	0	100,000
Subtotal, extramural				1,394,000
	<u>FTEs</u>		<u>FTEs</u>	
6. Intramural research	10	7,630,000	0	(37,000)
7. Research management and support	54	14,982,000	1	(65,000)
8. Construction		0		0
9. Buildings and Facilities		0		0
Subtotal, program		125,471,000		1,292,000
Total changes	64		1	1,770,000









## FY 2010 Congressional Justification National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine March 13, 2009

Authorizing Legislation: Section 301 and title IV of the Public Health Service Act, as amended

			FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2010 +/-
	FY 2008	FY 2009	Recovery	President's	2009
	<b>Appropriation</b>	<u>Omnibus</u>	Act	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Omnibus</u>
BA	\$122,224,000	\$125,471,000	\$31,728,000	\$127,241,000	+\$1,770,000
FTE	67	64	0	65	+1

This document provides justification for the Fiscal Year (FY) 2010 activities of the National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine (NCCAM), including HIV/AIDS activities. Details of the FY 2010 HIV/AIDS activities are in the "Office of AIDS Research (OAR)" Section of the Overview. Details on the Common Fund are located in the Overview, Volume One. Program funds are allocated as follows: Competitive Grants/Cooperative Agreements; Contracts; Direct Federal/Intramural and Other.

In FY 2009, a total of \$31,728,000 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funds were transferred from the Office of the Director. These funds will be used to to support scientific research opportunities that help support the goals of the ARRA. The ARRA allows NIH to execute these funds via any NIH funding mechanism. Funds are available until September 30, 2010. These funds are not included in the FY 2009 Omnibus amounts reflected in this document

#### DIRECTOR'S OVERVIEW

Americans in large numbers use complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) in their pursuit of health and wellness. The mission of the National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine (NCCAM) is to develop a rigorous evidence base for CAM and to provide the American public with authoritative information on the benefits and risks of these practices. NCCAM (<a href="http://nccam.nih.gov/">http://nccam.nih.gov/</a>) achieves its mission through basic and clinical research, research capacity building and training, and education and outreach programs.

The 2007 National Health Interview Survey data showed that nearly 40 percent of adults use CAM. The most common reason for the use of CAM is chronic pain, including back pain, headache, and arthritis pain. The modalities used most frequently for chronic pain include manipulative therapies, meditation, yoga, massage, acupuncture, and various botanical and other dietary supplements. NCCAM-supported research applies state-of-the-art neuroscience to the study of mind-body medicine and acupuncture. Additionally, NCCAM-supported research has provided evidence of significant effects of these practices on the underlying

biological mechanisms of pain perception and control. Health care guidelines and systematic reviews on pain management, based in part on NCCAM-supported clinical research, increasingly recommend inclusion of CAM approaches as promising options for the management of pain from osteoarthritis, back pain, and post-operative pain.

Developing reliable and useful evidence on botanical and other dietary supplements presents unique research challenges. These challenges include basic research to elucidate biological effects and rigorous attention to details of product characterization. In FY 2008, NCCAM funded two new institutions as part of its Centers of Excellence for Research on CAM program (<a href="http://nccam.nih.gov/news/2008/102008.htm">http://nccam.nih.gov/news/2008/102008.htm</a>) that focus on herbal supplement research. NCCAM continues to support the Botanical Research Centers Program, in collaboration with the NIH Office of Dietary Supplements. NCCAM's entire research portfolio for botanical and other dietary supplements has been greatly strengthened by its product integrity review process.

NCCAM remains committed to building CAM research capacity by fostering the development of translational and clinical research skills among CAM practitioners and institutions. In FY 2008, one new award was made under the Developmental Centers for Research on CAM initiative, a program to support collaborations between CAM schools and conventional biomedical research institutions. In addition, NCCAM convened a working group of its Advisory Council in March 2008 to consider new ways to enhance research capacity at CAM institutions. Based on their recommendations, the Advisory Council approved a new partnership initiative, planned for funding in FY 2010.

Basic and translational research remains critically important in the design of optimal clinical studies. NCCAM will continue its efforts to identify and understand the mechanisms underlying key chemical compounds and their protein targets in traditional botanical remedies, ensure the integrity of botanical and dietary supplement research products, and bring modern neuroscience to the study of mind-body and body-based interventions in order to capture fully the potential of these practices. The Center is also investing in better translational tools, metrics, and methodologies to improve conducting, reporting, and comparing clinical investigations of mind-body medicine, acupuncture, and manipulative and body-based therapies. In FY 2010, NCCAM will fund awards designed to address some of these key challenges to build the basic and translational research components of the CAM evidence base under the initiative *Program for Translational Tools for CAM Clinical Research*.

Another priority of NCCAM is developing an evidence base to better guide the American public on the contribution of CAM approaches to pain management. Chronic back pain, along with its associated morbidity and disability, is a major public health problem (annual U.S. expenditures for back pain are estimated at \$50-to-\$100 billion annually, and available treatment approaches are not satisfactory. Though evidence suggests that CAM practices can complement conventional pain management and are widely used by Americans, the evidence

base does not yet provide clear guidance for patients or providers about which modalities are best, how they should be used, or which patients are most likely to benefit. To strengthen the evidence for promising CAM interventions for pain management as used in "real world" health care settings, NCCAM will fund awards under its new initiative, *Effectiveness Research – CAM Interventions and Chronic Back Pain* in FY 2010. This research will provide important insights into the effects of CAM approaches, including mind-body and manipulative and body-based practices, across a range of patient outcomes for chronic pain.

In FY 2010, NCCAM will continue to encourage investigator-initiated research on the use of CAM to treat autism spectrum disorders and will collaborate with other NIH Institutes and Centers on trans-NIH autism research via the Interagency Autism Coordinating Committee. NCCAM will continue to support a broad portfolio of investigator-initiated research on the role of natural products in the prevention of cancer.

<sup>\*</sup>S. Dagenais, J. Caro, S. Haldeman. A systematic review of low back pain cost of illness studies in the United States and internationally. *Spine J* (2008).

#### **Overall Budget Policy:**

Guided by its strategic plan, the advice of the National Advisory Council for Complementary and Alternative Medicine, and input from a diverse community of stakeholders, NCCAM builds the scientific evidence base for complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) by stimulating research and increasing research capacity. In FY 2010, NCCAM will continue to fund multidisciplinary investigator-initiated research, support the career development of new investigators, and encourage capacity building across the field of CAM research. Areas of special emphasis include studies examining the effectiveness of CAM approaches to alleviate chronic pain and translational research to improve the quality, reproducibility, and comparability of clinical CAM research. The Division of Intramural Research and Research Management and Support will receive modest increases to maintain staffing levels and ensure responsible oversight of research activities.

#### FY 2010 Justification by Activity Detail

#### **Activity/Program Budget Policy:**

**Extramural Basic Research:** Basic research clarifies fundamental biological effects that are central to the development of the evidence base in CAM and underpins the design of clinical research. To address these needs, NCCAM will continue investigator-initiated basic research and will increase, through targeted initiatives, its support for translational research on CAM.

NCCAM added two new basic research centers to its cornerstone *Centers of Excellence for Research on Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CERC)* program during FY 2008 (<a href="http://nccam.nih.gov/training/centers/">http://nccam.nih.gov/training/centers/</a>). The University of Chicago's Center for Herbal Research on Colorectal Cancer is studying the biological effects of two forms of ginseng and their potential in preventing cancer. The CERC at Montana State University is exploring the potential for certain biologically based therapies to alter the inflammatory response to infections in the lung and intestines. Several basic research awards were funded under the FY 2007 initiative, *Mechanisms of Immune Modulation*, studies the ability of various interventions to affect inflammatory processes that underlie many conditions, for which Americans frequently use CAM, such as chronic pain and allergy.

**Budget Policy**: The FY 2010 budget estimate for extramural basic research is \$41.792 million, an increase of \$559 thousand or 1.4 percent over the FY 2009 estimate. The FY 2010 basic research plan supports an increase of the evidence base on the physiological mechanisms underlying CAM practices, as well as the development and validation of methods and approaches needed to ensure that clinical research has a solid foundation and facilitate the integration of proven CAM approaches into health care.

In FY 2010 NCCAM will make awards under a new initiative (to be released in FY 2009) entitled *Program for Translational Tools for CAM Clinical Research*, which will fund research on metrics, standard protocols, and outcome measures aimed at improving the quality, consistency, and comparability of clinical CAM research. The Center will also fund studies under its initiatives *Dietary Supplements Research Centers: Botanicals; Exploratory/Developmental Grant for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Studies using Cells, Tissues, and Animal Models of Disease; and Biology of Manual Therapies.* 

**Extramural Clinical Research:** The NCCAM extramural research program funds multidisciplinary clinical investigations at leading U.S. biomedical and CAM research institutions on various CAM modalities. Clinical CAM research ranges from small pilot studies to large-scale clinical trials and epidemiological studies supported through solicited research initiatives, collaboration between NIH Institutes and Centers, and investigator-initiated research.

In FY 2008, NCCAM added two new centers on mind-body research to its CERC program. The University of California, San Francisco center is studying the effects of mindfulness-based stress reduction on obesity and the metabolic syndrome. The University of Wisconsin CERC is examining how different forms of meditation affect the brain's regulation of emotion. NCCAM also funded two new projects on *Outcomes and Cost Effectiveness* studying use of naturopathic care to treat diabetes and CAM approaches to the treatment of chronic fatigue syndrome. NCCAM continued to work collaboratively with other Institutes to support research on pain management.

**Budget Policy**: The FY 2010 budget estimate for extramural clinical research is \$51.093 million, an increase of \$683 thousand or 1.4 percent over the FY 2009 estimate. The NCCAM clinical research plan will target the strategic priorities of support for CAM efficacy and effectiveness research, with the ultimate goal to inform the scientific evidence base on CAM for specific indications.

In FY 2010, NCCAM will continue to fund a portfolio of investigator-initiated clinical research, including new research projects under its initiatives Effectiveness Research – CAM Interventions and Chronic Back Pain; Exploratory/Developmental Grant for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Studies of Humans; Outcomes, Cost-Effectiveness, and the Decision Making Process to Use Complementary and Alternative Medicine; and Omics and Variable Research Responses to CAM: Secondary Analysis for CAM Clinical Trials.

#### Portrait of a Program – CAM Component of the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS)

FY 2009 \$1.750 million FY 2010 \$1.750 million Change \$0.000 million

To define research needs, priorities, and future directions for CAM research, it is essential to characterize and understand the patterns and trends in use of CAM by Americans. NCCAM leads a trans-NIH initiative to obtain the most comprehensive and reliable information available about CAM use in the United States through the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). The NHIS, carried out by the CDC, is a national survey that annually monitors the Nation's health through personal interviews of a representative sample of the civilian, non-institutionalized U.S. population. In 2007, CAM-related questions were posed to about 30,000 randomly selected NHIS participants. Data from the survey, which became available late in FY 2008, provide insights into the types of CAM people use, the reasons for which they turn to CAM, and the patterns of use. The 2007 data included information on CAM use among children.

Important observations from the data include the following:

- Almost 40 percent of adults surveyed reported using some form of CAM during the previous 30 days.
- Back pain was, by far, the most frequently cited reason for CAM use. Pain and pain-related problems make up half of the top 20 reasons for using CAM.
- Among specific CAM modalities, the largest increases in use compared to the 2002 NHIS data were reported for meditation, massage, and yoga.
- CAM use in the previous 30 days was more common among Whites, Asians, and Native Americans (ranging from 40-50%) than among African American and Latino groups (approximately 25%).
- The largest increases in CAM use were among Americans over 85 years of age.
- CAM use remains more common among individuals with chronic or serious illness, those with higher educational levels, and those between the ages of 50-59.
- Preliminary data indicate that CAM use by children was less than and different in type than adult use, and that children were more likely to use CAM approaches if their parents did also.

#### Portrait of a Program: Product Integrity in CAM Clinical Research

FY 2009 \$0.250 million FY 2010 \$0.250 million Change \$0.000 million

Herbal medicines, dietary supplements, and probiotics are the most frequently used and widely available CAM products in the United States. However, evidence from rigorous preclinical and clinical research and development to support their use is often lacking. Research on the safety, efficacy, and mechanisms of action of these products present many challenges. First, natural products are inherently variable and may consist of complex mixtures containing many individual components. For example, the time and location of plant growth or harvesting may affect significantly the composition of herbal medicines, which in turn may influence the ultimate biological effects of the product. Second, natural products can be contaminated by substances that alter metabolism or cause adverse effects. For these and other reasons, careful attention to documentation of the sources, composition, and integrity of these products are essential in ensuring that they are safe and that research with them yields valid – and importantly – reproducible results.

To address these challenges, NCCAM has established a quality control program for herbal medicines, dietary supplements, probiotics, and similar products used in NCCAM-supported research. Prior to funding of research grant awards, NCCAM requires that investigators submit information documenting the source, composition, and process of production of the product to be studied. These building blocks of information, critical to the integrity of the research, are reviewed by a panel of scientific experts, the NCCAM Product Integrity Working Group (PIWG). The PIWG's mission is to ensure that the particular product to be used in NCCAM-funded research meets specific criteria of analysis and quality before a grant is issued. Investigators are also required to present a plan to reserve samples for future verification or analyses, should it be needed.

From its establishment in 2006 through the end of FY 2008, NCCAM's product integrity initiative has evaluated product information for more than 220 research projects. The program is now widely recognized for its rigor, and for the standard of excellence that it sets for the field of natural product research. Most important, the program ensures that the ensuing research will be optimally designed, rigorously conducted, and maximally authoritative.

Extramural Research Training and Capacity Building. The basic, translational, and clinical research required to develop the evidence base for CAM cannot be developed without the expertise of CAM practitioners working in partnership with conventional researchers. To increase the number, quality, and diversity of investigators who conduct research on CAM, NCCAM supports a variety of training and career development activities for pre-doctoral and post-doctoral students, CAM practitioners, and conventional medical researchers and practitioners. In FY 2008, NCCAM awarded new training and career development awards, and continued the partnership with the Bernard Osher Foundation to support research career development for CAM health professionals. The program's eligibility was expanded to include individuals from a broader range of professional backgrounds.

**Budget Policy:** The FY 2010 budget estimate for extramural research training and capacity building is \$11.368 million, an increase of \$152 thousand or 1.4 percent above the FY 2009 estimate. To address the ongoing need to build and sustain CAM research capacity, NCCAM will make awards under its ongoing training initiatives that target CAM and conventional investigators at various

stages of their careers, including the Ruth L. Kirschstein National Research Service Awards for Individual Predoctoral Fellowship Training in Complementary and Alternative Medicine, Mentored Patient-Oriented Research Career Development Award, Midcareer Investigator Award in Patient-Oriented Research, and the Bernard Osher Foundation/NCCAM CAM Practitioner Research Career Development Award.

Intramural Research. NCCAM's Division of Intramural Research (DIR) conducts basic, translational, and clinical research on a range of CAM modalities, including dietary supplements and acupuncture, and provides a Complementary and Integrative Medicine Consult Service to provide advice on the appropriate role of CAM interventions for patients who are participating in NIH Clinical Center research protocols (<a href="http://nccam.nih.gov/consultservice/">http://nccam.nih.gov/consultservice/</a>). In FY 2009, NCCAM will carry out a comprehensive assessment by an independent expert panel of the scientific contributions and future directions for the DIR.

**Budget Policy:** The FY 2010 budget estimate for intramural research is \$7.744 million, an increase of \$114 thousand or 1.5 percent above the FY 2009 estimate. The DIR will continue to conduct research investigations on selected CAM therapies and provide services through the Complementary and Integrative Medicine Consult Service.

**Research Management and Support (RMS).** Through its RMS activities, NCCAM continued to fund meritorious basic, clinical, and translational research and research training efforts, and the Center has also continued its health information dissemination and education/outreach activities, such as the *Time To Talk* outreach initiative (http://nccam.nih.gov/timetotalk/).

**Budget Policy:** The FY 2010 budget estimate for RMS is \$15.244 million, an increase of \$262 thousand or 2.0 percent above the FY 2009 enacted level. In FY 2010, NCCAM will continue *Time To Talk* outreach and establish a portal on the NCCAM website (<a href="www.nccam.nih.gov">www.nccam.nih.gov</a>) to provide health care providers with easy access to CAM information, such as research publications and professional societies' CAM practice guidelines.

**Budget Authority by Object** 

Budget Autilo	Tity by Object			
	FY 2009	FY 2010	Increase or	Percent
	Estimate	PB	Decrease	Change
Total compensable workyears:				
Full-time employment	64	65	1	1.6
Full-time equivalent of overtime and holiday hour		0	0	0.0
i dii-tiirie equivalent of overtime and noliday nodi	U	U	U	0.0
Average ES salary	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0
	12.2	12.2		0.0
Average GM/GS grade	12.2	12.2	0.0	0.0
Average GM/GS salary	\$89,570	\$91,361	\$1,791	2.0
Average salary, grade established by act of	φοσ,στο	ψο 1,00 1	Ψί,/Οί	2.0
July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207)	\$79,392	\$80,980	¢1 500	2.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	' '		\$1,588	
Average salary of ungraded positions	150,332	153,339	3,007	2.0
				_
	FY 2009	FY 2010	Increase or	Percent
OBJECT CLASSES	Estimate	Estimate	Decrease	Change
Personnel Compensation:				
11.1 Full-time permanent	\$5,046,000	\$5,268,000	\$222,000	4.4
11.3 Other than full-time permanent	1,688,000	1,757,000	69,000	4.1
11.5 Other personnel compensation	209,000	219,000	10,000	4.8
11.7 Military personnel	142,000	146,000	4,000	2.8
11.8 Special personnel services payments	235,000	242,000	7,000	3.0
Total, Personnel Compensation	7,320,000	7,632,000	312,000	4.3
12.0 Personnel benefits	1,789,000	1,866,000	77,000	4.3
12.2 Military personnel benefits	148,000	154,000	6,000	4.1
13.0 Benefits for former personnel	0	0	0,000	0.0
Subtotal, Pay Costs	9,257,000	9,652,000	395,000	4.3
21.0 Travel and transportation of persons	271,000	278,000	7,000	2.6
22.0 Transportation of things	29,000	29,000	0 0	0.0
23.1 Rental payments to GSA	29,000	29,000	0	0.0
23.2 Rental payments to others	-	_	0	0.0
	4,000	4,000	U	0.0
23.3 Communications, utilities and	454.000	457.000	2 000	4.0
miscellaneous charges	154,000	157,000	3,000	1.9
24.0 Printing and reproduction	69,000	70,000	1,000	1.4
25.1 Consulting services	404,000	408,000	4,000	1.0
25.2 Other services	3,383,000	3,416,000	33,000	1.0
25.3 Purchase of goods and services from	40.074.005	40.00=.00=	(00.00=)	
government accounts	12,074,000	12,005,000	(69,000)	-0.6
25.4 Operation and maintenance of facilities	125,000	127,000	2,000	1.6
25.5 Research and development contracts	5,222,000	5,310,000	88,000	1.7
25.6 Medical care	0	0	0	0.0
25.7 Operation and maintenance of equipment	68,000	67,000	(1,000)	-1.5
25.8 Subsistence and support of persons	0	0	0	0.0
25.0 Subtotal, Other Contractual Services	21,276,000	21,333,000	57,000	0.3
26.0 Supplies and materials	516,000	520,000	4,000	0.8
31.0 Equipment	336,000	345,000	9,000	2.7
32.0 Land and structures	0	0	0	0.0
33.0 Investments and loans	0	0	0	0.0
41.0 Grants, subsidies and contributions	93,559,000	94,853,000	1,294,000	1.4
42.0 Insurance claims and indemnities	0	0	0	0.0
43.0 Interest and dividends	0	0	0	0.0
44.0 Refunds	0	0	0	0.0
Subtotal, Non-Pay Costs	116,214,000	117,589,000	1,375,000	1.2
Total Budget Authority by Object	125,471,000	127,241,000	1,770,000	1.4
Total Budget Additiontly by Object	123,771,000	121,271,000	1,770,000	1.4

Includes FTEs which are reimbursed from the NIH Roadmap for Medical Research

#### **Salaries and Expenses**

	iliu Expeliaca			
OD 1507 OL 40050	FY 2009	FY 2010	Increase or	Percent
OBJECT CLASSES	Estimate	PB	Decrease	Change
Personnel Compensation:				
Full-time permanent (11.1)	\$5,046,000	\$5,268,000	\$222,000	4.4
Other than full-time permanent (11.3)	1,688,000	1,757,000	69,000	4.1
Other personnel compensation (11.5)	209,000	219,000	10,000	4.8
Military personnel (11.7)	142,000	146,000	4,000	2.8
Special personnel services payments (11.8)	235,000	242,000	7,000	3.0
Total Personnel Compensation (11.9)	7,320,000	7,632,000	312,000	4.3
Civilian personnel benefits (12.1)	1,789,000	1,866,000	77,000	4.3
Military personnel benefits (12.2)	148,000	154,000	6,000	4.1
Benefits to former personnel (13.0)	0	0	0	0.0
Subtotal, Pay Costs	9,257,000	9,652,000	395,000	4.3
Travel (21.0)	271,000	278,000	7,000	2.6
Transportation of things (22.0)	29,000	29,000	0	0.0
Rental payments to others (23.2)	4,000	4,000	0	0.0
Communications, utilities and				
miscellaneous charges (23.3)	154,000	157,000	3,000	1.9
Printing and reproduction (24.0)	69,000	70,000	1,000	1.4
Other Contractual Services:				
Advisory and assistance services (25.1)	404,000	408,000	4,000	1.0
Other services (25.2)	3,383,000	3,416,000	33,000	1.0
Purchases from government accounts (25.3)	7,628,000	7,545,000	(83,000)	-1.1
Operation and maintenance of facilities (25.4)	125,000	127,000	2,000	1.6
Operation and maintenance of equipment (25.)	68,000	67,000	(1,000)	-1.5
Subsistence and support of persons (25.8)	0	0	0	0.0
Subtotal Other Contractual Services	11,608,000	11,563,000	(45,000)	-0.4
Supplies and materials (26.0)	516,000	520,000	4,000	8.0
Subtotal, Non-Pay Costs	12,651,000	12,621,000	(30,000)	-0.2
Total, Administrative Costs	21,908,000	22,273,000	365,000	1.7

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH
National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine

		Authorizin	Authorizing Legislation			
	PHS Act/ Other Citation	U.S. Code Citation	2009 Amount Authorized	FY 2009 Estimate	2010 Amount Authorized	FY 2010 PB
Research and Investigation	Section 301	42§241	Indefinite		Indefinite	
National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine	Section 402(a)	42§281	Indefinite	\$125,471,000	Indefinite	\$127,241,000
Total Budget Authority				125.471.000		127.241.000
I otal, Duaget Aumoning				000,114,021		UVV, 1 F 2, 1 2 1

**Appropriations History** 

Fiscal Year	Budget Estimate to Congress	House Allowance	Senate Allowance	Appropriation
	_			
2001	71,362,000 <u>2/</u>	78,880,000	100,089,000	89,211,000
Rescission				(54,000)
2002	100,063,000	99,288,000	110,000,000	104,644,000
Rescission				(52,000)
2003	112,547,000	112,547,000	114,149,000	114,149,000
Rescission				(742,000)
2004	116,202,000	116,202,000	117,092,000	117,752,000
Rescission				(774,000)
2005	121,116,000	121,116,000	121,900,000	123,116,000
Rescission				(1,011,000)
2006	122,692,000	122,692,000	126,978,000	122,692,000
Rescission				(1,227,000)
2007	120,554,000	120,554,000	121,982,000	121,576,000
Rescission				0
2008	121,699,000	123,380,000	124,213,000	121,577,000
Rescission				(2,162,000)
Supplemental				647,000
2009	121,695,000	125,878,000	125,082,000	125,471,000
Rescission				0
2010	127,241,000			

<sup>1/</sup> Reflects enacted supplementals, rescissions, and reappropriations.

<sup>2/</sup> Excludes funds for HIV/AIDS research activities consolidated in the NIH Office of AIDS Research.

#### **Details of Full-Time Equivalent Employment (FTEs)**

OFFICE/DIVISION	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 PB
Office of the Director	3	3	3
Office of Administrative Operations	13	13	13
Office of Communication and Public Liaison	7	7	7
Office of Science Policy, Planning and Evaluation	5	5	5
Division of Extramural research and Training	15	14	15
Office of Scientific Review	6	6	6
Office of International Health Research	2	2	2
Office of Special Populations	1	1	1
Office Clinical and Regulatory Affairs	3	3	3
Division of Intramural Research	12	10	10
Total	67	64	65
Includes FTEs which are reimbursed from the NIH Roadm	nap for Medic	al Research	
FTEs supported by funds from Cooperative Research			
and Development Agreements	(0)	(0)	(0)
FISCAL YEAR	Avera	age GM/GS (	Grade
2006		11.8	
2007		12.2	
2008		12.2	
2009		12.2	
2010		12.2	

#### **Detail of Positions**

GM/GS-14 GM/GS-13 GS-12 GS-11 GS-10 GS-9 GS-9 GS-8 GS-7 GS-6 GS-7 GS-6 GS-5 0 0 0 0 0 GS-9 GS-4 1 1 1 1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 G				
Total, ES Positions Total, ES Salary  GM/GS-15  GM/GS-14  GM/GS-13  GS-12  GS-11  GS-10  GS-9  GS-8  GS-7  GS-8  GS-7  GS-6  GS-5  GS-6  GS-5  GS-4  GS-1  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-1  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-4  GS-3  GS-4  GS-3  GS-4  GS-1  GS-3  GS-2  GS-4  GS-7  GS-8  GS-8  GS-9  GS-8  GS-9  GS-8  GS-9  GS-9  GS-8  GS-9  GS-8  GS-9  G	CDADE			
Total, ES Salary  GM/GS-15  GM/GS-14  GM/GS-13  GS-12  GS-11  GS-10  GS-9  GS-8  GS-8  GS-7  GS-6  GS-6  GS-5  GS-4  GS-1  GS-1  GS-2  GS-1  Subtotal  GRades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):  Assistant Surgeon General  Director Grade  Senior Grade  Full Grade  Senior Assistant Grade  1 1 1 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		Actual	Estimate	ГБ
GM/GS-15 GM/GS-14 GM/GS-13 GS-12 GS-11 GS-10 GS-9 GS-8 GS-7 GS-6 GS-7 GS-6 GS-5 GS-4 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1 GS-1	•			
GM/GS-14 GM/GS-13 GS-12 GS-12 GS-11 GS-10 GS-9 GS-9 GS-8 GS-7 GS-6 GS-7 GS-6 GS-5 O GS-9 GS-4 DI				
GM/GS-13 GS-12 GS-11 GS-10 GS-10 GS-9 GS-9 GS-8 GS-7 GS-6 GS-7 GS-6 GS-5 0 0 0 0 0 GS-9 GS-1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				6
GS-12       7       6       6         GS-11       4       4       4         GS-10       0       0       0         GS-9       3       2       2         GS-8       0       0       0         GS-7       3       2       2         GS-6       0       0       0         GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of       0       0       0         July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1				
GS-11       4       4       4       6 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>18</td>				18
GS-10 GS-9 GS-8 GS-7 GS-6 GS-5 GS-4 GS-3 GS-2 GS-1 Subtotal  Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):  Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade Senior Assistant Grade  Full Grade Senior Assistant Grade  Director Grade Senior Assistant Grade  Senior Assistant Grade  1 COMMAND  O				6
GS-9       3       2       2         GS-8       0       0       0         GS-7       3       2       2         GS-6       0       0       0         GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       3       3       2         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0       0         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1       1		-	-	4
GS-8       0       0       0         GS-7       3       2       2         GS-6       0       0       0         GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       3       54         Assistant Surgeon General       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1				0
GS-7       3       2       2         GS-6       0       0       0         GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-2       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General       0       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1				2
GS-6       0       0       0         GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-2       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0         Senior Grade       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1				0
GS-5       0       0       0         GS-4       1       1       1         GS-3       0       0       0         GS-2       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1				2
GS-4       1       1       1       6       6       6       3       0       1		0		0
GS-3       0       0       0         GS-2       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1		0	0	0
GS-2       0       0       0         GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1		1	1	1
GS-1       0       0       0         Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       0       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1       1		0	0	0
Subtotal       56       53       54         Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):       0       0       0         Assistant Surgeon General Director Grade       1       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1       1       1		0	0	0
Grades established by Act of July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):  Assistant Surgeon General 0 0 0 Director Grade 1 1 1 1 Senior Grade 0 0 0 0 Full Grade 0 0 0 0 Senior Assistant Grade 1 1 1	GS-1			0
July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):         Assistant Surgeon General       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       1	Subtotal	56	53	54
Assistant Surgeon General       0       0       0         Director Grade       1       1       1         Senior Grade       0       0       0         Full Grade       0       0       0         Senior Assistant Grade       1       1       0	Grades established by Act of			
Director Grade 1 1 1 Senior Grade 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	July 1, 1944 (42 U.S.C. 207):			
Senior Grade 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Assistant Surgeon General	0	0	0
Full Grade 0 0 0 C Senior Assistant Grade 1 1 1	Director Grade	1	1	1
Senior Assistant Grade 1 1	Senior Grade	0	0	0
	Full Grade	0	0	0
Assistant Grade 0 0 0	Senior Assistant Grade	1	1	1
	Assistant Grade	0	0	0
Subtotal 2 2 2	Subtotal	2	2	2
Ungraded 24 24 24	Ungraded	24	24	24
Total permanent positions 57 57	Total permanent positions	57	57	57
Total positions, end of year 82 82	Total positions, end of year	82	82	82
Total full-time equivalent (FTE)	Total full-time equivalent (FTE)			
employment, end of year 67 64 65	employment, end of year	67	64	65
Average ES salary 0 0 0	Average ES salary	0	0	0
		12.2	12.2	12.2
		85,484	89,570	91,361

Includes FTEs which are reimbursed from the NIH Roadmap for Medical Research.

#### **New Positions Requested**

	FY 2010		
	Grade	Number	Annual Salary
Health Science Administrator	13	1	\$88,022
Total Requested		1	