



$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$  Status: \*\*\*  
 $I, J, P$  need confirmation.

In the quark model  $\Sigma_b^+, \Sigma_b^0, \Sigma_b^-$  are an isotriplet ( $uub, udb, ddb$ ) state. The lowest  $\Sigma_b$  ought to have  $J^P = 1/2^+$ . None of  $I, J,$  or  $P$  have actually been measured.

### $\Sigma_b$ MASS

#### $\Sigma_b^+$ MASS

| VALUE (MeV)                                       | DOCUMENT ID           | TECN | COMMENT                    |
|---|-----------------------|------|----------------------------|
| <b>5807.8 ± 2.7 OUR FIT</b>                       |                       |      |                            |
| <b>5807.8<sup>+2.0</sup><sub>-2.2</sub> ± 1.7</b> | <sup>1</sup> AALTONEN | 07K  | CDF $p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV |

#### $\Sigma_b^-$ MASS

| VALUE (MeV)                 | DOCUMENT ID           | TECN | COMMENT                    |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------|----------------------------|
| <b>5815.2 ± 2.0 OUR FIT</b> |                       |      |                            |
| <b>5815.2 ± 1.0 ± 1.7</b>   | <sup>1</sup> AALTONEN | 07K  | CDF $p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV |

<sup>1</sup> Observed four  $\Lambda_b^0 \pi^\pm$  resonances in the fully reconstructed decay mode  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$ , where  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$ .

### $\Sigma_b$ DECAY MODES

| Mode                             | Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ ) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| $\Gamma_1 \quad \Lambda_b^0 \pi$ | dominant                       |

### $\Sigma_b$ BRANCHING RATIOS

| $\Gamma(\Lambda_b^0 \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT                    | $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$ |
|---|-------------|------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>dominant</b>                                 | AALTONEN    | 07K  | CDF $p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV |                   |

### $\Sigma_b$ REFERENCES

AALTONEN 07K PRL 99 202001 T. Aaltonen *et al.* (CDF Collab.)