

AFCARS DISABILITY/SPECIAL NEEDS TABLE

The following table lists several medical/emotional conditions that may be mapped to AFCARS for foster care data elements #11-15 and adoption data elements #11-15. This is not an exhaustive list of all conditions that a State may be using in a State's Information System. If a State includes other chronic disease categories, or other mental health/behavior diagnoses, and wants to have its mapping reviewed, contact the National Resource Center for Child Welfare Data and Technology (NRC-CWDT) (www.nrcwdt.org). In some instances, the ICD-9 code is included.

#11 Mental Retardation: "Significantly subaverage general cognitive and motor functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior manifested during the developmental period that adversely affect a child's/youth's socialization and learning."

Down Syndrome
Borderline Intellectual Functioning
Hydrocephalus
Microcephaly
Mental Redardation (all degrees)

#12 Visually /Hearing Impaired: "Having a visual impairment that may significantly affect educational performance or development; or a hearing impairment, whether permanent or fluctuating, that adversely affects educational performance."

Blindness and Low Vision (ICD-9: 369)
Cataracts
Congenital anomaly of the eye
Glaucoma
Diabetic Retinopathy
Retinal Detachment and Defects (ICD-9: 361)
Visual Disturbances (ICD-9: 368)
Deaf
Hearing Loss (ICD-9: 389)

#13 Physically Disabled: "A physical condition that adversely affects the child's day-to-day motor functioning, such as cerebral palsy, spina bifida, multiple sclerosis, orthopedic impairments, and other physical disabilities."

Arthritis
Brittle Bones/Osteogenesis Imperfectus
Cerebral Palsy
Chronic Motor Tic Disorder
Club Foot
Diplegia
Multiple Sclerosis
Muscular Dystrophy
Myasthenia Gravis
Paralysis - Paraplegic, Quadriplegic, Diplegic
Poliomyelitis

Rheumatoid Arthritis (juvenile)
Spina bifida

#14 Emotionally Disturbed: "A condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree: An inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships; inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances; a general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression; or a tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal problems. The term includes persons who are schizophrenic or autistic. The term does not include persons who are socially maladjusted, unless it is determined that they are also seriously emotionally disturbed. The diagnosis is based on the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders Third Edition) (DSM III) or the most recent edition." [Note: the current edition is DSM-IV.]

Adjustment Disorders

Attention Deficit and Disruptive Disorders:

ADD

ADHD

Conduct Disorder

Oppositional Defiant Disorder

Anxiety Disorders:

Agoraphobia

Obsessive Compulsive Disorder

Panic Disorder including Generalized Panic Disorder

Phobias

Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

Separation Anxiety Disorder

Eating Disorders:

Anorexia Nervosa

Bulimia

Impulse Control Disorder

Mood Disorders:

Bipolar Disorder

Cyclothymic Disorder

Depressive Disorders

Dysthymic Disorder

Personality Disorders:

Antisocial Personality Disorder

Avoidant Personality Disorder

Borderline Personality Disorder

Dependent Personality Disorder

Histrionic Personality Disorder

Obsessive Compulsive Personality Disorder

Paranoid Personality Disorder

Schizoid Personality Disorder

Schizotypal Personality Disorder

Reactive Attachment Disorder

Schizophrenic and Other Psychotic Disorders:

Delusional Disorder

Psychotic Disorder

Schizophrenia
Schizophreniform Disorder
Schizoaffective Disorder
Somatoform Disorder
Tourette Syndrome

#15 Other Medically Diagnosed Condition: "Conditions other than those noted above which require special medical care such as chronic illnesses. Included are children diagnosed as HIV positive or with AIDS."

Aplastic Anemia
Asperger's Syndrome
Asthma*
Autistic Disorder
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
Blood disorder that required hospitalization once a month
Cancers
Childhood Disintegrative Disorder (Pervasive Developmental Disorder)
Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Cleft palate
Coagulation Defects
Congenital cystic lung
Congenital heart anomaly
Crohn's disease
Cushing's syndrome
Cystic Fibrosis
Diabetes
Disorders Involving The Immune Mechanism (code 279)
Encephalopathy
Epilepsy
Fetal alcohol syndrome
Fetal drug addiction
Heart murmur, vigorous activity curtailed
Heart disease
Hemophilia
Hypertension
Human Immunodeficiency Hiv Disease (HIV)
Human T-Cell Lymphotropic Virus-III
Other Human T-Cell Lymphotropic Virus-III
Immunodeficiency
Kidney disease
Klienefelter's syndrome
Learning Disability
Leukemia
Liver disease
Lupus
Malignant Neoplasms (Malignant tumors)
Misplaced facial feature
Organic Brain Syndrome

Pancreatic Disease
Pervasive Developmental Disorders Not Otherwise Specified
Rett Disorder
Sarcomas
Seizure Disorder
Sickle cell anemia
Shaken Infant Syndrome
Late Effects Of Tuberculosis (ICD-9: 137)
Nutritional deficiency