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Section 1

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2008 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- This project is important because very little information on tribal offenses has been reported.
- Reportable information was available on 43 of the 47 tribal agencies for at least one of the years from 2004-2008.
- Tribal agencies furnishing information for this report had very high offense clearance rates with 60.7 percent of all crimes cleared in 2004, 87.6 percent cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, 55.9 percent in 2007, and 61.4 percent in 2008. The overall average for the five years is 58.0%. In considering the aggregate results for the five years, the offenses with the highest clearance rates included: homicide (87.0%), elderly abuse (86.0%), disorderly conduct (80.6%), drunkenness (80.0%), child abuse (78.4%), liquor laws (75.2%), and aggravated assault (74.7%).
- The aggregate clearance rates reported by the tribes were significantly higher for each of the eight Index crimes than it was for all reporting agencies in the U.S., non-metropolitan agencies in the U.S., and law enforcement agencies in the Western U.S.
- In considering the total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol was involved in about one-third of the offenses.
- As would be expected the direct substance use crimes of drunkenness (85.8%), liquor laws (74.3%), and DWI (72.3%) had the highest percent of alcohol involvement. Alcohol use for non-direct alcohol offenses was most common for: disorderly conduct (68.9%), elderly abuse (58.1%), child abuse (56.1%), homicide (55.0%), attempted forcible rape (52.1%), aggravated assault (48.9%), and assault (46.2%).
- Outside of direct drug violations (74.4%), the influence of drug use was most common for: prostitution/commercialized vice (17.4%), attempted suicide (7.5%), stolen property (7.3%), completed suicide (7.1%), elderly abuse (7.0%), and homicide (7.0%).
- The most commonly reported offenses (outside ‘All Other Offenses’) were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, DWI, suspicious person report, assault, and domestic violence.
- Index crime rates for the combined tribal groups were: 2004 (2933), 2005 (3182) 2006 (3413), 2007 (3443), and 2008 (2472). These rates were relatively low when compared with the overall United States rates of 3977 for 2004, 3901 for 2005, 3809 for 2006 and 3731 for 2008.

III. INTRODUCTION

According to the 2000 census, American Indians and Alaska Natives account for about 1.5 percent or 4.3 million people in the United States. Most (2.5 million) of these listed “American Indian” or “Alaska Native” as their only racial category, while some (1.8 million) indicated “American Indian” or “Alaska Native” along with one or more additional race categories. It is estimated that nearly half (43.5%) of all American Indians/Alaska Natives reside on Federal reservations or in a tribal statistical area during the 2000 Census.¹ The percents by state of American Indian or Alaska Native for the states covered in this report are: Alaska (16.0%), Washington, (1.7%), Idaho (1.4%), Oregon (1.4%), Montana (6.5%), and Wyoming (2.4%).²

The offense information for the report was provided by the Office of Law Enforcement and Security within District 5 of the Bureau of Indian Affairs in Billings, Montana. District 5 includes three regions (Mountain, Northwest, and Juneau) with 47 Tribes, covering the states of Montana, Wyoming, Alaska, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon.

The report is segmented into three separate reports. The first Section presents the overall results, the second Section provides information by each of the six states, and third Section presents information by tribe or special law enforcement agency. Information for all three Sections is presented as general results, illustrating the information that was collected and sent. Little comparison and contrasts are made, because of the varying years the information was reported, along with possible different data collection procedures from year to year.

¹ 2000 Census, U.S. Census Bureau

² 2006 State QuickFacts, U.S. Census Bureau

IV. OVERALL RESULTS

Offenses Reported by Tribal Law Enforcement Agencies

As reported in Table 1, offenses for 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 were available for 43 tribal law enforcement agencies located in the six western states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Alaska, Montana, and Wyoming. Some (13 of the 43) agencies submitted offense reports for all five years, 18 submitted information four of the five years, 4 submitted information three of the five years, 5 sent in offense data two of the five years, and 3 agencies reported offense information for only one year.

Table 1 – Listing of Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies and the Number of Offenses Reported

Law Enforcement Unit	State	Submitted 2004 Report: Yes, No	Format 2004: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2005 Report: Yes, No	Format 2005: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2006 Report: Yes, No	Format 2006-2008: Monthly, Yearly, Quarterly	Submitted 2007 Report: Yes, No	Submitted 2008 Report: Yes, No
1. Blackfeet Agency	MT	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
3. Chehalis PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
4. Coeur d'Alene Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
5. Columbia River Gorge	OR	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
6. Colville Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	No Report
7. Coquille PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Yes
8. Crow Agency	MT	No Report		Yes	Quarterly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
9. Flathead Tribal PD	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
10. Fort Belknap PD	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	No Report	Yes
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	MT	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
13. Hoh River Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
15. La Push "Quileute"	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
16. Lummi Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Monthly	No Report		No Report	Yes

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17. Makah Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	AK	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	ID	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	No Report
21. Northern Cheyenne	MT	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
22. Pacific Northwest Columbia River	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report		No Report	No Report
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
24. Puget Sound Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	No Report
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
26. Quinault Nation Police	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Yes
28. Siletz Tribal Police	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Yes
29. Skokomish PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
30. Spokane Agency	WA	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report		Yes	Yes
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Yes
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		No Report	Yes
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	OR	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	WA	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Yes
36. Wind River Agency	WY	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
37. Yakama Nation Police	WA	Yes	Monthly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	WA	No Report		Yes	Yearly	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes

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39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	MT	Yes#	Yearly	No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
40. Olympic Peninsula	WA	No Report		No Report		Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes
41. Warm Springs	OR	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	Yes
42. Klamath Tribes	OR	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	No Report
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	WA	No Report		No Report		No Report		Yes	Yes

#Received in 2006. The information was incomplete and was entered or used for total results only.

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Offenses Reported by Tribal Law Enforcement Agencies by Year

Offenses reported for each agency by year are reported in Table 2. Because of missing information for some units, uniform overall trend results are sketchy. The number of reporting agencies varied between 27 in 2004 and 36 in 2008. More detailed information about trends by agencies is outlined in Section 3 [Tribal Summaries] of the report.

Table 2 – Total Number of Offenses Reported by Agency for 2004-2008

Law Enforcement Unit	State	Off 2004	Off 2005	Off 2006	Off 2007	Off 2008
1. Blackfeet Agency	MT		18,634	45,607	31,051	10,710
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	OR	56	139	41	95	61
3. Chehalis PD	WA	996	758	765	883	859
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	ID	1125	1158	1906	4958	2738
5. Columbia River Gorge	OR		39	283	261	251
6. Colville Tribal PD	WA		22			
7. Coquille PD	OR	45	65		63	75
8. Crow Agency	MT		54	6266	6981	8045
9. Flathead Tribal PD	MT	4325	219	2314	3098	2520
10. Fort Belknap PD	MT	2684	1622	1420		990
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	ID	6422	223	9972	10,219	6729
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	MT	5859		2631	4047	3984
13. Hoh River Agency	WA	13	27	116	231	423
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	WA		219	149	177	98
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	WA	795	250	224	258	90
16. Lummi Tribal PD	WA		468			890
17. Makah Tribal PD	WA		287	589	522	325
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	AK	570	469	392	373	317
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	ID	532	502	1184	1196	1722
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	WA	333	39			
21. Northern Cheyenne	MT	5213	5702	4258	4403	4455
22. Columbia River Pacific NW	WA	103				
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	WA		161	450	447	367
24. Puget Sound Agency	WA	49	52			
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	WA	3382	2160	1150	1809	2487
26. Quinault Nation Police	WA	2722		3429	2527	3960
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	WA	12	87		34	23
28. Siletz Tribal Police	OR	236	240		315	244
29. Skokomish PD	WA	894		542	793	370
30. Spokane Agency	WA	546	594	933	965	487

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31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	WA	213			179	243
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	WA		647		814	684
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	WA	3122	5063			1210
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	OR	774	917	980	372	140
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	WA	326	247		30	232
36. Wind River Agency	WY		4767	6317	4535	3538
37. Yakama Nation Police	WA	3313		2985	2510	2827
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	WA		187	166	223	326
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	MT			1747	2394	2295
40. Olympic Peninsula	WA			41	104	213
41. Warm Springs	OR				3590	2754
42. Klamath Tribes	OR				0	
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	WA				46	18
Total Number of Reported Offenses		44,660	46,018	96,877	90,505	67,770
Number of Reporting Agencies		27	32	28	36	38

Off = Offenses Reported

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Offenses Cleared by Agency

The table below (Table 3) lists the number of offenses reported and the number of offenses that were ‘cleared.’ An offense is cleared in several ways including when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense, and turned over to a court for prosecution. Also, a clearance by arrest can be claimed when an offender is under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. Additionally, an offense can be "cleared exceptionally" when an investigation has definitely established the identity of an offender, and the exact location of an offender is known, but for some reason (i.e., offender is deceased, offender cannot be extradited, etc.), law enforcement cannot take the offender into custody.

Overall, the percent of offenses cleared was very good for these tribal agencies with 60.7 percent of all crimes cleared in 2004, 87.6 percent cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, 55.9 percent in 2007, and 61.4 percent in 2008. The overall average for the five years is 58.0%. In considering the total percent cleared for all years, some (41.9%) agencies reported clearance rates of greater than 70 percent. Thorough law enforcement practices and personal knowledge of local residents and family relationships contributed to the high clearance rates.

Table 3 – Listing of Crimes Committed/Crimes Cleared by Agency

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Crimes Cleared 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Crimes Cleared 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Crimes Cleared 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Crimes Cleared 2007	Number of Crimes 2008	Crimes Cleared 2008	Overall Percent Cleared 04-08
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	18,625	45,607	15,741	31,051	22,039	10710	10710	63.3%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal	56	56	139	139	41	36	95	85	61	61	96.2%
3. Chehalis PD	996	996	758	758	765	765	883	115	859	830	81.3%
4. Coeur d’ Alene	1125	550	1158	581	1906	520	4958	1839	2738	1772	44.3%
5. Columbia River Gor			39	33	283	253	261	250	251	230	91.8%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	18							81.8%
7. Coquille PD	45	28	65	20			63	19	75	35	41.1%
8. Crow Agency			54		6266		6981	2	8045	3046	14.5%
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	4285	219	219	2314		3098	400	2520	901	46.5%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	2395	1622	1599	1420	1388			990	951	94.3%
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	713	223	87	9972	1500	10,219	1610	6729	900	14.3%
12. Fort Peck Sioux	5859	5859			2631	2354	4047	3729	3984	3673	94.5%
13. Hoh River Agency	13	3	27	17	116	64	231	210	423	390	84.4%

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14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	219	149	67	177	176	98	15	74.2%
15. La Push “Quileute”	795	283	250	108	224	97	258	104	90	63	40.0%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468	75					890	622	51.3%
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	229	589	171	522	251	325	195	49.1%
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	554	469	469	392	233	373	373	317	313	91.6%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	456	502	412	1184	598	1196	661	1722	624	53.6%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	133	39	4							36.8%
21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	4290	5702	5674	4258	4132	4403	3851	4455	3757	90.3%
22. NW Columbia River	103	98									95.1%
23. Port Gamble			161	118	450	61	447	0	367	0	12.6%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49	45	52	39							83.2%
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382	278	2160	1632	1150	829	1809	1102	2487	1903	52.3%
26. Quinault Nation	2722	412			3429	1440	2527	1233	3960	2033	40.5%
27. Sauk Suiattle	12	3	87	2			34	17	23	5	17.3%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	101	240	231			315	143	244	114	56.9%
29. Skokomish PD	894	401			542	228	793	458	370	197	48.9%
30. Spokane Agency	546	337	594	366	933	521	965	133	487	45	39.8%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal	213	198					179	150	243	192	85.0%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647				814	106	684	86	9.0%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122	2247	5063	3027					1210	0	56.1%
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	670	917	739	980	921	372	372	140	114	87.8%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal	326	128	247	247			30	0	232	194	68.1%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	4499	6317	5597	4535	3939	3538	1287	80.0%
37. Yakama Nation	3313	1574			2985	1706	2510	1668	2827	1598	56.3%
38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	125	166	59	223	121	326	248	61.3%
39. Rocky Boy’s					1747	1745	2394	2383	2295	2275	99.5%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	35	104	87	213	202	90.5%
41. Warm Springs							3590	2937	2754	1968	77.3%
42. Klamath Tribes							0	0			0.0%
43. Jamestown							46	0	18	0	0.0%
Total of All Units	44660	27093	46018	40311	96,877	41,061	90,503	50,563	67,700	41549	58.0%
Overall Total: % Offenses Cleared		2004: 60.7%		2005: 87.6%		2006: 42.4%		2007: 55.9%		2008: 61.4%	Overall

Alcohol Use and Crime

The rate of alcohol use as a contributing factor in the commission of crimes, ranged greatly among the reporting agencies for all offenses reported between 2004 and 2008 with rates varying between 0.0 percent and 88.1 percent. See Table 4 below. Overall, offenses involving alcohol use for all crimes was 22.3 percent in 2004, 58.4 percent in 2005, 30.4 percent in 2006, 27.9 percent in 2007 and 36.1 percent in 2008. The combined rate of 33.5 percent for all five years is less than the national level of about 40 percent of all crimes (violent and non-violent) that are committed under the influence of alcohol.³

Table 4 - Alcohol Involvement in Crime Commission

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Percent Alcohol Involved 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Percent Alcohol Involved 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Percent Alcohol Involved 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Percent Alcohol Involved 2007	Number of Crimes 2008	Percent Alcohol Involved 2008
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	85.8%	45,607	28.8%	31,051	18.0%	10,710	33.2%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	56	50.0%	139	30.2%	41	53.7%	95	70.5%	61	80.3%
3. Chehalis PD	996	12.0%	758	20.0%	765	16.2%	883	14.9%	859	9.2%
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	1125	17.5%	1158	15.4%	1906	11.8%	4958	20.0%	2738	35.2%
5. Columbia River Gorge			39	15.4%	283	0%	261	1.1%	251	0.0%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	18.2%						
7. Coquille PD	45	8.9%	65	12.3%			63	9.5%	75	6.7%
8. Crow Agency			54		6266	3.8%	6981	14.2%	8045	44.6%
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	14.0%	219	22.8%	2314	22.4%	3098	29.2%	2520	34.4%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	60.8%	1622	53.7%	1420	71.7%			990	57.5%
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	18.3%	223	13.9%	9972	9.8%	10,219	10.6%	6729	12.2%
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	5859				2631	57.5%	4047	61.6%	3984	62.9%
13. Hoh River Agency	13		27	18.5%	116	0.9%	231	0.0%	423	2.1%
14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	10.0%	149	16.8%	177	26.0%	98	25.5%
15. La Push "Quileute"	795	20.9%	250	27.2%	224	24.1%	258	15.9%	90	32.2%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468						890	20.3%
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	22.0%	589	25.1%	522	27.2%	325	32.3%

³Alcohol and Crime, Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Department of Justice, 1998

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18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	76.5%	469	49.9%	392	0.0%	373	33.5%	317	2.8%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	40.6%	502	24.7%	1184	27.4%	1196	37.3%	1722	21.0%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	8.4%	39	12.8%						
21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	64.7%	5702	62.8%	4258	88.1%	4403	80.5%	4455	84.2%
22. N.W. Columbia River	103									
23. Port Gamble Sklallam			161	58.4%	450	8.8%	447	1.3%	367	3.5%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49		52							
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382		2160	8.8%	1150	8.3%	1809	5.6%	2487	6.3%
26. Quinault Nation Police	2722	7.1%			3429	11.1%	2527	3.9%	3960	3.4%
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	12	0.0%	87	1.1%			34	11.8%	23	17.4%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	3.8%	240	16.3%			315	0.6%	244	0.4%
29. Skokomish PD	894	21.4%			542	13.1%	793	13.1%	370	11.1%
30. Spokane Agency	546	40.7%	594	31.8%	933	12.7%	965	21.3%	487	8.6%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	213	11.7%					179	19.0%	243	22.2%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647	26.0%			814	5.0%	684	7.5%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122		5063	11.6%					1210	0.0%
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	18.6%	917	23.8%	980	18.7%	372	21.0%	140	0.0%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	326	20.6%	247	10.1%			30	0.0%	232	36.6%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	82.4%	6317	71.9%	4535	73.2%	3538	64.0%
37. Yakama Nation Police	3313	34.2			2985	29.4%	2510	40.2%	2827	37.5%
38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	0.0%	166	0.0%	223	0.0%	326	0.0%
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa					1747	63.3%	2394	63.5%	2295	67.4%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	0.0%	104	0.0%	213	0.0%
41. Warm Springs							3590	58.0%	2754	53.6%
42. Klamath Tribes							0			
43. Jamestown S'Klallam							46	0.0%	18	0.0%
Total of All Units	44660	22.3%	46018	58.4%	96,877	30.4%	90,503	27.9%	67,700	36.1%

If alcohol use was not reported for one year but was for another, the numbers of offenses for the missing years were not used in the tabulation of the overall percent rate: Hoh River (2004), Puyallup (2004), Tulalip (2004). Ft. Peck (2004), Puget Sound (2004, 2005), and Lummi (2005).

Drug Use and Crime

Overall, drug use was reported to be a factor in 2.7 percent of all offenses in 2004, 4.8 percent in 2005, and 1.6 percent of all offenses reported in 2006, 2.5 percent in 2007 and 3.5 percent in 2008 for a five-year total of 2.8 percent. See Table 5. The rate of drug influence in the commission of crimes varied significantly by the reporting agencies with rates ranging from 0.0 percent to 27.6 percent. Agencies located in western Washington and Oregon tended to report the highest overall rates of drug use associated with the commission of crimes.

Table 5 - Drug Involvement in Crime Commission

Law Enforcement Unit	Number of Crimes 2004	Percent Drugs Involved 2004	Number of Crimes 2005	Percent Drugs Involved 2005	Number of Crimes 2006	Percent Drugs Involved 2006	Number of Crimes 2007	Percent Drug Involved 2007	Number of Crimes 2008	Percent Drug Involved 2008
1. Blackfeet Agency			18,634	0.7%	45,607	0.3%	31,051	0.1%	10710	0.4%
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	56	0.0%	139	12.2%	41	4.9%	95	1.1%	61	0.0%
3. Chehalis PD	996	5.7%	758	7.3%	765	7.2%	883	7.7%	859	9.8%
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	1125	2.6%	1158	3.8%	1906	4.4%	4958	9.1%	2738	27.6%
5. Columbia River Gorge			39	7.7%	283	0.0%	261	0.0%	251	0.0%
6. Colville Tribal PD			22	13.6%						
7. Coquille PD	45	4.4%	65	0.0%			63	3.2%	75	1.3%
8. Crow Agency			54	0.0%	6266	0.1%	6981	0.3%	8045	0.5%
9. Flathead Tribal PD	4325	1.9%	219	2.7%	2314	0.2%	3098	1.5%	2520	1.4%
10. Fort Belknap PD	2684	7.5%	1622	13.5%	1420	7.3%			990	8.6%
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	6422	0.7%	223	10.3%	9972	0.6%	10,219	0.8%	6729	0.2%
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	5859				2631	2.1%	4047	2.7%	3984	3.2%
13. Hoh River Agency	13	0.0%	27	0.0%	116	0.0%	231	1.7%	423	0.0%
14. Kalispell Tribal PD			219	13.7%	149	13.4%	177	16.9%	98	18.4%
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal	795	4.9%	250	8.0%	224	5.8%	258	13.2%	90	18.9%
16. Lummi Tribal PD			468						890	6.3%
17. Makah Tribal PD			287	11.8%	589	7.6%	522	7.5%	325	13.2%
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	570	3.0%	469	1.9%	392		373	2.7%	317	0.0%
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	532	7.5%	502	6.4%	1184	6.5%	1196	7.9%	1722	4.7%
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	333	9.3%	39	0.0%						

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21. Northern Cheyenne	5213	3.2%	5702	2.5%	4258	2.9%	4403	2.9%	4455	3.4%
22. Columbia River	103									
23. Port Gamble Sklallam			161	17.4%	450	2.7%	447	0.7%	367	1.1%
24. Puget Sound Agency	49		52	1.9%						
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	3382	0.0%	2160	6.5%	1150	6.1%	1809	6.9%	2487	6.3%
26. Quinault Nation Police	2722	2.2%			3429	5.9%	2527	1.9%	3960	1.8%
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	12	0.0%	87	1.1%			34	2.9%	23	0.0%
28. Siletz Tribal Police	236	6.4%	240	24.2%			315	0.3%	244	0.8%
29. Skokomish PD	894	21.9%			542	5.4%	793	6.6%	370	10.8%
30. Spokane Agency	546	5.9%	594	7.7%	933	3.4%	965	4.9%	487	1.4%
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	213	22.1%					179	13.4%	243	6.6%
32. Suquamish Tribal			647	6.0%			814	1.0%	684	0.9%
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	3122		5063	18.8%					1210	0.0%
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	774	8.8%	917	8.0%	980	8.0%	372	8.6%	140	0.0%
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	326	5.2%	247	2.4%			30	0.0%	232	3.0%
36. Wind River Agency			4767	2.1%	6317	1.6%	4535	4.0%	3538	4.8%
37. Yakama Nation Police	3313	1.4%			2985	3.1%	2510	3.1%	2827	3.8%
38. Nooksack Tribal PD			187	0.0%	166	0.0%	223	0.4%	326	0.0%
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa					1747	5.6%	2394	5.1%	2295	1.8%
40. Olympic Peninsula					41	0.0%	104	0.0%	213	0.0%
41. Warm Springs							3590	12.1%	2754	6.8%
42. Klamath Tribes							0			
43. Jamestown S'Klallam							46	0.0%	18	0.0%
Total of All Units	44,660	2.7%	46,018	4.8%	96,877	1.6%	90,503	2.5%	67,700	3.5%

If drug use was not reported for one year but was for another, the numbers of offenses for the missing years were not used in the tabulation of the overall percent rate: Hoh River (2004), Puyallup (2004), Tulalip (2004). Ft. Peck (2004), Puget Sound (2004), and Lummi (2005).

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Type of Offenses - Violent, Property, Substance Use Violations, and Other Offenses by Agency

Of the crimes reported for 2004-2008, 1.6 percent of the offenses were violent crimes, 4.2 were property crimes, and 22.5 percent involved substance use violations. See definitions for violent offenses, property offenses, and substance use violations at the bottom of Table 6.

Table 6 – Numbers and Percents of Total for Different Types of Offenses: 2004-2008

Agency	Violent Crimes 2004-2008	Property Crimes 2004-2008	Substance Violations 2004-2008	Other Offenses 2004-2008	Total Offenses 2004-2008
1. Blackfeet Agency	1868	2431	16521	85182	106002
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	8	3	176	205	392
3. Chehalis PD	12	400	410	3439	4261
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	349	390	1741	9405	11885
5. Columbia River Gorge	4	11	24	795	834
6. Colville Tribal PD	4	2	4	12	22
7. Coquille PD	8	56	24	160	248
8. Crow Agency	142	550	10418	10236	21346
9. Flathead Tribal PD	515	1023	3028	7910	12476
10. Fort Belknap PD	106	190	1723	4697	6716
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	132	291	5259	27883	33565
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	347	725	2952	12497	16521
13. Hoh River Agency	4	34	13	759	810
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	11	57	171	404	643
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	42	134	279	1182	1637
16. Lummi Tribal PD	128	605	148	477	1358
17. Makah Tribal PD	37	61	214	1411	1723
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	12	26	1081	1002	2121
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	95	363	1330	3348	5136
20. Nisqually Tribal PD	28	53	46	245	372
21. Northern Cheyenne	204	190	14951	8686	24031
22. Pacific Northwest Columbia Riv	0	5	94	4	103
23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	56	170	190	1009	1425
24. Puget Sound Agency	5	5	39	52	101
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	91	1485	619	8793	10988
26. Quinault Nation Police	67	180	600	11791	12638
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	13	9	13	121	156
28. Siletz Tribal Police	9	163	92	771	1035
29. Skokomish PD	87	303	355	1854	2599
30. Spokane Agency	119	347	814	2245	3525
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	9	84	89	453	635
32. Suquamish Tribal	50	372	337	1386	2145
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	105	502	1445	7343	9395
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	112	519	436	2116	3183
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	3	37	87	708	835
36. Wind River Agency	309	188	5382	13278	19157
37. Yakama Nation Police	20	1805	1464	8346	11635

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38. Nooksack Tribal PD	93	242	155	412	902
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	188	86	2419	3743	6436
40. Olympic Peninsula	0	26	6	326	358
41. Warm Springs	218	448	2675	3003	6344
42. Klamath Tribes	0	0	0	0	0
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	3	0	8	53	64
Total	5613	14571	77832	247742	345758
Overall Percent	1.6%	4.2%	22.5%	71.7%	

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Total Offenses – All Agencies Combined

Specific offenses reported by the 43 tribal law enforcement agencies for the years of 2004-2008, and the total numbers of offenses for the five years are listed below in Table 7. The most commonly reported offenses (besides ‘All Other Offenses’) were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, DWI, suspicious person report, assault, and domestic violence.

Table 7 – Types of Offenses – Number of Offenses Reported – All Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total: 04-08
Homicide	13	14	28	20	25	100
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	2	1	6	4	2	15
Forcible Rape	70	65	75	81	77	368
Sex Offenses	179	98	143	156	173	749
Attempted Forcible Rape	12	26	36	21	24	119
Aggravated Assault	559	1195	1039	1194	866	4853
Assault	1385	2177	2194	1872	2594	10222
Domestic Violence	1296	1284	2197	2245	2395	9417
Child Abuse	613	721	624	640	631	3229
Elderly Abuse	42	1	0			43
Robbery	28	40	118	47	59	292
Burglary	761	718	888	972	837	4176
Vandalism	631	1103	1413	1618	1538	6303
Stolen Property	330	463	345	255	306	1699
Motor Vehicle Theft	426	611	509	754	579	2879
Larceny-Theft	1310	1464	1491	1540	1355	7160
Embezzlement	15	7	4	15	15	56
Forgery/Counterfeiting	183	251	161	241	224	1060
Fraud	89	108	88	138	138	561
Arson	39	46	61	87	123	356
DWI	1812	1417	2622	2921	3440	12212
Drug Violations	1077	1220	1313	1711	1377	6698
Liquor Laws	2132	2350	5020	3815	2883	16200
Drunkenness	4043	5132	10592	11430	11525	42722
Gambling	13	5	4	20	44	86
Disorderly Conduct	2413	5719	7045	5505	4580	25262
Curfew & Loitering	520	974	2807	1321	1614	7236
Suspicious Person Report	1329	1012	3459	2092	2687	10579
Prostitution/Commercialized	7	16	42	3	1	69
Weapons	175	151	444	355	274	1399
Completed Suicide	14	0	0			14
Attempted Suicide	104	21	8			133
Runaway < 18	596	776	878	591	543	3384
ARPA Violations	13	11	98	20	12	154
All Other Offenses	22,429	16,821	51125	48819	26759	165953
Total	44,660	46,018	96,877	90,503	67700	345758

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Alcohol Involvement in the Commission of Crimes

Alcohol use was involved in the commission of many of the offenses reported by the 43 tribal law enforcement agencies in Table 8. As would be expected the direct substance use crimes of drunkenness (85.8%), liquor laws (74.3%), and DWI (72.3%) had the highest percent of alcohol involvement. Alcohol use for non-direct alcohol offenses was most common for: disorderly conduct (68.9%), elderly abuse (58.1%), child abuse (56.1%), homicide (55.0%), attempted forcible rape (52.1%), aggravated assault (48.9%), and assault (46.2%).

National information reported for convicted offenders in state prisons indicated that alcohol was involved in 41.4 percent of murders, 32.7 percent of robberies, 41.6 percent of aggravated assault cases, 34.7 percent of reported burglaries, and 29.2 percent of larceny-theft offenses.⁴ The alcohol involvement rates by crime for the 43 tribal agencies for 2004-2008 were: murder (55.0%), robbery (22.6%), aggravated assault (48.9%), burglary (12.5%), and larceny-theft (11.0%).

Table 8 – Percent of Crimes Committed under the Influence of Alcohol

Offense	Percent Alcohol 2004	Percent Alcohol 2005	Percent Alcohol 2006	Percent Alcohol 2007	Percent Alcohol 2008	Alcohol Total 2004-2008
Homicide	23.1%	57.1%	60.7%	85.0%	40.0%	55.0%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	40.0%
Forcible Rape	22.9%	47.7%	60.0%	49.4%	41.6%	44.6%
Sex Offenses	11.7%	31.6%	19.6%	12.8%	22.5%	18.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	16.7%	88.5%	40.9%	57.1%	33.3%	52.1%
Aggravated Assault	17.5%	73.1%	49.2%	42.6%	44.1%	48.9%
Assault	26.7%	75.3%	40.0%	48.7%	35.7%	46.2%
Domestic Violence	28.2%	60.5%	39.7%	42.8%	34.8%	40.4%
Child Abuse	50.4%	74.1%	60.7%	38.9%	54.0%	56.1%
Elderly Abuse	59.5%	0.0%	0.0%			58.1%
Robbery	7.1%	15.0%	33.9%	23.4%	11.9%	22.6%
Burglary	3.0%	36.9%	8.9%	10.0%	6.9%	12.5%
Vandalism	5.9%	51.0%	15.9%	17.2%	17.6%	21.8%
Stolen Property	1.8%	15.8%	6.4%	1.6%	9.2%	7.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.8%	30.8%	9.0%	5.7%	7.9%	11.6%
Larceny-Theft	3.4%	30.9%	6.4%	7.9%	5.5%	11.0%
Embezzlement	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.5%	0.8%	0.6%	0.4%	2.2%	0.9%
Fraud	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%	1.4%
Arson	0.0%	6.5%	16.4%	10.3%	13.8%	11.0%
DWI	60.7%	97.0%	61.9%	76.5%	72.5%	72.3%
Drug Violations	10.3%	5.0%	16.1%	12.0%	13.0%	11.5%
Liquor Laws	66.9%	99.8%	70.3%	66.1%	76.6%	74.3%
Drunkenness	94.5%	99.8%	80.4%	79.7%	87.4%	85.8%
Gambling	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	2.3%
Disorderly Conduct	30.2%	91.2%	69.9%	66.8%	62.4%	68.9%
Curfew & Loitering	21.3%	8.0%	16.0%	9.0%	6.0%	11.8%

⁴ Alcohol and Crime: an analysis of national data on the prevalence of alcohol involvement in crime. Bureau of Justice Statistics, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice, 1998.

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Suspicious Person Report	5.3%	35.4%	2.5%	3.1%	4.2%	6.5%
Prostitution/Commercialized	14.3%	12.5%	28.6%	0.0%	0.0%	21.7%
Weapons	18.3%	47.0%	22.1%	17.7%	19.0%	22.6%
Completed Suicide	35.7%					35.7%
Attempted Suicide	26.9%	0.0%	0.0%			21.8%
Runaway < 18	3.2%	10.6%	7.6%	4.2%	2.6%	6.1%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	2.0%	35.0%	0.0%	21.4%
All Other Offenses	5.1%	39.9%	13.1%	8.0%	12.1%	13.1%
Total	22.3%	58.4%	30.4%	27.9%	36.1%	33.5%

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Drug Involvement in the Commission of Crimes

Drug use in the commission of crimes was substantially less than alcohol use, but was a contributing factor in 2.7 percent of the offenses in 2004, 4.8 percent of all reported offenses in 2005, 1.6 percent in 2006, 2.5 percent in 2007, and 3.5 percent in 2008.

There was an upward trend since 2005. See Table 9 below. The overall rate for the five years was 2.8 percent. Outside of direct drug violations (74.4%), the influence of drug use was most common for: prostitution/commercialized vice (17.4%), attempted suicide (7.5%), stolen property (7.3%), completed suicide (7.1%), elderly abuse (7.0%), and homicide (7.0%).

Table 9 – Percent of Crimes Committed under the Influence of Drugs

Offense	2004 Drug Percent	2005 Drug Percent	2006 Drug Percent	2007 Drug Percent	2008 Drug Percent	Drug Total 04-08
Homicide	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	7.0%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	6.7%
Forcible Rape	5.7%	6.2%	5.3%	9.9%	1.3%	5.7%
Sex Offenses	2.8%	3.1%	2.1%	3.2%	3.5%	2.9%
Attempted Forcible Rape	8.3%	0.0%	4.5%	4.8%	4.2%	3.4%
Aggravated Assault	3.0%	2.8%	2.9%	2.7%	6.8%	3.5%
Assault	2.3%	2.8%	1.9%	1.0%	1.0%	1.8%
Domestic Violence	2.5%	2.5%	1.8%	2.3%	2.6%	2.3%
Child Abuse	2.4%	1.2%	4.3%	5.2%	4.8%	3.5%
Elderly Abuse	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%			7.0%
Robbery	0.0%	20.0%	0.8%	8.5%	8.5%	6.2%
Burglary	0.9%	2.8%	1.1%	0.8%	2.5%	1.6%
Vandalism	1.4%	0.1%	1.6%	0.4%	1.4%	1.0%
Stolen Property	1.8%	17.3%	3.8%	4.7%	4.2%	7.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.5%	3.4%	0.6%	0.8%	0.5%	1.2%
Larceny-Theft	1.5%	5.4%	0.5%	1.2%	2.0%	2.1%
Embezzlement	13.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2.2%	7.2%	0.6%	2.9%	1.8%	3.2%
Fraud	10.1%	10.2%	1.1%	1.4%	2.2%	4.6%
Arson	0.0%	2.2%	3.3%	2.3%	3.3%	2.5%
DWI	7.7%	8.4%	3.3%	2.0%	2.9%	4.1%
Drug Violations	53.9%	98.7%	57.8%	79.4%	78.7%	74.4%
Liquor Laws	1.3%	0.6%	0.8%	1.6%	2.5%	1.3%
Drunkenness	7.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	1.2%	2.3%	0.7%	0.6%	1.9%	1.3%
Curfew & Loitering	2.1%	4.8%	0.3%	0.5%	2.5%	1.6%
Suspicious Person Report	2.6%	0.8%	0.7%	1.4%	0.9%	1.1%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	57.1%	37.5%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	17.4%
Weapons	2.9%	16.6%	2.0%	5.4%	6.6%	5.4%
Completed Suicide	7.1%	0.0%	0.0%			7.1%
Attempted Suicide	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%			7.5%
Runaway < 18	0.5%	2.7%	0.9%	0.2%	0.0%	1.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.7%	1.4%	0.5%	0.9%	2.2%	1.0%
Total	2.7%	4.8%	1.6%	2.5%	3.5%	2.8%

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Percent Offenses Cleared by Offense Category for All Reporting Agencies

As reported in Table 10, the tribal agencies furnishing information for this report had very high offense clearance rates with 60.7 percent cleared by arrest or exceptional means in 2004, 87.6 percent of the offenses cleared in 2005, 42.4 percent in 2006, 55.9 percent in 2007, and 61.4 percent in 2008, for an overall clearance rate of 58.0 percent. In considering the aggregate results for the five years, the offenses with the highest clearance rates included: homicide (87.0%), elderly abuse (86.0%), disorderly conduct (80.6%), drunkenness (80.0%), child abuse (78.4%), liquor laws (75.2%), and aggravated assault (74.7%).

Table 10 – Offenses Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means

Offense	Cleared 2004	Cleared 2005	Cleared 2006	Cleared 2007	Cleared 2008	Total Cleared: 04-08
Homicide	100.0%	85.7%	75.0%	85.0%	96.0%	87.0%
Manslaughter (non-negligence)	0.0%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	73.3%
Forcible Rape	78.6%	83.1%	68.0%	72.8%	70.1%	74.2%
Sex Offenses	50.3%	65.3%	46.2%	49.4%	47.4%	50.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	58.3%	76.9%	61.4%	71.4%	62.5%	66.4%
Aggravated Assault	86.9%	88.1%	59.4%	73.1%	68.9%	74.7%
Assault	61.4%	93.3%	48.4%	63.4%	67.2%	67.2%
Domestic Violence	74.2%	84.4%	51.1%	53.1%	68.4%	63.7%
Child Abuse	81.6%	88.5%	80.4%	72.0%	68.1%	78.4%
Elderly Abuse	85.7%	100.0%	0.0%			86.0%
Robbery	75.0%	70.0%	47.5%	63.8%	71.2%	60.6%
Burglary	42.0%	58.6%	40.3%	36.7%	45.4%	44.0%
Vandalism	52.0%	73.6%	49.6%	47.9%	61.3%	56.5%
Stolen Property	75.2%	74.9%	38.8%	45.5%	41.2%	57.2%
Motor Vehicle Theft	58.4%	54.0%	42.6%	46.4%	51.1%	50.1%
Larceny-Theft	50.3%	58.5%	35.9%	39.9%	43.2%	45.4%
Embezzlement	66.7%	0.0%	50.0%	26.7%	20.0%	46.4%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	43.7%	35.1%	43.5%	44.0%	42.9%	41.5%
Fraud	48.3%	53.7%	50.0%	26.1%	48.6%	44.2%
Arson	33.3%	32.6%	42.6%	34.5%	68.3%	47.2%
DWI	86.0%	95.2%	58.2%	69.5%	64.8%	71.2%
Drug Violations	86.3%	79.2%	72.0%	68.6%	71.0%	74.5%
Liquor Laws	97.7%	95.6%	70.9%	51.7%	80.6%	75.2%
Drunkenness	88.9%	99.4%	79.4%	74.3%	74.6%	80.0%
Gambling	92.3%	60.0%	25.0%	25.0%	27.3%	38.4%
Disorderly Conduct	85.4%	97.1%	77.8%	66.5%	79.0%	80.6%
Curfew & Loitering	88.5%	95.5%	34.6%	38.7%	56.0%	52.2%
Suspicious Person Report	25.8%	83.3%	20.6%	17.3%	32.2%	29.4%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	100.0%	87.5%	40.5%	33.3%	100.0%	58.0%
Weapons	50.3%	85.4%	49.5%	56.1%	50.4%	55.3%
Completed Suicide	57.1%					57.1%
Attempted Suicide	52.9%	0.0%	0.0%			45.1%
Runaway < 18	60.2%	90.7%	39.0%	51.8%	43.1%	57.5%
ARPA Violations	30.8%	81.8%	74.5%	95.0%	41.7%	71.4%
All Other Offenses	47.0%	86.5%	25.9%	52.3%	54.0%	47.2%
Total	60.7%	87.6%	42.4%	55.9%	61.4%	58.0%

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Agency Clearance Rates Compared with National Clearance Rates

In comparing clearance rates reported by various agencies in the U.S. with the 43 tribal agencies, it was found that the tribal agencies had much higher clearance rates for each offense listed below in Table 11. As previously indicated, the high clearance rates are indicative of thorough and professional law enforcement personnel, along with police officers having a good knowledge of individual reservation people, family members, and relationship patterns. From Table 11, it can be noted that the clearance rate for non-metro counties is also higher than the overall rates, illustrating that smaller populated areas (like many reservations) are better suited for identifying and finding suspects of offenses. The clearance rates for the combined tribal agencies were much higher for each comparative group for each offense.

Table 11 – Comparison of Clearance Rates

Offense	Clearance Rate All Reporting Agencies in the U.S. 2007	Clearance Rate Non-Metro Counties in the U.S. 2007	Clearance Rate All Reporting Agencies in the Western U.S. 2007	Clearance Rate 43 Tribal Agencies in Western U.S. 2004-2008
Homicide	61.2%	70.9%	56.8%	84.0%
Forcible Rape	40.0%	44.2%	37.8%	75.3%
Robbery	25.9%	39.4%	25.9%	57.9%
Aggravated Assault	54.1%	60.7%	49.9%	76.0%
Burglary	12.4%	15.4%	11.4%	43.6%
Larceny-Theft	18.6%	17.1%	17.0%	45.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	12.6%	23.7%	9.1%	50.6%
Arson	18.3%	23.7%	15.6%	36.1%

Sources: U.S. National and State-Crime in the United States, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, 2007 (Tables 25 and 26); Tribes: Region 5, BIA Offense Information

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Number of Reported Crimes: Overall – All Agencies

There were a total of 44,660 offenses reported in 2004, and juveniles committed 3207 (7.2%) of these. In 2005, 4286 (9.3%) of the 46,018 offenses were committed by juveniles. For 2006, 6.4 percent of the total reported offenses were committed by juveniles, while 5.3 percent of all reported offenses in 2007 were committed by juveniles. There were a total of 67,770 offenses reported in 2008, and juveniles committed 4554 (6.7%) of these. For the five-year period, 6.7 percent of the offenses were reported to be committed by juveniles. See Tables 12 and 13 below.

Tables 12 – Juveniles Compared with Overall Total

Type of Crime	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008	
	Juv*	All	Juv*	All	Juv*	All	Juv*	All	Juv*	All
Violent Crimes	16	670	146	1314	70	1260	75	1342	64	1027
Property Crimes	94	2536	142	2839	138	2949	153	3353	98	2894
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	955	9064	678	10,119	1501	19,547	1325	19,877	1257	19,225
All Other Offenses	2142	32,390	3320	31,746	4541	73,121	3207	65,931	3135	44,624
Total Offenses	3207	44,660	4286	46,018	6250	96,877	4760	90,503	4554	67,770

*Juv=Juvenile

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Percent of All Cases that were Juvenile: Overall – All Agencies

Overall, 6.7 percent of all reported crimes were committed by juveniles. From the Table 13 below, it can be noted that juveniles committed comparatively more violent offenses (6.6% of total) than property crimes (4.4% of total).

Table 13 – Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles

Type of Crime	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2004	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2005	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2006	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2007	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles 2008	Percent Offenses Committed by Juveniles Total 04-08
Violent Crimes	2.4%	11.1%	5.6%	5.6%	6.2%	6.6%
Property Crimes	3.7%	5.0%	4.7%	4.6%	3.4%	4.4%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	10.5%	6.7%	7.7%	6.7%	6.5%	7.3%
All Other Offenses	6.6%	10.4%	6.2%	4.9%	7.0%	6.6%
Total Offenses	7.2%	9.3%	6.4%	5.3%	6.7%	6.7%

Violent crimes as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property crimes as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Substance violations = DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

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Population Values for Index Crimes

One of the challenges in calculating Index crime rates for tribal agencies/reservations is the difficulty in obtaining denominator information. Some possible population values include: tribal enrollment, tribal members living on the reservation, tribal members living on or near the reservation, all American Indians living on the reservation, all American Indians living on or near the reservation, and all persons of any race/ethnicity living on the reservation. In this study, the American Indian population living on or near the reservation was used, because the information was available and because this population would be a good representation of persons likely to be on the reservation. The population numbers were obtained from the American Indian Populations and Labor Reports from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) for 2003 and 2005. The tribal enrollment information was available, but that amount could be much different than the number of persons residing on or near the reservations, which would be the better measure for calculating crime rates by population. The Columbia River Gorge, Olympic Peninsula, and Pacific Northwest Columbia River agencies are units that do not have a population estimate, but have BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. Puget Sound Agency is not associated with any tribe per se, but serves as a satellite BIA agency in the Seattle area. These four agencies provide specialized law enforcement duties in non-reservation areas. Population values by agency/tribe are reported in Table 14 below.

Table 14 – Population Comparisons

Agency	State	Tribal Enrollment 2005 Study	American Indian Population Living on or Near the Reservation 2003 Study	American Indian Population Living on or Near the Reservation 2005 Study
1.Blackfeet	MT	15,873	8,831	9,088
2.Burns Paiute	OR	341	257	241
3.Chehalis	WA	728	3,437	3,453
4.Coeur d' Alene	ID	1,968	1,210	1,251
5.Columbia River Gorge	OR			
6.Colville Tribal	WA	9,171	9,023	5,052
7.Coquille PD	OR	842	398	412
8.Crow Agency	MT	11,407	7,739	8,058
9.Flathead Tribal	MT	7,083	4,584	9,924
10.Fort Belknap	MT	6,304	4,834	6,035
11. Fort Hall Tribal	ID	4,796	13,947	13,547
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	MT	11,640	7,036	7,023
13.Hoh River Agency	WA	167	172	172
14. Kalispel Tribal	WA	380	198	185
15. La Push "Quileute"	WA	706	700	1,513
16. Lummi	WA	4,096	4,976	4,976
17. Makah	WA	2,534	1,237	1,304
18.Metlakatla	AK	2,144	1,211	1,211
19. Nez Perce	ID	3,338	1,839	1,978
20. Nisqually	WA	575	5,504	6,165
21.Northern Cheyenne	MT	8,798	5,068	4,986
22. Pacific Northwest	WA			

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23. Port Gamble - S'Klallam	WA	1,070	1,243	1,255
24. Puget Sound Agency	WA			
25. Puyallup	WA	3,547	22,995	24,016
26. Quinault	WA	2,454	3,203	3,203
27. Sauk Suiattle	WA	176	156	219
28. Siletz	OR	4,266	5,860	5,860
29. Skokomish	WA	750	1,393	1,393
30. Spokane Agency	WA	2,305	2,246	2,246
31. Stillaguamish	WA	182	182	182
32. Suquamish	WA	863	3,783	3,783
33. Tulalip	WA	3,731	3,604	2,869
34. Umatilla	OR	2,542	2,622	2,674
35. Upper Skagit	WA	928	304	271
36. Wind River Agency	WY	11,141	11,227	10,104
37. Yakama Nation	WA	9,822	16,317	16,815
38. Nooksack	WA	1,820	825	1,001
39. Rocky Boy's	MT	5,656	4,372	3,379
40. Olympic Peninsula	WA			
41. Warm Springs	OR	4,412	3,355	4,079
42. Klamath Tribes	OR	3,579	2,672	2,672
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tr	WA	526	1,192	1,192

Source: American Indian Populations and Labor Reports from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) for 2003 and 2005. Index calculations used the 2003 BIA values for the 2004-2007 calculations and the 2005 BIA values for the 2008 calculations. The 2005 information was just recently made available.

Crime Index Calculation Information

The population and crime measures for the calculation of crime index values are presented in Table 15.

Table 15 - Information for Crime Index Values

Tribe/Agency	State	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Index Crimes 2004	Index Crimes 2005	Index Crimes 2006	Index Crimes 2007	Index Crimes 2008
1. Blackfeet	MT		18634	45,607	31,051	10710		1666	1312	860	462
2. Burns Paiute	OR	56	139	41	95	61	5	6		0	0
3. Chehalis	WA	996	758	765	883	859	87	79	92	62	92
4. Coeur d' Alene	ID	1125	1158	1906	4958	2738	90	95	90	236	225
5. Columbia River Gorge*	OR		39	283	261	251					
6. Colville Tribal	WA										
7. Coquille	OR	45	65		63	75	6	29		79	16
8. Crow Agency	MT		54	6266	6981	8045		42	198	236	216
9. Flathead	MT	4325	219	2314	3098	2520	807	15	280	291	145
10. Fort Belknap	MT	2684	1622	1420		990	84	107	53		52
11. Fort Hall	ID	6422	223	9972	10,219	6729	39	93	161	102	28
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	MT	5859		2631	4047	3984	114		205	394	359
13. Hoh River Agency	WA	13	27	116	231	423	3	5	8	13	9
14. Kalispel	WA		219	149	177	98		11	18	21	18
15. La Push "Quileute"	WA	795	250	224	258	90	83	0	40	39	42#
16. Lummi	WA		468			890		468			265
17. Makah	WA		287	589	522	325			29	15	7
18. Metlakatla	AK	570	469	392	373	317	19	9	1	6	7
19. Nez Perce	ID	532	502	1184	1196	1722	75	26	123	122	112
20. Nisqually	WA	333	39				747	6			
21. Northern Cheyenne	MT	5213	5702	4258	4403	4455	21	61	128	77	108
22. Pacific NW Columbia River*	WA	103									
23. Port Gamble	WA		161	450	447	367		51	81	42	52
24. Puget Sound Agency*	WA	49	52								
25. Puyallup	WA	3382	2160	1150	1809	2487	240	341	171	358	466

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26. Quinault	WA	2722		3429	2527	3960	112		93	22	20
27. Sauk Suiattle	WA	12	87		34	23	12	5		4	2
28. Siletz Tribal	OR	236	240		315	244	25	31		61	55
29. Skokomish	WA	894		542	793	370	114		113	119	44
30. Spokane Agency	WA	546	594	933	965	487	85	118	157	85	33#
31. Stillaguamish	WA	213			179	243	33				33
32. Suquamish	WA		647		814	684		156		168	98
33. Tulalip	WA	3122	5063			1210	301	306			0
34. Umatilla	OR	774	917	980	372	140	160	138	197	193	78
35. Upper Skagit	WA	326	247		30	232	15	10		11	13
36. Wind River Agency	WY		4767	6317	4535	3538		133	103	154	107
37. Yakama Nation	WA	3313		2985	2510	2827	594		419	407	405
38. Nooksack	WA		187	166	223	326		78	78	81	98
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	MT			1747	2394	2295			60	84	130
40. Olympic Peninsula*	WA			41	104	213					
41. Warm Springs	OR				3590	2754				510	156
42. Klamath Tribes	OR				0						
43. Jamestown S'Klallam tribe	WA				46	18				3	0
Total		44,660	46,018	96,857^	90,503	67,700	3199*	4138*	4203*	4882*	
Adjusted for non-reporting units									4394*	4882*	

^20 off from total because 20 offenses were missing agency designation

*Non-land-based agencies (Columbia River, Pacific Northwest, Puget Sound, and Olympic Peninsula) not included in the calculation of the Index results. Index Crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including non-negligent manslaughter), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

#Pro-rated for non reported months

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Crime Index Rates

The main focus on the Crime Index Rate (Table 16) will be the overall rates for all reporting agencies, because tribal information was not uniformly available for all years. Small population bases and fluctuating numbers and procedures of reported crimes can result in spurious results. The overall Index Crime Rates for the reporting agencies for 2004 (2933), 2005 (3182), 2006 (3413), 2007 (3443), and 2008 (2472) were relatively low when compared with the overall United States rate of 3977 for 2004, 3901 for 2005, 3901 for 2006, and 3731 for 2007 [2008 rates have not yet been finalized].

Table 16 - Index Crime Rates

Agency	Index Crime Rate 2004	Index Crime Rate 2005	Index Crime Rate 2006	Index Crime Rate 2007	Index Crime Rate 2008
1.Blackfeet Agency		18865	14857	9738	5084
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	1946	2335	0	0	0
3. Chehalis PD	2531	2299	2677	1804	2664
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	7438	7851	7686	19504	17986
5. Columbia River Gorge					
6. Colville Tribal		66			
7. Coquille PD	1508	7286		19849	3883
8. Crow Agency		543	2558	3049	2681
9. Flathead Tribal PD	17604	327	6108	6348	1461
10 Fort Belknap PD	1738	2213	1303#		862
11. Fort Hall Tribal	280	667	1154	731	207
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	1620		3482#	5600	5112
13. Hoh River Agency	1744	2907	4651	7558	5233
14. Kalispel Tribal PD		5556	9091	10606	9730
15. La Push "Quileute" Tribal PD	11857		5714	5571	2776
16. Lummi Tribal PD		9405			5326
17. Makah Tribal PD		3800	2344	1213	537
18.Metlakatla Tribal PD	1569	743	83	495	578
19.Nez Perce Tribal PD	4078	1414	6688	6634	5662
20. Nisqually PD	1363	109			
21. Northern Cheyenne	414	1204	2526	1519	2166
22. Pacific NW Columbia River					
23. Port Gamble		4103	6516	3379	4143
24. Puget Sound Agency					
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	1044	1483	1287#	1557	1940
26. Quinault Nation Police	3497		2904	687	624
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	7692	3205		2564	913
28. Siletz Tribal Police	427	529		1041	939
29. Skokomish PD	8184		8112	8543	3159
30. Spokane Agency	3785	5254	6990	3785	1469
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	18132			14835	18132
32. Suquamish Tribal		4124		4441	2591

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33. Tulalip Tribal PD	8352	8491			0
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	6102	5263	7246	7361	2917
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	4934	3289		3618	4797
36. Wind River Agency		1185	917	1372	1059
37. Yakama Nation Police	3640		2568	2494	2409
38. Nooksack		9455	9455	9818	9790
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree			1738#	1921	3847
40. Olympic Peninsula					
41. Warm Springs				15201	3824
42. Klamath Tribes				0	
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe				252	0
Total	2933*	3182*	3413#	3443	2472

Index crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

Population values are from the American Indian population living on or near the reservations, as per BIA Labor Study.

#Adjusted Index crime rates was pro-rated for non-reported months.

*Adjusted from 2005's report to reflect changes in population and adjusting for non-reporting units.

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UCR Property and Violent Offense Rates

The Property and Violent offense rates, based on UCR criteria are listed below in Table 17. The sum of the Property rate and the Violent rate equals the Index rate. Sometimes the rounding of whole numbers results in Index values being different by one number.

Table 17 – Property and Violent Offense Rates – 2004-2008

Agency	Property Crime Rate 2004	Violent Crime Rate 2004	Property Crime Rate 2005	Violent Crime Rate 2005	Property Crime Rate 2006	Violent Crime Rate 2006	Property Crime Rate 2007	Violent Crime Rate 2007	Property Crime Rate 2008	Violent Crime Rate 2008
1. Blackfeet Agency			10395	8470	7995	6862	5390	4348	3653	1430
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	778	1167	389	1946			0	0	0	0
3. Chehalis PD	2444	87	2211	87	2560	116	1775	29	2635	29
4. Coeur d' Alene Tribal PD	7438	0	7107	744	7107	579	6364	13140	4077	13909
5. Columbia River Gorge										
6. Colville Tribal			22	44						
7. Coquille PD	1005	503	5779	1508			13819	6030	3883	0
8. Crow Agency			401	142	1848	711	2533	517	2234	447
9. Flathead Tribal PD	11299	6305	22	305	4908	1200	4058	2291	937	524
10. Fort Belknap PD	1283	455	1655	559	688#	615#			331	530
11. Fort Hall Tribal	129	151	366	301	954	201	545	186	96	111
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribes	824	796			2220#	1262#	3908	1691	3503	1609
13. Hoh River Agency	1744	0	581	2326	4651	0	7558	0	5233	0
14. Kalispel Tribal PD			3535	2020	7576	1515	10101	505	8108	1622
15. La Push "Quileute"	10143	1714			4714	1000	3000	2571	1785	991
16. Lummi Tribal PD			8059	1346					4100	1226
17. Makah Tribal PD			2102	1698	1213	1132	1051	162	537	0
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	826	743	495	248	83	0	495	0	248	330
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	2828	1251	1142	272	5057	1631	5546	1088	4803	859
20. Nisqually PD	890	472	73	36						
21. Northern Cheyenne	138	276	316	888	1006	1519	1046	474	1264	903

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22. Pacific NW Columbia River										
23. Port Gamble			2735	1368	5632	885	2011	1368	3267	876
24. Puget Sound Agency										
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	987	57	1387	96	1188#	99#	1470	87	1845	96
26. Quinault Nation Police	3060	437			1280	1623	656	31	624	0
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	1923	5769	1282	1923			1923	641	913	0
28. Siletz Tribal Police	392	34	461	68			1024	17	904	34
29. Skokomish PD	6748	1436			5671	2441	7107	1436	2225	933
30. Spokane Agency	2939	846	4185	1069	5699	1291	2137	1647	668	801
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	14286	3846					14286	549	17582	549
32. Suquamish Tribal			2987	1137			4414	26	2432	159
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	6992	1360	6937	1554					0	0
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	4043	2059	4844	420	6560	686	5111	2250	2057	860
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	4934	0	3289	0			2632	987	3690	1107
36. Wind River Agency			392	793	285	632	677	695	356	703
37. Yakama Nation Police	3616	25			2537	31	2476	18	2361	48
38. Nooksack			7515	1939	6788	2667	7394	2424	6294	3497
39. Rocky Boy's:Chippewa Cree					724#	1014#	435	1487	1243	2604
40. Olympic Peninsula										
41. Warm Springs							10164	5037	2623	1201
42. Klamath Tribes							0	0		
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe							0	252	0	0
Total	2321	612	2176	1006	2392	1021	2440	1003	1816	656

Index crimes = aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including manslaughter by non-negligence), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery.

Property crimes = burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Violent crimes = aggravated assault, forcible rape, homicide (including manslaughter by non-negligence), and robbery.

Population values are the American Indian population living on or near the reservations, as per BIA Labor Studies (2003 and 2005).

#Adjusted Property and Violent crime rates based on pro-rated non-reported months.

Calculation of Violent Crime Rate = number of violent offenses divided by jurisdiction population, and that number times 100,000.

Calculation of Property Crime Rate = number of property offenses divided by jurisdiction population, and that number times 100,000.

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Other Information Reported by the Law Enforcement Agencies - 2007

In addition to the offenses reported, other information was reported and made available for 2007, as presented below in Table 18. Overall, 153 assaults of officers were reported. There were very few reported incidences in the areas of: officers killed, hate crimes, illegal aliens contact, or kidnapping. There were a substantial number of traffic stops and other services reported by the agencies.

Table 18 – Other Information Reported by Law Enforcement - 2007

Law Enforcement Unit	Officers Killed	Officers Assaulted	Traffic -Not DWI	Hate Crimes	Illegal Aliens	Search and Rescue	Other Service	Kidnapping
1. Blackfeet Agency	0	1	1996	0	0	25	5409	0
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	0	0	34	0	0	0	5570	0
3. Chehalis PD	0	2	386	0	1	1	1478	0
4. Coeur d’ Alene Tribal PD	0	29	2071	3	3	2	20113	4
5. Columbia River Gorge	0	0	0	0	3	0	841	0
6. Colville Tribal PD								
7. Coquille PD	0	0	85	0	0	2	2	0
8. Crow Agency	0	4	1650	0	0	40	17608	0
9. Flathead Tribal PD	0	10	1295	1	5	4	19278	3
10. Fort Belknap PD								
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	0	14	1858	0	0	1	2319	0
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	0	37	558	0	0	0	0	0
13. Hoh River Agency	0	0	0	0	0	0	1109	0
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	0	0	81	0	0	0	193	0
15. La Push “Quileute” Tribal PD	0	2	166	0	0	4	120	0
16. Lummi Tribal PD								
17. Makah Tribal PD	0	0	102	0	1	0	170	0
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	0	3	215	0	0	2	0	0
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	0	10	245	0	0	1	1845	0
20. Nisqually Tribal PD								
21. Northern Cheyenne	0	24	170	0	0	3	24419	0
22. Columbia River								
23. Port Gamble Sklallam	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0

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Tribal PD								
24. Puget Sound Agency								
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	0	1	134	0	0	0	0	1
26. Quinault Nation Police	0	0	681	0	0	1	1	0
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	1	0	1	0	0	0	23	0
28. Siletz Tribal Police	0	0	75	0	0	0	0	0
29. Skokomish PD	0	2	148	0	0	0	4697	1
30. Spokane Agency	0	0	340	0	0	4	7656	0
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	0	0	133	0	0	0	247	0
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	0	0	384	0	0	0	0	0
33. Tulalip Tribal PD								
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	0	1	538	0	0	0	2466	0
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	0	0	17	0	0	0	38	0
36. Wind River Agency	0	1	197	0	0	0	5008	0
37. Yakama Nation Police	0	0	479	1	0	22	2159	0
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	0	1	69	0	0	0	7510	0
40. Olympic Peninsula	0	0	0	0	0	0	628	0
41. Warm Springs	0	11	366	3	0	6	898	1
42. Klamath Tribes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43. Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Total from All Agencies	1	153	14503	8	13	118	131805	10

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Other Information Reported by the Law Enforcement Agencies - 2008

Other information reported for 2008 by law enforcement agencies is presented below in Table 19. Overall, 146 assaults of officers were reported. There were very few reported incidences in the areas of: officers killed, hate crimes, or illegal aliens contact. There were a substantial number of traffic stops and other services reported by the agencies. In comparing the results of 2007 and 2008, it was noted that there were significant increases in 2008 for the reported number of traffic violations [14,503 to 20,585], search and rescue missions [118 to 1,397], other services [131,805 to 140,838], and kidnappings [10 to 37].

Table 19 – Other Information Reported by Law Enforcement - 2008

Law Enforcement Unit	Officers Killed	Officers Assaulted	Traffic -Not DWI	Hate Crimes	Illegal Aliens	Search and Rescue	Other Service	Kidnapping
1. Blackfeet Agency	0	5	3414	0	0	1068	10890	0
2. Burns Paiute Tribal PD	0	0	14	0	0	0	9462	0
3. Chehalis PD	0	0	441	0	0	0	1510	0
4. Coeur d’ Alene Tribal PD	0	25	2956	1	0	2	26604	6
5. Columbia River Gorge	0	0	0	0	0	0	725	0
6. Colville Tribal PD								
7. Coquille PD	0	0	255	0	0	3	16	0
8. Crow Agency	1	1	1312	0	0	35	18678	3
9. Flathead Tribal PD	0	6	1198	0	0	0	12563	0
10. Fort Belknap PD	0	2	37	0	0	3	38	1
11. Fort Hall Tribal PD	0	17	2272	0	0	0	0	1
12. Fort Peck Sioux Tribe	0	49	847	0	0	0	0	0
13. Hoh River Agency	0	0	0	0	0	0	861	0
14. Kalispell Tribal PD	0	0	178	0	0	0	1431	0
15. La Push “Quileute” Tribal PD	0	0	105	0	0	56	95	0
16. Lummi Tribal PD	0	12	299	0	0	0	0	0
17. Makah Tribal PD	0	1	55	0	0	0	90	0
18. Metlakatla Tribal PD	0	0	269	0	0	4	475	0
19. Nez Perce Tribal PD	0	9	865	0	0	3	1151	0
20. Nisqually Tribal PD								
21. Northern Cheyenne	1	13	184	0	0	5	24435	3
22. Columbia River								

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23. Port Gamble Sklallam Tribal PD	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0
24. Puget Sound Agency								
25. Puyallup Tribal PD	0	1	655	0	0	0	149	1
26. Quinault Nation Police	0	0	851	1	0	0	210	1
27. Sauk Suiattle Tribal PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
28. Siletz Tribal Police	0	0	132	0	0	0	0	0
29. Skokomish PD	0	0	206	0	0	1	2306	0
30. Spokane Agency	0	0	530	0	0	0	3151	0
31. Stillaguamish Tribal PD	0	0	173	3	0	3	364	0
32. Suquamish Tribal PD	0	2	318	0	0	0	0	1
33. Tulalip Tribal PD	0	0	1870	0	0	4	5224	0
34. Umatilla Tribal PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35. Upper Skagit Tribal PD	0	0	24	0	0	0	110	14
36. Wind River Agency	0	0	66	0	0	0	9554	0
37. Yakama Nation Police	0	0	399	0	0	205	1450	3
38. Nooksack Tribal PD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39. Rocky Boy's: Chippewa Cree	0	0	0	0	0	2	7947	0
40. Olympic Peninsula	0	0	0	0	0	0	508	0
41. Warm Springs	0	3	632	0	0	3	819	3
42. Klamath Tribes								
43. Jamestown S' Klallam Tribe	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Total from All Agencies	2	146	20585	5	0	1397	140838	37

V. Limitations

Information was not uniformly available for all tribal agencies for all years. While some agencies provided information for all years, others supplied offense information for only one year or two of the four years. For 2006, 2007, and 2008, monthly offense information was provided, allowing for an examination of missing data by month and pro-rating Index crime values. The annual or quarterly information was available for 2004 and 2005, but the data could not be checked for missing months.

In some cases, alcohol, drug, clearance, and juvenile information was not collected or reported for offenses. In a few cases, it was not possible to discern if zero (or missing data) referred to no occurrence of the situation (i.e., alcohol, drugs) or if zero (or missing data) indicated that the information was not collected or available. Given these conditions, it is very likely that there was an under-reporting of alcohol, drug, clearance, and juvenile rates. Information provided after 2005 was more complete than previous submissions.

These limitations should not be interpreted to mean that the results are invalid, because much of the data collected appeared to be well done. Caution should be used in interpreting results from agencies that vary greatly from year to year.

UCR data collection training should be conducted in each agency so that consistent data collection is provided for everyone.

VI. General Offense Definitions

These definitions may vary somewhat by state, tribe, or other jurisdiction.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

ARPA Violations: Violations of the Archaeological Resource Protection Act.

Arson: The crime of maliciously, voluntarily, and willfully setting fire to the building, buildings, or other property of another or of burning one's own property for an improper purpose, such as to collect insurance.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Curfew and Loitering: All arrests or offenses reported for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

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Crimes Against Persons: Crimes in this category include, homicide, manslaughter by non-negligence, forcible rape, attempted forcible rape, sex offenses, aggravated assault, assault, robbery, domestic violence, child abuse, and elderly abuse.

Disorderly Conduct: This refers to offenses resulting in a breach of the peace.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Driving While Intoxicated (DWI): Driving or operating any vehicle while under the influence of liquor or drugs.

Drunkenness: Drinking alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired (Excludes Driving Under the Influence and DWI).

Embezzlement: Misappropriation of money or property entrusted to one's care.

Forgery/Counterfeiting: Forgery and counterfeiting are treated as allied offenses. This classification includes all offenses dealing with the making, altering, or possessing forgeries or counterfeiting materials with intent to defraud.

Fraud: Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses.

Gambling: All offenses which relate to promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling activities.

Homicide - Manslaughter by Non-negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Homicide - Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Index Crimes: Offenses included are: aggravated assault, arson, burglary, forcible rape, homicide (including non-negligent manslaughter), larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and robbery. The Index Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated by dividing the number of Index offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Larceny/Theft: The unlawful taking of property from the possession of another and includes pick pocketing, purse snatching, shoplifting, bike theft, and theft from motor vehicles.

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Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle in which automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.

Property Crimes - General: This category of crimes includes: burglary, vandalism, stolen property, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, embezzlement, forgery/counterfeiting, fraud, and arson.

Property Crime – UCR: In the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program, property crime includes the offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. The object of the theft-type offenses is the taking of money or property, but there is no force or threat of force against the victims. The Property Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated dividing the number of property offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Prostitution/Commercialized Vice: Prostitution and Commercialized Vice include the unlawful promotion of, or participation in, sexual activities for profit, including attempts. Sex offenses of a commercialized nature includes: prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring, or transporting women for immoral purposes.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Rape (Forcible Rape): The carnal knowledge of a person by force and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity, or because of his/her age.

Runaway: When a juvenile has departed from some location within the local jurisdiction and the juvenile's parents or guardians have reported them as a runaway.

Sex Offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Stolen Property Offenses: Included in this classification are all offenses of buying, receiving and possessing stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

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Substance Use/Abuse Crimes: DWI, drug violations, liquor laws, and drunkenness.

Vandalism: Consists of the willful destruction or defacement of property.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Violent Crime - UCR: Violent crime is composed of four offenses: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. According to the UCR's definition, violent crimes involve force or threat of force. The Violent Crime Rate per 100,000 is calculated dividing the number of violent offenses by the jurisdiction's population and multiplying that number by 100,000.

Section 2

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2008 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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SECTION 2 – DATA SUMMARIZED BY STATE

Index, Violent, and Property Offense Rates by State

In considering the overall offense rates of the six states for 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008, it can be noted that Washington, Oregon, and Alaska have higher Index rates than the US average. Of the six states in the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) District #5, only Alaska has a higher Violent crime rate when compared to the US average. Oregon and Washington have the highest Property offense rates in the BIA District, easily exceeding the US average.

US and State Rates for Violent and Property Offenses

State	Violent 2004	Violent 2005	Violent 2006	Violent 2007	Property 2004	Property 2005	Property 2006	Property 2007
U.S.	463	469	474	467	3514	3432	3335	3264
Alaska	635	632	688	661	3383	3613	3605	3380
Idaho	245	257	247	239	2794	2698	2419	2247
Montana	294	281	254	288	2936	3143	2688	2765
Oregon	298	287	280	288	4631	4400	3672	3526
Washington	344	346	346	333	4849	4893	4480	4031
Wyoming	230	230	240	239	3334	3155	2981	2868

Source: <http://www.fbi.gov.ucr/>
 Rates are presented per 100,000.

US and State Rates for Index Offenses

State	Index 2004	Index 2005	Index 2006	Index 2007
U.S.	3977	3901	3809	3731
Alaska	4018	4245	4293	4041
Idaho	3039	2955	2666	2486
Montana	3230	3424	2942	3053
Oregon	4929	4687	3952	3814
Washington	5193	5239	4826	4364
Wyoming	3564	3385	3221	3107

Source: <http://www.fbi.gov.ucr/>
 Rates are presented per 100,000.

Aggregated Tribal Rates by State of those Reporting to District 5, BIA

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The tribal offense rates were tabulated [aggregated] by state, as presented in the table below. There is only one tribal agency in Alaska and one in Wyoming, and both submitted offense information. All seven tribal agencies in Montana reported offense data. There were seven tribal reporting agencies in Oregon, three in Idaho, and twenty-four in Washington.

The information for the tribal agencies was tabulated by state, as presented in the table below. It can be noted that the Property offense rates for the combined tribal agencies in 2007 by state were generally lower than the US rate and corresponding state rates. However, the Violent offense rates for the reporting tribal agencies by state were higher than the corresponding state rates, except for Washington and Alaska.

Tribal Agency Rates Aggregated by State

Tribal Agencies: State	Violent 2004	Violent 2005	Violent 2006	Violent 2007	Property 2004	Property 2005	Property 2006	Property 2007
U.S.	463	469	474	467	3514	3432	3335	3264
Alaska	743	248	0	0	826	495	83	495
Idaho	259	329	382	1222	941	930	1836	1520
Montana	1765	2721	2148	1520	3002	3368	3118	2485
Oregon	667	285	625	1612	1478	1948	5975	3759
Washington	292	473	354	250	2621	2320	2053	2229
Wyoming		793	632	695		392	285	677

Source for Tribal Information: Offenses reported in District 5, BIA
Rates are presented per 100,000.

The Index crime rates for the tribes by state in 2007 was lower for Alaska, Washington, and Wyoming, but higher in Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

Tribal Agency Rates Aggregated by State

Tribal Agencies: State	Index 2004	Index 2005	Index 2006	Index 2007
U.S.	3977	3901	3809	3731
Alaska	1569	743	83	495
Idaho	1200	1259	2218	2742
Montana	4767	6089	5266	4005
Oregon	2145	2233	6600	5371
Washington	2913	2793	2407	2479
Wyoming		1185	917	1372

Source for Tribal Information: Offenses reported in District 5, BIA
Rates are presented per 100,000.

Total Offenses-Montana Agencies

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The tribal agencies reporting in Montana included Blackfeet, Crow, Flathead, Fort Belknap, Fort Peck, Rocky Boy’s, and Northern Cheyenne.

There were 18,081 offenses reported in 2004, 26,231 reported in 2005, 64,243 in 2006, 51,974 in 2007, and 32,999 in 2008. The significant increase in offenses reported in 2006 was due to: Rocky Boy reporting in 2006 (and not 2005), and a large increase in the reported offenses for Blackfeet. The decline in 2008 of reported offenses was due to fewer offenses reported from the Blackfeet agency. The most commonly reported offenses, besides the catchall ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, liquor laws, DWI, curfew & loitering, and assault.

Table 1M – Total Offenses – Montana Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	8	0	15	12	17	52
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	1	5	1	2	10
Forcible Rape	34	28	45	44	45	196
Sex Offenses	69	16	46	52	31	214
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	16	18	15	18	68
Aggravated Assault	333	814	750	651	404	2,952
Assault	377	1,455	1,109	774	1472	5,187
Domestic Violence	595	603	1,142	1,129	1261	4,730
Child Abuse	357	303	402	307	372	1,741
Elderly Abuse	36	0	0			36
Robbery	5	3	102	30	30	170
Burglary	250	279	407	396	338	1,670
Vandalism	126	464	808	743	861	3,002
Stolen Property	89	41	193	111	94	528
Motor Vehicle Theft	33	194	183	261	186	857
Larceny-Theft	360	559	703	503	376	2,501
Embezzlement	1	0	2	1	0	4
Forgery/Counterfeiting	34	26	22	27	29	138
Fraud	3	16	17	12	20	68
Arson	2	13	31	45	76	167
DWI	909	653	1,540	1,630	2135	6,867
Drug Violations	255	242	459	469	344	1,769
Liquor Laws	1,352	1,571	3,847	1,894	1712	10,376
Drunkenness	2,652	4,294	8,430	8,569	9055	33,000
Gambling	10	1	3	12	2	28
Disorderly Conduct	1,659	4,386	5,886	4,565	3610	20,106
Curfew & Loitering	339	865	2,659	1,206	1455	6,524
Suspicious Person Report	12	398	2,024	805	1070	4,309
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	4	39	0	0	43
Weapons	34	64	268	183	118	667
Completed Suicide	3	0	0			3
Attempted Suicide	20	0	0			20
Runaway < 18	236	471	466	91	87	1,351
ARPA Violations	0	8	44	14	6	72
All Other Offenses	7,886	8,443	32,578	27,422	7,773	84,102
Total	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	32,999	193,528

Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Montana

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Alcohol use was involved in the commission of less than half (40.7%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Montana in 2004-2008. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: completed suicide (100.0%), disorderly conduct (70.8%), elderly abuse (69.4%), child abuse (66.2%), attempted forcible rape (55.9%), and aggravated assault (50.4%).

Table 2M - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Montana Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	75.0%	47.1%	50.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	100.0%	60.0%	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%
Forcible Rape	2.9%	67.9%	55.6%	50.0%	35.6%	42.3%
Sex Offenses	7.2%	56.2%	37.0%	15.4%	35.5%	23.4%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	93.8%	44.4%	66.7%	22.2%	55.9%
Aggravated Assault	5.7%	87.8%	49.3%	37.8%	34.4%	50.4%
Assault	14.3%	88.7%	30.8%	50.0%	31.0%	48.8%
Domestic Violence	22.5%	83.1%	37.7%	44.4%	35.5%	42.6%
Child Abuse	69.5%	83.5%	69.7%	46.9%	61.0%	66.2%
Elderly Abuse	69.4%					69.4%
Robbery	0.0%	12.5%	34.3%	20.0%	13.3%	27.1%
Burglary	1.2%	86.4%	11.5%	14.9%	8.9%	22.8%
Vandalism	9.5%	83.4%	19.6%	18.2%	20.2%	28.8%
Stolen Property	3.4%	65.9%	4.1%	0.0%	10.6%	9.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	3.0%	86.6%	9.3%	7.7%	14.0%	27.1%
Larceny-Theft	4.2%	77.1%	11.5%	10.7%	11.4%	25.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	10.3%	2.9%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	1.5%
Arson	0.0%	7.7%	16.1%	20.0%	17.1%	16.8%
DWI	45.9%	100.0%	56.0%	76.4%	70.0%	68.0%
Drug Violations	11.4%	14.0%	10.5%	15.4%	22.1%	14.6%
Liquor Laws	57.2%	100.0%	69.4%	56.2%	76.3%	71.2%
Drunkenness	99.9%	100.0%	80.6%	77.2%	90.0%	86.3%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	26.0%	95.0%	72.4%	67.5%	63.7%	70.8%
Curfew & Loitering	24.2%	4.9%	16.3%	6.6%	5.3%	11.0%
Suspicious Person Report	100.0%	79.1%	0.1%	4.8%	7.2%	10.9%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0.0%	0.0%	30.8%	0.0%	0.0%	30.2%
Weapons	20.6%	89.1%	22.8%	5.5%	14.4%	22.8%
Completed Suicide	100.0%					100.0%
Attempted Suicide	65.0%					65.0%
Runaway < 18	4.2%	4.2%	13.5%	3.3%	3.4%	7.3%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	4.5%	42.9%	0.0%	40.3%
All Other Offenses	7.8%	62.6%	13.0%	4.5%	16.4%	15.0%
Total	31.0%	78.1%	48.0%	29.0%	49.7%	40.7%

Montana – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

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Table 3M presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, offenses reported in 2008, total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of the crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: curfew & loitering, ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, drunkenness, runaway, and liquor laws.

Table 3M - Number of Offenses by Category – Montana Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	8	0	15	12	17	52	26	2	44	2
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	1	5	1	2	10	4	1	7	0
Forcible Rape	34	28	45	44	45	196	83	8	157	9
Sex Offenses	69	16	46	52	31	214	50	7	154	10
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	16	18	15	18	68	38	1	50	7
Aggravated Assault	333	814	750	651	404	2,952	1,489	37	2,380	194
Assault	377	1,455	1,109	774	1472	5,187	2,530	20	3,889	294
Domestic Violence	595	603	1,142	1,129	1261	4,730	2,014	63	3,321	162
Child Abuse	357	303	402	307	372	1,741	1152	55	1,530	25
Elderly Abuse	36	0	0			36	25	3	35	1
Robbery	5	3	102	30	30	170	46	7	100	1
Burglary	250	279	407	396	338	1,670	380	14	1130	121
Vandalism	126	464	808	743	861	3,002	866	16	2,090	622
Stolen Property	89	41	193	111	94	528	48	6	312	41
Motor Vehicle Theft	33	194	183	261	186	857	232	3	580	48
Larceny-Theft	360	559	703	503	376	2,501	624	37	1,746	119
Embezzlement	1	0	2	1	0	4	0	0	4	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	34	26	22	27	29	138	4	0	103	1
Fraud	3	16	17	12	20	68	1	8	39	1
Arson	2	13	31	45	76	167	28	5	118	20
DWI	909	653	1,540	1,630	2135	6,867	4,672	318	4,677	185
Drug Violations	255	242	459	469	344	1,769	259	1182	1176	142
Liquor Laws	1,352	1,571	3,847	1,894	1712	10,376	7,384	54	7,451	1224
Drunkenness	2,652	4,294	8,430	8,569	9055	33,000	28,494	115	26,470	1,337
Gambling	10	1	3	12	2	28	0	0	11	0
Disorderly Conduct	1,659	4,386	5,886	4,565	3610	20,106	14,239	94	16,719	2,092
Curfew & Loitering	339	865	2,659	1,206	1455	6,524	715	85	3,322	3,552
Suspicious Person Report	12	398	2,024	805	1070	4,309	470	3	977	8
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	4	39	0	0	43	13	1	19	2
Weapons	34	64	268	183	118	667	152	10	324	32
Completed Suicide	3	0	0			3	3	1	2	0
Attempted Suicide	20	0	0			20	13	2	19	4
Runaway < 18	236	471	466	91	87	1,351	99	2	924	1073
ARPA Violations	0	8	44	14	6	72	29	0	47	23
All Other Offenses	7,886	8,443	32,578	27,422	7773	84,102	12,631	298	46,153	2,525
Total	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	32,999	193,528	78,813	2,458	126,080	13,877

Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2008 – Montana Agencies

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 40.7 percent of all reported offenses. Most (65.1%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 7.2 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4M – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	50.0%	3.8%	53.8%	84.6%	3.8%
Manslaughter by Negligence	40.0%	10.0%	50.0%	70.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	42.3%	4.1%	46.4%	80.1%	4.6%
Sex Offenses	23.4%	3.3%	26.6%	72.0%	4.7%
Attempted Forcible Rape	55.9%	1.5%	57.4%	73.5%	10.3%
Aggravated Assault	50.4%	1.3%	51.7%	80.6%	6.6%
Assault	48.8%	0.4%	49.2%	75.0%	5.7%
Domestic Violence	42.6%	1.3%	43.9%	70.2%	3.4%
Child Abuse	66.2%	3.2%	69.3%	87.9%	1.4%
Elderly Abuse	69.4%	8.3%	77.8%	97.2%	2.8%
Robbery	27.1%	4.1%	31.2%	58.8%	0.6%
Burglary	22.8%	0.8%	23.6%	67.7%	7.2%
Vandalism	28.8%	0.5%	29.4%	69.6%	20.7%
Stolen Property	9.1%	1.1%	10.2%	59.1%	7.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	27.1%	0.4%	27.4%	67.7%	5.6%
Larceny-Theft	25.0%	1.5%	26.4%	69.8%	4.8%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2.9%	0.0%	2.9%	74.6%	0.7%
Fraud	1.5%	11.8%	13.2%	57.4%	1.5%
Arson	16.8%	3.0%	19.8%	70.7%	12.0%
DWI	68.0%	4.6%	72.7%	68.1%	2.7%
Drug Violations	14.6%	66.8%	81.5%	66.5%	8.0%
Liquor Laws	71.2%	0.5%	71.7%	71.8%	11.8%
Drunkenness	86.3%	0.3%	86.7%	80.2%	4.1%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	39.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	70.8%	0.5%	71.3%	83.2%	10.4%
Curfew & Loitering	11.0%	1.3%	12.3%	50.9%	54.4%
Suspicious Person Report	10.9%	0.1%	11.0%	22.7%	0.2%
Prostitution/Vice	30.2%	2.3%	32.6%	44.2%	4.7%
Weapons	22.8%	1.5%	24.3%	48.6%	4.8%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	33.3%	133.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	65.0%	10.0%	75.0%	95.0%	20.0%
Runaway < 18	7.3%	0.1%	7.5%	68.4%	79.4%
ARPA Violations	40.3%	0.0%	40.3%	65.3%	31.9%
All Other Offenses	15.0%	0.4%	15.4%	54.9%	3.0%
Total	40.7%	1.3%	42.0%	65.1%	7.2%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Montana

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5M.

Table 5M – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	380	845	912	737	496	3370
Property Crimes	645	1,045	1,324	1,205	976	5195
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	5,168	6,760	14,276	12,562	13246	52012
Total - All Offenses	18,081	26,231	64,243	51,974	32,999	193,528

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Montana

Violent offenses were more likely (48.8%) to have alcohol involvement than were Property offenses (24.3%).

Table 6M – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	5.3%	87.0%	48.1%	38.4%	33.7%	48.8%
Property Crimes	2.9%	80.5%	11.3%	11.8%	11.5%	24.3%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	74.8%	96.9%	72.6%	71.6%	83.2%	78.5%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Montana

Violent offenses had higher drug involvement than did Property offenses.

Table 7M – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0.5%	2.0%	1.0%	2.4%	1.6%	1.6%
Property Crimes	0.0%	1.1%	0.6%	1.2%	2.7%	1.1%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	6.4%	5.6%	2.4%	2.5%	2.4%	3.2%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Montana

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8M. Overall, 7.2 percent of the reported offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8M – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	2	109	39	33	23	206
Property Crimes	12	79	71	77	69	308
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	367	190	1190	520	621	2888
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	7.0%	11.4%	7.3%	4.4%	7.9%	7.2%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	1,268	2,991	4,691	2,308	2619	13877

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Total Offenses – Washington Agencies

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The tribal agencies reporting in Washington included: Chehalis, Colville, Hoh River, Jamestown-S’Kallam, Kalispell, Quileute, Lummi, Makah, Nisqually, Nooksack, Olympic Peninsula, Pacific Northwest Columbia River, Port Gamble, Puget Sound, Puyallup, Quinault, Sauk Suiattle, Skokomish, Spokane, Stillaguamish, Suquamish, Tulalip, Upper Skagit, and Yakama.

There were 16,819 offenses in 2004, 11,268 in 2005, 11,559 in 2006, 12,552 in 2007, and 16,132 reported in 2008 for a total of 68,330 offenses. A major reason for the decline in 2005, 2006, and 2007 in the number of reported offenses was because two larger populated reservations reported in 2004 but not in 2005, 2006, or 2007. The most commonly reported offenses, besides ‘all other offenses,’ were: larceny-theft, suspicious person report, assault, domestic violence, drug violations, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1W – Total Offenses – Washington Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	2	6	5	0	0	13
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	1	0	2
Forcible Rape	19	17	12	9	10	67
Sex Offenses	51	36	44	49	70	250
Attempted Forcible Rape	10	0	6	2	2	20
Aggravated Assault	134	241	167	127	144	813
Assault	705	377	471	483	663	2699
Domestic Violence	538	414	434	488	653	2527
Child Abuse	162	38	89	69	71	429
Elderly Abuse	3	1	0			4
Robbery	21	27	10	10	26	94
Burglary	428	298	304	311	359	1700
Vandalism	297	236	338	262	414	1547
Stolen Property	180	262	112	104	189	847
Motor Vehicle Theft	361	307	229	395	352	1644
Larceny-Theft	766	771	557	618	759	3471
Embezzlement	2	2	0	6	7	17
Forgery/Counterfeiting	127	193	110	167	173	770
Fraud	73	66	55	92	93	379
Arson	31	26	18	13	15	103
DWI	374	403	246	319	446	1788
Drug Violations	607	710	313	346	473	2449
Liquor Laws	365	270	420	517	432	2004
Drunkenness	492	146	218	163	340	1359
Gambling	1	4	1	8	42	56
Disorderly Conduct	412	437	303	334	387	1873
Curfew & Loitering	106	71	93	47	81	398
Suspicious Person Report	535	574	474	533	932	3048
Prostitution/Commercialized	7	10	2	1	1	21
Weapons	56	64	79	50	87	336
Completed Suicide	7	0	0			7
Attempted Suicide	53	0	8			61
Runaway < 18	255	155	213	199	211	1033
ARPA Violations	13	3	10	4	5	35
All Other Offenses	9,625	5,103	6,218	6,825	8,695	36,466
Total	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	16,132	68,330

Alcohol Involvement by Offense: 2004-2008 – Washington

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Alcohol use was involved in the commission of some (14.2%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Washington from 2004-2008. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was most prevalent for: disorderly conduct (43.1%), assault (32.9%), domestic violence (32.9%), homicide (30.8%), and child abuse (30.5%).

Table 2W - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Washington Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	100.0%	16.7%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30.8%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	66.6%	23.5%	41.7%	22.2%	30.0%	29.9%
Sex Offenses	5.9%	19.4%	25.0%	14.3%	14.3%	15.2%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%	50.0%	20.0%
Aggravated Assault	20.9%	29.5%	31.1%	18.1%	29.9%	26.7%
Assault	28.2%	28.1%	38.0%	41.2%	31.1%	32.9%
Domestic Violence	27.7%	32.4%	40.8%	41.4%	26.0%	32.9%
Child Abuse	34.0%	2.6%	46.1%	24.6%	23.9%	30.5%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
Robbery	9.5%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	6.4%
Burglary	3.3%	2.3%	7.2%	2.3%	3.3%	3.6%
Vandalism	5.1%	3.0%	7.1%	3.1%	1.9%	4.0%
Stolen Property	1.1%	1.1%	11.6%	1.9%	1.1%	2.6%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.9%	1.3%	2.6%	0.3%	1.1%	1.3%
Larceny-Theft	3.3%	1.8%	2.2%	2.8%	1.7%	2.3%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%
Fraud	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%	1.1%
Arson	0.0%	7.7%	22.2%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%
DWI	57.0%	96.6%	74.0%	64.3%	57.2%	68.5%
Drug Violations	7.4%	1.7%	19.2%	4.0%	2.7%	5.9%
Liquor Laws	73.2%	99.6%	72.9%	73.7%	72.7%	76.7%
Drunkenness	79.7%	93.7%	72.9%	62.6%	25.9%	64.5%
Gambling	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	3.6%
Disorderly Conduct	27.9%	42.8%	48.2%	54.5%	46.0%	43.1%
Curfew & Loitering	25.5%	32.4%	15.1%	19.1%	1.2%	18.6%
Suspicious Person Report	6.2%	7.1%	4.6%	4.1%	4.0%	5.1%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.5%
Weapons	8.9%	7.8%	10.1%	10.0%	9.2%	9.2%
Completed Suicide	28.6%					28.6%
Attempted Suicide	22.6%	0.0%	0.0%			21.3%
Runaway < 18	3.5%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
ARPA Violations	23.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.6%
All Other Offenses	5.3%	1.3%	7.8%	8.2%	7.8%	6.6%
Total	12.7%	14.0%	16.8%	15.7%	12.8%	14.2%

Washington – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

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Table 3W presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported for 2006, offenses reported in 2007, offenses in 2008, total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses committed by juveniles. The most common offenses committed by juveniles were: ‘all other offenses,’ runaway, liquor laws, curfew & loitering, drunkenness, and drug violations.

Table 3W - Number of Offenses by Category – Washington Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	2	6	5	0	0	13	4	3	11	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	19	17	12	9	10	67	20	5	41	7
Sex Offenses	51	36	44	49	70	250	38	12	131	23
Attempted Forcible Rape	10	0	6	2	2	20	4	1	8	1
Aggravated Assault	134	241	167	127	144	813	217	50	445	67
Assault	705	377	471	483	663	2699	889	143	1491	187
Domestic Violence	538	414	434	488	653	2527	832	89	1376	87
Child Abuse	162	38	89	69	71	429	131	30	253	20
Elderly Abuse	3	1	0			4	0	0	1	0
Robbery	21	27	10	10	26	94	6	8	54	3
Burglary	428	298	304	311	359	1700	62	27	409	56
Vandalism	297	236	338	262	414	1547	62	18	576	103
Stolen Property	180	262	112	104	189	847	22	109	466	29
Motor Vehicle Theft	361	307	229	395	352	1644	22	24	683	12
Larceny-Theft	766	771	557	618	759	3471	81	94	1031	92
Embezzlement	2	2	0	6	7	17	0	0	5	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	127	193	110	167	173	770	4	25	264	1
Fraud	73	66	55	92	93	379	4	16	180	0
Arson	31	26	18	13	15	103	6	0	32	4
DWI	374	403	246	319	446	1788	1224	99	1316	31
Drug Violations	607	710	313	346	473	2449	144	1746	1767	203
Liquor Laws	365	270	420	517	432	2004	1537	82	1443	588
Drunkenness	492	146	218	163	340	1359	877	26	965	214
Gambling	1	4	1	8	42	56	2	0	21	0
Disorderly Conduct	412	437	303	334	387	1873	808	180	1271	160
Curfew & Loitering	106	71	93	47	81	398	74	18	214	245
Suspicious Person Report	535	574	474	533	932	3048	155	109	1727	107
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	7	10	2	1	1	21	2	10	21	0
Weapons	56	64	79	50	87	336	31	29	227	22
Completed Suicide	7	0	0			7	2	0	6	1
Attempted Suicide	53	0	8			61	13	7	36	3
Runaway < 18	255	155	213	199	211	1033	11	24	435	903
ARPA Violations	13	3	10	4	5	35	3	0	21	1
All Other Offenses	9,625	5,103	6,218	6,825	8,695	36,466	2,404	659	17,970	1,183
Total	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	16,132	68,330	9,691	3,643	34,898	4,353

Total Offenses by Category – Washington Agencies

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 19.5 percent of all reported offenses. More than half (51.1%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 6.4 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4W – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	30.8%	23.1%	53.8%	84.6%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	29.9%	7.5%	37.3%	61.2%	10.4%
Sex Offenses	15.2%	4.8%	20.0%	52.4%	9.2%
Attempted Forcible Rape	20.0%	5.0%	25.0%	40.0%	5.0%
Aggravated Assault	26.7%	6.2%	32.8%	54.7%	8.2%
Assault	32.9%	5.3%	38.2%	55.2%	6.9%
Domestic Violence	32.9%	3.5%	36.4%	54.5%	3.4%
Child Abuse	30.5%	7.0%	37.5%	59.0%	4.7%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Robbery	6.4%	8.5%	14.9%	57.4%	3.2%
Burglary	3.6%	1.6%	5.2%	24.1%	3.3%
Vandalism	4.0%	1.2%	5.2%	37.2%	6.7%
Stolen Property	2.6%	12.9%	15.5%	55.0%	3.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.3%	1.5%	2.8%	41.5%	0.7%
Larceny-Theft	2.3%	2.7%	5.0%	29.7%	2.7%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	29.4%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.5%	3.2%	3.8%	34.3%	0.1%
Fraud	1.1%	4.2%	5.3%	47.5%	0.0%
Arson	5.8%	0.0%	5.8%	31.1%	3.9%
DWI	68.5%	5.5%	74.0%	73.6%	1.7%
Drug Violations	5.9%	71.3%	77.2%	72.2%	8.3%
Liquor Laws	76.7%	4.1%	80.8%	72.0%	29.3%
Drunkness	64.5%	1.9%	66.4%	71.0%	15.7%
Gambling	3.6%	0.0%	3.6%	37.5%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	43.1%	9.6%	52.7%	67.9%	8.5%
Curfew & Loitering	18.6%	4.5%	23.1%	53.8%	61.6%
Suspicious Person Report	5.1%	3.6%	8.7%	56.7%	3.5%
Prostitution/Vice	9.5%	47.6%	57.1%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	9.2%	8.6%	17.9%	67.6%	6.5%
Completed Suicide	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%	85.7%	14.3%
Attempted Suicide	21.3%	11.5%	32.8%	59.0%	4.9%
Runaway < 18	1.1%	2.3%	3.4%	42.1%	87.4%
ARPA Violations	8.6%	0.0%	8.6%	60.0%	2.9%
All Other Offenses	6.6%	1.8%	8.4%	49.3%	3.2%
Total	14.2%	5.3%	19.5%	51.1%	6.4%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Washington

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5W.

Table 5W – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	176	291	194	146	180	987
Property Crimes	1,586	1,402	1,108	1,337	1485	6918
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	1,838	1,529	1,197	1,345	1,691	7,600
Total – All Offenses	16,819	11,268	11,559	12,552	16,132	68,330

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Washington

Violent crimes were more likely (25.0%) to have alcohol involvement than were Property offenses (2.5%).

Table 6W – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	21.6%	26.5%	29.9%	17.1%	27.2%	25.0%
Property Crimes	2.9%	1.9%	4.0%	1.9%	2.0%	2.5%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	49.9%	51.4%	59.1%	52.2%	39.6%	49.8%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Washington

Violent crimes had higher drug involvement than did Property offenses.

Table 7W – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	8.0 %	8.2 %	9.3%	4.8%	1.7%	7.8%
Property Crimes	1.5%	6.8%	0.7%	0.6%	0.7%	2.5%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	14.4%	46.7%	22.8%	24.4%	22.1%	26.7%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Washington

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8W. Overall, juveniles accounted for 6.4 percent of the all offenses.

Table 8W – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	11	28	20	10	8	77
Property Crimes	46	45	31	24	18	164
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	335	229	128	181	163	1036
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	7.4%	6.6%	6.9%	6.3%	4.8%	6.4%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	1,253	744	793	792	771	4,353

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Total Offenses – Oregon Agencies

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The tribal agencies reporting in Oregon included: Burns, Columbia River, Coquille, Klamath, Siletz, Umatilla, and Warm Springs.

There were 1,111 offenses reported in 2004, 1,400 offenses reported in 2005, 1,304 in 2006, 4,696 in 2007, and 3,525 in 2008. The increase in the total number of crimes in 2007 is due to the addition of two new tribes reporting information. The most common reported offenses, outside ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, larceny-theft, drug violations, DWI, and liquor laws.

Table 10 – Total Offenses – Oregon Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	2	2	0	3	6	13
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	2	0	2
Forcible Rape	3	5	2	5	6	21
Sex Offenses	8	7	6	19	14	54
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	2	1	4
Aggravated Assault	55	21	16	168	61	321
Assault	17	49	30	97	84	277
Domestic Violence	26	59	28	120	67	300
Child Abuse	6	6	1	151	38	202
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0			0
Robbery	1	2	0	0	1	4
Burglary	37	50	56	128	82	353
Vandalism	77	71	85	229	41	503
Stolen Property	1	8	0	2	2	13
Motor Vehicle Theft	17	18	19	58	18	130
Larceny-Theft	79	115	96	276	118	684
Embezzlement	0	0	0	4	0	4
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	17	20	16	6	68
Fraud	5	8	1	21	13	48
Arson	2	1	1	12	17	33
DWI	59	60	38	244	161	562
Drug Violations	64	85	52	248	132	581
Liquor Laws	46	63	50	211	155	525
Drunkenness	10	11	3	956	779	1759
Gambling	2	0	0	0	0	2
Disorderly Conduct	32	32	32	47	99	242
Curfew & Loitering	8	7	0	38	43	96
Suspicious Person Report	65	10	6	39	30	150
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	2	0	2
Weapons	11	10	32	59	44	156
Completed Suicide	0	0	0			0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0			4
Runaway < 18	28	39	30	118	86	301
ARPA Violations	0	0	44	0	0	44
All Other Offenses	437	644	655	1,421	1,421	4,578
Total	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	3,525	12,036

Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Oregon

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Alcohol use was involved in the commission of more than one third (37.2%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Oregon from 2004-2008. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: manslaughter by negligence (100.0%), disorderly conduct (47.1%), curfew and loitering (43.8%), domestic violence (42.3%), and aggravated assault (41.7%).

Table 20 - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Oregon Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	30.8%
Manslaughter by Negligence			0.0%	100.0%		100.0%
Forcible Rape	0.0%	40.0%	50.0%	20.0%	0.0%	19.0%
Sex Offenses	12.5%	14.3%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	5.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape			100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Aggravated Assault	41.8%	57.1%	43.8%	41.1%	37.7%	41.7%
Assault	5.9%	20.4%	63.3%	20.6%	10.7%	21.3%
Domestic Violence	50.0%	39.0%	78.6%	46.7%	19.4%	42.3%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.8%	13.2%	20.3%
Elderly Abuse						
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	5.4%	6.0%	5.4%	4.7%	1.2%	4.2%
Vandalism	3.9%	4.2%	4.7%	10.5%	0.0%	6.8%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	7.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	11.8%	5.6%	5.3%	10.3%	22.2%	10.8%
Larceny-Theft	1.3%	.09%	0.0%	1.4%	0.8%	1.0%
Embezzlement			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.4%	4.2%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	89.8%	96.7%	81.6%	96.7%	94.4%	94.3%
Drug Violations	4.7%	8.2%	11.5%	34.3%	40.9%	26.7%
Liquor Laws	97.8%	93.7%	94.0%	96.7%	96.8%	96.2%
Drunkenness	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	98.8%	99.4%	99.1%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	56.5%	62.5%	75.0%	66.0%	21.2%	47.1%
Curfew & Loitering	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	71.1%	32.6%	43.8%
Suspicious Person Report	1.5%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	9.1%	10.0%	3.1%	54.2%	29.5%	30.8%
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide	25.0%					25.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%	2.5%	3.5%	2.7%
ARPA Violations			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	1.4%	15.2%	5.0%	31.4%	20.5%	19.1%
Total	16.7%	22.4%	15.7%	47.6%	43.5%	37.2%

Oregon – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

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Table 30 presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, offenses in 2008, total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: runaway, ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, drunkenness, and curfew & loitering.

Table 30 - Number of Offenses by Category – Oregon Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Alcohol Involved	Drug Involved	Cleared	Juvenile
Homicide	2	2	0	3	6	13	4	2	7	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	3	5	2	5	6	21	4	0	11	3
Sex Offenses	8	7	6	19	14	54	3	1	20	9
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	2	1	4	1	1	3	0
Aggravated Assault	55	21	16	168	61	321	111	11	220	22
Assault	17	49	30	97	84	277	50	6	153	27
Domestic Violence	26	59	28	120	67	300	114	8	213	7
Child Abuse	6	6	1	151	38	202	36	18	133	8
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	2	0	0	1	4	0	1	2	0
Burglary	37	50	56	128	82	353	14	7	133	17
Vandalism	77	71	85	229	41	503	34	6	275	28
Stolen Property	1	8	0	2	2	13	0	0	6	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	17	18	19	58	18	130	10	5	76	9
Larceny-Theft	79	115	96	276	118	684	6	11	275	12
Embezzlement	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	17	20	16	6	68	0	3	39	0
Fraud	5	8	1	21	13	48	0	1	10	1
Arson	2	1	1	12	17	33	0	0	6	0
DWI	59	60	38	244	161	562	378	45	396	13
Drug Violations	64	85	52	248	132	581	101	431	434	43
Liquor Laws	46	63	50	211	155	525	355	18	368	121
Drunkenness	10	11	3	956	779	1759	969	39	980	73
Gambling	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	32	32	32	47	99	242	93	8	135	14
Curfew & Loitering	8	7	0	38	43	96	28	5	49	51
Suspicious Person Report	65	10	6	39	30	150	3	1	91	5
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Weapons	11	10	32	59	44	156	35	17	92	10
Completed Suicide	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0			4	1	0	2	1
Runaway < 18	28	39	30	118	86	301	5	1	180	207
ARPA Violations	0	0	44	0	0	44	0	0	40	0
All Other Offenses	437	644	655	1,421	1421	4578	583	141	2,659	128
Total	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	3,525	12,036	2,940	787	7,013	811

Total Offenses by Category – Oregon Agencies

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 45.3 percent of all reported offenses. A high number (79.2%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 10.0 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 40 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	30.8%	15.4%	46.2%	92.3%	7.7%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	19.0%	0.0%	19.0%	61.9%	14.3%
Sex Offenses	5.6%	1.9%	7.4%	44.4%	16.7%
Attempted Forcible Rape	25.0%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	41.7%	3.4%	45.2%	82.2%	8.7%
Assault	21.3%	2.2%	23.5%	76.5%	11.2%
Domestic Violence	42.3%	2.7%	45.0%	89.3%	2.3%
Child Abuse	20.3%	10.9%	31.2%	77.7%	5.9%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Burglary	4.2%	2.0%	6.2%	45.9%	5.4%
Vandalism	6.8%	1.2%	8.0%	57.1%	6.4%
Stolen Property	7.7%	0.0%	7.7%	61.5%	7.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	10.8%	3.8%	14.6%	66.2%	6.9%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	1.6%	2.6%	47.1%	1.9%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	4.4%	4.4%	58.8%	0.0%
Fraud	4.2%	2.1%	6.3%	37.5%	2.1%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	42.4%	6.1%
DWI	94.3%	9.1%	103.4%	99.1%	2.7%
Drug Violations	26.7%	95.7%	122.4%	96.6%	9.0%
Liquor Laws	96.2%	4.0%	100.2%	99.6%	43.4%
Drunkenness	99.1%	3.1%	102.2%	100.0%	5.2%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	47.1%	3.7%	50.8%	77.7%	7.9%
Curfew & Loitering	43.8%	6.3%	50.0%	90.6%	95.8%
Suspicious Person Report	2.0%	0.7%	2.7%	70.7%	3.3%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	30.8%	17.3%	48.1%	84.6%	7.1%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	25.0%	0.0%	25.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Runaway < 18	2.7%	0.3%	3.0%	74.4%	97.3%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	19.1%	3.6%	22.8%	75.5%	5.1%
Total	37.2%	8.1%	45.3%	79.2%	10.0%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Oregon

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 50.

Table 50 – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	61	30	18	176	74	359
Property Crimes	135	184	172	474	235	1,200
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	179	219	143	1,659	1,227	3,427
Total - All Offenses	1,111	1,400	1,304	4,696	3,525	12,036

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Oregon

Violent offenses were more likely (39.6%) to have alcohol involvement than were Property offenses (3.0%).

Table 60 – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	37.7%	50.0%	44.4%	41.5%	31.1%	39.6%
Property Crimes	3.7%	2.7%	2.3%	3.4%	2.6%	3.0%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	62.0%	61.6%	60.8%	88.6%	92.1%	85.6%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Oregon

Violent offenses had higher drug involvement than did Property offenses.

Table 70 – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0.0 %	3.3 %	0.0%	7.4%	0.0%	3.9%
Property Crimes	3.0%	6.0%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	1.9%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	38.5%	39.3%	41.3%	19.2%	12.1%	19.9%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Oregon

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 80. Overall, 10.0 percent of the offenses reported for 2004-2008 were committed by juveniles.

Table 80 – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	2	2	5	17	6	32
Property Crimes	4	6	8	20	5	43
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	35	42	27	146	137	387
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	11.3%	8.9%	7.6%	9.9%	11.3%	10.0%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	125	124	99	463	397	1,208

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Total Offenses – Idaho Agencies

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The tribal agencies reporting in Idaho included: Coeur d’ Alene, Fort Hall, and Nez Perce.

There were 8,079 offenses reported in 2004, 1,883 reported in 2005, 13,051 reported in 2006, 16,373 in 2007, and 11,189 in 2008. The reason for the reduction in reported offenses between the four years was a limited report received from Fort Hall in 2005. The most common reported offenses, outside ‘all other offenses,’ were: drunkenness, suspicious person report, DWI, liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1I – Total Offenses – Idaho Agencies

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	1	4	3	0	0	8
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	0	1
Forcible Rape	8	10	10	14	15	57
Sex Offenses	41	24	44	34	47	190
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	6	5	0	0	12
Aggravated Assault	34	36	50	184	189	493
Assault	257	75	299	282	154	1067
Domestic Violence	90	62	408	401	305	1266
Child Abuse	83	85	74	75	70	387
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0			2
Robbery	1	6	2	7	2	18
Burglary	45	79	118	114	39	395
Vandalism	105	36	136	223	109	609
Stolen Property	35	14	40	38	15	142
Motor Vehicle Theft	15	71	50	29	13	178
Larceny-Theft	96	2	134	96	92	420
Embezzlement	12	4	1	4	8	29
Forgery/Counterfeiting	13	15	9	28	16	81
Fraud	8	17	15	13	12	65
Arson	4	6	10	16	15	51
DWI	434	51	487	477	428	1877
Drug Violations	127	75	272	449	348	1271
Liquor Laws	141	87	300	907	348	1783
Drunkenness	889	46	961	752	751	3399
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	248	24	333	215	129	949
Curfew & Loitering	44	10	20	22	32	128
Suspicious Person Report	686	10	821	678	628	2823
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	2	1	0	0	3
Weapons	72	5	45	46	19	187
Completed Suicide	4	0	0			4
Attempted Suicide	25	0	0			25
Runaway < 18	77	33	122	128	101	461
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	2	1	3
All Other Offenses	4,481	988	8,280	11,139	7,303	32,202
Total	8,079	1,883	13,062	16,373	11,189	50,586

Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Idaho

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Alcohol use was involved in the commission of some (16.0%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Idaho. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for the offenses of: homicide (100.0%), forcible rape (59.6%), aggravated assault (56.6%), attempted forcible rape (50.0%), and robbery (44.4%).

Table 2I - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Idaho Agencies

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			100.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence			0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	75.0%	20.0%	80.0%	42.9%	80.0%	59.6%
Sex Offenses	19.5%	20.8%	0.0%	11.8%	17.0%	13.2%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	83.3%	20.0%		0.0%	50.0%
Aggravated Assault	73.5%	33.3%	52.0%	58.2%	57.7%	56.6%
Assault	33.9%	36.0%	34.1%	30.9%	32.5%	33.1%
Domestic Violence	25.6%	29.0%	23.3%	31.7%	47.9%	32.3%
Child Abuse	6.0%	5.9%	12.2%	21.3%	17.1%	12.1%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%					0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	33.3%	50.0%	71.4%	0.0%	44.4%
Burglary	8.9%	11.4%	5.9%	13.2%	12.8%	10.1%
Vandalism	2.9%	2.8%	8.8%	5.8%	26.6%	9.5%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	5.3%	60.0%	8.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	13.3%	4.2%	20.0%	24.1%	15.4%	13.5%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	0.0%	1.5%	16.7%	14.1%	7.6%
Embezzlement	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	2.5%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	1.5%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	26.7%	9.8%
DWI	87.8%	86.3%	52.0%	68.6%	81.8%	72.2%
Drug Violations	14.2%	10.7%	1.8%	7.1%	10.3%	7.8%
Liquor Laws	80.0%	100.0%	91.3%	70.9%	93.4%	80.9%
Drunkenness	86.5%	100.0%	60.2%	68.4%	72.4%	72.1%
Gambling						
Disorderly Conduct	42.7%	37.5%	12.0%	32.6%	50.4%	30.6%
Curfew & Loitering	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.6%	4.7%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	23.6%	0.0%	20.0%	15.2%	47.4%	22.5%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%				0.0%
Attempted Suicide	4.0%					4.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	4.0%	1.5%
ARPA Violations				50.0%	0.0%	33.3%
All Other Offenses	0.3%	4.8%	1.0%	4.7%	5.6%	3.3%
Total	19.6%	17.7%	11.7%	15.4%	19.2%	16.0%

Idaho – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

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Table 3I presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses in 2007, offenses in 2008, total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, runaway, drunkenness, and drug violations.

Table 3I - Number of Offenses by Category – Idaho Agencies

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	1	4	3	0	0	8	8	0	8	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	8	10	10	14	15	57	34	8	36	10
Sex Offenses	41	24	44	34	47	190	25	2	43	32
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	6	5	0	0	12	6	1	5	3
Aggravated Assault	34	36	50	184	189	493	279	71	319	40
Assault	257	75	299	282	154	1067	353	11	436	96
Domestic Violence	90	62	408	401	305	1266	409	53	490	26
Child Abuse	83	85	74	75	70	387	47	7	186	41
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0			2	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	6	2	7	2	18	8	2	14	1
Burglary	45	79	118	114	39	395	40	12	105	62
Vandalism	105	36	136	223	109	609	58	21	134	115
Stolen Property	35	14	40	38	15	142	12	9	36	8
Motor Vehicle Theft	15	71	50	29	13	178	24	3	38	14
Larceny-Theft	96	2	134	96	92	420	32	6	98	31
Embezzlement	12	4	1	4	8	29	1	2	14	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	13	15	9	28	16	81	2	6	30	2
Fraud	8	17	15	13	12	65	1	1	10	0
Arson	4	6	10	16	15	51	5	4	4	3
DWI	434	51	487	477	428	1877	1355	30	1167	30
Drug Violations	127	75	272	449	348	1271	99	1022	919	167
Liquor Laws	141	87	300	907	348	1783	1442	58	1315	524
Drunkenness	889	46	961	752	751	3399	2452	31	2190	221
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	248	24	333	215	129	949	290	14	282	64
Curfew & Loitering	44	10	20	22	32	128	6	5	72	108
Suspicious Person Report	686	10	821	678	628	2823	6	6	104	0
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	2
Weapons	72	5	45	46	19	187	42	10	50	16
Completed Suicide	4	0	0			4	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	25	0	0			25	1	1	1	3
Runaway < 18	77	33	122	128	101	461	7	6	151	338
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	2	0
All Other Offenses	4,481	988	8,280	11,139	7303	32,202	1,073	512	4,563	859
Total	8,079	1,883	13,062	16,373	11,189	50,586	8,118	1,915	12,823	2,817

Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2008 – Idaho Agencies

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 19.8 percent of all reported offenses. About one-fourth (25.3%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 5.6 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4I – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	59.6%	14.0%	73.7%	63.2%	17.5%
Sex Offenses	13.2%	1.1%	14.2%	22.6%	16.8%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	8.3%	58.3%	41.7%	25.0%
Aggravated Assault	56.6%	14.4%	71.0%	64.7%	8.1%
Assault	33.1%	1.0%	34.1%	40.9%	9.0%
Domestic Violence	32.3%	4.2%	36.5%	38.7%	2.1%
Child Abuse	12.1%	1.8%	14.0%	48.1%	10.6%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	44.4%	11.1%	55.6%	77.8%	5.6%
Burglary	10.1%	3.0%	13.2%	26.6%	15.7%
Vandalism	9.5%	3.4%	13.0%	22.0%	18.9%
Stolen Property	8.5%	6.3%	14.8%	25.4%	5.6%
Motor Vehicle Theft	13.5%	1.7%	15.2%	21.3%	7.9%
Larceny-Theft	7.6%	1.4%	9.0%	23.3%	7.4%
Embezzlement	3.4%	6.9%	10.3%	48.3%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2.5%	7.4%	9.9%	37.0%	2.5%
Fraud	1.5%	1.5%	3.1%	15.4%	0.0%
Arson	9.8%	7.8%	17.6%	7.8%	5.9%
DWI	72.2%	1.6%	73.8%	62.2%	1.6%
Drug Violations	7.8%	80.4%	88.2%	72.3%	13.1%
Liquor Laws	80.9%	3.3%	84.1%	73.8%	29.4%
Drunkenness	72.1%	0.9%	73.1%	64.4%	6.5%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	30.6%	1.5%	32.0%	29.7%	6.7%
Curfew & Loitering	4.7%	3.9%	8.6%	56.3%	84.4%
Suspicious Person Report	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	3.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%
Weapons	22.5%	5.3%	27.8%	26.7%	8.6%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	4.0%	4.0%	8.0%	4.0%	12.0%
Runaway < 18	1.5%	1.3%	2.8%	32.8%	73.3%
ARPA Violations	33.3%	0.0%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	3.3%	1.6%	4.9%	14.2%	2.7%
Total	16.0%	3.8%	19.8%	25.3%	5.6%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Idaho

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5I.

Table 5I – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	44	56	65	205	206	576
Property Crimes	160	158	312	255	159	1044
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	1591	259	2020	2,585	1875	8330
Total - All Offenses	8,079	1,883	13,062	16,373	11,189	50,586

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Idaho

Violent offenses were more likely (57.1%) to have alcohol involvement than were Property offenses (9.7%).

Table 6I – Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	72.7%	35.7%	58.5%	57.6%	58.7%	57.1%
Property Crimes	4.4%	7.6%	6.4%	14.9%	15.1%	9.7%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	80.5%	71.4%	55.0%	58.6%	66.9%	64.2%

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Idaho

Violent offenses against persons had higher [5.9 times higher] drug involvement than did Property offenses.

Table 7I – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	11.4 %	10.7 %	9.2%	4.9%	26.2%	14.1%
Property Crimes	0.6%	2.5%	2.2%	2.0%	5.0%	2.4%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	6.0%	29.0%	7.9%	15.5%	21.9%	13.7%

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Idaho

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8I. Overall, 5.6 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8I – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	1	6	6	14	25	52
Property Crimes	32	12	28	32	6	110
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	210	109	150	268	205	942
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	6.5%	11.3%	4.5%	5.7%	5.0%	5.6%
Total All Juvenile Offenses	527	213	592	927	558	2,817

Total Offenses - Wyoming

Final Report – July 2009

The only tribal agency in Wyoming is the Wind River Agency.

There were 4,767 offenses reported in 2005, 6,317 offenses in 2006, 4,535 in 2007, and 3,538 in 2008. The most commonly reported offenses, besides ‘all other violations,’ were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, DWI, assault, liquor laws, and drug violations.

Table 1W – Total Offenses – Wyoming

Offense	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	2	5	5	2	14
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	4	6	9	1	20
Sex Offenses	9	0	0	10	19
Attempted Forcible Rape	4	6	2	3	15
Aggravated Assault	81	56	64	68	269
Assault	189	252	211	202	854
Domestic Violence	100	152	72	62	386
Child Abuse	289	56	38	80	463
Elderly Abuse	0	0		0	0
Robbery	2	4	0	0	6
Burglary	9	2	17	16	44
Vandalism	277	33	147	104	561
Stolen Property	111	0	0	6	117
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	28	11	10	69
Larceny-Theft	15	1	47	10	73
Embezzlement	1	1	0	0	2
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	3	0	3
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	0	2
DWI	224	294	219	242	979
Drug Violations	99	200	187	66	552
Liquor Laws	195	232	145	104	676
Drunkenness	635	980	964	596	3175
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	816	459	309	325	1909
Curfew & Loitering	15	23	4	2	44
Suspicious Person Report	0	110	0	0	110
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	19	17	5	47
Completed Suicide	0	0		0	0
Attempted Suicide	21	0		0	21
Runaway < 18	78	46	53	57	234
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1,565	3,351	2,010	1,567	8,493
Total	4,767	6,317	4,535	3,538	19,157

Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Wyoming

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Alcohol use was involved in the commission of many (73.2%) of the offenses reported by the tribal agencies in Wyoming. Besides direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was the most prevalent for: forcible rape (100.0%), sex offenses (100.0%), robbery (100.0%), disorderly conduct (98.1%), assault (97.9%), and domestic violence (96.4%).

Table 2W - Percent Alcohol Involvement - Wyoming

Offense	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008	% Alcohol Total
Homicide	100.0%	80.0%	100.0%	100.0%	92.9%
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Sex Offenses	100.0%			100.0%	100.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	75.0%	83.3%	100.0%	100.0%	86.7%
Aggravated Assault	77.8%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	93.3%
Assault	98.9%	93.7%	100.0%	100.0%	97.9%
Domestic Violence	95.0%	97.4%	100.0%	91.9%	96.4%
Child Abuse	95.2%	87.5%	94.7%	100.0%	95.0%
Elderly Abuse					
Robbery	100.0%	100.0%			100.0%
Burglary	55.6%	0.0%	58.8%	62.5%	56.8%
Vandalism	59.2%	81.8%	67.3%	57.7%	62.4%
Stolen Property	38.7%			100.0%	41.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	60.0%	42.9%	81.8%	100.0%	62.3%
Larceny-Theft	40.0%	0.0%	66.0%	50.0%	57.5%
Embezzlement	0.0%				0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting			0.0%		0.0%
Fraud					
Arson		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
DWI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	46.0%	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	100.0%	95.5%	88.3%	96.4%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	100.0%	99.1%	100.0%	90.2%	98.1%
Curfew & Loitering	86.7%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%	36.4%
Suspicious Person Report		50.9%			50.9%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice					
Weapons	100.0%	100.0%	52.9%	100.0%	83.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	0.0%				0.0%
Runaway < 18	79.5%	0.0%	30.2%	7.0%	35.0%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses	70.7%	55.7%	57.1%	36.7%	55.3%
Total	82.4%	71.9%	73.2%	64.0%	73.3%

Wyoming – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juveniles

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Table 3W presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2005, offenses reported in 2006, offenses reported in 2007, offenses in 2008, total number of offenses for 2005-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of the crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses involving juveniles. The most common juvenile offenses were: drunkenness, runaway, liquor laws, and curfew & loitering.

Table 3W - Number of Offenses by Category – Wyoming

Offense	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	2	5	5	2	14	13	0	12	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	4	6	9	1	20	20	0	19	0
Sex Offenses	9	0	0	10	19	19	0	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	4	6	2	3	15	13	0	13	1
Aggravated Assault	81	56	64	68	269	251	2	213	3
Assault	189	252	211	202	854	836	0	721	0
Domestic Violence	100	152	72	62	386	372	5	347	0
Child Abuse	289	56	38	80	463	440	0	399	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	4	0	0	6	6	0	6	0
Burglary	9	2	17	16	44	25	6	17	0
Vandalism	277	33	147	104	561	350	0	395	0
Stolen Property	111	0	0	6	117	49	0	97	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	28	11	10	69	43	0	54	0
Larceny-Theft	15	1	47	10	73	42	5	42	0
Embezzlement	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
DWI	224	294	219	242	979	979	0	845	0
Drug Violations	99	200	187	66	552	92	448	504	12
Liquor Laws	195	232	145	104	676	676	0	676	49
Drunkenness	635	980	964	596	3175	3062	0	2768	390
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	816	459	309	325	1909	1873	32	1743	0
Curfew & Loitering	15	23	4	2	44	16	0	42	41
Suspicious Person Report	0	110	0	0	110	56	0	78	0
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	19	17	5	47	39	0	36	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	21	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	78	46	53	57	234	82	0	208	234
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1,565	3,351	2,010	1,567	8,493	4,697	55	6,074	17
Total	4,767	6,317	4,535	3,538	19,157	14,051	553	15,322	747

Total Offenses by Category - Wyoming

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 76.2 percent of all reported offenses. A high number (80.0%) of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 3.9 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 4W – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	92.9%	0.0%	92.9%	85.7%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	95.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	47.4%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	86.7%	0.0%	86.7%	86.7%	6.7%
Aggravated Assault	93.3%	0.7%	94.0%	79.2%	1.1%
Assault	97.9%	0.0%	97.9%	84.4%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	96.4%	1.3%	97.7%	89.9%	0.0%
Child Abuse	95.0%	0.0%	95.0%	86.2%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	56.8%	13.6%	70.4%	38.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	62.4%	0.0%	62.4%	70.4%	0.0%
Stolen Property	41.9%	0.0%	41.9%	82.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	62.3%	0.0%	62.3%	78.3%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	57.5%	6.8%	64.3%	57.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	86.3%	0.0%
Drug Violations	16.7%	81.2%	97.9%	91.3%	2.2%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	7.2%
Drunkenness	96.4%	0.0%	96.4%	87.2%	12.3%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	98.1%	1.7%	99.8%	91.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	36.4%	0.0%	36.4%	95.5%	93.2%
Suspicious Person Report	50.9%	0.0%	50.9%	70.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	83.0%	0.0%	83.0%	76.6%	0.0%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	35.0%	0.0%	35.0%	88.9%	100.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	55.3%	0.6%	55.9%	71.5%	0.2%
Total	73.3%	2.9%	76.2%	80.0%	3.9%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Wyoming

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5W.

Table 5W – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	89	71	78	71	309
Property Crimes	44	32	76	36	188
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	1153	1706	1,515	1008	5,382
Total – All Offenses	4,767	6,317	4,535	3538	19,157

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Wyoming

Violent offenses were more likely (93.9%) to have alcohol involvement than were Property offenses (58.5%).

Table 6W – Percent Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	79.8 %	98.6%	100.0%	100.0%	93.9%
Property Crimes	52.3%	37.5%	65.8%	69.4%	58.5%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	91.4%	93.7%	84.8%	86.5%	89.4%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Wyoming

Property offenses had higher drug involvement than did Violent offenses.

Table 7W – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0.0%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%
Property Crimes	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	30.6%	5.9%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	8.6%	6.0%	11.9%	6.5%	8.3%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Wyoming

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8W. Overall, 3.9 percent of the offenses were committed by juveniles.

Table 8W – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0	0	1	2	3
Property Crimes	0	0	0	0	0
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	105	6	209	131	451
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	4.1%	1.2%	5.9%	5.9%	3.9%
Total -All Juvenile Offenses	196	75	267	209	747

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Total Offenses: 2004-2008 - Alaska

Final Report – July 2009

The only tribal agency in Alaska is Metlakatla.

There were 570 offenses reported in 2004, 469 reported in 2005, 392 reported in 2006, 373 in 2007, and 317 in 2008 for a total of 2,121 offenses. The most commonly reported offenses were: liquor laws, domestic violence, disorderly conduct, assault, DWI, and suspicious person report.

Table 1A – Total Offenses – Alaska

Offense	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	0	7
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	1	22
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	0	5
Assault	29	32	33	25	19	138
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	47	208
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	0	7
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0		0	1
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	3	14
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	9	81
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	0	52
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	1
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	0	11
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	1
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	28	139
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	14	76
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	132	836
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	4	30
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	30	183
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	1	46
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	27	139
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	1	6
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0		0	2
Runaway < 18	0	0	1	2	1	4
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	0	112
Total	570	469	392	373	317	2,121

Alcohol Involvement by Offense – Alaska

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Alcohol use was involved (overall 37.9%) in the commission of many of the offenses. Outside of direct substance offenses (i.e., drunkenness, DWI, etc.), alcohol use was most common for the offenses of: aggravated assault (80.0%), weapons (66.7%), attempted suicide (50.0%), forcible rape (42.9%), and assault (41.3%). Alcohol involvement information was not available or collected in 2006.

Table 2A - Percent Alcohol Involvement – Alaska

Offense	% Alcohol 2004	% Alcohol 2005	% Alcohol 2006*	% Alcohol 2007	% Alcohol 2008*	% Alcohol Total
Homicide						
Manslaughter by Negligence						
Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%				42.9%
Sex Offenses	40.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	18.2%
Attempted Forcible Rape						
Aggravated Assault	100.0%	50.0%				80.0%
Assault	100.0%	62.5%		28.0%	5.3%	41.3%
Domestic Violence	100.0%	13.0%		5.7%	0.0%	26.4%
Child Abuse	20.0%	0.0%				14.3%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%				0.0%
Robbery						
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	15.4%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	4.9%
Stolen Property	4.0%	0.0%				1.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%				0.0%
Larceny-Theft	22.2%	0.0%				18.2%
Embezzlement						
Forgery/Counterfeiting						
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%				0.0%
Arson						
DWI	100.0%	100.0%		12.5%	0.0%	47.5%
Drug Violations	66.7%	0.0%		25.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	100.0%		60.3%	6.1%	58.0%
Drunkenness				53.8%	0.0%	50.0%
Gambling						
Disorderly Conduct	93.5%	62.5%		17.1%	0.0%	43.2%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%		5.4%	0.0%	1.4%
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice						
Weapons	100.0%	100.0%				66.7%
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%				50.0%
Runaway < 18				0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations						
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%		100.0%		1.8%
Total	76.5%	49.9%		33.5%	2.8%	37.9%

*Alcohol information not reported in 2006, and only a limited amount was reported in 2008

Alaska – Arrests, Substance Usage, Clearance, and Juvenile

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Table 3A presents the number of reported offenses by crime category for: offenses reported in 2004, offenses reported in 2005, offenses for 2006, offenses for 2007, offenses for 2008, total number of offenses for 2004-2008, alcohol involved in the commission of crime, drugs involved in the commission of crime, clearance of offenses, and the number of offenses committed by juveniles. The most common offenses committed by juveniles were: curfew & loitering, liquor laws, disorderly conduct, and assault.

Table 3A - Number of Offenses by Category – Alaska

Offense	Offenses 2004	Offenses 2005	Offenses 2006	Offenses 2007	Offenses 2008	Total Offenses	Total Alcohol	Total Drugs	Total Cleared	Total JUV
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	0	7	3	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	1	22	4	0	18	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	0	5	4	0	5	1
Assault	29	32	33	25	19	138	57	0	124	4
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	47	208	55	0	196	2
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	0	7	1	0	6	0
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0		0	1	0	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	3	14	0	0	13	0
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	9	81	4	0	77	0
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	0	52	1	0	52	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	0	11	2	0	11	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	28	139	66	4	131	0
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	14	76	19	32	64	0
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	132	836	485	0	778	12
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	4	30	15	0	30	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	30	183	79	0	169	5
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	1	46	0	0	38	28
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	27	139	2	0	116	2
Prostitution/Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	1	6	4	0	5	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0		0	2	1	0	2	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	1	2	1	4	0	0	3	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	0	112	2	0	94	0
Total	570	469	392	373	317	2,121	804	36	1,942	55

Total Offenses by Category: 2004-2008 – Alaska

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Overall, alcohol and/or drugs were involved in 39.6 percent of all reported offenses. A very impressive 91.6 percent of the offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means. Overall, 2.6 percent of all offenses were committed by juveniles. Alcohol involvement, drug involvement, and juvenile information was not reported in 2006.

Table 4A – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offense	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Total Percent Alcohol/Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide					
Manslaughter by Negligence					
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	42.9%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	18.2%	0.0%	18.2%	81.8%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape					
Aggravated Assault	80.0%	0.0%	80.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Assault	41.3%	0.0%	41.3%	89.9%	2.9%
Domestic Violence	26.4%	0.0%	26.4%	94.2%	1.0%
Child Abuse	14.3%	0.0%	14.3%	85.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery					
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	92.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	4.9%	0.0%	4.9%	95.1%	0.0%
Stolen Property	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	18.2%	0.0%	18.2%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement					
Forgery/Counterfeiting					
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson					
DWI	47.5%	2.9%	50.4%	94.2%	0.0%
Drug Violations	25.0%	42.1%	67.1%	84.2%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	58.0%	0.0%	58.0%	93.1%	1.4%
Drunkenness	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling					
Disorderly Conduct	43.2%	0.0%	43.2%	92.3%	2.7%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	82.6%	60.9%
Suspicious Person Report	1.4%	0.0%	1.4%	83.5%	1.4%
Prostitution/Vice					
Weapons	66.7%	0.0%	66.7%	83.3%	0.0%
Completed Suicide					
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
ARPA Violations					
All Other Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	83.9%	0.0%
Total	37.9%	1.7%	39.6%	91.6%	2.6%

Number of Reported Crimes by Crime Type - Alaska

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The number of reported offenses for ‘Violent Crimes,’ ‘Property Crimes,’ and ‘Substance Use/Abuse Crimes,’ and ‘Total’ is presented below in Table 5A.

Table 5A – Offenses by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	9	3	0	0	0	12
Property Crimes	10	6	1	6	3	26
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	288	199	205	211	178	1081
Total – All Offenses	570	469	392	373	317	2,121

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Alcohol Involvement by Crime Type - Alaska

Violent offenses were more likely to have alcohol involvement (58.3%) than were Property offenses (7.7%).

Table 6A – Percent Alcohol Involvement by Type of Crime

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006*	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	66.7%	33.3%				58.3%
Property Crimes	20.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	7.7%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	97.6%	95.5%		50.2%	4.5%	54.1%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Percent of Crimes with Drug Involvement by Crime Type - Alaska

Overall, drugs accounted for 3.3 percent of the substance use/abuse offenses.

Table 7A – Drug Involvement by Crime Type

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006*	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property Crimes	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	5.9%	4.5%		4.7%	0.0%	3.3%

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

*Alcohol, drug, and juvenile information was not reported in 2006.

Number of Reported Crimes for Juveniles - Alaska

The number and percent of juvenile offenses by type of crime are presented in Table 8A. For all years of reported information, juveniles committed 2.6 percent of the total reported offenses.

Table 8A – Juvenile Offenses

Type of Crime	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total
Violent Crimes	0	1	0	0	0	1
Property Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Substance Use/Abuse Crimes	8	3	0	1	0	12
% of All Crimes Committed by Juveniles	6.0%	3.8%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	2.6%
Total -All Juvenile Offenses	34	18	0	3	0	55

Violent and property crimes as per UCR definitions

Section 3

Native American Crime in the Northwest: 2004-2008 – BIA Information from Alaska, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

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SECTION 3 – DATA SUMMARIZED BY TRIBE OR REPORTING UNIT

Introduction

There can be large swings in the number of reported offenses by various law enforcement agencies from year-to-year. These fluctuations can be due to a number of reasons, including: change in law enforcement emphasis, new staff reporting the information, non collection of data during some months, new data collection guidelines/procedures, etc. Because of the fluctuation potential of offenses, the focus of the analyses is on the total offenses for all years the information is available. Some agencies reported information for all five years, while others supplied data for one, two, three or four years.

On rare occasions the numbers in the subcategories (i.e., alcohol, drug, cleared, juveniles) are more than the actual number of offenses reported. In these cases, the numbers in the subcategories are set to be equal to the number of offenses.

To make the Index Offense data uniform and comparable, 2007 information was used for US, state, county, and tribal assessments, if available and appropriate. In the case of Oregon state data, 2006 was the latest information available at the time the report was written for county-level data. The FBI information (<http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2007/>) was used for the US and state Index, Property, and Violent offense rates. For Montana counties, data from the Montana Board of Crime Control (<http://mbcc.mt.gov/CrimeReport/default.asp>) was used. In order to make the Property rates for counties in Montana consistent with the rates from the nation and other states, arson was added and the rate recalculated. Generally, arson is one of the eight offenses associated with the Crime Index Rate. Some states, like Montana, do not included arson in the Index Crime Rate. The Idaho Crime Index Rate information by county was obtained from <http://www.isp.state.id.us/CrimeInIdaho/inquiry.do>), and the Wyoming county data came from (<http://attorneygeneral.state.wy.us/dci/CrimeInWyomingReports.html>). Information from Washington State counties came from (<http://wa-state-ofm.us/UniformCrimeReport/index.cfm>) and the Oregon county data was obtained from (<http://www.oregon.gov/OSP/CJIS/>).

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BLACKFEET – MONTANA

The Blackfeet Reservation is located in northwest Montana, just east of Glacier National Park. The 1.5 million acre reservation includes many rivers, streams, and lakes. The Blackfeet Tribe has an enrollment of 15,873 members with about 9,088 living on or near the reservation.¹ Enrolled members living away from the reservation reside mostly in the Pacific Northwest but some are as far away as Europe.²

Historically, the Blackfeet Tribe was the largest and most dominant Indian tribe in Montana. The origin of their name was probably derived from the blackened moccasins tribe members traditionally wore. The dark hue may have been painted purposely or may have been darkened by prairie fires. The Blackfeet originally lived north of the Great Lakes. After the arrival of the Europeans, the Blackfeet were one of the first tribes to begin moving west. Soon they were roaming huge portions of the northern plains. After they arrived in the west, they shed their life of woodland hunters and gatherers and adopted the nomadic lifestyle of the Plains Indians.³

The governing body of the Blackfeet Tribe is a council known as the Blackfeet Tribal Business Council. This Council consists of nine members duly elected from the four (4) districts of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation. Any member of the Blackfeet Tribe eighteen years of age and older is eligible to vote when he or she presents himself or herself to the polling place wherein he or she is assigned to vote.⁴

The Blackfeet Nation has 11 sworn law enforcement officers.⁵

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2007 for the Blackfeet Nation were significantly higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups (US, Montana, and nearby counties). There has been a decreasing trend in the Index crime rates from 2005 to 2008.

Comparisons for the Blackfeet Nation

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Glacier County – 2007	1398	349	1747
Pondera County – 2007	1011	216	1227
Toole County – 2007	1236	353	1589
Blackfeet Nation -2007	5390	4348	9738

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005

² http://www.gonorthwest.com/Montana/northwest/Blackfeet_Reservation.htm

³ <http://visitmt.com/categories/moreinfo.asp?IDRRecordId=736&SiteId=1>

⁴ http://www.ntjrc.org/ccfolder/blackfeet_constandbylaws.htm#membership

⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Blackfeet: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total:	Alc	Drug	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	4	2	2	8	5	0	6	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	2	0	0	3	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	22	24	13	16	75	54	4	67	2
Sex Offenses	4	9	3	0	16	5	0	13	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	12	11	0	6	29	19	0	27	1
Aggravated Assault	724	534	352	99	1709	1111	9	1448	100
Assault	1311	549	247	812	2919	1834	0	2558	124
Domestic Violence	418	529	387	557	1891	885	7	1521	19
Child Abuse	75	40	17	55	187	70	1	152	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	44	17	13	76	2	0	30	0
Burglary	254	218	117	127	716	269	0	591	27
Vandalism	360	265	149	287	1061	409	12	894	286
Stolen Property	37	13	16	28	94	27	0	84	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	175	67	140	65	447	170	0	402	22
Larceny-Theft	485	405	204	115	1209	478	2	935	26
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	22	8	3	0	33	0	0	30	0
Fraud	16	6	0	0	22	0	0	20	0
Arson	3	16	15	25	59	1	1	35	0
DWI	351	159	386	270	1166	1155	0	1116	33
Drug Violations	112	80	25	45	262	9	238	253	31
Liquor Laws	1227	2600	3	1	3831	3231	5	3233	157
Drunkenness	1558	3672	3144	2888	11262	10900	6	10900	425
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3882	3932	1828	213	9855	8769	7	9198	995
Curfew & Loitering	797	1787	481	721	3786	326	7	2539	2624
Suspicious Person Report	394	1181	141	252	1968	315	0	900	6
Prostitution/Vice	4	39	0	0	43	12	1	19	2
Weapons	45	182	70	6	303	87	0	211	15
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	434	281	0	0	715	61	2	577	635
ARPA Violations	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	8	0
All Other Offenses	5901	28949	23291	4107	62248	8070	40	29345	473
Total	18634	45607	31051	10710	106002	38276	342	67115	6005

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 - Blackfeet

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 36.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 63.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 5.7 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.3 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	62.5%	0.0%	75.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence	66.7%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	72.0%	5.3%	89.3%	2.7%
Sex Offenses	31.3%	0.0%	81.3%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	65.5%	0.0%	93.1%	3.4%
Aggravated Assault	65.0%	0.5%	84.7%	5.9%
Assault	62.8%	0.0%	87.6%	4.2%
Domestic Violence	46.8%	0.4%	80.4%	1.0%
Child Abuse	37.4%	0.5%	81.3%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	2.6%	0.0%	39.5%	0.0%
Burglary	37.6%	0.0%	82.5%	3.8%
Vandalism	38.5%	1.1%	84.3%	27.0%
Stolen Property	28.7%	0.0%	89.4%	1.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	38.0%	0.0%	89.9%	4.9%
Larceny-Theft	39.5%	0.2%	77.3%	2.2%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
Arson	1.7%	1.7%	59.3%	0.0%
DWI	99.1%	0.0%	95.7%	2.8%
Drug Violations	3.4%	90.8%	96.6%	11.8%
Liquor Laws	84.3%	0.1%	84.4%	4.1%
Drunkenness	96.8%	0.1%	96.8%	3.8%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	89.0%	0.1%	93.3%	10.1%
Curfew & Loitering	8.6%	0.2%	67.1%	69.3%
Suspicious Person Report	16.0%	0.0%	45.7%	0.3%
Prostitution/Vice	27.9%	2.3%	44.2%	4.7%
Weapons	28.7%	0.0%	69.6%	5.0%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	8.5%	0.3%	80.7%	88.8%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	13.0%	0.1%	47.1%	0.8%
Total	36.1%	0.3%	63.3%	5.7%

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BURNS PAIUTE-OREGON

The Burns Paiute Reservation is located north of Burns, Oregon, in Harney County. The current tribal members are primarily the descendants of the "Wadatika" band of Paiute Indians that roamed throughout central and southern Oregon.⁶ The reservation now covers 930 acres of trust land, 320 acres of fee-patent land, and another 11,000 plus acres of allotted lands that are held in trust for individual tribal members. The tribe has an enrollment of 341 with about 241 living on or near the reservation.⁷

The Northern Paiute ancestors (the Wada-Tika or Wadatika) were small peaceful bands who roamed extensively in central and eastern Oregon. They were hunter-gatherers that once lived over vast areas of the northern sections of Oregon and Nevada. The ancient leaders governed without a formalized governmental structure or permanent chiefs.⁸

The government of the Burns Paiute Tribe consists of a General Council, including a chairman, vice chairman, secretary-treasurer, sergeant-at-arms, and two additional council members. The Council meets quarterly and approves all tribal operations.⁹

The Burns Paiute Tribe has 3 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰

The properties and violent offenses rates (0) in 2007 for the Burns Paiute were much lower higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups. The number of Index crimes has been very low for five years (2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008).

Comparisons for the Burns Paiute

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Harney County – 2006	1930	78	2008
Burns Paiute -2007	0	0	0

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁶ <http://www.burnspaiute-nsn.gov/>

⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005

⁸ <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/burnspaiute.asp>

⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Burns: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and DWI.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total:	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	5	0	0	0	8	3	0	8	0
Assault	0	0	6	1	0	7	5	0	7	0
Domestic Violence	1	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0
Vandalism	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	3	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	4	8	4	10	1	27	22	3	27	1
Drug Violations	0	15	1	1	0	17	0	17	17	4
Liquor Laws	23	15	11	39	35	123	120	0	122	31
Drunkenness	0	7	1	0	1	9	9	0	9	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	7	4	3	0	3	17	6	0	17	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	15	80	14	43	21	173	41	0	160	0
Total	56	139	41	95	61	392	208	20	377	36

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Burns Paiute

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 53.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 96.2 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 9.2 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 5.1 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	37.5%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	71.4%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	81.5%	11.1%	100.0%	3.7%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	23.5%
Liquor Laws	97.6%	0.0%	99.2%	25.2%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	35.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	23.7%	0.0%	92.5%	0.0%
Total	53.1%	5.1%	96.2%	9.2%

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CHEHALIS -WASHINGTON

The Chehalis Tribe's reservation lands are situated approximately 26 miles southwest of Olympia and 6 miles northwest of Centralia, Washington. Thurston and Grays Harbor Counties bisect the reservation's 4,216-acres.¹¹ The Confederated Tribes of the Chehalis have an enrollment of 728 with a service population of 3,453 living on or near the reservation.¹²

The Chehalis people historically occupied a large area within the Chehalis River watershed stretching from the foothills of the Cascade Mountains to the Pacific Ocean in southwest Washington. The tribe has been located on the reservation within the Chehalis watershed since the 1850's. Important archeological sites are scattered throughout the tribe's aboriginal area. "Chehalis" is a collective name for several Salish tribes that originally lived in the area.¹³

The Chehalis tribal governing body is the General Council, comprised of all enrolled members 18 years-of-age and older. The Council generally meets twice annually but may also convene special meetings. The Business Committee, a five-member body elected to office by the General Council for two-year terms, oversees tribal administration and business activities.¹⁴

The Chehalis Tribe has 7 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁵

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2007 for the Chehalis were lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups (US, Washington, and surrounding counties). The Index Crime rates have been relatively constant and low from 2004 to 2008.

Comparisons for the Chehalis

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Grays Harbor County - 2007	4022	169	4191
Thurston County 2007	3110	211	3321
Chehalis -2007	1775	29	1804

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹ <http://www.chehalis-tribe.org/about.htm>

¹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005

¹³ <http://www.spipa.org/chehalis.htm>

¹⁴ <http://www.spipa.org/chehalis.htm>

¹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Chehalis: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	0
Sex Offenses	0	5	4	3	2	14	2	0	11	4
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	3	2	1	0	9	5	1	8	0
Assault	19	19	17	18	12	85	28	4	72	26
Domestic Violence	58	40	57	37	38	230	69	6	202	25
Child Abuse	4	9	3	5	6	27	2	0	22	4
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Burglary	15	18	17	17	14	81	5	1	67	10
Vandalism	28	22	23	21	39	133	9	1	112	26
Stolen Property	6	15	12	4	1	38	2	0	37	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	4	3	2	0	11	0	1	9	0
Larceny-Theft	65	54	67	42	76	304	3	4	264	20
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	5	6	4	2	1	18	0	0	17	0
Fraud	15	11	12	23	17	78	1	0	56	0
Arson	2	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	4	1
DWI	32	20	22	24	3	101	101	5	80	1
Drug Violations	40	28	25	35	57	185	8	175	155	12
Liquor Laws	1	8	4	15	6	34	34	0	22	20
Drunkenness	11	33	23	14	9	90	88	1	78	1
Gambling	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	19	24	36	77	86	242	75	9	168	39
Curfew & Loitering	4	8	19	7	6	44	10	9	37	28
Suspicious Person Report	142	128	171	168	144	753	57	59	611	57
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	4	7	1	2	16	4	1	16	2
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	3	1
Runaway < 18	8	13	13	15	8	57	1	0	46	54
ARPA Violations	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
All Other Offenses	510	286	221	352	330	1699	100	41	1362	150
Total	996	758	765	883	859	4261	607	319	3464	481

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Chehalis

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 14.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 81.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 11.3 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 7.5 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	14.3%	0.0%	78.6%	28.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	55.6%	11.1%	88.9%	0.0%
Assault	32.9%	4.7%	84.7%	30.6%
Domestic Violence	30.0%	2.6%	87.8%	10.9%
Child Abuse	7.4%	0.0%	81.5%	14.8%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	6.2%	1.2%	82.7%	12.3%
Vandalism	6.8%	0.8%	84.2%	19.5%
Stolen Property	5.3%	0.0%	97.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	9.1%	81.8%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	1.3%	86.8%	6.6%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	94.4%	0.0%
Fraud	1.3%	0.0%	71.8%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	25.0%
DWI	100.0%	5.0%	79.2%	1.0%
Drug Violations	4.3%	94.6%	83.8%	6.5%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	64.7%	58.8%
Drunkenness	97.8%	1.1%	86.7%	1.1%
Gambling	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	31.0%	3.7%	69.4%	16.1%
Curfew & Loitering	22.7%	20.5%	84.1%	63.6%
Suspicious Person Report	7.6%	7.8%	81.1%	7.6%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	25.0%	6.3%	100.0%	12.5%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	33.3%	33.3%	100.0%	33.3%
Runaway < 18	1.8%	0.0%	80.7%	94.7%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	5.9%	2.4%	80.2%	8.8%
Total	14.2%	7.5%	81.3%	11.3%

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COEUR D' ALENE-IDAHO

The Coeur d'Alene Indian Tribe, located in Idaho's panhandle, has an enrollment of 1,968 with a service population of about 1,251 residing on or near the reservation.¹⁶ The tribe has sovereign authority on a reservation that covers 345,000 acres of land including mountains, lakes, timber, and farmland. The reservation spans the western edge of the northern Rocky Mountains and the agricultural productive Palouse country.¹⁷

The name, "Coeur d'Alene," was given to the tribe in the late 18th or early 19th century by French traders and trappers. In French, it means "Heart of the Awl," referring to the sharpness of the trading skills exhibited by tribal members in their dealings with visitors. In the ancient tribal language, members call themselves, "Schitsu'umsh," meaning "The Discovered People" or "Those Who Are Found Here."¹⁸

The Coeur d'Alene Tribe has a government based on executive, legislative, and judicial branches. The tribal council has seven members and operates on a parliamentary system, with members elected by tribal vote and the chairperson elected by vote of the council. Although the chairperson serves as chief executive, he or she has one vote on the council and does not have veto power.¹⁹

The Coeur d'Alene Tribe has 12 sworn law enforcement officers.²⁰

The offense rates (Property, Violent, Index) for all categories in 2007 for Coeur d'Alene were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups. The Coeur d'Alene Index rates have been high for all five years (2004-2008).

Comparisons for Coeur d'Alene

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Idaho – 2007	2247	239	2486
Benewah County-'07	616	159	776
Coeur d'Alene - 2007	6364	13130	19504

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁷ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

¹⁸ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

¹⁹ <http://www.cdatribe-nsn.gov/overview.shtml>

²⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Coeur d’Alene: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, and liquor laws.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	3	2	7	10	22	14	6	16	8
Sex Offenses	4	11	21	14	9	59	9	0	21	8
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	1	3	0	0	4	2	0	0	3
Aggravated Assault	0	3	5	152	164	324	180	61	199	33
Assault	87	60	96	71	24	338	105	4	172	50
Domestic Violence	63	50	64	71	92	340	120	42	197	17
Child Abuse	11	8	8	8	9	44	1	5	3	5
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	2	3	0
Burglary	15	28	29	22	13	107	11	7	28	12
Vandalism	41	26	40	30	54	191	33	20	44	24
Stolen Property	3	13	34	16	13	79	11	8	25	8
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	58	13	10	6	97	2	3	15	6
Larceny-Theft	65	0	37	43	27	172	15	2	29	7
Embezzlement	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	13	2	20	3	38	2	5	15	2
Fraud	0	14	8	2	3	27	1	1	2	0
Arson	0	0	7	2	5	14	5	3	0	2
DWI	59	29	52	57	35	232	198	14	196	9
Drug Violations	29	34	71	293	244	671	59	572	459	107
Liquor Laws	0	87	26	201	199	513	494	51	408	212
Drunkness	124	33	21	69	78	325	292	27	234	134
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	34	20	42	39	38	173	95	14	104	22
Curfew & Loitering	7	10	5	6	10	38	1	4	14	28
Suspicious Person Report	29	10	0	66	206	311	1	2	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0
Weapons	0	1	1	5	10	17	7	7	10	7
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1
Runaway < 18	31	33	54	68	37	223	6	6	72	173
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	509	608	1264	3685	1449	7515	896	496	2996	675
Total	1125	1158	1906	4958	2738	11885	2560	1363	5262	1553

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Coeur d’Alene

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 21.5 percent of all the reported offenses, 44.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 13.1 percent of the offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 11.5 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	63.6%	27.3%	72.7%	36.4%
Sex Offenses	15.3%	0.0%	35.6%	13.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%
Aggravated Assault	55.6%	18.8%	61.4%	10.2%
Assault	31.1%	1.2%	50.9%	14.8%
Domestic Violence	35.3%	12.4%	57.9%	5.0%
Child Abuse	2.3%	11.4%	6.8%	11.4%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	66.7%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	10.3%	6.5%	26.2%	11.2%
Vandalism	17.3%	10.5%	23.0%	12.6%
Stolen Property	13.9%	10.1%	31.6%	10.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.1%	3.1%	15.5%	6.2%
Larceny-Theft	8.7%	1.2%	16.9%	4.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	5.3%	13.2%	39.5%	5.3%
Fraud	3.7%	3.7%	7.4%	0.0%
Arson	35.7%	21.4%	0.0%	14.3%
DWI	85.3%	6.0%	84.5%	3.9%
Drug Violations	8.8%	85.2%	68.4%	15.9%
Liquor Laws	96.3%	9.9%	79.5%	41.3%
Drunkenness	89.8%	8.3%	72.0%	41.2%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	54.9%	8.1%	60.1%	12.7%
Curfew & Loitering	2.6%	10.5%	36.8%	73.7%
Suspicious Person Report	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	41.2%	41.2%	58.8%	41.2%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
Runaway < 18	2.7%	2.7%	32.3%	77.6%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	11.9%	6.6%	39.9%	9.0%
Total	21.5%	11.5%	44.3%	13.1%

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Offenses – Columbia River: 2005-2008

The Columbia River Gorge is a unit that has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area.

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ ARPA violations, and suspicious person report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	4	0	0	0	4	3	0	3	0
Assault	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	8	0
Domestic Violence	1	0	5	7	13	0	0	13	0
Child Abuse	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Vandalism	2	8	0	3	13	0	0	2	2
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	4	0	0	4	8	0	0	3	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	3	0
Liquor Laws	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Drunkenness	1	0	13	5	19	3	0	19	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	5	2	2	5	14	1	0	14	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	22	15	37	0	0	35	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	44	0	0	44	0	0	40	0
All Other Offenses	4	229	218	212	663	0	0	620	0
Total	39	283	261	251	834	9	3	766	2

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Columbia River

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 1.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 91.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were involved in 0.2% of the reported offenses. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.4 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	75.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	15.4%	15.4%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	15.8%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	7.1%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	94.6%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	90.9%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	93.5%	0.0%
Total	1.1%	0.4%	91.8%	0.2%

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COLVILLE-WASHINGTON

The Colville Indian Reservation land base covers 1.4 million acres or 2,100 square acres located in north central Washington, primarily in Okanogan and Ferry counties.²¹ The Confederated Tribes of the Colville have an enrollment of 9,171 with a service population of about 5,052 living on or near the reservation.²² The reservation consists of tribally-owned lands held in federal trust status for the Confederated Tribes, land owned by individual Colville tribal members (most of which is held in federal trust status), and land owned by others, described as fee property and taxable by the counties.²³

Prior to the influx of Canadians and Europeans in the mid-1850s, the Colville ancestors were nomadic, following the seasons of nature and their sources of food. Their aboriginal territories were grouped primarily around waterways such as the Columbia River, the San Poil River, the Okanogan River, the Snake River, and the Wallowa River. Many tribal ancestors traveled throughout their aboriginal territories and other areas in the Northwest (including Canada), gathering with other native peoples for traditional activities such as food harvesting, feasting, trading, and celebrations that included sports and gambling. The lives of the people were tied to the cycles of nature both spiritually and traditionally.²⁴

The Colville Business Council is the tribal governing body and consists of 14 members who represent four voting districts on the reservation. Council members are elected by eligible tribal members to two-year terms.²⁵

The Confederated Colville Tribes have 23 sworn law enforcement officers.²⁶

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2005 for Colville were much lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups. Offense information was only collected in 2005.

Comparisons for Colville

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Okanogan County- '06	3122	283	3405
Ferry County – 2006	587	80	667
Colville – 2005	22	44	66

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent

²¹ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005

²³ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²⁴ <http://www.colvilletribes.com/facts.htm>

²⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

²⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Colville: 2005

The most common offenses were: assault, ‘all other offenses,’ and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		05				
Homicide	2	2	0	1	2	
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	1	1	0	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2	2	1	0	0	0
Assault	4	4	0	0	4	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	1	1	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	1	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	1	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	2	2	0	2	2	0
Liquor Laws	1	1	1	0	1	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3	3	0	0	3	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	3	3	0	0	3	0
Total	22	22	4	3	18	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005 – Colville

Alcohol was a contributing factor in 18.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 81.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and juveniles were not involved in the offenses. Drug use was involved in 13.6 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism				
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total	18.2%	13.6%	81.8%	0.0%

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COQUILLE-OREGON

The Coquille Tribe is located in southwest Oregon where the Coos River flows into Coos Bay.²⁷ The Coquille Tribe has an enrollment of 842 persons with 412 American Indians living on or near the reservation.²⁸ In 1856, they were forcibly moved to the Siletz Indian Reservation and Grand Ronde Indian Reservation. In 1954, the U.S. federal government terminated its recognition of the tribe, but in 1989 the tribe regained its federal recognition.²⁹

Tribal members are descended from people who inhabited the watersheds of the Coquille River system, a portion of Coos Bay at the South Slough, and areas north and south of the mouth of Coquille River where it enters the ocean at present day Bandon. Coquille ancestral territory encompassed more than 700,000 acres, which was ceded to the U.S. Government. Coquille leaders signed the treaties in 1851 and 1855. Because the treaties were ratified by Congress, the Coquille people and their descendants were denied a permanent homeland until the modern Coquille Tribe negotiated several land purchases, totaling the current 6,400 acre tribal land base.³⁰

The Tribal Council is the governing body of the Coquille Tribe. The Council is a seven-member body of elected officers, which sets policies and budgets and has oversight for governmental and economic activities and programs.³¹

The Coquille Tribe has 4 sworn law enforcement officers.³²

The offense rates (Property, Violent, and Index) in 2005 and 2007 for Coquille were much higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups, but lower in 2004 and 2008.

Comparisons for Coquille

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Coos County – 2006	2660	100	2760
Coquille – 2007	13819	6030	19849

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

²⁷ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coquille_\(tribe\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coquille_(tribe))

²⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

²⁹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Oregon/Coquille.htm

³⁰ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Oregon/Coquille.htm

³¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

³² U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Coquille: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and burglary.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2	6	0	0	8	2	0	3	0
Assault	1	3	4	3	11	4	0	7	2
Domestic Violence	0	4	4	0	8	2	0	3	0
Child Abuse	3	0	1	1	5	0	1	2	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2	14	3	6	25	0	0	3	2
Vandalism	0	2	4	4	10	0	0	1	2
Stolen Property	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	5	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	5	2	8	0	0	2	1
Larceny-Theft	2	8	5	5	20	0	0	4	2
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	1
DWI	2	0	5	8	15	8	0	13	0
Drug Violations	2	0	2	1	5	0	3	3	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0
Drunkenness	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	3	4	2	10	3	0	2	1
Curfew & Loitering	0	7	0	5	12	0	0	4	10
Suspicious Person Report	2	9	17	14	42	2	1	7	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0	0	2	1		2	0
Runaway < 18	1	0	1	2	4	0	0	4	3
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	24	0	4	19	47	0	0	32	2
Total	45	65	63	75	248	23	5	102	28

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Coquille

Alcohol was involved in 9.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 41.1 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 11.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.0 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	25.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Assault	36.4%	0.0%	63.6%	18.2%
Domestic Violence	25.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	20.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	12.0%	8.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	62.5%	12.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	12.5%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	10.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
DWI	53.3%	0.0%	86.7%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	60.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	30.0%	0.0%	20.0%	10.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	83.3%
Suspicious Person Report	4.8%	2.4%	16.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	75.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	68.1%	4.3%
Total	9.3%	2.0%	41.1%	11.3%

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CROW-MONTANA

The Crow Reservation is located in south-central Montana, bordering Wyoming on the south. The northwest boundary of the reservation is about ten miles south of Billings. The Crow Reservation's eastern boundary is adjacent to the Northern Cheyenne Reservation. The reservation is approximately 60 miles wide and 40 miles in length, encompassing 2,235,093 acres.³³ The tribe has an enrollment of 11,407 with a service population of 8,058 persons living on or near the reservation.³⁴

The Crow Indians first entered Montana in the 1600s. They were part of the Hidatas people sharing their sedentary life, raising crops, and hunting wild game. As time evolved, they turned more to hunting and eventually became a nomadic people with their lives revolving around the buffalo. They became excellent horsemen and a prosperous people. The Crows have maintained their traditions and language with about 80 percent speaking their Native language.³⁵

The Crows have a general council form of government. All males over 20 and all females over 18 are members of the Tribal Council. In addition to the Council, four officers are elected for two-year terms.³⁶

There are 20 sworn law enforcement officers on the Crow Reservation.³⁷

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2007 for the Crow had lower property offenses, but higher violent offenses, compared to the other groups. The overall Index crime rates have been relatively low for all years.

Comparisons for the Crow

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Yellowstone County – 2007	3725	211	3936
Bighorn County – 2007	1893	424	2317
Crow – 2007	2533	517	3050

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

³³ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

³⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

³⁵ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/crow.htm>

³⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

³⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 Offenses: – Crow

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and liquor laws.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	4	4	6	7	21	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	6	4	0	10	0	0	0	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	2	2	5	10	0	0	0	1
Aggravated Assault	7	39	32	27	105	6	1	3	0
Assault	0	147	104	161	412	73	0	13	2
Domestic Violence	9	90	113	138	350	54	0	44	4
Child Abuse	2	9	21	15	47	0	0	0	1
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	11	0	2	13	1	0	2	0
Burglary	0	45	64	64	173	1	0	2	1
Vandalism	0	126	124	139	389	6	0	0	8
Stolen Property	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	29	38	42	111	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	21	67	93	74	255	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	1	2	2	5	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0
Arson	8	2	1	0	11	0	0	0	2
DWI	0	608	289	749	1646	256	0	186	0
Drug Violations	0	115	129	64	308	0	33	6	2
Liquor Laws	0	517	906	751	2174	806	0	617	0
Drunkenness	0	1488	2121	2681	6290	2197	0	1153	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	587	1107	1547	3241	1240	0	1048	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	689	593	612	1894	0	34	0	234
Suspicious Person Report	0	635	541	642	1818	84	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	65	92	85	242	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	7	15	9	31	0	0	2	9
ARPA Violations	0	15	0	5	20	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	958	581	222	1761	90	0	25	12
Total	54	6266	6981	8045	21346	4817	68	3105	277

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest of exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Crow

Alcohol was involved in 22.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 14.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 1.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 0.3 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	33.3%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Aggravated Assault	5.7%	1.0%	2.9%	0.0%
Assault	17.7%	0.0%	3.2%	0.5%
Domestic Violence	15.4%	0.0%	12.6%	1.1%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	7.7%	0.0%	15.4%	0.0%
Burglary	0.6%	0.0%	1.2%	0.6%
Vandalism	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.2%
DWI	15.6%	0.0%	11.3%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	10.7%	1.9%	0.6%
Liquor Laws	37.1%	0.0%	28.4%	0.0%
Drunkenness	34.9%	0.0%	18.3%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	38.3%	0.0%	32.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	12.4%
Suspicious Person Report	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%	29.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	5.1%	0.0%	1.4%	0.7%
Total	22.6%	0.3%	14.5%	1.3%

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FLATHEAD-MONTANA

Situated in northwestern Montana, the Flathead Indian Reservation is located south of Kalispell and north of Missoula. Fertile valleys and towering mountain peaks surround the 1.2 million acres of the reservation. The reservation is home to the Confederated Salish and Kootenai tribes. The tribes are a combination of the Salish, the Pend d'Oreilles, and the Kootenai bands that lived in western Montana, northern Idaho, and eastern Washington in the early 1800's.³⁸ There are 7,083 enrolled tribal members with a service population of 9,924 Native Americans.³⁹ Tribal members are outnumbered by non-Indian people on the reservation by about four-to-one, and the total population (Native American and all other races/ethnicities) on the reservation is 19,014.⁴⁰

The reservation includes the southern half of Flathead Lake, which provides excellent fishing and recreational opportunities. Before the arrival of Europeans, the tribes hunted and gathered plants over an area the size of many eastern states. Twice a year, the tribes made cooperative hunting trips over the Continental Divide to the buffalo herds of the Great Plains.⁴¹

The Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes have a Tribal Council with a tribal chairperson, an executive treasurer, an executive secretary, and an internal auditor. Committees provide direction for the many organizations and programs (i.e., tribal court, law and order, education, health and human services, and natural resources) on the reservation.⁴²

There are 19 sworn law enforcement officers on the Flathead Reservation.⁴³

The Index rates in 2007 for the Salish and Kootenai Tribes were higher than all other comparison groups. The Index crime rates were high for 2004, 2006, and 2007, but much lower in 2005 and 2008.

Comparisons for Flathead

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Flathead County -2007	3598	438	4036
Lake County – 2007	2407	495	2902
Flathead – 2007	4058	2291	6349

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

³⁸ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=170&sub=tribal+histories

³⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁴⁰ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=170&sub=tribal+histories

⁴¹ <http://www.charkoosta.com/about2.html>

⁴² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁴³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Flathead: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: 'all other offenses,' liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	1	3	0	4	2	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	5	0	5	3	0	13	2	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	33	3	5	17	7	65	0	0	42	2
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	2	4	0	6	1	0	2	2
Aggravated Assault	283	14	41	97	52	487	42	0	328	4
Assault	64	11	177	170	154	576	140	0	184	8
Domestic Violence	355	12	152	341	239	1099	199	5	469	7
Child Abuse	21	1	12	10	14	58	3	0	22	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	0	8	2	0	11	1	1	3	0
Burglary	180	1	53	87	34	355	9	0	147	4
Vandalism	65	0	98	109	86	358	34	0	103	7
Stolen Property	78	0	129	55	14	276	3	0	84	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	29	0	53	49	42	173	22	0	59	8
Larceny-Theft	308	0	118	45	14	485	8	0	310	3
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	31	2	6	13	14	66	0	0	41	0
Fraud	1	0	8	5	11	25	0	0	1	0
Arson	1	0	1	5	3	10	0	0	1	0
DWI	271	10	202	280	277	1040	655	0	404	6
Drug Violations	134	6	101	106	74	421	36	154	176	10
Liquor Laws	668	40	118	282	226	1334	895	0	838	165
Drunkenness	0	0	47	109	77	233	189	0	51	3
Gambling	10	1	3	12	2	28	0	0	11	0
Disorderly Conduct	305	26	133	249	197	910	219	3	491	30
Curfew & Loitering	113	1	8	49	20	191	30	1	134	175
Suspicious Person Report	9	0	207	123	176	515	34	3	70	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	4	0	0	4	1	9	1	0	4	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	226	8	170	73	69	546	6	0	286	372
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	19
All Other Offenses	1130	83	456	796	716	3181	414	8	1535	402
Total	4325	219	2314	3098	2520	12476	2945	175	5805	1228

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 - Flathead

Alcohol was involved in 23.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 46.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 9.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 1.4 percent of all the reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	15.4%	0.0%	53.8%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	64.6%	3.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	16.7%	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%
Aggravated Assault	8.6%	0.0%	67.4%	0.8%
Assault	24.3%	0.0%	31.9%	1.4%
Domestic Violence	18.1%	0.5%	42.7%	0.6%
Child Abuse	5.2%	0.0%	37.9%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	9.1%	9.1%	27.3%	0.0%
Burglary	2.5%	0.0%	41.4%	1.1%
Vandalism	9.5%	0.0%	28.8%	2.0%
Stolen Property	1.1%	0.0%	30.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	12.7%	0.0%	34.1%	4.6%
Larceny-Theft	1.6%	0.0%	63.9%	0.6%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	62.1%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%
DWI	63.0%	0.0%	38.8%	0.6%
Drug Violations	8.6%	36.6%	41.8%	2.4%
Liquor Laws	67.1%	0.0%	62.8%	12.4%
Drunkenness	81.1%	0.0%	21.9%	1.3%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	39.3%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	24.1%	0.3%	54.0%	3.3%
Curfew & Loitering	15.7%	0.5%	70.2%	91.6%
Suspicious Person Report	6.6%	0.6%	13.6%	0.2%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	11.1%	0.0%	44.4%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	1.1%	0.0%	52.4%	68.1%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1900.0%
All Other Offenses	13.0%	0.3%	48.3%	12.6%
Total	23.6%	1.4%	46.5%	9.8%

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FORT BELKNAP-MONTANA

Fort Belknap Indian Reservation is home to the Gros Ventre and the Assiniboine Tribes. The Fort Belknap Indian Reservation is located forty miles south of the Canadian border and twenty miles north of the Missouri River in Montana.⁴⁴ The Fort Belknap Indian Reservation encompasses an area consisting of 675,147 acres, which extends approximately 28 miles east and west and 35 miles north and south. The land is mostly rolling plains. The main industry is agriculture, consisting of small cattle ranches, raising alfalfa hay for feed and larger dry land farms. There are approximately 6,304 enrolled tribal members with about 6,035 living on or near the reservation.⁴⁵

The Assiniboine speak a Siouan dialect, while the Gros Ventre's language belongs to the greater Algonquian linguistic family. The Assiniboine Tribe came from the Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods area near the Canadian border, but moved to the northern plains in the early 1700s. Little is known of the Gros Ventre Tribe, which descended from the Arapaho. In the late 1700s they moved to the northern plains and became an ally with the Blackfeet.⁴⁶

The Community Council is recognized as the governing body on the Fort Belknap Reservation. It is charged with the duty of protecting the health, security, and general welfare of the Fort Belknap Indian Community. The Council consists of the president and the vice president, who are elected to serve a four year term. Eight Council Members, consisting of four Gros Ventres and four Assiniboine members are elected every two years. The president and vice president appoint a secretary/treasurer, who serves for four years.⁴⁷

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Belknap Reservation.⁴⁸

The property offense rate (688) in 2006 for the Fort Belknap was lower than the other groups, but the violent offense rate (615) was higher than all other groups. The overall Index crime rate has been relatively low for all years.

Comparisons for Fort Belknap

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Blaine County – 2007	545	91	635
Phillips County – 2007	1723	197	1920
Fort Belknap – 2006	688	615	1303

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁴⁴ <http://www.fortbelknapnations-nsn.gov/>

⁴⁵ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁴⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁴⁷ <http://www.fortbelknapnations-nsn.gov/>

⁴⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Fort Belknap: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drunkenness.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	2	5	7	5	0	7	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	1	4	8	2	0	7	1
Sex Offenses	5	3	14	6	28	15	0	22	2
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	3	0	0	4	4	0	4	0
Aggravated Assault	19	26	21	20	86	70	6	87	11
Assault	46	52	63	6	167	93	13	165	33
Domestic Violence	131	136	126	59	452	319	16	452	46
Child Abuse	77	41	52	59	229	141	6	223	13
Elderly Abuse	30	0	0	0	30	21	2	30	1
Robbery	0	1	1	3	5	3	0	5	0
Burglary	9	17	10	8	44	14	0	35	8
Vandalism	48	103	62	13	226	88	1	178	100
Stolen Property	11	0	12	9	32	11	1	30	4
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	12	6	2	22	7	2	22	1
Larceny-Theft	51	50	11	6	118	36	10	103	18
Embezzlement	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	2	2	0	5	0	0	5	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Arson	0	1	1	4	6	5	0	5	4
DWI	100	97	46	57	300	289	293	300	22
Drug Violations	31	22	30	25	108	34	102	110	15
Liquor Laws	186	156	83	79	504	479	18	504	315
Drunkenness	398	0	344	69	811	808	9	811	162
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	315	258	213	275	1061	785	14	1061	205
Curfew & Loitering	51	62	42	28	183	128	43	183	179
Suspicious Person Report	3	4	1	0	8	37	0	7	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Weapons	9	8	4	3	24	17	1	24	4
Completed Suicide	3	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	0
Attempted Suicide	11	0	0	0	11	12	2	10	0
Runaway < 18	6	29	7	5	47	32	0	47	47
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1136	539	266	245	2186	609	60	1892	214
Total	2684	1622	1420	990	6716	4089	607	6333	1406

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Fort Belknap

Alcohol was involved in 60.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 94.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 20.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 9.0 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	71.4%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	87.5%	12.5%
Sex Offenses	53.6%	0.0%	78.6%	7.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	81.4%	7.0%	101.2%	12.8%
Assault	55.7%	7.8%	98.8%	19.8%
Domestic Violence	70.6%	3.5%	100.0%	10.2%
Child Abuse	61.6%	2.6%	97.4%	5.7%
Elderly Abuse	70.0%	6.7%	100.0%	3.3%
Robbery	60.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	31.8%	0.0%	79.5%	18.2%
Vandalism	38.9%	0.4%	78.8%	44.2%
Stolen Property	34.4%	3.1%	93.8%	12.5%
Motor Vehicle Theft	31.8%	9.1%	100.0%	4.5%
Larceny-Theft	30.5%	8.5%	87.3%	15.3%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson	83.3%	0.0%	83.3%	66.7%
DWI	96.3%	97.7%	100.0%	7.3%
Drug Violations	31.5%	94.4%	101.9%	13.9%
Liquor Laws	95.0%	3.6%	100.0%	62.5%
Drunkenness	99.6%	1.1%	100.0%	20.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	74.0%	1.3%	100.0%	19.3%
Curfew & Loitering	69.9%	23.5%	100.0%	97.8%
Suspicious Person Report	462.5%	0.0%	87.5%	12.5%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	70.8%	4.2%	100.0%	16.7%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	109.1%	18.2%	90.9%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	68.1%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	27.9%	2.7%	86.6%	9.8%
Total	60.9%	9.0%	94.3%	20.9%

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FORT HALL-IDAHO

The Fort Hall Indian Reservation is located in eastern Idaho near Pocatello. The main agriculture activity on the reservation today is the cultivation of wheat and potatoes. A casino, operated by the Shoshone-Bannock tribes, is located along Interstate 15 north of Pocatello.⁴⁹ The Tribal enrollment is 5,262 with 13,547 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁵⁰

The Shoshone and Bannock were gathered to the Fort Hall Indian Reservation in the 1860s. Their homeland included all of southern Idaho at one time. In pre-contact times, they were not organized as tribes, but lived and worked together in bands or groups of related families based within a defined region. Even today, after more than a century of reservation life, individuals and families track themselves and others by whether they are Shoshone or Bannock or by the band from which they descend. Often assumed to be merely dialects, Shoshone and Bannock are actually two distinct languages. The Bannock speak a dialect of Northern Paiute, similar to the Northern Paiute spoken in Oregon.⁵¹

The Shoshone and Bannock Tribes provide many services to tribal members and non-Indians with revenues from agriculture, business enterprises, tourism, and other sources. The Fort Hall Business Council includes seven members elected by the general membership to two-year terms.⁵²

There are 16 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Hall Reservation.⁵³

The offense rates (Property, Violent, Index) in 2007 for Fort Hall were lower than were the rates for the other comparison groups, except the Violent offenses rate in Bingham and Power Counties were lower. The Index rates have been low for all years.

Comparisons for Fort Hall

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Idaho – 2007	2247	239	2486
Bingham County – ‘07	1757	128	1885
Bannock County – ‘07	3074	234	3308
Power County – ‘07	1523	37	1561
Fort Hall – 2007	545	186	731

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁴⁹ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fort_Hall_Indian_Reservation

⁵⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁵¹ <http://challenge.isu.edu/multicultural/NativeAm/ShoBan/forthall.htm>

⁵² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Fort Hall: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and suspicious persons report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	1	4	3	0	0	8	8	0	8	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	5	7	4	4	0	20	8	1	15	1
Sex Offenses	31	10	10	10	24	85	7	2	9	15
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	2	1	0	0	4	1	1	2	0
Aggravated Assault	15	29	21	20	15	100	57	8	64	4
Assault	122	0	115	108	69	414	118	4	87	28
Domestic Violence	0	2	246	200	98	546	159	4	132	1
Child Abuse	47	62	42	53	35	239	23	1	110	11
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	2	0	2	0	4	4	0	3	1
Burglary	14	36	63	52	3	168	17	4	30	26
Vandalism	27	0	20	116	0	163	0	0	19	45
Stolen Property	32	0	6	22	2	62	1	1	10	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	10	18	14	0	44	12	0	15	7
Larceny-Theft	0	2	49	6	1	58	0	0	8	0
Embezzlement	12	2	1	1	8	24	1	2	12	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	13	2	6	4	13	38	0	1	14	0
Fraud	7	1	6	10	7	31	0	0	6	0
Arson	2	3	3	4	9	21	0	1	2	1
DWI	365	0	357	326	302	1350	921	13	763	12
Drug Violations	53	14	109	61	23	260	7	174	205	21
Liquor Laws	49	0	154	572	52	827	571	0	511	27
Drunkenness	747	0	874	626	575	2822	1976	4	1866	80
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	208	0	262	146	88	704	153	0	112	35
Curfew & Loitering	16	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	15
Suspicious Person Report	657	0	799	600	422	2478	0	4	99	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Weapons	67	3	41	37	9	157	33	3	28	5
Completed Suicide	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	20	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	2
Runaway < 18	35	0	47	35	44	161	1	0	36	102
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	3868	32	6703	7190	4930	22723	8	0	643	115
Total	6422	223	9961	10219	6729	33554	4086	228	4810	557

Note: The Total for 2006 and the Total 2004-2008 is off by 11 because 11 offenses were not identified by category.

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Fort Hall

Alcohol was involved in 12.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 14.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 1.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.7 percent of all reported offenses. More attention is needed in collecting information for alcohol, drug, offenses cleared and juvenile involvement, since it appears that these rates are much lower than expected.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	40.0%	5.0%	75.0%	5.0%
Sex Offenses	8.2%	2.4%	10.6%	17.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	25.0%	25.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	57.0%	8.0%	64.0%	4.0%
Assault	28.5%	1.0%	21.0%	6.8%
Domestic Violence	29.1%	0.7%	24.2%	0.2%
Child Abuse	9.6%	0.4%	46.0%	4.6%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
Burglary	10.1%	2.4%	17.9%	15.5%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	11.7%	27.6%
Stolen Property	1.6%	1.6%	16.1%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	27.3%	0.0%	34.1%	15.9%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	13.8%	0.0%
Embezzlement	4.2%	8.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	2.6%	36.8%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	19.4%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	4.8%	9.5%	4.8%
DWI	68.2%	1.0%	56.5%	0.9%
Drug Violations	2.7%	66.9%	78.8%	8.1%
Liquor Laws	69.0%	0.0%	61.8%	3.3%
Drunkenness	70.0%	0.1%	66.1%	2.8%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	21.7%	0.0%	15.9%	5.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	93.8%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.2%	4.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	21.0%	1.9%	17.8%	3.2%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%
Runaway < 18	0.6%	0.0%	22.4%	63.4%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	0.5%
Total	12.2%	0.7%	14.3%	1.7%

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FORT PECK-MONTANA

There are 11,640 enrolled Assiniboine and Sioux Tribal members on the Fort Peck Indian Reservation with about 7,023 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁵⁴ The Fort Peck Reservation is in northeastern Montana, forty miles west of the North Dakota border, and fifty miles south of the Canadian border, with the Missouri River defining its southern border. The reservation encompasses over two million acres of land.⁵⁵

There are two distinct tribes on the Fort Peck Reservation: the Lower Assiniboine and the Yanktoni Sioux. The Assiniboine are believed to be an offshoot of the Yanktoni Sioux, while the Sioux are from the middle band of the Sioux or the Nakotas.⁵⁶

The Fort Peck Tribes are governed by an Executive Board consisting of 15 enrolled members, including a chairperson, vice-chairperson, sergeant-at-arms, and 12 voting members.⁵⁷

There are 28 sworn law enforcement officers on the Fort Peck Reservation.⁵⁸

In 2007 the Property and Violent offense rates from Fort Peck were higher than the state of Montana, US, and nearby county rates. The Index rates have been higher than the comparison units the last two years, but lower or similar in 2004 and 2006, respectively.

Comparisons for the Fort Peck

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Valley County – 2007	1693	244	1937
Roosevelt County – '07	312	123	435
Daniels County – 2007	398	0	398
Fort Peck – 2007	3908	1691	5599

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁵⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁵⁵ http://montanakids.com/db_engine/presentations/presentation.asp?pid=173&sub=Tribal+Histories

⁵⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁵⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Fort Peck: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and liquor laws.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drq	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	7	2	4	7	20	7	2	20	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	0
Forcible Rape	24	9	12	11	56	17	1	55	6
Sex Offenses	19	3	22	14	58	16	3	57	5
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	1	6	1	8	7	1	8	2
Aggravated Assault	24	48	100	92	264	159	6	239	34
Assault	182	127	150	251	710	268	6	658	76
Domestic Violence	0	123	172	162	457	285	14	450	66
Child Abuse	0	18	26	22	66	36	4	57	1
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	0	3	3	7	5	1	7	0
Burglary	56	53	94	70	273	69	12	270	60
Vandalism	0	192	263	210	665	240	2	643	147
Stolen Property	0	9	0	1	10	1	0	5	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	15	26	26	67	25	0	67	15
Larceny-Theft	1	71	138	111	321	93	23	305	55
Embezzlement	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	6	5	12	4	0	12	1
Fraud	2	1	2	0	5	0	0	5	0
Arson	1	7	17	39	64	20	4	63	13
DWI	383	185	243	376	1187	803	3	1186	54
Drug Violations	4	13	44	46	107	46	93	106	31
Liquor Laws	318	331	535	470	1654	1120	2	1440	579
Drunkenness	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	6	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	856	614	950	982	3402	1899	46	3326	631
Curfew & Loitering	113	97	71	60	341	160	0	341	228
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	11	7	10	13	41	22	0	39	7
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	2	1	2	2	7	0	0	7	5
ARPA Violations	0	29	0	0	29	2	0	25	0
All Other Offenses	3854	671	1149	1008	6682	1205	68	6214	533
Total	5859	2631	4047	3984	16521	6509	292	15615	2550

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Fort Peck

Alcohol was involved in 39.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 94.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 15.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 1.8 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	35.0%	10.0%	100.0%	5.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	30.4%	1.8%	98.2%	10.7%
Sex Offenses	27.6%	5.2%	98.3%	8.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	87.5%	12.5%	100.0%	25.0%
Aggravated Assault	60.2%	2.3%	90.5%	12.9%
Assault	37.7%	0.8%	92.7%	10.7%
Domestic Violence	62.4%	3.1%	98.5%	14.4%
Child Abuse	54.5%	6.1%	86.4%	1.5%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	71.4%	14.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	25.3%	4.4%	98.9%	22.0%
Vandalism	36.1%	0.3%	96.7%	22.1%
Stolen Property	10.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	37.3%	0.0%	100.0%	22.4%
Larceny-Theft	29.0%	7.2%	95.0%	17.1%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	8.3%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson	31.3%	6.3%	98.4%	20.3%
DWI	67.6%	0.3%	99.9%	4.5%
Drug Violations	43.0%	86.9%	99.1%	29.0%
Liquor Laws	67.7%	0.1%	87.1%	35.0%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	150.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	55.8%	1.4%	97.8%	18.5%
Curfew & Loitering	46.9%	0.0%	100.0%	66.9%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	53.7%	0.0%	95.1%	17.1%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	71.4%
ARPA Violations	6.9%	0.0%	86.2%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	18.0%	1.0%	93.0%	8.0%
Total	39.4%	1.8%	94.5%	15.4%

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HOH RIVER–WASHINGTON

The Hoh River Reservation consists of 443 acres located 28 miles south of Forks, and 80 miles north of Aberdeen, Washington. The Hoh River Reservation has approximately one mile of beach front running east from the mouth of the Hoh River, and south to Ruby Beach.⁵⁹ The Hoh River Indian Reservation has a tribal enrollment of 167 with 172 American Indians living on or near the Reservation.⁶⁰

The Hoh are considered to be part of the Quileute Tribe, although they are a separate tribal group. Although little ethnographic information was collected, the Hoh are heir to a rich cultural tradition.⁶¹ The livelihood of the Hoh Indians is primarily fishing although a few of the residents make traditional baskets, carve canoes for ocean going or river use, and make other carvings. The local people dip for smelts on the beaches and use smokehouses for preserving food for future use. The tidelands are abundant with razor clams, butter clams, crab and perch.^{62 63}

The Hoh River Indian Reservation was established by an Executive Order of September 11, 1963. The Hoh Tribe has formed a Tribal government under Public Law 89-655, providing for a basic roll of tribal members. The governing body is elected by secret ballot biannually in November.⁶⁴

There are 2 sworn law enforcement officers on the Hoh River Reservation.⁶⁵

The reported Violent crime rate in 2007 for Hoh River was much lower than all groups, but the Property Crime rate was higher than all other groups. The overall Index rates for Hoh River were low in 2004 and 2005, but relatively high since that time.

Comparisons for Hoh River

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Grays Harbor County -2007	4022	169	4191
Hoh River – 2007	7558	0	7558

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁵⁹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁶¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁶² <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/hoh.asp>

⁶³ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁴ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Hoh%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁶⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Hoh River: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious persons report, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	1	1	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	1
Assault	4	3	1	0	2	10	1	0	3	0
Domestic Violence	1	1	1	5	16	24	8	2	23	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	3	1	3	7	4	18	0	0	1	0
Vandalism	0	4	15	3	6	28	0	0	18	25
Stolen Property	2	7	2	2	0	13	0	0	6	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	5	6	1	12	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	1	1
DWI	0	2	1	0	0	3	2	0	3	0
Drug Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	0	2	1	5	2	10	2	0	9	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	1	7	5	2	15	1	2	14	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	1	0	25	3	5	34	0	0	8	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	1	3	0	0	4	0	0	3	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	0	50	195	381	626	0	0	589	0
Total	13	27	116	231	423	810	15	4	684	27

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 - Hoh River

Alcohol was involved in 1.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 84.4 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.5 percent of all reported offenses. More attention is needed in collecting information for involvement of alcohol and drugs.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%
Assault	10.0%	0.0%	30.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	33.3%	8.3%	95.8%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	64.3%	89.3%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	46.2%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%
DWI	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations				
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	20.0%	0.0%	90.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	6.7%	13.3%	93.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	23.5%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	94.1%	0.0%
Total	1.9%	0.5%	84.4%	3.3%

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JAMESTOWN S'KLALLAM–WASHINGTON

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribal community is located on the northern Olympic Peninsula of Washington State, approximately 70 miles northwest of the city of Seattle. The Peninsula is a distinct and somewhat isolated geographic region, as it is separated from the Seattle urban area by two bodies of water, one of which must be crossed by ferry. Two counties comprise the bulk of the Olympic Peninsula land area: Clallam County and Jefferson County. The Peninsula is bounded by the Pacific Ocean to the west, the Strait of Juan de Fuca to the north, and on the east by Hood Canal. A large part of the two counties is densely timbered wilderness or undeveloped area, and is characterized by rugged mountains, steep slopes and rain forests.⁶⁶

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe has an enrollment of 526 with a service population of 1,192 living on or near the tribal land which covers 1048 acres.^{67 68}

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe has evolved directly from several constituent communities of the S'Klallam Tribe. The S'Klallam Tribe (meaning "strong people"), a Salish cultural and linguistic group were mostly related to the Sook and other Tribes of British Columbia, but also related to most of the tribes of the Puget Sound Area. The S'Klallam Tribe was a clearly defined social and cultural unit, whose component villages were closely linked by inter-marriage and other cooperative social ties.⁶⁹

The Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe is governed by a five-member Tribal Council elected to two-year terms on a staggered basis. All enrolled Tribal members over the age of 18 years are eligible to vote and run for office. The Tribal constitution was adopted in 1975. Tribal governmental programs receive overall direction from the Tribal Council through the Executive Director.⁷⁰

The reported Property and Violent crime rates in 2007 for Jamestown S'Klallam were lower than all comparison groups.

Comparisons for Jamestown S'Klallam

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington - 2007	4031	333	4364
Clallam County -2007	2926	266	3191
Jefferson County -07	3175	248	3423
Jamestown – 2007	0	252	252

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁶⁶ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/facts/facts_land.htm

⁶⁷ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/facts/facts_land.htm

⁶⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁶⁹ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/history/hist_jst.htm

⁷⁰ http://www.jamestowntribe.org/jstweb_2007/history/hist_jst.htm

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Offenses – Jamestown S’Klallam: 2007-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, aggravated assault, assault, DWI, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			07-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	0	3	0	0	0	0
Assault	3	0	3	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	2	1	3	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0				
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	3	0	3	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	5	0	5	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0				
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0				
Runaway < 18	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	26	17	43	0	0	0	0
Total	46	18	64	0	0	0	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007-2008 - Jamestown S’Klallam

There was no reported information for alcohol, drug, cleared, or juvenile involvement.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

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KALISPEL INDIAN COMMUNITY – WASHINGTON

The Kalispel Reservation is approximately 4,600 acres on a narrow strip of land situated along the east bank of the Pend O'reille River in extreme northeast Washington. The current Kalispel Reservation is a very small portion of the original land of 4 million acres. The enrolled tribal membership is 380 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 185.^{71 72}

During the mid to late 19th century, the Kalispel Tribe of Indians preserved its culture and way of life in the midst of increasing numbers of white settlers in the area. Roman Catholic priests began working with the Tribe in 1844. In 1855, the Upper Kalispel Tribe gave up its lands and moved to the Jocko Reservation in Montana at the request of the U.S. Government. The Lower Kalispel Tribe, of which today's Kalispel members are descendants, refused to give up its ancestral lands and continued to work toward an agreement that would allow the Tribe to remain on its homeland. Though Congress did propose a treaty in 1872, the terms were poor, and the Tribe refused to sign it. By 1874 Congress had stopped establishing treaties with Tribes altogether, leaving the Kalispel Tribe with no legal protection.⁷³ Eventually, federal protection was granted creating the modern day Kalispel Indian Reservation.⁷⁴

The tribal government is administered by a seven-member Business Council whose members are elected to one-year terms.⁷⁵

There are 5 sworn law enforcement officers on the Kalispel Reservation.⁷⁶

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Kalispel were much higher than all other groups. The Kalispel Index crime rates have been high for all reported years.

Comparisons for Kalispel

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Pend Oreille County – 2007	3278	48	3325
Kalispel – 2007	10101	505	10606

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁷¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁷² http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Kalispel%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁷³ <http://www.kalispeltribe.com/default.aspx?page=19>

⁷⁴ <http://www.angelfire.com/id/newpubs/kalispel4.html>

⁷⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁷⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Kalispell: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: 'all other offenses', drug violations, and suspicious persons report.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	0	1	1	4	1	1	3	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	4	3	1	3	11	4	0	7	0
Assault	15	7	15	1	38	16	0	32	0
Domestic Violence	4	3	17	9	33	23	0	21	2
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	5	4	3	1	13	0	0	11	1
Vandalism	0	1	1	2	4	1	0	2	0
Stolen Property	9	5	2	0	16	0	0	15	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	3	2	6	12	1	0	3	1
Larceny-Theft	1	8	15	8	32	0	0	20	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	1	5	1	8	0	0	7	0
Fraud	1	3	4	0	8	0	0	6	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	7	11	5	1	24	22	1	22	0
Drug Violations	30	33	29	18	110	6	93	92	2
Liquor Laws	0	0	4	0	4	3	0	4	0
Drunkenness	6	7	5	15	33	25	0	21	2
Gambling	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	6	3	1	11	8	0	7	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	50	6	0	3	59	0	0	53	0
Prostitution/Vice	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Weapons	2	0	1	3	6	0	1	3	1
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	1	3	2	1	7	0	0	2	3
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
All Other Offenses	78	45	62	22	207	8	2	145	1
Total	219	149	177	98	643	118	98	477	14

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Kalispell

Alcohol was involved in 18.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 74.2 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 2.2 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 15.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	25.0%	25.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	36.4%	0.0%	63.6%	0.0%
Assault	42.1%	0.0%	84.2%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	69.7%	0.0%	63.6%	6.1%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	84.6%	7.7%
Vandalism	25.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	93.8%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	8.3%	0.0%	25.0%	8.3%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	62.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	91.7%	4.2%	91.7%	0.0%
Drug Violations	5.5%	84.5%	83.6%	1.8%
Liquor Laws	75.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	75.8%	0.0%	63.6%	6.1%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	72.7%	0.0%	63.6%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	89.8%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	16.7%	50.0%	16.7%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%	42.9%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	3.9%	1.0%	70.0%	0.5%
Total	18.4%	15.2%	74.2%	2.2%

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THE KLAMATH TRIBES – OREGON

The Klamath Indians have hunted, fished, and foraged in the area of the Klamath Marsh and upper Williamson River for over a thousand years. In 1864 the Klamath Tribe entered into a treaty with the United States whereby it relinquished its aboriginal claim to some 12 million acres of land in return for a reservation of approximately 800,000 acres in south-central Oregon. This reservation included all of the Klamath Marsh as well as large forested tracts of the Williamson River watershed.⁷⁷

The Klamath Tribes consist of the Klamaths, the Modocs and the Yahooskin. The Klamath Tribes have an enrollment of 3,579 with a service population of 2,672 living on or near the Reservation.^{78 79}

Tribal government starts with the General Council, which meets quarterly, and includes every enrolled member 18 years or older. Ten members make up the Tribal Council and they are elected every four years. These elected positions are Tribal Chairman, Vice Chairman, Secretary, Treasurer, and six Tribal Council members. The Tribal Council attends to the day-to-day business of protecting and enhancing tribal interests.⁸⁰

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Klamath Tribes were much lower than all other groups. Klamath only reported for 2007.

Comparisons for the Klamath

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Klamath County-2006	1930	78	2008
Klamath – 2007	0	0	0

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁷⁷ http://users.sisqtel.net/armstrng/Indupper_klamath.htm

⁷⁸ <http://www.klamathtribes.org/history.html>

⁷⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁸⁰ <http://www.klamathtribes.org/present.html>

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Offenses – Klamath: 2007

No offenses were reported for 2007. No information was reported for 2004-2006.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		2007				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007 – Klamath

No alcohol, drug, clearance, or juvenile information was report for 2007.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault				
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism				
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations				
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses				
Total				

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LA PUSH ‘QUILEUTE’ – WASHINGTON

Surrounded on three sides by the Olympic National Park, the Quileute Reservation is located on 594 acres along the Pacific and on the south banks of the Quillayute River. The area is rich in outdoor recreational opportunities including ocean and river fishing, hiking, and hunting.⁸¹ The enrolled tribal membership is 706 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 1,513.⁸²

La Push, Washington is home to the Quileute Tribe. According to legend, the tribe was created from wolves by a supernatural transformer. The tribe's lineage stretches back thousands of years to the Ice Age, making them possibly the oldest inhabitants of the Pacific Northwest. Tribal members built cedar canoes that ranged in size from two-man to ocean-going freight vessels capable of carrying three tons. They ranked second only to the Makah as whalers, and first among all the tribes as sealers. Special woolly-haired dogs were bred, and their hair spun into prized blankets. According to the stories, the Quileutes only kin, the Chimacum, were separated from them by a great flood that swept them to the Quimper Peninsula on the other side of the North Olympic Peninsula, where they were wiped out by Chief Seattle and the Suquamish Tribe in the 1860s. The Quileute Tribe has recreated its traditional skills and crafts, which are taught at school along with the unique language that is unrelated to any root language in the world, and one of only five in the world without nasal sounds.⁸³

The tribal council includes a chairman, vice-chairman, treasurer, and a secretary. The Council is responsible for the operation of a marina and has formed the Quileute Port Authority.⁸⁴

The Quileute Tribe has 3 sworn law enforcement officers.⁸⁵

The Property and Violent offense crime rates in 2007 for the La Push Quileute were higher than any of the comparative groups, except Property values for Clallam County. The overall Index rates for the Quileute's have been high for all years, except 2008.

Comparisons for La Push Quileute

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Clallam County – 2007	2926	266	3191
La Push Quileute - 2007	3000	2571	5571

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁸¹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Quileute%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁸² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁸³ <http://www2.ihs.gov/PortlandAO/about/quileute.asp>

⁸⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁸⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – La Push – Quileute: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drunkenness.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	12	0	7	17	4	40	11	3	24	8
Assault	39	14	3	13	6	75	21	2	51	19
Domestic Violence	25	0	20	17	3	65	19	3	40	4
Child Abuse	2	0	5	3	1	11	1	0	4	1
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	0
Burglary	37	0	9	5	4	55	3	3	6	2
Vandalism	17	6	4	9	4	40	4	1	21	15
Stolen Property	9	1	1	1	0	12	0	1	11	4
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	2	0
Larceny-Theft	30	0	18	15	5	68	0	1	13	4
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0
Arson	1	0	6	0	0	7	4	0	2	1
DWI	16	5	9	12	5	47	39	9	45	4
Drug Violations	23	10	12	14	10	69	6	60	60	16
Liquor Laws	11	15	5	8	0	39	33	3	27	12
Drunkenness	77	8	11	19	9	124	103	4	79	22
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	56	41	25	9	10	141	53	10	68	23
Curfew & Loitering	33	2	3	1	0	39	2	2	4	37
Suspicious Person Report	43	7	8	5	8	71	2	0	2	8
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	3	1
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	8	3	3	5	3	22	0	0	0	22
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	350	135	92	101	15	693	56	21	187	91
Total	795	250	244	258	90	1637	358	123	655	295

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004 - 2008 – La Push – Quileute

Alcohol was involved in 21.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 40.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 18.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 7.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	27.5%	7.5%	60.0%	20.0%
Assault	28.0%	2.7%	68.0%	25.3%
Domestic Violence	29.2%	4.6%	61.5%	6.2%
Child Abuse	9.1%	0.0%	36.4%	9.1%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Burglary	5.5%	5.5%	10.9%	3.6%
Vandalism	10.0%	2.5%	52.5%	37.5%
Stolen Property	0.0%	8.3%	91.7%	33.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	1.5%	19.1%	5.9%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Arson	57.1%	0.0%	28.6%	14.3%
DWI	83.0%	19.1%	95.7%	8.5%
Drug Violations	8.7%	87.0%	87.0%	23.2%
Liquor Laws	84.6%	7.7%	69.2%	30.8%
Drunkenness	83.1%	3.2%	63.7%	17.7%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	37.6%	7.1%	48.2%	16.3%
Curfew & Loitering	5.1%	5.1%	10.3%	94.9%
Suspicious Person Report	2.8%	0.0%	2.8%	11.3%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	8.1%	3.0%	27.0%	13.1%
Total	21.9%	7.5%	40.0%	18.0%

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LUMMI – WASHINGTON

The Lummi Reservation is seven miles northwest of Bellingham, Washington, in the western portion of Whatcom County about 95 miles north of Seattle. The reservation is a five mile long peninsula which forms Lummi Bay on the west, Bellingham Bay on the east, with a smaller peninsula of Sandy Point, and Portage Island, and the associated tidelands. The Lummi Nation signed the Treaty of Point Elliot in 1855 ceding much of their aboriginal lands in western Washington. In return they received a reservation that originally covered 15,000 acres. Today, approximately 12,000 acres remain under Indian control.⁸⁶ The Tribal enrollment for the Lummi Nation is 4,096 with 4,976 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁸⁷

The Lummi people traditionally lived near the sea and in mountain areas and returned seasonally to their longhouses located at a number of sites on the present reservation and on the San Juan Islands. Smoke-dried seafood, camas bulbs, sun-dried berries and all species of shellfish, crab, salmon, trout, elk, deer, and other land and sea mammals made up the traditional Lummi diet. The Lummi people continue to speak the traditional Salishan language. Traditionally, they expressed their language and religious traditions through elaborate carvings on totems and with ceremonies.⁸⁸

The governing body of the tribe is the Tribal Business Council, which consists of 11 members elected to three-year terms by the General Council. The General Council is composed of all enrolled adult members of the tribe.⁸⁹

The Lummi Nation has 17 sworn law enforcement officers.⁹⁰

The offense rates in 2005 for the Lummi were higher than any of the comparative groups.

Comparisons for Lummi

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Whatcom County – '06	4819	234	5053
Lummi – 2005	8059	1346	9405

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁸⁶ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Lummi%20NationTribal%20Profile.htm

⁸⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁸⁸ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Lummi%20NationTribal%20Profile.htm

⁸⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Lummi: 2005 - 2008

The most common offenses were: theft, ‘all other offenses’, and burglary.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			05-08				
Homicide	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	4	4	1	0	4	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	58	53	111	27	1	69	6
Assault	0	120	120	27	2	69	2
Domestic Violence	0	77	77	0	0	77	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0				
Robbery	6	8	14	2	1	4	1
Burglary	119	45	164	3	0	25	1
Vandalism	0	8	8	0	0	8	0
Stolen Property	0	3	3	0	0	3	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	24	10	34	0	0	6	0
Larceny-Theft	258	148	406	1	0	19	2
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	53	53	53	0	53	0
Drug Violations	0	51	51	0	51	51	14
Liquor Laws	0	44	44	44	0	44	20
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	25	25	15	0	25	4
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	5	5	0	0	5	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0				
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0				
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	234	234	8	1	234	30
Total	468	890	1358	181	56	697	81

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Total D & A = alcohol and/or drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Lummi

Alcohol was involved in 13.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 51.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 6.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 4.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	25.0%	0.0%	100.0%	25.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	24.3%	0.9%	62.2%	5.4%
Assault	22.5%	1.7%	57.5%	1.7%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	14.3%	7.1%	28.6%	7.1%
Burglary	1.8%	0.0%	15.2%	0.6%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.2%	0.0%	4.7%	0.5%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	27.5%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	45.5%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	60.0%	0.0%	100.0%	16.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	3.4%	0.4%	100.0%	12.8%
Total	13.3%	4.1%	51.3%	6.0%

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MAKAH – WASHINGTON

The Makah Indian Reservation is located on the most northwesterly tip of Washington State. The reservation, which consists of 27,200 acres, is isolated from other communities within Clallam County, the Olympic Peninsula and Washington State in general. Clallam County's major commercial center and county seat, Port Angeles, is 75 miles from Neah Bay. Seattle is 150 miles away, and Forks, the closest town is 60 miles away.⁹¹ The enrolled tribal population is 2,534 and the American Indian population on or near the reservation is 1,304.⁹²

The Makah were a maritime people who fished, found shellfish, and hunted whale. The people used cedar for clothing, basketry, and boxes. The Makah Tribe is part of the Nootkan culture group, which includes two other tribes in the group - the Westcoast and Nitinaht Tribes of Western Vancouver Island, British Columbia. The Makah is the only tribe in the US to speak a Wakashan language. The Makah had a highly developed representational art style, a stratified social order, and a specialized labor force. There were five major permanent villages in early times, but one of them (Ozette) was destroyed in a mud slide and its excavation has produced much knowledge about the culture.⁹³

The tribe is governed by a five-person Tribal Council whose members are elected to three year terms by eligible tribal members. A council chairperson is elected by the five members of the tribal council.⁹⁴

There are 7 sworn law enforcement officers on the Makah Reservation.⁹⁵

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Makah was much lower than all groups (US, Washington, and Clallam County). Since 2005, the Index rates for Makah have been low.

Comparisons for Makah

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Clallam County -2007	2926	266	3191
Makah – 2007	1051	162	1213

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁹¹ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Makah%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁹³ http://www.npaih.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Makah%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

⁹⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

⁹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Makah: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and drug violations.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	4	2	0	7	3	3	5	3
Sex Offenses	3	1	0	4	8	0	0	5	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	2	1
Aggravated Assault	20	10	0	0	30	10	3	23	11
Assault	4	8	19	9	40	6	5	16	2
Domestic Violence	24	17	15	25	81	19	1	55	3
Child Abuse	4	1	0	1	6	1	2	2	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	8	6	8	5	27	1	1	7	4
Vandalism	1	14	7	4	26	0	0	3	0
Stolen Property	1	5	14	23	43	0	7	13	7
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	4	1	5	0	0	3	0
Larceny-Theft	18	9	0	1	28	4	0	6	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	10	0	3	13	0	0	0	0
Fraud	3	1	1	2	7	0	2	3	0
Arson	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	7	16	29	15	67	62	5	49	1
Drug Violations	19	22	34	21	96	16	87	69	9
Liquor Laws	4	12	19	1	36	34	1	21	2
Drunkenness	14	1	0	0	15	14	0	15	5
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	21	85	88	62	256	230	18	212	34
Curfew & Loitering	19	8	5	0	32	5	1	8	28
Suspicious Person Report	5	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	1	2	1	6	0	0	2	1
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	4	6	3	2	15	1	0	3	12
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	105	348	271	145	869	51	24	324	23
Total	287	589	522	325	1723	458	161	846	149

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Makah

Alcohol was involved in 26.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 49.1 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 8.6 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 9.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	42.9%	71.4%	42.9%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	62.5%	37.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Aggravated Assault	33.3%	10.0%	76.7%	36.7%
Assault	15.0%	12.5%	40.0%	5.0%
Domestic Violence	23.5%	1.2%	67.9%	3.7%
Child Abuse	16.7%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	3.7%	3.7%	25.9%	14.8%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	11.5%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	16.3%	30.2%	16.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	14.3%	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	28.6%	42.9%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	92.5%	7.5%	73.1%	1.5%
Drug Violations	16.7%	90.6%	71.9%	9.4%
Liquor Laws	94.4%	2.8%	58.3%	5.6%
Drunkenness	93.3%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	89.8%	7.0%	82.8%	13.3%
Curfew & Loitering	15.6%	3.1%	25.0%	87.5%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	6.7%	0.0%	20.0%	80.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	5.9%	2.8%	37.3%	2.6%
Total	26.6%	9.3%	49.1%	8.6%

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METLAKATLA – ALASKA

Metlakatla has a tribal enrollment of 2,144 with about 1,211 American Indians living on or near the reservation.⁹⁶ The Metlakatla Tribal population varies between the seasons. The area covers 130.2 square miles of land and 83.8 miles of water and is located on the west coast of Annette Island in Alaska about 15 miles south of Ketchikan.⁹⁷

Metlakatla means "saltwater channel passage." The community of Metlakatla was founded in 1887 by a group of Tsimshian Indians from Canada. The Metlakatla Indian Community, located on the Annette Island Reserve, is the only Indian reservation in the State of Alaska. Access to Metlakatla is by air and water. The economic base includes fishing, seafood processing and services. The Metlakatla hatchery is one of the largest Indian hatcheries in the U.S. The tribe was "almost" completely sustainable until the loss of the fish and timber industries. Additional areas of economic development include a bottled water company, tourism, and a potential prison on the other side of the island.⁹⁸

The community is governed by a council of 12 elected members and is under the jurisdiction of the Portland Area Office of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.⁹⁹

The Metlakatla Tribe has 6 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰⁰

The property and violent offense rates in 2007 for Metlakatla were much lower than the US and Alaska rates. No offense information was located for boroughs in Alaska. The Index rates for Metlakatla have been low for every year since 2004.

Comparisons for Metlakatla [find/use 2007 information]

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Alaska – 2007	3380	661	4041
Metlakatla – 2007	495	0	495

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

⁹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

⁹⁷ <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/hep/tribaltrans/metlakatla.htm>

⁹⁸ <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/hep/tribaltrans/metlakatla.htm>

⁹⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Metlakatla: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: liquor laws, domestic violence, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	6	1	0	0	0	7	3	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	10	6	3	2	1	22	4	0	18	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	0	0	0	5	4	0	5	1
Assault	29	32	33	25	19	138	57	0	124	4
Domestic Violence	47	46	33	35	47	208	55	0	196	2
Child Abuse	5	0	2	0	0	7	1	0	6	0
Elderly Abuse	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	3	1	6	3	14	0	0	13	0
Vandalism	26	19	13	14	9	81	4	0	77	0
Stolen Property	25	27	0	0	0	52	1	0	52	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Larceny-Theft	9	2	0	0	0	11	2	0	11	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	36	26	17	32	28	139	66	4	131	0
Drug Violations	24	9	17	12	14	76	19	32	64	0
Liquor Laws	228	164	171	141	132	836	485	0	778	12
Drunkenness	0	0	0	26	4	30	15	0	30	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	62	24	32	35	30	183	79	0	169	5
Curfew & Loitering	23	6	12	4	1	46	0	0	38	28
Suspicious Person Report	31	20	24	37	27	139	2	0	116	2
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	2	1	0	1	6	4	0	5	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	1	2	1	4	0	0	3	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	78	32	2	0	112	2	0	94	0
Total	570	469	392	373	317	2121	804	36	1942	55

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

No Alcohol, drug, or Juvenile information collected in 2006.

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Metlakatla

Alcohol was involved in 37.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 91.6 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 2.6 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 1.7 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	18.2%	0.0%	81.8%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	80.0%	0.0%	100.0%	20.0%
Assault	41.3%	0.0%	89.9%	2.9%
Domestic Violence	26.4%	0.0%	94.2%	1.0%
Child Abuse	14.3%	0.0%	85.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	92.9%	0.0%
Vandalism	4.9%	0.0%	95.1%	0.0%
Stolen Property	1.9%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	18.2%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	47.5%	2.9%	94.2%	0.0%
Drug Violations	25.0%	42.1%	84.2%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	58.0%	0.0%	93.1%	1.4%
Drunkenness	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	43.2%	0.0%	92.3%	2.7%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	82.6%	60.9%
Suspicious Person Report	1.4%	0.0%	83.5%	1.4%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	66.7%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	25.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.8%	0.0%	83.9%	0.0%
Total	37.9%	1.7%	91.6%	2.6%

No alcohol, drug, or juvenile information collected in 2006.

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NEZ PERCE – IDAHO

The Nez Perce Reservation consists of prairies, rivers and canyons, and is home to 3,338 enrolled Nez Perce Indians with a service population of 1,978.¹⁰¹ The tribe's aboriginal territory included over 13 million acres of the areas now known as northern Idaho, northeastern Oregon and southeastern Washington. Today the Nez Perce own 86,248 acres of land and individual tribal members own an additional 37,950 acres. In 1887 the Dawes Act opened the reservation to homesteading that resulted in non-Indians owning parcels of fee-patented land within the reservation next to Indian trust allotments. The result of the Dawes Act creates a "checkerboard" pattern of land ownership on the reservation and problems over jurisdiction.¹⁰²

The Nez Perce people belong to the Sahaptin linguistic group of Northwest Plateau Region. In 1948, the Nez Perce Tribe became a self-governing body with an approved constitution and by-laws. The Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee is composed of nine members distributed geographically throughout the reservation.¹⁰³

The Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee serves as the governing body on the Nez Perce Reservation. The Executive Committee, consisting of nine members elected at large, manages economic development and oversees social service programs, natural resources, and tribal investments.¹⁰⁴

The Nez Perce Tribe has 17 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁰⁵

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Nez Perce were higher than were the rates for the other comparison groups. The Index rates have been high since 2005.

Comparisons for Nez Perce

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Idaho – 2007	2247	239	2486
Nez Perce County – 2007	3474	109	3853
Lewis County – 2007	1431	238	1669
Idaho County – 2007	1140	246	1386
Nez Perce – 2007	5546	1088	6634

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁰¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁰² <http://www.uidaho.edu/idahonatives/nez/index.html>

¹⁰³ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Idaho/Nez_Perce.htm

¹⁰⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁰⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nez Perce: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	4	3	5	15	12	1	5	1
Sex Offenses	6	3	13	10	14	46	9	0	13	9
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	3	1	0	0	4	3	0	3	0
Aggravated Assault	19	4	24	12	10	69	42	2	56	3
Assault	48	15	88	103	61	315	130	3	177	18
Domestic Violence	27	10	98	130	115	380	130	7	161	8
Child Abuse	25	15	24	14	26	104	23	1	73	25
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	1	2	5	2	11	4	0	8	0
Burglary	16	15	26	40	23	120	12	1	47	24
Vandalism	37	10	76	77	55	255	25	1	71	46
Stolen Property	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	3	19	5	7	37	10	0	8	1
Larceny-Theft	31	0	48	47	64	190	17	4	61	24
Embezzlement	0	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	1	4	0	5	0	0	1	0
Fraud	1	2	1	1	2	7	0	0	2	0
Arson	2	3	0	10	1	16	0	0	2	0
DWI	10	22	78	94	91	295	236	3	208	9
Drug Violations	45	27	92	95	81	340	33	276	255	39
Liquor Laws	92	0	120	134	97	443	377	7	396	285
Drunkenness	18	13	66	57	98	252	184	0	90	7
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	6	4	29	30	3	72	42	0	66	7
Curfew & Loitering	21	0	15	16	22	74	5	1	58	65
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	22	12	0	34	5	0	5	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	5	1	3	4	0	13	2	0	12	4
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Runaway < 18	11	0	21	25	20	77	0	0	43	63
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	2	0
All Other Offenses	104	348	313	264	924	1953	169	16	924	69
Total	532	502	1184	1196	1722	5136	1472	324	2751	707

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Nez Perce

Alcohol was involved in 28.7 percent of all the reported offenses, 53.6 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 13.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 6.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	80.0%	6.7%	33.3%	6.7%
Sex Offenses	19.6%	0.0%	28.3%	19.6%
Attempted Forcible Rape	75.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	60.9%	2.9%	81.2%	4.3%
Assault	41.3%	1.0%	56.2%	5.7%
Domestic Violence	34.2%	1.8%	42.4%	2.1%
Child Abuse	22.1%	1.0%	70.2%	24.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	36.4%	0.0%	72.7%	0.0%
Burglary	10.0%	0.8%	39.2%	20.0%
Vandalism	9.8%	0.4%	27.8%	18.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	27.0%	0.0%	21.6%	2.7%
Larceny-Theft	8.9%	2.1%	32.1%	12.6%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%
DWI	80.0%	1.0%	70.5%	3.1%
Drug Violations	9.7%	81.2%	75.0%	11.5%
Liquor Laws	85.1%	1.6%	89.4%	64.3%
Drunkenness	73.0%	0.0%	35.7%	2.8%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	58.3%	0.0%	91.7%	9.7%
Curfew & Loitering	6.8%	1.4%	78.4%	87.8%
Suspicious Person Report	14.7%	0.0%	14.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	15.4%	0.0%	92.3%	30.8%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	55.8%	81.8%
ARPA Violations	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	8.7%	0.8%	47.3%	3.5%
Total	28.7%	6.3%	53.6%	13.8%

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NISQUALLY – WASHINGTON

The Nisqually Tribal land is located on the Nisqually River in rural Thurston County, 15 miles east of Olympia, Washington. Tribal land holdings, on and near the Nisqually Reservation, exceed 1,000 acres – all of which have been reacquired in the past 25 years.¹⁰⁶ The enrolled tribal population is 575, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 6,165.¹⁰⁷

The original reservation was established by the Medicine Creek Treaty of December 26, 1854. The reservation consisted of 1,280 acres on Puget Sound. On January 20, 1856 an executive order enlarged it to 4,717 acres on both sides of the Nisqually River. On September 30, 1884 acreage was set aside and divided into 30 family allotments on both sides of the Nisqually River.¹⁰⁸

On September 9, 1946 the Tribe's constitution and bylaws were approved. The constitution was amended in 1994. The governing body of the tribe is the General Council comprised of all enrolled tribal members 18-years-of-age and older. The day-to-day business and economic affairs of the tribe are overseen by a Tribal Council comprised of seven tribal members elected by the tribe's voting membership.¹⁰⁹

The Nisqually Tribe has 9 sworn law enforcement officers.¹¹⁰

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2005 for Nisqually were much lower than all other comparison groups. The Index rate was also low (1363) in 2004, but no other information has been reported since 2005.

Comparisons for Nisqually

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Thurston County – '06	3389	258	3647
Nisqually - 2005	73	36	109

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁰⁶ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹⁰⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁰⁸ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹⁰⁹ <http://www.spipa.org/nisqually.shtml>

¹¹⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nisqually: 2004-2005

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ domestic violence, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04-05				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Sex Offenses	2	0	2	1	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	25	2	27	3	4	11	2
Assault	23	3	26	1	1	8	3
Domestic Violence	34	4	38	9	6	14	0
Child Abuse	6	0	6	1	1	4	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	12	0	12	0	1	1	0
Vandalism	18	2	20	2	1	8	0
Stolen Property	4	3	7	0	1	2	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	2	9	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	30	2	32	0	0	2	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Fraud	2	2	4	0	1	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	14	5	19	8	0	13	0
Drug Violations	22	2	24	0	15	11	2
Liquor Laws	3	0	3	2	0	3	2
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	4	1	5	2	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	4		4	1			
Runaway < 18	4	0	4	0	0	0	1
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	117	10	127	2	0	57	1
Total	333	39	372	33	31	137	11

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2005 – Nisqually

Alcohol was involved in 8.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 36.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 8.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	11.1%	14.8%	40.7%	7.4%
Assault	3.8%	3.8%	30.8%	11.5%
Domestic Violence	23.7%	15.8%	36.8%	0.0%
Child Abuse	16.7%	16.7%	66.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	8.3%	8.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	10.0%	5.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	14.3%	28.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	42.1%	0.0%	68.4%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	62.5%	45.8%	8.3%
Liquor Laws	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	66.7%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.6%	0.0%	44.9%	0.8%
Total	8.9%	8.3%	36.8%	3.0%

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NOOKSACK – WASHINGTON

The Nooksack Indians live on about 2,500 acres of tribal land in the Upper Nooksack River Valley, which is located in the northwestern section of Washington State.¹¹¹ The enrolled tribal population is 1,820 and the American Indian population on or near the reservation is 1,001.¹¹²

Historically, the Nooksack people relied on fishing, hunting, clam digging, root gathering and trading with neighboring village peoples for their subsistence. Wealth and prestige within the Coast Salish system were closely allied with the expansion of a family's network of kinship, trading and ceremonial ties. The Nooksack language was predominant in much of the upper Fraser River Valley in British Columbia. In the spring and summer village groups would split up to fish, hunt, dig clams, gather roots and herbs and to trade with neighboring village peoples.¹¹³

The Nooksack Tribe is represented by an eight-member Tribal Council, which is elected annually as outlined by the tribal constitution. The council is presided over by a chairperson.¹¹⁴

The Nooksack Tribe has 8 sworn law enforcement officers.¹¹⁵

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2006 for the Nooksack were higher than any of the comparative groups. The Index crime rates have been high for every year for Nooksack.

Comparisons for Nooksack

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Whatcom County – 2007	4366	233	4599
Nooksack – 2007	7394	2424	9818

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹² American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹¹³ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Nooksack%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹¹⁴ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Nooksack: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and aggravated assault.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	2	0
Sex Offenses	0	3	3	6	12	0	0	5	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Aggravated Assault	14	21	19	31	85	0	0	48	4
Assault	1	1	2	0	4	0	0	2	0
Domestic Violence	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Child Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	0	1	2	5	0	0	2	0
Burglary	22	17	12	22	73	0	0	31	0
Vandalism	21	27	9	19	76	0	0	35	0
Stolen Property	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	3	1	4	9	0	0	5	0
Larceny-Theft	39	36	48	37	160	0	0	83	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	1	0	4	5	0	0	2	0
Fraud	0	1	1	2	4	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	16	8	6	13	43	0	0	41	0
Drug Violations	13	5	3	7	28	0	1	18	0
Liquor Laws	0	4	3	8	15	0	0	9	0
Drunkenness	1	7	34	27	69	0	0	47	0
Gambling	3	0	1	4	8	0	0	7	0
Disorderly Conduct	7	3	8	15	33	0	0	25	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	2	0	4	3	9	0	0	4	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	0
All Other Offenses	43	28	65	119	255	0	0	182	0
Total	187	166	223	326	902	0	1	553	4

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Nooksack

Alcohol information was not reported for any offenses, while 61.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 0.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 0.1 percent of all reported offenses. It appears that drug and alcohol involvement was not ‘tracked’ as it should have been.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	41.7%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	56.5%	4.7%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	42.5%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	46.1%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	55.6%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	51.9%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	0.0%	0.0%	95.3%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	3.6%	64.3%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	68.1%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	87.5%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	75.8%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	44.4%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	71.4%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.1%	61.3%	0.4%

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NORTHERN CHEYENNE – MONTANA

The Northern Cheyenne Reservation is located in south-central Montana and its western boundaries border the Crow Reservation. The topography of the reservation varies from grass covered low rolling hills to moderately high and steep hills and narrow valleys. Much of the higher elevation is covered by Ponderosa pine timber. The area is very well acclimated to farming and ranching, both of which are important to the economy of the tribe.¹¹⁶ The tribal enrollment is 8,798 and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 4,986.¹¹⁷

The Cheyenne descend from the Algonquian language family. They are believed to have originally lived in the upper Great Lakes region, but later moved to the northern plains into what is now the Dakotas.¹¹⁸

The tribes of the Northern Plains signed treaties with the United States in the 1800's which are the legal documents that established tribal land boundaries and recognized tribal rights.¹¹⁹ The Northern Cheyenne tribal lands were originally reduced to a reservation with defined boundaries by Executive Order of the President of the United States in 1884. The Northern Cheyenne Tribe was organized in 1936 and operates under a constitution consistent with the Indian Reorganization Act and approved by the tribal membership. Today the tribe is a Federally-chartered organization with both governmental and corporate responsibilities. The governing body is a Tribal Council headed by a President, who is elected at large to serve a term of 4 years.¹²⁰ There are 9 sworn law enforcement officers on the Northern Cheyenne Reservation.¹²¹

As can be seen, the offense rates in 2006 for the Northern Cheyenne were lower for Property offenses, but higher for Violent offenses, when compared to the other groups. The Index crime rates have been relatively low for each year.

Comparisons for the Northern Cheyenne

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Rosebud County –2007	1836	333	2168
Bighorn County –2007	1893	424	2317
Northern Cheyenne – 2007	1046	474	1520

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹¹⁶ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹¹⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹¹⁸ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹¹⁹ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹²⁰ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/ncheyne.htm>

¹²¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Northern Cheyenne: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and child abuse.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	1	0	5	1	3	10	6	0	8	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	2	1	1	0	6	1	0	5	0
Sex Offenses	12	6	6	2	1	27	9	1	11	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	7	43	33	19	40	142	47	7	124	31
Assault	85	81	40	87	77	370	106	1	279	47
Domestic Violence	109	28	83	65	63	348	154	10	252	11
Child Abuse	259	184	244	181	146	1014	813	39	936	4
Elderly Abuse	6	0	0	0	0	6	4	1	5	0
Robbery	3	0	38	3	2	46	33	2	41	0
Burglary	5	7	20	24	11	67	14	2	54	11
Vandalism	13	1	41	79	84	218	45	1	187	30
Stolen Property	0	4	0	5	3	12	1	2	5	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	5	8	6	4	25	6	1	18	1
Larceny-Theft		3	23	20	47	93	8	1	73	10
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	2	0	2	5	0	0	3	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
Arson		1	0	3	1	5	1	0	3	0
DWI	155	195	183	192	173	898	899	22	855	33
Drug Violations	86	102	58	54	51	351	132	350	322	18
Liquor Laws	180	148	198	168	185	879	853	29	819	8
Drunkenness	2254	2736	2458	2616	2759	12823	12823	100	11972	189
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	183	220	187	113	110	813	533	24	771	40
Curfew & Loitering	62	5	22	8	9	106	71	0	102	89
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	10	11	7	4	5	37	22	9	35	5
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	9	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	9	4
Runaway < 18	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	14	0	14	6	0	14	4
All Other Offenses	1766	1920	600	738	678	5702	1416	109	4799	207
Total	5213	5702	4258	4403	4455	24031	18005	712	21704	745

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Northern Cheyenne

Alcohol was involved in 74.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 90.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.1 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.0 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	60.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	16.7%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	33.3%	3.7%	40.7%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	33.1%	4.9%	87.3%	21.8%
Assault	28.6%	0.3%	75.4%	12.7%
Domestic Violence	44.3%	2.9%	72.4%	3.2%
Child Abuse	80.2%	3.8%	92.3%	0.4%
Elderly Abuse	66.7%	16.7%	83.3%	0.0%
Robbery	71.7%	4.3%	89.1%	0.0%
Burglary	20.9%	3.0%	80.6%	16.4%
Vandalism	20.6%	0.5%	85.8%	13.8%
Stolen Property	8.3%	16.7%	41.7%	8.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	24.0%	4.0%	72.0%	4.0%
Larceny-Theft	8.6%	1.1%	78.5%	10.8%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
Fraud	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	20.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.1%	2.4%	95.2%	3.7%
Drug Violations	37.6%	99.7%	91.7%	5.1%
Liquor Laws	97.0%	3.3%	93.2%	0.9%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.8%	93.4%	1.5%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	65.6%	3.0%	94.8%	4.9%
Curfew & Loitering	67.0%	0.0%	96.2%	84.0%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	59.5%	24.3%	94.6%	13.5%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	11.1%	0.0%	100.0%	44.4%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations	42.9%	0.0%	100.0%	28.6%
All Other Offenses	24.8%	1.9%	84.2%	3.6%
Total	74.9%	3.0%	90.3%	3.1%

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Offenses – Pacific Northwest Columbia River: 2004

The Pacific Northwest Columbia River is a unit that has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area. The most common offenses were: drunkenness, drug violations, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
		04				
Homicide						
Manslaughter by Negligence						
Forcible Rape						
Sex Offenses						
Attempted Forcible Rape						
Aggravated Assault						
Assault	3	3			1	1
Domestic Violence						
Child Abuse						
Elderly Abuse						
Robbery						
Burglary						
Vandalism						
Stolen Property						
Motor Vehicle Theft						
Larceny-Theft	5	5			4	
Embezzlement						
Forgery/Counterfeiting						
Fraud						
Arson						
DWI						
Drug Violations	35	35			35	34
Liquor Laws						
Drunkenness	59	59			57	50
Gambling						
Disorderly Conduct						
Curfew & Loitering						
Suspicious Person Report						
Prostitution/Vice						
Weapons						
Completed Suicide						
Attempted Suicide						
Runaway < 18	1	1			1	1
ARPA Violations						
All Other Offenses						
Total	103	103			98	86

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004 - Pacific Northwest Columbia River

Alcohol and drug information was not tabulated. Nearly all (95.1%) of the offenses were cleared, and 83.5 percent involved juveniles.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses				
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault			33.3%	33.3%
Domestic Violence				
Child Abuse				
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism				
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft			80.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI				
Drug Violations			100.0%	97.1%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness			96.6%	84.7%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct				
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18			100.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses				
Total			95.1%	83.5%

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PORT GAMBLE S'KLALLAM – WASHINGTON

The Port Gamble S'Klallam Reservation is located on the northern tip of the Kitsap Peninsula in Washington State. It is situated on Port Gamble Bay, which remains an important natural resource for Native Americans. The tribal enrollment is 1,070 and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 1,255.^{122 123}

For many years, the S'Klallam people lived between the Pacific Ocean and the inland waters of the Puget Sound. There were many small groups or bands of S'Klallam people who lived in villages near the rivers, ocean, or bays. Because of their geographical location, the S'Klallam people invested a great deal of their time in fishing. Since their territory comprised most of the northern Olympic Peninsula, they had access to a large number of rivers as well as the open waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca. They also made seasonal migrations: north to the San Juan Island area, where they set up temporary fishing camps; and south to Hood Canal, where they shared fishing sites with the Skokomish. Today there are three S'Klallam bands: the Lower Elwha band, the Port Gamble band, and the Jamestown band.¹²⁴

The tribe has an elected council that governs the affairs of its reservation. Also, the tribe is part of the inter-tribal No Point Treaty Council, which represents the three S'Klallam tribes.¹²⁵

There are 5 sworn law enforcement officers on the Port Gamble Reservation.¹²⁶

The Violent offense rates in 2007 for Port Gamble were higher than any of the comparative groups, while the Property rate was lower. Generally, the Port Gamble Index rates have been similar to the rates for Washington.

Comparisons for Port Gamble

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Kitsap County – 2007	2584	429	3012
Port Gamble – 2007	2011	1368	3379

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹²² <http://www.pgst.nsn.us/>

¹²³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹²⁴ <http://www.ihs.gov/FacilitiesServices/AreaOffices/Portland/portland-tribe-port-gamble-sklallam.asp>

¹²⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹²⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Port Gamble: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and domestic violence.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	3	1
Sex Offenses	2	1	1	3	7	2	0	2	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	14	11	17	11	53	18	3	17	4
Assault	10	15	16	12	53	12	8	15	3
Domestic Violence	9	29	40	34	112	20	4	15	0
Child Abuse	0	6	2	0	8	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	7	19	5	8	39	0	4	9	3
Vandalism	2	5	5	10	22	3	0	1	1
Stolen Property	4	18	1	0	23	0	0	5	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	6	3	1	15	1	1	6	1
Larceny-Theft	22	45	16	32	115	6	2	10	12
Embezzlement	0	0	1	7	8	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	3	5	0	9	0	0	2	0
Fraud	3	3	4	4	14	0	0	3	0
Arson	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	20	40	27	14	101	44	0	38	7
Drug Violations	14	7	15	9	45	0	23	14	4
Liquor Laws	18	2	0	0	20	20	0	2	14
Drunkenness	10	8	3	3	24	14	0	12	6
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	4	2	3	10	3	0	3	0
Curfew & Loitering	3	11	0	0	14	0	0	7	3
Suspicious Person Report	6	3	6	10	25	4	0	0	3
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	4	7	5	3	19	0	0	4	4
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	3	207	271	201	682	4	2	11	0
Total	161	450	447	367	1425	153	47	179	69

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Port Gamble

Alcohol was involved in 10.7 percent of all the reported offenses, 12.6 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 4.8 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 3.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Sex Offenses	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%	14.3%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	34.0%	5.7%	32.1%	7.5%
Assault	22.6%	15.1%	28.3%	5.7%
Domestic Violence	17.9%	3.6%	13.4%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	10.3%	23.1%	7.7%
Vandalism	13.6%	0.0%	4.5%	4.5%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	21.7%	8.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	6.7%	6.7%	40.0%	6.7%
Larceny-Theft	5.2%	1.7%	8.7%	10.4%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	21.4%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	43.6%	0.0%	37.6%	6.9%
Drug Violations	0.0%	51.1%	31.1%	8.9%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	10.0%	70.0%
Drunkenness	58.3%	0.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	30.0%	0.0%	30.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	21.4%
Suspicious Person Report	16.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	21.1%	21.1%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.6%	0.3%	1.6%	0.0%
Total	10.7%	3.3%	12.6%	4.8%

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Offenses – Puget Sound: 2004-2005

Puget Sound Agency is not associated with any tribe per se, but serves as a satellite BIA agency in the Seattle area. The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and drug violations.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			04-05				
Homicide	0	0	0			0	
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0			0	
Forcible Rape	0	4	4			4	
Sex Offenses	0	1	1			0	
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0			0	
Aggravated Assault	0	1	1			1	
Assault	0	2	2			2	
Domestic Violence	0	2	2			2	
Child Abuse	0	2	2			1	
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0			0	
Robbery	0	0	0			0	
Burglary	0	0	0			0	
Vandalism	0	1	1			0	
Stolen Property	0	7	7			2	
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0			0	
Larceny-Theft	4	0	4			4	
Embezzlement	0	1	1			1	
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0			0	
Fraud	0	6	6			1	
Arson	0	1	1			1	
DWI	0	0	0			0	
Drug Violations	11	1	12		1	12	11
Liquor Laws	0	0	0			0	
Drunkenness	27	0	27			23	27
Gambling	0	0	0			0	
Disorderly Conduct	7	0	7			7	7
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0			0	
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0			0	
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0			0	
Weapons	0	0	0			0	
Completed Suicide	0	0	0			0	
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0			0	
Runaway < 18	0	0	0			0	
ARPA Violations	0	0	0			0	
All Other Offenses	0	23	23			23	
Total	49	52	101		1	84	45

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2005 – Puget Sound

Alcohol information was not collected or tabulated, and only one form contained drug information. A majority (83.2%) of the offenses was cleared, and 44.6 percent involved juveniles. It appears that alcohol and drug involvement was not ‘tracked’ very closely.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary				
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
DWI				
Drug Violations	0.0%	8.3%	100.0%	91.7%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	85.2%	100.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	1.0%	83.2%	44.6%

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PUYALLUP – WASHINGTON

The Puyallup Tribal Reservation covers a few square miles within the city limits of Tacoma, Washington, and is located on Commencement Bay in the lower Puget Sound, 36 miles south of Seattle, 28 miles north of Olympia, and 18 miles from Seattle Tacoma International Airport.¹²⁷ The Puyallup Tribe has an enrollment of 3,547, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 24,016.¹²⁸

The Puyallup Tribe is part of the Puget Sound Salish Indian culture which flourished in the Pacific Northwest. They spoke the Puyallup Nisqually language. Salmon was the main food and important in their ceremonies. The Western Red Cedar was used abundantly for clothing, basketry, and lodging. They were fishermen, gatherers, and hunters. The Puyallup Tribe established relations with the United States government on December 16, 1854, and soon thereafter signed the Treaty of Medicine Creek. Article 10 of the Treaty provides for a physician to look after the healthcare of the Puyallup Tribe. The Puyallup Tribe believes medical care was guaranteed by the treaty, which ceded vast tracts of tribal land and resources.¹²⁹

Today, the Puyallup Tribe is governed by a seven member Tribal Council elected by the tribal members, who also act as the Board of Directors for Puyallup Tribal Health Authority.¹³⁰

The Puyallup Tribe has 23 sworn law enforcement officers.¹³¹

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Puyallup were lower than any of the comparative groups. The same trend of lower Index crime rates was found in each of the other years.

Comparisons for Puyallup

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Pierce County – 2007	4513	523	5036
Puyallup – 2007	1470	87	1557

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹²⁷ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹²⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹²⁹ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³⁰ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Puyallup%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Puyallup: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ motor vehicle theft, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	1	3	0	5	1	0	4	0
Sex Offenses	5	3	4	1	12	25	3	1	14	6
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	10	13	7	10	11	51	18	3	27	3
Assault	109	99	45	53	89	395	67	11	257	29
Domestic Violence	0	63	18	43	46	170	53	10	148	3
Child Abuse	0	6	0	3	5	14	0	0	12	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	3	8	5	7	12	35	2	0	18	0
Burglary	31	17	36	18	23	125	2	2	31	2
Vandalism	49	122	117	96	99	483	4	2	164	5
Stolen Property	4	11	7	23	7	52	0	2	42	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	91	126	63	221	223	724	2	0	285	2
Larceny-Theft	103	176	59	98	195	631	6	4	202	5
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	66	115	80	127	148	536	2	5	161	0
Fraud	20	13	24	17	23	97	1	3	46	0
Arson	2	0	0	1	2	5	0	0	3	0
DWI	63	99	28	22	33	245	176	8	241	3
Drug Violations	26	100	45	62	88	321	10	295	289	36
Liquor Laws	20	2	5	4	11	42	20	2	40	9
Drunkenness	1	0	5	2	3	11	6	1	11	2
Gambling	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	13	7	5	12	31	68	18	1	58	8
Curfew & Loitering	13	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	10	0
Suspicious Person Report	25	26	27	16	130	224	7	3	169	3
Prostitution/Vice	1	1	2	1	1	6	0	0	6	0
Weapons	12	19	41	16	24	112	7	3	78	9
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	18	6	12	15	27	78	0	0	35	59
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	2697	1126	513	938	1244	6518	140	135	3392	254
Total	3382	2160	1150	1809	2487	10988	545	491	5744	440

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Puyallup

Alcohol was involved in 5.0 percent of all the reported offenses, 52.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 4.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 4.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	20.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	12.0%	4.0%	56.0%	24.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	35.3%	5.9%	52.9%	5.9%
Assault	17.0%	2.8%	65.1%	7.3%
Domestic Violence	31.2%	5.9%	87.1%	1.8%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	85.7%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	5.7%	0.0%	51.4%	0.0%
Burglary	1.6%	1.6%	24.8%	1.6%
Vandalism	0.8%	0.4%	34.0%	1.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	3.8%	80.8%	3.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.3%	0.0%	39.4%	0.3%
Larceny-Theft	1.0%	0.6%	32.0%	0.8%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.4%	0.9%	30.0%	0.0%
Fraud	1.0%	3.1%	47.4%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	60.0%	0.0%
DWI	71.8%	3.3%	98.4%	1.2%
Drug Violations	3.1%	91.9%	90.0%	11.2%
Liquor Laws	47.6%	4.8%	95.2%	21.4%
Drunkenness	54.5%	9.1%	100.0%	18.2%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	26.5%	1.5%	85.3%	11.8%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	76.9%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	3.1%	1.3%	75.4%	1.3%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	6.3%	2.7%	69.6%	8.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	44.9%	75.6%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	2.1%	2.1%	52.0%	3.9%
Total	5.0%	4.5%	52.3%	4.0%

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Offense – Olympic Peninsula: 2006-2008

The Olympic Peninsula unit has BIA agents assigned to patrol fishing sites and related lands near the rivers. It is not associated with any tribe or reservation area.

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and burglary.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				06-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	1	5	2	8	0	0	8	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Domestic Violence	1	0	2	3	0	0	2	0
Child Abuse	1	8	1	10	0	0	10	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	1	8	4	13	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	4	1	1	6	0	0	1	0
Stolen Property	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	2	8	1	11	0	0	1	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Arson	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violations	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	3	1	0	4	0	0	4	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	19	19	0	0	18	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	21	68	181	270	0	0	268	0
Total	41	104	213	358	0	0	324	0

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2006-2008 – Olympic Peninsula

Alcohol, drugs, and juveniles were not involved in reported offenses. Most (90.5%) of the offenses were cleared. It appears that drug and alcohol involvement was not ‘tracked.’

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault				
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft				
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI				
Drug Violations	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering				
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	94.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	99.3%	0.0%
Total	0.0%	0.0%	90.5%	0.0%

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QUINALT – WASHINGTON

The Quinault Reservation of 189,621 acres is located in northwestern Grays Harbor County and southwest Jefferson County, 45 miles north of Hoquiam, Washington.¹³² The Quinault Indian Nation has an enrollment of 2,454, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 3,203.¹³³

Linguistically, these groups belong to three language families: Chimakuan (*Quileute, Hoh*), Chinookan (*Chinook groups*), and Salishan (*Chehalis, Cowlitz, Queets, and Quinault*). Like many Northwest Coast natives, the Quinault relied on fishing from local rivers and the Pacific Ocean for food and built plank houses (longhouses) to protect themselves from the harsh, wet winters. Salmon and steelhead fishing was the major economic activity of the Quinault people. In addition, the rich supply of timber played an important part in their lifestyle. In modern times, the Quinault Tribe members are a mixture of separate indigenous peoples including, the Quinault, Hoh, Chehalis, Chinook, Cowlitz, Queets, and Quileute peoples. Today, the Quinault Indian Nation operates a casino and seaside resort at Ocean Shores, Washington, and a high-quality seafood packing business at Taholah.¹³⁴

The tribe is governed by a Tribal Council made up of all voting members of the nation. A business committee comprised of a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and seven council members, oversee the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹³⁵

There are 9 sworn law enforcement officers on the Quinault Reservation.¹³⁶

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Quinault were lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups. The Quinault have reported moderate to low rates each year.

Comparisons for the Quinault

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Grays Harbor County 2007	4022	169	4191
Jefferson County -07	3175	248	3423
Quinault -2007	656	31	687

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses.

¹³² http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Quinault%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹³³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹³⁴ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quinault_\(tribe\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quinault_(tribe))

¹³⁵ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹³⁶ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Quinault: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, and liquor laws.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	5	2	0	0	7	3	0	3	1
Sex Offenses	8	13	4	4	29	8	3	19	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	9	49	1	0	59	32	8	53	6
Assault	50	58	23	36	167	45	20	93	35
Domestic Violence	55	58	40	40	193	61	8	127	13
Child Abuse	18	16	1	10	45	14	5	23	1
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Burglary	17	21	14	13	65	1	1	27	7
Vandalism	53	51	28	28	160	15	6	59	9
Stolen Property	5	44	24	5	78	15	14	45	10
Motor Vehicle Theft	11	11	7	7	36	4	2	18	2
Larceny-Theft	70	8	0	0	78	0	0	8	15
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	1
Fraud	5	1	2	1	9	0	0	2	0
Arson	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	41	27	30	13	111	73	18	87	4
Drug Violations	30	84	25	34	173	54	119	112	26
Liquor Laws	13	82	55	49	199	131	28	153	35
Drunkenness	17	68	15	17	117	95	14	108	19
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	21	23	12	28	84	25	2	44	16
Curfew & Loitering	18	10	11	1	40	16	2	31	33
Suspicious Person Report	43	132	123	276	574	23	20	206	7
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	14	4	5	29	9	4	22	5
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	5	2	0	0	7	0	0	4	4
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	2220	2652	2108	3392	10372	183	103	3873	156
Total	2722	3429	2527	3960	12638	808	378	5118	408

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004- 2008 – Quinault

Alcohol was involved in 6.4 percent of all the reported offenses, 40.5 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.2 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.0 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	42.9%	0.0%	42.9%	14.3%
Sex Offenses	27.6%	10.3%	65.5%	10.3%
Attempted Forcible Rape	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	54.2%	13.6%	89.8%	10.2%
Assault	26.9%	12.0%	55.7%	21.0%
Domestic Violence	31.6%	4.1%	65.8%	6.7%
Child Abuse	31.1%	11.1%	51.1%	2.2%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Burglary	1.5%	1.5%	41.5%	10.8%
Vandalism	9.4%	3.8%	36.9%	5.6%
Stolen Property	19.2%	17.9%	57.7%	12.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	11.1%	5.6%	50.0%	5.6%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	10.3%	19.2%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	65.8%	16.2%	78.4%	3.6%
Drug Violations	31.2%	68.8%	64.7%	15.0%
Liquor Laws	65.8%	14.1%	76.9%	17.6%
Drunkenness	81.2%	12.0%	92.3%	16.2%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	29.8%	2.4%	52.4%	19.0%
Curfew & Loitering	40.0%	5.0%	77.5%	82.5%
Suspicious Person Report	4.0%	3.5%	35.9%	1.2%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	31.0%	13.8%	75.9%	17.2%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	57.1%	57.1%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.8%	1.0%	37.3%	1.5%
Total	6.4%	3.0%	40.5%	3.2%

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ROCKY BOY’S (CHIPPEWA CREE) - MONTANA

The Rocky Boy’s Reservation is located in north-central Montana. The Reservation includes areas in Choteau, Hill, and Liberty counties. It encompasses about 120,000 acres and is occupied by members of the Chippewa-Cree Indian Tribes.¹³⁷ The Chippewa Cree Tribe has an enrollment of 5,656, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 3,379.¹³⁸

The ethnic origin of the residents of the Rocky Boy’s Reservation is complex, with the reservation becoming home to a diverse group of Cree, Chippewa, Metis, and Assiniboine peoples. The Cree represent one of the largest Native American groups in North America. While primarily residing in Canada today, a group of Cree settled in northern Montana after the Riel Rebellion in 1885. Led by Little Bear, these Cree eventually became associated with a band of landless Chippewa under the leadership of Stone Child or Rocky Boy. Because of the Rocky Boy’s Reservation’s ethnic diversity there remains a rich variety of cultural practices on the reservation. Cree, an Algonquian language, is still spoken, and some tribal members participate in the Sun Dance and sweat lodge ceremonies. Additionally, many members are active in the Native American Church.¹³⁹

The Tribal government operates under a constitution consistent with the Indian Reorganization Act of 1934 and approved by the Tribal membership. The administration of tribal government is conducted by the Chippewa Cree Business Committee. The Business Committee consists of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary/Treasurer, and six additional Council members which are elected by the tribal membership.

The Tribal Council Chairman is the administrative head of the Tribe and serves a two year term. All of the Tribal Council members are elected at large.¹⁴⁰

There are 7 sworn law enforcement officers on the Rocky Boy’s Reservation.¹⁴¹

In 2007 Rocky Boy’s reported lower Property offense rates than the other comparison groups, but had a higher Violent offense rate than any of the comparative units. This trend (low Property values and High Violent rates) is consistent for all years.

Comparisons for Rocky Boy’s

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Montana – 2007	2765	288	3053
Hill County -2007	3649	443	4092
Chouteau County – ‘07	1023	205	1227
Rocky Boy’s – 2007	435	1487	1922

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses.

¹³⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller’s Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹³⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹³⁹ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/chippewa.htm>

¹⁴⁰ <http://www.mnisose.org/profiles/chippewa.htm>

¹⁴¹ Personal communication with Rocky Boy’s Police Department, June 2007.

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Offenses – Rocky Boy’s: Chippewa Cree -2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	9	7	17	7	3	16	0
Sex Offenses	4	3	4	3	14	5	3	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	2	3	6	11	7	0	9	1
Aggravated Assault	0	34	51	74	159	54	8	151	14
Assault	23	6	16	11	56	16	0	32	4
Domestic Violence	0	39	51	43	133	118	11	133	9
Child Abuse	0	27	52	61	140	89	5	140	6
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	5	7	12	1	3	12	1
Burglary	0	8	10	24	42	4	0	31	10
Vandalism	44	24	19	42	129	44	0	85	44
Stolen Property	28	29	35	39	131	5	3	103	35
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	5	2	5	12	2	0	12	1
Larceny-Theft	0	8	3	9	20	1	1	20	7
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	3	3	6	12	0	0	12	0
Fraud	0	2	4	6	12	0	0	12	1
Arson	0	4	4	4	12	1	0	11	1
DWI	215	157	240	233	845	615	0	630	37
Drug Violations	32	62	111	39	244	2	212	203	35
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	432	417	579	581	2009	1577	0	1577	558
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	236	220	318	286	1060	794	0	824	191
Curfew & Loitering	52	14	4	5	75	0	0	23	23
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	7	3	3	5	18	3	0	11	1
Completed Suicide	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	3	0	1	2	6	0	0	3	3
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	816	678	867	797	3158	827	13	2343	684
Total	1893*	1747	2394	2295	8329	4172	262	6403	1666

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

*2004 information was entered by ‘hand’ in this table but not entered into overall computer system, because the hard copy was found in 2006, but subsequently lost and is not used in Section 1 of report.

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Rocky Boy’s: Chippewa Cree

Alcohol was involved in 50.1 percent of all the reported offenses, and 76.9 percent were cleared, and 20.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	41.2%	17.6%	94.1%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	35.7%	21.4%	64.3%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	63.6%	0.0%	81.8%	9.1%
Aggravated Assault	34.0%	5.0%	95.0%	8.8%
Assault	28.6%	0.0%	57.1%	7.1%
Domestic Violence	88.7%	8.3%	100.0%	6.8%
Child Abuse	63.6%	3.6%	100.0%	4.3%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	8.3%	25.0%	100.0%	8.3%
Burglary	9.5%	0.0%	73.8%	23.8%
Vandalism	34.1%	0.0%	65.9%	34.1%
Stolen Property	3.8%	2.3%	78.6%	26.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	16.7%	0.0%	100.0%	8.3%
Larceny-Theft	5.0%	5.0%	100.0%	35.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	8.3%
Arson	8.3%	0.0%	91.7%	8.3%
DWI	72.8%	0.0%	74.6%	4.4%
Drug Violations	0.8%	86.9%	83.2%	14.3%
Liquor Laws				
Drunkenness	78.5%	0.0%	78.5%	27.8%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	74.9%	0.0%	77.7%	18.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	30.7%	30.7%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	16.7%	0.0%	61.1%	5.6%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	26.2%	0.4%	74.2%	21.7%
Total	50.1%	3.1%	76.9%	20.0%

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SAUK SUIATTLE – WASHINGTON

The reservation consists of two parcels in Skagit and Snohomish Counties in the State of Washington with a total of 23 acres.¹⁴² The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has an enrollment of 176, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 219.¹⁴³

The Sauk-Suiattle Indian Tribe is a Puget Sound Salish speaking group. Historically, the tribal members lived along the Sauk and Suiattle rivers, tributaries of the Skagit River. The tribe fished for salmon, a staple in their diet, in the Sauk, Suiattle, and Cascade Rivers by using gaff hooks, spears, and net and fish weirs. The tribe also hunted game and gathered wild berries and roots. Like many of the coastal tribes the Sauk-Suiattle built permanent winter homes from split red cedar planks.¹⁴⁴

The tribe elects a seven member Tribal Council to staggered three-year terms. The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has a constitution, by-laws, election ordinances, and law and order codes.¹⁴⁵ The Sauk Suiattle Indian Tribe's enrollment requirement is one quarter Indian blood and proof of being descendants from ancestral Native Americans, as recorded in the 1942 United States Census.¹⁴⁶

The Sauk-Suiattle Tribe has 5 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁴⁷

The Property offense rate in 2007 for the Sauk Suiattle was lower than were the rates for all other comparison groups, but the Violent offense rates were higher. The Sauk Suiattle had low overall Index rates for every year except 2004.

Comparisons for the Sauk Suiattle

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Skagit County -07	5738	198	5936
Snohomish County '07	3820	235	4055
Sauk Suiattle -2007	1923	641	2564

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁴² <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁴⁴ <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴⁵ <http://www.northregionems.com/native/Sauk-Suiattle%20Tribe.htm>

¹⁴⁶ <http://www.sauk-suiattle.com/>

¹⁴⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Sauk Suiattle: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ aggravated assault, and runaway.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	9	2	1	0	12	0	1	5	2
Assault	0	1	3	0	4	0	0	2	1
Domestic Violence	0	1	0	2	3	1	0	0	1
Child Abuse	0	2	1	0	3	0	0	1	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	0
Vandalism	0	3	2	0	5	0	0	1	1
Stolen Property	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	1	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0
Larceny-Theft	2	1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
Drug Violations	0	0	2	1	3	0	1	1	1
Liquor Laws	0	0	4	0	4	2	0	4	4
Drunkness	0	1	2	2	5	4	0	1	1
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	2	4	6	0	0	2	1
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	0	5	4	1	10	0	0	2	7
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	0	69	4	8	81	1	0	4	2
Total	12	87	34	23	156	9	2	27	24

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Sauk Suiattle

Alcohol was involved in 5.8 percent of all the reported offenses, 17.3 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 15.4 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 1.3 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	0.0%	8.3%	41.7%	16.7%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	25.0%
Domestic Violence	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	66.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%
Liquor Laws	50.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Drunkenness	80.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons				
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	70.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	1.2%	0.0%	4.9%	2.5%
Total	5.8%	1.3%	17.3%	15.4%

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SILETZ – OREGON

The Confederated Tribes of Siletz is a federally recognized confederation of 27 bands originally ranging from Northern California to Southern Washington. The tribes occupy and manage a 3,666 acre reservation located in Lincoln County, Oregon.¹⁴⁸ The town of Siletz is located along State Highway 229, and serves as the tribal headquarters.¹⁴⁹ The Confederated Tribes of Siletz have an enrollment of 4,266, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 5,860.¹⁵⁰

Termination (federal non-recognition) was imposed upon the Siletz by the United States Government in 1955. Achievement of self governance through congressional legislation occurred in 1992. This allowed the Confederated Tribes to compact directly with the United States Government, giving them control and accountability over tribal programs and funding. In November 1977, the Confederated Tribes of Siletz was the second tribe in the United States and the first in Oregon to be restored to federal recognition. Today, the tribes manage their own resources including timber, water, and fish.¹⁵¹ The confederated tribes are governed by a nine-member popularly elected Tribal Council, a General Council, and an 8-member Tribal Court.¹⁵²

The Confederated Tribes of Siletz have a contract with the Toledo City Police Department for law enforcement services.¹⁵³

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Siletz were lower than the rates for all other comparison groups. This trend of lower rates was consistent for each year.

Comparisons for the Siletz

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Lincoln County - 2006	5508	514	6022
Siletz -2007	1024	17	1041

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁴⁸ http://www.stbcorp.net/home.cfm?dir_cat=35718

¹⁴⁹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁵¹ http://www.stbcorp.net/home.cfm?dir_cat=35718

¹⁵² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Siletz: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ assault, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	2	3	2	1	8	0	0	4	3
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	2	1	0	3	1	0	3	0
Assault	16	13	33	25	87	3	3	57	14
Domestic Violence	6	7	0	0	13	0	0	10	1
Child Abuse	1	3	1	5	10	0	0	4	1
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	0
Burglary	11	15	16	15	57	1	5	18	5
Vandalism	0	0	27	34	61	0	0	12	1
Stolen Property	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	2	11	4	24	0	2	10	1
Larceny-Theft	3	9	33	34	79	0	4	21	1
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
Fraud	3	0	7	2	12	0	0	0	1
Arson	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
DWI	2	20	7	5	34	24	0	32	0
Drug Violations	8	20	8	7	43	0	30	35	7
Liquor Laws	1	4	4	6	15	2	0	15	7
Drunkenness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	1	0	5	4	10	0	0	9	1
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	0
Suspicious Person Report	5	1	0	1	7	1	0	0	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	5	3	0	0	8	1	0	7	1
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
Runaway < 18	9	14	11	10	44	0	0	37	43
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	146	121	147	89	503	18	31	307	32
Total	236	240	315	244	1035	51	76	589	121

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Siletz

Alcohol was involved in 4.9 percent of all the reported offenses, 56.9 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 11.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 7.3 percent of all reported offenses. It appears that alcohol was not ‘tracked’ as closely as it should have been.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	37.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	3.4%	3.4%	65.5%	16.1%
Domestic Violence	0.0%	0.0%	76.9%	7.7%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	40.0%	10.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	50.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	1.8%	8.8%	31.6%	8.8%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	19.7%	1.6%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	8.3%	41.7%	4.2%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	5.1%	26.6%	1.3%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
DWI	70.6%	0.0%	94.1%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	69.8%	81.4%	16.3%
Liquor Laws	13.3%	0.0%	100.0%	46.7%
Drunkenness				
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	0.0%	0.0%	90.0%	10.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	14.3%	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	12.5%	0.0%	87.5%	12.5%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	84.1%	97.7%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	3.6%	6.2%	61.0%	6.4%
Total	4.9%	7.3%	56.9%	11.7%

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SKOKOMISH – WASHINGTON

The enrolled population of the Skokomish is 750, and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 1,393.¹⁵⁴ The reservation is located southwest of Hood Canal on both sides of US 101 north of Shelton in Mason County, Washington.¹⁵⁵

What is now known as the Skokomish Tribe was primarily composed of Twana Indians, a Salishan people whose aboriginal territory encompassed the Hood Canal drainage basin in western Washington State. The tribe's first recorded direct contact with European culture came in 1792 and resulted in a devastating smallpox epidemic that took the lives of many. There were nine Twana communities, the largest being known as the Skokomish, or "big river people." The Twana subsisted on hunting, fishing and gathering activities, practicing a nomadic life-style during warmer weather and resettling at permanent sites during the winter. Twana descendants live on the Skokomish Reservation, and all have become known as the Skokomish Tribe.¹⁵⁶

The tribe is governed by a Tribal Council, composed of seven members who serve four-year terms, and oversee the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹⁵⁷

The Skokomish Tribe has 13 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁵⁸

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Skokomish were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups. The Index rates are high for all years, except 2008.

Comparisons for the Skokomish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Mason County – 2007	5212	383	5595
Skokomish -2007	7107	1436	8543

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁵⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁵⁵ <http://www.skokomish.org/frame.htm>

¹⁵⁶ <http://www.skokomish.org/frame.htm>

¹⁵⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁵⁸ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Skokomish: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious person report, drug violations, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	9	0	1	0	10	2	2	2	2
Sex Offenses	4	3	2	0	9	1	1	4	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	11	31	19	13	74	20	9	33	7
Assault	42	4	10	3	59	14	14	29	7
Domestic Violence	60	26	26	13	125	35	17	65	14
Child Abuse	12	4	2	0	18	4	4	5	4
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	3	0	0	3	0	1	3	0
Burglary	16	21	24	12	73	8	5	13	4
Vandalism	14	12	32	26	84	11	5	36	6
Stolen Property	7	6	6	0	19	0	1	6	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	7	22	24	2	55	1	2	10	2
Larceny-Theft	63	34	50	17	164	10	15	44	10
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	2	2	10	0	14	0	0	9	0
Fraud	6	2	5	0	13	1	1	1	0
Arson	8	2	1	0	11	0	0	3	0
DWI	27	18	31	26	102	56	36	53	4
Drug Violations	62	14	59	29	164	35	99	93	11
Liquor Laws	18	4	12	4	38	30	11	29	21
Drunkenness	0	20	26	5	51	35	3	35	8
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	54	19	27	8	108	25	12	52	15
Curfew & Loitering	9	15	21	2	47	9	3	37	27
Suspicious Person Report	202	15	66	42	325	28	25	110	22
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	10	1	3	0	14	0	1	6	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Runaway < 18	9	7	9	5	30	1	1	10	18
ARPA Violations	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0
All Other Offenses	239	253	327	163	982	81	49	580	49
Total	894	542	793	370	2599	407	317	1270	234

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Skokomish

Alcohol was involved in 15.7 percent of all the reported offenses, 48.9 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 9.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 12.2 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Sex Offenses	11.1%	11.1%	44.4%	11.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	27.0%	12.2%	44.6%	9.5%
Assault	23.7%	23.7%	49.2%	11.9%
Domestic Violence	28.0%	13.6%	52.0%	11.2%
Child Abuse	22.2%	22.2%	27.8%	22.2%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	33.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	11.0%	6.8%	17.8%	5.5%
Vandalism	13.1%	6.0%	42.9%	7.1%
Stolen Property	0.0%	5.3%	31.6%	5.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.8%	3.6%	18.2%	3.6%
Larceny-Theft	6.1%	9.1%	26.8%	6.1%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	64.3%	0.0%
Fraud	7.7%	7.7%	7.7%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%	0.0%
DWI	54.9%	35.3%	52.0%	3.9%
Drug Violations	21.3%	60.4%	56.7%	6.7%
Liquor Laws	78.9%	28.9%	76.3%	55.3%
Drunkenness	68.6%	5.9%	68.6%	15.7%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	23.1%	11.1%	48.1%	13.9%
Curfew & Loitering	19.1%	6.4%	78.7%	57.4%
Suspicious Person Report	8.6%	7.7%	33.8%	6.8%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	7.1%	42.9%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Runaway < 18	3.3%	3.3%	33.3%	60.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	8.2%	5.0%	59.1%	5.0%
Total	15.7%	12.2%	48.9%	9.0%

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SPOKANE – WASHINGTON

The Spokane Reservation is located on the north bank of the Spokane River northwest of Spokane, Washington. The west end of the reservation is directly across the Columbia River from the southeast corner of the Colville Reservation. The Spokane Tribe's Reservation consists of 154,000 acres of which 90% is held in trust by the federal government.¹⁵⁹ The Spokane Tribe has an enrollment of 2,305, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 2,246.¹⁶⁰

The Spokane Tribe's ancestors were the Spokan, a plateau people that shared numerous cultural traits with their neighbors. The original Spokane's language is a part of the Salish language family, and they are often categorized as a Salishan tribe. For unrecorded millennia, the Spokane tribe lived in the area around the Spokane River, leading a seasonal way of life consisting of fishing, hunting, and gathering endeavors. The Spokane people shared their territory and language with several other Tribes, including the Colville, Flathead, and Kalispel Tribes.¹⁶¹

The tribe is governed by a five-person tribal council elected to varying terms (one-, two-, or three-year) of service. The Spokane Business Council oversees the operation of the tribe's businesses and programs.¹⁶²

The Spokane Tribe has 8 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁶³

The Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Spokane were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups, while the Property rates were lower. The Violent rates have been consistently high each year. The overall Index rates have fluctuated greatly from year to year.

Comparisons for the Spokane

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Stevens County- 2007	2490	103	2593
Skokane -2007	2137	1647	3784

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁵⁹ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1570.html>

¹⁶⁰ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁶¹ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1570.html>

¹⁶² Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁶³ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses Combined: Spokane: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ liquor laws, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drp	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	2	1	4	0	0	7	2	1	6	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	3	0
Sex Offenses	3	1	1	3	0	8	0	1	3	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	3	0	1	0	0	4	1	0	2	0
Aggravated Assault	13	20	24	36	10	103	38	5	56	10
Assault	51	28	36	32	26	173	57	2	81	14
Domestic Violence	1	23	47	28	13	112	40	2	60	1
Child Abuse	37	0	14	3	4	58	34	3	48	2
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	4	2	0	0	0	6	2	0	6	2
Burglary	42	17	36	19	6	120	5	0	28	2
Vandalism	29	45	59	31	15	179	6	0	41	14
Stolen Property	4	2	4	3	4	17	1	0	10	1
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	15	15	8	2	41	4	1	14	3
Larceny-Theft	16	44	71	18	3	152	10	1	26	5
Embezzlement	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	4	1	3	2	1	11	1	0	6	0
Fraud	1	0	5	0	0	6	0	0	5	0
Arson	6	18	6	3	1	34	0	0	9	1
DWI	19	13	26	22	29	109	33	13	50	6
Drug Violations	29	21	19	13	7	89	0	66	60	11
Liquor Laws	0	78	108	194	76	456	256	37	172	156
Drunkenness	90	34	29	7	0	160	144	0	143	59
Gambling	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	11	15	34	36	16	112	55	5	56	9
Curfew & Loitering	0	6	22	0	0	28	14	1	19	25
Suspicious Person Report	0	5	14	5	3	27	2	0	7	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	0	4	5	2	11	0	0	5	2
Completed Suicide	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	1
Attempted Suicide	8	0	5	0	0	13	4	2	11	1
Runaway < 18	7	14	13	5	1	40	1	0	17	36
ARPA Violations	6	3	6	2	0	17	0	0	8	0
All Other Offenses	156	187	326	484	268	1421	65	24	448	35
Total	546	594	933	965	487	3525	778	164	1402	397

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Spokane

Alcohol was involved in 22.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 39.8 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 11.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 4.7 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	28.6%	14.3%	85.7%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	12.5%	37.5%	12.5%
Attempted Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	36.9%	4.9%	54.4%	9.7%
Assault	32.9%	1.2%	46.8%	8.1%
Domestic Violence	35.7%	1.8%	53.6%	0.9%
Child Abuse	58.6%	5.2%	82.8%	3.4%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	33.3%	0.0%	100.0%	33.3%
Burglary	4.2%	0.0%	23.3%	1.7%
Vandalism	3.4%	0.0%	22.9%	7.8%
Stolen Property	5.9%	0.0%	58.8%	5.9%
Motor Vehicle Theft	9.8%	2.4%	34.1%	7.3%
Larceny-Theft	6.6%	0.7%	17.1%	3.3%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9.1%	0.0%	54.5%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	26.5%	2.9%
DWI	30.3%	11.9%	45.9%	5.5%
Drug Violations	0.0%	74.2%	67.4%	12.4%
Liquor Laws	56.1%	8.1%	37.7%	34.2%
Drunkenness	90.0%	0.0%	89.4%	36.9%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	49.1%	4.5%	50.0%	8.0%
Curfew & Loitering	50.0%	3.6%	67.9%	89.3%
Suspicious Person Report	7.4%	0.0%	25.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	45.5%	18.2%
Completed Suicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	50.0%
Attempted Suicide	30.8%	15.4%	84.6%	7.7%
Runaway < 18	2.5%	0.0%	42.5%	90.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	47.1%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	4.6%	1.7%	31.5%	2.5%
Total	22.1%	4.7%	39.8%	11.3%

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STILLAGUAMISH – WASHINGTON

The Stillaguamish Reservation is located in northern Snohomish County near Arlington, Washington, between the Cascade Mountains and the Puget Sound. Tribal facilities are located primarily on a 40-acre site with housing and tribal offices. Altogether, the reservation consists of 76 acres.¹⁶⁴ The Stillaguamish Tribe has an enrollment of 182, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is the same number (182).¹⁶⁵

The Stillaguamish Tribe comprises descendants of the Stoluckwamish (river people) River Tribe. Given the mild climate, the men and children needed clothing only in the winter. The women wore garments fashioned from cedar bark. They harvested salmon and other seafood, gathered berries and roots, and hunted goats in the Cascades. The tribe petitioned the Secretary of the Interior to acknowledge them for recognition as an Indian Tribe in 1974. On October 27, 1976, they achieved federal recognition and treaty rights, and were made eligible for federal services.¹⁶⁶

The Stillaguamish Tribe has 7 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁶⁷

The property and violent offense rates in 2007 for the Stillaguamish were higher than were the rates for all other comparison groups, and their rates have been consistently higher for the other years.

Comparisons for the Stillaguamish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Snohomish County '07	3820	235	4055
Stillaguamish -2007	14286	549	14835

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶⁴ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1574.html>

¹⁶⁵ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁶⁶ <http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h1574.html>

¹⁶⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Stillaguamish: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ suspicious persons report, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	3	6	2	11	0	4	11	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	7	0	1	8	2	0	8	0
Assault	5	4	4	13	5	2	13	0
Domestic Violence	6	3	8	17	5	1	16	0
Child Abuse	2	2	7	11	2	1	11	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0				
Robbery	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Burglary	3	5	2	10	0	0	5	0
Vandalism	10	6	7	23	1	1	17	0
Stolen Property	10	8	2	20	0	1	17	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	6	1	3	10	0	0	8	0
Larceny-Theft	17	20	27	64	0	2	56	0
Embezzlement	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	19	3	10	32	0	2	19	0
Fraud	8	16	6	30	1	0	24	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	5	7	4	16	16	1	16	0
Drug Violations	21	11	11	43	0	43	40	1
Liquor Laws	6	0	11	17	17	0	17	7
Drunkenness	6	7	0	13	13	0	13	0
Gambling	0	4	1	5	1	0	5	0
Disorderly Conduct	12	4	17	33	20	7	33	0
Curfew & Loitering	2	0	1	3	0	0	3	0
Suspicious Person Report	31	4	63	98	9	1	71	6
Prostitution/Vice	4	0	0	4	0	4	4	0
Weapons	0	5	6	11	0	0	11	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0				
Attempted Suicide	1	0	0	1				
Runaway < 18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	28	62	49	139	20	17	120	5
Total	213	179	243	635	113	87	540	19

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Total D & A = alcohol and/or drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Stillaguamish

Alcohol was involved in 17.8 percent of all the reported offenses, 85.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 3.0 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 13.7 percent of all reported offenses. This is one of the highest reported drug involvement rates in the BIA District.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	36.4%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	25.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	38.5%	15.4%	100.0%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	29.4%	5.9%	94.1%	0.0%
Child Abuse	18.2%	9.1%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	4.3%	4.3%	73.9%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	5.0%	85.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	3.1%	87.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	6.3%	59.4%	0.0%
Fraud	3.3%	0.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Arson				
DWI	100.0%	6.3%	100.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	100.0%	93.0%	2.3%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	41.2%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Gambling	20.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	60.6%	21.2%	100.0%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Suspicious Person Report	9.2%	1.0%	72.4%	6.1%
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18				
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	14.4%	12.2%	86.3%	3.6%
Total	17.8%	13.7%	85.0%	3.0%

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SUQUAMISH – WASHINGTON

The Port Madison Indian Reservation is located on the Kitsap Peninsula in Washington State. Situated on the waterfront across the Puget Sound from Seattle, the reservation is home to the Suquamish people. The reservation is in the heart of a rural residential area. It is one of the few Indian reservations in the country with two geographic sections separated by a land mass. The northeastern part of the reservation is anchored by the rural waterfront village of Indianola, while the southwestern portion is centered around the historic waterfront village of Suquamish. The reservation consists of over 7,486 acres that contain tribal trust lands, individually and collectively owned trust lands, historic allotments held in trust, and fee lands owned by Indians and non-Indians.¹⁶⁸ The Suquamish Tribe has an enrollment of 863, but the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is much higher at 3,783.¹⁶⁹

The Puget Sound area was inhabited by indigenous Native Americans of several tribes, bands and clans before Anglo-Europeans arrived. The Suquamish Nation existed for thousands of years before a county government was formed in the area (1857) or Washington became a state (1889). Currently, the sovereign nation still exists with its seat of government at the Suquamish Tribal Center near the rural waterfront village of Suquamish.¹⁷⁰

The tribal government operates under a constitution and bylaws adopted in 1965. The Suquamish General Council meets twice a year and is composed of all enrolled tribal members. An elected seven-member Tribal Council conducts tribal affairs with each member serving a three-year term.¹⁷¹

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Port Madison Reservation.¹⁷²

The Property rates in 2007 for the Suquamish were higher than the rates for all other comparison groups, while the Violent crime rates were lower. The overall Index rates were about the same as Washington's in 2005 and 2007, but lower in 2008.

Comparisons for the Suquamish

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Kitsap County – 2007	2584	429	3012
Suquamish -2007	4414	26	4440

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁶⁸ <http://www.suquamish.nsn.us/>

¹⁶⁹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁷⁰ <http://www.suquamish.nsn.us/>

¹⁷¹ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁷² U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Suquamish: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ domestic violence, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				05-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	5	4	5	14	0	0	0	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	42	0	2	44	6	0	1	3
Assault	0	54	37	91	0	0	20	2
Domestic Violence	143	48	26	217	27	0	10	9
Child Abuse	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0				0
Robbery	1	0	3	4	0	1	1	0
Burglary	38	51	41	130	0	0	3	0
Vandalism	4	0	4	8	3	0	0	0
Stolen Property	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	21	26	10	57	1	0	1	1
Larceny-Theft	51	87	39	177	0	0	2	1
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3	2	1	6	0	0	0	0
Fraud	8	10	13	31	0	0	0	0
Arson	3	3	2	8	0	0	0	0
DWI	63	31	61	155	113	3	17	0
Drug Violations	39	6	7	52	0	49	9	2
Liquor Laws	55	23	17	95	82	0	3	63
Drunkenness	18	2	15	35	23	0	1	8
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	3	3	6	1	0	2	0
Curfew & Loitering	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Suspicious Person Report	20	46	20	86	0	0	5	1
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	3	2	5	10	0	0	1	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0				0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0				0
Runaway < 18	15	5	1	21	0	0	0	21
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	113	409	370	892	4	0	116	18
Total	647	814	684	2145	260	53	192	131

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Suquamish

Alcohol was involved in 12.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 9.0 percent of the offenses were cleared, and 6.1 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.5 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	13.6%	0.0%	2.3%	6.8%
Assault	0.0%	0.0%	22.0%	2.2%
Domestic Violence	12.4%	0.0%	4.6%	4.1%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	25.0%	25.0%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%
Vandalism	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	1.8%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	0.6%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	72.9%	1.9%	11.0%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	94.2%	17.3%	3.8%
Liquor Laws	86.3%	0.0%	3.2%	66.3%
Drunkenness	65.7%	0.0%	2.9%	22.9%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	16.7%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%	1.2%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	0.4%	0.0%	13.0%	2.0%
Total	12.1%	2.5%	9.0%	6.1%

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TULALIP – WASHINGTON

The Tulalip Tribe is a federally-recognized Indian Tribe located on the Tulalip Reservation in the mid-Puget Sound area bordered on the east by Interstate 5 and the city of Marysville, Washington. The south boundary is the Snohomish River. The Fire Trail Road (146th) is the north boundary, and the west boundary is the waters of Puget Sound. The Tulalip Reservation exterior boundaries enclose a land-base of 22,000 acres, over 50% is in federal trust status.¹⁷³ The Tulalip Tribes have an enrollment of 3,731 with the American Indian population living on or near the reservation at 2,869.¹⁷⁴

The reservation is rich in natural resources including marine waters, tidelands, fresh water creeks and lakes, wetlands, forests and developable land. The Tulalip Reservation was reserved for the use and benefit of Indian tribes and bands signatory to the Treaty of Point Elliott of January 22, 1855. Its boundaries were established by the 1855 Treaty and by Executive Order signed by Ulysses S. Grant on December 23, 1873. It was established to provide a permanent home for the Snohomish, Snoqualmie, Skagit, Suiattle, Samish and Stillaguamish Tribes and allied bands living in the region.¹⁷⁵

The tribe is organized under the provisions of the Indian Reorganization Act of 1934 and the constitution was approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 13, 1936. The Tribal Council is the governing body.¹⁷⁶

The Tulalip Tribe has 25 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁷⁷

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2005 for Tulalip were much higher than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for Tulalip

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US - 2006	3335	474	3809
Washington - 2006	4480	346	4826
Snohomish County-06	4092	228	4320
Tulalip -2005	6937	1554	8491

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁷³ <http://www.tulaliptribes-nsn.gov/>

¹⁷⁴ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁷⁵ <http://www.tulaliptribes-nsn.gov/>

¹⁷⁶ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁷⁷ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Tulalip: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drug violations, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
				04-08				
Homicide	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	3	4	0	7	2	0	5	0
Sex Offenses	9	12	13	34	4	0	13	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
Aggravated Assault	32	43	0	75	18	8	47	0
Assault	68	154	126	348	49	40	148	0
Domestic Violence	85	84	153	322	41	9	128	0
Child Abuse	28	14	5	47	0	0	23	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	14	8	0	22	0	5	17	0
Burglary	39	36	0	75	0	7	24	0
Vandalism	59	0	134	193	0	0	24	0
Stolen Property	121	185	129	435	2	80	199	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	108	105	0	213	0	16	88	0
Larceny-Theft	102	105	0	207	0	60	150	0
Embezzlement	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	23	65	1	89	0	17	30	0
Fraud	5	17	19	41	0	9	13	0
Arson	3	4	0	7	2	0	2	0
DWI	82	139	77	298	139	0	221	0
Drug Violations	289	425	73	787	0	425	503	0
Liquor Laws	77	89	2	168	89	0	162	0
Drunkenness	2	0	190	192	0	0	2	0
Gambling	0	0	28	28	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	153	297	15	465	116	111	290	0
Curfew & Loitering	4	29	69	102	9	0	24	29
Suspicious Person Report	0	319	132	451	17	0	197	0
Prostitution/Vice	2	8	0	10	2	6	10	0
Weapons	22	29	16	67	2	17	45	0
Completed Suicide	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0
Attempted Suicide	19	0	0	19	0	0	16	0
Runaway < 18	25	90	28	143	0	21	93	90
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1740	2801	0	4541	97	121	2791	0
Total	3122	5063	1210	9395	589	953	5274	119

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Tulalip

Alcohol was involved in 6.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 56.1 percent were cleared, and 1.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 10.1 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	28.6%	0.0%	71.4%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	11.8%	0.0%	38.2%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	24.0%	10.7%	62.7%	0.0%
Assault	14.1%	11.5%	42.5%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	12.7%	2.8%	39.8%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	48.9%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	22.7%	77.3%	0.0%
Burglary	0.0%	9.3%	32.0%	0.0%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	12.4%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.5%	18.4%	45.7%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	7.5%	41.3%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	0.0%	29.0%	72.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	19.1%	33.7%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	22.0%	31.7%	0.0%
Arson	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%	0.0%
DWI	46.6%	0.0%	74.2%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	54.0%	63.9%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	53.0%	0.0%	96.4%	0.0%
Drunkenness	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	24.9%	23.9%	62.4%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	8.8%	0.0%	23.5%	28.4%
Suspicious Person Report	3.8%	0.0%	43.7%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice	20.0%	60.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Weapons	3.0%	25.4%	67.2%	0.0%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	84.2%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	14.7%	65.0%	62.9%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	2.1%	2.7%	61.5%	0.0%
Total	6.3%	10.1%	56.1%	1.3%

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UMATILLA – OREGON

The Cayuse, Umatilla and Walla Walla people make up the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation. The Confederated Tribes have an enrollment of 2,542, and the American Indian population living on or near the reservation is 2,674.¹⁷⁸

The homeland of the tribes is the area now known as northeastern Oregon and southeastern Washington. The three bands were brought together on the Umatilla Indian Reservation by a treaty with the United States Government in 1855. A single tribal government was adopted in 1949 when the tribe adopted a constitution and by-laws.¹⁷⁹

Tribal affairs are governed by an elected body called the Board of Trustees. Members of the Board are elected by the General Council, which consists of all tribal members age 18 and older.¹⁸⁰

The Confederated Tribes on the Umatilla Reservation have 15 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁸¹

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for the Umatilla were higher than the rates for all other comparison groups. The overall Index rates for 2004-2007 were higher than the Oregon and US rates.

Comparisons for Umatilla

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Umatilla County-2006	4636	299	4935
Umatilla -2007	5111	2250	7361

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁷⁸ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁷⁹ <http://www.umatilla.nsn.us/>

¹⁸⁰ <http://www.umatilla.nsn.us/info.html>

¹⁸¹ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Umatilla: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ theft, and vandalism.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
						04-08				
Homicide	1	1	0	2	4	8	3	2	8	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	5	2	1	2	12	3	0	10	1
Sex Offenses	6	4	5	3	0	18	3	1	11	5
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Aggravated Assault	50	4	16	3	17	90	34	1	72	12
Assault	0	25	24	10	29	88	26	1	77	7
Domestic Violence	19	44	28	13	33	137	64	5	123	4
Child Abuse	2	2	1	0	0	5	0	1	4	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Burglary	23	18	56	11	16	124	7	1	95	4
Vandalism	76	66	77	36	0	255	18	2	202	16
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	10	15	19	4	4	52	4	0	46	3
Larceny-Theft	73	94	96	44	35	342	3	4	235	4
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	6	17	20	7	0	50	0	3	36	0
Fraud	2	7	1	2	0	12	0	1	6	0
Arson	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
DWI	51	31	34	11	0	127	117	14	126	3
Drug Violations	54	47	51	16	0	168	18	163	166	12
Liquor Laws	22	43	39	23	0	127	126	6	126	80
Drunkenness	9	3	2	0	0	14	14	0	14	3
Gambling	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Disorderly Conduct	23	20	27	12	0	82	64	7	81	9
Curfew & Loitering	8	0	0	2	0	10	2	1	10	10
Suspicious Person Report	58	0	6	0	0	64	0	0	64	4
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	6	32	1	0	45	2	2	33	2
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	18	25	30	15	0	88	3	0	83	86
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	252	439	412	156	0	1259	111	36	1165	24
Total	774	917	980	372	140	3183	623	251	2796	290

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Umatilla

Alcohol was involved in 19.6 percent of all the reported offenses, 87.8 percent were cleared, and 9.1 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 7.9 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	37.5%	25.0%	100.0%	12.5%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	25.0%	0.0%	83.3%	8.3%
Sex Offenses	16.7%	5.6%	61.1%	27.8%
Attempted Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	37.8%	1.1%	80.0%	13.3%
Assault	29.5%	1.1%	87.5%	8.0%
Domestic Violence	46.7%	3.6%	89.8%	2.9%
Child Abuse	0.0%	20.0%	80.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Burglary	5.6%	0.8%	76.6%	3.2%
Vandalism	7.1%	0.8%	79.2%	6.3%
Stolen Property				
Motor Vehicle Theft	7.7%	0.0%	88.5%	5.8%
Larceny-Theft	0.9%	1.2%	68.7%	1.2%
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	6.0%	72.0%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	8.3%	50.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	92.1%	11.0%	99.2%	2.4%
Drug Violations	10.7%	97.0%	98.8%	7.1%
Liquor Laws	99.2%	4.7%	99.2%	63.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	21.4%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	78.0%	8.5%	98.8%	11.0%
Curfew & Loitering	20.0%	10.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	6.3%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	4.4%	4.4%	73.3%	4.4%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	3.4%	0.0%	94.3%	97.7%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	8.8%	2.9%	92.5%	1.9%
Total	19.6%	7.9%	87.8%	9.1%

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UPPER SKAGIT – WASHINGTON

The 84-acre Upper Skagit Reservation lies in the uplands of the Skagit River Valley, east of Sedro-Woolley in Skagit County, Washington. Another 15 acres of undeveloped commercial land is located along Interstate 5 near Alger.¹⁸² The enrolled tribal population is 928 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 271.¹⁸³

The Upper Skagit people are descendants of Native people that inhabited 10 villages on the Upper Skagit and Sauk rivers in western Washington.

The Upper Skagit Tribe is governed by a seven member Tribal Council elected in accordance with the Tribal Constitution and by-laws approved by the Secretary of the Interior in 1974. Council members serve for three-year terms.¹⁸⁴

The Upper Skagit Tribe has 4 sworn law enforcement officers.¹⁸⁵

The Property offense rates in 2007 for Upper Skagit were lower than the rates for all other comparison groups, but the Violent offense rates in 2007 were higher than the comparison groups. The overall Index rates are similar to the State of Washington rates.

Comparisons for Upper Skagit

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Skagit County – 2007	5738	198	5936
Upper Skagit - 2007	2632	987	3619

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses.

¹⁸² http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Upper%20Skagit%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁸³ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁸⁴ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Upper%20Skagit%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁸⁵ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Upper Skagit: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ disorderly conduct, and assault.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2005	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	3	3	2	0	3	0
Assault	13	20	2	11	46	17	1	44	0
Domestic Violence	18	14	4	9	45	23	2	41	0
Child Abuse	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	3	0
Elderly Abuse	0	1	0	0	1			1	
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	12	9	0	8	29	0	0	28	0
Vandalism	7	3	1	3	14	3	1	13	0
Stolen Property	7	15	3	10	35	0	0	32	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	2	2	6	0	0	3	0
Larceny-Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	2	0	1	1	4	0	0	3	0
Arson	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
DWI	1	6	2	14	23	19	0	19	0
Drug Violations	10	6	2	7	25	0	20	23	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	0
Drunkenness	5	19	2	11	37	31	0	33	0
Gambling	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	7	0
Disorderly Conduct	32	19	0	17	68	44	0	64	0
Curfew & Loitering	1	4	0	0	5	0	0	5	4
Suspicious Person Report	8	8	0	5	21	0	0	21	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0			0	
Attempted Suicide	3	0	0	0	3		3	3	
Runaway < 18	1	0	2	4	7	0	0	5	2
ARPA Violations	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	3	0
All Other Offenses	198	121	9	115	443	33	3	208	0
Total	326	247	30	232	835	177	30	569	6

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Upper Skagit

Alcohol was involved in 21.2 percent of all the reported offenses, 68.1 percent were cleared, and 0.7 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 3.6 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide				
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape				
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape				
Aggravated Assault	66.7%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Assault	37.0%	2.2%	95.7%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	51.1%	4.4%	91.1%	0.0%
Child Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	0.0%	0.0%	96.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	21.4%	7.1%	92.9%	0.0%
Stolen Property	0.0%	0.0%	91.4%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft				
Embezzlement				
Forgery/Counterfeiting				
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
DWI	82.6%	0.0%	82.6%	0.0%
Drug Violations	0.0%	80.0%	92.0%	0.0%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Drunkenness	83.8%	0.0%	89.2%	0.0%
Gambling	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Disorderly Conduct	64.7%	0.0%	94.1%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	80.0%
Suspicious Person Report	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	0.0%	0.0%	71.4%	28.6%
ARPA Violations	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	7.4%	0.7%	47.0%	0.0%
Total	21.2%	3.6%	68.1%	0.7%

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CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF WARM SPRINGS-OREGON

The Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation are comprised of numerous band of three different tribes: the Sahaptin-speaking Warm Springs Tribe, the Upper Chinook-speaking Wascos, and the Northern Paiute. Reservation lands extend from the summit of Oregon's Cascade Mountains and snowcapped Mt. Jefferson at 10,497 feet, east to the Deschutes River's elevation at 1,000 feet, with the Metolius River and Lake Billy Chinook forming the southern boundary.¹⁸⁶

The Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs has an enrollment of 4,412 with a service population of 4,079 living on or near the Reservation which consists of 643,570 acres.¹⁸⁷
¹⁸⁸

The Wasco bands on the Columbia River were the eastern-most group of Chinook-speaking Indians. Although they were principally fishermen, their frequent contact with other Indians throughout the region provided for abundant trade. The Warm Springs bands who lived along the Columbia's tributaries spoke Sahaptin. Unlike the Wascoes, the Warm Springs bands moved between winter and summer villages, and depended more on game, roots and berries. The Paiutes lived in southeastern Oregon and spoke a Shoshonean dialect. The lifestyle of the Paiutes was considerably different from that of the Wasco and Warm Springs bands. Their high-plains existence required that they migrate further and more frequently for game, and fish was not an important part of their diet. The Paiute language was foreign to the Wasco and Warm Springs bands, and commerce among them was infrequent.¹⁸⁹

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Warm Springs were much higher than the rates for all other comparison groups.

Comparisons for the Warm Springs

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Oregon – 2007	3526	288	3814
Wasco County -2006	3515	100	3615
Jefferson County-2006	2560	313	2873
Warm Springs -2007	10164	5037	15201

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁸⁶ http://www.warmsprings.com/warmsprings/Recreation_Tourism/Location/

¹⁸⁷ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁸⁸ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁸⁹ http://www.warmsprings.com/Warmsprings/Tribal_Community/History_Culture/Chronology/

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Offenses – Warm Springs: 2007-2008

The most common offenses were: drunkenness, ‘all other offenses,’ and DWI.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
			07-08				
Homicide	1	2	3	1	0	2	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	0	2	2	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	4	3	7	1	0	3	2
Sex Offenses	14	13	27	0	0	9	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	2	1	3	0	1	2	0
Aggravated Assault	164	44	208	91	10	175	16
Assault	49	27	76	21	2	56	8
Domestic Violence	98	27	125	61	3	115	2
Child Abuse	149	32	181	41	20	147	11
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0				
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	98	45	143	6	1	42	8
Vandalism	161	0	161	15	4	67	11
Stolen Property	2	2	4	1	0	3	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	37	8	45	10	3	27	4
Larceny-Theft	194	40	234	4	3	58	6
Embezzlement	4	0	4	0	0	2	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	9	6	15	0	0	3	0
Fraud	12	11	23	2	0	11	0
Arson	12	14	26	0	0	12	1
DWI	211	147	358	358	34	358	11
Drug Violations	221	124	345	137	340	337	29
Liquor Laws	142	114	256	256	15	256	110
Drunkenness	943	773	1716	1716	54	1716	88
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	24	85	109	40	2	65	8
Curfew & Loitering	34	38	72	40	5	71	72
Suspicious Person Report	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution/Vice	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Weapons	57	44	101	45	25	92	8
Completed Suicide	0	0	0			0	
Attempted Suicide	0	0	0				
Runaway < 18	91	74	165	5	1	100	161
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	853	1080	1933	705	100	1174	174
Total	3590	2754	6344	3558	623	4905	731

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2007-2008 – Warm Springs

Alcohol was involved in 56.1 percent of all the reported offenses, 77.3 percent were cleared, and 11.5 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 9.8 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	33.3%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Forcible Rape	14.3%	0.0%	42.9%	28.6%
Sex Offenses	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	3.7%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	33.3%	66.7%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	43.8%	4.8%	84.1%	7.7%
Assault	27.6%	2.6%	73.7%	10.5%
Domestic Violence	48.8%	2.4%	92.0%	1.6%
Child Abuse	22.7%	11.0%	81.2%	6.1%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery				
Burglary	4.2%	0.7%	29.4%	5.6%
Vandalism	9.3%	2.5%	41.6%	6.8%
Stolen Property	25.0%	0.0%	75.0%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	22.2%	6.7%	60.0%	8.9%
Larceny-Theft	1.7%	1.3%	24.8%	2.6%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	0.0%
Fraud	8.7%	0.0%	47.8%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	46.2%	3.8%
DWI	100.0%	9.5%	100.0%	3.1%
Drug Violations	39.7%	98.6%	97.7%	8.4%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	5.9%	100.0%	43.0%
Drunkenness	100.0%	3.1%	100.0%	5.1%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	36.7%	1.8%	59.6%	7.3%
Curfew & Loitering	55.6%	6.9%	98.6%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report				
Prostitution/Vice	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weapons	44.6%	24.8%	91.1%	7.9%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide				
Runaway < 18	3.0%	0.6%	60.6%	97.6%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	36.5%	5.2%	60.7%	9.0%
Total	56.1%	9.8%	77.3%	11.5%

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WIND RIVER – WYOMING

Located between the scenic Wind River Range and Owl Creek Mountains, the 2.2 million acre reserve is shared by 3,557 Eastern Shoshone and 7,670 Northern Arapaho.¹⁹⁰ The number of American Indians residing on or near the reservation is 10,104.¹⁹¹ The reservation encompasses the city of Riverton, Wyoming. The reservation is also bordered by the cities of Lander to the south and Thermopolis to the northeast. The Burlington Northern Railroad runs along the reservation's eastern boundary.

The reservation is jointly owned with each tribe holding 50% interest in the land, water and other natural resources. Each tribe is committed to the welfare of their members. Job creation and economic development are a high priority for each tribe. Joint meetings are held with regard to jointly owned resources for the economic benefit of each tribe.¹⁹²

Both the Shoshone and Arapaho have their own distinct General Councils that meet three times per year, and are comprised of all members 18 years of age and older. Both tribes are governed by Business Councils consisting of six members who are elected to two-year terms.¹⁹³

There are 12 sworn law enforcement officers on the Wind River Reservation.¹⁹⁴

The Property offense rates in 2007 for Wind River were much lower than the other groups, while the Violent offense rate was the highest of the comparison groups. This trend (low Property rates and high Violent rates) is consistent with the results for all the other years.

Comparisons for Wind River

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Wyoming – 2007	2868	239	3107
Fremont County- 2007	504	101	606
Hot Springs County 2007	370	87	457
Wind River – 2007	677	695	1372

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁹⁰ http://www.northernarapaho.com/powerpoint/index_files/frame.htm#slide0001.htm

¹⁹¹ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁹² http://www.northernarapaho.com/powerpoint/index_files/frame.htm#slide0001.htm

¹⁹³ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁹⁴ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offenses – Wind River: 2005-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ drunkenness, and disorderly conduct.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					05-08				
Homicide	2	5	5	2	14	13	0	12	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	4	6	9	1	20	20	0	19	0
Sex Offenses	9	0	0	10	19	19	0	9	0
Attempted Forcible Rape	4	6	2	3	15	13	0	13	1
Aggravated Assault	81	56	64	68	269	251	2	213	3
Assault	189	252	211	202	854	836	0	721	0
Domestic Violence	100	152	72	62	386	372	5	347	0
Child Abuse	289	56	38	80	463	440	0	399	0
Elderly Abuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2	4	0	0	6	6	0	6	0
Burglary	9	2	17	16	44	25	6	17	0
Vandalism	277	33	147	104	561	350	0	395	0
Stolen Property	111	0	0	6	117	49	0	97	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	28	11	10	69	43	0	54	0
Larceny-Theft	15	1	47	10	73	42	5	42	0
Embezzlement	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
DWI	224	294	219	242	979	979	0	845	0
Drug Violations	99	200	187	66	552	92	448	504	12
Liquor Laws	195	232	145	104	676	676	0	676	49
Drunkenness	635	980	964	596	3175	3062	0	2768	390
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	816	459	309	325	1909	1873	32	1743	0
Curfew & Loitering	15	23	4	2	44	16	0	42	41
Suspicious Person Report	0	110	0	0	110	56	0	78	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	6	19	17	5	47	39	0	36	0
Completed Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	21	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0
Runaway < 18	78	46	53	57	234	82	0	208	234
ARPA Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses	1565	3351	2010	1567	8493	4697	55	6074	17
Total	4767	6317	4535	3538	19157	14051	553	15322	747

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime

Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime

Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means

Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2005-2008 – Wind River

Alcohol was involved in 73.3 percent of all the reported offenses, 80.0 percent were cleared, and 3.9 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was involved in 2.9 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	92.9%	0.0%	85.7%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	100.0%	0.0%	95.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	100.0%	0.0%	47.4%	0.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	86.7%	0.0%	86.7%	6.7%
Aggravated Assault	93.3%	0.7%	79.2%	1.1%
Assault	97.9%	0.0%	84.4%	0.0%
Domestic Violence	96.4%	1.3%	89.9%	0.0%
Child Abuse	95.0%	0.0%	86.2%	0.0%
Elderly Abuse				
Robbery	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Burglary	56.8%	13.6%	38.6%	0.0%
Vandalism	62.4%	0.0%	70.4%	0.0%
Stolen Property	41.9%	0.0%	82.9%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	62.3%	0.0%	78.3%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	57.5%	6.8%	57.5%	0.0%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Fraud				
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	86.3%	0.0%
Drug Violations	16.7%	81.2%	91.3%	2.2%
Liquor Laws	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	7.2%
Drunkenness	96.4%	0.0%	87.2%	12.3%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	98.1%	1.7%	91.3%	0.0%
Curfew & Loitering	36.4%	0.0%	95.5%	93.2%
Suspicious Person Report	50.9%	0.0%	70.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	83.0%	0.0%	76.6%	0.0%
Completed Suicide				
Attempted Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	35.0%	0.0%	88.9%	100.0%
ARPA Violations				
All Other Offenses	55.3%	0.6%	71.5%	0.2%
Total	73.3%	2.9%	80.0%	3.9%

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YAKAMA – WASHINGTON

The Yakama Indian Reservation is comprised of 1,371,918 acres covering 1,573 square miles in the south-central Washington counties of Klickitat and Yakima.¹⁹⁵ The enrolled tribal population is 9,822 and the Indian population living on or near the reservation is 16,815.¹⁹⁶ The Yakama Nation is a federation of formerly autonomous tribes, bands and villages in the south-central region of what is now Washington State.¹⁹⁷

The members of the Yakama Nation have historically depended on the Columbia River and salmon for their sustenance. Although the Yakamas ceded 10,828,800 acres of ancestral homeland to the U.S. government, they reserved their right to hunt, fish, access and use traditional cultural sites, gather traditional foods and medicines, pasture stock and have sufficient quantity and quality of water in all of their "usual and accustomed places" within this ceded area. Traditional routes for subsistence were, and continue to be on the Columbia River, starting above Priest Rapids to the traditional fishing site on Celilo Falls, and extending west on the lower Columbia River beyond the Klickitat River tributary.¹⁹⁸

The Yakama Reservation and its members are governed by the Yakama Nation Tribal Council. Each tribe and band elects representatives to the council. Self-government was re-established in 1935. All enrolled Yakamas become voting members of the General Council on their eighteenth birthday.¹⁹⁹

There are 31 sworn law enforcement officers on the Yakama Reservation.²⁰⁰

The Property and Violent offense rates in 2007 for Yakama were lower than all other comparison groups. The Property and Violent rates have been consistently low, since 2006.

Comparisons for Yakama

Comparison	Property Offenses	Violent Offenses	Index Offenses
US – 2007	3264	467	3731
Washington – 2007	4031	333	4364
Yakama County -2007	5430	383	5813
Yakama – 2007	2476	18	2494

Violent offenses as per UCR = homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Property offenses as per UCR = burglary, motor vehicle theft, larceny-theft, and arson.

Index offense as per UCR = the four violent offenses and the four property offenses

¹⁹⁵ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁹⁶ American Indian Populations and Labor Force Report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 2005.

¹⁹⁷ Tiller, Veronica E. Valarde, Tiller's Guide to Indian Country: Economic Profiles of American Indian Reservations, BowArrow Publishing Company, Albuquerque, MW, 1996.

¹⁹⁸ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

¹⁹⁹ http://www.npaihb.org/profiles/tribal_profiles/Washington/Yakama%20Nation%20Tribal%20Profile.htm

²⁰⁰ U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, District V, Billings, MT, April 2006.

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Offense – Yakama: 2004-2008

The most common offenses were: ‘all other offenses,’ assault, and theft.

Table 1 - Total Offenses and Supplementary Information

Offenses	2004	2006	2007	2008	Total	Alc	Drg	Clear	Juv
					04-08				
Homicide	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	2	1	6	10	4	0	7	0
Sex Offenses	15	11	14	11	51	15	1	21	1
Attempted Forcible Rape	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	3	2	2	2	9	2	1	2	0
Assault	279	274	216	169	938	523	31	527	43
Domestic Violence	195	157	163	138	653	379	18	330	12
Child Abuse	51	39	39	30	159	72	14	84	8
Elderly Abuse	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Robbery		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	201	114	114	146	575	33	2	91	20
Vandalism	13	6	9	5	33	0	0	12	1
Stolen Property	1	8	8	5	22	2	2	17	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	123	103	92	81	399	8	1	222	0
Larceny-Theft	259	195	195	168	817	41	5	117	18
Embezzlement	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0
Forgery/Counterfeiting	7	4	11	1	23	1	0	10	0
Fraud	8	2	7	4	21	0	0	11	0
Arson	7	2	3	2	14	0	0	5	0
DWI	74	40	67	85	266	266	0	266	1
Drug Violations	9	47	28	43	127	9	121	115	11
Liquor Laws	216	194	176	201	787	737	0	728	223
Drunkenness	197	35	20	32	284	280	3	274	4
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	33	53	45	44	175	119	3	134	4
Curfew & Loitering	22	5	2	0	29	9	0	29	29
Suspicious Person Report	40	71	89	71	271	6	1	249	0
Prostitution/Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons	0	8	6	10	24	6	2	21	1
Completed Suicide	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Attempted Suicide	13	3	0	0	16	7	1	2	0
Runaway < 18	169	145	128	127	569	7	2	211	569
ARPA Violations	3	1	0	5	9	0	0	6	0
All Other Offenses	1370	1462	1073	1441	5346	1551	116	3053	368
Total	3313	2985	2510	2827	11635	4078	324	6546	1313

Alc = alcohol involvement in commission of crime
 Drug = drug involvement in commission of crime
 Clear = offenses cleared by arrest or exceptional means
 Juv = Juvenile

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Offenses Combined: 2004-2008 – Yakama

Alcohol was involved in 35.0 percent of all the reported offenses, 56.3 percent were cleared, and 11.3 percent involved juveniles. Drug use was a contributing factor in 2.8 percent of all reported offenses.

Table 2 – Percent Substance Involvement, Cleared, and Juveniles by Offense

Offenses	Percent Alcohol Involvement	Percent Drug Involvement	Percent Offenses Cleared	Percent Offenses Involving Juveniles
Homicide	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Manslaughter by Negligence				
Forcible Rape	40.0%	0.0%	70.0%	0.0%
Sex Offenses	29.4%	2.0%	41.2%	2.0%
Attempted Forcible Rape	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Aggravated Assault	22.2%	11.1%	22.2%	0.0%
Assault	55.8%	3.3%	56.2%	4.6%
Domestic Violence	58.0%	2.8%	50.5%	1.8%
Child Abuse	45.3%	8.8%	52.8%	5.0%
Elderly Abuse	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Robbery				
Burglary	5.7%	0.3%	15.8%	3.5%
Vandalism	0.0%	0.0%	36.4%	3.0%
Stolen Property	9.1%	9.1%	77.3%	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	2.0%	0.3%	55.6%	0.0%
Larceny-Theft	5.0%	0.6%	14.3%	2.2%
Embezzlement	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%
Forgery/Counterfeiting	4.3%	0.0%	43.5%	0.0%
Fraud	0.0%	0.0%	52.4%	0.0%
Arson	0.0%	0.0%	35.7%	0.0%
DWI	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.4%
Drug Violations	7.1%	95.3%	90.6%	8.7%
Liquor Laws	93.6%	0.0%	92.5%	28.3%
Drunkenness	98.6%	1.1%	96.5%	1.4%
Gambling				
Disorderly Conduct	68.0%	1.7%	76.6%	2.3%
Curfew & Loitering	31.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Suspicious Person Report	2.2%	0.4%	91.9%	0.0%
Prostitution/Vice				
Weapons	25.0%	8.3%	87.5%	4.2%
Completed Suicide	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Attempted Suicide	43.8%	6.3%	12.5%	0.0%
Runaway < 18	1.2%	0.4%	37.1%	100.0%
ARPA Violations	0.0%	0.0%	66.7%	0.0%
All Other Offenses	29.0%	2.2%	57.1%	6.9%
Total	35.0%	2.8%	56.3%	11.3%