United States Government Supplemental Information for the Year Ended September 30, 2002 (Unaudited)

Deferred Maintenance

Deferred maintenance is the estimated cost to bring Government-owned property to an acceptable condition, resulting from not performing maintenance on a timely basis. Deferred maintenance excludes the cost of expanding the capacity of assets or upgrading them to serve needs different from those originally intended. The consequences of not performing regular maintenance could include increased safety hazards, poor service to the public, higher costs in the future, and inefficient operations. Estimated deferred maintenance costs are not accrued in the Statements of Net Cost or recognized as a liability on the Balance Sheets.

The amounts disclosed for deferred maintenance on the table below have been measured using the following three methods:

- Condition assessment surveys are periodic inspections of the Government-owned property to determine the current condition and estimated cost to bring the property to an acceptable condition.
- Life-cycle cost forecast is an acquisition or procurement technique that considers operation, maintenance, and other costs in addition to the acquisition cost of assets.
- Management analysis method is founded on inflation-adjusted reductions in maintenance funding since the base year.

Some deferred maintenance has been deemed critical. Such amounts and conditions are defined by the individual agencies with responsibility for the safekeeping of these assets. Low and high estimates are based on the materiality of the estimated cost of returning the asset to the acceptable condition versus the total value of the corresponding asset.

	Deferred Maintenance Cost Range					
	Low Estimate		High Estimate		Critical Maintenance	
(In billions of dollars)	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
Asset Category:						
General property, plant and equipment	17.1	10.6	25.2	26.3	3.3	5.1
Heritage assets	1.0	0.6	1.1	1.0	-	
National defense assets	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	-	
Total stewardship assets	2.2	1.7	2.3	2.2		

Unexpended Budget Authority

Unexpended budget authority is the sum of the unobligated and obligated, but unliquidated, budget authority.

Unobligated budget authority, including trust fund balances, is the cumulative amount of budget authority that is not obligated and that remains available for obligation. In 1-year accounts, the unobligated balance is not available for new obligations after the end of the fiscal year. In multiyear accounts, the unobligated balance may be carried forward and remains available for obligation for the period specified. In no-year accounts, the unobligated balance is carried forward until specifically rescinded by law or until the purposes for which it was provided have been

Obligated budget authority is the cumulative amount of budget authority that has been obligated but not liquidated. This balance can be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years after the appropriation has expired. The total obligated budget authority amount balance for fiscal 2002 is \$741.1 billion.

accomplished. The total unobligated budget authority amount balance for fiscal 2002 is \$342.8 billion.

Tax Burden

The Internal Revenue Code provides for progressive rates of tax, whereby higher incomes are generally subject to higher rates of tax. The tables present the latest available information on income tax and related income, deductions and credit for individuals by income level and for corporations by size of assets.

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	Siz	ze of Adjusted	l Gross Income
		\$30,000	\$75,000
	Under	under	under
	\$30,000	\$75,000	\$150,000
Tax burden percentage of gross			

	\$30,000	\$75,000	\$150,000	\$150,000
Tax burden, percentage of gross				
income	6%	11%	15%	25%
Average tax per return	\$793	\$5,301	\$15,368	\$110,320
Percent of total deductions on taxable				
income	30%	31%	20%	19%
Percent of total credits against tax				
liability	22%	42%	17%	19%

Greater than

Corporation Income Tax Returns for Tax Year 1999

Individual Income Tax Returns for Tax Year 2000

	Size of Total Assets					
_	Under \$10 million	\$10 million under \$50 million	\$50 million under \$250 million	Greater than \$250 million		
Tax burden, percentage of gross						
income	0.37%	0.50%	0.10%	1.00%		
Average tax per return	\$3,561	\$168,393	\$759,184	\$14,844,845		
Percent of total deductions on						
taxable income	26%	8%	7%	59%		
Percent of total credits against tax						
liability	4%	1%	2%	93%		

Other Claims for Refunds

Management has estimated amounts that may be paid out as other claims for tax refunds. This estimate represents an amount (principal and interest) that may be paid for claims pending judicial review by the Federal courts or, internally, by appeals. The total estimated payout (including principal and interest) for claims pending judicial review by the Federal courts is \$5.1 billion and \$7.7 billion for fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively. For those under appeal, the estimated payout is \$8.4 billion and \$13.6 billion for fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively. Although these refund claims have been deemed to be probable, they do not meet the criteria in SFFAS No. 5 for reporting the amounts in the Balance Sheets or for disclosure in the Notes to the Financial Statements. However, they meet the criteria in SFFAS No. 7 for inclusion as supplemental information. To the extent judgments against the Government for these claims prompt other similarly situated taxpayers to file similar refund claims, these amounts could become significantly greater.

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Appendix: List of Significant Government Entities Included and Excluded from the Financial Statements

This *Financial Report* includes the executive branch with their corresponding departments and entities, the legislative and judicial branches, and other independent establishments and Government corporations. Excluded are privately owned Government-sponsored enterprises such as the Federal Home Loan Banks and the Federal National Mortgage Association. The Federal Reserve System is excluded because organizations and functions pertaining to monetary policy are traditionally separate from, and independent of, other central Government organizations and functions.

Significant Entities Included in these Statements:

Department of Agriculture (USDA)

www.usda.gov

Department of Commerce (DOC)

www.doc.gov

Department of Defense (DOD)

www.defenselink.mil

Department of Education (ED)

www.ed.gov

Department of Energy (DOE)

www.energy.gov

Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)

www.hhs.gov

Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

www.hud.gov

Department of the Interior (DOI)

www.doi.gov

Department of Justice (DOJ)

www.usdoj.gov

Department of Labor (DOL)

www.dol.gov

Department of State (State)

www.state.gov

Department of the Air Force (Air Force)

www.af.mil

Department of the Army (Army)

www.army.mil

Army Corps of Engineers

www.usace.army.mil

Department of the Navy (Navy)

www.navy.mil

Department of Transportation (DOT)

www.dot.gov

Department of the Treasury (Treasury)

www.ustreas.gov

Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)

www.va.gov

U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)

www.usaid.gov

Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC)

Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC)

www.cftc.gov

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

www.epa.gov

Executive Office of the President

Export-Import Bank of the United States (Ex-Im Bank)

www.exim.gov

Farm Credit Administration (FCA)

www.fca.gov

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

www.fcc.gov

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)

www.fdic.gov

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

www.fema.gov

Federal Trade Commission (FTC)

www.ftc.gov

General Accounting Office (GAO)

www.gao.gov

General Services Administration (GSA)

www.gsa.gov

Government Printing Office (GPO)

www.gpo.gov

Library of Congress (LC)

www.loc.gov

National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

www.nasa.gov

National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)

www.nara.gov

National Credit Union Administration (NCUA)

www.ncua.gov

National Science Foundation (NSF)

www.nsf.gov

National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB)

www.ntsb.gov

Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)

www.nrc.gov

Office of Management and Budget (OMB)

www.whitehouse.gov/omb

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Entities Included, cont.

Office of Personnel Management (OPM)

www.opm.gov

Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC)

www.pbgc.gov

Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

www.rrb.gov

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)

www.sec.gov

Small Business Administration (SBA)

www.sba.gov

Smithsonian Institution
www.si.edu
Social Security Administration (SSA)
www.ssa.gov
Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)
www.tva.gov

U.S. Postal Service (USPS) www.usps.gov

Significant Entities Excluded from these Statements:

Army and Air Force Exchange Service
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
(Including the Federal Reserve Banks)
Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)
Farm Credit System
Federal Home Loan Banks
Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board
Financing Corporation

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) Marine Corps Exchange Navy Exchange Service Command Resolution Funding Corporation U.S.A. Education Inc. (Sallie Mae) Thrift Savings Fund