

DEPARTMENT of HEALTH and HUMAN SERVICES

GENERAL DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

FY 2008 Annual Performance Report

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Introduction

The General Departmental Management (GDM) FY 2008 Annual Performance Report (APR) provides detailed performance for the Departmental Appeals Board (DAB) and the Office on Disability (OD). The DAB and OD have performance measures published in the Congressional Justification, and one of the OD's measures is featured in the Department's Strategic Plan. The performance information in this report represents the DAB and OD accomplishments, and at the time of this reporting, there are no known weaknesses in the data accuracy, completeness, or reliability. The Office of Global Health Affairs (OGHA) and the Office of Public Health and Science (OPHS) have a separate APR. The Summary of Performance Targets and Results and the Agency Support for HHS Strategic Plan tables in the GDM APR is a consolidated display of Departmental Management which includes the OS activities funded under the following appropriation accounts:

- General Departmental Management;
- Office of Medicare Hearings and Appeals;
- Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology; and
- Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund.

The GDM appropriation supports those activities associated with the Secretary's roles as chief policy officer and general manager of the Department in administering and overseeing the organization, programs and activities of HHS. These activities are carried out through twelve Staff Divisions (STAFFDIVs), including the Immediate Office of the Secretary, the Departmental Appeals Board, and the Offices of: Public Affairs; Legislation; Planning and Evaluation; Resources and Technology; Administration and Management; Intergovernmental Affairs; General Counsel; Global Health Affairs; Disability; and Public Health and Science.

In sum, there are three APRs covering the DAB, OD, OGHA and OPHS. You can find detailed information on these four program offices under their respective APRs or the Departmental Management FY 2009 Congressional Justification.

Charles E. Johnson Assistant Secretary for Resources and Technology

Summary of Performance Targets and Results Table

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Fiscal Year	Total Targets	Targets with Results Reported	Percent of Targets with Results Reported	Total Targets Met	Percent of Targets Met
2005	72	72	100%	70	97%
2006	79	79	100%	75	94%
2007	103	96	93%	84	81%
2008	103	59	57%	52	50%
2009	103	Nov 09			

NOTE: The FY 2007, FY 2008 and FY 2009 total targets include all Departmental Management Programs including: OMHA, ONC, OGHA, ASPR, OPHS, and specific OPHS program offices with measures developed during their PART assessment. In FY 2008 approximately 43% of the measures have no results reported due to a one- to two-year data lag. Further explanation is provided in individual APRs.

DEPARTMENTAL APPEALS BOARD

Detailed Performance Analysis Outputs / Outcomes Table

#	Key Outcomes	FY 2005 Actual	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Target	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Target	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 PB Target			
	Long-Term Objective 1: Strengthen program management by maintaining the efficiency of Appellate Division case processing. (outcome and efficiency measure)										
1	Percentage of Board decisions with net case age of six months or less.	35%	36%	45%	45%	50%	76%	76%			
	ng-Term Objective 2: Maintain reversality of decisions. (outcome measure)	al and rema	nd rate of B	oard decisio	ons appealed	to Federal c	courts as a me	easure of			
1	Number of decisions reversed or remanded on appeals to Federal court as a percentage of all Board decisions issued.	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%			
exc	ng-Term Objective 3: Assure maximum clusion cases by increasing Civil Remed asure)										
1	Percentage of decisions issued within 60 days of the close of the record.	95%	90%	90%	100%	97%	100%	100%			
Lo	ng-Term Objective 4: Constrain growt	h in numbe	r of aged Ci	vil Remedie	s Division ca	ses. (outcom	e and efficier	ncy measure)			
1	Number of case open at end of Fiscal Year that were opened in previous Fiscal Years.	100	100	≤100	5	<u><</u> 2007	45	≤2008			
	ng-Term Objective 5: Enhance ADR ca olution and promote efficiency in mana				ntentiousnes	s and associa	ated costs in o	lispute			
1	Number of conflict resolution seminars conducted for HHS employees.		,	8 sessions	9 sessions	8 sessions	11 sessions	11 sessions			
2	Number of DAB cases (those logged into ADR Division database) requesting facilitative ADR interventions prior to more directive adjudicative processes.			50	59	55	75	75			
	ng-Term Objective 6: Constrain growt iciency measure)	h in average	e time to cor	nplete actio	n on Medica	re Appeals c	ases. (outcom	e and			
1	Average time to complete action on Part B Requests for Review measured from receipt of case folder. (FY 2001 and following Fiscal Years) Note: Results for FY 05 determined after excluding outlier cases in which delays related to court proceedings beyond DAB's control.	80 days	101 days	125 days	169 days	160 days	185 days	160 days			

#	Key Outputs	FY 2005 Actual	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Target	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Target	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 PB Target	
	Long-Term Objective 7: Increase number of Medicare Appeals dispositions to resolve and respond to Medicare claims brought by program providers and beneficiaries. (output and efficiency)								
1	Number of dispositions. Counting method changed in FY 05 (see narrative below); FY 04 comparable results are 2183 cases.	1,619	1,140	1,150	1,511	1,800	2,630	2,630	

Performance Narrative

The Departmental Appeals Board (DAB) does not directly administer any of the HHS programs that support the HHS Strategic Plan goals and objectives; however, by providing timely and quality decisions that resolve disputes arising in those programs (or ADR assistance that helps the parties resolve their own disputes), the DAB promotes those goals and objectives. In particular, DAB decisions help ensure that funds are spent only for authorized purposes, that healthcare quality standards are enforced, and that program and research integrity is maintained. Also, by providing a fair and transparent process to resolve disputes, the DAB enhances relationships with states, providers, universities, and others whose cooperation is needed for HHS to achieve its goals.

APPELLATE DIVISION

Board Members, including the Board Chair, sit in panels of three to decide appeals from (1) determinations by HHS OPDIVs involving grant funds; (2) decisions by DAB ALJs; or (3) decisions by FDA or Department of Interior ALJs. The Board Members are supported by attorneys and other administrative personnel in the Appellate Division.

In FY 2008 the Board/Appellate Division closed 175 cases (decisions were issued in 99 of these cases). In FY 2007, the Board closed 135 cases. This represents an increase of 30% in the number of closed cases. The Appellate Division also exceeded its FY 2008 timeliness standard. In FY 2008 76% of Board decisions had a case age of six months or less. This represents a significant improvement over FY 2007 when 45% of Board decisions had a case age of six months or less.

During FY 2008, Federal courts reviewed 10 Board decisions. All of those decisions were affirmed. In one case, the court of appeals reversed a district court decision that had reversed the underlying Board decision. The Board maintained its extraordinary record of having no more than 2% of its total decisions overturned by courts.

The increase in decisional output was aided greatly by a team-based approach to decision-making. The Chair and Division Chief identified cases to be decided during each quarter in FY 2008. Case assignments were agreed upon by the Board Members with input from the attorneys. Board Members met weekly to provide progress reports, and attorneys and Board

Members met monthly to provide progress reports and, if necessary, make reassignments. During most of FY 2008, the Board functioned with four Members, including the Board Chair. A vacant Board Member position was filled in the fourth quarter of FY 2008, which will allow the Board Chair to devote more time to management matters in FY 2009. Thus, Appellate case processing resources and output are projected to remain relatively constant for FY 2009.

CIVIL REMEDIES DIVISION (CRD)

DAB has six ALJs who provide hearings in civil remedies cases involving the Inspector General, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services or the Office of Research Integrity. The ALJs are supported by attorneys, paralegals and other administrative personnel in the Civil Remedies Division.

CRD closed 850 cases in FY 2008 compared to 707 cases in FY 2007. This represents an increase of 20% in the number of closed cases. In FY 2008, CRD focused on deciding the most aged appeals. At the close of FY 2007, 13 cases were pending for more than one year from the date of the close of the record. By the end of FY 2008, CRD had eliminated its backlog of cases that had been pending for more than one year from the date of the close of the record. The increase in the number of total cases closed and reduction in the number of aged cases was achieved by raising performance standards in the critical element of productivity for staff attorneys. In addition, unpaid law school interns and externs conducted legal research for judges and participated in prehearing conferences thereby freeing staff attorneys to focus on decision writing.

CRD also exceeded its timeliness goal. In FY 2008, 100% of Office of the Inspector General cases were issued within the 60-day regulatory deadline. Another CRD goal was to have no more than 85 cases received in FY 2007 or earlier still pending at the end of FY 2008. CRD exceeded this goal, as only 45 cases received in FY 2007 or earlier were still pending at the end of FY 2008.

CRD recently reassigned three attorneys to other Divisions. Nevertheless, CRD expects new management practices to provide performance output at the same level for FY 2009.

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION DIVISION (ADR)

The Board Chair serves as the Dispute Resolution Specialist for HHS. The Alternative Dispute Resolution Division provides policy guidance, training, mediation and other ADR services. DAB has a very small ADR staff but leverages its resources through the use of staff from other DAB divisions who are trained mediators and use its Sharing Neutrals Program. The Sharing Neutrals Program design allows Federal employees who are trained and experienced mediators to mediate disputes for Federal agencies other than their home agency, in exchange for similar services from Sharing Neutrals mediators employed by different agencies.

In FY 2008, the ADR Division conducted 11 conflict resolution seminars and provided ADR services in 75 HHS cases (32 program and 43 workplace). In comparison, in FY 2007, the ADR Division conducted eight conflict resolution seminars and provided ADR services in 50 HHS cases (22 program and 28 workplace). This represents a 50% increase in the workload over FY 2007.

In addition, the ADR Division undertook numerous initiatives, such as:

- working with HHS University and Office of Diversity Management and EEO to develop an on-line ADR training course;
- delivering ADR presentations at the OS New Employee Orientation sessions regularly; and
- developing classes for Departmental components such as NIH, OIG and HR that are specifically adapted to meet their ADR needs.

One CRD attorney was permanently reassigned to ADR recently. That attorney will primarily address the increasing workload of ADR's Sharing Neutral Program.

MEDICARE OPERATIONS DIVISION (MOD)

The Board Chair, four Administrative Appeals Judges and two Appeals Officers comprise the Medicare Appeals Council (Council). The Council decides appeals from decisions involving Medicare claims and entitlement by Administrative Law Judges (ALJ) in HHS' Office of Medicare Hearings and Appeals (OMHA) or the Social Security Administration. The Council is supported by the attorneys, paralegals and other administrative personnel of the Medicare Operations Division.

In FY 2008, the number of MOD closed cases increased to 2,630 cases (involving 17,910 claims), from 1,511 cases (involving 10,583 claims) in FY 2007. This represents a 74% increase in the number of closed cases. At the end of FY 2007, 1,312 cases were pending in the MOD. New cases received in FY 2008 totaled 2010. At the end of FY 2008, the number of pending cases had been reduced to 700 cases.

At the beginning of FY 2008, MOD had 356 cases pending from Calendar Year 2005 and Calendar Year 2006. At the end of FY 2008, only 20 of these cases were still pending. Reducing this backlog was MOD's primary focus for FY 2008, resulting in MOD missing its timeliness target for goal 6, despite making substantial progress on meeting the 90-day statutory deadline. At the beginning of FY 2008, MOD was deciding cases on average more than 3 months past deadline, whereas by the end of FY 2008, nearly all cases were decided no more than two weeks past the deadline.

The increase in the number of total cases closed and reduction in the number of aged cases was achieved through several means. First, performance standards in the critical element of productivity were raised for ALJs and attorneys. Attorneys from other divisions within DAB were detailed to MOD to handle the most complex and aged cases. Unpaid law school interns

and externs screened incoming cases, thereby freeing staff attorneys to focus on decision writing. A contract attorney and a contract paralegal were hired for six months to assist with the most complex and aged cases. Although MOD will not have resources for contract attorneys or paralegals in FY 2009, two CRD attorneys were recently reassigned to MOD. Thus, MOD projects essentially the same performance output in FY 2009.

Departmental Appeals Board Data Source and Validation Table

Departmental Appeals Board								
Measure Unique Identifier	Data Source	Data Validation						
Long-Term Objective 1	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 2	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 3	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 4	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 5	Training session information is recorded and tracked. Caseload data tracked with controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Participant sign-in sheets, course evaluations, and reports of training sessions. Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 6	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						
Long-Term Objective 7	Controlled-access Oracle database, with case specific information	Periodic reports from database; at end of fiscal year, the interim reports totals are cross-checked against annual reports						

OFFICE ON DISABILITY Detailed Performance Analysis Outputs / Outcomes Table

#	Key Outcomes	FY 2005 Actual	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Target	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Target	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 PB Target		
	Long-Term Objective 1: Promote the coordination, development and implementation of programs and special initiatives to help increase the service capacity and affordability for integrated health and wellness services for persons with disabilities.*									
1.1	Increase the number of states (from a total 6) that establish collaborative agreements across respective state agencies to provide integrated services across all six life domains (housing, employment, education, health, assistive technology, and transportation) on behalf of young adults (14 to 30 years) with disabilities as part of the Office on Disability Young Adult Program initiative.	N/A	2 States	4 States	4 States	6 States	6 States	N/A		
1.2	Increase the number of states (from a total 6) that establish supporting infrastructures to sustain cross-agency collaborations to provide integrated services across respective state agencies to provide integrated services across all six life domains (housing, employment, education, health, assistive technology, transportation) on behalf of young adults (14 to 30 years) with disabilities as part of the Office on Disability Young Adult Program initiative.	N/A	2 States	4 States	4 States	6 States	6 States	N/A		
1.3	Increase the number of states (from a total 6) that demonstrate utilization of evidence-based practices to sustain integrated services across all six life domains (housing, employment, education, health, assistive technology, and transportation) on behalf of young adults (14 to 30 years) with disabilities as part of the Office on Disability Young Adult Program initiative.	N/A	2 States	4 States	4 States	6 States	6 States	N/A		

^{*}This program began in 2006 and concluded in FY2008 due to a re-prioritization of OD activities and goals.

#	Key Outcomes	FY 2005 Actual	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Target	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Target	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 PB Target		
_	Long-Term Objective 2: Promote the coordination, development and implementation of programs and special initiatives to help increase the service capacity and affordability for integrated health and wellness services for persons with disabilities.									
2.1	Increase the number of youth participating in the "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" Program.		600	800	800	1000	1800	2500		
#	Key Outcomes	FY 2005 Actual	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Target	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Target	FY 2008 Actual	FY 2009 PB Target		
	g-Term Objective 3: Increase the ons with disabilities during emerg			ries that train	emergency man	nagers in addre	essing the nee	ds of		
3.1	In partnership with HHS Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR), implement and monitor the use of the disability-based tool kit and future use of public health staff education		6 States	20 States	25 States	30 States	36 States	40 States		

Performance Narrative

The Office of Disability's (OD) long term goal is to promote the abilities of all persons with disabilities, leading to the vision of an inclusive America. OD's goal is operationalized through a series of objectives/program initiatives, all of which support one or more of the HHS strategic goals. These objectives are being accomplished through a series of specific programs and activities identified under each of the following seven categories.

At this time, three objectives can demonstrate impact through use of performance measures - the OD's Young Adult Program initiative, the "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" program, and the Emergency Preparedness Initiative.

The Young Adult planning and evaluation processes support the promotion of integrated health and wellness services, effective access, self-determination/reliance, efficient community integration, and organizational excellence on behalf of young adults (14 to 30 years) with disabilities. The Program relates to the President's New Freedom Initiative and the mission of the Office on Disability to address the health problems of children with disabilities as they transition from childhood to adulthood.

The "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" evaluation processes support the promotion of physical fitness for youth with disabilities in conjunction with the President's Healthier US Initiative and the President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports. In addition, this is the OD's contribution to the Surgeon General's Campaign against childhood obesity. By providing children with

disabilities with a viable and effective fitness program, children with disabilities who are at risk for obesity will be assisted by this effort. The impact evaluation for the "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" program was conducted in FY 2008.

The Emergency Preparedness Initiative supports the implementation and maintenance of the use of the disability-based tool kit and future use of public health staff education modules. This effort will assist in preventing the mistakes made during the national catastrophes of the past few years when people with disabilities became seriously impacted victims of hurricanes.

Examples of OD activities under each of these objectives include the following:

Promote Integrated Health and Wellness Services

- Promote the Surgeon General's Call to Action (CTA) to Improve the Health and Wellness of Persons with Disabilities including monitoring of the National Action Plan to operationalize CTA recommendations and strategies.
- Ensure the understanding of Medicaid programs and services for persons with disabilities through collaboration with CMS.
- Promote physical fitness for youth with disabilities in conjunction with the President's Healthier US Initiative and the President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports, through the OD's "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" program promoting physical fitness among children and youth with disabilities.
- Develop, publish and promote the Guide on "Closing the Gaps in Services for Infants and Young Children with Hearing Loss" to support the Surgeon General's Call to Action to Promote the Health and Wellness of Persons with Disabilities.
- Advance the action plan in collaboration with the Office of on Women's Health to address health screening and access barriers for women with disabilities.
- Partner with the Office of Minority Health to publish a White Paper on programs to meet the health disparities of women of color with disabilities and supporting recommendations.
- Ensure disability attention to all Departmental initiatives including emergency response, eliminating health disparities, health promotion/disease prevention, Healthy People 2010 objectives, and Healthy People 2020 planning.
- Address with the Administration on Aging and other HHS partners the caregiver/workforce challenges for persons with disabilities, including promotion of interagency funding collaborations.

Promote Effective Access / Transportation

 Continue collaboration with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) to implement the President's Coordinated Transportation Executive Order, United We Ride, to work with States to provide best transportation options for persons with disabilities and ensure disability-related action steps acted on.

Promote Effective Access / Employment Opportunities

 Work with Federal and private sector employers to address employment of persons with disabilities as an important factor in health care access and health status. Help employers

- to overcome barriers to hiring persons with disabilities as well as ensure accessibility and disability relevance of employer-sponsored health services.
- Address the resettlement of refugees who have a disability and the development of employment opportunities for this population.
- Promote information on tax incentives and individual investment plans for employers and tax credits for persons with disabilities.

Efficient Community Integration of Services

- In partnership with the HHS Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Department of Homeland Security develop and help promote disability-based emergency preparedness templates, evidence-based and best practices, and toolkits to support the special needs of persons with disabilities, first responders and other emergency response providers at the Federal, State and local levels during all emergency situations.
- With the HHS Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, monitor the inclusion of at-risk populations, including persons with disabilities, in infectious disease prevention planning as per the Pandemic and All Hazards Preparedness Act requirements.
- Increase the number of HHS Public Health Service Corps personnel, Federal, State, Local and Tribal Emergency Managers trained in addressing the needs of persons with disabilities during emergency planning and response.
- Help enhance medical and general shelters accessibility for persons with disabilities by including access to accommodating mobility devices, personal care support, and other accommodations.
- Implement and manage the OD interdepartmental program, Needs of Youth with Co-Occurring Developmental Disabilities and Emotional/Substance Abuse Disorders.
- Promote education and information on disability-based topics by facilitating the HHS New Freedom Initiative (NFI) interagency workgroup and supporting subcommittees.
- Convene regularly scheduled NFI-based interagency meetings to share, inform and
 educate agencies on all aspects of disability and related matters especially regarding
 integration of all age groups on the Medical Home Systems initiative with the Health
 Resources Services Administration, American Academy of Pediatrics, and other HHS
 agency programs.
- Foster collaboration with constituent advocacy organizations on the Surgeon General's Call to Action while increasing opportunities to reach people with disabilities, disability advocates, healthcare providers, and diverse other audiences, including the general public.
- In conjunction with Federal agencies and Departments identify current gaps and corrective actions to help address current limited state and local Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) rehabilitation services coordination.
- Create national attention on the successes of Americans with disabilities in professional and personal endeavors.

Individual Self-Determination / Assistive Technology

 Manage and ensure Department-wide adherence including accessible electronic documents required by Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act through on-going technical

- assistance and training of 508 officials and managers responsible for procurement across all HHS Operating Divisions.
- Manage and enhance the OD website, a focal point on HHS-related and other government disability information.
- Expand on Federal-State interactive website communication processes for persons with disabilities to ensure a one-stop information based on entitlements and other health and human service supports to heighten the interaction of HHS programs and disability-based State partners.

Office on Disability Data Source and Validation Table

	Office on Disability								
Measure Unique Identifier	Data Source	Data Validation							
1.1	Data resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's competitively selected 6 states participating in the technical contractor (National Governor's Association) Policy Academy planning process.	Impact evaluation study resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's evaluation contractor.							
1.2	Data resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's competitively selected 6 states participating in the technical contractor (National Governor's Association) Policy Academy planning process.	Impact evaluation study resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's evaluation contractor.							
1.3	Data resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's competitively selected 6 states participating in the technical contractor (National Governor's Association) Policy Academy planning process.	Impact evaluation study resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's evaluation contractor.							
2.1	Data resulting from the Office on Disability's "I Can Do It, You Can Do It" Program Annual Evaluation Report.	Impact evaluation study resulting from the Office on Disability initiative's evaluation contractor.							
3.1	Annual Assessment Report of State Emergency Management Plans and DHS, ACF, BIA, FEMA and IHS info personnel.	Comparison of DHS Interagency Coordinating Council (ICC) State analyses.							

	Departmental Appeals Board	Office on Disability	Other Departmental Management
HHS Strategic Goals			
1: Health Care Improve the safety, quality, affordability and accessibility of			
health care, including behavioral health care and long-term care			
1.1 Broaden health insurance and long-term care coverage	X		X
1.2 Increase health care service availability and accessibility	X		X
1.3 Improve health care quality, safety, and cost/value	X	X	X
1.4 Recruit, develop, and retain a competent health care workforce			X
2: Public Health Promotion and Protection, Disease Prevention, and			
Emergency Preparedness			
Prevent and control disease, injury, illness, and disability across the lifespan, and			
protect the public from infectious, occupational, environmental and terrorist			
threats			
2.1 Prevent the spread of infectious diseases			X
2.2 Protect the public against injuries and environmental threat	X		X
2.3 Promote and encourage preventive health care, including mental health,		X	X
lifelong healthy behaviors and recovery		Λ	Λ
2.4 Prepare for and respond to natural and man-made disasters		X	X
3: Human Services Promote the economic and social well-being of individuals,			
families, and communities			
3.1 Promote the economic independence and social well-being of individuals and families across the lifespan	X		X
3.2 Protect the safety and foster the well being of children and youth	X		X
3.3 Encourage the development of strong, healthy and supportive communities	71		X
3.4 Address the needs, strengths, and abilities of vulnerable populations			X
Strategic Goal 4: Scientific Research and Development			71
Advance scientific and biomedical research and development related to health and			
human services			
4.1 Strengthen the pool of qualified health and behavioral science researchers			X
4.2 Increase the basic scientific knowledge to improve human health and human			
development.			X
4.3 Conduct and oversee applied research to improve health and well-being.			X
4.4 Communicate and transfer research results into clinical, public health and			
human service practice.			X

Disclosure of Assistance by Non-Federal Parties

Preparation of Annual Performance Reports and Annual Performance Plans is an inherently governmental function that is only to be performed by Federal Employees. GDM did not receive any material assistance from any non-Federal parties in preparation of the FY 2008 Annual Performance Report.