

NEWS RELEASE Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts

May 23, 2002

Contact: Karen Redmond

Wiretaps Increased in 2001, With Majority Tied to Drug-Related Investigations

Federal and state courts authorized a total of 1,491 wiretap applications in 2001, a 25 percent increase over 2000. Federal judges approved 1 percent more applications in 2001, for a total of 486; while state judges in 24 states approved 1,005 or 41 percent more applications in 2001. Seventy-eight percent of all applications for intercepts in 2001 cited drug offenses as the most serious offense under investigation.

These and other statistics are in the 2001 Wiretap Report, A Report of the Director of the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts on Applications Orders Authorizing or Approving the Interception of Wire, Oral, or Electronic Communications. A summary report on authorized intercepts is attached. The complete 2001 Wiretap Report and reports from previous years are available on the Judiciary's website at <u>www.uscourts.gov/wiretap.html</u>.

Although the number of wiretaps increased in 2001, wiretaps were in operation on average 9 percent fewer days per wiretap than in 2000. The number of communications intercepted in each wiretap also fell, dropping 12 percent. The average length of an original authorization was 27 days, down one day from the 28 days reported in 2000. But more extensions, which were up 9 percent, were requested and authorized in 2001.

Sixty-eight percent, or 1,007, of all intercepts authorized specified "portable device carried by/on individual" as the location of the wiretap device. "Personal residence" was the next most specified location, and was authorized in 206 wiretaps, with 4 percent of all wire-taps authorized for business establishments. Phone wire communication was the most common type of surveillance, with landline, cellular, cordless and mobile telephones accounting for 83 percent of all intercepts installed.

Wiretaps were most frequently authorized to investigate violations of drug and gambling laws, with racketeering as the third most frequently noted offense category cited on wiretap orders. Homicide/assault was the fourth most reported offense. Of the wiretaps authorized in 2001, 1,167 cited drug offenses as the most serious offense under investigation,

(MORE)

82 cited gambling, 70 racketeering, and 52 cited homicide/assault as the most serious offense under investigation. Federal wiretaps to conduct drug investigations were most common in the Central District of California, the Northern District of Illinois, and the Western District of Texas.

Finally, as of December 31, 2001, a total of 3,683 persons had been arrested based on interceptions of wire, oral or electronic communications reported as terminated in 2001, 732 of whom were convicted.

Each federal and state judge is required to file a written report with the Director of the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts on each application for an order authorizing the interception of a wire, oral, or electronic communication. Reports are filed after the expiration of the court order and any extensions. Prosecuting officials who applied for interception orders are required to submit reports to the AO on all orders that were terminated during the previous calendar year. No report to the AO is required when an order is issued with the consent of one of the principal parties to the communication, or for the use of a pen register, unless the pen register is used in conjunction with any wiretap devices whose use must be reported.

Table 7 Authorized Intercepts Granted Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 2519 as Reported in Wiretap Reports for Calendar Years 1991 - 2001

t

Wiretap Report Date	1991	1992				1990		1998	1999	2000	2001
Intercept applications requested	856	919	976	1,154	1,058	1,150	1,186	1,331	1,350	1,190	1,491
Intercept applications authorized	856	919	976	1,154	1,058	1,149	1,186	1,329	1,350	1,190	1,491
Federal State	356 500	340 579	450 526	554 600	532 526	581 568	569 617	566 763	601 749	479 711	486 1,005
Avg. days of original authorization Number of extensions Average length of extensions (days)	28 601 29	28 646 30	28 825 29	29 861 29	29 834 29	28 887 28	28 1,028 28	28 1,164 27	27 1,367 29	28 926 28	27 1,008 29
Location of authorized intercepts* Personal Residence Business Portable device Multiple locations Not indicated or other*	439 144 - 89 184	441 119 - 70 289	410 124 92 350	451 118 97 488	428 101 - 115 414	434 101 149 465	382 78 - 197 529	436 87 222 584	341 59 - 287 663	244 56 719 109 62	206 60 1,007 117 101
Major offense specified Arson, explosives, and weapons Bribery Extortion (includes usury	- 16	- 8	- 1	- 6	4 4	- 10	3 13	3 9	8 42	5 21	5 1
and loansharking) Gambling Homicide and assault Larceny and theft Narcotics Robbery and burglary Racketeering	2 98 21 17 536 2 114	7 66 35 16 634 - 90	9 96 28 13 679 - 101	8 86 19 18 876 6 88	18 95 30 12 732 5 98	9 114 41 7 821 4 105	24 98 31 22 870 5 93	12 93 55 19 955 4 153	11 60 62 9 978 4 139	10 49 72 15 894 4 76	28 82 52 47 1,167 8 70
Other or unspecified	50 802	63 846	48 938	47 1,100	60 1,024	38 1,035	27 1.094	28 1,245	37 1,277	44 1,139	31 1,405
Intercept applications installed** Federal State	349 453	332 514	938 444 494	549 551	527 497	574 461	563 531	562 683	595 682	472 667	481 924
For intercepts installed Total days in operation Avg. number of persons	30,002	32,430	39,819	44,500	43,179	43,635	48,871	53,411	63,243	47,729	53,574
intercepted*** Average number of	121	117	100	84	140	192	197	190	195	196	86
intercepted communications*** Average number on incriminating intercepted communications***	1,584 290	1,861 347	1,801 364	2,139 373	2,028 459	1,969 422	2,081 418	1,858 350	1,921 390	1,769 402	1,565 333
Authorizations for which costs reported	775	829	912	1,042	983	1,007	1,029	1,184	1,232	1,080	1,327
Average cost of intercepts for which costs reported (in dollars)	45,033	46,492	57,256	49,478	56,454	61,436	61,176	57,669	57,511	54,829	48,198
Intercept applications authorized but reported after publication****	85	47	206	46	81	48	90	118	195	161	
Total authorized by year (reported through Dec 2001)	941	966	1,182	1,200	1,139	1,197	1,276	1,447	1,545	1,351	1,491

**

Starting in 2000, location categories were revised to improve reporting and reduce the number of instances "other" location was reported. Installed intercepts include only those intercepts for which reports were received from prosecuting officials. As of 1998, the average excludes those reports in which the number of persons intercepted, the number of intercepts, or the number of incriminating *** intercepts was not reported or could not be determined.

**** Some wiretaps terminated in a given year are not reported until a subsequent year because they are part of ongoing investigations.