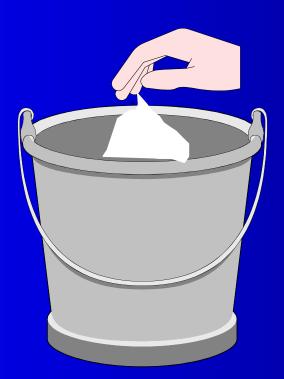
#### Solid Waste Definition

#### Course Objectives

- Define "solid waste"
- Identify solid waste exclusions
- Determine which recyclable materials are solid wastes
- Use 40 CFR 261.2, Table 1, as a tool for making solid waste determinations

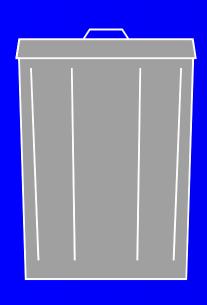
#### What is a "solid waste"?



# What Is "Solid Waste?" The Law Says It Is

"Any garbage, refuse, sludge. . ., and any other discarded material, including: solid, liquid, semisolid or contained gaseous material, resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, and agricultural operations and from community activities. . ."

## The Regulation Says A Solid Waste Is:



- Any discarded material not excluded by regulation or variance.
- A discarded material is one that has been:
  - abandoned
  - recycled
  - considered inherently waste-like

#### Abandoned Materials Are

- Disposed of
- Burned or incinerated
- Accumulated, stored, or treated before or in lieu of disposal, burning, or incineration

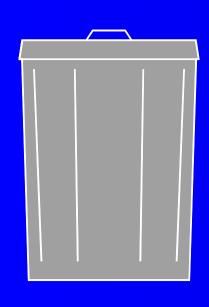
#### Recycled Materials

- Uses constituting disposal (i.e., applying to land or adding to other materials that are applied to land)
- Burning for energy recovery
- Reclamation (processing to recover usable product)
- Speculative accumulation before recycling

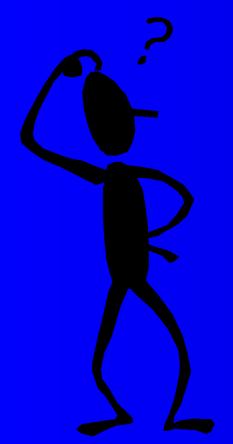
#### Inherently Waste-Like Materials

- Certain wastes from non-specific sources (hazardous waste nos. F020-F023, F026, F028)
- Wastes fed to a halogen acid furnace

### But What Does This Really Mean? Solid Wastes Are Materials That:



- Can no longer serve their original intended purpose
- Are thrown away
- Are stored and managed to facilitate their disposal
- Are discarded from one use but are accumulated for reuse elsewhere (with a few exceptions)



# Which used items are not solid wastes?

#### What Is Not A Solid Waste?

- Domestic sewage (untreated) and mixtures of sewage and other materials that pass through a POTW
- Industrial wastewater discharges that are point sources under NPDES
- Source, special nuclear, and by-product material subject to the AEA, as amended
- Materials recycled in a closed loop

# What Is Not A Solid Waste? Materials Recycled In A Close Loop

The materials that are reclaimed must be returned to the original process in which they were generated and involve:

- only tank storage, which must be connected by pipes to the rest of the process;
- no controlled flame combustion in recovery process;
- no storage longer than 12 months; and
- no use of reclaimed materials as fuel or in land application.

#### What is Not A Solid Waste? (cont.)

- Irrigation return flows
- Materials from in-situ mining techniques
- Pulping liquors that are reclaimed
- Spent sulfuric acid used to produce virgin acid
- Reclaimed wood preserving solutions/wastewaters
- Recycled wastes from the coke by-product process
- Nonwastewater splash condenser dross residue
- Recovered oil from petroleum refining, exploration, production, and transportation thereto

### What is Not A Solid Waste? (cont.) Effective August 11,1997

- Excluded scrap metal being recycled, which includes:
  - processed scrap metal,
  - unprocessed home scrap metal, and
  - unprocessed prompt scrap metal.
- Shredded circuit boards being recycled, provided they are:
  - stored in containers sufficient to prevent release
  - free of mercury switches/relays and nickel-cadmium batteries

## What Is Not A Solid Waste? Wastes Granted A Variance

### Regulators may grant variances from the definition of solid waste for materials that:

- are accumulated speculatively without sufficient amounts being recycled
- are reclaimed and then reused within the original production process in which they were generated
- have been reclaimed but must be reclaimed further before the materials are completely recovered

# How Do We Determine Which Recyclables Are Solid Waste?

Recyclable Materials May Or May Not Be Solid Waste, Depending On The Specific Material And Method Of Recycling

# What Do We Know For Sure? Materials Are Solid Wastes When Recycled Through:

- Uses constituting disposal (i.e., applying to land or adding to other materials that are applied to land)
- Burning for energy recovery
- Reclaiming (processing to recover usable product)
- Speculatively accumulating before recycling

# What Do We Know For Sure? Materials Are Not Solid Waste When Recycled IF They Are

- Used or reused as ingredients in an industrial process to make a product, provided they are not being reclaimed
- Used or reused as substitutes for commercial products
- Returned to the original process from which they are generated without first being reclaimed or land disposed (must substitute for raw material feedstock in a process that uses mainly raw materials as feedstocks)





Table 1, 40 CFR 261.2, has some answers



# Table 1 Addresses The Following Wastes That May Be Beneficially Reused:

- spent materials
- sludges
- by-products
- commercial chemical products
- scrap metal

# Try Out Your Solid Waste Definition Knowledge



**Spent Solvent** 



**Reuse Directly** 

Reclaim



Reuse

#### Summary Of The Solid Waste Definition

- Solid wastes are discarded materials that are not specifically excluded from the definition by regulation or a variance
- Recyclable materials are often solid wastes
- Solid wastes must be properly managed by either:
  - determining that they are hazardous wastes and managing them accordingly or
  - verifying they are solid wastes and managing them according to solid waste management requirements

# Definition of Hazardous Waste

All materials

Discarded Materials (i.e., solid waste)

Solid waste identified or listed as hazardous waste

**RMW**