

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR****National Park Service****Notice of Realty Action for Proposed Land Exchange**

**SUMMARY:** A land exchange is proposed of a federally owned conservation easement on privately owned lands for a similar conservation easement on adjacent privately owned lands, located in Lake Clark National Preserve, and the Lake and Peninsula Borough, Alaska.

I. The following described federally owned conservation easement, which was acquired by the National Park Service in 1992, has been determined to be suitable for disposal by exchange. The authority for this exchange is section 1302 (h), Public Law 96-487, Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, December 2, 1980. The current federally owned conservation easement is within the boundary of Lake Clark National Preserve. It is not required for retention, in that park unit. This federal conservation easement, which is proposed for disposal, is a 40-acre portion of a 66-acre conservation easement (Tract No. 08-107) that was acquired by the United States of America by deed recorded in Deed Book 20 on Page 528 of the Iliamna Recording District, Alaska. The land has been surveyed for cultural resources and endangered and threatened species. These reports are available upon request from the National Park Service Land Resources Program Center at the address set forth below.

Fee ownership to the federally owned property (conservation easement) is to be exchanged. Conveyance of the interest in land by the United States of America will be done by a Quitclaim Deed.

II. In exchange for the portion of the conservation easement identified in section 1 (above) the United States of America will acquire a 53-acre conservation easement on adjoining lands (Tract No. 08-106) that are currently owned by Ms. Bella Hammond, and which also lie within the boundary of Lake Clark National Preserve. The exchange will consolidate lands in protected status and lands subject to development. The value of the property interests exchanged shall be determined by current fair market value appraisals, and if they are not appropriately equal, the values shall be equalized by payment of cash as circumstances require. Detailed information concerning this exchange, including precise legal descriptions, is contained in an environmental

assessment, cultural reports, and Finding of No Significant Impact, which are available at the National Park Service, Land Resources Office, 2525 Gambell Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99503-2892, or call 907-257-2590. For a period of 45 calendar days from the date of this notice, interested parties may submit comments to the above address. Adverse comments will be evaluated and this action may be modified or vacated accordingly. In the absence of any action to modify or vacate, this realty action will become the final determination of the Department of the Interior.

Dated: May 6, 2003.

**Marcia Blaszen,**

*Acting Regional Director, Alaska.*

[FR Doc. 03-14636 Filed 6-10-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4312-64-P**

**INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION**

**[Investigation Nos. 701-TA-436 (Preliminary) and 731-TA-1042 (Preliminary)]**

**Certain Colored Synthetic Organic Oleoresinous Pigment Dispersions From India**

**AGENCY:** United States International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Institution of countervailing duty and antidumping investigations and scheduling of the preliminary phase investigations.

**SUMMARY:** The Commission hereby gives notice of the institution of investigations and commencement of preliminary phase countervailing duty and antidumping investigation nos. 701-TA-436 (Preliminary) and 731-TA-1042 (Preliminary) under sections 703(a) and 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)) (the Act) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports from India of certain colored synthetic organic oleoresinous pigment dispersions. This petition covers imports of colored synthetic organic pigment dispersions, in flush or base form, containing pigments classified in either the Azo or Phthalo chemical classes that have been dispersed in an oleoresinous organic vehicle system comprising assorted combinations of various solvents, oils, and resins ("the varnish"). The subject pigment

dispersions are a thick putty that contain by weight 20 percent or more pigment dispersed in the varnish. The subject pigment dispersions are used primarily for the manufacture of letterpress and lithographic printing inks, provided for in subheadings 3204.17.6020 (Pigment Blue 15:4), 3204.17.6085 (Pigments Red 48:1, Red 48:2, Red 48:3, and Yellow 174), 3204.17.90 (Pigments Red 57:1, Yellow 12, Yellow 13, Yellow 74, Blue 15:3, Green 7), and 3204.17.9085 (Pigments Red 22, Red 48:4, Red 49:1, Red 49:2, Red 52:1, Red 53:1, Yellow 14, Yellow 83, and Green 36) of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be subsidized by the Government of India and alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value. Unless the Department of Commerce extends the time for initiation pursuant to section 702(c)(1)(B) and 732(c)(1)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671a(c)(1)(B) and (19 U.S.C. 1673a(c)(1)(B))), the Commission must reach a preliminary determination in these investigations in 45 days, or in this case by July 21, 2003. The Commission's views are due at Commerce within five business days thereafter, or by July 28, 2003.

For further information concerning the conduct of these investigations and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 207).

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 5, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Fred Ruggles (202-205-3187 or [fruggles@usitc.gov](mailto:fruggles@usitc.gov)), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <http://edis.usitc.gov>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****Background**

These investigations are being instituted in response to a petition filed on June 5, 2003, by Apollo Colors, Inc., Rockdale, IL, General Press Colors, Ltd.,

Addison, IL, Magruder Color Company, Inc., Elizabeth, NJ, and Sun Chemical Corporation, Fort Lee, NJ.

### Participation in the Investigations and Public Service List

Persons (other than petitioners) wishing to participate in these investigations as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in sections 201.11 and 207.10 of the Commission's rules, not later than seven days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. Industrial users and (if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level) representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission countervailing duty and antidumping investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to these investigations upon the expiration of the period for filing entries of appearance.

### Limited Disclosure of Business Proprietary Information (BPI) Under an Administrative Protective Order (APO) and BPI Service List

Pursuant to section 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in these investigations available to authorized applicants representing interested parties (as defined in 19 U.S.C. 1677(9)) who are parties to these investigations under the APO issued in these investigations, provided that the application is made not later than seven days after the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. A separate service list will be maintained by the Secretary for those parties authorized to receive BPI under the APO.

### Conference

The Commission's Director of Operations has scheduled a conference in connection with these investigations for 9:30 a.m. on June 27, 2003, at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC. Parties wishing to participate in the conference should contact Fred Ruggles (202-205-3187 or [fruggles@usitc.gov](mailto:fruggles@usitc.gov)) not later than June 25, 2003, to arrange for their appearance. Parties in support of the imposition of countervailing duties and antidumping duties in these investigations and parties in opposition to the imposition of such duties will each be collectively allocated one hour within which to make an oral presentation at the conference. A nonparty who has testimony that may aid the Commission's deliberations may

request permission to present a short statement at the conference.

### Written Submissions

As provided in sections 201.8 and 207.15 of the Commission's rules, any person may submit to the Commission on or before July 2, 2003, a written brief containing information and arguments pertinent to the subject matter of these investigations. Parties may file written testimony in connection with their presentation at the conference no later than three days before the conference. If briefs or written testimony contain BPI, they must conform with the requirements of sections 201.6, 207.3, and 207.7 of the Commission's rules. The Commission's rules do not authorize filing of submissions with the Secretary by facsimile or electronic means, except to the extent permitted by section 201.8 of the Commission's rules, as amended, 67 FR 68036 (November 8, 2002).

In accordance with sections 201.16(c) and 207.3 of the rules, each document filed by a party to these investigations must be served on all other parties to these investigations (as identified by either the public or BPI service list), and a certificate of service must be timely filed. The Secretary will not accept a document for filing without a certificate of service.

**Authority:** These investigations are being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to section 207.12 of the Commission's rules.

Issued: June 6, 2003.

By order of the Commission.

**Marilyn R. Abbott,**

*Secretary to the Commission.*

[FR Doc. 03-14793 Filed 6-10-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7020-02-P**

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 332-453]

### Conditions of Competition for Milk Protein Products in the U.S. Market

**AGENCY:** United States International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Institution of investigation and scheduling of public hearing.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 5, 2003.

**SUMMARY:** Following receipt of the request on May 14, 2003, from the Senate Committee on Finance, the Commission instituted investigation No. 332-453 *Conditions of Competition for Milk Protein Products in the U.S.*

*Market*, under section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1332(g)).

As requested by the Committee, the Commission will conduct an investigation and provide a report on competitive conditions for milk protein products in the U.S. market. In its report the Commission will provide, to the extent possible, the following:

- An overview of the global market for milk proteins in their various forms, including such factors as consumption, production, and trade during the period 1998-2002;
- Profiles of the milk protein industries of the United States and major dairy exporting countries, and in particular, the industries of Australia, New Zealand, and the European Union;
- Information on the overall level of government support and other government intervention affecting producers of milk proteins in the United States and in each of the above-referenced trading partners together with a discussion of competitive factors, including government policies, that impact U.S. production, use, and trade in milk protein products in their various forms;
- Information on U.S. imports and exports of milk protein in its various forms with data broken down, to the extent possible, by protein content, end use, and manufacturing processes;
- A history of U.S. tariff classification of milk proteins and tariff treatment of these products, including any fees or quotas imposed under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, tariff rate quotas established pursuant to the Uruguay Round Agreements, and U.S. Customs Service classification decisions;
- A qualitative and, to the extent possible, quantitative assessment of how imported milk proteins affect farm level milk prices in the United States; and,
- Other information relating to competitive factors affecting: (1) The U.S. industry that imports and consumes milk proteins; (2) the U.S. industry that supplies competitive products, and (3) the competitive factors, including government policies, that impact potential U.S. production of milk proteins in their various forms.

As requested by the Committee, the Commission's report will provide information on the competitiveness of a variety of milk proteins in the U.S. market, focusing on milk protein concentrate, casein, and caseinate and the market for those products compared with other milk proteins, including whole milk, skim milk, dried whole milk, dried skim milk, whey, dried whey, and whey protein concentrates, covering the period 1998-2002. As