U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1990 CH-1-10

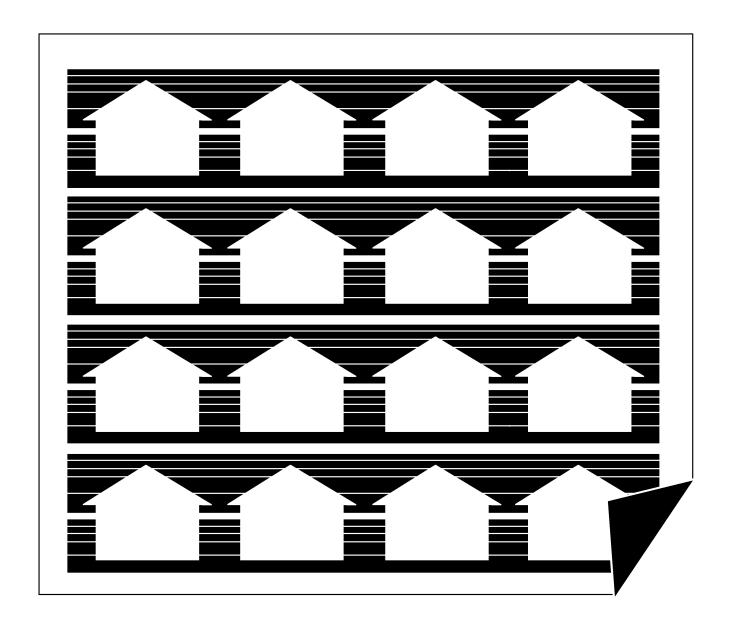
CENSUS'90



1990 Census of Housing

**General Housing Characteristics** 

# District of Columbia



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1990 CH-1-10

1990 Census of Housing

**General Housing Characteristics** 

# District of Columbia



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Economics and Statistics Administration
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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Barbara Everitt Bryant, Director



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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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### INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

- 1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
- 2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
- 3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

# HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, by geographic area, the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for the desired type of geographic area. Below is an example of a table finding auide.

#### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

#### Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B. Table numbers without reference letters in parentheses indicate data for the total population only. Data by race and Hispanic origin are indicated with reference letters in parentheses after the table numbers. Reference letters for population counts and subjects by race and Hispanic origin follow:

- (A) White; Black; American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut; Asian or Pacific Islander, Hispanic origin;
- White, not of Hispanic origin.
  American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, Ali Asian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Lactian, Thai, Ali Pacific Islander, Hawailan,
- Samoan, Guarnanian.
  Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic origin, Dominican, Central American, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Panamanian, Salvadoran, South American, Colombian, Ecuadorian, Peruwan.
- (D) Race by Hispanic origin.

The	State	Coun	ity	(In sei States)				
Total	Urban, rural, size of place, and rural farm <sup>1</sup>	Total	Rural or rural farm	10,000 or more	2.500 to 9.999	Ameri- can Indian and Alaska Native area <sup>3</sup>		
20, 34, 65(B),	20, 56(A)	95, 106(A)	169, 171	135(A)	151	173(A)		
17, 31	17	92		121	150			
20, 34, 84(D)	20, 57(A)	95, 107(A)		136(A)	152	174(A)		
22, 36	22, 57(A)	97, 107(A)	169, 171	136(A)	160(A)	174(A)		
21, 35	21, 56(A)	96, 106(A)	169, 171	135(A)	160(A)	173(A)		
26, 40, 67(B)	26, 58(A)	101,108(A), 116(B),	170, 172	137(A) 148(C)	161(A) 167(C)	175(A)		
29, 43, 72(B)	29, 63(A)	104, 113(A) 117(B)	170, 172	142(A) 149(C)	162(A) 168(C)	180(A)		
23, 37, 67(B)	23, 60(A)	98, 110(A)		139(A)	155	177(A)		
23, 37. 69(B)	23, 60(A)	98, 110(A)		139(A)	155	177(A)		
27, 41, 69(B)	27, 60(A)	102, 110(A)		139(A)	155	177(A)		
	Total  20, 34, 65(B), 17, 31, 20, 34, 84(D)  22, 36  21, 35  26, 40, 67(B)  29, 43, 72(B)  23, 37, 67(B)  23, 37, 69(B)  27, 41,	Total size of place, and rural size of place, and rural farm*  20, 34, 20, 56(A) 65(B), 17, 31 17 20, 34, 84(D) 20, 57(A)  21, 35 21, 56(A)  26, 40, 26, 58(A) 67(B) 29, 63(A)  72(B) 29, 43, 72(B) 29, 63(A)  23, 37, 23, 60(A)  23, 37, 23, 60(A)  27, 41, 27, 60(A)	Total rural, size of place, and rural farm¹ Total  20, 34, 20, 56(A) 95, 106(A)  65(B), 17, 31 17 92  20, 34, 84(D) 20, 57(A) 95, 107(A)  22, 36 22, 57(A) 97, 107(A)  21, 35 21, 56(A) 96, 106(A)  26, 40, 26, 58(A) 101, 108(A), 116(B), 29, 43, 72(B)  29, 43, 72(B) 29, 63(A) 104, 113(A) 117(B)  23, 37, 67(B) 23, 60(A) 98, 110(A)  23, 37, 67(B) 23, 60(A) 98, 110(A)  27, 41, 27, 60(A) 102, 110(A)	Total rural size of place and rural farm Total farm 20, 34, 84(D) 20, 57(A) 95, 106(A) 169, 171 20, 34, 84(D) 22, 57(A) 97, 107(A) 169, 171 21, 35 21, 56(A) 96, 106(A) 169, 171 26, 40, 67(B) 26, 58(A) 101, 108(A), 170, 172 176(B) 29, 43, 72(B) 29, 63(A) 104, 113(A) 170, 172 172(B) 23, 37, 67(B) 23, 60(A) 98, 110(A)	The State  County  (In set States) subdN  Urban, size of place, and rural farm¹  Total  20, 34, 65(B), 17, 31 17 92 121 20, 34, 84(D)  22, 36 22, 57(A) 95, 106(A) 169, 171 136(A)  21, 35 21, 56(A) 95, 107(A) 169, 171 136(A)  26, 40, 67(B) 26, 58(A) 101, 108(A), 170, 172 137(A) 116(B), 29, 43, 72(B)  29, 43, 72(B) 29, 63(A) 104, 113(A) 170, 172 142(A) 148(C)  23, 37, 67(B) 23, 60(A) 98, 110(A) 139(A)  27, 41, 27, 60(A) 102, 110(A) 139(A)  27, 41, 27, 60(A) 102, 110(A) 139(A)	Subdivision   Subdivision		

<sup>...</sup> Not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Type of residence categories are less detailed in tables 56-64 (which show characteristics by race and Hispanic origin) than in other tables.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The selected States are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Characteristics are shown only for the American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut population.

Tables identified in the table finding guide with a reference letter in parentheses after the table number present characteristics for racial groups or persons of Hispanic origin. The tables without reference letters contain data for the total population only. The table finding guide does not include cross-classifications of subject-matter items, nor does it distinguish among tables presenting data for all persons or housing units and tables presenting data for subgroups (for example, persons under 18 years or renter-occupied housing units) unless it is necessary to locate the subject.

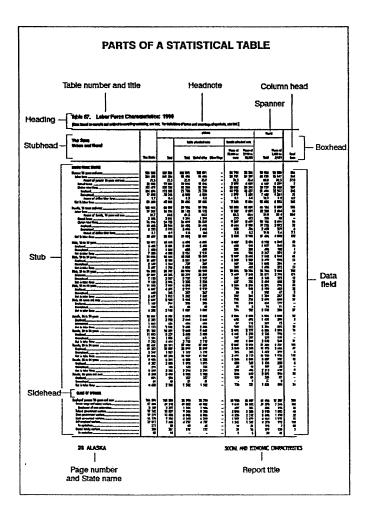
Additional information to locate data within specific reports often is provided in the headnote at the top of the table finding guide and in the footnotes at the bottom of the guide.

#### HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

### Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) heading, (2) boxhead, (3) stub, and (4) data field.

A typical census report table is illustrated below.



The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the stubhead. The stubhead is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

### Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable.

- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, Population and Housing Unit Counts reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the "User Notes" section of 1990 CPH-2, Population and Housing Unit Counts report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.
- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- · MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.

- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

# **GRAPHICS**

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some 1990 census reports. If graphics are shown in a report, they are presented immediately after the "User Notes" section.

# **USER NOTES**

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports unless graphics are shown. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

### **CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES**

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

Appendix D—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

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**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

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# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

### Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For definitions of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B. Race and Hispanic origin of householder are indicated with reference letters in parentheses after the table numbers. Reference letters for housing counts and characteristics by race and Hispanic origin of householder are:

- All occupied housing units
- White
- Black
- American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
- Asian or Pacific Islander

- BCDEFGH

- Asian or Pacific Islander
  Hispanic origin
  White, not of Hispanic origin
  American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut; All Asian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean,
  Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Laotian, Thai; All Pacific Islander, Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian
  Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic origin
  Race by Hispanic origin/ not of Hispanic origin
  Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Malayan, Okinawan, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, All other Asian; Tongan, Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander,
  Palauan, Fijian, All other Pacific Islander (Householder counts only)
  All housing units or all vacant housing units

		The State			Plac States	e and (in sele ) county subd	ected ivision <sup>1</sup>	County	American Indian
Subject	Total	Urban and rural and size of place	Inside and outside metropolitan area	County	10,000 or more	2,500 to 9,999	1,000 to 2,499	subdi- vision (all States)	and Alaska Native area
SUMMARY CHARACTERISTICS	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	1#(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 73#(A)	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	1 # (A), 6-11(B-G)*	73 # (A)	12# (A,D)
HOUSEHOLDER COUNTS BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	2(A-K), 3(A-K)	2(A-K)	3(A-K)	4(A-K)	5(A-K)	5(A-K)	5(A-K)		
Age of householder	13(A), 22-27(B-G)*, 28(A), 37-42(B-G)*, 44(A,H), 46(A,I), 48(A,J)	13(A), 22-27(B-G)*	28(A), 37-42(B-G)*	49(A), 53(A-G), 55(A,H), 57(A,I)	58(A), 62(A-G), 64(A,H), 66(A,I)	67(A)			
Boarded-up status	13, 28	13	28	49	58	67			
Contract rent	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G)*, 46(I), 48(J)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 51, 53(B-G), 55(H), 57(I), 73	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 60, 62(B-G), 64(H), 66(I)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 68, 69(B-G), 70(H), 71(I)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 72	73	12(D), 74
Duration of vacancy	14, 29	14	29	50	59	67			
Householder 65 years and over	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 14(A), 22-27(B-G)*, 29(A), 37-42(B-G)*, 44(A,H), 46(A,I), 48(A,J)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 14(A), 22-27(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 29(A), 37-42(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 50(A), 53(A-G), 55(A,H), 57(A,I), 73(A)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 59(A), 62(A-G), 64(A,H), 66(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 67(A), 69(A-G), 70(A,H), 71(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*	73(A)	74(A)

See symbols and footnote at end of table.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE II-1 JOBNAME: No Job Name PAGE: 2 SESS: 107 OUTPUT: Wed Jun 17 15:28:51 1992 /node2/ F main F / 90dec/ ch1/st/tfg

# Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number—Con.

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For definitions of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B. Race and Hispanic origin of householder are indicated with reference letters in parentheses after the table numbers. Reference letters for housing counts and characteristics by race and Hispanic origin of householder are:

- All occupied housing units
- White
- Black
- American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander Hispanic origin White, not of Hispanic origin

- BCDEFGH American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut; All Asian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Laotian, Thai; All Pacific Islander, Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic origin

- Race by Hispanic origin/ not of Hispanic origin
  Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Malayan, Okinawan, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, All other Asian; Tongan, Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander,
  Palauan, Fijian, All other Pacific Islander (Householder counts only)
- All housing units or all vacant housing units

		The State			Plac States	County	American Indian		
Subject	Total	Urban and rural and size of place	Inside and outside metropolitan area	County	10,000 or more	2,500 to 9,999	1,000 to 2,499	subdi- vision (all States)	Alaska Native area
Meals included in rent	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G)*, 44(H), 46(I), 48(J)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 51, 53(B-G), 55(H), 57(I), 73	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 60, 62(B-G), 64(H), 66(I)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 68	1, 6-11(B-G)*	73	
Persons in unit	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 13(A), 14(A), 16-21(B-G)*, 28(A), 29(A), 31-36(B-G)*, 43(A,H), 45(A,I), 47(A,J)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 13(A), 14(A), 16-21(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 28(A), 29(A), 31-36(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 49(A), 50(A), 52(A-G), 54(A,H), 56(A,I), 73(A)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 58(A), 59(A), 61(A-G), 63(A,H), 65(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 67(A), 68(A), 69(A-G), 70(A,H), 71(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 72(A)	73(A)	12(A,D), 74(A)
Persons per room	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 14(A), 16-21(B-G)*, 29(A), 31-36(B-G)*, 43(A,H), 45(A,I), 47(A-J)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 14(A), 16-21(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 29(A), 31-36(B-G)*	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 50(A), 52(A-G), 54(A,H), 56(A,I), 73(A)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 59(A), 61(A-G), 63(A,H), 65(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*, 68(A), 69(A-G), 70(A,H), 71(A,I)	1(A), 6-11(B-G)*	73(A)	12(A,D), 74(A)
Rooms	1 # , 6-11(B-G)* , 14 # (A), 16-21(B-G)* , 29 # (A), 31-36(B-G)* , 43(A,H), 45(A,I), 47(A,J)	1 # , 6-11(B-G)*, 14 # (A), 16-21(B-G)*	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 29# (A), 31-36(B-G)*	1 # , 6-11(B-G)* , 50 # (A), 52(A-G), 54(A,H), 56(A,I), 73 #	1 # , 6-11(B-G)*, 59 # (A), 61(A-G), 63(A,H), 65(A,I)	1 # , 6-11(B-G)* , 68 # (A), 69(A-G), 70(A,H), 71(A,I)	1 # , 6-11(B-G)* , 72(A)	73#	12# (A-D), 74(A)
Tenure	13(A), 16-21(B-G)*, 28(A), 31-36(B-G)*, 43(A,H), 45(A,I), 47(A,J)	13(A), 16-21(B-G)*	28(A), 31-36(B-G)*	49(A), 52(A-G), 54(A,H) 56(A,I)	58(A), 61(A-G), 63(A,H), 65(A,I)	67(A)	72(A)		

See symbols and footnote at end of table.

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# Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number—Con.

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For definitions of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B. Race and Hispanic origin of householder are indicated with reference letters in parentheses after the table numbers. Reference letters for housing counts and characteristics by race and Hispanic origin of householder are:

- All occupied housing units
- White
- Black
- American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander
- BCDEFGH
- Hispanic origin White, not of Hispanic origin
- American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut; All Asian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Laotian, Thai; All Pacific Islander, Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic origin
- Race by Hispanic origin/ not of Hispanic origin
- Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Malayan, Okinawan, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, All other Asian; Tongan, Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, All other Pacific Islander (Householder counts only)
- All housing units or all vacant housing units

		The State			Plac States	e and (in sele ) county subd	ected ivision <sup>1</sup>	Carratio	American
Subject	Total	Urban and rural and size of place	Inside and outside metropolitan area	County	10,000 or more	2,500 to 9,999	1,000 to 2,499	County subdi- vision (all States)	Indian and Alaska Native area
Units in structure	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 13#(A), 16-21(B-G)*, 28#(A), 31-36(B-G)*, 43(A,H), 45(A,I), 47(A,J)	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 13#(A), 16-21(B-G)*	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 28#(A), 31-36(B-G)*	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 49#(A), 52(A-G), 54(A,H), 56(A,I), 73#	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 58#(A), 61(A-G), 63(A,H), 65(A,I)	1#, 6-11(B-G)*, 67#, 69(A-G), 70(A,H), 71(A,I)	1#, 6-11(B-G)*	73#,	12 # (A,D), 74(A)
Vacancy rate	1	1	1	1, 73#	1	1	1	73	
Vacancy status	13#, 28#	13#	28#	49#	58#	67#			
Value	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G), 44(H), 46(I), 48(J)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 15, 22-27(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 30, 37-42(B-G)*	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 51, 53(B-G), 55(H), 57(I), 73	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 60, 62(B-G), 64(H), 66(I)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 68, 69(B-G), 70(H), 71(I)	1, 6-11(B-G)*, 72	73	12(D), 74

<sup>...</sup> Not applicable for this report.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE II-3

<sup>\*</sup> When a range of table numbers is shown together with a range of reference letters, there is one table for each race or Hispanic origin group. For example, 6-11(B-G) means 6(B), 7(C), 8(D), 9(E), 10(F), and 11(G).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The selected States are: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

# **USER NOTES**

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division Customer Services Bureau of the Census Washington, DC 20233 301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

William S. Chapin
Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division
Physical Characteristics Branch
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

# ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### **GENERAL**

### **User Note 1**

Age Reporting—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

### **User Note 2**

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### **User Note 3**

Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following chart shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the "Other race" population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the "Other race" population below the State level.

The Census Bureau provides data in greater subjectmatter and geographic detail on summary tape files (STF's) than in printed reports. Each printed report is derived from a specific summary tape file. For data not shown in a report because of the application of thresholds or complementary thresholds, see the corresponding summary tape file. For more information on computer tapes and other data products, see appendix F.

USER NOTES III-1

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, and there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	ndian, Eskimo, or 100 No		Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (of any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.

# **User Note 4**

Data on allocation and substitution for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas were inadvertently omitted in this report series (CH-1) for States. However, these data will be included in the United States report (CH-1-1) and in the American Indian and Alaska Native Areas report (CH-1-1A).

# **GEOGRAPHIC NAMES AND PRESENTATION**

### **GENERAL**

# **User Note 1**

The latitude and longitude values shown by tick marks in the margins of the County Subdivision Outline Maps in appendix G are approximate. They are shown only for general reference. They are displayed accurately on the State and County Outline Maps.

III-2 USER NOTES

# Table 1. Summary of General Housing Characteristics: 1990

		A	II housing	units					0	ccupied h	ousing unit	ts				Vacan	cy rate
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size	-			Perc	ent					Per	cent			Specifie	d renter		
of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	All persons	Total	Median rooms	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Owner	With 1.01 or more per- sons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent	Home- owner	Renta
The State	606 900	278 489	4.0	38.0	42.5	249 634	1.82	.50	38.9	8.2	21.0	41.5	123 900	439	1.0	3.1	7.9
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																	
Urban _ Inside urbanized area	606 900 606 900 606 900 - - - - - - - -	278 489 278 489 278 489 — — — — — — — —	4.0 4.0 4.0 - - - - -	38.0 38.0 38.0 - - - - - - -	42.5 42.5 42.5 - - - - - - -	249 634 249 634 249 634 — — — — — — — —	1.82 1.82 1.82 - - - - -	.50 .50 .50 - - - - -	38.9 38.9 38.9 - - - - - -	8.2 8.2 8.2 - - - - - -	21.0 21.0 21.0 - - - - -	41.5 41.5 41.5 - - - - -	123 900 123 900 123 900 - - - - - - - -	439 439 439 — — — — — — —	1.0 1.0 1.0 - - - - -	3.1 3.1 3.1 - - - - -	7.9 7.9 7.9 - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																	
Inside metropolitan area	606 900 606 900 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	278 489 278 489 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4.0 4.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	38.0 38.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	42.5 42.5 - - - - - - - - - - -	249 634 249 634 - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.82 1.82 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	.50 .50       	38.9 38.9 - - - - - - - - - - -	8.2 8.2 - - - - - - - - - -	21.0 21.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	41.5 41.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	123 900 123 900 - - - - - - - - - - - -	439 439 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.0 1.0 - - - - - - - - - - -	3.1 3.1 - - - - - - - - -	7.0 7.0 - - - - - - - - -
COUNTY																	
District of Columbia	606 900	278 489	4.0	38.0	42.5	249 634	1.82	.50	38.9	8.2	21.0	41.5	123 900	439	1.0	3.1	7.9
PLACE																	
Washington city	606 900	278 489	4.0	38.0	42.5	249 634	1.82	.50	38.9	8.2	21.0	41.5	123 900	439	1.0	3.1	7.9

Table 2. Occupied Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

				ı	Urban					Rui	ral	
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	152 356 612	152 356 612	152 356 612	152 356 612	-	=	Ξ	_	=	Ξ	Ξ	=
American Indian	598	598	598	598	-	=	=	=	=	_	=	=
EskimoAleut	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Asian or Pacific Islander	4 070 4 000	4 070 4 000	4 070 4 000	4 070 4 000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
ChineseFilipino	1 227 681	1 227 681	1 227 681	1 227 681	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
JapaneseAsian Indian	471 619	471 619	471 619	471 619	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Korean Vietnamese	266 229	266 229	266 229	266 229	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Cambodian Hmong	11 -	11	11	11 _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Laotian Thai	19 70	19   70	19 70	19 70	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other AsianBangladeshi	407 14	407 14	407 14	407 14	_	_	_	_		_	_	-
BurmeseIndonesian	21 46	21 46	21 46	21 46	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
MalayanOkinawan	43	43	43 1	43 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Pakistani Sri Lankan	76 39	76 39	76 39	76 39	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
All other AsianPacific Islander	167 70	167 70	167 70	167 70	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Hawaiian Samoan	30	30	30 8	30 8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Guamanian	25	25	25 7	25 7	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other Pacific Islander	1	1	1	1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
TahitianNorthern Mariana Islander	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Palauan Fijian Fi	1	1	1	1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
All other Pacific IslanderOther race	4 301	4 301	5 4 301	5 4 301	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	249 634	249 634	249 634	249 634	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)	10 455 1 080	10 455 1 080	10 455 1 080	10 455 1 080	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Puerto RicanCuban	848 561	848 561	848 561	848 561	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other HispanicNot of Hispanic origin	7 966 239 179	7 966 239 179	7 966 239 179	7 966 239 179	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	-	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
Hispanic originNot of Hispanic origin	4 715 83 580	4 715 83 580	4 715 83 580	4 715 83 580	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Black	152 356	152 356	152 356	152 356 1 463	_	=	=	=	=	_	=	=
Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	1 463 150 893	150 893	1 463 150 893	150 893	_ _ _	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	612 63	612 63	612 63	612 63	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Not of Hispanic origin	549 4 070	549 4 070	549 4 070	549 4 070	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Hispanic originNot of Hispanic origin	169 3 901	169 3 901	169 3 901	169 3 901	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other race	4 301 4 045	4 301 4 045	4 301 4 045	4 301 4 045	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Not of Hispanic origin PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY RACE OF	256	256	256	256	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER Occupied housing units	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
WhiteBlack	35.4 61.0	35.4 61.0	35.4 61.0	35.4 61.0	_	_	=	_	_	_	=	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	.2	.2	.2 .2	.2 .2	_	=	=		=	=	=	=
Asian or Pacific Islander	1.6 1.6	1.6 1.6	1.6 1.6	1.6 1.6	-	_ _		_	_	_	-	=
Asian  Pacific Islander  Other race	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6 - 1.7	- - -	_		=	_	_	_	-
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY HISPANIC ORIGIN OF	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER Occupied housing units	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hispanic origin (of any race)	4.2	4.2 .4	4.2 .4	4.2 .4	-	_	_	=	_	_	Ξ	=
Puerto Rican	.3	.3	.4 .3 .2 3.2	.3 .2	_ _ _		_	_ _ _	_	_	_	-
Other Hispanic	3.2 95.8	.2 3.2 95.8	3.2 95.8	3.2 95.8	_	_	_		_	_	_	-
Not of Hispanic origin  PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDERS WHITE, NOT OF	95.8	95.8	95.0	95.0	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
HISPANIC ORIGIN Occupied housing units	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_		_	_		_		_
White	35.4 33.5	35.4 33.5	35.4 33.5	35.4 33.5	_	=	_	<u>-</u> -	_	=	=	=
Not of Hispanic origin	33.5	33.3	აა.ა	აა.ა					_			

# 2 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

#### Occupied Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990 Table 3.

[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	n area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	anized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER											<u> </u>	
Occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	<b>249 634</b> 88 295	_	-	_	_	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Black	152 356 612	152 356 612	152 356 612	=	Ξ.	=	=	-	=	=		=
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	598	598	598	-	_	-	=	_	_	_	_	_
Eskimo	9	5 9	5 9	_	_	_	_	1 1	_	_	_	_
Asian or Pacific IslanderAsian	4 070 4 000	4 070 4 000	4 070 4 000	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
ChineseFilipino	1 227 681	1 227 681	1 227 681	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
JapaneseAsian Indian	471 619	471 619	471 619	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Korean Vietnamese	266 229	266 229	266 229	_	_	-	_	_		_	_	-
CambodianHmong	11 -	11 –	11	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Laotian Thai	19 70	19 70	19 70	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other AsianBangladeshi	407 14	407 14	407 14	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
BurmeseIndonesian	21 46	21 46	21 46	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Malayan Okinawan	43 1	43 1	43 1	_ _	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pakistani Sri Lankan	76 39	76 39	76 39	_ _	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
All other AsianPacific Islander	167 70	167 70	167 70	_		-	_	_	_		_	-
Hawaiian Samoan	30 8	30 8	30 8	_		-	_	_				-
GuamanianOther Pacific Islander	25 7	25 7	25 7	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Tongan Tahitian	1 -	1 _	1_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Northern Mariana IslanderPalauan	_	_ _	_	_	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Fijian All other Pacific Islander	1 5	1 5	1 5	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Other race	4 301	4 301	4 301	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 10 455	<b>249 634</b> 10 455	<b>249 634</b> 10 455	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mexican Puerto Rican	1 080 848	1 080 848	1 080 848	_	_	-	_	_		_	_	-
Cuban Other Hispanic	561 7 966	561 7 966	561 7 966	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Not of Hispanic origin	239 179	239 179	239 179	-	_	-	_	1	_	_	_	_
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER Occupied housing units	249 634	249 634	249 634	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
White Hispanic origin	88 295 4 715	88 295 4 715	88 295 4 715	_		-	_	_	_		_	_
Not of Hispanic origin Black	83 580 152 356	83 580 152 356	83 580 152 356	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Hispanic originNot of Hispanic origin	1 463 150 893	1 463 150 893	1 463 150 893	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Hispanic origin	612 63	612 63	612 63	_	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Not of Hispanic origin Asian or Pacific Islander	549 4 070	549 4 070	549 4 070	_	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Hispanic originNot of Hispanic origin	169 3 901	169 3 901	169 3 901	_	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Other raceHispanic origin	4 301 4 045	4 301 4 045	4 301 4 045	_	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Not of Hispanic origin	256	256	256	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	100.0 35.4	<b>100.0</b> 35.4	<b>100.0</b> 35.4	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_		_	<u> </u>
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	61.0 .2	61.0 .2	61.0 .2	_		-	_	_	_		_	_
American IndianAsian or Pacific Islander	.2 1.6	.2 1.6	.2 1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
AsianPacific Islander	1.6	1.6	1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
Other race	1.7	1.7	1.7	-	_	-	-	=	-	-	-	-
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing units	100.0 4.2	<b>100.0</b> 4.2	<b>100.0</b> 4.2	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	_	_		_	<u>-</u>
MexicanPuerto Rican	.4	.4 .3	.4	_	_	-	_	_				
CubanOther Hispanic	3.2	.2 3.2	.3 .2 3.2	_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_
Not of Hispanic origin	95.8	95.8	95.8	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDERS WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN												
Occupied housing units	<b>100.0</b> 35.4	<b>100.0</b> 35.4	<b>100.0</b> 35.4	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	-	_		_	<u>-</u>
Not of Hispanic origin	33.5	33.5	33.5	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	_

# Table 4. Occupied Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

County	District of Co- lumbia
RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	249 634
White	88 295 152 356
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	612
American IndianEskimo	598 5
Aleut	
Asian or Pacific Islander	4 070
Chinese	4 000 1 227
Filipino	681
Japanese Asian Indian	47 <sup>2</sup> 619
Korean Vietnamese	260 221
Cambodian	1
Hmong	<u>-</u>
Laotian   Thai	19 70
Other Asian	407
Bangladeshi Burmese	14 2°
Indonesian	46
Malayan   Okinawan	43
Pakistani	76
Sri Lankan   All other Asian	39 167
Pacific Islander	70
Hawaiian Samoan	3
Guamanian	2
Other Pacific Islander	7
Tongan   Tahitian	
Northern Mariana Islander	-
Palauan   Fijian	-
All other Pacific Islander	
Other race	4 30
HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	249 634
Hispanic origin (of any race)	10 455
Mexican Puerto Rican	1 080 848
Cuban	561
Other Hispanic   Not of Hispanic origin	7 966 239 179
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
	242.00
Occupied housing units   White	<b>249 63</b> 4 88 295
Hispanic origin	4 71
Not of Hispanic originBlack	83 580 152 356
Hispanic origin	1 463
Not of Hispanic originAmerican Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	150 893 612
Hispanic origin	63
Not of Hispanic origin	549
Asian or Pacific Islander   Hispanic origin	4 070 169
Not of Hispanic origin	3 901
Other race   Hispanic origin	4 30° 4 045
Not of Hispanic origin	256
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY RACE OF	
HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	100.0
White	35.4
Black   American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	61.0
American Indian	
Asian or Pacific Islander	1.6 1.6
Pacific Islander	-
Other race	1.7
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	100.0
Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican	4.2
Puerto Rican	.:
Cuban	3.2
Other HispanicNot of Hispanic origin	95.8
PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDERS WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	
Occupied housing units	100.0
White	35.4
Not of Hispanic origin	33.5

4 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

# Table 5. Occupied Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

County Subdivision [1,000 or More Persons]	Washington city
RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER	washington city
Occupied housing units	249 634
White	88 295
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	152 356 612
American Indian	598
Eskimo Aleut	5
Asian or Pacific Islander	4 070
Asian Chinese	4 000 1 227
Filipino	681
Japanese Asian Indian	47 <sup>2</sup> 619
Korean	266
Vietnamese Cambodian	229 11
Hmong	- 19
Laotian   Thai	70
Other Asian	407 14
Bangladeshi   Burmese	21
Indonesian	46 43
Malayan   Okinawan	4
Pakistani Sri Lankan	76
All other Asian	39 167
Pacific Islander	70 30
Hawaiian Samoan	3(
Guamanian Other Pacific Islander	25
Tongan	:
Tahitian Northern Mariana Islander	-
Palauan	-
Fijian All other Pacific Islander	1
ther race	4 301
HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	<b>249 63</b> 4 10 455
Mexican	1 080
Puerto Rican Cuban	848
Other Hispanic	561 7 966
Other Hispanic	561 7 966
Other Hispaniclot of Hispanic origin	561 7 966
Other Hispanic	56 <sup>-</sup> 7 966 239 179
Other Hispanic Jot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  Vhite	56 7 966 239 179 <b>249 63</b> 88 299
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  Hispanic origin	56 7 966 239 179 <b>249 63</b> - 88 299 4 711; 83 586
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	56° 7 966 239 17° 966 239 17° 968 299 4 71° 83 586 152 35°
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	56° 7 966 239 179 249 634 88 299 4 711 83 586 152 350 1 46°
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin Black Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin	56: 7 966 239 179 <b>249 63</b> 88 299 4 719 83 586 152 356 1 46: 150 89: 61:
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	56' 7 966 239 17' 249 63 88 29: 4 71' 83 586 152 356' 1 46' 150 89; 61' 66'
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	56' 7 966 239 17' 966 239 17' 966 239 17' 968 298 298 4 71' 83 586 152 356 1 466 150 89 612 612 614 4 4 07' 97' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98' 98
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Whispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Sian or Pacific Islander  Hispanic origin	56' 7 966 239 175 249 634 88 295 4 715 83 586 152 356 1150 89 612 612 614 4 076 166 166 166 166 166 166 166 166 166 1
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  ACCE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Inspanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Inspanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin	56' 7 96' 239 17' 249 63' 88 29' 4 71' 83 58' 152 35' 1 46' 61' 61' 61' 61' 61' 61' 61' 61' 61' 6
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  ACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Mot of Hispanic origin  Inspanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Mot of Hispanic origin  Inspanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Mot of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin	56' 7 96' 239 17' 56' 239 17' 56' 249 63' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56
Other Hispanic ot of Hispanic origin  ACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White	56' 7 96' 239 17' 56' 239 17' 56' 249 63' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  ACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Motification  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Mot of Hispanic origin  Mot of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin	56' 7 96' 239 17' 56' 239 17' 56' 249 63' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56' 56
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	56 7 96 239 17: 249 63: 88 29: 4 71: 83 58: 152 35: 1 46: 61: 64: 4 07: 16: 3 90: 4 30: 4 40: 25:
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 17s 249 63. 88 29; 4 71; 83 586 152 35; 1 46, 1 50 89; 61; 66, 54; 4 07; 1 66; 3 90; 4 04; 2 56;
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	56' 7 96' 7
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 178 249 63- 88 299 4 711 83 586 152 356 150 893 61 544 4 077 166 3 900 4 30 4 044 256
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 178 249 63 88 299 4 711 83 588 152 356 1 4 66 544 4 070 166 3 900 4 300 4 044 256
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 17s 249 63- 88 29s 4 71s 83 58s 152 35s 152 35s 150 89s 61: 66 54s 4 00s 4 30 9 4 30 4 04s 25s 100 3 3 5. 100 3 3 5. 100 3 100 3 1
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 17s 249 63- 88 29s 4 71s 83 58s 152 35s 1150 89s 611 66 3 90° 4 30° 4 04s 25s 1100.0 35.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 6
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 17s 249 63- 88 29s 4 71s 83 58s 152 35s 1150 89s 611 66 3 90° 4 30° 4 04s 25s 1100.0 35.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 61.6 6
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 961 239 178 249 63 88 299 4 711 83 586 152 356 1 466 544 4 077 166 3 907 4 307 4 044 256
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin	566 7 968 239 178 249 634 88 299 4 718 83 586 152 356 150 893 613 64 4 077 166 3 3 901 4 307 4 044 256 100.4 100.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin	566 7 968 239 178 249 634 88 299 4 711 83 586 152 356 150 893 613 66 544 4 077 1 100.4 2 256 1 100.4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin  ACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Merican Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Occupied housing units  Hispanic origin (of any race)  Mexican  Mexican  Puerto Rican	566 7 961 239 178 249 63 88 299 4 711 83 586 150 893 150 893 150 893 166 544 4 077 166 3 900 4 004 256 100.1 3 5.4 61.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 178 249 634 88 299 4 718 83 586 152 356 150 899 61 66 544 4 077 4 047 256 100.4 100.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin	561 7 966 239 175 249 634 88 295 4 718 83 586 150 893 150 893 150 893 150 4 045 256 100.0 100.0 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Other Hispanic lot of Hispanic origin	566 7 966 239 178 249 634 88 299 4 711 83 586 152 356 150 893 61 150 893 64 4 077 4 074 256 100.1 100.
Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Pacific Islander Nocupied housing units Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Udban Octupied housing units Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Udban Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic Not	566 7 966 239 178 249 634 88 299 4 718 83 586 152 356 150 899 61 66 544 4 077 4 047 256 100.4 100.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5

# Table 6. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

		All persons						Ho	using units	with a Whit	e household	der				
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County		White	1							Perc	ent				Specifie	d renter
Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	Total	Percent of all persons	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Median rooms	Owner	With 1.01 or more persons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent
The State	606 900	179 667	29.6	88 295	1.50-	.40	4.0	46.2	2.7	18.3	51.6	36.5	49.7	317 300	648	1.7
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — — — —	179 667 179 667 179 667 ———————————————————————————————————	29.6 29.6 29.6 - - - - -	88 295 88 295 88 295 — — — — — —	1.50- 1.50- 1.50- - - - - -	.40 .40 .40 - - - - - -	4.0 4.0 4.0 - - - - -	46.2 46.2 46.2 - - - - - -	2.7 2.7 2.7 - - - - - -	18.3 18.3 18.3 - - - - - -	51.6 51.6 51.6 - - - - -	36.5 36.5 36.5 — — — — —	49.7 49.7 49.7 - - - - - -	317 300 317 300 317 300 - - - - - - - -	648 648 648 - - - - - - -	1.7 1.7 1.7 - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area In central city Not in central city Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Outside metropolitan area	606 900 606 900 — — — —	179 667 179 667 — — — —	29.6 29.6 - - - - -	88 295 88 295 — — — —	1.50- 1.50- - - - -	.40 .40 - - - -	4.0 4.0 - - - - -	46.2 46.2 - - - -	2.7 2.7 - - - -	18.3 18.3 - - - -	51.6 51.6 - - - -	36.5 36.5 — — —	49.7 49.7 - - - -	317 300 317 300 — — — — —	648 648 — — — — —	1.7 1.7 - - -
Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rual	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	179 667	29.6	88 295	1.50-	.40	4.0	46.2	2.7	18.3	51.6	36.5	49.7	317 300	648	1.7
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	179 667	29.6	88 295	1.50-	.40	4.0	46.2	2.7	18.3	51.6	36.5	49.7	317 300	648	1.7

# Table 7. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

		All persons						Но	using units	with a Blac	k household	der				
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]		Black	Percent		Median	Mean number of per- sons			With 1.01 or more persons	With house-holder 65	ent 1- person	1 unit, de- tached	In build- ings with 10	Specified owner, median	Specified  Median contract	Percent with meals
•	Total	Total	of all persons	Total	persons in unit	per room	Median rooms	Owner	per room	years and over	house- holds	or at- tached	or more units	value (dol- lars)	rent (dollars)	included in rent
The State	606 900	399 604	65.8	152 356	2.04	.55	4.2	35.7	10.0	23.3	36.2	42.0	36.0	96 900	371	.6
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — — —	399 604 399 604 399 604 — — — — — —	65.8 65.8 65.8 — — — —	152 356 152 356 152 356 — — — — — — — —	2.04 2.04 2.04 - - - - -	.55 .55 .55 - - - - - -	4.2 4.2 4.2 - - - - -	35.7 35.7 35.7 - - - - - -	10.0 10.0 10.0 - - - - - -	23.3 23.3 23.3 - - - - - - -	36.2 36.2 36.2 - - - - -	42.0 42.0 42.0 - - - - - -	36.0 36.0 36.0 - - - - - -	96 900 96 900 96 900 — — — — — —	371 371 371 - - - - - - -	.6 .6 .6  
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area	606 900 606 900 — — — — — — — —	399 604 399 604 - - - - - - - -	65.8 65.8 — — — — — —	152 356 152 356 ————————————————————————————————————	2.04 2.04 - - - - - - -	.55 .55     	4.2 4.2 - - - - - -	35.7 35.7 - - - - - - - -	10.0 10.0 — — — — — — — —	23.3 23.3	36.2 36.2 - - - - - - -	42.0 42.0 - - - - - - - - -	36.0 36.0 - - - - - - - -	96 900 96 900 — — — — — — — —	371 371 - - - - - - - -	.6 .6    
Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	=	-	-	_	=	_	-
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	399 604	65.8	152 356	2.04	.55	4.2	35.7	10.0	23.3	36.2	42.0	36.0	96 900	371	.6
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	399 604	65.8	152 356	2.04	.55	4.2	35.7	10.0	23.3	36.2	42.0	36.0	96 900	371	.6

# Table 8. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

		All persons					Housin	g units wit	h an Ameri	can Indian, I	skimo, or	Aleut hous	eholder			
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size		American I Eskimo, or								Perc	ent				Specified	d renter
of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	Total	Percent of all persons	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Median rooms	Owner	With 1.01 or more persons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent
The State	606 900	1 466	.2	612	1.84	.51	3.9	35.5	11.6	21.9	39.7	40.2	42.0	130 400	454	2.8
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban Inside urbanized area Central place Urban fringe Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural Place of 1,000 to 2,499 Place of less than 1,000 Other rural	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — — —	1 466 1 466 1 466 - - - - - - -	.2 .2 .2 - - - - -	612 612 612 - - - - - - -	1.84 1.84 1.84 - - - - -	.51 .51 .51 - - - - -	3.9 3.9 - - - - -	35.5 35.5 35.5 — — — — — —	11.6 11.6 11.6 - - - - -	21.9 21.9 21.9 - - - - -	39.7 39.7 39.7 - - - - - -	40.2 40.2 40.2 - - - - - -	42.0 42.0 42.0 - - - - - -	130 400 130 400 130 400 — — — — — — — —	454 454 454 — — — — — —	2.8 2.8 2.8 - - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area In central city	606 900 606 900 - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 466 1 466 	.2 .2	612 612 - - - - - - - - - - -	1.84 1.84 - - - - - - - - -	.51 .51 - - - - - - - - -	3.9 3.9 - - - - - - -	35.5 35.5 - - - - - - - - - -	11.6 11.6 - - - - - - - - - -	21.9	39.7 39.7 - - - - - - - - - -	40.2 40.2 - - - - - - - - - -	42.0 42.0 - - - - - - - - - -	130 400 130 400 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	454 454 - - - - - - - - - - -	2.8 2.8 - - - - - - - - - -
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	1 466	.2	612	1.84	.51	3.9	35.5	11.6	21.9	39.7	40.2	42.0	130 400	454	2.8
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	1 466	.2	612	1.84	.51	3.9	35.5	11.6	21.9	39.7	40.2	42.0	130 400	454	2.8

Table 9. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

		All persons					Н	ousing units	with an A	Asian or Pac	fic Islander	household	er			
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area		Asian or Pacifi	c Islander							Perc	ent				Specified	d renter
County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	Total	Percent of all persons	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Median rooms	Owner	With 1.01 or more persons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent
The State	606 900	11 214	1.8	4 070	1.74	.65	2.7	28.6	18.7	11.6	43.3	23.0	63.8	240 100	556	.3
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban Inside urbanized area Central place Urban fringe Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more. Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural Place of 1,000 to 2,499 Place of less than 1,000 Other rural	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — —	11 214 11 214 11 214 - - - - - - -	1.8 1.8 1.8 - - - - -	4 070 4 070 4 070 - - - - - - -	1.74 1.74 1.74 - - - - -	.65 .65 .65 - - - -	2.7 2.7 2.7 - - - - - -	28.6 28.6 28.6 — — — —	18.7 18.7 18.7 — — — — —	11.6 11.6 11.6 - - - - -	43.3 43.3 43.3 - - - - - -	23.0 23.0 23.0 - - - - - -	63.8 63.8 63.8 - - - - - -	240 100 240 100 240 100 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	556 556 556 - - - - - - -	.3 .3 .3 - - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area In central city In central city IV	606 900 606 900 — — — —	11 214 11 214 - - - - -	1.8 1.8 - - - - -	4 070 4 070 - - - - -	1.74 1.74 - - - - -	.65 .65 - - - -	2.7 2.7 - - - - -	28.6 28.6 — — — —	18.7 18.7 — — — —	11.6 11.6 - - - -	43.3 43.3 - - - - -	23.0 23.0 - - - - -	63.8 63.8 - - - - -	240 100 240 100 - - - - -	556 556 — — — — —	.3 .3 - - - -
Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	11 214	1.8	4 070	1.74	.65	2.7	28.6	18.7	11.6	43.3	23.0	63.8	240 100	556	.3
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	11 214	1.8	4 070	1.74	.65	2.7	28.6	18.7	11.6	43.3	23.0	63.8	240 100	556	.3

# Table 10. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 250 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

		All persons						Housing	units with	an Hispanic	origin hous	seholder				
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size of Place		Hispanic o	origin							Perc	ent				Specified	d renter
Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	Total	Percent of all persons	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Median rooms	Owner	With 1.01 or more persons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent
The State	606 900	32 710	5.4	10 455	2.34	.91	2.7	20.5	35.1	9.1	30.3	19.9	65.4	166 000	498	1.3
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban Inside urbanized area Central place Urban fringe Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural Place of 1,000 to 2,499 Place of less than 1,000 Other rural	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — — —	32 710 32 710 32 710 - - - - - - - -	5.4 5.4 5.4 - - - - -	10 455 10 455 10 455 	2.34 2.34 2.34 - - - - -	.91 .91 .91 - - - - -	2.7 2.7 2.7 - - - - -	20.5 20.5 20.5 - - - - - -	35.1 35.1 35.1 - - - - - -	9.1 9.1 9.1 - - - - -	30.3 30.3 30.3 - - - - - -	19.9 19.9 19.9 — — — — —	65.4 65.4 65.4 - - - - -	166 000 166 000 166 000 — — — — — —	498 498 498 — — — — — — —	1.3 1.3 1.3 - - - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area In central city Not in central city Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural	606 900 606 900 — — — — — — — — — —	32 710 32 710 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.4 5.4 - - - - - - - - - -	10 455 10 455 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.34	.91 .91 - - - - - - - - -	2.7 2.7 - - - - - - - - -	20.5 20.5	35.1 35.1 - - - - - - - - - -	9.1 9.1 - - - - - - - - - -	30.3 30.3	19.9 19.9 - - - - - - - - - -	65.4 65.4 - - - - - - - -	166 000 166 000 — — — — — — — — — — —	498 498 — — — — — — — — — — —	1.3 1.3 - - - - - - - - - -
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	32 710	5.4	10 455	2.34	.91	2.7	20.5	35.1	9.1	30.3	19.9	65.4	166 000	498	1.3
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	32 710	5.4	10 455	2.34	.91	2.7	20.5	35.1	9.1	30.3	19.9	65.4	166 000	498	1.3

Table 11. Summary of General Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

		All persons					Hou	using units	with a Whi	te, not of H	ispanic orig	in househo	older			
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size		White, not of origin								Perc	ent				Specified	d renter
of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	Total	Percent of all persons	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Median rooms	Owner	With 1.01 or more persons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent
The State	606 900	166 131	27.4	83 580	1.50-	.38	4.1	47.4	1.5	18.8	52.4	37.4	48.8	318 800	658	1.7
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE																
Urban Inside urbanized area Central place Urban fringe Outside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999 Rural Place of 1,000 to 2,499 Place of less than 1,000 Other rural	606 900 606 900 606 900 — — — — — —	166 131 166 131 166 131 ———————————————————————————————————	27.4 27.4 27.4 - - - - -	83 580 83 580 83 580 — — — — — —	1.50- 1.50- 1.50- - - - - -	.38 .38 .38 - - - - -	4.1 4.1 4.1 - - - - -	47.4 47.4 47.4 - - - - - -	1.5 1.5 1.5 - - - - -	18.8 18.8 18.8 - - - - - -	52.4 52.4 52.4 - - - - -	37.4 37.4 37.4 — — — — —	48.8 48.8 	318 800 318 800 318 800 — — — — — — —	658 658 658 - - - - - - -	1.7 1.7 1.7 - - - - -
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA																
Inside metropolitan area In central city	606 900 606 900 — — — — — — — — — —	166 131 166 131 - - - - - - - - - - - -	27.4 27.4 - - - - - - - - -	83 580 83 580 — — — — — — — — — — —	1.50- 1.50- - - - - - - - - - -	.38	4.1 4.1 - - - - - - - - -	47.4 47.4 - - - - - - - - - -	1.5 1.5 - - - - - - - - -	18.8 18.8 - - - - - - - - - - -	52.4 52.4 - - - - - - - - -	37.4 37.4 - - - - - - - - - -	48.8 48.8 — — — — — — — — —	318 800 318 800 — — — — — — — — — — — —	658 658 - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.7 1.7 - - - - - - - - - -
COUNTY																
District of Columbia	606 900	166 131	27.4	83 580	1.50-	.38	4.1	47.4	1.5	18.8	52.4	37.4	48.8	318 800	658	1.7
PLACE																
Washington city	606 900	166 131	27.4	83 580	1.50-	.38	4.1	47.4	1.5	18.8	52.4	37.4	48.8	318 800	658	1.7

Table 12. Summary of General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas: 1990 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]

Table 13. Occupancy, Structural Characteristics, and Age of Householder: 1990

					Urban					Rur	ral	
District of Columbia			Insid	e urbanized a	rea	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
All housing units	278 489	278 489	278 489	278 489	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POPULATION												
All persons	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units	2.26 242 541	2.26 242 541	2.26 242 541	2.26 242 541	-	Ξ	=	-	=	Ξ	_ _ _	=
Per owner-occupied housing unit	2.50 322 642	2.50 322 642	2.50 322 642	2.50 322 642	_	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	-
Per renter-occupied housing unit TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Percent of occupied housing units White	38.9 40 805	38.9 40 805	38.9 40 805	38.9 40 805	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	54 332 217	54 332 217	54 332 217	54 332 217	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Asian or Pacific IslanderOther race	1 162 592	1 162 592	1 162 592	1 162 592	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin	2 141 39 588	2 141 39 588	2 141 39 588	2 141 39 588	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Renter-occupied housing unitsWhite	152 526 47 490	152 526 47 490	152 526 47 490	152 526 47 490	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	-
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	98 024 395	98 024 395	98 024 395	98 024 395	=	=	Ξ	=	=	=	=	=
Asian or Pacific IslanderOther race	2 908	2 908	2 908	2 908	-	_	_	-	_	=	_	=
Hispanic origin (of any race)	3 709 8 314	3 709 8 314	3 709 8 314	3 709 8 314	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
White, not of Hispanic origin VACANCY STATUS	43 992	43 992	43 992	43 992	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Vacant housing units	28 855	28 855	28 855	28 855	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
For sale only	3 119 13 000	3 119 13 000	3 119 13 000	3 119 13 000	_	_	_	_	_	_	=	-
Rented or sold, not occupied For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	3 788	3 788	3 788	3 788	-	_	_	-	_	=	_	=
For migrant workers	1 575 88	1 575 88	1 575 88	1 575 88	_	_	_ _ _	-	_	_	_	-
Other vacantBoarded up	7 285 2 577	7 285 2 577	7 285 2 577	7 285 2 577	-	-	_	_		_	_	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
All housing units	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1, attached2	71 321 8 773	71 321 8 773	71 321 8 773	71 321 8 773	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
3 or 45 to 9	21 926 20 783	21 926 20 783	21 926 20 783	21 926 20 783	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
10 to 19	37 152 20 113	37 152   20 113	37 152 20 113	37 152 20 113	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
50 or moreMobile home or trailer	60 972 82	60 972 82	60 972 82	60 972 82	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
OtherOwner-occupied housing units	2 765 <b>97 108</b>	2 765 <b>97 108</b>	2 765 <b>97 108</b>	2 765 <b>97 108</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1, detached1 attached	28 125 48 542	28 125 48 542	28 125 48 542	28 125 48 542	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
2'3 or 4	1 590 1 456	1 590 1 456	1 590 1 456	1 590 1 456	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
5 or more	16 720 31	16 720 31	16 720 31	16 720 31	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Other Renter-occupied housing units	644 <b>152 526</b>	644 <b>152 526</b>	644 <b>152 526</b>	644 <b>152 526</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1, detached1 attached	4 593 16 907	4 593 16 907	4 593 16 907	4 593 16 907	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
3 or 4	5 980 17 552	5 980 17 552	5 980 17 552	5 980 17 552	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	=
5 to 9 10 to 19	16 251 30 087	16 251 30 087	16 251 30 087	16 251 30 087	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	-
20 to 49	14 880 44 534	14 880 44 534	14 880 44 534	14 880	-	=	Ξ	=	=	=	=	=
50 or moreMobile home or trailer	33 1 709	33	33	44 534 33	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Occupied housing units	249 634	1 709 <b>249 634</b>	1 709 <b>249 634</b>	1 709 <b>249 634</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	_	-	_	_	_	-	<u>-</u>	-
25 to 34 years	10 956 20 626	10 956 20 626	10 956 20 626	10 956 20 626	-	_	_	=	_	_	=	=
45 to 54 years	18 548 17 250	18 548 17 250	18 548 17 250	18 548 17 250	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
55 to 64 years	16 492	16 492	16 492	16 492	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
75 years and over	12 087 1 <b>52 526</b>	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Under 25 years	14 143 44 973	14 143 44 973	14 143 44 973	14 143 44 973	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
35 to 44 years	33 610 20 287	33 610 20 287	33 610 20 287	33 610 20 287	_	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	-
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	15 565 13 795	15 565 13 795	15 565 13 795	15 565 13 795	_	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_	_
75 years and over	10 153	10 153	10 153	10 153	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	

Table 14. Utilization Characteristics: 1990

				l	Jrban					Rur	ral	
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area		Outsid	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
ROOMS												
All housing units	278 489	278 489	278 489	278 489	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
1 room	22 830 31 204	22 830 31 204	22 830 31 204	22 830 31 204	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3 rooms 4 rooms	59 243 47 309	59 243 47 309	59 243 47 309	59 243 47 309	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
5 rooms 6 rooms	32 506 32 624	32 506 32 624	32 506 32 624	32 506 32 624	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
7 rooms	20 457	20 457	20 457	20 457	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
8 rooms 9 or more rooms	14 298 18 018	14 298 18 018	14 298 18 018	14 298 18 018	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median Owner-occupied housing units	4.0 <b>97 108</b>	4.0 <b>97 108</b>	4.0 <b>97 108</b>	4.0 <b>97 108</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1 room	1 194 2 933	1 194 2 933	1 194 2 933	1 194 2 933	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
2 rooms 3 rooms	8 371	8 371	8 371	8 371	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	=
4 rooms5 rooms	8 951 12 137	8 951   12 137	8 951 12 137	8 951 12 137	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
6 rooms 7 rooms	22 008 15 400	22 008 15 400	22 008 15 400	22 008 15 400	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
8 rooms	11 362	11 362	11 362	11 362	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
9 or more rooms	14 752 6.2	14 752 6.2	14 752 6.2	14 752 6.2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Renter-occupied housing units  1 room	<b>152 526</b> 19 252	<b>152 526</b> 19 252	<b>152 526</b> 19 252	<b>152 526</b> 19 252	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 rooms 3 rooms	24 803 43 677	24 803 43 677	24 803 43 677	24 803 43 677	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 rooms	32 472	32 472	32 472	32 472	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 rooms 6 rooms	16 617 7 784	16 617 7 784	16 617 7 784	16 617 7 784	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7 rooms 8 rooms	3 698 2 070	3 698   2 070	3 698 2 070	3 698 2 070	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
9 or more roomsMedian	2 153 3.2	2 153 3.2	2 153 3.2	2 153 3.2	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
DURATION OF VACANCY	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vacant-for-sale-only housing units	3 119	3 119	3 119	3 119	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Less than 2 months2 up to 6 months	491 1 041	491   1 041	491 1 041	491 1 041	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 or more months Vacant-for-rent housing units	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 2 months	3 374 5 273	3 374	3 374	3 374 5 273	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
2 up to 6 months	4 353	5 273 4 353	5 273 4 353	4 353	-	=	=	-	_	=	=	=
PERSONS IN UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units	97 108	97 108	97 108	97 108	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 person	30 797	30 797	30 797	30 797	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
2 persons	30 041 15 004	30 041 15 004	30 041 15 004	30 041 15 004	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 persons 5 persons	10 531 5 293	10 531 5 293	10 531 5 293	10 531 5 293	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
6 persons	2 615 2 827	2 615 2 827	2 615 2 827	2 615 2 827	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
7 or more persons	2.09	2.09	2.09	2.09	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units1 person	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 persons3 persons	37 179 18 494	37 179 18 494	37 179 18 494	37 179 18 494	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 persons	11 856	11 856	11 856	11 856	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
5 persons6 persons	6 115 3 022	6 115 3 022	6 115 3 022	6 115 3 022	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7 or more persons	3 031 1.59	3 031 1.59	3 031 1.59	3 031 1.59	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
PERSONS PER ROOM	07.400	07.400	07.400	07.400								
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 75 265	<b>97 108</b> 75 265	<b>97 108</b> 75 265	<b>97 108</b> 75 265	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	11 720 6 798	11 720 6 798	11 720 6 798	11 720 6 798	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1.01 to 1.50	2 095 1 230	2 095 1 230	2 095 1 230	2 095 1 230	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Mean	.40	.40	.40	.40	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units	<b>152 526</b> 81 251	<b>152 526</b> 81 251	<b>152 526</b> 81 251	<b>152 526</b> 81 251	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	22 865 31 148	22 865 31 148	22 865 31 148	22 865 31 148	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1.01 to 1.50	7 432	7 432	7 432	7 432	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
1.51 or more	9 830 .62	9 830 .62	9 830 .62	9 830 .62	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Occupied housing units	249 634	249 634	249 634	249 634	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units1-person households	<b>52 527</b> 27 237	<b>52 527</b> 27 237	<b>52 527</b> 27 237	<b>52 527</b> 27 237	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.39	.39	.39	.39	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
1, detached or attached	26 747 25 170	26 747 25 170	26 747	26 747 25 170	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other	25 170 610	25 170 610	25 170 610	25 170 610	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Specified owner Mean value (dollars)	22 445 168 000	22 445 168 000	22 445 168 000	22 445 168 000	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	23 764 371	23 764 371	23 764 371	23 764 371	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
With meals included in rent	878	878	878	878	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mean contract rent (dollars)No meals included in rent	706 22 475	706 22 475	706 22 475	706 22 475	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
No cash rent	411	411	411	411				_	_		_	

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# Table 15. Financial Characteristics: 1990

					Rural							
District of Columbia		Inside urbanized area			Outsid	e urbanized a	rea					
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
VALUE												
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	-	- - - - - - - - - -	-		- - - - - - - -	-	-	- - - - - - - -
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$174,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$399,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$300,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Mean (dollars) Median (dollars)	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 1 687 6 20 588 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 218 400	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 917 3 044 6 910 194 300 194 300 1 687 6 020 588 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 218 400	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 1 687 6 20 58 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 217 400	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 1 687 6 20 58 204 240 353 182 114 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 217 400								
CONTRACT RENT												
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$550 to \$499 \$550 to \$549	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	-	- - - - - - - - -	-	1111111111	-	-	-	- - - - - - - -
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$748 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more Median (dollars) Specified vacant-for-rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$200 to \$299 \$400 to \$499 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$610 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Mean (dollars)	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 <b>12 957</b> 659 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 481 521	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 9 909 439 492 12 957 659 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 481 521	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 999 439 492 12 957 659 719 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 775 481 521	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 <b>12 957</b> 659 719 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 775 481 521								
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -

Table 16. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]		Urban								Rur	al	
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size of Place			Inside	urbanized area	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea					
	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	88 295	88 295	88 295	88 295	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units	162 442	162 442	162 442	162 442	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Per occupied housing unit  Owner-occupied housing units  Per owner-occupied housing unit	1.84 82 549 2.02	1.84 82 549 2.02	1.84 82 549 2.02	1.84 82 549 2.02	-	_	-	_	_	=	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units  Per renter-occupied housing unit	79 893 1.68	79 893 1.68	79 893 1.68	79 893 1.68	=	=	Ξ	_	=	Ξ		=
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units	40 805 46.2	40 805 46.2	40 805 46.2	40 805 46.2	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	47 490	47 490	47 490	47 490	=	=	Ξ	_	Ξ	=	Ξ	=
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units	<b>88 295</b> 15 136	<b>88 295</b> 15 136	<b>88 295</b> 15 136	<b>88 295</b> 15 136	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1, attached2	17 099 3 182	17 099 3 182	17 099 3 182	17 099 3 182	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3 or 45 to 9	4 095 3 842	4 095 3 842	4 095 3 842	4 095 3 842	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10 to 19 20 to 49	4 483 7 492	4 483 7 492	4 483 7 492	4 483 7 492	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 or more	31 951 16	31 951 16	31 951 16	31 951 16	-	-	<del>-</del>	_	-	=	-	-
Other	999	999	999	999	=	=	=	_	=	=	=	=
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units	40 805 817	<b>40 805</b> 817	<b>40 805</b> 817	<b>40 805</b> 817	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 rooms 3 rooms	1 837 4 911	1 837 4 911	1 837 4 911	1 837 4 911	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 rooms5 rooms	4 722 4 517	4 722 4 517	4 722 4 517	4 722 4 517	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 rooms 7 rooms	6 027 4 932	6 027 4 932	6 027 4 932	6 027 4 932	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
8 rooms9 or more rooms	4 596 8 446	4 596 8 446	4 596 8 446	4 596 8 446	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Median	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	-	=	_	_	_	_	_	=
Renter-occupied housing units1 room	<b>47 490</b> 8 060	<b>47 490</b> 8 060	<b>47 490</b> 8 060	<b>47 490</b> 8 060	-	=	_	_	_	_	_	=
2 rooms 3 rooms	9 358 13 415	9 358 13 415	9 358 13 415	9 358 13 415	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 rooms5 rooms	7 498 3 378	7 498 3 378	7 498 3 378	7 498 3 378	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 rooms 7 rooms	2 260 1 394	2 260 1 394	2 260 1 394	2 260 1 394	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
8 rooms	958	958	958	958	-	_	_	_	_	=	_	_
9 or more rooms	1 169 3.0	1 169 3.0	1 169 3.0	1 169 3.0	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	_	_	_
PERSONS IN UNIT												
Owner-occupied housing units1 person	<b>40 805</b> 16 940	<b>40 805</b> 16 940	<b>40 805</b> 16 940	<b>40 805</b> 16 940	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 persons 3 persons	14 008 4 696	14 008 4 696	14 008 4 696	14 008 4 696	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 persons 5 persons	3 304 1 225	3 304 1 225	3 304 1 225	3 304 1 225	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 persons 7 or more persons	415 217	415 217	415 217	415 217	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median	1.75 <b>47 490</b>	1.75 <b>47 490</b>	1.75 <b>47 490</b>	1.75 <b>47 490</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 person	28 633 11 859	28 633 11 859	28 633	28 633	-	_	-	_	_	_	=	_
2 persons	3 296	3 296	11 859 3 296	11 859 3 296	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 persons 5 persons	2 048 953	2 048 953	2 048 953	2 048 953	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 persons 7 or more persons	404 297	404 297	404 297	404 297	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
PERSONS PER ROOM	1.50-	1.50-	1.50–	1.50–	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied housing units	40 805	40 805	40 805	40 805		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.50 or less	36 199 2 917	36 199 2 917	36 199 2 917	36 199 2 917	-	_		_	_		=	=
0.76 to 1.00	1 423	1 423	1 423	1 423	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
1.01 to 1.50	113 153	113 153	113 153	113 153	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean Renter-occupied housing units	.33 <b>47 490</b>	.33 <b>47 490</b>	.33 <b>47 490</b>	.33 <b>47 490</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75	29 743 5 861	29 743 5 861	29 743 5 861	29 743 5 861	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.76 to 1.00	9 729 569	9 729 569	9 729 569	9 729 569	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
1.51 or more	1 588	1 588	1 588	1 588	-		_	_	_	_		=
Mean	.51	.51	.51	.51	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 17. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

Urban and Rural and Size of Place  Total Total Total Street  Total Total Street  Total Total Street  Total Total Street  Total S	[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]		Urban								Rural				
The Date   Tool   Too	District of Columbia			Inside urbanized area			Outside urbanized area								
POPULATION    175   246   376   346   376   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   346   378   348   347   348	Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total			Total	10,000 or	2,500 to	Total	1,000 to	less than	Other rural		
Process   Proc	Occupied housing units	152 356	152 356	152 356	152 356	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_		
For control founding with	POPULATION														
Separation   Sep	Persons in occupied housing units					-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Sector Control Source youth   22   25   22   23   23   24   25   25   25   25   25   25   25	Owner-occupied housing units	154 294	154 294	154 294	154 294	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
TRUDE    Second Control Contro	Renter-occupied housing units	224 054	224 054	224 054	224 054	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Consequent	, ,	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Compared locating units   35.7   35		54 332	54 332	54 332	54 332	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Concide flowing units. 152 586 153 386 159 386	Percent of occupied housing units	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	-	_	- -		- -	<u>-</u> -	-	-		
	UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, strained	Occupied housing units	152 356				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
3 of 4	1, attached	47 142	47 142	47 142	47 142	=	=	=	_	=	=	=	=		
10 0 1 9   20 645	3 or 4	14 467	14 467	14 467	14 467	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_		
19	5 to 9	26 645	26 645			-	_			_	_	_	_		
Machine Income of trailer    46	20 to 49					-	_			_	_	_	_		
## ROOMS    54 332	Mobile home or trailer	46	46	46	46	-	_	_		_	_	_	_		
1 com	ROOMS														
2 coms						-	-	-	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		
4 comes	2 rooms	928	928	928	928	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
8 coms   15 717   15 717   15 717   15 717   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	4 rooms	3 994	3 994	3 994	3 994	-	_		_	_	_		_		
8 Rooms	5 rooms	15 717		15 717		-	_			_	_	_	_		
9 or more norons	7 rooms					_	_			_	_	_	_		
Renter-occupied housing units	9 or more rooms	6 037	6 037	6 037	6 037	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
2 comes	Renter-occupied housing units	98 024	98 024	98 024	98 024	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
3 coms						-	_	_		_	_	_	_		
1   2   20   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	3 rooms	28 573	28 573	28 573	28 573	-	_	_		_	_	_	_		
7 corns	5 rooms	12 920	12 920	12 920	12 920	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
9 or more rooms 917 917 917 917 917 917 917 917 917 917	7 rooms	2 212	2 212	2 212	2 212	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Owner-occupied housing units	8 rooms 9 or more rooms					-	_			_	_		_		
Owner-occupied housing units	Median	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	-	-	=	=	_	=	=	=		
1 person		54 332	54 332	54 332	54 332	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
3 persons	1 person	13 265	13 265	13 265	13 265	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
5 persons	3 persons	10 034	10 034	10 034	10 034	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
7 or more persons	5 persons	3 932	3 932	3 932	3 932	-	_		_	_	_	_	_		
Median	6 persons					-	_			_	_		_		
1 person	Median	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	-	_			-	_		-		
14   123   123   123   123   123   123   123   123   123   123   123   123	1 person	41 868	41 868	41 868	41 868		_	-	_	_	_	_	_		
5 persons	2 persons 3 persons	14 123	14 123	14 123	14 123		_			_	_		_		
6 persons	4 persons					-	_			_	_		_		
Median	6 persons	2 371	2 371	2 371	2 371	_	_			_			_		
Owner-occupied housing units         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         54 332         5 37 879         -	Median					=	=			Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=		
0.50 or less	PERSONS PER ROOM														
0.51 to 0.75	0.50 or less	37 879	37 879	37 879	37 879	-	_	_		_	_		_		
1.01 to 1.50	0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	8 532 5 133	8 532		8 532	_				_	_		_		
Mean     45     45     45     45     -     <	1.01 to 1.50	1 855	1 855	1 855	1 855	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		
0.50 or less	Mean	.45	.45	.45	.45	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
0.76 to 1.00   19 573   19 573   19 573   1 573   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -     1.01 to 1.50   6 204   6 204   6 204   6 204   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	0.50 or less	49 703	49 703	49 703	49 703	-	_		_	_	_	_	_		
1.01 to 1.50 6 204 6 204 6 204 6 204	0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00		16 301 19 573			-	_				_		_		
	1.01 to 1.50	6 204	6 204	6 204	6 204	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		
	Mean					-	_	_		=	_	_	_		

Table 18. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

					Urban				Rural			
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area	ı	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	612	612	612	612	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	217 35.5 395	217 35.5 395	217 35.5 395	217 35.5 395	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units  1, detached  1, attached  2  3 or 4  5 to 9  10 to 19  20 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or trailer  Other	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 — 7	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 - 7	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 - 7	- - - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - - - -	-	-	-	-	- - - - - - - - - - -
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   9 or more rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   8 rooms   9 or more	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 58 44 17 11	217 3 7 16 177 34 47 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 89 98 44 177 111 9 6 3.0	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 89 44 17 11 9 6 3.0	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 44 17 11 9 6 3.0				-				
Owner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   Median   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   3 persons   5 persons   5 persons   5 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   7 or more persons   7 person   7 person   7 persons   7 pe	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6 1.72	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6 1.72	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6 1.72	-							
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.51 or more  Mean  Mean	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	-	-	-	-		-	-	

Table 19. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

				ι	Jrban					Rur	al	-
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	4 070	4 070	4 070	4 070	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units  Per occupied housing unit	8 886 2.18	8 886 2.18	8 886 2.18	8 886 2.18	-	_		_	_	_	_	-
Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit	2 900 2.50	2 900 2.50	2 900 2.50	2 900 2.50	-	- -	_	-		_	- -	-
Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	5 986 2.06	5 986 2.06	5 986 2.06	5 986 2.06	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	-	-
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units	1 162 28.6	1 162 28.6	1 162 28.6	1 162 28.6	-	_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _	<u>-</u>	=
Renter-occupied housing units	2 908	2 908	2 908	2 908	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units	<b>4 070</b> 409 528	<b>4 070</b> 409 528	<b>4 070</b> 409 528	<b>4 070</b> 409 528	-	_	Ξ	- -	_	Ξ	_	=
1, attached	103	103	103	103	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
3 or 4 5 to 9	184 185	184 185	184 185	184 185	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10 to 19 20 to 49	263 406	263 406	263 406	263 406	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 or more Mobile home or trailer	1 929	1 929	1 929 2	1 929 2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	61	61	61	61	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 162 84	1 162 84	1 162 84	1 162 84	-	_	_	_	_	=	_	_
2 rooms 3 rooms	119 179	119 179	119 179	119 179	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 rooms 5 rooms	136 105	136 105	136 105	136 105	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 rooms	139	139	139	139	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
7 rooms 8 rooms	130 108	130 108	130 108	130 108	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
9 or more rooms	162 5.1	162 5.1	162 5.1	162 5.1	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units1 room	2 908 932	<b>2 908</b> 932	<b>2 908</b> 932	<b>2 908</b> 932	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 rooms	700	700	700	700	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
3 rooms 4 rooms	675 309	675 309	675 309	675 309	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 rooms 6 rooms	120 65	120 65	120 65	120 65	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7 rooms 8 rooms	39 30	39 30	65 39 30 38	39 30	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
9 or more rooms	38 2.2	38 2.2	38 2.2	38 2.2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
PERSONS IN UNIT	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied housing units	1 162	1 162	1 162	1 162	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 person	410 314	410 314	410 314	410 314	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3 persons	168	168	168	168	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
4 persons5 persons	132 69	132 69	132 69	132 69	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 persons 7 or more persons	29 40	29 40	29 40	29 40	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Median Renter-occupied housing units	2.04 <b>2 908</b>	2.04 <b>2 908</b>	2.04 <b>2 908</b>	2.04 <b>2 908</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 person	1 351 806	1 351 806	1 351 806	1 351 806	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
2 persons	334	334	334	334	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
4 persons 5 persons	211 126	211 126	211 126	211 126	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 persons 7 or more persons	37 43	37 43	37 43	37 43	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median	1.63	1.63	1.63	1.63	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less	1 <b>162</b> 773	1 162 773	<b>1 162</b> 773	<b>1 162</b> 773	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	156 132	156 132	156 132	156 132	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
1.01 to 1.50	47 54	47 54	47 54	47 54	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1.51 or more	.47	.47	.47	.47	=	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less	<b>2 908</b> 977	<b>2 908</b> 977	<b>2 908</b> 977	<b>2 908</b> 977	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	334 937	334 937	334 937	334 937	-	_	_	_		_	_	_
1.01 to 1.50	179 481	179 481	179 481	179 481	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_ _
Mean	.80	.80	.80	.80	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	=

## Table 20. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

					Urban					Rur	al	
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area	ı	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	10 455	10 455	10 455	10 455	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	2 141 20.5 8 314	2 141 20.5 8 314	2 141 20.5 8 314	2 141 20.5 8 314	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1 154	-	-	- - - - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - - - -	-	-	-
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   9 r	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 383 186 101 56 77 2.3	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 383 186 101 156 77 2.3	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 922 383 186 101 56 77 2.3	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 2 085 2 085 2 082 922 383 186 101 56 77 2.3					- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			
PERSONS IN UNIT												
Owner-occupied housing units	2 141 593 563 288 268 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419 2.34	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419 2.34	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419 2.34	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419 2.34			-			-	-	
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean Renter-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.51 or more Mean Mean Nenter-occupied housing units 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.51 or more Mean	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	-	-	-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		-	-	-

Table 21. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

District of Columbia   Without and Size of Place   Inc.   Without and Size of Place   Without and						Urban					Rui	ral	
The State   The State   Total   Tota				Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Finder couple flooring units	Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total			Total	10,000 or	2,500 to	Total	1,000 to	less than	Other rural
Process   Description   150   500   150   500   150   500   150   500   150   500   150	Occupied housing units	83 580	83 580	83 580	83 580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property	POPULATION												
Owner concepte fracting units	Persons in occupied housing units					-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
## Senter cooper housing units	Owner-occupied housing units	79 432	79 432	79 432	79 432	-	_			_	_		_
Conservation   Cons	Renter-occupied housing units	71 160	71 160	71 160	71 160	-		_	-			_	-
### Comparison of Comparison o	TENURE												
Rester carepide hosing units	Owner-occupied housing units					-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Compain bousing units						-	_	_		_	_	-	=
1. setsched	UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1 datached						-	_	_	=	_	_	<u>-</u>	_
3 of 4	1, attached	16 510	16 510	16 510	16 510	_	_			_	_		_
10 to 19	3 or 4	3 905	3 905	3 905	3 905	-	_			_	_	_	-
So or none   29 881   29 881   29 881   29 881   3 586   3 5	10 to 19	4 058	4 058	4 058	4 058	-	_	_	_	_	_		_
Second	50 or more	29 981	29 981	29 981	29 981	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied housing units						-	_	-		-	_	-	-
1 com													
3 gooms	1 room	741	741	741	741	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 00008	3 rooms	4 709	4 709	4 709	4 709	-	_	_		_	_	_	_
7 rooms		4 390	4 390	4 390	4 390	-	_	_		_	_	_	_
9 or more rooms	7 rooms	4 801	4 801	4 801	4 801	-	_	_		_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units						-	_			_	_		_
2 coms					43 992	-	_			_	_		_
3 rooms							_			_			_
5 rooms	3 rooms				12 551 7 096		_			_			_
7 rooms	5 rooms	3 233	3 233	3 233	3 233		_			_			_
9 or more rooms	7 rooms	1 347	1 347	1 347	1 347		_			_	_	_	_
PERSONS IN UNIT	9 or more rooms	1 119	1 119	1 119	1 119		_		_	_ _			_
1													
2 persons						-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
4 persons       3 179       3 179       3 179       -	2 persons	13 636	13 636	13 636	13 636	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
6 persons     384     384     384     384     - </td <td>4 persons</td> <td>3 179</td> <td>3 179</td> <td>3 179</td> <td>3 179</td> <td>- </td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>	4 persons	3 179	3 179	3 179	3 179	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Median	6 persons	384	384	384	384	-	_		-	_		_	_
1 person   27 242   27 242   27 242   27 242   2	Median	1.74	1.74	1.74	1.74		_	_	-	_	_	_	_
3 persons   2 817   2 817   2 817   2 817	1 person	27 242	27 242	27 242	27 242	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
5 persons         744         744         744         744         744         -	3 persons	2 817	2 817	2 817	2 817		_	_	-	_	_	_	_
7 or more persons		744		744	744		_			_			_
Median	7 or more persons	147	147	147		-	_			_			_
Owner-occupied housing units         39 588         30 588         30 588         400         - <td>Median</td> <td>1.50-</td> <td>1.50-</td> <td>1.50-</td> <td>1.50-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Median	1.50-	1.50-	1.50-	1.50-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
0.50 or less     35 400     35 400     35 400     35 400     35 400     35 400     -		20 500	20.500	20 500	20 500								
0.76 to 1.00     1 266     1 266     1 266     1 266	0.50 or less	35 400	35 400	35 400	35 400	-	Ξ	=		=			Ξ
1.51 or more     88     88     88     88     - <td>0.76 to 1.00</td> <td>1 266</td> <td>1 266</td> <td>1 266</td> <td>1 266</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>	0.76 to 1.00	1 266	1 266	1 266	1 266		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units         43 992         43 992         43 992         43 992         - <th< td=""><td>1.51 or more</td><td>88</td><td>88</td><td>88</td><td>88</td><td>- </td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td></th<>	1.51 or more	88	88	88	88	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
0.51 to 0.75	Renter-occupied housing units	43 992	43 992	43 992	43 992	-	_		-	_	_	-	_
	0.51 to 0.75	5 498	5 498	5 498	5 498		_		-	_	_	_	_
	1.01 to 1.50	321	321	321	321	-	_	<del>-</del>	-	_			_
1.51 or more 775 775 775 775 Mean 48 .48 .48 .48 .48						-	_	_				_	_

Table 22. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

					Urban					Rur	ral	
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area	ı	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	88 295	88 295	88 295	88 295	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	40 805	40 805	40 805	40 805	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Under 25 years	481 6 340	481 6 340	481 6 340	481 6 340	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
35 to 44 years	10 650 8 472	10 650 8 472	10 650 8 472	10 650 8 472	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	5 239 4 718	5 239 4 718	5 239 4 718	5 239 4 718	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
75 years and overRenter-occupied housing units	4 905 <b>47 490</b>	4 905 <b>47 490</b>	4 905 <b>47 490</b>	4 905 <b>47 490</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Under 25 years	6 606 17 739	6 606 17 739	6 606 17 739	6 606 17 739	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
35 to 44 years	9 232 4 415	9 232 4 415	9 232 4 415	9 232 4 415	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
55 to 64 years	2 935	2 935	2 935	2 935	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
65 to 74 ýears	2 939 3 624	2 939 3 624	2 939 3 624	2 939 3 624	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	<b>16 186</b> 10 339	<b>16 186</b> 10 339	<b>16 186</b> 10 339	<b>16 186</b> 10 339	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Mean number of persons per room	.30	.30	.30	.30	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
1, detached or attached 2 or more	6 505 9 442	6 505 9 442	6 505 9 442	6 505 9 442	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mobile home, trailer, or other	239	239	239	239	=	=	_	-	=	=	=	
Specified owner	5 715 321 600	5 715 321 600	5 715 321 600	5 715 321 600	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Specified renter	6 543 574	6 543 574	6 543 574	6 543 574	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	23 553	23 553	23 553	23 553	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
ess than \$20,000	29 20	29 20	29 20	29 20	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
30,000 to \$39,999 40,000 to \$49,999	16 39	16 39	16 39	16 39	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
50,000 to \$59,99960,000 to \$69,999	54 118	54 118	54 118	54 118	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
70,000 to \$79,999	215 273	215 273	215 273	215 273	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
90,000 to \$99,999	407 883	407 883	407 883	407 883	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	
					-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
125,000 to \$149,999	1 011 1 034	1 011 1 034	1 011 1 034	1 011 1 034	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
175,000 to \$199,999	1 123 2 462	1 123 2 462	1 123 2 462	1 123 2 462	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
250,000 to \$299,999	3 221 5 033	3 221 5 033	3 221 5 033	3 221 5 033	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
400,000 to \$499,999	2 642 4 973	2 642 4 973	2 642 4 973	2 642 4 973	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Median (dollars)	317 300	317 300	317 300	317 300	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Nean (dollars) Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	343 200 11	343 200 <b>11</b>	343 200 <b>11</b>	343 200 <b>11</b>	-	_	_	_	_	- - -	_	
Median (dollars)Mean (dollars)	75 000+ 155 600	75 000+ 155 600	75 000+ 155 600	75 000+ 155 600	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing unitsess than \$100	<b>47 305</b> 144	<b>47 305</b> 144	<b>47 305</b> 144	<b>47 305</b> 144	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
1100 to \$149	151 189	151 189	151 189	151 189	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
200 to \$249	482 877	482	482 877	482 877	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
3250 to \$2993300 to \$349	1 447	877 1 447	1 447	1 447	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
350 to \$399400 to \$449	2 163 2 703	2 163 2 703	2 163 2 703	2 163 2 703	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
i450 to \$499 i500 to \$549	3 258 4 111	3 258 4 111	3 258 4 111	3 258 4 111	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	
550 to \$599600 to \$649	3 753 3 872	3 753 3 872	3 753 3 872	3 753 3 872	_	_	_	_	_	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	
650 to \$699	3 492	3 492	3 492	3 492	-	_	_	-	=	_	_	
7700 to \$749	2 808 9 060	2 808 9 060	2 808 9 060	2 808 9 060	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
11,000 or morelo cash rent	7 514 1 281	7 514 1 281	7 514 1 281	7 514 1 281	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Median (dollars)	648 714	648 714	648 714	648 714	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>47 305</b> 797	<b>47 305</b> 797	<b>47 305</b> 797	<b>47 305</b> 797	-	-	_	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	
No meals included in rent	45 227	45 227	45 227	45 227	-	_	_	-	_	=	_	
No cash rent	1 281	1 281	1 281	1 281				-	_	_	_	

Table 23. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

		Urban							Rur	al		
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	152 356	152 356	152 356	152 356	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	54 332	54 332	54 332	54 332	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Under 25 years	602 4 271	602 4 271	602 4 271	602 4 271	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
35 to 44 years	9 438 9 676	9 438 9 676	9 438 9 676	9 438 9 676	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	11 715 11 569	11 715 11 569	11 715 11 569	11 715 11 569	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
75 years and over	7 061 <b>98 024</b>	7 061 <b>98 024</b>	7 061 <b>98 024</b>	7 061 <b>98 024</b>	-	_	_	_	_	=	=	=
Under 25 years	6 583 24 780	6 583 24 780	6 583 24 780	6 583 24 780	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
35 to 44 years	22 716 14 955	22 716 14 955	22 716 14 955	22 716 14 955	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	12 135 10 509	12 135 10 509	12 135 10 509	12 135 10 509	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
75 years and over	6 346	6 346	6 346	6 346	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units1-person households	<b>35 485</b> 16 491	<b>35 485</b> 16 491	<b>35 485</b> 16 491	<b>35 485</b> 16 491	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.43	.43	.43	.43	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
1, detached or attached 2 or more	19 959 15 170	19 959 15 170	19 959 15 170	19 959 15 170	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	356 16 505	356 16 505	356 16 505	356 16 505	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	114 500 16 693	114 500 16 693	114 500 16 693	114 500 16 693	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	294	294	294	294	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	<b>46 821</b> 231	<b>46 821</b> 231	<b>46 821</b> 231	<b>46 821</b> 231	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$20,000 to \$29,999\$30,000 to \$39,999	214 354	214 354	214 354	214 354	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	749 1 632	749 1 632	749 1 632	749 1 632	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
\$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999	3 604 5 513	3 604 5 513	3 604 5 513	3 604 5 513	-	_	_	-		_	_	_
880,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999	6 547 6 639	6 547 6 639	6 547 6 639	6 547 6 639	-	_	<u>-</u> -	_	-	<u>-</u>	_	_
\$100,000 to \$124,999	8 198	8 198	8 198	8 198	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999	4 653 2 796	4 653 2 796	4 653 2 796	4 653 2 796	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
\$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	1 773 1 556	1 773 1 556	1 773 1 556	1 773 1 556	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999	919 752	919 752	919 752	919 752	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	342 349	342 349	342 349	342 349	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	=
Median (dollars)	96 900 118 800	96 900 118 800	96 900 118 800	96 900 118 800	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	=
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	75 000+	19 75 000+	19 75 000+	19 75 000+	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean (dollars)	117 400	117 400	117 400	117 400	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	<b>97 177</b> 7 112	<b>97 177</b> 7 112	<b>97 177</b> 7 112	<b>97 177</b> 7 112	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	_	_
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	5 784 4 095	5 784 4 095	5 784 4 095	5 784 4 095	-	_	<u>-</u> -	_	-	<u>-</u>	_	=
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	5 408 7 506	5 408 7 506	5 408 7 506	5 408 7 506	-	_	<u>-</u> -	_	-	_	_	=
\$300 to \$349	11 825 13 673	11 825 13 673	11 825 13 673	11 825 13 673	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$400 to \$449\$	10 821 8 454	10 821 8 454	10 821 8 454	10 821 8 454	-	Ξ	_	_	=	=	_	_
\$500 to \$549	6 472	6 472	6 472	6 472	-	Ξ	Ξ	=	_	Ξ	Ξ	=
\$550 to \$599	3 633	3 633	3 633	3 633	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
\$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699	3 233 2 142	3 233 2 142	3 233 2 142	3 233 2 142	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	1 601 2 986	1 601 2 986	1 601 2 986	1 601 2 986	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$1,000 or more No cash rent	957 1 475	957 1 475	957 1 475	957 1 475	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median (dollars)Mean (dollars)	371 383	371 383	371 383	371 383	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	=
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>97 177</b> 557	<b>97 177</b> 557	<b>97 177</b> 557	<b>97 177</b> 557	-	<u>-</u>	_	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	=
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	95 145 1 475	95 145 1 475	95 145 1 475	95 145 1 475	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 24. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

		Urban							Rur	al		
District of Columbia	_		Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	612	612	612	612	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	217	217	217 4	217 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under 25 years	20 37	20 37	20 37	20 37	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	=	Ξ
45 to 54 years	47	47	47	47	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	39 45	39 45	39 45	39 45	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
75 years and over	25 <b>395</b>	25 <b>395</b>	25 <b>395</b>	25 <b>395</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Jnder 25 years	26 107	26 107	26 107	26 107	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 to 44 years5 to 54 years	89 66	89 66	89 66	89 66	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	43 43	43 43	43 43	43 43	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
75 years and over	21	21	21	21	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	134 75	134 75	134 75	<b>134</b> 75 .37	-	_	_	_	=	_	_	_
Viean number of persons per room	.37	.37	.37		-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
1, detached or attached2 or more	69 63	69 63	69 63	69 63	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile home, trailer, or other	2 52	2 52	2 52	2 52	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean value (dollars)	143 300 64	143 300 64	143 300 64	143 300 64	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean contract rent (dollars)	357	357	357	357	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
/ALUE	450	450	450	450								
Specified owner-occupied housing unitsess than \$20,000	159	159	159 —	159 —	-	_	_	_	_	_	=	_
20,000 to \$29,999		-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
40,000 to \$49,99950,000 to \$59,999	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 5	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
60,000 to \$69,999	9	9 11	9 11	9 11	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
80,000 to \$89,999	20 12	20 12	20 12	20 12	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
:100,000 to \$124,999	16	16	16	16	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
i125,000 to \$149,999 i150,000 to \$174,999	21 17	21 17	21 17	21 17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
175,000 to \$199,999	8 7	8 7	8	8 7	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
250,000 to \$299,999	10	10	10	10 9	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
400,000 to \$499,999	8 8	8 4	8	8	=	=	=	=	=	_		=
Median (dollars)	130 400 170 000	130 400 170 000	130 400 170 000	130 400 170 000	-	=		-	_	_	=	_
Mean (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median (dollars)	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	=	_
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing unitsess than \$100	<b>391</b> 22	<b>391</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>391</b> 22	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	17 12	22 17 12	22 17 12	17 12	_	-	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_
200 to \$249	11 20	11 20	11	11 20	_	_		_	_	_	=	
300 to \$349	20 27 42	27 42	20 27 42	27 42	-	=	_	-	_	=	_	
350 to \$399	39	39	39	39	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$450 to \$499 \$500 to \$549	27 41	27 41	27 41	27 41	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
550 to \$5996600 to \$649	27 17	27 17	27 17	27 17	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_
6650 to \$699	18	18 14	18 14	18 14	=	=	=	=	_	=	Ξ	=
750 to \$999	21	21	21 30	21	-	=	-	-	_	_	_	
1,000 or more	30 6	30 6	6	30 6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Aedian (dollars)	454 501	454 501	454 501	454 501	-	-	_	-	_	_	=	
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>391</b> 11	<b>391</b> 11	<b>391</b> 11	<b>391</b> 11	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	374 6	374	374 6	374 6	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
												<u> </u>

Table 25. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

				ı	Urban					Rui	ral	
District of Columbia			Inside	e urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	4 070	4 070	4 070	4 070	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 162	1 162	1 162	1 162	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Under 25 years	39 211	39 211	39 211	39 211	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
35 to 44 years	288 240	288 240	288 240	288 240	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	190 120	190 120	190 120	190 120	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
75 years and over	74 2 908	2 908	74 <b>2 908</b>	74 <b>2 908</b>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Under 25 years	408 1 020	408 1 020	408 1 020	408 1 020	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
35 to 44 years	613 344	613 344	613 344	613 344	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	243 163	243 163	243 163	243 163	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
75 years and over	117	117	117	117	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	<b>474</b> 219 .52	<b>474</b> 219 .52	<b>474</b> 219 .52	<b>474</b> 219 .52	=	=	=	<u>-</u> -	_	=	=	=
Units in structure:  1, detached or attached	157	157	157	157								
2 or more	310 7	310	310 7	310	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	129	129 227 900	129	129	-	_	=	_	_	=	_	=
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	227 900 280	280	227 900 280	227 900 280	-	_	_	=	_	_	_	=
Mean contract rent (dollars)  VALUE	281	281	281	281	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Specified owner-occupied housing units	622	622	622	622	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$20,000	5 11	5 11	5 11	5 11	_			_			_	-
\$30,000 to \$39,999\$40,000 to \$49,999	4 4	4 4	4 4	4 4	-	_	_	_		_	_	-
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999	5 14	5 14	5 14	5 14	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999	12 20	12 20	12	12 20	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	23 53	23 53	20 23 53	23 53	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$125,000 to \$149,999	39	39	39	39	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999	34 30	34 30	34 30	34 30	-	_	_	_		_	_	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	71 80	71 80	71 80	71 80	_			_			_	-
\$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999	98 46	98 46	98 46	98 46	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$500,000 or more	73 240 100	73 240 100	73 240 100	73 240 100	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mean (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	266 700	266 700 1	266 700 1	266 700 1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Median (dollars)	10 000 <u>-</u> 9 000	10 000 <del>-</del> 9 000	10 000- 9 000	10 000 <del>-</del> 9 000	-	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	-
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 899	2 899	2 899	2 899	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	84 64	84 64	84 64	84 64	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$150 to \$199\$200 to \$249	63 44	63 44	63 44	63 44	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
\$250 to \$299\$300 to \$349	78 120	78 120	78 120	78 120	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449	160 208	160 208	160 208	160 208	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$450 to \$499\$500 to \$549	255 297	255 297	255 297	255 297	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	254 225	254 225	254 225	254 225	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
\$650 to \$699	180	180	180	180	-	_	=	=	_	_	_	-
\$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	167 363 244	167 363 244	167 363	167 363 244	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
\$1,000 or moreNo cash rent	93	93	244 93	93	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Median (dollars)	556 596	556 596	556 596	556 596	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent	2 899	2 899	<b>2 899</b>	<b>2 899</b>	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	2 797 93	2 797 93	2 797 93	2 797 93	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	=

# Table 26. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

		Urban								Rur	al	
District of Columbia			Inside	urbanized area	ı	Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	10 455	10 455	10 455	10 455	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 909 2 034 1 094 602 397 214	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 909 2 034 1 094 602 397 214	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 909 2 034 1 094 602 397 214	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 903 1 094 602 397 214	-	-	-			-	-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units  1-person households  Mean number of persons per room Units in structure:  1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other Specified owner Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	-	- - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -
VALUE												
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	-	-	- - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - - - -
\$125,000 to \$149,999	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	-		-		-	-	-	
CONTRACT RENT												
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	-	-	-		-	-	-	- - - - - - - - -
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent. Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	- - - - - - -	-	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	8 268 111 7 992 165	8 268 111 7 992 165	8 268 111 7 992 165	8 268 111 7 992 165	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ 

Table 27. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

				l	Urban					Rur	ral	
District of Columbia	-		Inside	urbanized area		Outsi	de urbanized a	rea				
Urban and Rural and Size of Place	The State	Total	Total	Central place	Urban fringe	Total	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Total	Place of 1,000 to 2,499	Place of less than 1,000	Other rural
Occupied housing units	83 580	83 580	83 580	83 580	-	-	_	-	1	-	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	39 588	39 588	39 588	39 588	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Under 25 years	459 6 122	459 6 122 10 351	459 6 122	459 6 122 10 351	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	=
35 to 44 years	10 351 8 200	8 200	10 351 8 200	8 200	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	5 053 4 592	5 053 4 592	5 053 4 592	5 053 4 592	-	_	=	-	_	_	_	-
75 years and over	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	-	_	=	-	_	_	_	-
Under 25 years	6 178 16 495	6 178 16 495	6 178 16 495	6 178 16 495	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
35 to 44 years	8 462 3 936	8 462 3 936	8 462 3 936	8 462 3 936	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	2 652 2 764	2 652 2 764	2 652 2 764	2 652 2 764	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
75 years and over	3 505	3 505	3 505	3 505	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	-	_	_	- -	-	_	_	-
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.30	.30	.30	.30	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
1, detached or attached2 or more	6 354 9 085	6 354 9 085	6 354 9 085	6 354 9 085	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	233 5 599	233 5 599	233 5 599	233 5 599	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	321 600 6 249	321 600 6 249	321 600 6 249	321 600 6 249	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mean contract rent (dollars)	578	578	578	578	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 959	22 959	22 959	22 959		_					_	
ess than \$20,000	28 20	28 20	28 20	28 20	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$30,000 to \$39,999	16 34	16 34	16 34	16 34	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	-
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	53	53	53	53	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	=
\$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999	110 205	110 205	110 205	110 205	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	=
\$80,000 to \$89,999	255 385 841	255 385 841	255 385 841	255 385 841	-	_	_	_ _ _	_	_	_	-
\$100,000 to \$124,999					-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999	971 1 008	971 1 008	971 1 008	971 1 008	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
\$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	1 091 2 401	1 091 2 401	1 091 2 401	1 091 2 401	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999\$300,000 to \$399,999	3 134 4 926	3 134 4 926	3 134 4 926	3 134 4 926	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	2 599 4 882	2 599 4 882	2 599 4 882	2 599 4 882	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Median (dollars)Mean (dollars)	318 800 344 400	318 800 344 400	318 800 344 400	318 800 344 400	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers Median (dollars)	75 000+	75 000+	<b>11</b> 75 000+	<b>11</b> 75 000+	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mean (dollars)	155 600	155 600	155 600	155 600	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
CONTRACT RENT	42.000	40.000	40.000	40.000								
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>43 829</b>	<b>43 829</b> 123	<b>43 829</b> 123	<b>43 829</b> 123	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	135 169	135 169	135 169	135 169	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
\$200 to \$249\$250 to \$299	423 754	423 754	423 754	423 754	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 271 1 926	1 271 1 926	1 271 1 926	1 271 1 926	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$400 to \$449 \$450 to \$499	2 388 2 900	2 388 2 900	2 388 2 900	2 388 2 900	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
\$500 to \$549	3 715	3 715	3 715	3 715	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	3 425 3 565	3 425 3 565	3 425 3 565	3 425 3 565	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749	3 268 2 659	3 268 2 659	3 268 2 659	3 268 2 659	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	8 670 7 238	8 670 7 238	8 670 7 238	8 670 7 238	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
No cash rent Median (dollars)	1 200 658	1 200 658	1 200 658	1 200 658	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Mean (dollars)	723	723	723	723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT	40.000	42,000	42.000	42 000								
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent	<b>43 829</b> 752 41 877	<b>43 829</b> 752 41 877	<b>43 829</b> 752 41 877	<b>43 829</b> 752 41 877	<u>-</u>	_	=	- -	_	_	-	-
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 200	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 28. Occupancy, Structural Characteristics, and Age of Householder: 1990

[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see tex				Inside metrop	olitan area				Out	side metropolita	n area	
District of Columbia					Not in cent	ral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	n				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urban- ized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urban- ized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
All housing units	278 489	278 489	278 489	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
POPULATION												
All persons Persons in occupied housing units	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	<b>606 900</b> 565 183	-	-	_	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Per occupied housing unitOwner-occupied housing units	2.26 242 541	2.26 242 541	2.26 242 541	-	_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_ _
Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	2.50 322 642 2.12	2.50 322 642 2.12	2.50 322 642 2.12		- - -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	<b>249 634</b> 97 108	_	<u>-</u> -	-	_	_	_		_	
Percent of occupied housing units White	38.9 40 805	38.9 40 805	38.9 40 805	-	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	_	_ _	_	_ _
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander	54 332 217 1 162	54 332 217 1 162	54 332 217 1 162	_	_	_ _ _			_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other race	592	592 2 141	592	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin Renter-occupied housing units	39 588 152 526	39 588 152 526	39 588 152 526	_	_ _ _	_ _ _			_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
White	47 490 98 024	47 490 98 024	47 490 98 024	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander	395 2 908	395 2 908	395 2 908	_	_	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_
Other race  Hispanic origin (of any race)  White, not of Hispanic origin	3 709 8 314 43 992	3 709 8 314 43 992	3 709 8 314 43 992	-	- - -	=	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
VACANCY STATUS												
Vacant housing units For sale only	<b>28 855</b> 3 119	<b>28 855</b> 3 119	<b>28 855</b> 3 119	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
For rentRented or sold, not occupied	13 000 3 788	13 000 3 788	13 000 3 788	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional useFor migrant workers	1 575 88	1 575 88	1 575 88	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_ _
Other vacantBoarded up	7 285 2 577	7 285 2 577	7 285 2 577	_	_ _	_		_	_	_ _	_	_
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
All housing units1, detached	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	<b>278 489</b> 34 602	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1, attached 2 3 or 4	71 321 8 773 21 926	71 321 8 773 21 926	71 321 8 773 21 926	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_	_ _ _	_
5 to 9 10 to 19	20 783 37 152	20 783 37 152	20 783 37 152	_		_		_	_		_	
20 to 49 50 or more	20 113 60 972	20 113 60 972	20 113 60 972	-				_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _
Mobile home or trailerOther	82 2 765 <b>97 108</b>	82 2 765 <b>97 108</b>	82 2 765 <b>97 108</b>	-	_ _ _	- -	- -	- - -	_ _ _	- -	- - -	_ _
Owner-occupied housing units	28 125 48 542	28 125 48 542	28 125 48 542	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	=	_
2	1 590 1 456	1 590 1 456	1 590 1 456	_	_ _	_		_	-	_ _	_	_ _
5 or more	16 720 31	16 720 31	16 720 31	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_ _
Other  Renter-occupied housing units  1, detached	644 <b>152 526</b> 4 593	644 <b>152 526</b> 4 593	644 <b>152 526</b> 4 593	=	_ _ _	- -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- -	_ _ _	_ 
1, attached	16 907 5 980	16 907 5 980	16 907 5 980	_		_		_	_		_	
3 or 4 5 to 9	17 552 16 251	17 552 16 251	17 552 16 251	-				_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _
10 to 19	30 087 14 880	30 087 14 880	30 087 14 880	-	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	
50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	44 534 33 1 709	44 534 33 1 709	44 534 33 1 709	_	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _	_	_ _ _	_	_ _ _
Occupied housing units	249 634	249 634	249 634	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	<b>97 108</b> 1 149	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	10 956 20 626 18 548	10 956 20 626 18 548	10 956 20 626 18 548			- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_	_	_ _ _	_ _
45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years	17 250 16 492	17 250 16 492	17 250 16 492	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _			_ _ _	_ _ _
75 years and over	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	12 087 <b>152 526</b>	_		_	_	_	_		_	_
Under 25 years25 to 34 years	14 143 44 973	14 143 44 973	14 143 44 973	=	_ _	_	- -	_ _			_	_
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years	33 610 20 287 15 565	33 610 20 287 15 565	33 610 20 287 15 565	_		_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	13 795 10 153	13 795 10 153	13 795 10 153	=		=	_	_	_		=	=
					<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>		1		

## Table 29. Utilization Characteristics: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area					Inside	Outside			Inside	Place of	Place of	
	The State	Total	In central city	Total	urbanized area	urbanized area	Rural	Total	urbanized area	10,000 or more	2,500 to 9,999	Rural
ROOMS												
All housing units  1 room	278 489 22 830	<b>278 489</b> 22 830	<b>278 489</b> 22 830	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
2 rooms 3 rooms	31 204 59 243	31 204 59 243	31 204 59 243	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 rooms5 rooms	47 309 32 506	47 309 32 506	47 309 32 506	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
6 rooms	32 624	32 624	32 624	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7 rooms 8 rooms	20 457 14 298	20 457 14 298	20 457 14 298	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
9 or more rooms	18 018 4.0	18 018 4.0	18 018 4.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108	97 108	97 108	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
1 room 2 rooms	1 194 2 933	1 194 2 933	1 194 2 933	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3 rooms 4 rooms	8 371 8 951	8 371 8 951	8 371 8 951	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
5 rooms6 rooms	12 137 22 008	12 137 22 008	12 137 22 008	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
7 rooms	15 400	15 400	15 400	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
8 rooms 9 or more rooms	11 362 14 752	11 362 14 752	11 362 14 752	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median  Renter-occupied housing units	6.2 <b>152 526</b>	6.2 <b>152 526</b>	6.2 <b>152 526</b>	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
1 room2 rooms	19 252 24 803	19 252 24 803	19 252 24 803	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
3 rooms	43 677	43 677	43 677	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	-	_
4 rooms5 rooms	32 472 16 617	32 472 16 617	32 472 16 617	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	-
6 rooms 7 rooms	7 784 3 698	7 784 3 698	7 784 3 698	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
8 rooms 9 or more rooms	2 070	2 070	2 070	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Median	2 153 3.2	2 153 3.2	2 153 3.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
DURATION OF VACANCY												
Vacant-for-sale-only housing units Less than 2 months	<b>3 119</b> 491	<b>3 119</b> 491	<b>3 119</b> 491	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 up to 6 months	1 041	1 041	1 041	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 or more months	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	1 587 <b>13 000</b>	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Less than 2 months2 up to 6 months	3 374 5 273	3 374 5 273	3 374 5 273	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
6 or more months	4 353	4 353	4 353	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
PERSONS IN UNIT												
Owner-occupied housing units  1 person	<b>97 108</b> 30 797	<b>97 108</b> 30 797	<b>97 108</b> 30 797	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
2 persons3 persons	30 041 15 004	30 041 15 004	30 041 15 004	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
4 persons	10 531 5 293	10 531 5 293	10 531 5 293	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
5 persons6 persons	2 615	2 615	2 615	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
7 or more persons	2 827 2.09	2 827 2.09	2 827 2.09	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units1 person	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	<b>152 526</b> 72 829	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 persons3 persons	37 179 18 494	37 179 18 494	37 179 18 494	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 persons	11 856	11 856	11 856	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
5 persons6 persons	6 115 3 022	6 115 3 022	6 115 3 022	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
7 or more personsMedian	3 031 1.59	3 031 1.59	3 031 1.59	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108	97 108	97 108	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75	75 265 11 720	75 265 11 720	75 265 11 720	_	_	_	_	] =	_	-	_	_
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	6 798 2 095	6 798 2 095	6 798 2 095	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1.51 or more Mean	1 230 .40	1 230 .40	1 230 .40	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units	152 526	152 526	152 526	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
0.51 to 0.75	81 251 22 865	81 251 22 865	81 251 22 865	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	31 148 7 432	31 148 7 432	31 148 7 432	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1.51 or more Mean	9 830 .62	9 830 .62	9 830 .62	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Occupied housing units	249 634	249 634	249 634	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	52 527	52 527	52 527	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_
1-person households Mean number of persons per room	27 237	27 237	27 237 .39	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Units in structure: 1, detached or attached	26 747	26 747	26 747		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 or more	25 170	25 170	25 170	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	610 22 445	610 22 445	610 22 445	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	168 000 23 764	168 000 23 764	168 000 23 764	_		_	-	-	_		_	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	371 878	371 878	371 878		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Mean contract rent (dollars)	706	706	706	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
No meals included in rent No cash rent	22 475 411	22 475 411	22 475 411	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	-	-					·	I		1		

### Table 30. Financial Characteristics: 1990

		Inside metropolitan area							Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
VALUE												
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$50,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - -			- - - - - - - -		-
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$275,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$79,999 \$200,000 to \$149,999 \$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$299,999 \$40,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$299,999	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 14 300 1 687 6 20 20 58 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 218 400	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 1 667 6 20 58 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 31 75 000+	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 1 687 6 20 20 20 588 204 4240 353 353 3114 48 424 143 500 218 400 218 400 218 75 000+ 127 400		-							
\$\text{Specified renter-occupied housing units}\$\text{Less than \$100}\$ \$100 to \$149\$ \$150 to \$199\$ \$200 to \$249\$ \$250 to \$299\$ \$300 to \$349\$ \$350 to \$399\$ \$400 to \$449\$ \$450 to \$499\$ \$500 to \$549\$	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369		- - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - -			-		-
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$689 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more Median (dollars)  Specified vacant-for-rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$4400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$500 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 <b>12 957</b> 659 719 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 481 521	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 12 957 659 719 970 2 351 2 169 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 1 775 481 521	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 12 957 659 971 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 5 481 521									
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT	454 400	454 400	454 400									
Specified renter-occupied housing units	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	

Table 31. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	88 295	88 295	88 295	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	162 442 1.84 82 549 2.02 79 893 1.68	162 442 1.84 82 549 2.02 79 893 1.68	162 442 1.84 82 549 2.02 79 893 1.68	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	1	- - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	40 805 46.2 47 490	40 805 46.2 47 490	40 805 46.2 47 490	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units  1, detached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	88 295 15 136 17 099 3 182 4 095 3 842 4 483 7 492 31 951 16 999	88 295 15 136 17 099 3 182 4 095 3 842 4 483 7 492 31 951 16	88 295 15 136 17 099 3 182 4 095 3 842 4 483 7 492 31 951 16 999	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -		-		- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - -
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   Median   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   7 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   9 or mor	40 805 817 1 837 4 911 4 722 4 517 6 027 4 932 4 596 8 446 6.1 47 490 8 060 9 358 13 3415 7 498 3 378 2 260 1 394 958 1 169 3.0	40 805 817 1 837 4 911 4 722 4 517 6 027 4 932 4 596 8 446 6.1 47 490 9 358 13 415 7 498 3 378 2 260 1 394 958 1 169 3.0	40 805 817 1 837 4 911 4 722 4 517 6 027 4 932 4 596 8 466 9 358 13 415 7 498 3 378 2 260 1 394 958 1 169 3 3.0									
PERSONS IN UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units	40 805 16 940 14 008 4 696 3 304 1 225 415 217 1.75 47 490 28 633 11 859 3 296 2 048 953 404 297 1.50-	40 805 16 940 14 008 4 696 3 304 1 225 415 217 1.75 47 490 28 633 11 859 2 048 953 404 297 1.50—	40 805 16 9408 4 696 3 304 1 225 415 217 1.75 47 490 28 633 31 829 2 048 953 404 297 1.50—		-			111111111111111111111111111111111111111		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
PERSONS PER ROOM	40.00-	40.005	40.00=									
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.51 or more  Mean  1.51 or more  Mean  Mean  Mean	40 805 36 199 2 917 1 423 113 153 .33 47 490 29 743 5 861 9 729 1 588 .51	40 805 36 199 2 917 1 423 113 153 33 47 490 29 743 5 861 9 729 1 588 .51	40 805 36 199 2 917 1 423 113 153 .33 47 490 29 743 5 861 9 729 569 1 588 .51		-		-		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Table 32. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	inized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	152 356	152 356	152 356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units	378 348 2.48 154 294 2.84 224 054 2.29	378 348 2.48 154 294 2.84 224 054 2.29	378 348 2.48 154 294 2.84 224 054 2.29	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	54 332 35.7 98 024	54 332 35.7 98 024	54 332 35.7 98 024	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units  1, detached 1, attached	152 356 16 894 47 142 4 156 14 467 13 610 26 645 8 992 19 203 46 1 201	152 356 16 894 47 142 4 156 14 467 13 610 26 645 8 992 19 203 46 1 201	152 356 16 894 47 142 4 156 14 467 13 610 26 645 8 992 19 203 46 1 201	- - - - - - -	-		- - - - - - - -	1111111111	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - - -
Owner-occupied housing units	54 332	54 332	54 332	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 room	3 249 928 3 165 3 994 7 426 15 717 10 237 6 579 6 037 6 6.2 98 024 9 039 13 673 24 269 12 920 12 920 1 043 1	249 928 3 185 3 994 7 426 15 717 10 237 6 579 6 037 6.2 98 024 9 033 24 269 12 920 5 378 2 212 1 043 917 3.4	249 928 3165 3 994 17 10 237 6 579 6 037 6 037 6 22 98 024 9 039 13 673 24 269 12 920 1 043 917 3.4							-		
PERSONS IN UNIT												
Owner-occupied housing units   2 persons   3 persons   5 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   8 persons   7 or more persons   6 person   7 person   7 person   7 person   8 person   7 person	54 332 13 255 15 530 10 034 6 979 3 932 2 119 2 473 2.40 98 024 41 868 23 625 14 123 8 935 4 664 2 371 2 438 1.80	54 332 13 265 15 530 10 034 6 979 3 932 2 119 2 473 2	54 332 13 265 15 530 10 034 6 979 3 932 2 119 2 473 2.40 98 024 41 868 23 625 14 123 8 935 4 664 2 371 2 438 1.80						- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-		
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean	54 332 37 879 8 532 5 133 1 855 933 .45 98 024 49 703 16 301 19 573 6 204 6 243 .64	54 332 37 879 8 532 5 133 1 855 98 024 49 703 16 301 19 573 6 204 6 243 .64	54 332 37 879 8 532 5 133 1 855 933 .45 98 024 49 703 16 301 19 573 6 204 6 243 .64									

## Table 33. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		_
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	inized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	612	612	612	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	217 35.5 395	217 35.5 395	217 35.5 395	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 —	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 -	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	-	-	- - - - - - - -
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   Median   2 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   7 rooms   7 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   9 or mor	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 58 44 17 11 9 6 3.0	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 89 98 44 17 11 9 6 3.0	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 58 44 117 111 9 6 3.0	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				
Dwner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 persons   5 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   6 persons   7 person   7 per	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 9 8 6	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 566 30 9 8 6 1.72	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Renter-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.51 or more Mean  1.51 or more Mean  Renter-occupied housing units 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.51 to more Mean	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			- - - - - - - - - -

Table 34. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area					Urba	an				Outside urba	inized area	
Alea	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	4 070	4 070	4 070	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 162 28.6 2 908	1 162 28.6 2 908	1 162 28.6 2 908	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2 61	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2 61	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2 61	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	-	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - -		-	- - - - - - - -
ROOMS												
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   5 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms	1 162 84 1119 179 136 105 139 130 162 5.1 2 908 932 2 700 675 309 120 65 39 30 30 30 38 2.2	1 162 84 119 179 136 105 139 130 182 152 5.1 2 908 932 700 675 309 120 65 39 30 38 2.2	1 162 84 119 179 136 105 139 130 108 162 5.1 2 908 932 2 700 675 309 120 65 39 30 30 38 2.2	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				
Owner-occupied housing units   1   person	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 806 334 211 126 37 43 1.63	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 806 334 211 126 37 43 1.63	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 1 351 1 212 211 126 37 43 1.63			-						
PERSONS PER ROOM												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 162 773 156 132 47 54 .47 2 908 937 334 937 179 481 .80	1 162 773 156 132 47 54 47 2 908 977 334 937 179 481 .80	1 162 773 156 132 47 54 47 2 908 977 334 937 179 481 .80			-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			- - - - - - - - - - -

#### Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: Table 35. 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	10 455	10 455	10 455	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
POPULATION												
Persons in occupied housing units  Per occupied housing unit  Owner-occupied housing units  Per owner-occupied housing unit  Per renter-occupied housing unit	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -		- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	2 141 20.5 8 314	2 141 20.5 8 314	2 141 20.5 8 314	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -			- - -	_ _ _
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1 154	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1 154		-		- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -			-	-
ROOMS	2 141	2 141	2 141									
Owner-occupied housing units	2 141 126 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.11 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 922 383 186 101 56 77 2.3	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 422 2 082 922 383 186 101 56 77 2.3	2 141 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 922 383 186 101 56 77 2.3									
Owner-occupied housing units   1   person   2   persons   3   persons   4   persons   5   persons   6   persons   7   or more persons   Median   Renter-occupied housing units   1   person   2   persons   3   persons   3   persons   3   persons   5   persons   5   persons   5   persons   5   persons   5   persons   5   persons   6   persons   7   or more persons   7   persons   7	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419	2 141 593 563 288 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419		-				1			
PERSONS PER ROOM	2.34	2.34	2.34		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09				- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		-

Table 36. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area			In central		Inside urbanized	Outside urbanized			Inside urbanized	Place of 10,000 or	Place of 2,500 to	
	The State	Total	city	Total	area	area	Rural	Total	area	more	9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	83 580	83 580	83 580	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
POPULATION	450 500	450 500	450 500									
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units	150 592 1.80 79 432	150 592 1.80 79 432	150 592 1.80 79 432		_	_	-			_	- -	_
Per owner-occupied housing unit	2.01 71 160	2.01 71 160	2.01 71 160	_	_ 	_	_	_		_	_	
Per renter-occupied housing unit	1.62	1.62	1.62	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
TENURE	39 588	39 588	39 588			_	_					
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	47.4 43 992	47.4 43 992	47.4 43 992	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	_ _ _			-	_ _ _
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
Occupied housing units1, detached	<b>83 580</b> 14 737	<b>83 580</b> 14 737	<b>83 580</b> 14 737	_	_ _	_	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	_
1, attached2	16 510 3 059	16 510 3 059	16 510 3 059	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
3 or 45 to 9	3 905 3 616	3 905 3 616	3 905 3 616		_ _	_	_		_ _	_	_ _	_
10 to 19	4 058 6 752	4 058 6 752	4 058 6 752	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 or more	29 981 15 947	29 981 15 947	29 981 15 947	_	_	-	-		_	_	_	=
ROOMS	547	347	541	_	_		_	_		_		_
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>39 588</b> 741	<b>39 588</b> 741	<b>39 588</b> 741	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_
2 rooms 3 rooms	1 729 4 709	1 729 4 709	1 729 4 709		_ _	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
4 rooms5 rooms	4 555 4 390	4 555 4 390	4 555 4 390	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_		_	_
6 rooms 7 rooms	5 873 4 801	5 873 4 801	5 873 4 801	_	_	_	_		_	-	_	_
8 rooms 9 or more rooms	4 499 8 291	4 499 8 291	4 499 8 291	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Median  Renter-occupied housing units  1 room	6.1 <b>43 992</b> 7 043	6.1 <b>43 992</b> 7 043	6.1 <b>43 992</b> 7 043	_ 	_	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	_
2 rooms 3 rooms	8 494 12 551	8 494 12 551	8 494 12 551	_	=	=	_	_	-	_	_	=
4 rooms5 rooms	7 096 3 233	7 096 3 233	7 096 3 233		_ _	_	_		_	_	_	_
6 rooms 7 rooms	2 172 1 347	2 172 1 347	2 172 1 347	_	_ _	_	_		_	_ _	_	_ _
8 rooms 9 or more rooms Median	937 1 119 3.0	937 1 119 3.0	937 1 119 3.0		_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
PERSONS IN UNIT	0.0	3.0	0.0									
Owner-occupied housing units	39 588	39 588	39 588	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	16 528 13 636 4 541	16 528 13 636 4 541	16 528 13 636 4 541		_ _ _	_	_		_	_	_	_ _ _
4 persons5 persons	3 179 1 162	3 179 1 162	3 179 1 162	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
6 persons 7 or more persons	384 158	384 158	384 158		_ _	_	_		_ _	_	_ _	_
Median Renter-occupied housing units	1.74 <b>43 992</b>	1.74 <b>43 992</b>	1.74 <b>43 992</b>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1 person 2 persons 2 perso	27 242 11 032 2 817	27 242 11 032 2 817	27 242 11 032 2 817	_ _ _	_	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	-	-	-	_
3 persons 4 persons 5 persons	1 726 744	1 726 744	1 726 744	_	_	Ξ	=	_	_	_	_	Ξ
6 persons 7 or more persons	284 147	284 147	284 147		_ _	_	_		_		_	_ _
Median	1.50-	1.50-	1.50–	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
PERSONS PER ROOM  Owner-occupied housing units	39 588	39 588	39 588	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75	35 400 2 775	35 400 2 775	35 400 2 775		_	<u>-</u>	_ _		_		-	
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	1 266 59	1 266 59	1 266 59		_	_	_				_	_ _
1.51 or more	.32 .32	.32 .32	.32	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75	43 992 28 632 5 498	43 992 28 632 5 498	<b>43 992</b> 28 632 5 498	- -	=	<u>-</u> -	- -	_ _ _	-	=	<u>-</u>	_
0.76 to 1.75	8 766 321	8 766 321	8 766 321		=	_ _ _	_ 	_ _ _			-	_ _ _
1.51 or more	775 .48	775 .48	775 .48	_		_	_				_	_ _

Table 37. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	anized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	88 295	88 295	88 295	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>40 805</b> 481	<b>40 805</b> 481	<b>40 805</b> 481	<u>-</u>	-	-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	_
25 to 34 years	6 340 10 650	6 340 10 650	6 340 10 650	-	<u>-</u>	-	_	_ _	_	_	_	_
45 to 54 years55 to 64 years	8 472 5 239	8 472 5 239	8 472 5 239	-	_	-	_	-	_		- - - - - -	_
65 to 74 ýears 75 years and over	4 718 4 905	4 718 4 905	4 718 4 905	-	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
Renter-occupied housing units  Jnder 25 years	<b>47 490</b> 6 606	<b>47 490</b> 6 606	<b>47 490</b> 6 606	-	<u>-</u>	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
25 to 34 years	17 739 9 232	17 739 9 232	17 739 9 232	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
45 to 54 years	4 415	4 415	4 415	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years65	2 935 2 939	2 935 2 939	2 935 2 939	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_ _	_
75 years and over HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	3 624	3 624	3 624	-	=	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Occupied housing units	16 186	16 186	16 186	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1-person households	10 339	10 339 .30	10 339	_	_	-	_	_	_	_ _	_	_
Units in structure:  1, detached or attached	6 505	6 505	6 505	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 or more	9 442 239	9 442 239	9 442 239	_	_	-1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Specified owner	5 715 321 600	5 715 321 600	5 715 321 600	=	=	=	-	=	_	=	_	=
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	6 543	6 543	6 543	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	- - -	_
Mean contract rent (dollars)  VALUE	574	574	574	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Specified owner-occupied housing units	23 553	23 553	23 553	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999	29 20	29 20	29 20	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	16 39	16 39	16 39	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$50,000 to \$59,999\$60,000 to \$69,999	54 118	54 118	54 118	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
\$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999	215 273	215 273	215 273	_	-	-	_	-	=	-	_	_
\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	407 883	407 883	407 883	=	=	=	_ _ _	=	_	_	_	Ξ
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1 011	1 011	1 011	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999	1 034 1 123	1 034 1 123	1 034	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	2 462 3 221	2 462 3 221	2 462 3 221	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
\$300,000 to \$399,999	5 033	5 033	5 033	-	=	-	-	_	_	_	-	=
\$400,000 to \$499,999\$500,000 or more	2 642 4 973	2 642 4 973	2 642 4 973	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	317 300 343 200	317 300 343 200	317 300 343 200	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_ _	_
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers Median (dollars)	75 000+	<b>11</b> 75 000+	75 000+	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	Ξ	_
Mean (dollars)	155 600	155 600	155 600	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
CONTRACT RENT	47 305	47 305	47 205									
Specified renter-occupied housing units	144	144	<b>47 305</b>	-	=	-	_	_	_	_	-	=
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	151 189	151 189	151 189	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$200 to \$249\$250 to \$299	482 877	482 877	482 877	- - - - - - -	_	_	_	_	_	_	- - - - - -	_
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 447 2 163	1 447 2 163	1 447 2 163	-	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
\$400 to \$449 \$450 to \$499	2 703 3 258	2 703 3 258	2 703 3 258	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
\$500 to \$549	4 111	4 111	4 111	-	_	-	-	-	_	Ξ	-	=
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	3 753 3 872	3 753 3 872	3 753 3 872	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_ _	
\$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749	3 492 2 808	3 492 2 808	3 492 2 808	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	9 060 7 514	9 060 7 514	9 060 7 514	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
No cash rent	1 281	1 281	1 281	=	=	-	-	-	_	_	-	=
Median (dollars)	648 714	648 714	648 714	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	_
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent	<b>47 305</b>	<b>47 305</b> 797	<b>47 305</b> 797	_	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	_	_	_	_
No meals included in rent	45 227 1 281	45 227 1 281	45 227 1 281	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-

Table 38. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	ın				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central city	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	152 356	152 356	152 356	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	54 332 602 4 271 9 438 9 676 11 715 11 569 7 061 98 024	54 332 602 4 271 9 438 9 676 11 715 11 569 7 061 98 024	54 332 602 4 271 9 438 9 676 11 715 11 569 7 061 98 024	-	- - - - -	- - - - - -	-		- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	-
Under 25 years	6 583 24 780 22 716 14 955 12 135 10 509 6 346	6 583 24 780 22 716 14 955 12 135 10 509 6 346	6 583 24 780 22 716 14 955 12 135 10 509 6 346	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -		- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	<b>35 485</b> 16 491 .43	<b>35 485</b> 16 491 .43	<b>35 485</b> 16 491 .43	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	- - -	- - -	- - -	<u>-</u> - -	- - -
1, detached or attached	19 959 15 170 356 16 505 114 500 16 693 294	19 959 15 170 356 16 505 114 500 16 693 294	19 959 15 170 356 16 505 114 500 16 693 294	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -
VALUE												
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	46 821 231 214 354 749 1 632 3 604 5 513 6 547 6 639 8 198	46 821 231 214 354 749 1 632 3 604 5 513 6 547 6 639 8 198	46 821 231 214 354 749 1 632 3 604 5 513 6 547 6 639 8 198	-	- - - - - - - - - -	-	-	11111111	-	- - - - - - - -	-	-
\$125,000 to \$149,999	4 653 2 796 1 773 1 556 919 752 342 349 96 900 118 800 19 75 000+ 117 400	4 653 2 796 1 773 1 556 919 752 342 349 96 900 118 800 19 75 000+ 117 400	4 653 2 796 1 773 1 556 919 752 342 349 96 900 118 800 19 75 000+ 117 400				-			-	-	
CONTRACT RENT												
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	97 177 7 112 5 784 4 095 5 408 7 506 11 825 13 673 10 821 8 454 6 472	97 177 7 112 5 784 4 095 5 408 7 506 11 825 13 673 10 821 8 454 6 472	97 177 7 112 5 784 4 095 5 408 7 506 11 825 13 673 10 821 8 454 6 472	-	- - - - - - - - -	-	-		- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-	-
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash trent Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	3 633 3 233 2 142 1 601 2 986 957 1 475 371 383	3 633 3 233 2 142 1 601 2 986 957 1 475 371 383	3 633 3 233 2 142 1 601 2 986 957 1 475 371 383	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	-	-	-	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	97 177 557 95 145 1 475	<b>97 177</b> 557 95 145 1 475	97 177 557 95 145 1 475	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - -

Table 39. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

				Inside metropo	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Area	The State	Total	In central	Total	Inside urbanized area	Outside urbanized area	Rural	Total	Inside urbanized area	Place of 10,000 or more	Place of 2,500 to 9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	612	612	612	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	"-	v. <u>-</u>	V.2									
	217	217	217									
Owner-occupied housing units Under 25 years	4 20	4 20	4 20	-	=	-	_	_	_	=	-	=
25 to 34 years	37 47	37 47	37 47	-1	=	-	_	_	_	_	-	=
55 to 64 years	39	39	39	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	45 25	45 25	45 25	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Renter-occupied housing units	395 26	395 26	395 26	-	=	-	_	_	_	_	_	=
25 to 34 years	107 89	107 89	107 89	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
45 to 54 years55 to 64 years	66 43	66 43	66 43	-	_	_	_	_		_	_	-
65 to 74 years	43 21	43 21	43 21	-	_ _	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	134	134	134	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1-person households Mean number of persons per room	75 .37	75 .37	75 .37	-	_	-	_	_		_ _	_	_
Units in structure:  1, detached or attached	69	69	69	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other	63 2	63 2	63 2	-	_	_	_	_			_	_
Specified owner Mean value (dollars)	52 143 300	52 143 300	52 143 300	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	64 357	64 357	64 357	-	_	-	_	_	_ _	_	_	-
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	159	159	159	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999	_		-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	_ 2	_	_ 2	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	=
\$50,000 to \$59,999\$60,000 to \$69,999	5 9	5 9	5 9	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$70,000 to \$79,999\$80,000 to \$89,999	11 20	11 20	11 20	-	=	-	-	_	=	=	-	=
\$90,000 to \$99,999\$100,000 to \$124,999	12 16	12 16	12 16	=	Ξ	- - -	- -	=	=	=	_	=
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999	21 17	21 17	21 17	-	_ _	-	_	_	_	_	_	=
\$175,000 to \$199,999\$200,000 to \$249,999	8 7	8 7	8 7	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999\$300,000 to \$399,999	10 9	10 9	10 9	-	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
\$400,000 to \$499,999\$500,000 or more	8 4	8 4	8 4	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Median (dollars)	130 400 170 000	130 400 170 000	130 400 170 000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers Median (dollars)	_	_	-	-	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	=
Mean (dollars)	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	391 22	<b>391</b> 22	<b>391</b> 22	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	=
\$100 to \$149\$150 to \$199	17 12	17 12	17 12	-	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	11 20	11 20	11 20	-	_	-	_	_	_		_	=
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	27 42	27 42	27 42	-	_	-	_	_		_	-	_
\$400 to \$449 \$450 to \$499	39 27	39 27	39 27	- - - - - -	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
\$500 to \$549	41	41	41	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	27 17	27 17	27 17	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
\$650 to \$699	18 18 14	18 14	18 18	- - -	_	=	-	-			_	=
\$750 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	21 30	21 30	21 30	- - -	_	-	-	-	_ _ _	_	_	_ 
No cash rent	6	6	6	-1	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	454 501	454 501	454 501	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	391	391	391	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
With meals included in rent	11 374	11 374	11 374	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
No cash rent	6	6	6	-		-	-	-	-	_	-	-

Table 40. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitar	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cen	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	an				Outside urba	ınized area	
Area			In central		Inside urbanized	Outside urbanized			Inside urbanized	Place of 10,000 or	Place of 2,500 to	
	The State	Total	city	Total	area	area	Rural	Total	area	more	9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	4 070	4 070	4 070	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>1 162</b> 39	<b>1 162</b> 39	<b>1 162</b> 39	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
25 to 34 years35 to 44 years	211 288	211 288	211 288	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
45 to 54 years55 to 64 years	240 190	240 190	240 190	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	120 74	120 74	120 74	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Renter-occupied housing units	<b>2 908</b> 408 1 020	2 908 408	<b>2 908</b> 408 1 020	- - -	=	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	- -	_	_	=
25 to 34 years	613 344	1 020 613 344	613 344	_	_	-	_ _ _	_	_ _ _	_	- - -	_
45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years	243 163	243 163	243 163	_	_	_	_ _ _	_	_	=	_	_
75 years and over	117	117	117	_	=	=	=	=	Ξ	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units	<b>474</b> 219	<b>474</b> 219	<b>474</b> 219	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	<u>-</u>
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.52	.52	.52	-	_	-	-	=	=	_	_	_
1, detached or attached 2 or more	157 310	157 310	157 310		_	-	_	-	<u> </u>	-	_	-
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	7 129	7 129	7 129	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	227 900 280	227 900 280	227 900 280	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Mean contract rent (dollars)	281	281	281	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	<b>622</b> 5	<b>622</b> 5	<b>622</b> 5	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$20,000 to \$29,999\$30,000 to \$39,999	11 4	11 4	11 4	_	_	_	_			_	_	_
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	4 5	4 5	4 5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999	14 12	14 12	14 12	_	_	_	_				_	_
\$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999	20 23	20 23	20 23	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$100,000 to \$124,999	53	53	53	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999	39 34	39 34	39 34	_	_	-	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_
\$175,000 to \$199,999\$200,000 to \$249,999	30 71	30 71	30 71	_	_	_	_				_	_
\$250,000 to \$299,999	80 98	80 98	80 98	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	46 73 240 100	46 73 240 100	46 73		_	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_	- - -	_
Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	266 700 1	266 700 1	240 100 266 700 <b>1</b>	_	=	=	- -	_	_	=	_	=
Median (dollars)	10 000 <del>-</del> 9 000	10 000 <del>-</del> 9 000	10 000- 9 000	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 899	2 899	2 899	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$100	84 64	84 64	84 64	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	63 44	63 44	63 44	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	78 120	78 120	78 120	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449	160 208	160 208	160 208	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
\$450 to \$499 \$500 to \$549	255 297	255 297	255 297	_	_	_	_			_ _	_	_
\$550 to \$599	254	254	254	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699	225 180	225 180	225 180	-	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
\$700 to \$749	167 363	167 363	167 363	_		-	-				_	_
\$1,000 or more No cash rent	244 93	244 93	244 93	_	_	_	_		_		_	_
Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	556 596	556 596	556 596	_	_	-	-		-		-	_
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 899	2 899	2 899	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
With meals included in rent	9 2 797	9 2 797	9 2 797	_	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
No cash rent	93	93	93	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	

## Table 41. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cent	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area					Urba	an				Outside urba	nized area	
Alta	Th. 01-1-	Total	In central	Total	Inside urbanized	Outside urbanized	Donal	Tatal	Inside urbanized	Place of 10,000 or	Place of 2,500 to	Dome
Occupied housing units	The State	Total 10 455	city 10 455	Total	area	area	Rural	Total	area	more	9,999	Rural
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	10 433	10 433	10 433									
Owner-occupied housing units	2 141	2 141	2 141	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Under 25 years25 to 34 years	50 377	50 377	50 377	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	597 445	597 445	597 445	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	328 201	328 201	328 201	_	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
75 years and over	143 <b>8 314</b>	143 <b>8 314</b> 1 064	143 <b>8 314</b> 1 064	_	_	-	- - -	-	-	_	-	_
Under 25 years	1 064 2 909 2 034	2 909 2 034	2 909		=	-	- - -	_	_	=	-	=
45 to 64 years	1 094 602	1 094 602	1 094 602	_	=	_	=	_	_	_	_	_
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	397 214	397 214	397 214	_	=	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units1-person households	<b>955</b> 492	<b>955</b> 492	<b>955</b> 492	<u>-</u>		_		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	_	_
Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached	.53 267	.53 267	.53 267	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 or more	674 14	674 14	674 14	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Specified owner Mean value (dollars)	206 242 600	206 242 600	206 242 600	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	
Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	608 406	608 406	608 406	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	1 207 4	1 207 4	1 <b>207</b> 4	_	=	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999		_ 2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	9 10	9 10	9 10	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999	35 50 82	35 50 82	35 50 82	- - -	=	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	-	_	- - -	_
\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	91 165	91 165	91 165	=	Ξ	-	=	_	=	Ξ	=	=
\$125,000 to \$149,999	105	105	105	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999	79 64	79 64	79 64	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999	105 110 138	105 110 138	105 110 138	_	=	_	- - -	_ _ _	_	_	- - -	_
\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	53 105	53 105	53 105		=	_	_ _ _	_	_	=	-	_
Median (dollars)	166 000 223 400	166 000 223 400	166 000 223 400	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers Median (dollars)	_ _	_	_	_	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	_
Mean (dollars) CONTRACT RENT	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Specified renter-occupied housing units	8 268	8 268	8 268	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$100\$100 to \$149\$150 to \$199	119 85 91	119 85 91	119 85 91	- -	=	_	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	- - -	_
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	170 362	170 362	170 362	- - -	=	_	_ _ _	_	_	=	-	_
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	591 738	591 738	591 738	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$400 to \$449 \$450 to \$499	995 933	995 933	995 933	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
\$500 to \$549	958	958	958	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	637 619	637 619	637 619	=	=	-	_	_	_	=	_	_
\$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	455 298 658	455 298 658	455 298 658	=	_	-	- - -	_ _	=	_	- - -	_
\$750 to \$999	394 165	394 165	394 165		=	-	_ _ _	_	_	=	-	_ _ _
Median (dollars)	498 537	498 537	498 537	-	- -	-	_	_ _	<u>-</u>	- -	_	
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent	<b>8 268</b> 111	<b>8 268</b> 111	<b>8 268</b> 111	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	7 992 165	7 992 165	7 992 165	_	_	-		_	_	_	- -	_

Table 42. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

				Inside metrop	olitan area				Outsi	de metropolitan	area	
District of Columbia					Not in cent	tral city				Urban		
Inside and Outside Metropolitan					Urba	ın				Outside urba	nized area	
Area			In central		Inside urbanized	Outside urbanized			Inside urbanized	Place of 10,000 or	Place of 2,500 to	
	The State	Total	city	Total	area	area	Rural	Total	area	more	9,999	Rural
Occupied housing units	83 580	83 580	83 580	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>39 588</b> 459	<b>39 588</b> 459	<b>39 588</b> 459	_	=	_	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>
25 to 34 years	6 122 10 351	6 122 10 351	6 122 10 351	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years	8 200 5 053 4 592	8 200 5 053 4 592	8 200 5 053 4 592	- - -	_	- - -	- - -	_	_	-	-	_
75 years and over	4 811 43 992	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	4 811 <b>43 992</b>	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	_	_	_	_	Ξ
Under 25 years25 to 34 years	6 178 16 495	6 178 16 495	6 178 16 495		-	_	_ _	-	-	-	_	-
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years	8 462 3 936	8 462 3 936	8 462 3 936	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	2 652 2 764	2 652 2 764	2 652 2 764	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
75 years and over	3 505	3 505	3 505	-	-	_	_	_	_	=	_	-
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER												
Occupied housing units1-person households	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	<b>15 672</b> 10 060	-	_	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.30	.30	.30	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
1, detached or attached 2 or more	6 354 9 085	6 354 9 085	6 354 9 085	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	233 5 599	233 5 599	233 5 599	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	321 600 6 249	321 600 6 249	321 600 6 249	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Mean contract rent (dollars)  VALUE	578	578	578	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 959	22 959	22 959			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999	22 939 28 20	28 28 20	28 28 20	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	_	_	_	_	Ξ
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	16 34	16 34	16 34	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999	53 110	53 110	53 110	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
\$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999	205 255	205 255	205 255	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	385 841	385 841	385 841	_	=	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$125,000 to \$149,999	971	971	971	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999	1 008 1 091	1 008 1 091	1 008 1 091	_	_	_	_ _	-	-	-	_	_
\$200,000 to \$249,999	2 401 3 134	2 401 3 134	2 401 3 134	_	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
\$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999	4 926 2 599	4 926 2 599	4 926 2 599	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$500,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	4 882 318 800 344 400	4 882 318 800 344 400	4 882 318 800 344 400		=	- - -	_ _ _	-	-	_	_ _ _	_
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	75 000+	75 000+	75 000+	_	=	=	_	_	_	_	=	=
Median (dollars)	155 600	155 600	155 600	-	=	_	=	_	_	=	_	=
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	<b>43 829</b> 123	<b>43 829</b> 123	<b>43 829</b> 123	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	135 169	135 169	135 169	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	423 754	423 754	423 754	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 271 1 926	1 271 1 926	1 271 1 926	_	_	_	_ _	-	-	-	_	_
\$400 to \$449\$450 to \$499	2 388 2 900	2 388 2 900	2 388 2 900	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$500 to \$549	3 715	3 715	3 715	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	3 425 3 565	3 425 3 565	3 425 3 565	-	_	- -	- -	_ _	_ _	_ _	<u>-</u>	_
\$650 to \$699	3 268 2 659	3 268 2 659	3 268 2 659	-	=	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
\$750 to \$999\$1,000 or more	8 670 7 238	8 670 7 238	8 670 7 238	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
No cash rent	1 200 658	1 200 658	1 200 658	_	_	_	-	_ _	_	-	_	_
Mean (dollars) MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT	723	723	723	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Specified renter-occupied housing units	43 829	43 829	43 829	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
With meals included in rentNo meals included in rent	752 41 877	752 41 877	752 41 877	=	=	_	- -				-	=
No cash rent	1 200	1 200	1 200	-		_	_	-	-	-	-	

#### 42 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Table 43. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990

[10] definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]	An	nerican Indian, Es	kimo, or Aleut				Asian	or Pacific Island	der		
District of Columbia								Asia	n		
	Total	American Indian	Eskimo	Aleut	Total	Total	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean
Occupied housing units	612	598	5	9	4 070	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266
POPULATION											
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	1 330 2.22 530 2.45 800 2.09	8 1.60 3 3.00 5 1.25	18 2.00 - - 18 2.00	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	8 709 2.18 2 865 2.50 5 844 2.05	2 700 2.20 1 077 2.58 1 623 2.00	1 506 2.21 420 2.59 1 086 2.09	758 1.61 269 1.84 489 1.50	1 426 2.30 568 2.77 858 2.07	531 2.00 190 2.32 341 1.85
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	217 35.5 395	216 36.1 382	20.0 4	- 9	1 162 28.6 2 908	1 147 28.7 2 853	417 34.0 810	162 23.8 519	146 31.0 325	205 33.1 414	82 30.8 184
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
Occupied housing units	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143	598 78 165 22 37 41 58 54 136 -	5 1 - - 1 - 3 -	9 -2 1 - 1 1 4 -	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2 61	4 000 404 515 102 183 180 259 395 1 903 2 57	1 227 131 208 30 62 90 90 89 509 —	681 62 70 15 25 25 41 76 361 6	471 38 66 13 21 9 11 41 263 1 8	619 97 70 13 29 23 41 74 265	266 18 47 19 22 9 10 26 105 —
ROOMS											
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 58 44 17 11 9 6 3.0	216 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 27 39 6.2 382 61 86 84 16 11 96 3.0	1	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 162 84 119 179 136 105 139 130 108 162 5.1 2 908 932 700 675 309 120 65 39 32 2.2	1 147 83 118 179 133 104 136 128 106 5.1 2 853 920 684 658 306 117 62 39 29 38 2.2	417 26 38 61 44 32 57 44 45 70 5.6 810 259 199 192 79 38 15 7	162 28 14 33 18 15 14 12 14 3.8 519 224 98 50 50 17 17 17 10 5 3 3	146 5 16 23 26 16 20 17 8 15 4.7 325 4.7 15 9 6 8 95 47 15 3 3 3 3 2.7	205 7 21 22 22 25 24 34 20 30 5.7 414 103 109 107 51 21 6 6 5 6	82 3 13 16 13 7 8 5 10 7 4.2 184 72 36 33 17 9 9 7 3 3 4 2.1
Owner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   3 persons   5 persons	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 173 113 56 30 9 8 6 1.72	216 70 75 26 18 14 5 8 2.01 382 165 111 54 30 8 8 6 6	1  1  3.00 4 3 1  - - 1.50-	- - - - - - - 9 5 1 2 - 1 - - 1	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 806 334 211 126 37 43 1.63	1 147 405 309 167 129 68 29 40 2.05 2 853 1 333 792 324 203 123 36 42 1.62	417 139 115 62 47 24 11 19 2.10 810 378 220 114 53 28 10 7 1.62	162 56 45 23 13 12 6 7 2.06 519 228 154 60 35 28 10 4 1.70	146 75 43 14 6 6 2 - 1.50- 325 222 74 13 7 6 1 2 1.50-	205 54 54 32 40 12 5 8 2.40 414 186 123 43 41 8 5 8 1.67	82 31 17 20 7 5 2 - 2.09 184 97 52 14 13 5 5 1 1 2
PERSONS PER ROOM	047	246	4		4 400	4 447	447	460	446	205	00
Owner-occupied housing units 0.50 or less	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	216 168 21 16 6 5 39 382 191 50 82 16 43 .64	1 1 - - .38 4 3 - - 1 .56	- - - - - 9 6 1 2 - -	1 162 773 156 132 47 54 .47 2 908 977 334 937 179 481 .80	1 147 762 153 131 47 54 .47 2 853 960 327 923 176 467 .80	417 283 49 49 17 19 .46 810 266 86 267 55 136 .78	162 83 25 29 7 18 .58 519 138 60 178 25 118	146 118 17 7 2 2 .36 325 187 35 88 6 9	205 134 37 19 8 7 .49 414 152 63 120 28 51	82 55 6 9 9 3 .48 184 57 21 83 51 18

Table 43. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990—Con.

		Asian or Pacific Islander—Con.									
District of Columbia			Asian—C	on.				F	Pacific Islander		
	Vietnamese	Cambodian	Hmong	Laotian	Thai	Other Asian	Total	Hawaiian	Samoan	Guamanian	Other Pacific Islander
Occupied housing units	229	11	-	19	70	407	70	30	8	25	7
POPULATION											
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Per renter-occupied housing unit	672 2.93 94 2.54 578 3.01	45 4.09 2 2.00 43 4.30	- - - - -	48 2.53 — — 48 2.53	121 1.73 36 2.25 85 1.57	902 2.22 209 2.58 693 2.13	177 2.53 35 2.33 142 2.58	60 2.00 19 1.90 41 2.05	14 1.75 - - 14 1.75	87 3.48 11 2.75 76 3.62	16 2.29 5 5.00 11 1.83
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units	37 16.2 192	1 9.1 10	_ _ _	_ _ 19	16 22.9 54	81 19.9 326	15 21.4 55	10 33.3 20	- - 8	4 16.0 21	1 14.3 6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
Occupied housing units  1, detached 2 2 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	229 16 12 2 8 8 8 30 31 120 -	11 1 2 2 - - 4 - 2 -	- - - - - - - - -	19 - 2 - 1 3 1 2 10 -	70 2 6 - - 2 8 49 - 3	407 39 32 8 15 13 29 48 219 1 3	70 5 13 1 1 5 4 11 26 4	30 3 7 1 1 2 2 4 9 -	8 - 1 - - 1 - - 3 - 3	25 -4  1 1 6 13 	7 2 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 -
ROOMS											
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   9 rooms   1 room   1	37 55 3 3 3 7 4 5 2 5.3 192 69 53 41 17 8 2 1 1 - 1 2.0	1 1 3.00 10 1 1 1 4 4 1 - 1 - 3.8		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	16 -3 3 4 2 2 1 -3 3 1 1 2 4.0 54 15 5 25 9 4   1 2.0	81 9 8 16 55 6 9 3 2 20 5.0 89 80 80 87 8 86 6 5 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	15 1 1 3 1 3 2 2 2 6.0 55 12 16 17 3 3 3 3 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 6.0 20 3 3 5 6 2 1 1 2 - 1 1 1 2 2 8 8 8 9 1 9 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4	1
Owner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   Median   2 persons   3 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 person   6 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   7 person   7 person   7 person   7 persons   7 per	37 12 11 6 4 1 2 1 1 2.09 192 48 40 39 20 30 6 9 9	1 - - - - 2.00 10 2 2 - 1 1 1 4 4.50		- - - - - 19 8 2 4 1 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	16 7 3 2 3 1 - 1.83 54 3 3 3 15 4 - 2 - 2 - 1.50	81 31 20 8 9 7 1 5 5 1.97 326 131 110 33 32 2 11 3 6 1.79	15 5 5 1 3 1 - 2.00 55 18 14 10 8 3 1 1 2.18	10 5 3 - 2 - - 1.50 20 9 6 2 2 - 1 - 1.67	- - - - - 8 5 2 - 1 - 1.50-	4 - 2 1 1 1 - - 2.500 21 1 5 6 6 2 - 1 3.25	1
Owner-occupied housing units	37	1	_	_	16	81	15	10	_	4	1
0.50 or less	23 3 7 2 2 .52 192 26 16 59 25 66 1.33	- 1 - .67 10 2 1 2 1 4 1.23			13 2 - 1 .45 <b>54</b> 26 3 17 2 6	53 13 11 1 3 47 <b>326</b> 100 42 106 26 52 .80	11 3 1 - .40 555 17 7 14 3 14	9 - 1 - .32 <b>20</b> 9 4 6 - 1	- - - 8 3 1 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 2 - - .52 21 2 1 3 3 12 1.62	

Table 44. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990

	Ar	nerican Indian, i	Eskimo, or Aleut		Asian or Pacific Islander						
District of Columbia					-			Asia	ın		
	Total	American Indian	Eskimo	Aleut	Total	Total	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean
Occupied housing units	612	598	5	9	4 070	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Owner-occupied housing units	217	216	1	_	1 162	1 147	417	162	146	205	82
Under 25 years	20	4 20	-	_	39 211	37 209	15 57	3 30	2 35	8 41	6 20
35 to 44 years45 to 54 years	37 47	37 46	1	_	288 240	282 239	103 67	33 44	33 35	58 48	20 14
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	39 45	39 45	_	_	190 120	188 118	74 57	23 13	17 19	32 13	14 8
75 years and over	25 <b>395</b>	25 <b>382</b>	<del>-</del>	9	74 2 908	74 <b>2 853</b>	44 <b>810</b>	16 <b>519</b>	5 <b>325</b>	5 <b>414</b>	184
Under 25 years	26 107	24 101	2 2	_ 4	408 1 020	399 997	81 236	51 163	45 148	57 169	56 68
35 to 44 years	89 66	86 66	_	3	613 344	603 339	146 80	143 78	57 35 15	94 47	21 20
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	43 43	43 41	-	_ 2	243 163	240 160	87 92	53 25	15 19	30 8	14 4
75 years and over	21	21	=	-	117	115	88	6	6	9	1
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	404	400			474	407	004		40	25	40
Occupied housing units	134 75 .37	<b>132</b> 73 .37	<u>-</u>	2 2 .40	<b>474</b> 219 .52	<b>467</b> 215 .52	<b>281</b> 129 .53	<b>60</b> 18 .61	49 35 .36	<b>35</b> 12 .52	<b>13</b> 6 .45
Mean number of persons per room Units in structure:  1, detached or attached	69	.57	_	.40	157	156	.55	.01	16	15	.43
2 or more	63	61 2	Ξ	2	310	305 6	192 3	34	32 1	20	8
Specified owner Mean value (dollars)	52 143 300	52 143 300	Ξ	_	129 227 900	129 227 900	70 244 400	21 178 500	15 177 800	13 209 000	283 300
Mean value (dollars)  Mean contract rent (dollars)	64 357	62 360	=	2 263	280 281	275 279	180 192	31 380	25 488	17 529	203 300 5 469
VALUE	337	300	_	203	201	219	192	360	400	529	409
Specified owner-occupied housing units	159	158	1	_	622	614	241	71	73	126	36
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999	_	_	_	_	5 11	5 11	3 5	1	_	_ 1	1 1
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	_ 2	_	_	_	4 4	4 4	2 4	_	1 -	_	1
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999	5 9	5 9	_	-	5 14	5 14	2 5	1 5	1 2	_ 2	_
\$70,000 to \$79,999\$80,000 to \$89,999	11 20	11 20	<u>-</u> -	_	12 20	12 20	6 4	3 5	1 2	1 4	1
\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	12 16	12 16	_	_	23 53	22 53	4 19	3 7	3 6	8 15	3 2
\$125,000 to \$149,999	21	21	_	_	39	36	19	4	5	5	1
\$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999	17 8	17 8	_	_	34 30	34 29	11 13	6	3 4	3 3	3
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	7 10	7 10	_	_	71 80	71 79	31 36	6 6	10 9	7 16	8 6
\$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999	9 8	9 8	- -	_	98 46	97 46	39 14	7 4	10 7	25 14	5 3
\$500,000 or more	130 400	129 800	1 500 000+	_	73 240 100	72 240 800	24 237 900	7 177 100	7 232 500	22 293 800	231 300
Mean (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	170 000	167 300	600 000	_	266 700 <b>1</b>	267 000 <b>1</b>	258 100 —	228 600	260 000	309 400	234 500
Median (dollars)		_	_ _	_	10 000- 9 000	10 000— 9 000	_	_ _	_	_ _	_
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	<b>391</b> 22	<b>379</b> 22	4	8	<b>2 899</b> 84	<b>2 844</b> 82	<b>808</b> 69	<b>515</b> 3	<b>325</b>	<b>413</b> 1	<b>183</b> 1
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	22 17 12	16 11		1	64 63	82 63 62 44	54	2 6 5	1	1 3	- 1
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	11 20	11 20	_	-	44 78	44 78	27 24	5 22	_ 4	4 10	3 6
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	27 42	27 38	_	_ 4	120 160	117 156	45 27 24 39 47 57	22 26 44	10 8	16 17	13 8
\$400 to \$449	39 27	39 27	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	208 255	205 252	57 45	35 70	9 20	29 37	13 8 10 16 14
\$500 to \$549	41	38	2	1	297	285	68	50	26	45	14
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649	27 17	27 17	<u>-</u>	_	254 225	249 219	57 43	52 46	28 36	42 34	18 15
\$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749	18 14	17 13	1 1	-	180 167	177 166	40	40	19 20	26 30	10 11
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	21 30	21 29	_	<u>-</u>	363 244	358 240	39 65 58 31	25 52 18	76 63	66 40	15 10 11 28 26 3
No cash rent	6 454	6 454	600	383	93 556	91 557	31 478	19 536	3 695	12 595	600
Mean (dollars)	501	502	613	445	596	596	499	564	764	653	669
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT					6 000					***	
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent	391 11 374	<b>379</b> 11 362	<b>4</b> - 4	<b>8</b> - 8	<b>2 899</b> 9 2 797	<b>2 844</b> 9 2 744	<b>808</b> 2 775	<b>515</b> 1 495	<b>325</b> - 322	<b>413</b> 1 400	<b>183</b> 2 178
No cash rent	6	6	-	_	93	91	31	19	322	12	3

Table 44. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990—Con.

		Asian or Pacific Islander—Con.									
District of Columbia			Asian—Co	on.				Р	acific Islander		
District of Columbia											011 5 15
	Vietnamese	Cambodian	Hmong	Laotian	Thai	Other Asian	Total	Hawaiian	Samoan	Guamanian	Other Pacific Islander
Occupied housing units	229	11	-	19	70	407	70	30	8	25	7
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Owner-occupied housing units	37 1 7 9 7 9 3 1 1 192	1 - - 1 - - 10	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - 19	16 1 2 6 3 4 - - <b>54</b> 7	81 1 17 20 20 15 5 3 326 61	15 2 2 6 1 2 2 - 55	10 1 1 4 - 2 2 2 - <b>20</b> 3	- - - - - - 8 2	4 1 1 1 1 1 - - 21 3	1 - - 1 - - - 6 1
25 to 34 years	49 44 31 22 3 4	7 2 - 1 - -	- - - - -	5 4 7 1 —	26 9 9 3 - -	126 83 32 14 9	23 10 5 3 3 2	9 3 1 2 2 -	5 - - 1 -	6 7 3 - - 2	3 - 1 1 - -
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	44					10	7	4	4	2	
Occupied housing units  1-person households  Mean number of persons per room  Units in structure:  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home, trailer, or other	11 5 .60 4 7 - 3 391 700 7 441	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-	-	- - - - - - - -	18 10 .49 6 12 - 4 284 400 10 455	.52 1 5 1 - - 5 385	4 2 .43 1 3 - - 2 625	1 .33 - - 1 - 1 1 113	1 1.00 - 2 - - - 2 2 282	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
VALUE											
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	20 - - - - - - 3 - 1	1 - 1 - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-	6 - - - - - - - - -	40 1 - - 1 1 1 1 1 3	8 - - - - - - - 1	5 - - - - - - - 1	- - - - - - - - -	2 - - - - - - - - -	1 - - - - - - - -
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	2 2 1 3 3 2 2 2 1 216 700 242 800	27 500 27 500	- - - - - - - - - -	-	- - 1 - 3 1 1 366 700 387 500	-6 22 55 3 6 1 9 240 000 297 900 1 10 000- 9 000	3 - 1 - 1 1 1 162 500 240 000	1 - 1 - 1 1 - - 187 500 209 000	-	2 - - - - - 137 500 137 500	
CONTRACT RENT											
\$\text{Specified renter-occupied housing units}\$ \$100 \text{ to \$149}\$ \$150 \text{ to \$149}\$ \$200 \text{ to \$249}\$ \$250 \text{ to \$299}\$ \$300 \text{ to \$349}\$ \$350 \text{ to \$349}\$ \$400 \text{ to \$449}\$ \$450 \text{ to \$449}\$ \$550 \text{ to \$549}\$	192 4 1 2 1 4 6 16 24 27 26	10 - - - - - - 1 2 2	- - - - - - - - -	18 - - - - - - 5 4 4	54 - - - 1 1 2 4 4 7	326 3 4 4 4 7 6 14 31 27 43	55 2 1 1 - - 3 4 3 3 12	20     2 1 1 2	8 - 1 - - - - 1 1 1 3	21 2 - 1 - - 2 2 - 1 6	6 - - - 1 1 - 1
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	17 14 10 11 16 9 4 514 560	- 2 - 1 2 - 600 714	- - - - - -	2 1 1 - - 1 488 501	7 5 5 8 5 3 2 600 640	26 25 24 22 49 21 16 573 618	5 6 3 1 5 4 2 534 574	3 3 - 1 4 1 2 600 652	- 2 - - - 513 488	2 3 1 - 1 1 516 484	- - - 1 2 - 637 777
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	192 1 187 4	10 10 -	- - - -	18 - 17 1	<b>54</b> - 52 2	326 2 308 16	55 - 53 2	20 - 18 2	8 - 8 -	21 21 —	<b>6</b> - 6 -

Table 45. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

District of Columbia			Hisp	panic origin (of any race	)		
District of Columbia	Total	Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin
Occupied housing units	249 634	10 455	1 080	848	561	7 966	239 179
POPULATION							
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	565 183 2.26 242 541 2.50 322 642 2.12	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	2 474 2.29 692 2.67 1 782 2.17	1 745 2.06 515 2.41 1 230 1.94	1 108 1.98 425 2.35 683 1.80	24 578 3.09 4 842 3.26 19 736 3.05	535 278 2.24 236 067 2.49 299 211 2.07
TENURE							
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108 38.9 152 526	2 141 20.5 8 314	259 24.0 821	214 25.2 634	181 32.3 380	1 487 18.7 6 479	94 967 39.7 144 212
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
Occupied housing units	249 634 32 718 65 449 7 570 19 008 17 944 32 032 17 874 54 622 64 2 353	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1 154	1 080 93 195 39 80 81 88 129 360 —	848 70 152 20 35 51 85 101 329	561 52 98 24 26 16 53 77 209 6	7 966 486 935 189 396 420 1 004 1 579 2 828 1	239 179 32 017 64 069 7 298 18 471 17 376 30 802 15 988 50 896 63 2 199
ROOMS							
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   Median   Renter-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   Median   PERSONS IN UNIT	97 108 1 194 2 933 8 371 8 951 12 137 22 008 15 400 11 362 14 752 6 6 19 252 2 4 803 43 677 32 472 16 617 7 784 7 36 98 2 070 2 153 3.2	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 922 383 186 101 57 72 2.3	259 7 14 36 28 32 42 34 46 40 5.8 821 168 183 211 115 58 36 22 17 11 12.8	214 9 14 27 30 26 40 15 5.5 634 164 129 146 106 40 26 6 14 5 5	181 9 8 32 23 19 9 28 30 18 14 5.5 380 99 95 92 60 20 15 4 2 3 2.6	1 487 101 133 255 197 150 180 177 118 176 4.9 6 479 1 991 1 688 1 633 641 265 109 61 32 59 2.2	94 967 1 068 2 764 8 021 8 673 11 910 21 718 15 144 11 178 14 491 6.2 144 212 16 830 22 718 41 595 31 550 16 234 7 598 3 597 2 014 2 076 3.3
Dwner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   3 persons   5 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   7 or more persons   7 person   7 person	97 108 30 797 30 041 15 004 10 531 5 293 2 615 2 827 2.09 152 526 72 829 37 179 18 494 11 856 6 115 3 022 3 031 1.59	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 364 419 2.34	259 68 84 48 24 19 9 7 2.23 821 380 216 84 69 28 25 19	214 84 55 26 24 12 9 4 1.92 634 333 150 65 47 23 13 3 3	181 66 54 25 20 9 9 4 3 3 1.95 380 204 103 39 22 8 2 2 2	1 487 375 370 189 200 1177 82 154 2.50 6 479 1 655 1 416 1 144 950 595 324 395 2.65	94 967 30 204 29 478 14 716 10 263 5 136 2 511 2 659 2.09 144 212 70 257 35 294 17 162 10 768 5 461 2 658 2 612 1.55
PERSONS PER ROOM							
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.51 or more	97 108 75 265 11 720 6 798 2 095 1 230 4 40 152 526 81 251 22 865 31 148 7 432 9 830 .62	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	259 177 37 24 9 12 .46 821 385 101 191 28 116	214 158 24 24 3 5 43 634 277 76 197 23 61 .68	181 119 28 27 2 5 44 380 183 42 110 6 39 .65	1 487 765 197 233 138 154 .63 6 479 1 260 596 1 556 744 2 323 1.23	94 967 74 046 611 434 6 490 1 943 1 054 40 144 212 79 146 22 050 29 094 6 631 7 291 .60

Table 46. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

D			Hispan	ic origin (of any race)			
District of Columbia	Total	Total	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin
Occupied housing units	249 634	10 455	1 080	848	561	7 966	239 179
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER							
Owner-occupied housing units  Under 25 years	97 108 1 149 10 956 20 626 18 548 17 250 16 492 12 087 152 526 14 143 44 973 33 610 20 287 15 565 13 795 10 153	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 909 2 034 1 094 602 397 214	259 3 51 68 53 46 19 19 821 81 321 193 100 64 38 24	214 6 43 55 45 23 24 18 634 104 2552 150 52 32 26 18	181 3 31 50 23 37 26 11 380 37 113 53 49 45 53	1 487 38 252 424 324 222 132 95 6 479 842 2 223 1 638 893 461 280 142	94 967 1 099 10 579 20 029 18 103 16 922 16 291 11 944 144 212 13 079 42 064 31 576 19 193 14 963 13 398 9 939
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER							
Occupied housing units  1-person households  Mean number of persons per room  Units in structure:  1, detached or attached 2 or more  Mobile home, trailer, or other  Specified owner  Mean value (dollars)  Specified renter  Mean contract rent (dollars)	52 527 27 237 39 26 747 25 170 610 22 445 168 000 23 764 371	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	100 59 .42 27 73 	86 53 .41 31 55 - 24 202 600 43 392	120 61 .50 32 87 1 24 219 500 82 380	649 319 .58 177 459 13 138 254 800 421 415	51 572 26 745 39 26 480 24 496 596 22 239 167 300 23 156 370
VALUE							
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	153 2 - - 1 2 4 6 11 13 15	121  - 1 - 8 7 3 11 13	99 - 1 1 1 2 9 3 9 5	834 2 1 6 7 21 28 65 58 132	70 325 262 245 373 785 1 691 3 725 5 719 6 812 7 032 9 065
\$125,000 to \$149,999	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 224 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 31 75 000+ 127 400	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	8 13 11 11 17 19 6 14 178 400 228 200	12 10 5 15 9 12 8 7 163 800 214 300	9 5 6 7 14 15 5 7 193 800 231 400	76 51 42 72 70 92 34 77 160 300 222 900	5 665 3 827 2 889 4 023 4 134 5 779 2 991 5 308 123 500 193 800 31 75 000+ 127 400
CONTRACT RENT							
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	815 12 9 11 14 23 37 55 71 71 86	628 18 9 7 14 21 30 40 56 58 72	379 20 13 9 17 22 22 27 34 22 28	6 446 69 54 64 125 296 502 616 834 782 772	143 194 7 290 5 972 4 313 5 857 8 305 13 121 15 675 13 273 11 517 10 411
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 No cash rent Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	66 48 63 35 103 86 25 555 618	60 36 30 41 75 39 22 534 574	30 24 26 13 37 26 9 9 497 528	481 511 336 209 443 243 109 489 524	7 285 6 982 5 568 4 416 12 010 8 455 2 744 434
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT							
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	151 462 1 422 147 131 2 909	8 268 111 7 992 165	<b>815</b> 6 784 25	<b>628</b> 6 600 22	<b>379</b> 6 364 9	<b>6 446</b> 93 6 244 109	<b>143 194</b> 1 311 139 139 2 744

Table 47. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units for Race of Householder by Hispanic **Origin: 1990** 

		Whit	e	Blad	k	American Indian Aleu		Asian or Pacif	ic Islander	Othe	r race
District of Columbia	Total	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin
Occupied housing units	249 634	4 715	83 580	1 463	150 893	63	549	169	3 901	4 045	256
POPULATION											
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	565 183 2.26 242 541 2.50 322 642 2.12	11 850 2.51 3 117 2.56 8 733 2.50	150 592 1.80 79 432 2.01 71 160 1.62	3 876 2.65 1 157 3.27 2 719 2.45	374 472 2.48 153 137 2.84 221 335 2.28	175 2.78 34 2.43 141 2.88	1 181 2.15 499 2.46 682 1.97	422 2.50 110 2.56 312 2.48	8 464 2.17 2 790 2.49 5 674 2.04	13 582 3.36 2 056 4.01 11 526 3.26	569 2.22 209 2.65 360 2.03
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	97 108 38.9 152 526	1 217 25.8 3 498	39 588 47.4 43 992	354 24.2 1 109	53 978 35.8 96 915	14 22.2 49	203 37.0 346	43 25.4 126	1 119 28.7 2 782	513 12.7 3 532	79 30.9 177
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
Occupied housing units  1, detached 2 2 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	249 634 32 718 65 449 7 570 19 008 17 944 32 032 17 874 54 622 64 2 353	4 715 399 589 123 190 226 425 740 1 970 1 52	83 580 14 737 16 510 3 059 3 905 3 616 4 058 6 752 29 981 15 947	1 463 115 297 41 124 65 232 209 360 —	150 893 16 779 46 845 4 115 14 343 13 545 26 413 8 783 18 843 46 1 181	63 5 10 5 5 8 5 10 15 —	549 74 157 18 32 34 54 45 128 - 7	169 11 20 4 8 12 7 29 76 	3 901 398 508 99 176 173 256 377 1 853 2 59	4 045 171 464 99 210 257 561 898 1 305 80	256 29 49 7 15 8 21 31 91 - 5
ROOMS											
Troom	97 108 1 194 2 933 8 371 8 951 12 137 22 008 15 400 11 362 14 752 526 19 252 24 803 43 677 32 472 16 63 3 698 2 070 2 153 3.2	1 217 76 108 202 167 127 154 131 97 155 4.9 3 498 1 017 864 402 145 888 47 21 50 2.3	39 588 741 1 729 4 709 4 555 4 390 5 873 4 801 4 499 8 291 6.1 43 992 7 043 8 494 12 551 7 096 3 233 2 172 1 347 937 1 119 3.0	354 8 11 46 29 45 66 62 43 44 6.1 1 109 246 228 304 178 92 235 16 4 6 2.8	53 978 241 917 3 119 3 965 7 381 15 651 10 175 6 536 5 993 6.2 96 915 8 793 13 445 28 269 24 091 12 28 269 2 399 1 303 9 11 3.4	14 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 2 5.5 49 17 12 11 4 3 3 1 1 1 2 5 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	203 2 5 15 15 32 46 25 25 25 37 6.2 346 77 54 41 11 8 6 3.1	43 3 9 8 5 8 2 1 3 4 3.8 126 33 39 25 19 5 3 1 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 119 81 110 171 131 97 137 129 105 158 5.2 2 782 2 782 2 99 661 650 290 115 62 38 29 38 2.2	513 388 39 93 76 45 67 61 38 56 4.7 3 532 1 109 942 878 319 138 59 37 29 21 2.2	79 3 3 7 6 10 11 14 13 12 6.5 177 49 41 38 19 17 5 5 1 2 2.5
PERSONS IN UNIT  Owner-occupied housing units	97 108	1 217	39 588	354	53 978	14	203	43	1 119	513	79
1 person	30 797 30 041 15 004 10 531 5 293 2 615 2 827 2.09 152 526 72 829 37 179 18 494 11 856 6 115 3 022 3 031 1.59	1 217 412 372 155 125 63 31 59 2.03 3 498 1 391 827 479 322 209 120 150 1.93	39 366 16 528 13 636 4 541 3 179 1 162 384 1.74 43 992 27 242 11 032 2 817 1 726 744 284 147 1.50–	69 88 60 47 42 29 19 2.83 1 109 403 283 163 127 74 40 19 2.04	3 976 13 196 15 442 9 974 6 932 3 890 2 090 2 454 2.39 96 915 41 465 23 342 13 960 8 808 4 590 2 331 2 419 1.80	14 3 6 2 2 1 1 - 2.17 49 12 14 7 7 8 3 2 3 2.39	203 67 69 25 16 13 2.00 346 161 99 49 22 6 6 3 3 1.62	43 16 10 5 6 3 1 2 2.05 126 43 41 11 10 4 3 1.99	394 304 163 126 66 28 38 2.04 2 782 1 308 765 320 200 116 33 40 1.61	913 87 66 88 48 43 88 3.62 723 720 669 620 358 198 244 2.98	19 27 13 10 5 4 1 2.26 177 81 56 16 12 5 4 3 3
PERSONS PER ROOM		,	ac ==:		<b>a</b> c						
Owner-occupied housing units. 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 0.75. 0.76 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more Mean Renter-occupied housing units. 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 0.75. 0.76 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more	97 108 75 265 11 720 6 798 2 095 1 230 .40 152 526 81 251 22 865 31 148 7 432 9 830 .62	1 217 799 142 157 54 65 .49 3 498 1 111 363 963 248 813 .95	39 588 35 400 2 775 1 266 59 88 .32 43 992 28 632 5 498 8 766 321 775 .48	354 200 53 57 21 .54 1 109 386 146 268 86 223 .85	53 978 37 679 8 479 5 076 1 832 912 .45 96 915 49 317 16 155 19 305 6 118 6 020 .64	14 9 1 2 - 2 .43 49 10 3 12 3 21 1.18	203 160 20 14 6 3 3 38 346 190 48 72 13 23 58	43 22 8 6 3 4 .59 126 37 9 40 11 29 .98	1 119 751 148 126 44 50 .47 2 782 940 325 897 168 452 .79	513 189 82 86 72 84 .79 3 532 561 294 771 453 1 453 1.33	79 566 12 8 2 1 .42 177 67 24 54 11 21

Table 48. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units for Race of Householder by Hispanic Origin: 1990

		Whit	е	Blac	k	American Indian Aleu		Asian or Pacif	fic Islander	Othe	r race
District of Columbia	Total	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin	Hispanic origin	Not of Hispanic origin
Occupied housing units	249 634	4 715	83 580	1 463	150 893	63	549	169	3 901	4 045	256
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 1 149 10 956 20 626	1 217 22 218 299	<b>39 588</b> 459 6 122	354 6 47 89	<b>53 978</b> 596 4 224 9 349	14 - 1 2	<b>203</b> 4 19 35	43 - 5	1 119 39 206 272	<b>513</b> 22 106 191	<b>79</b> 1 8 22
45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	18 548 17 250 16 492 12 087	272 186 126 94	10 351 8 200 5 053 4 592 4 811	60 79 44 29	9 616 11 636 11 525 7 032	6 4 1	41 35 44 25	16 9 5 5 3	231 185 115 71	98 54 25 17	15 13 15 5
Renter-occupied housing units Under 25 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 years	152 526 14 143 44 973 33 610 20 287	3 498 428 1 244 770 479	43 992 6 178 16 495 8 462 3 936	1 109 113 323 309 120	96 915 6 470 24 457 22 407 14 835	49 7 20 10 4	346 19 87 79 62	126 19 49 31 15	2 782 389 971 582 329	3 532 497 1 273 914 476	177 23 54 46 31
75 to 64 years	15 565 13 795 10 153	283 175 119	2 652 2 764 3 505	112 80 52	12 023 10 429 6 294	4 3 1	39 40 20	9 2 1	234 161 116	194 137 41	15 4 4
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER											
Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure:	<b>52 527</b> 27 237 .39	<b>514</b> 279 .46	<b>15 672</b> 10 060 .30	<b>205</b> 102 .51	<b>35 280</b> 16 389 .43	5 3 .37	<b>129</b> 72 .37	<b>11</b> 4 .51	<b>463</b> 215 .52	<b>220</b> 104 .80	<b>28</b> 9 .36
detached or attached     or more     drome trailer, or other  Specified owner Mean value (dollars)	26 747 25 170 610 22 445 168 000	151 357 6 116 322 200	6 354 9 085 233 5 599 321 600	73 130 2 57 137 200	19 886 15 040 354 16 448 114 400	1 4 - 1 350 000	68 59 2 51 139 200	6 5 6 165 000	151 305 7 123 231 000	36 178 6 26 132 200	21 7 - 18 175 800
Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	23 764 371	294 473	6 249 578	131 315	16 562 294	510	60 347	3 279	277 281	176 364	8 452
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units	71 532	594	22 959	269	46 552	8	151	18	604	318	59
Less than \$20,000   \$20,000 to \$29,999   \$30,000 to \$39,999   \$40,000 to \$49,999   \$50,000 to \$59,999   \$770,000 to \$79,999   \$80,000 to \$79,999   \$80,000 to \$89,999   \$100,000 to \$99,999   \$100,000 to \$99,999   \$100,000 to \$99,999   \$100,000 to \$99,999   \$100,000 to \$124,999   \$100,000 to \$124,999	266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	1 - 5 1 8 10 18 22 42	28 20 16 34 53 110 205 255 385 841	2 - 2 4 4 15 26 34 31 45	229 214 352 745 1 628 3 589 5 487 6 513 6 608 8 153	- - - - - - - 1	- 2 5 9 11 20 12 15	1 - - 2 1 1 2 4	4 11 4 4 5 12 11 19 21 49	- - 5 10 13 29 36 73	1 1 - 5 5 5 6 7
\$125,000 to \$149,999	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 31 75 000+ 127 400	40 26 32 61 87 107 43 91 267 800 294 100	971 1 008 1 091 2 401 3 134 4 926 2 599 4 882 318 800 344 400 11 75 000+ 155 600	26 27 15 14 11 9 2 109 200 135 900	4 627 2 769 1 758 1 542 908 743 340 347 96 800 118 700 19 75 000+ 117 400	1	20 17 8 6 8 8 8 4 126 900 164 000	1 2 1 - 2 1 1 - 112 500 153 100	38 32 29 71 80 96 45 73 244 400 270 100 1 10 000- 9 000	37 24 16 29 10 19 5 12 122 600 167 800	9 1 3 3 4 6 1 2 123 200 169 600
CONTRACT RENT											
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	3 476 21 16 20 59 123 176 237 315 358 396	43 829 123 135 169 423 754 1 271 1 926 2 388 2 900 3 715	1 103 52 30 29 32 51 124 128 188 114	96 074 7 060 5 754 4 066 5 376 7 455 11 701 13 545 10 633 8 340 6 366	49 2 - 1 2 4 4 5 6	342 20 17 12 10 18 23 38 34 21 33	125 - 1 1 1 6 9 9 7 13 21	2 774 84 63 62 43 72 111 151 201 242 276	3 515 44 38 41 77 180 278 360 480 442 427	175 3 3 4 5 6 15 15 17 14 21
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492	328 307 224 149 390 276 81 546 600	3 425 3 565 3 268 2 659 8 670 7 238 1 200 658 723	53 55 40 22 36 16 27 425 437	3 580 3 178 2 102 1 579 2 950 941 1 448 370 382	3 3 4 2 1 4 - 502 539	24 14 14 12 20 26 6 442 496	8 12 12 6 13 2 4 527 554	246 213 168 161 350 242 89 558 598	245 242 175 119 218 96 53 474 505	10 12 16 5 20 8 1 514 545
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	151 462 1 422 147 131 2 909	3 476 45 3 350 81	<b>43 829</b> 752 41 877 1 200	<b>1 103</b> 11 1 065 27	<b>96 074</b> 546 94 080 1 448	<b>49</b> 7 42 -	<b>342</b> 4 332 6	<b>125</b> 1 120 4	<b>2 774</b> 8 2 677 89	3 515 47 3 415 53	175 1 173 1

## Table 49. Occupancy, Structural Characteristics, and Age of Householder: 1990

County	District of Co- lumbia
All housing units	278 489
POPULATION	
All personsPersons in occupied housing units	<b>606 900</b> 565 183
Per occupied housing unit	2.26
Owner-occupied housing units  Per owner-occupied housing unit	242 541 2.50
Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	322 642 2.12
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 97 108
Percent of occupied housing units	38.9
White Black	40 805 54 332
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	217 1 162
Other race	592
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin	2 141
Renter-occupied housing units	39 588 152 526
WhiteBlack	47 490 98 024
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	395
Asian or Pacific IslanderOther race	2 908 3 709
Hispanic origin (of any race)	8 314
White, not of Hispanic origin	43 992
VACANCY STATUS	20.055
Vacant housing units	<b>28 855</b> 3 119
For rentRented or sold, not occupied	13 000 3 788
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	1 575 88
For migrant workers	7 285
Boarded up	2 577
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  All housing units	278 489
1, detached	34 602
1, attached	71 321 8 773
3 or 45 to 9	21 926 20 783
10 to 19	37 152
20 to 49	20 113 60 972
Mobile home or trailer	82
Owner-occupied housing units	2 765 <b>97 108</b>
1, detached	28 125 48 542
2	1 590
3 or 45 or more	1 456 16 720
Mobile home or trailerOther	31 644
Renter-occupied housing units	152 526
1, detached	4 593 16 907
2 3 or 4	5 980 17 552
5 to 9	16 251
10 to 19	30 087 14 880
50 or more Mobile home or trailer	44 534 33
Other	1 709
Occupied housing units	249 634
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 1 149
25 to 34 years	10 956 20 626
45 to 54 years	18 548
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	17 250 16 492
75 years and over Renter-occupied housing units	12 087 <b>152 526</b>
Under 25 years	14 143
25 to 34 years	44 973 33 610
45 to 54 years	20 287
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	15 565 13 795
75 years and over	10 153

### Table 50. Utilization Characteristics: 1990

County	District of Co- lumbia
ROOMS	
All housing units	278 489
1 room 2 rooms 2	22 830 31 204
3 rooms	59 243
4 rooms	47 309 32 506
5 rooms   6 rooms	32 50 32 62
7 rooms	20 45
8 rooms 9 or more rooms	14 29 18 01
Median	4.0
Owner-occupied housing units	97 10
1 room   2 rooms	1 19 2 93
3 rooms	8 37
4 rooms 5 rooms	8 95 12 13
6 rooms	22 00
7 rooms	15 40
8 rooms 9 or more rooms 9	11 36: 14 75:
Median	6.
Renter-occupied housing units 1 room	<b>152 52</b> 0 19 253
2 rooms	24 80
3 rooms   4 rooms	43 67 32 47
5 rooms	16 61
6 rooms	7 78- 3 698
7 rooms 8 rooms	2 07
9 or more rooms	2 15
Median	3.3
DURATION OF VACANCY	
Vecent for cale only housing units	2 44
Vacant-for-sale-only housing units	<b>3 11</b> : 49
Less than 2 months2 up to 6 months	1 04
6 or more months Vacant-for-rent housing units	1 58 <b>13 00</b>
Less than 2 months	3 37 5 27
2 up to 6 months	5 273 4 353
6 or more months	4 35.
PERSONS IN UNIT	
Owner-occupied housing units	97 10
1 person	30 79
2 persons 3 persons	30 04 15 00
4 persons	10 53
5 persons 6 persons	5 29 2 61
7 or more persons	2 82
Median	2.0 <b>152 52</b>
Renter-occupied housing units	72 82
2 persons	37 17
3 persons 4 persons	18 49 11 85
5 persons	6 11
6 persons	3 02: 3 03:
7 or more persons   Median	1.5
DEDOONS DED DOOM	
PERSONS PER ROOM	
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 10</b> 75 26
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75	75 26 11 72
0.76 to 1.00	11 72 6 79
1.01 to 1.50	2 09 1 23
Mean	4
Renter-occupied housing units	152 52 81 25 22 86 31 14 7 43 9 83
0.50 or less   0.51 to 0.75	81 25 22 86
0.76 to 1.00	31 14
1.01 to 1.50	7 43 9 83
Mean	.6:
Occupied housing units	249 634
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	
Occupied housing units	52 52
1-person households Mean number of persons per room	27 23
Units in structure:	
1, detached or attached	26 74
2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other	25 17 61
Specified owner	22 44
Mean value (dollars)	168 00 23 76
Specified renter	23 76
Mean contract rent (dollars)	
Mean contract rent (dollars) With meals included in rent	
Mean contract rent (dollars)  With meals included in rent  Mean contract rent (dollars)  No meals included in rent	87 70 22 47

### Table 51. Financial Characteristics: 1990

[1.57 definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, oos text]	
County	District of Co- lumbia
VALUE	
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$90,000 to \$9,999 \$90,000 to \$9,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230
\$125,000 to \$149,999	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 123 900 194 300 1 687
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$300,000 or more Median (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers  Median (dollars)	20 58 204 240 353 182 114 86 424 143 500 218 400 31 75 000+
Mean (dollars)	127 400
\$\text{Specified renter-occupied housing units}\$\text{Less than \$100}\$\$100 to \$149\$\$5150 to \$199\$\$200 to \$249\$\$350 to \$349\$\$350 to \$349\$\$400 to \$449\$\$450 to \$499\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$500 to \$549\$	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 439 492 12 957 659 719 970 2 351 2 169 1 715 2 335 1 264 7775 481
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT	
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent Mean (dollars) No meals included in rent No cash rent	151 462 1 422 600 147 131 2 909

# Table 52. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

			District of C	Columbia		
County						
	White	Am Black	erican Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
Occupied housing units	88 295	152 356	612	4 070	10 455	83 580
POPULATION						
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	162 442 1.84 82 549 2.02 79 893 1.68	378 348 2.48 154 294 2.84 224 054 2.29	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	150 592 1.80 79 432 2.01 71 160 1.62
TENURE						
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	40 805 46.2 47 490	54 332 35.7 98 024	217 35.5 395	1 162 28.6 2 908	2 141 20.5 8 314	39 588 47.4 43 992
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
Occupied housing units 1, detached	88 295 15 136 17 099 3 182 4 095 3 842 4 483 7 492 31 951 16 999	152 356 16 894 47 142 4 156 14 467 13 610 26 645 8 992 19 203 46 1 201	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 588 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	83 580 14 737 16 510 3 059 3 905 3 616 4 058 6 752 29 981 15
ROOMS						
1 room	40 805 817 1 837 4 911 4 722 4 517 6 027 4 932 4 596 8 446 6.1 47 490 8 060 9 358 13 415 7 498 3 378 2 260 1 394 958 1 169 3 3.0	54 332 249 928 3 165 3 994 7 426 15 717 10 237 6 579 6 037 6.2 98 024 9 039 13 673 28 573 24 269 12 920 5 378 2 212 1 043 917 3.4	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 89 98 44 17 111 9 6	1 162 84 119 179 136 105 139 130 108 162 5.1 2 908 932 700 675 309 120 65 39 30 38 2.2	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 922 383 186 101 566 777 2.3	39 588 741 1 729 4 779 4 555 4 390 5 873 4 801 4 499 8 291 6.1 43 992 7 043 8 494 12 551 7 096 3 233 2 172 1 347 937 1 119 3.0
Owner-occupied housing units   1   person   2   persons   3   persons   4   persons   5   persons   5   persons   6   persons   7   or more persons   Median   1   person   2   persons   3   persons   3   persons   3   persons   3   persons   3   persons   5   person	40 805 16 940 14 008 4 696 3 304 1 225 415 217 1.75 47 490 28 633 11 859 3 296 2 048 953 404 297 1.50—	54 332 13 265 15 550 10 034 6 979 3 932 2 119 2 473 2.40 98 024 41 868 23 625 14 123 8 935 4 664 2 371 2 438 1.80	217 70 75 27 18 14 5 8 2.01 395 1173 113 56 30 9 8 6 1.72	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 806 334 211 126 37 43 1.63	2 141 593 563 288 288 288 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 419 2.34	39 588 16 528 13 636 4 541 3 179 1 162 384 158 1.74 43 992 27 742 11 032 2 817 1 726 744 284 147 1.50-
PERSONS PER ROOM  Owner-occupied housing units	40 805	54 332	217	1 162	2 141	39 588
Owner-occupied nousing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more    Renter-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	40 805 36 199 2 917 1 423 113 153 .33 47 490 29 743 5 861 9 729 569 1 588 .51	34 332 37 879 8 532 5 133 1 855 933 .45 98 024 49 703 16 301 19 573 6 204 6 243 .64	217 169 21 16 6 5 .39 395 200 51 84 16 44 .63	1 162 773 156 132 47 54 47 2 908 977 334 937 179 481	2 141 1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 8 314 2 105 815 2 054 801 2 539 1.09	39 388 35 400 2 775 1 266 59 88 .32 43 992 28 632 5 498 8 766 321 775 .48

### Table 53. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	District of Columbia								
County			American Indian Eakima		Hispania origin (of ony	White not of Hispania			
	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin			
Occupied housing units	88 295	152 356	612	4 070	10 455	83 580			
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Owner-occupied housing units Under 25 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over Renter-occupied housing units Under 25 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 75 years and over	40 805 481 6 340 10 650 8 472 5 239 4 718 4 905 47 490 6 606 17 739 9 232 4 415 2 935 2 939 3 624	54 332 602 4 271 9 438 9 676 11 715 11 569 7 061 98 024 6 583 24 780 22 716 14 955 12 135 10 509 6 346	217 4 20 37 47 39 45 25 395 26 107 89 66 43 43 21	1 162 39 211 288 240 190 74 2 908 408 1 020 613 344 243 163 117	2 141 50 377 597 445 328 201 143 8 314 1 064 2 909 2 034 1 094 602 397 214	39 588 459 6 122 10 351 8 200 5 053 4 592 4 811 43 992 6 178 16 495 8 462 3 936 2 652 2 764 3 505			
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER									
Occupied housing units  1-person households  Mean number of persons per room  Units in structure:  1, detached or attached 2 or more  Mobile home, trailer, or other	16 186 10 339 .30 6 505 9 442 239 5 715 321 600 6 543 574	35 485 16 491 .43 19 959 15 170 356 16 505 114 500 16 693 294	134 75 .37 69 63 2 2 52 143 300 64 357	474 219 .52 157 310 7 129 227 900 280 281	955 492 .53 267 674 14 206 242 600 608 406	15 672 10 060 .30 6 354 9 085 233 5 599 321 600 6 249 578			
VALUE									
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000 \$20,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999	23 553 29 20 16 39 54 118 215 273 407 883	46 821 231 214 354 749 1 632 3 604 5 513 6 547 6 639 8 198	159 - - 2 5 9 11 20 12 16	622 5 111 4 4 5 14 12 20 23 53	1 207 4 - 2 9 10 35 50 82 91 165	22 959 28 20 16 34 53 110 205 255 385 841			
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers  Mean (dollars)  Mean (dollars)  Mean (dollars)  Mean (dollars)	1 011 1 034 1 123 2 462 3 221 5 033 2 642 4 973 317 300 343 200 11 75 000+ 155 600	4 653 2 796 1 773 1 556 919 752 349 96 900 118 800 19 75 000+ 117 400	21 17 8 7 10 9 8 4 130 400 170 000	39 34 30 71 80 98 46 73 240 100 266 700 1 10 000- 9 000	105 79 64 105 110 138 53 105 166 000 223 400	971 1 008 1 091 2 401 3 134 4 926 2 599 4 882 318 800 344 400 11 75 000+ 155 600			
CONTRACT RENT									
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	47 305 144 151 189 482 877 1 447 2 163 2 703 3 258 4 111	97 177 7 112 5 784 4 095 5 408 7 506 11 825 13 673 10 821 8 454 6 472	391 22 17 12 11 20 27 42 39 27 41	2 899 84 64 63 44 78 120 160 208 255 297	8 268 119 85 91 170 362 591 738 995 933 958	43 829 123 135 169 423 754 1 271 1 926 2 388 2 900 3 715			
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	3 753 3 872 3 492 2 808 9 060 7 514 1 281 648 714	3 633 3 233 2 142 1 601 2 986 957 1 475 371 383	27 17 18 14 21 30 6 454 501	254 225 180 167 363 244 93 556 596	637 619 455 298 658 394 165 498 537	3 425 3 565 3 268 2 659 8 670 7 238 1 200 658 723			
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>47 305</b> 797 45 227 1 281	<b>97 177</b> 557 95 145 1 475	<b>391</b> 11 374 6	<b>2 899</b> 9 2 797 93	8 268 111 7 992 165	43 829 752 41 877 1 200			

Table 54. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	District of Columbia							
County								
	American Indian	All Asian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Occupied housing units	598	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266	229
POPULATION								
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing unit Per renter-occupied housing unit	1 330 2.22 530 2.45 800 2.09	8 709 2.18 2 865 2.50 5 844 2.05	2 700 2.20 1 077 2.58 1 623 2.00	1 506 2.21 420 2.59 1 086 2.09	758 1.61 269 1.84 489 1.50	1 426 2.30 568 2.77 858 2.07	531 2.00 190 2.32 341 1.85	672 2.93 94 2.54 578 3.01
TENURE								
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	216 36.1 382	1 147 28.7 2 853	417 34.0 810	162 23.8 519	146 31.0 325	205 33.1 414	82 30.8 184	37 16.2 192
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
Occupied housing units	598 78 165 22 37 41 58 54 136 7	4 000 404 515 102 183 180 259 385 1 903 2	1 227 131 208 30 62 90 90 89 509 — 18	681 62 70 15 25 25 41 76 361 -	471 38 66 13 21 9 11 41 263 1 8	619 97 70 13 29 23 41 74 265	266 18 47 19 22 9 10 26 105 —	229 16 12 2 8 8 8 30 31 120 2
ROOMS								
Owner-occupied housing units	216 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 27 39 6.2 382 61 86 94 58 41 16 11 9 6 3.0	1 147 83 118 179 133 104 136 128 106 160 5.1 2 853 920 684 688 306 117 62 39 29 38 2.2	417 26 38 61 44 32 57 44 45 70 5.6 810 259 199 192 79 38 15 7 9 12 2.2	162 28 14 33 18 15 14 12 14 14 3.8 519 224 98 95 50 17 17 10 5 3 3 1.9	146 5 16 23 26 16 20 17 8 15 4.7 325 79 68 95 47 15 9 6 3 3 3	205 7 21 22 22 22 23 24 34 20 30 5.7 414 103 109 107 51 21 6 6 6 5 6 6 2.5	82 3 16 16 13 7 8 5 10 7 4.2 184 72 36 33 17 9 7 3 3 4 2.1	37 5 5 3 3 3 7 4 5 2 5.3 192 69 53 41 17 8 2 1 1 2.0
PERSONS IN UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	216 70 75 26 18 14 5 8 2.01 382 165 111 54 30 8 8 6 1.73	1 147 405 309 167 129 68 29 40 2.05 2 853 1 333 792 324 203 123 36 42 1.62	417 139 115 62 47 24 11 19 2.10 810 378 220 114 53 28 10 7 1.62	162 56 45 23 13 12 6 7 2.06 519 228 154 60 35 28 10 4	146 75 43 14 6 6 2 2 1.50– 325 222 74 13 7 6 1 2 1.50–	205 54 54 32 40 12 5 8 2.40 414 186 123 43 41 8 5 8 1.67	82 31 17 20 7 5 2 2.09 184 97 52 14 13 5 1 2	37 12 11 6 4 1 2.09 192 48 40 39 20 30 6 9 9.71
PERSONS PER ROOM								
Owner-occupied housing units	216 168 21 16 6 5 .39 382 191 50 82 16 43 .64	1 147 762 153 131 47 54 47 2 853 960 327 923 176 467 .80	417 283 49 49 17 19 46 810 266 86 267 55 136 .78	162 83 25 29 7 18 58 519 138 60 178 25 118	146 118 17 7 2 2 36 325 187 35 88 6 9	205 134 37 19 8 7 .49 414 152 63 120 28 51	82 55 6 9 9 3 .48 184 57 21 83 5 18 .71	37 23 3 7 2 2 2.52 192 26 16 59 25 66 1.33

Table 55. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial **Groups: 1990** 

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

				District of Colu	umbia			
County								
	American Indian	All Asian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Occupied housing units	598	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266	229
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER								
Owner-occupied housing units Under 25 years	216 4 20 37 46 39 45 25 382 24 101 86 66 43 41 21	1 147 37 209 282 239 188 118 74 2 853 399 997 603 339 240 160	417 15 57 103 67 74 57 44 810 81 236 146 80 87 92 88	162 3 30 333 44 23 13 16 519 51 163 143 78 53 25 6	146 2 35 33 35 17 19 5 325 45 448 57 35 15 19 6	205 8 41 58 48 32 13 5 414 57 169 94 47 30 8 9	82 6 20 20 14 14 8 - 184 56 68 21 20 14 4	37 1 7 9 7 9 3 1 192 39 49 44 31 22 3
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units	132	467	281	60	49	35	13	11
1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure:  1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other	73 .37 69 61 2 52 52 143 300 62 360	215 .52 156 305 6 129 227 900 275 279	129 .53 86 192 3 70 244 400 180 192	18 .61 25 34 1 21 178 500 31 380	35 .36 16 32 1 15 177 800 25 488	12 .52 15 20 - 13 209 000 17 529	6 .45 4 8 1 3 283 300 5 469	5 .60 4 7 - 3 391 700 7 441
VALUE								
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	158	614 5 11 4 4 5 14 12 20 22 53	241 3 5 2 4 2 5 6 4 4 19	71 - 1 - 1 5 3 5 3 7	73 - 2 1 - 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 6	126 - 1 - - 2 1 4 8 15	36 1 1 1 - - - 1 3 2	20 - - - - - - - 3 - 1
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$299,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars)  Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers  Mean (dollars)  Mean (dollars)  Mean (dollars)	21 17 8 7 10 9 8 3 129 800 167 300	36 34 29 71 79 97 46 72 240 800 267 000 1 10 000- 9 000	19 11 13 31 36 39 14 24 237 900 258 100	4 6 6 6 6 7 4 7 177 100 228 600 —	5 3 4 10 9 10 7 7 232 500 260 000	5 3 3 7 16 25 14 22 293 800 309 400	1 3 - 8 6 5 3 1 1 231 300 234 500	2 2 1 3 3 2 2 1 216 700 242 800
CONTRACT RENT								
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	379 22 16 11 11 20 27 38 39 27 38	2 844 82 63 62 44 78 117 156 205 252 285	808 69 54 45 27 24 39 47 57 45 68	515 3 2 6 5 22 26 44 35 70 50	325 1 1 1 4 10 8 9 20 26	413 1 1 3 4 10 16 17 29 37 45	183 1 1 3 6 13 8 10 16	192 4 1 2 1 4 6 16 24 27 26
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	27 17 17 13 21 29 6 454 502	249 219 177 166 358 240 91 557 596	57 43 40 39 65 58 31 478 499	52 46 40 25 52 18 19 536 564	28 36 19 20 76 63 3 695 764	42 34 26 30 66 40 12 595 653	18 15 10 11 28 26 3 600 669	17 14 10 11 16 9 4 514 560
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent	<b>379</b> 11 362 6	<b>2 844</b> 9 2 744 91	808 2 775 31	<b>515</b> 1 495 19	<b>325</b> - 322 3	<b>413</b> 1 400 12	<b>183</b> 2 178 3	<b>192</b> 1 187 4

# Table 56. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

County	District of Columbia						
County	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispanic			
Occupied housing units	1 080	848	561	7 966			
POPULATION							
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	2 474 2.29 692 2.67 1 782 2.17	1 745 2.06 515 2.41 1 230 1.94	1 108 1.98 425 2.35 683 1.80	24 578 3.09 4 842 3.26 19 736 3.05			
TENURE							
Owner-occupied housing units	259 24.0 821	214 25.2 634	181 32.3 380	1 487 18.7 6 479			
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
Occupied housing units  1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	1 080 93 195 39 80 81 88 129 360 —	848 70 152 20 35 51 85 101 329 - 5	561 52 98 24 26 16 53 77 209 6	7 966 486 935 189 396 420 1 004 1 579 2 828 1			
ROOMS							
Owner-occupied housing units   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   Median   2 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   9 or more rooms   9 or more rooms   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   7 rooms   9 or more rooms	259 7 14 36 28 32 42 34 26 40 5.8 821 168 183 211 115 58 36 22 17 11 2.8	214 9 14 27 30 26 40 15 22 31 5.5 634 129 146 106 40 26 14 5	181 9 8 32 23 19 28 30 18 14 5.5 380 99 85 60 20 15 4 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 487 101 133 255 197 150 180 177 118 176 4.9 6 479 1 991 1 888 1 633 641 265 109 61 32			
PERSONS IN UNIT							
Owner-occupied housing units   2 persons   3 persons   3 persons   5 persons   5 persons   7 or more persons   7 or more persons   7 per	259 68 84 48 24 19 9 7 2.23 821 380 216 84 69 28 25 19	214 84 555 26 224 112 9 4 1.92 634 333 150 65 47 23 13 3 1.50-	181 66 54 25 20 9 4 3 1.95 380 204 103 39 22 8 2 2 2 1.50-	1 487 375 370 189 2000 117 82 154 2.50 6 479 1 655 1 416 1 144 950 595 324 395 2.65			
PERSONS PER ROOM							
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Note to 1.00  1.51 or more  Mean  Note to 1.00  1.51 or more	259 177 37 24 9 12 .46 821 385 101 191 28 116	214 158 24 24 3 5 .43 634 277 76 197 23 61 .68	181 119 28 27 2 5 .44 380 183 42 110 6 39 .65	1 487 765 197 233 138 154 .633 6 479 1 260 596 1 556 744 2 323 1.23			

## Table 57. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

County	District of Columbia						
Sounty	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispan			
Occupied housing units	1 080	848	561	7 96			
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER							
Owner-occupied housing units	259	214	181	1 48			
Inder 25 years	3 51	6 43	3 31	25 25			
5 to 44 years	68	55	50	42			
5 to 54 years	53 46	45 23	23 37	32 22			
65 to 74 years	19	24	26	13			
5 years and over Renter-occupied housing units	19 <b>821</b>	18 <b>634</b>	11 <b>380</b>	6 47			
Inder 25 years	81	104	37	84			
5 to 34 years5 to 44 years	321 193	252 150	113 53	2 22 1 63			
5 to 54 years	100	52	49	89			
5 to 64 years	64 38	32 26	45 53	46 28			
5 years and over	24	18	53 30	14			
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER							
Occupied housing units	<b>100</b> 59	<b>86</b> 53	<b>120</b> 61	<b>6</b> 4 31			
Nean number of persons per room	.42	.41	.50	.4			
Inits in structure:  1, detached or attached	27	31	32	1			
2 or more	73	55	87	45			
Mobile home, trailer, or other	20	24	1 24	1;			
Mean value (dollars)	234 000	202 600	219 500	254 8			
Mean contract rent (dollars)	62 391	43 392	82 380	4.			
ALUE							
Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>153</b>	121	99	8			
20,000 to \$29,999	_	_	_				
30,000 to \$39,999	_ 1	_ 1	1 1				
50,000 to \$59,999	2	_	1				
60,000 to \$69,999 70,000 to \$79,999	4 6	8 7	2 9				
80,000 to \$89,999	11	3	3				
90,000 to \$99,999	13 15	11 13	9 5	1:			
125,000 to \$149,999	8	12	9				
150,000 to \$174,999	13	10 5	5 6				
200,000 to \$199,999	11 11	15	7				
250,000 to \$299,999	17	9	14				
300,000 to \$399,999	19 6	12 8	15 5				
500,000 or more	14	7	7				
1edian (dollars)	178 400 228 200	163 800 214 300	193 800 231 400	160 3 222 9			
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	_	_					
ledian (dollars)  lean (dollars)	_	_	_				
ONTRACT RENT							
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>815</b> 12	<b>628</b> 18	<b>379</b> 20	6 4			
100 to \$149	9	9	13				
150 to \$199 200 to \$249	11 14	7 14	9 17	1			
250 to \$299	23	21	22	2			
300 to \$349 350 to \$399	37 55	30 40	22 27	5 6			
400 to \$449	71	56	34	8			
450 to \$499 500 to \$549	71 86	58 72	22 28	7 7			
550 to \$599	66	60	30	4			
600 to \$649 650 to \$699	48 63	36 30	24 26	5			
700 to \$749	35	41	13	2			
750 to \$999	103	75 30	37 26	4			
1,000 or more o cash rent	86 25	39 22	26 9	2 1			
ledian (dollars)lean (dollars)	555 618	534 574	497 528	4 5			
ieals included in rent		-					
Specified renter-occupied housing units	815	628	379	6 4			
/ith meals included in rent o meals included in rent	6 784	6 600	6 364	6 2			
o cash rent	25	22	9	1			

## Table 58. Occupancy, Structural Characteristics, and Age of Householder: 1990

Place [10,000 or More Persons]	Washington cit
All housing units	278 48
POPULATION	
All persons	606 900
ersons in occupied housing unitsPer occupied housing unit	565 183 2.26
Owner-occupied housing units  Per owner-occupied housing unit	242 54 <sup>2</sup> 2.50
Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	322 642 2.12
ENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Occupied housing units	249 634
vner-occupied housing units	97 108 38.9
White   Black	40 805 54 332
American Indian, Eskimo, or AleutAsian or Pacific Islander	217 1 162
Other race	592
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin	2 14 <sup>2</sup> 39 588
enter-occupied housing units	152 526 47 490
Black	98 024
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	395 2 908
Other race	3 709 8 314
Hispanic origin (of any race)	43 992
ACANCY STATUS	
Vacant housing units	28 855
or sale only	3 119 13 000
ented or sold, not occupiedr seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	3 788 1 579
r migrant workersher vacant	7 285
Boarded up	2 577
NITS IN STRUCTURE	
All housing units, detached,	<b>278 48</b> 9 34 602
, attached	71 32° 8 773
or 4 to 9	21 926 20 783
) to 19	37 152
0 to 49	20 113 60 972
Nobile home or trailer	82 2 765
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>97 108</b> 28 125
attached	48 542
or 4	1 590 1 456
or morelobile home or trailer	16 720 3
therRenter-occupied housing units	644 <b>152 52</b> 6
. detached	4 593
, attached	16 907 5 980
or 4 to 9	17 552 16 25
0 to 19 0 to 49	30 087 14 880
0 or more	44 534
Mobile home or trailerther	30 1 709
Occupied housing units	249 634
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108 1 149
5 to 34 years5 to 44 years	10 956 20 626
5 to 54 years	18 548 17 250
55 to 74 years	16 492
Renter-occupied housing units	12 087 <b>152 52</b> 0
nder 25 years	14 143 44 973
5 to 44 years	33 610
5 to 64 years	15 56
5 years and over	13 798 10 150
55 to 54 years	20 28 15 56 13 79

#### Table 59. Utilization Characteristics: 1990

	Washington city
ROOMS	
All housing units	278 489
1 room	22 830 31 204
3 rooms	59 243
4 rooms	47 309
5 rooms 6 rooms	32 506 32 624
7 rooms	20 45
8 rooms	14 298
9 or more roomsMedian	18 018 4.0
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108
1 room	1 19- 2 93:
2 rooms 3 rooms 3	8 37
4 rooms	8 95
5 rooms 6 rooms	12 137 22 008
7 rooms	15 400
8 rooms	11 362
9 or more rooms Median	14 752 6.2
Renter-occupied housing units	152 520
1 room	19 252
2 rooms 3 rooms 3	24 803 43 677
4 rooms	32 472
5 rooms	16 617
6 rooms 7 rooms 7	7 784 3 698
8 rooms	2 070
9 or more rooms	2 153
Median	3.2
DURATION OF VACANCY	
Vacant-for-sale-only housing units	3 119
Less than 2 months	491
2 up to 6 months 6 or more months	1 04 <sup>2</sup> 1 587
Vacant-for-rent housing units	13 000
Less than 2 months	3 374
2 up to 6 months	5 273 4 353
DEDOCALO IN LIMIT	
PERSONS IN UNIT	
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108
1 person	30 797 30 041
3 persons	15 004
4 persons	10 53
5 persons	5 293 2 615
6 persons 7 or more persons 7	2 82
Median	2.09
Renter-occupied housing units 1 person	152 520
2 persons	72 829 37 179
3 persons	18 494
4 persons 5 persons 5	11 856 6 115
6 persons	3 022
7 or more persons	3 031
Median	1.59
PERSONS PER ROOM	
Owner-occupied housing units	97 108
0.50 or less	75 265
0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	11 720 6 798
1.01 to 1.50	2 095
1.51 or more	1 230
Mean Renter-occupied housing units	.4(
0.50 or less	<b>152 52</b> 0 81 25
0.51 to 0.75	22 86
0.01 10 0.70	31 148 7 432
0.76 to 1.00	9 830
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	.62
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	.62 <b>249 63</b> 4
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean Occupied housing units	
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean Occupied housing units HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units	249 63- 52 52
0.76 to 1.00	249 634 52 527 27 237
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  Cocupied housing units  Occupied housing units  1-person households Mean number of persons per room	249 634 52 52
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  Cocupied housing units  Occupied housing units  1-person households Mean number of persons per room	249 63- 52 52 27 23 .39
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more	249 634 52 527 27 237 38 26 744 25 176
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other	249 634 52 527 27 237 .38 26 747 25 177 610
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other Specified owner	249 634 52 527 27 237
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other. Specified rowner Mean value (dollars) Specified renter	249 63- 52 52 27 23: .3: 26 74: 25 17: 61: 22 44: 168 00: 23 76-
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other Specified owner  Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	249 63- 52 52 27 23 .3: 26 74 25 17- 61- 12 24 168 00 23 76- 37
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean  Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER  Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other Specified owner Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars) With meals included in rent	249 63- 52 52 27 23 .3: 26 74 25 17: 61: 22 44: 188 00: 23 76- 37 87:
0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean Occupied housing units  HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units 1-person households Mean number of persons per room Units in structure: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, or other Specified owner Mean value (dollars) Specified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	249 63.  52 52 27 23 .3: 26 74 25 17: 61: 22 44: 168 00

#### Table 60. Financial Characteristics: 1990

Place [10,000 or More Persons]	
	Washington city
VALUE	
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	<b>71 53</b> 2
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	245 375
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	794 1 701
\$60,000 to \$69,999	3 760 5 769
\$80,000 to \$89,999	6 894 7 123
\$100,000 to \$124,999	9 230
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999	5 770 3 900
\$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	2 953 4 128
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999	4 244 5 917
\$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	3 044 5 413
Median (dollars)	123 900 194 300
Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units Less than \$20,000	1 687
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	20 58
\$60,000 to \$79,999	204 240
\$150,000 to \$199,999	350 182
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	114
\$300,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars)	424 143 500
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	218 400 <b>3</b> ′
Median (dollars)	75 000- 127 400
CONTRACT RENT	
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	<b>151 462</b> 7 409
\$100 to \$149\$150 to \$199	6 057 4 404
\$200 to \$249	6 027 8 667
\$300 to \$349	13 712 16 413
\$400 to \$449	14 268 12 450
\$500 to \$549	11 369
\$550 to \$599\$600 to \$649	7 922 7 60
\$650 to \$699 \$700 to \$749	6 023 4 714
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	12 668 8 849
No cash rent	2 909 439
Median (dollars)	492 <b>12 95</b>
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	659 719
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	970 2 35
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	2 169 1 719
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	2 335 1 264
\$1,000 or more Median (dollars)	775 48
Mean (dollars)	52 <sup>-</sup>
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units	151 462
With meals included in rent  Mean (dollars)	1 422
No meals included in rentNo cash rent	147 13° 2 909
	2 903

### Table 61. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	Washington city							
Place [10,000 or More Persons]								
	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin		
Occupied housing units	88 295	152 356	612	4 070	10 455	83 580		
POPULATION								
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit	162 442 1.84 82 549 2.02 79 893 1.68	378 348 2.48 154 294 2.84 224 054 2.29	1 356 2.22 533 2.46 823 2.08	8 886 2.18 2 900 2.50 5 986 2.06	29 905 2.86 6 474 3.02 23 431 2.82	150 592 1.80 79 432 2.01 71 160 1.62		
TENURE								
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	40 805 46.2 47 490	54 332 35.7 98 024	217 35.5 395	1 162 28.6 2 908	2 141 20.5 8 314	39 588 47.4 43 992		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
Occupied housing units  1, detached 2 3 or 4	88 295 15 136 17 099 3 182 4 095 3 842 4 483 7 492 31 951 16 999	152 356 16 894 47 142 4 156 14 467 13 601 26 645 8 992 19 203 46 1 201	612 79 167 23 37 42 59 55 143 7	4 070 409 528 103 184 185 263 406 1 929 2	10 455 701 1 380 272 537 568 1 230 1 886 3 726 1	83 580 14 737 16 510 3 059 3 905 3 616 4 058 6 752 29 981 15 947		
ROOMS								
1 room	40 805 817 1 837 4 911 4 722 4 517 6 027 4 932 4 596 8 446 6.1 47 490 8 060 9 358 13 415 7 498 3 378 2 260 1 394 958 1 169 3.0	54 332 249 928 3 165 3 994 7 426 15 717 10 237 6 579 6 037 6.2 98 024 9 039 13 673 28 573 24 269 12 920 5 378 2 212 1 043 913 3.4	217 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 28 39 6.2 395 63 89 98 89 98 44 17 11 9 6	1 162 84 119 179 136 105 139 130 108 162 5.1 2 908 932 700 675 309 120 65 39 30 38 2.2	2 141 126 169 350 278 227 290 256 184 261 5.1 8 314 2 422 2 085 2 082 932 383 186 101 56 77 2.3	39 588 741 1 729 4 709 4 555 4 390 5 873 4 801 4 499 8 291 6.1 43 992 7 043 8 494 12 551 7 096 3 233 2 172 1 347 937 1 119 3.0		
Owner-occupied housing units   1 person   2 persons   3 persons   4 persons   5 persons   6 persons   7 or more persons   1 person   7 or more persons   1 person   2 persons   3 person   2 persons   3 person   5 persons   5 person   7 or more persons   1 person   2 persons   5 persons   5 persons   7 person   7 persons   7 persons	40 805 16 940 14 008 4 696 3 304 1 225 415 217 1.75 47 490 28 633 11 859 3 296 2 048 953 404 297 1.50-	54 332 13 265 15 530 10 034 6 979 3 932 2 119 2 473 2.40 98 024 41 88 23 625 14 123 8 935 4 664 2 371 2 438 1.80	217 70 75 27 18 18 14 5 8 2.01 335 173 113 566 30 9 8 6 1.72	1 162 410 314 168 132 69 29 40 2.04 2 908 1 351 806 334 211 126 37 43	2 141 593 563 288 268 157 104 168 2.35 8 314 2 572 1 885 1 332 1 088 654 364 419 2.34	39 588 16 528 13 636 4 541 3 179 1 162 384 158 1.74 43 992 27 242 21 032 2 817 1 726 744 284 147 1.50-		
Owner-occupied housing units	40 805	54 332	<b>217</b>	1 162	2 141	39 588		
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	36 199 2 917 1 423 113 153 .33 <b>47 490</b> 29 743 5 861 9 729 569	37 879 8 532 5 133 1 855 933 .45 <b>98 024</b> 49 703 16 301 19 573 6 204	169 21 16 6 5 .39 <b>395</b> 200 51 84	773 156 132 47 54 .47 <b>2 908</b> 977 334 937	1 219 286 308 152 176 .57 <b>8 314</b> 2 105 815 2 054 801	35 400 2 775 1 266 59 88 .32 43 992 28 632 5 498 8 766		
1.51 or more	1 588 .51	6 243 .64	.63	481 .80	2 539 1.09	775 .48		

Table 62. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	Washington city							
Place [10,000 or More Persons]	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin		
Occupied housing units	88 295	152 356	612	4 070	10 455	83 580		
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	00 253	132 330	012	4 0/0	10 433	03 300		
	40, 005	E4 222	247	4 462	2.444	20 500		
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>40 805</b> 481	<b>54 332</b> 602	217 4	1 <b>162</b>	<b>2 141</b> 50	<b>39 588</b> 459		
25 to 34 years35 to 44 years	6 340	4 271	20	211	377	6 122		
	10 650	9 438	37	288	597	10 351		
45 to 54 years55 to 64 years	8 472	9 676	47	240	445	8 200		
	5 239	11 715	39	190	328	5 053		
65 to 74 years	4 718	11 569	45	120	201	4 592		
	4 905	7 061	25	74	143	4 811		
Renter-occupied housing units	<b>47 490</b>	<b>98 024</b> 6 583	<b>395</b>	<b>2 908</b>	<b>8 314</b>	<b>43 992</b>		
Under 25 years	6 606		26	408	1 064	6 178		
25 to 34 years	17 739	24 780	107	1 020	2 909	16 495		
	9 232	22 716	89	613	2 034	8 462		
45 to 54 years	4 415	14 955	66	344	1 094	3 936		
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	2 935	12 135	43	243	602	2 652		
	2 939	10 509	43	163	397	2 764		
75 years and over	3 624	6 346	21	117	214	3 505		
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	16 196	25 405	124	474	055	45 672		
Occupied housing units	<b>16 186</b> 10 339	<b>35 485</b> 16 491	<b>134</b> 75 37	<b>474</b> 219	<b>955</b> 492	<b>15 672</b> 10 060		
Mean number of persons per roomUnits in structure:	.30	.43	.37	.52	.53	.30		
1, detached or attached	6 505	19 959	69	157	267	6 354		
2 or more	9 442	15 170	63	31 <u>0</u>	674	9 085		
Mobile home, trailer, or otherSpecified owner	239	356	2	7	14	233		
	5 715	16 505	52	129	206	5 599		
Mean value (dollars)Specified renter	321 600	114 500	143 300	227 900	242 600	321 600		
	6 543	16 693	64	280	608	6 249		
Mean contract rent (dollars)	574	294	357	281	406	578		
VALUE	00 550	40.004	450	200	4 007	00.050		
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	<b>23 553</b> 29	<b>46 821</b> 231	159 —	<b>622</b> 5	1 <b>207</b> 4	<b>22 959</b> 28		
\$20,000 to \$29,999	20	214	_	11	2	20		
\$30,000 to \$39,999	16	354	_	4		16		
\$40,000 to \$49,999	39	749	2	4	9	34		
\$50,000 to \$59,999	54	1 632	5	5	10	53		
\$60,000 to \$69,999	118	3 604	9	14	35	110		
\$70,000 to \$79,999	215	5 513	11	12	50	205		
\$80,000 to \$89,999	273	6 547	20	20	82	255		
\$90,000 to \$99,999	407	6 639	12	23	91	385		
\$100,000 to \$124,999	883	8 198	16	53	165	841		
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1 011	4 653	21	39	105	971		
\$150,000 to \$174,999	1 034	2 796	17	34	79	1 008		
\$175,000 to \$199,999	1 123	1 773	8	30	64	1 091		
\$200,000 to \$249,999	2 462	1 556	7	71	105	2 401		
\$250,000 to \$299,999	3 221	919	10	80	110	3 134		
\$300,000 to \$399,999	5 033	752	9	98	138	4 926		
\$400,000 to \$499,999	2 642	342		46	53	2 599		
\$500,000 or more	4 973	349	130 400	73	105	4 882		
Median (dollars)	317 300	96 900		240 100	166 000	318 800		
Mean (dollars) Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	343 200 11	118 800 <b>19</b>	170 000	266 700 <b>1</b>	223 400	344 400 <b>11</b>		
Median (dollars)Mean (dollars)	75 000+	75 000+	_	10 000-	_	75 000+		
	155 600	117 400	_	9 000	_	155 600		
CONTRACT RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units	47 305	97 177	<b>391</b> 22	2 899	8 268	43 829		
Less than \$100\$100 to \$149	144 151	7 112 5 784	17	84 64	119 85	123 135		
\$150 to \$199	189	4 095	12	63	91	169		
\$200 to \$249	482	5 408	11	44	170	423		
\$250 to \$299	877	7 506	20	78	362	754		
\$300 to \$349	1 447	11 825	27	120	591	1 271		
\$350 to \$399	2 163	13 673	42	160	738	1 926		
\$400 to \$449	2 703	10 821	39	208	995	2 388		
\$450 to \$499	3 258	8 454	27	255	933	2 900		
\$500 to \$549	4 111	6 472	41	297	958	3 715		
\$550 to \$599	3 753	3 633	27	254	637	3 425		
\$600 to \$649	3 872	3 233	17	225	619	3 565		
\$650 to \$699	3 492	2 142	18	180	455	3 268		
\$700 to \$749	2 808	1 601	14	167	298	2 659		
\$750 to \$999	9 060	2 986	21	363	658	8 670		
\$1,000 or more	7 514	957	30	244	394	7 238		
No cash rent	1 281	1 475	6	93	165	1 200		
Median (dollars)	648	371	454	556	498	658		
	714	383	501	596	537	723		
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units With meals included in rent	<b>47 305</b> 797	<b>97 177</b> 557	<b>391</b> 11	<b>2 899</b> 9	<b>8 268</b> 111	<b>43 829</b> 752		
No meals included in rent	45 227	95 145	374	2 797	7 992	41 877		
	1 281	1 475	6	93	165	1 200		
140 Gasii (Gill	1 201	1 4/5	0	93	700	1 200		

Table 63. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Diago (40 000 on Mara Dansona)	Washington city							
Place [10,000 or More Persons]	American Indian	All Asian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Occupied housing units	598	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266	229
POPULATION								
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	1 330 2.22 530 2.45 800 2.09	8 709 2.18 2 865 2.50 5 844 2.05	2 700 2.20 1 077 2.58 1 623 2.00	1 506 2.21 420 2.59 1 086 2.09	758 1.61 269 1.84 489 1.50	1 426 2.30 568 2.77 858 2.07	531 2.00 190 2.32 341 1.85	672 2.93 94 2.54 578 3.01
TENURE								
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	216 36.1 382	1 147 28.7 2 853	417 34.0 810	162 23.8 519	146 31.0 325	205 33.1 414	82 30.8 184	37 16.2 192
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
Occupied housing units  1, detached  1, attached  2  5 to 9  10 to 19  20 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or trailer  Other	598 78 165 22 37 41 58 54 136 7	4 000 404 515 102 183 180 259 395 1 903 2 57	1 227 131 208 30 62 90 90 89 509 18	681 62 70 15 25 25 41 76 361	471 38 66 13 21 9 11 41 263 1	619 97 70 13 29 23 41 74 265 -	266 18 47 19 22 9 10 26 105	229 16 12 2 8 8 30 31 120 2
ROOMS								
1 room	216 3 7 16 17 34 47 26 27 39 6.2 382 61 86 94 58 41 11 9 6 3.0	1 147 83 118 179 133 104 136 128 106 160 5.1 2 853 920 684 658 306 117 62 39 29 38 2.2	417 26 38 61 44 32 57 44 45 70 5.6 810 259 199 199 199 79 38 15 7 9	162 28 14 33 18 15 14 12 14 14 3.8 519 224 98 95 50 17 10 5 3 1.9	146 5 16 23 26 16 20 17 8 15 47 325 79 68 95 47 15 9 6 3 3 2.7	205 7 21 22 22 22 25 24 34 20 30 5.7 414 103 109 107 51 21 6 6 5 6 2.5	82 3 13 16 13 7 8 5 10 7 4.2 184 72 36 33 17 9 7 3 3 4 2.1	37 5 5 3 3 3 7 4 5 2 5 3 192 69 53 41 17 8 2 1 1 2 0
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>216</b> 70 75	<b>1 147</b> 405 309	<b>417</b> 139 115	<b>162</b> 56 45	<b>146</b> 75 43	<b>205</b> 54 54	<b>82</b> 31 17	<b>37</b> 12 11
2 persons	76 18 14 5 8 2.01 382 165 111 54 30 8 8 6	167 129 68 29 40 2.05 <b>2 853</b> 1 333 792 324 203 123 36 42 1.62	62 47 24 11 19 2.10 810 378 220 114 53 28 10 7	23 13 12 6 7 2.06 <b>519</b> 228 154 60 35 28 10 4	43 6 6 2 - 1.50- 325 222 74 13 7 6 1 2	54 32 40 12 5 8 2.40 <b>414</b> 186 123 43 41 8 5 8	20 7 5 2 2.09 184 97 52 14 13 5 1 2 1.50	16 4 1 2 1 2.09 192 48 40 39 20 30 6 6 9 2.71
PERSONS PER ROOM								
Owner-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Renter-occupied housing units  0.50 or less  0.51 to 0.75  0.76 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Mean  Mean	216 168 21 16 6 5 .39 382 191 50 82 16 43 .64	1 147 762 153 131 47 54 .47 2 853 960 327 923 176 467 .80	417 283 49 49 17 19 .46 810 266 86 267 55 136 .78	162 83 25 29 7 18 .58 519 138 60 178 25 118 .88	146 118 17 7 2 2 .36 325 187 35 88 6 9 .54	205 134 37 19 8 7 7 .49 414 152 63 120 28 51 .76	82 55 6 9 3 3.48 184 57 21 83 5 18	37 23 3 7 2 2 52 192 26 16 59 25 66 1.33

Table 64. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racial Groups: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place [40 000 or More Persons]				Washington	city			
Place [10,000 or More Persons]	American Indian	All Asian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Asian Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Occupied housing units	598	4 000	1 227	681	471	619	266	229
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER								
Owner-occupied housing units Under 25 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over Renter-occupied housing units Under 25 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over 85 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	216 4 20 37 46 39 45 28 24 101 86 66 43 41 21	1 147 37 209 282 239 188 118 74 2 853 399 997 603 339 240 160 115	417 15 57 103 67 74 57 44 810 81 236 146 80 87	162 3 33 44 23 13 16 519 51 163 143 78 53 25 6	146 2 35 33 35 17 19 5 325 45 148 57 35 15	205 8 41 58 48 32 13 5 414 57 169 94 47 30 8	82 6 20 20 14 14 8 - 184 56 68 21 20 14 4	37 1 7 9 7 9 3 1 1 192 39 49 44 31 22 3
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	422	467	204		40	25	42	44
Occupied housing units  1-person households  Mean number of persons per room  Units in structure:  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home, trailer, or other  Specified owner  Mean value (dollars)  Specified renter  Mean contract rent (dollars)	132 73 .37 69 61 2 52 143 300 62 360	467 215 .52 156 305 6 129 227 900 275 279	281 129 .53 86 192 3 70 244 400 180 192	60 18 .61 25 34 1 21 178 500 31 380	49 35 .36 16 32 1 15 177 800 25 488	35 12 .52 15 20 - 13 209 000 17 529	13 6 .45 4 8 1 3 283 300 5 469	11 5 .60 4 7 - 3 391 700 7 441
VALUE								
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units	158 — — — — — — — 2 — 5 — 9 — 11 — 20 — 12 — 16	614 5 11 4 4 5 14 12 20 22 53	241 3 5 2 4 2 5 6 4 4 19	71 1 - 1 5 3 5 3 7	73 - 2 1 - 1 2 1 2 3 6	126 - 1 - - - 2 1 4 8 15	36 1 1 1 - - - 1 3 2	20 - - - - - - 3 - 1
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars) Median (dollars)	21 17 8 7 10 9 8 3 3 129 800 167 300	36 34 29 71 79 97 46 72 240 800 267 000 1 10 000- 9 000	19 11 13 31 36 39 14 24 237 900 258 100	4 6 6 6 6 7 4 7 177 100 228 600 —	5 3 4 10 9 10 7 7 7 232 500 260 000	5 3 7 16 25 14 22 293 800 309 400	1 3 - 8 6 5 3 1 1 231 300 234 500 - -	2 2 1 3 3 2 2 1 1216 700 242 800
CONTRACT RENT								
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	379 22 16 11 11 20 27 38 39 27 38	2 844 82 63 62 44 78 117 156 205 252 285	808 69 54 45 27 24 39 47 57 45 68	515 3 2 6 5 22 26 44 35 70 50	325 1 1 1 1 4 10 8 9 20 26	413 1 1 3 4 10 16 17 29 37 45	183 1 - 1 3 6 13 8 10 16	192 4 1 2 1 4 6 16 24 27 26
\$550 to \$599 \$600 to \$649 \$700 to \$749 \$750 to \$749 \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent Median (dollars)	27 17 17 13 21 29 6 454 502	249 219 177 166 358 240 91 557 596	57 43 40 39 65 58 31 478 499	52 46 40 25 52 18 19 536 564	28 36 19 20 76 63 3 695 764	42 34 26 30 66 40 12 595 653	18 15 10 11 28 26 3 600 669	17 14 10 11 16 9 4 514 560
MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT								
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>379</b> 11 362 6	<b>2 844</b> 9 2 744 91	<b>808</b> 2 775 31	<b>515</b> 1 495 19	325 - 322 3	<b>413</b> 1 400 12	183 2 178 3	192 1 187 4

## Table 65. Occupancy, Structural, and Utilization Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place [10,000 or More Persons]	Washington city					
riate [10,000 of More reisons]	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispanio		
Occupied housing units	1 080	848	561	7 966		
POPULATION						
Persons in occupied housing units Per occupied housing unit Owner-occupied housing units Per owner-occupied housing unit Renter-occupied housing units Per renter-occupied housing unit	2 474 2.29 692 2.67 1 782 2.17	1 745 2.06 515 2.41 1 230 1.94	1 108 1.98 425 2.35 683 1.80	24 578 3.09 4 842 3.26 19 736 3.05		
TENURE						
Owner-occupied housing units	259 24.0 821	214 25.2 634	181 32.3 380	1 487 18.7 6 479		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
Occupied housing units 1, detached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	1 080 93 195 39 80 81 88 129 360 —	848 70 152 20 35 51 85 101 329 -	561 52 98 24 26 16 53 77 209 6	7 966 486 935 189 396 420 1 004 1 579 2 828 1		
ROOMS						
Owner-occupied housing units   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   5 rooms   7 rooms   6 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   7 rooms   8 rooms   1 room   1 room   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   1 room   2 rooms   1 room   1 rooms   1 rooms	259 7 14 36 28 32 42 34 26 40 5.8 821 168 83 211 115 58 36 22 17	214 9 14 27 30 26 40 15 22 31 5.5 634 164 129 146 106 40 26 14	181 9 8 32 23 19 28 30 18 14 5.5 380 99 92 60 20 15 4 2 3	1 487 101 133 255 197 150 180 177 118 176 4.9 6 479 1 991 1 688 1 633 641 645 265 109 61 32		
Median	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.2		
PERSONS IN UNIT						
Owner-occupied housing units	259 68 68 44 48 24 19 9 7 2.23 821 380 216 84 69 28 25 19 1.64	214 84 55 26 24 12 9 4 1.92 634 333 150 65 47 23 13 3 3	181 66 66 54 20 9 4 3 1.95 380 204 103 39 22 8 2 2 1.50-	1 487 377 370 1899 2000 1117 82 154 2.255 6 479 1 655 1 416 1 144 950 324 335 2.65		
PERSONS PER ROOM						
Owner-occupied housing units	259 177 37 24 9 12 46 821 385 101 191 28 116	214 158 24 24 3 5 43 634 277 76 197 23 61	181 119 28 27 2 5 .44 380 183 42 110 6 39 .65	1 487 765 197 233 138 154 63 6 479 1 260 596 1 556 744 2 323 1.23		

Table 66. Age of Householder and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Place [10,000 or More Persons]	Washington city								
riace [10,000 of More Persons]	Mexican	Puerto Rican	Cuban	Other Hispanio					
Occupied housing units	1 080	848	561	7 966					
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Owner-occupied housing units	<b>259</b> 3	<b>214</b> 6	<b>181</b> 3	1 <b>487</b> 38					
5 to 34 years	51	43	31	252					
5 to 44 years5 to 54 years	68 53	55 45	50 23	424 324					
5 to 64 years5 to 74 years	46 19	23 24	37 26	222 132					
5 years and over	19	18	11	9					
Renter-occupied housing units	<b>821</b> 81	<b>634</b> 104	<b>380</b> 37	<b>6 47</b> 84					
5 to 34 years5 to 44 years	321 193	252 150	113 53	2 22 1 63					
5 to 54 years	100	52	49	89					
5 to 64 years 5 to 74 years	64 38	32 26	45 53	46 28					
5 years and over  OUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	24	18	30	14:					
Occupied housing units	100	86	120	64					
-person households	59 .42	53	61	319					
ean number of persons per room nits in structure:		.41	.50	.5					
1, detached or attached	27 73	31 55	32 87	17 45					
Mobile home, trailer, or other	20	_	1	1					
pecified owner Mean value (dollars)	234 000	24 202 600	24 219 500	13 254 80					
Decified renter Mean contract rent (dollars)	62 391	43 392	82 380	42 <sup>-</sup> 41:					
ALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>153</b>	121	99	83					
20,000 to \$29,999	_	_	<del>-</del>						
30,000 to \$39,999 40,000 to \$49,999	_ 1	_ 1	1 1						
50,000 to \$59,999 50,000 to \$69,999	2 4	_ 8	1 2	2					
70,000 to \$79,999	6	7	9	2					
30,000 to \$89,999 90,000 to \$99,999	11 13	3 11	3 9	6 5					
100,000 to \$124,999	15	13	5	132					
125,000 to \$149,999 150,000 to \$174,999	8 13	12 10	9 5	70 5					
75,000 to \$199,999	11	5	6	4:					
200,000 to \$249,999 250,000 to \$299,999	11 17	15 9	7 14	7. 7					
300,000 to \$399,999	19	12	15	9:					
400,000 to \$499,999500,000 or more	6 14	8 7	5 7	3 <sub>7</sub>					
edian (dollars)ean (dollars)	178 400 228 200	163 800 214 300	193 800 231 400	160 30 222 90					
Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers	_	-	251 400	222 300					
edian (dollars)ean (dollars)	_	-	_						
ONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units	<b>815</b> 12	<b>628</b> 18	<b>379</b> 20	<b>6 44</b>					
00 to \$149	9	9	13	5					
150 to \$199 200 to \$249	11 14	7 14	9 17	6 12					
250 to \$299 300 to \$349	23 37	21 30	22 22	29 50					
350 to \$399	55	40	27	61					
400 to \$449 450 to \$499	71 71	56 58	34 22	83 78					
500 to \$549	86	72	28	77:					
550 to \$599	66 48	60 36	30 24	48 <sup>-</sup> 51 <sup>-</sup>					
650 to \$699	63	30	26	33					
700 to \$749	35 103	41 75	13 37	20: 44:					
1,000 or more	86 25	39 22	26 9	24: 10:					
ean (dollars)	555 618	534 574	497 528	48! 524					
IEALS INCLUDED IN RENT	0.0	017	020	32					
Specified renter-occupied housing units	815	628	379	6 440					
/ith meals included in rent o meals included in rent	6 784	6 600	6 364	9: 6 24:					
o cash rent	25	22	9	109					

Table 68. Utilization and Financial Characteristics: 1990 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]
Table 69. Occupancy, Structural, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1990  [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]
Table 70. Occupancy, Structural, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Selected Racia Groups: 1990  [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]
Table 71. Occupancy, Structural, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Hispanic Origin by Type: 1990  [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]
Table 72. Selected Housing Characteristics: 1990 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]

Table 67. Occupancy, Structural Characteristics, and Age of Householder: 1990

[The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas]

## Table 73. Summary of General Housing Characteristics: 1990

		All housing units			Occupied housing units							Vacano	y rate				
				Percent				Percent				Specified renter					
County	All persons	Total	Median rooms	1 unit, de- tached or at- tached	In build- ings with 10 or more units	Total	Median persons in unit	Mean number of per- sons per room	Owner	With 1.01 or more per- sons per room	With house- holder 65 years and over	1- person house- holds	Specified owner, median value (dol- lars)	Median contract rent (dollars)	Percent with meals included in rent	Home- owner	Rental
District of Columbia Washington city	606 900 606 900	278 489 278 489	4.0 4.0	38.0 38.0	42.5 42.5	249 634 249 634	1.82 1.82	.50 .50	38.9 38.9	8.2 8.2	21.0 21.0	41.5 41.5	123 900 123 900	439 439	1.0 1.0	3.1 3.1	7.9 7.9

table was stiffled besides the	ere were no qualifying areas]			

Table 75. Allocation and Substitution for Selected Housing Items: 1990

		All housing units		Percent distribution					
District of Columbia	Total	Not allocated or substituted	Allocated or substituted	Total	Not allocated or substituted	Allocated or substituted			
ROOMS									
All housing units	278 489 22 830 31 204 59 243 47 309 32 506 32 624 20 457 14 298 18 018	256 816 21 295 28 713 54 339 42 809 29 646 30 152 19 233 13 526 17 103	21 673 1 535 2 491 4 904 4 500 2 860 2 472 1 224 772 915	100.0 8.2 11.2 21.3 17.0 11.7 11.7 7.3 5.1 6.5	100.0 8.3 11.2 21.2 16.7 11.5 11.7 7.5 5.3 6.7	100.0 7.1 11.5 22.6 20.8 13.2 11.4 5.6 3.6			
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	278 489	262 011	16 478	100.0	100.0	100.0			
All housing units  1, detached  1, attached  2 3 or 4  5 to 9  10 to 19  20 to 49  50 or more  Mobile home or trailer  Other	276 489 34 602 71 321 8 773 21 926 20 783 37 152 20 113 60 972 82 2 765	33 591 68 036 8 317 20 835 19 874 33 110 17 105 58 547 72 2 524	1 011 3 285 456 1 091 909 4 042 3 008 2 425 10 241	12.4 25.6 3.2 7.9 7.5 13.3 7.2 21.9 —	12.8 26.0 3.2 8.0 7.6 6.5 22.3 —	10.1 19.9 2.8 6.6 5.5 24.5 18.3 14.7			
TENURE									
Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	<b>249 634</b> 97 108 152 526	<b>234 823</b> 92 222 142 601	<b>14 811</b> 4 886 9 925	<b>100.0</b> 38.9 61.1	<b>100.0</b> 39.3 60.7	<b>100.0</b> 33.0 67.0			
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units	28 855 3 119 13 000 3 788 1 575 88 7 285	23 803 2 246 10 874 3 292 712 77 6 602	5 052 873 2 126 496 863 11 683	100.0 10.8 45.1 13.1 5.5 .3 25.2	100.0 9.4 45.7 13.8 3.0 .3 27.7	100.0 17.3 42.1 9.8 17.1 .2 13.5			
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units	71 532 266 245 375 794 1 701 3 760 5 769 6 894 7 123 9 230	67 155 241 213 331 711 1 540 3 377 5 288 6 340 6 596 8 585	4 377 25 32 44 83 161 383 481 554 527 645	100.0 .4 .3 .5 1.1 2.4 5.3 8.1 9.6 10.0 12.9	100.0 .4 .3 .5 1.1 2.3 5.0 7.9 9.4 9.8 12.8	100.0 -7 1.0 1.9 3.7 8.8 11.0 12.7 12.0 14.7			
\$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$2200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$399,999 \$500,000 or more	5 770 3 906 2 953 4 128 4 244 5 917 3 044 5 413 1 687 6 78 444 535 624	5 389 3 676 2 796 3 954 4 112 5 760 2 974 5 272 1 234 4 5 278 375 5 275	381 230 157 174 132 157 70 141 <b>453</b> 2 28 166 160 97	8.1 5.5 4.1 5.8 5.9 8.3 7.6 100.0 .4 4.6 26.3 31.7 37.0	8.0 5.5 4.2 5.9 6.1 8.6 4.4 7.9 100.0 3 4.1 122.5 30.4 42.7	8.7 5.3 3.6 4.0 3.0 3.6 1.6 3.2 100.0 .4 6.2 36.6 35.3 21.4			
CONTRACT RENT									
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	151 462 7 409 6 057 4 404 6 027 8 667 13 712 16 413 14 268 12 450 11 369	139 845 6 615 5 483 3 929 5 332 7 760 12 399 14 927 13 130 11 601 10 643	11 617 794 574 475 695 907 1 313 1 486 1 138 849 726	100.0 4.9 4.0 2.9 4.0 5.7 9.1 10.8 9.4 8.2 7.5	100.0 4.7 3.9 2.8 3.8 5.5 8.9 10.7 9.4 8.3 7.6	100.0 6.8 4.9 4.1 6.0 7.8 11.3 12.8 9.8 7.3 6.2			
\$550 to \$599	7 922 7 601 6 023 4 714 12 668 8 849 2 909 12 957 659 1 689 4 520 4 050 2 039	7 507 7 183 5 708 4 460 12 017 8 430 2 721 <b>6 765</b> 97 396 2 225 2 741 1 306	415 418 315 254 651 419 188 <b>6 192</b> 562 1 293 2 295 1 309 733	5.2 5.0 4.0 3.1 8.4 5.8 1.9 100.0 5.1 13.0 34.9 31.3 15.7	5.4 5.1 4.1 3.2 8.6 6.0 1.9 100.0 1.4 5.9 32.9 40.5 19.3	3.6 3.6 2.7 2.2 5.6 3.6 100.0 9.1 20.9 37.1 21.1 11.8			

Table 76. Percent of Housing Units Allocated or Substituted: 1990

	All housing units					Occupied housing units				Vacant housing units					
District of Columbia Urban and Rural and Size				Percent al subst			Percent al	located or su	bstituted	Percent a		rcent allocated	allocated or substituted		
of Place Inside and Outside Metropolitan Area County Place [1,000 or More Persons]	Total	1 or more items allocated	Substituted	Rooms	Units in structure	Total	Tenure	Value, specified owner	Contract rent, specified renter	Total	Vacancy status	Duration of vacancy	Value, specified vacant for sale only	Contract rent, specified vacant for rent	
The State	278 489	59 263	4 663	7.8	5.9	249 634	5.9	6.1	7.5	28 855	17.5	29.3	26.9	47.8	
URBAN AND RURAL AND SIZE OF PLACE															
Urban	278 489 278 489 278 489 — — — — — — — —	59 263 59 263 59 263 - - - - - - -	4 663 4 663 	7.8 7.8 7.8 - - - - - - -	5.9 5.9 5.9 - - - -	249 634 249 634 249 634 - - - - - -	5.9 5.9 5.9 - - - - -	6.1 6.1 6.1 - - - - -	7.5 7.5 7.5 - - - - - -	28 855 28 855 28 855 — — — — — —	17.5 17.5 17.5 - - - - - - -	29.3 29.3 29.3 - - - - - -	26.9 26.9 26.9 - - - - -	47.8 47.8 47.8 - - - - -	
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA															
Inside metropolitan area In central city Not in central city Urban Inside urbanized area Outside urbanized area Rural Outside metropolitan area Urban Inside urbanized area Place of 10,000 or more Place of 2,500 to 9,999	278 489 278 489 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	59 263 59 263        	4 663 4 663 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	7.8 7.8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.9 5.9 - - - - - - -	249 634 249 634 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.9 5.9 - - - - - - - -	6.1 6.1 - - - - - - - - -	7.5 7.5 - - - - - - - -	28 855 28 855 - - - - - - - - - -	17.5 17.5 - - - - - - - - - -	29.3 29.3 - - - - - - - - - - -	26.9 26.9 - - - - - - - -	47.8 47.8 - - - - - - - - - - -	
COUNTY															
District of Columbia	278 489	59 263	4 663	7.8	5.9	249 634	5.9	6.1	7.5	28 855	17.5	29.3	26.9	47.8	
PLACE															
Washington city	278 489	59 263	4 663	7.8	5.9	249 634	5.9	6.1	7.5	28 855	17.5	29.3	26.9	47.8	

# **APPENDIX A. Area Classifications**

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

# AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

#### Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

#### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

American Indian Reservation—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

Trust Land—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

#### Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

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#### **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)**

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

#### **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

#### **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

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with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

#### **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

#### Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

#### **Tabulation Block Group**

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/ rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

- 1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
- Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
- 3. Establishment of new governmental units.
- 4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
- 5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

#### **CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION**

#### **Census Division**

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### **Northeast Region**

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### **Midwest Region**

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

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East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

#### West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

#### **Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

# CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA

#### **Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-ofvessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

#### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

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#### **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)**

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

#### COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a threedigit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

#### **COUNTY SUBDIVISION**

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

#### **Census County Division (CCD)**

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

#### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

#### **Minor Civil Division (MCD)**

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/ or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

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The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

#### **Unorganized Territory (unorg.)**

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

#### **GEOGRAPHIC CODE**

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

#### **Census Code**

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme;* in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

# Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme;* in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

#### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION**

#### **Hierarchical Presentation**

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
Region
Division
State
County
County subdivision
Place (or part)
Census tract/ block numbering area
(or part)
Block group (or part)
Block
```

#### **Inventory Presentation**

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract/

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block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County "A"

County "B"

County "C"

Place "X"

Place "Y"

Place "Z"

#### HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

#### **INTERNAL POINT**

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

#### **METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)**

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

# Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

#### Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively freestanding MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

#### Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/ or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

#### **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

#### **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

#### **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

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Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

- In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
- 2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
- 3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

#### **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

#### **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

#### POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

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#### **STATE**

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/ United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

#### **TIGER**

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computerreadable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **UNITED STATES**

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

#### **URBAN AND RURAL**

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

- Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
- 2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
- 3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

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unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

#### **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

- 1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
- 2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

#### **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

#### **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

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each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

#### ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.

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# APPENDIX B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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#### SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion under "Group Quarters.") Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contain 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of 10 unrelated persons), they are classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contain eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as housing units.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration,

or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Comparability—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

#### **ACREAGE**

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire item H5a, which was asked at all occupied and vacant

one-family houses and mobile homes. The land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road or creek, or another piece of land. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

**Comparability**—The question on acreage was similar in 1970 and 1980 and was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in the 1990 census.

#### **AGE**

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was normally used to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year of birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

Median Age—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem in 1990.

Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for

respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger.

For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990 and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990 is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

#### **BOARDED-UP STATUS**

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

#### **BUSINESS ON PROPERTY**

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It will usually have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barbershop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.

#### **CONTRACT RENT**

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent" in census products containing sample data.)

Median and Quartile Contract Rent—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Contract Rent—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

#### **DURATION OF VACANCY**

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

#### **GROUP QUARTERS**

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters"). Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Institutionalized Persons—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Institutions include schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere; hospital wards for drug/alcohol abuse; rooms for long-term care patients in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, nursing homes, convalescent homes, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; juvenile institutions, including homes, schools, hospitals, orphanages, or residential-care facilities for neglected, abused, and dependent children; and correctional institutions, including halfway houses operated for correctional purposes. "Staff residents"; that is, staff personnel who live at the institution are classified with the "Noninstitutional group quarters" population.

Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

- Rooming Houses
- Group Homes
- Religious Group Quarters
- · College Quarters Off Campus

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

- College Dormitories
- · Military Quarters
- · Agriculture Workers' Dormitories

- Other Workers' Dormitories
- Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)
- Visible in Street Locations
- Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals
- · Crews of Maritime Vessels
- Staff Residents of Institutions
- Other Nonhousehold Living Situations
- Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters

Comparability-For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of "care" only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: "halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)" and "wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere," which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase "inmates of institutions" was changed to "institutionalized persons." Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were referred to as "other persons in group quarters," and the phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions. (For more information on "Group Quarters," see 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

#### **HISPANIC ORIGIN**

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—"Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban"—as well as those who indicated that they were of "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin. Persons of "Other Spanish/Hispanic" origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally

as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic" category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person's mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/ Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Comparability—There may be differences between the data on Hispanic origin of the householder based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/ Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin of the householder are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word "descent" was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term "Mexican-Amer." used in 1980 was shortened further to "Mexican-Am." to reduce misreporting (of "American") in this category detected in the 1980 census. Also, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as "other Spanish/ Hispanic" to write in their specific Hispanic origin group. Misreporting in the "Mexican-Amer." category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/ Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990

census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. (For more information on "Hispanic Origin," see 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

#### HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

#### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Persons Per Household—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

#### Relationship to Householder

Householder—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of "married persons with spouse present" in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as "spouse." For sample tabulations, the number of "married persons with spouse present" includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Own Child—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other Relatives—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category.

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

#### **Unrelated Individual**

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

#### **Family Type**

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-Couple Family—A family in which the house-holder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other Family:

Male Householder, No Wife Present—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

Female Householder, No Husband Present—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

Persons Per Family—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Comparability—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/ daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/ daughter" and "Stepson/ stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

#### **MARITAL STATUS**

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term "never married" which replaces the term "single" in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

#### **MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT**

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing which is generally considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

#### **PERSONS IN UNIT**

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

#### PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Mean Persons Per Room—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

#### **RACE**

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

American Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

Aleut—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

Asian or Pacific Islander—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in table A below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

**Asian**—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

Chinese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

Filipino—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philipine, or Filipino American.

Japanese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Asian Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Korean—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

*Vietnamese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.

Cambodian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

*Thai*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See table A for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

Pacific Islander—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following race categories or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

Hawaiian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

Samoan—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Guamanian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

Other Pacific Islander—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See table A for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

Other Race—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/ Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Limitation of the Data—In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. Since sample processing included additional editing, there may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data.

Comparability—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander."

Table A. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census

the 1990 Census	
Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese Filipino Japanese Asian Indian Korean Vietnamese Cambodian Hmong Laotian Thai Other Asian¹ Bangladeshi Bhutanese Borneo Burmese Celebesian Ceram Indochinese Indonesian Iwo-Jiman Javanese Malayan Maldivian Nepali Okinawan Pakistani Sikkim Singaporean Sri Lankan Sumatran Asian, not specified²	Hawaiian Samoan Guamanian Other Pacific Islander¹ Carolinian Fijian Kosraean Melanesian³ Micronesian³ Northern Mariana Islander Palauan Papua New Guinean Ponapean (Pohnpeian) Polynesian³ Solomon Islander Tahitian Tarawa Islander Tokelauan Tongan Trukese (Chuukese) Yapese Pacific Islander, not specified

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

Another difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category. (For more information on "Race," see 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

#### ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

#### **SEX**

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

#### **TENURE**

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mbox{Includes}$  entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

Owner Occupied—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied housing units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data.

Renter Occupied—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as a resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category.

"Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

#### **UNITS IN STRUCTURE**

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a

separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores or office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other structure; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house which contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built are also included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure which has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

Mobile Home or Trailer—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

Comparability—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category, "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

#### **USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE**

The data for usual home elsewhere were obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere were tabulated for the first time in 1980.

#### **VACANCY STATUS**

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For Rent—These are vacant units offered "for rent" and vacant units offered either "for rent or for sale."

For Sale Only—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or Sold, Not Occupied—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units may also include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

For Migrant Workers—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food processing plant is not farm work.)

Other Vacant—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Homeowner Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

Rental Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

Comparability—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics were generally presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

#### **VALUE**

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home is owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits is not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value is the price asked for the property.

Value is tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale-only housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified" units exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on less than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

#### **DERIVED MEASURES**

Census data products include various derived measures such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by showing a dash (–).

#### Interpolation

Interpolation is frequently used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. "Pareto interpolation" is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the logarithm of the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

#### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

#### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of an open-ended distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+ ), or if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (–). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

#### Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products and are used to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1) subtraction which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items and (2) the quotient of two numbers which provides a relative measure of difference.

#### Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

## **APPENDIX C. Accuracy of the Data**

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#### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to assure published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, and housing units. The result is that a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into some of the census characteristics to prevent identification of specific individuals, households, or housing units. The edit is controlled so that the counts of total persons, totals by race and American Indian tribe, Hispanic origin, and age 18 years and over are not affected by the confidentiality edit and are published as collected. In addition, total counts for housing units by tenure are not affected by this edit.

The confidentiality edit is conducted by selecting a sample of census households from the 100-percent data internal census files and interchanging its data with other households that have identical characteristics on a set of selected key variables but are in different geographic locations within the same State. To provide more protection for "small areas," a higher sampling rate was used for these areas. The net result of this procedure is that the data user's ability to obtain census data, particularly for small areas and subpopulation groups, has been significantly enhanced.

#### **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires were also reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Allocations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household, or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

#### **SOURCES OF ERROR**

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as the 1990 decennial census, human- and machine-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods

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were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was designed to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 decennial census and results from the 1990 decennial census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

 For larger urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and coded address lists, had the United States Postal Service (USPS) review and update this list, and conducted a dependent canvass and update operation.
 Prior to mailout, local officials were given the opportunity

- to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors, and the USPS conducted a final review.
- For small cities and suburban and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation that occurred in 1988 and 1989. For the addresses listed in 1988, the USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections through a field check; prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review of these addresses, and local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) delivered census questionnaires in the rural and seasonal housing areas listed in 1989 and in inner-city public housing developments. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followups contributed to improved coverage.

C-2 ACCURACY OF THE DATA

## APPENDIX D. Collection and Processing Procedures

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#### **ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### **Enumeration Rules**

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

Persons in the Armed Forces—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

- 1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
- 2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
- 3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
- 4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

Persons Away at School—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

#### **DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES**

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanishlanguage questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

#### **Enumeration of Housing Units**

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

- A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
- A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/ mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990)

The update/ leave/ mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

#### **Followup**

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

#### **Special Enumeration Procedures**

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

#### Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

- 1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
- 2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
- 3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

 Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

- All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
- 2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
- A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
- 4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

JOBNAME: No Job Name PAGE: 5 SESS: 25 OUTPUT: Mon May 11 09:21:20 1992 / node2/ F main F / 90dec/all/usst/appd

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in predesignated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.

# APPENDIX E. Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### Your Guide for the

## 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
How to fill out your census form	2
Example	2
Your answers are confidential	2
<b>Instructions</b> for the census questions	3-5
What the census is about	5
Why the census asks certain questions	5
CENSUS '90	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

#### **How to Fill Out Your Census Form**

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

#### **Example**

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
4 1	1 9 4 9	09	1981
000000	1 • 800000	000 • 00	1 9 8 0 0 0 0 0
10101	9 • 1 0 1 0	101010	9 ● 1 ○ 1 ●
2020	2020	2020	2020
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0	3030
4 • 40	4 • 4 0	4040	4040
. 5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0	5050	5050
6060	6060	6060	6060
7070	7010	7070	7070
8080	8080	8080	8 ● 8 ○
9090	9 ○ 9 ●	9 ○ 9 ●	9090

#### **Your Answers Are Confidential**

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups--including community organizations--and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

## Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- **b.** If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
- **2.** Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.

If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.

**4.** Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the boxes.

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

- 5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the Example on page 2 of this guide.
- **6.** If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term **"Mexican-Am."** refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

**All** persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

## Instructions for Questions H1a through H6

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as Yes. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as No.
  - b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as Yes. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as No.
- **H2.** Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

- H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.
- H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage) if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark Occupied without payment of cash rent if the unit is not owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is not paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

- **H5a.** Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home; include only land which you own or rent.
  - b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

#### Instructions for Questions H7a and H7b

**H7a.** Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by
By the day	30	4 times a year	3
By the week	4	2 times a year	6
Every other wee	k 2	Once a year	12

**b.** Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## What the Census Is About —

Some Questions and Answers

#### Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

#### What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

#### How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

#### How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

#### Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

#### Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.

**Name?** Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

**Value or rent?** Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

**CENSUS '90** 

### OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

#### The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years-or until the year 2062-only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else-no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency-is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

#### How to get started-and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

#### Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census. Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.

#### Para personas de habla hispana -

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: 1-800-CUENTAN (o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce BUREAU OF THE CENSUS FORM D-1

OMB No. 0607-0628 Approval Expires 07/31/91

#### Page 1

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.

#### Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

#### Do NOT include

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or	roads

NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.

Page 2 PLEASE A.	LSO ANSWER HOUSING QUESTION	
	PERSON 1	PERSON 2
Please fill one column  for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial
2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?	CTADT is able as lower with about the state of	If a RELATIVE of Person 1:  O Husband/wife O Brother/sister
Fill ONE circle for each person.  If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.  If there is no such person, start in this column with	<ul> <li>Natural-born</li> <li>or adopted</li> <li>son/daughter</li> <li>Stepson/</li> <li>stepdaughter</li> </ul> Father/mother <ul> <li>Other relative</li> </ul>
niece, cousin, and so on.	any adult household member.	If NOT RELATED to Person 1:  Roomer, boarder, Unmarried or foster child partner  Housemate, roommate Other nonrelative
3. Sex Fill ONE circle for each person.	O Male O Female	O Male O Female
4. Race Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.  If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)</li> </ul>
the entoned of principal time.	Eskimo     Aleut     Asian or Pacific Islander (API)     Chinese     Japanese	Eskimo Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API) Chinese Japanese
If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on.	<ul> <li>○ Filipino</li> <li>○ Hawaiian</li> <li>○ Samoan</li> <li>○ Korean</li> <li>○ Guamanian</li> <li>○ Vietnamese</li> <li>○ Other API</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Other API</li> </ul>
If Other race, print race.	Other race (Print race)	Other race (Print race)
5. Age and year of birth  a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.  b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the	a. Age b. Year of birth    0 0 0 0 0 0 0   1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	a. Age b. Year of birth    0 0 0 0 0 0   1 • 8 0 0 0 0     1 0 1 0 1 0   9 0 1 0 1 0     2 0 2 0   2 0 2 0
matching circle below each box.	3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0
6. Marital status Fill ONE circle for each person.	<ul> <li>Now married</li> <li>Widowed</li> <li>Divorced</li> <li>Separated</li> <li>Never married</li> </ul>	Now married
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin? Fill ONE circle for each person.	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)
If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group.		
FOR CENSUS USE	0	

PERSON 7	NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION	ONS H1a—H7b FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD	
Last name Pirst name Middle initi	the person should be listed — for example, some	if H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?	
If a RELATIVE of Person 1:  Husband/wife	temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person wistays here once in a while and has no other hom  Yes, please print the name(s)  No and reason(s).	b Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop)	
son/daughter Other relative  Stepson/	<b>7</b>	Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment —	
stepdaughter If NOT RELATED to Person 1:	b. Did you include anyone in your list of persons for	H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how much	
Roomer, boarder, Unmarried or foster child partner  Housemate, Other	Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example and the visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person should be listed — for example and the visitor who is staying the visitor who is the visit	would sell for if it were for sale?	
roommate on onrelative	usually lives somewhere else?	\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999	
O Male O Female	Yes, please print the name(s)  and reason(s).	\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999	
O White O Black or Negro		\$25,000 to \$29,999	
O Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)	H2. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	\$40,000 to \$44,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	
O Eskimo	A mobile home or trailer	\$50,000 to \$54,999	
Aleut     Asian or Pacific Islander (API)	A one-family house detached from any other house     A one-family house attached to one or more house	○ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$400,000 to \$499,999	
O Chinese O Japanese	A building with 2 apartments     A building with 3 or 4 apartments	000,000 to \$05,555	
O Filipino O Asian Indian O Hawaiian O Samoan	A building with 5 to 9 apartments     A building with 10 to 19 apartments	Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment —	
<ul><li>Korean</li><li>Vietnamese</li><li>Guamanian</li><li>Other API</li></ul>	A building with 20 to 49 apartments     A building with 50 or more apartments	$\frac{H7}{=}$ a. What is the monthly rent?	
	Other	<ul> <li>Less than \$80</li> <li>\$375 to \$399</li> <li>\$80 to \$99</li> <li>\$400 to \$424</li> </ul>	
Other race (Print race)	H3. How many rooms do you have in this house or apart Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers,	○ #10F + #140 ○ #4FO + #474	
a. Age b. Year of birth	or half-rooms.  0 1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms	(aus.) ( \$150 to \$174	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 2 rooms	ms	
2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2	rooms   \$250 to \$274		
3 · 3 · 3 · 4 · 4 · 4 · 4 · 4 · 4 · 4 ·	<ul> <li>Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?</li> </ul>	\$300 to \$324	
5 · 5 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 ·	Owned by you or someone in this household free	○ \$350 to \$374 ○ \$1,000 or more	
7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0	and clear (without a mortgage)?  Rented for cash rent?	b. Does the monthly rent include any meals?	
9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	Occupied without payment of cash rent?	OR CENSUS USE	
<ul><li>Now married</li><li>Separated</li><li>Widowed</li><li>Never married</li></ul>	A. Total B. Type of unit D. Mon	hs vacant G. DO ID	
O Divorced	persons Occupied Vacant Less	han 1 ○ 6 up to 12 to 2 ○ 12 up to 24	
<ul><li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li><li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</li></ul>	Cont'n Usual home		
<ul><li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li><li>Yes, Cuban</li></ul>	0 0 0	olete after  O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	
<ul> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>	2 2 For rent O For seas / O P/F	oreoi/to errerere	
(Print one group, for example: Argentinez Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan,	$\frac{3}{4}$ $\bigcirc$ For sale only rec/occ $\frac{\bigcirc MV}{}$	C ED O EN 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	
Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	sold, not workers P1	O P3 O P6	
	? Other vacant O P2	O P5 O SM O	
0 -	8 <u>C2.</u> Is this unit boarded up? F. Cov.	88888888888	
0	O Yes O No O 1b	○ la ○ 7 ○ H1	

Page 4

## Please make sure you have . . .

- 1. FILLED this form completely.
- **2. ANSWERED Question 1a** on page 1.
- **3. ANSWERED Questions 2 through 7** for each person you listed in Question 1a.
- 4. ANSWERED Questions H1a through H7b on page 3.

### Also . . .

**5. PRINT here the name** of a household member who filled the form, the date the form was completed, and the telephone number at which a person in this household can be called.

Name			Date
Telephone	Area code	Number	O Day O Night

### Then . . .

- 6. FOLD the form the way it was sent to you.
- 7. MAIL it back by April 1, or as close to that date as possible, in the envelope provided; no stamp is needed. When you insert your completed questionnaire, please make sure that the address of the U.S. Census Office can be seen through the window on the front of the envelope.

**NOTE** — If you have listed more than 7 persons in Question 1a, please make sure that you have filled the form for the first 7 people. Then mail back this form. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the other people.

## Thank you very much.

The Census Bureau estimates that, for the average household, this form will take 14 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about this estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Management Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, Attn: CEN-90, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project CEN-90, Washington, DC 20503. Please DO NOT RETURN your questionnaire to either of these addresses. Use the enclosed preaddressed envelope to return your completed questionnaire.

## APPENDIX F. Data Products and User Assistance

#### **CONTENTS**

Data Products	F-1
Geographic Products	F-3
Other Census Bureau Resources	F∹
Reference Materials	F-4
Sources of Assistance	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

#### **DATA PRODUCTS**

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA<sup>™</sup>. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F–7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F–8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

#### **Printed Reports**

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH), 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP), and 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

#### **Computer Tape Files**

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F–11 through F–13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA<sup>TM</sup>. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)

Summary Tape Files (STF's)—These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

Other Special Computer Tape Files—Other files include the Census/ Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

#### Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

#### Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

#### **Online Information Systems**

The Census Bureau began CENDATA<sup>™</sup>, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA<sup>™</sup> is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA<sup>™</sup> provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

#### **Custom Data Products**

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations— UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

#### **GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS**

#### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

County Block Maps—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

County Subdivision Outline Maps—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

Census Tract/ Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/ BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

Voting District Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

#### **Geographic Publications**

The Geographic Identification Code Scheme report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

#### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary<sup>TM</sup> and TIGER/DataBase<sup>TM</sup>, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

#### REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- 1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- Census '90 Basics. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- Strength in Numbers. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base. A
  free booklet describing the structure and uses of the
  Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- Census and You. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- Monthly Product Announcement. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.
- Census Catalog and Guide. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/ Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA $^{\text{TM}}$ , the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

#### **SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE**

#### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

#### Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## **Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office**

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

#### Other Sources of Products and Services

State Data Centers—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

National Services Program—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse**—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries**—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

#### OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- People: Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- Business and industry: Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- Housing and construction: Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- Farms: Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- Foreign trade: Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- Other nations: Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the annual *Census Catalog and Guide.* Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

#### **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

#### **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

#### **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold. Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

#### **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

#### **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

#### Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

#### Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

#### **100-PERCENT COMPONENT**

Population Housing

Household relationship

Sex

Number of units in structure

Number of rooms in unit

Tenure—owned or rented

Value of home or monthly rent

Marital status Congregate housing (meals included in rent)

Vacancy characteristics

#### **SAMPLE COMPONENT**

**Population** 

Hispanic origin

Social characteristics:

Education—enrollment and attainment

Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.

Ancestry

Language spoken at home Migration (residence in 1985)

Disability
Fertility
Veteran status

Economic characteristics:

Labor force

Occupation, industry, and class of worker

Place of work and journey to work

Work experience in 1989

Income in 1989 Year last worked Housing

Year moved into residence Number of bedrooms

Plumbing and kitchen facilities

Telephone in unit Vehicles available Heating fuel

Source of water and method of sewage disposal

Year structure built Condominium status Farm residence

Shelter costs, including utilities

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
	199	00 CENSUS OF POPUL	ATION AND HOUSING (1990 C	PH)
		100-	-Percent Data	
1990 CPH-1	Summary Popula- tion and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	Population and Housing Unit Counts	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
		100-Perce	nt and Sample Data	
1990 CPH-3	Population and Housing Charac- teristics for Cen- sus Tracts and Block Numbering Areas	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/ BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	Population and Housing Charac- teristics for Con- gressional Districts of the 103rd Con- gress	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
		S	ample Data	
1990 CPH-5	Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Charac- teristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
		1990 CENSUS O	F POPULATION (1990 CP)	
		100-	-Percent Data	
1990 CP-1	General Population Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. **1990 Census Printed Reports—**Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
		1990 CENSUS OF P	OPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.	
		100-Per	cent Data—Con.	
1990 CP-1-1A	General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
		Sa	ample Data	
1990 CP-2	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for Metropoli- tan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population sub- jects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	Population Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. **1990 Census Printed Reports—**Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas	
1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH) 100-Percent Data					
1990 CH-1	General Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural	
1990 CH-1-1A	General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations	
1990 CH-1-1B	General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA	
1990 CH-1-1C	General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA	
		Sa	ample Data		
1990 CH-2	Detailed Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas	
1990 CH-2-1A	Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A	
1990 CH-2-1B	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B	
1990 CH-2-1C	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C	
1990 CH-3	Housing Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places	

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape F (STF 1A, 1B, etc. and data type (100 percent or				
sample) <sup>1</sup>		Geographic areas	Description	
	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas		
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas		
STF 1 (100 percent)	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	Over 900 cells/ items of 100- percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area	
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas		
	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's		
STF 2 (100 percent)	В	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 2,100 cells/ items of 100- percent population and housing counts and characteristics for eac geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabula- tions for the total population and	
	С	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	separate presentations of tabula- tions by race and Hispanic origin	
	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas		
	$B^3$	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State		
STF 3 (Sample)	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	Over 3,300 cells/ items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area	
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States		

Figure 3. **1990 Census Summary Tape Files**—Con.

**Summary Tape File** 

(STF 1A, 1B, etc.) and data type (100 percent or sample) <sup>1</sup>		Geographic areas	Description
	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/ BNA's	
STF 4 (Sample)	В	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/ items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and
	С	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	Hispanic origin.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file. <sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

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Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas ( MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/ block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/ Equal Employ- ment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to- county migration streams and significant inter- state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteris- tics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metro- politan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on print- outs, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas

Maps are not available.