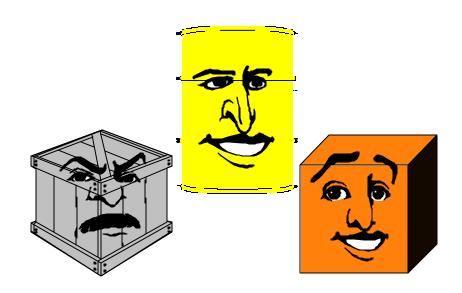


BILINGUAL HAZARDOUS MATERIALS GENERAL AWARENESS TRAINING Volume VI

PERFORMANCE ORIENTED PACKAGING

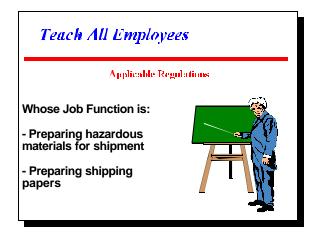


EMABLAJE ORIENTADO PARA FUNCIONAR

The format for the material contained herein was developed using Presentation Task Force and Corel Draw, WordPerfect, and Presentations.

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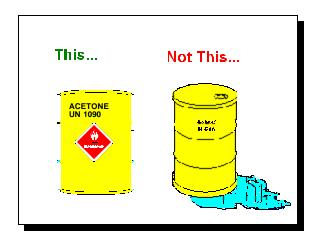
Containers used or intended for use in the transportation of hazardous materials are regulated by the HMR.

You're subject to the HMR if you:

- make, sell and/or offer these containers,
- inspect, test, retest or repair and rebuild them,
- prepare and/or offer hazardous materials for transportation, or
- accept a shipment of hazardous materials for transportation.

If you offer hazardous materials for transportation, you must train your employees in the HMR requirements that may apply. Train every officer, agent and employee that has any responsibility for preparing the hazardous materials for shipments.

173.1(b)



A shipment of hazardous materials that's not prepared in accordance with the HMR may not be offered for transportation by any mode.

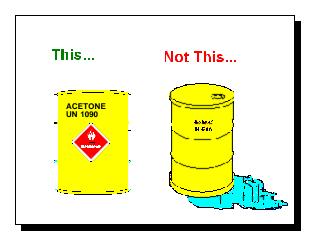
173.1(b)

Packaging

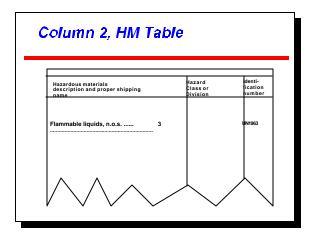
Anyone Performing a Hazardous Materials Regulation required packaging function.. Must Comply with 49 CFR Part 173

Anyone who performs a function required by the HMR packaging provisions must perform that function according to the HMR.

173.1(c)

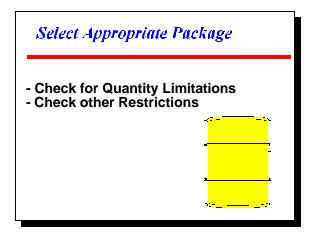


The purpose of the HMR packaging requirements is to assure that hazardous materials remain in the package during transportation.

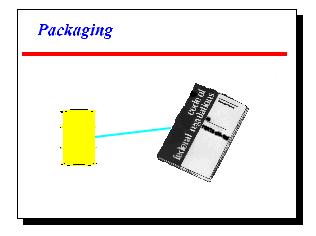


The Hazardous Materials Table (HMT) is the menu for hazardous materials packaging.

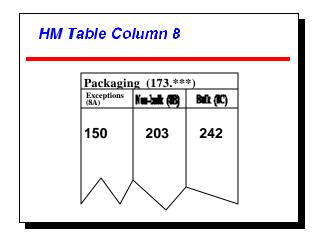
There are steps to follow to select the proper packaging from the menu. This includes becoming familiar with additional packaging requirements. Some apply in general, others apply to specific modes of transportation.



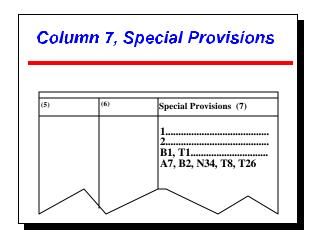
In selecting a packaging, you must ALSO consider quantity and modal limitations that may restrict your choices.



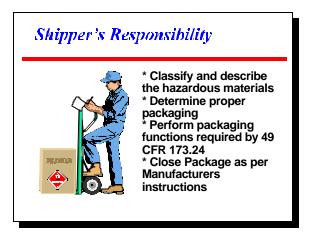
Use the selection menu procedure to choose proper packaging for any hazardous material. Use the same method to determine if a packaging is in compliance with the HMR.



To select the proper packaging for hazardous materials transportation, you must start at the Hazardous Materials Table, Column 8. Notice that the Column is divided into three sub-columns, (8a), exceptions, (8b), Non-bulk packages, and (8c), Bulk packages. Also, notice at the top of the Column, the entry "(173***)". This entry, 173*** combines with the numerical section listed in the Columns to direct you to the proper section to find the authorized packaging for each hazardous material.



Now, before you turn to the packaging section to select the package you wish to use, look at Column (7) Special Provisions. This Column identifies any special packaging requirements, or handling requirements for the material you want to package. After you have met all the Special Provisions you are ready to turn to the packaging section referenced in Column 8. When you locate the proper section you are free to use any packaging type listed in the section.



PERFORMANCE ORIENTED PACKAGING

SHIPPER RESPONSIBILITY

- Classify and describe the HM in accordance with the HMR.
- Determine proper packaging and verify compliance of the selected packaging or container.
- Perform packaging functions required by the general packaging requirements in 173.24, 173.24a, 173.24b.
- Perform actions, based on instructions provided by the manufacturer, needed for the package to comply with Part 178.

Currier = Shipper?

- < Carrier Repackages Material
- < Carrier Functions as a Shipper
- < Carrier Must Comply with the Hazardous Materials Regulations

Example: If a carrier repackages a hazardous material for any reason, the carrier is preparing the shipment for transportation.

He/she must repackage the materials in accordance with all applicable HMR provisions. It makes no difference that the carrier is not the shipper.

Sometimes, more than one person performs an offeror function. Each person performing an "offeror," in other words the shipper, function is accountable for HMR packaging responsibilities.

173.1(c)