



Bibliometric Analysis **for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency/Office of Research** **and Development's Air (Particulate Matter, Ozone, Air Toxics, and** **Indoor Air) Research Program**

This is a bibliometric analysis of the papers prepared by intramural and extramural researchers of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Air Research Program. For this analysis, 2,064 papers were reviewed, and they were published from 1998 to 2007. These publications were cited 34,562 times in the journals covered by Thomson Scientific's *Web of Science*¹ and Elsevier's Scopus². Of these 2,064 publications, 1,827 (88.5%) have been cited at least once in a journal.

Searches of *Web of Science* and Scopus were conducted to obtain times cited data for the Air Research Program journal publications. The analysis was completed using Thomson's *Essential Science Indicators (ESI)* and *Journal Citation Reports (JCR)* as benchmarks. *ESI* provides access to a unique and comprehensive compilation of essential science performance statistics and science trends data derived from Thomson's databases. For this analysis, the *ESI* highly cited papers thresholds as well as the hot papers thresholds were used to assess the influence and impact of the air papers. *JCR* is a recognized authority for evaluating journals. It presents quantifiable statistical data that provide a systematic, objective way to evaluate the world's leading journals and their impact and influence in the global research community. The two key measures used in this analysis to assess the journals in which the EPA air papers are published are the Impact Factor and Immediacy Index. The Impact Factor is a measure of the frequency with which the "average article" in a journal has been cited in a particular year. The Impact Factor helps evaluate a journal's relative importance, especially when compared to other journals in the same field. The Immediacy Index is a measure of how quickly the "average article" in a journal is cited. This index indicates how often articles published in a journal are cited within the same year and it is useful in comparing how quickly journals are cited.

The report includes a summary of the results of the bibliometric analysis, an analysis of the 2,064 air research papers analyzed by *ESI* field (e.g., Clinical Medicine, Environment/Ecology, and Geosciences), an analysis of the journals in which the air papers were published, a table of the highly cited researchers in the Air Research Program, a list of patents that have resulted from the program, and other parameters reported by *ESI*.

¹ Thomson Scientific's *Web of Science* provides access to current and retrospective multidisciplinary information from approximately 8,830 of the most prestigious, high impact research journals in the world. *Web of Science* also provides cited reference searching.

² Scopus is a large abstract and citation database of research literature and quality Web sources designed to support the literature research process. Scopus offers access to 15,000 titles from 4,000 different publishers, more than 12,850 academic journals (including coverage of 535 Open Access journals, 750 conference proceedings, and 600 trade publications), 27 million abstracts, 245 million references, 200 million scientific Web pages, and 13 million patent records.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

- 1. One-third of the air publications are highly cited papers.** 679 (32.9%) of the air papers qualify as highly cited when using the *ESI* criteria for the top 10% of highly cited publications. This is 3.3 times the 10% of papers expected to be highly cited. 107 (5.2%) of the air papers qualify as highly cited when using the *ESI* criteria for the top 1%, which is 5.2 times the number expected. 14 (0.7%) of these papers qualify as very highly cited when using the criteria for the top 0.1%, which is 7 times the number anticipated. None of the papers actually meets the 0.01% threshold for the most highly cited papers, which is not surprising given that the expected number for this program is 0.2 papers.
- 2. The air papers are more highly cited than the average paper.** Using the *ESI* average citation rates for papers published by field as the benchmark, in 15 of the 19 fields in which the 2,064 EPA air papers were published, the ratio of actual to expected cites is greater than 1, indicating that the air papers are more highly cited than the average papers in those fields. For all 19 fields combined, the ratio of total number of cites to the total number of expected cites (34,562 to 15,305.25) is 2.2, indicating that the air papers are more highly cited than the average paper.
- 3. More than one-third of the air papers are published in high impact journals.** 696 of the 2,064 papers were published in the top 10% of journals ranked by *JCR* Impact Factor, representing 33.7% of EPA's air papers. This number is 3.4 times higher than the expected 206 papers. 966 of the 2,064 papers appear in the top 10% of journals ranked by *JCR* Immediacy Index, representing 46.8% of EPA's air papers. This number is 4.7 times higher than the expected 206 papers.
- 4. Fifty-two of the air papers qualify as hot papers.** Using the hot paper thresholds established by *ESI* as a benchmark, 52 hot papers, representing 2.5% of the air papers, were identified in the analysis. Hot papers are papers that were highly cited shortly after they were published. The number of air hot papers identified is 25 times higher than the expected 2 hot papers.
- 5. The authors of the air papers cite themselves much less than the average author.** 1,605 of the 34,562 cites are author self-cites. This 4.6% author self-citation rate is well below the accepted range of 10-30% author self-citation rate.
- 6. Fifty-nine of the 3,452 authors of the air papers are included in *ISI Highly Cited.com*,** which is a database of the world's most influential researchers who have made key contributions to science and technology during the period from 1981 to 1999.
- 7. There were 6 patents issued** to investigators from 1998 to 2007 for research that was conducted under EPA's Air Research Program. Two of these patents were cited by a total of 9 other patents.
- 8. EPA's Air Research Program includes 4 of the top 20 air pollution papers** (published from January 2003 to April 2005) and **18 of the top 20 air pollution authors** (from 1995 to 2005) authored papers for EPA's Air Research Program.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS (Continued)

10. The United States ranks first among the top 20 countries publishing on air pollution.
11. More than one-half of the EPA air papers are published in *ESI's* top 20 journals in air pollution.
12. Harvard University (one of EPA's grantees) ranks number one and EPA ranks number two on *ESI's* top 20 institutions publishing on air pollution.
13. The number of air pollution papers published in journals covered by *ESI* from 2001 to 2005 has declined compared to the number published from 2000 to 2004. The number of cites and cites/paper for papers published from 2001 to 2005 also have declined. The number of EPA Air Research Program publications, however, has increased slightly from 2001 to 2005 (1,257 publications) when compared to the number published from 2000 to 2004 (1,240 publications). Like the overall air pollution paper trends identified by *ESI*, the number of cites and the cites per paper have declined.

Highly Cited Air Publications

All of the journals covered by *ESI* are assigned a field, and to compensate for varying citation rates across scientific fields, different thresholds are applied to each field. Thresholds are set to select highly cited papers to be listed in *ESI*. Different thresholds are set for both field and year of publication. Setting different thresholds for each year allows comparable representation for older and younger papers for each field.

The 2,064 air research papers reviewed for this analysis were published in journals that were assigned to 19 of the 22 *ESI* fields. The distribution of the papers among these 19 fields and the number of citations by field are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Air Papers by *ESI* Fields

| <i>ESI</i> Field | No. of Citations | No. of Air Papers | Average Cites/Paper |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Biology & Biochemistry | 546 | 41 | 13.3 |
| Chemistry | 2,375 | 150 | 15.8 |
| Clinical Medicine | 6,479 | 260 | 24.9 |
| Computer Science | 15 | 4 | 3.8 |
| Economics & Business | 25 | 3 | 8.3 |
| Engineering | 4,259 | 360 | 11.8 |
| Environment/Ecology | 7,910 | 435 | 18.2 |
| Geosciences | 8,477 | 490 | 17.3 |

| <i>ESI</i> Field | No. of Citations | No. of Air Papers | Average Cites/Paper |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Immunology | 377 | 14 | 26.9 |
| Materials Science | 1 | 2 | 0.5 |
| Mathematics | 35 | 7 | 5.0 |
| Microbiology | 22 | 1 | 22.0 |
| Molecular Biology & Genetics | 62 | 8 | 7.8 |
| Multidisciplinary | 421 | 10 | 42.1 |
| Neuroscience & Behavior | 227 | 20 | 11.4 |
| Pharmacology & Toxicology | 2,951 | 220 | 13.4 |
| Physics | 194 | 15 | 12.9 |
| Plant & Animal Science | 124 | 11 | 11.3 |
| Social Sciences, general | 62 | 13 | 4.8 |
| | Total = 34,562 | Total = 2,064 | 16.7 |

There are 679 (32.9% of the papers analyzed) highly cited EPA air papers in 14 of the 19 fields—Biology & Biochemistry, Chemistry, Clinical Medicine, Economics & Business, Engineering, Environment/Ecology, Geosciences, Immunology, Mathematics, Multidisciplinary, Pharmacology & Toxicology, Physics, Plant & Animal Science, and Social Sciences—when using the *ESI* criteria for the **top 10% of papers**. Table 2 shows the number of EPA air papers in those 14 fields that meet the **top 10% threshold in *ESI***. One hundred-seven (5.2%) of the papers analyzed qualify as highly cited when using the *ESI* criteria for the **top 1% of papers**. These papers cover 9 fields—Biology & Biochemistry, Chemistry, Clinical Medicine, Economics & Business, Engineering, Environment/Ecology, Geosciences, Multidisciplinary, and Pharmacology & Toxicology. Table 3 shows the 107 (5.2% of the papers analyzed) papers by field that meet the **top 1% threshold in *ESI***. The citations for these 107 papers are provided in Tables 4 through 12. Table 13 shows the 14 (0.7%) papers by field that meet the **top 0.1% threshold in *ESI***. These 14 very highly cited air papers in the fields of Chemistry, Clinical Medicine, Economics & Business, Engineering, Environment/Ecology, and Geosciences are listed in Table 14. None of the air papers meet the **top 0.01% threshold in *ESI***, which is not surprising because the expected number of papers that should meet this threshold for this analysis is 0.2. The highly cited papers in Tables 4 through 13 are presented in order of year of publication with the oldest papers appearing first. Within the year of publication, the papers are ordered by increasing number of times cited.

Table 2. Number of Highly Cited Air Papers by Field (top 10%)

| <i>ESI</i> Field | No. of Citations | No. of Papers | Average Cites/Paper | % of Papers in Field |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Biology & Biochemistry | 216 | 6 | 36.0 | 14.6% |
| Chemistry | 1,156 | 34 | 34.0 | 22.7% |
| Clinical Medicine | 4,970 | 91 | 54.6 | 35.0% |

| <i>ESI Field</i> | No. of Citations | No. of Papers | Average Cites/Paper | % of Papers in Field |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Economics & Business | 7 | 1 | 7.0 | 33.3% |
| Engineering | 3,525 | 144 | 24.5 | 40.0% |
| Environment/Ecology | 5,655 | 170 | 33.3 | 39.1% |
| Geosciences | 5,737 | 164 | 35.0 | 33.5% |
| Immunology | 303 | 5 | 60.6 | 35.7% |
| Mathematics | 25 | 2 | 12.5 | 28.6% |
| Multidisciplinary | 398 | 6 | 66.3 | 60.0% |
| Pharmacology & Toxicology | 1,692 | 47 | 36.0 | 21.4% |
| Physics | 117 | 3 | 39.0 | 20.0% |
| Plant & Animal Science | 64 | 2 | 32.0 | 18.2% |
| Social Sciences, general | 20 | 4 | 5.0 | 30.8% |
| | Total = 23,885 | Total = 679 | 35.2 | 32.9% |

Table 3. Number of Highly Cited Air Papers by Field (top 1%)

| <i>ESI Field</i> | No. of Citations | No. of Papers | Average Cites/Paper | % of Air Papers in Field |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Biology & Biochemistry | 37 | 1 | 37.0 | 2.4% |
| Chemistry | 62 | 2 | 31.0 | 1.3% |
| Clinical Medicine | 1,513 | 8 | 189.1 | 3.1% |
| Economics & Business | 7 | 1 | 7.0 | 33.3% |
| Engineering | 1,768 | 32 | 55.2 | 8.9% |
| Environment/Ecology | 1,549 | 31 | 50.0 | 7.1% |
| Geosciences | 2,255 | 28 | 80.5 | 5.7% |
| Multidisciplinary | 272 | 2 | 136.0 | 20.0% |
| Pharmacology & Toxicology | 259 | 2 | 129.5 | 0.9% |
| | Total = 7,722 | Total = 107 | 72.2 | 5.2% |

Table 4. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Biology & Biochemistry (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 37 | 33 | Kadiiska MB | Biomarkers of Oxidative Stress Study II: are oxidation products of lipids, proteins, and DNA markers of CCl ₄ poisoning? <i>Free Radical Biology & Medicine</i> 2005;38(6):698-710. |

Table 5. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Chemistry (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 59 | 43 | Gao S | Low-molecular-weight and oligomeric components in secondary organic aerosol from the ozonolysis of cycloalkenes and alpha-pinene. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry A</i> 2004;108(46):10147-10164. |
| 3 | 2 | Rudich Y | Aging of organic aerosol: bridging the gap between laboratory and field studies. <i>Annual Review of Physical Chemistry</i> 2007;58:321-352. |

Table 6. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Clinical Medicine (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|
| 187 | 144 | Abbey DE | Long-term inhalable particles and other air pollutants related to mortality in nonsmokers. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> 1999;159(2):373-382. |
| 216 | 133 | Gold DR | Ambient pollution and heart rate variability. <i>Circulation</i> 2000;101(11):1267-1273. |
| 249 | 115 | Peters A | Increased particulate air pollution and the triggering of myocardial infarction. <i>Circulation</i> 2001;103(23):2810-2815. |
| 634 | 99 | Pope CA | Lung cancer, cardiopulmonary mortality and long-term exposure to fine particulate air pollution. <i>Journal of the American Medical Association</i> 2002;287(9):1132-1141. |
| 89 | 54 | Peters A | Exposure to traffic and the onset of myocardial infarction. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> 2004;351(17):1721-1730. |
| 131 | 54 | Pope CA | Cardiovascular mortality and long-term exposure to particulate air pollution: epidemiological evidence of general pathophysiological pathways of disease. <i>Circulation</i> 2004;109(1):71-77. |
| 2 | 2 | Baccarelli A | Effects of exposure to air pollution on blood coagulation. <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> 2007;5(2):252-260. |
| 5 | 2 | Miller KA | Long-term exposure to air pollution and incidence of cardiovascular events in women. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> 2007;356(5):447-458. |

Table 7. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Economics & Business (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 7 | 4 | Peng RD | Model choice in time series studies of air pollution and mortality. <i>Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society)</i> 2006;169(2):179-203. |

Table 8. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Engineering (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|
| 54 | 46 | Zhang Y | Simulation of aerosol dynamics: a comparative review of algorithms used in air quality models. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 1999;31(6):487-514. |
| 45 | 44 | Wilson WE | Estimating separately personal exposure to ambient and non-ambient particulate matter for epidemiology and risk assessment; why and how. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2000;50(7):1167-1183. |
| 52 | 44 | Tobias HJ | Real-time chemical analysis of organic aerosols using a thermal desorption particle beam mass spectrometer. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2000;33(1-2):170-190. |
| 75 | 44 | Sarnat JA | Assessing the relationship between personal particulate and gaseous exposures of senior citizens living in Baltimore. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2000;50(7):1184-1198. |
| 78 | 44 | Long CM | Characterization of indoor particle sources using continuous mass and size monitors. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2000;50(7):1236-1250. |
| 207 | 44 | Jayne JT | Development of an aerosol mass spectrometer for size and composition analysis of submicron particles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2000;33(1-2):49-70. |
| 209 | 44 | Richter H | Formation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and their growth to soot – a review of chemical reaction pathways. <i>Progress in Energy and Combustion Science</i> 2000;26(4-6):565-608. |
| 38 | 37 | Vette AF | Characterization of indoor-outdoor aerosol concentration relationships during the Fresno PM exposure studies. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(1):118-126. |
| 42 | 37 | Lewtas J | Comparison of sampling methods for semi-volatile organic carbon associated with PM _{2.5} . <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(1):9-22. |
| 57 | 37 | Tolocka MP | East versus West in the US: chemical characteristics of PM _{2.5} during the winter of 1999. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(1):88-96. |

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 92 | 37 | Woo KS | Measurement of Atlanta aerosol size distributions: Observations of ultrafine particle events. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(1):75-87. |
| 105 | 37 | Weber RJ | A particle-into-liquid collector for rapid measurement of aerosol bulk chemical composition. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;35(3):718-727. |
| 31 | 31 | Cabada JC | Sources of atmospheric carbonaceous particulate matter in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2002;52(6):732-741. |
| 34 | 31 | Zhang Z | Cyclic micron-size particle inhalation and deposition in a triple bifurcation lung airway model. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2002;33(2):257-281. |
| 37 | 31 | Kim S | Size distribution and diurnal and seasonal trends of ultrafine particles in source and receptor sites of the Los Angeles basin. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2002;52(3):297-307. |
| 40 | 31 | Zhang X | A numerical characterization of particle beam collimation by an aerodynamic lens-nozzle system: Part I. an individual lens or nozzle. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2002;36(5):617-631. |
| 63 | 31 | McMurray PH | The relationship between mass and mobility for atmospheric particles: A new technique for measuring particle density. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2002;36(2):227-238. |
| 130 | 31 | Zhu YF | Concentration and size distribution of ultrafine particles near a major highway. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2002;52(9):1032-1042. |
| 31 | 25 | Lewis CW | Source apportionment of Phoenix PM _{2.5} aerosol with the Unmix receptor model. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2003;53(3):325-338. |
| 22 | 18 | Lemieux PM | Emissions of organic air toxics from open burning: a comprehensive review. <i>Progress in Energy and Combustion Science</i> 2004;30(1):1-32. |
| 23 | 18 | Zhang XF | Numerical characterization of particle beam collimation: Part II integrated aerodynamic-lens-nozzle system. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(6):619-638. |
| 23 | 18 | Zhu Y | Seasonal trends of concentration and size distribution of ultrafine particles near major highways in Los Angeles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):5-13. |
| 24 | 18 | Cabada JC | Estimating the secondary organic aerosol contribution to PM _{2.5} using the EC tracer method. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):140-155. |

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| 25 | 18 | Drewnick F | Measurement of ambient aerosol composition during the PMTACS-NY 2001 campaign using an aerosol mass spectrometer. Part II: Chemically speciated mass distribution. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):104-117. |
| 26 | 18 | Cho A | Determination of four quinones in diesel exhaust particles, SRM 1649a and atmospheric PM _{2.5} . <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):68-81. |
| 33 | 18 | Stanier CO | Nucleation events during the Pittsburgh Air Quality Study: description and relation to key meteorological, gas phase, and aerosol parameters. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):253-264. |
| 34 | 18 | Drewnick F | Measurement of ambient aerosol composition during the PMTACS-NY 2001 campaign using an aerosol mass spectrometer. Part I: Mass concentrations. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):92-103. |
| 39 | 18 | Subramanian R | Positive and negative artifacts in particulate organic carbon measurements with denuded and undenuded sampler configurations. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):27-48. |
| 55 | 18 | Canagaratna M | Chase studies of particulate emissions from in-use New York City vehicles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(6):555-573. |
| 13 | 10 | Kim E | Estimation of organic carbon blank values and error structures of the speciation trends network data for source apportionment. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2005;55(8):1190-1199. |
| 14 | 4 | Byun D | Review of the governing equations, computational algorithms, and other components of the Models-3 Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) modeling system. <i>Applied Mechanics Reviews</i> 2006;59:51-77. |
| 17 | 4 | Bond TC | Light absorption by carbonaceous particles: an investigative review. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2006;40(1):27-67. |

Table 9. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Environment/Ecology (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|
| 175 | 103 | Liao D | Daily variation of particulate air pollution and poor cardiac autonomic control in the elderly. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 1999;107(7):521-525. |
| 208 | 88 | Laden F | Association of fine particulate matter from different sources with daily mortality in six U.S. cities. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2000;108(10):941-947. |
| 83 | 77 | Fine PM | Chemical characterization of fine particle emissions from the fireplace combustion of woods grown in the northeastern United States. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2001;35(13):2665-2675. |

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|
| 83 | 77 | Jang M | Atmospheric secondary aerosol formation by heterogeneous reactions of aldehydes in the presence of a sulfuric acid aerosol catalyst. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2001;35(24):4758-4766. |
| 94 | 77 | Dockery DW | Epidemiologic evidence of cardiovascular effects of particulate air pollution. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2001;109(S4):483-486. |
| 67 | 48 | Park K | Relationship between particle mass and mobility for diesel exhaust particles. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2003;37(3):577-583. |
| 144 | 48 | Li N | Ultrafine particulate pollutants induce oxidative stress and mitochondrial damage. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2003;111(4):455-460. |
| 34 | 34 | Landrigan PJ | Health and environmental consequences of the World Trade Center disaster. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2004;112(6):731-739. |
| 40 | 34 | Chow JC | Equivalence of elemental carbon by thermal/optical reflectance and transmittance with different temperature protocols. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2004;38(16):4414-4422. |
| 44 | 34 | Xia T | Quinones and aromatic chemical compounds in particulate matter induce mitochondrial dysfunction: implications for ultrafine particle toxicity. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2004;112(14):1347-1358. |
| 45 | 34 | Zhang Q | Insights into the chemistry of new particle formation and growth events in Pittsburgh based on aerosol mass spectrometry. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2004;38(18):4797-4809. |
| 58 | 34 | Pope CA | Ambient particulate air pollution, heart rate variability, and blood markers of inflammation in a panel of elderly subjects. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2004;112(3):339-345. |
| 59 | 34 | Gao S | Particle phase acidity and oligomer formation in secondary organic aerosol. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2004;38(24):6582-6589. |
| 17 | 17 | Reisen F | Atmospheric reactions influence seasonal PAH and nitro-PAH concentrations in the Los Angeles Basin. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(1):64-73. |
| 18 | 17 | Delfino RJ | Potential role of ultrafine particles in associations between airborne particle mass and cardiovascular health. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(8):934-946. |
| 19 | 17 | Dockery DW | Association of air pollution with increased incidence of ventricular tachyarrhythmias recorded by implanted cardioverter defibrillators. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(6):670-674. |
| 22 | 17 | Zanobetti A | The effect of particulate air pollution on emergency admissions for myocardial infarction: a multicity case-crossover analysis. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(8):978-982. |
| 23 | 17 | Lim H | Isoprene forms secondary organic aerosol through cloud processing: model simulations. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(12):4441-4446. |

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| 25 | 17 | Park SK | Effects of Air Pollution on Heart Rate Variability: The VA Normative Aging Study. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(3):304-309. |
| 26 | 17 | Bahreini R | Measurements of secondary organic aerosol from oxidation of cycloalkenes, terpenes, and m-xylene using an Aerodyne aerosol mass spectrometer. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(15):5674-5688. |
| 27 | 17 | Lough GC | Emissions of metals associated with motor vehicle roadways. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(3):826-836. |
| 40 | 17 | Zhang Q | Deconvolution and quantification of hydrocarbon-like and oxygenated organic aerosols based on aerosol mass spectrometry. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(13):4938-4952. |
| 133 | 17 | Oberdorster G | Nanotoxicology: an emerging discipline evolving from studies of ultrafine particles. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(7):823-839. |
| 6 | 6 | Selgrade MK | Induction of asthma and the environment: what we know and need to know. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2006;114(4):615-619. |
| 7 | 6 | Dubowsky SD | Diabetes, obesity, and hypertension may enhance associations between air pollution and markers of systematic inflammation. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2006;114(7):992-998. |
| 7 | 6 | Elder A | Translocation of inhaled ultrafine manganese oxide particles to the central nervous system. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2006;114(8):1172-1178. |
| 7 | 6 | Okin GS | Multi-scale controls on and consequences of aeolian processes in landscape change in arid and semi-arid environments. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> 2006;65(2):253-275. |
| 8 | 6 | Shrivastava MK | Modeling semivolatile organic aerosol mass emissions from combustion systems. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2006;40(8):2671-2677. |
| 8 | 6 | Donahue NM | Coupled partitioning, dilution, and chemical aging of semivolatile organics. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2006;40(8):2635-2643. |
| 9 | 6 | Presto AA | Investigation of α -pinene + ozone secondary organic aerosol formation at low total aerosol mass. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2006;40(11):3536-3543. |
| 13 | 6 | McConnell R | Traffic, susceptibility, and childhood asthma. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2006;114(5):766-772. |

Table 10. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Geosciences (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 116 | 114 | Wang YH | Global simulation of tropospheric O ₃ -NO _x -hydrocarbon chemistry, 2. Model evaluation. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 1998;103(D9):10727-10756. |
| 148 | 114 | Wang YH | Global simulation of tropospheric O ₃ -NO _x -hydrocarbon chemistry, 1. Model formulation. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 1998;103(D9):10713-10726. |
| 149 | 114 | Nenes A | ISORROPIA: a new thermodynamic equilibrium model for multiphase multicomponent inorganic aerosols. <i>Aquatic Geochemistry</i> 1998;4:123-152. |
| 121 | 98 | Simpson D | Inventorying emissions from nature in Europe. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 1999;104(D7):8113-8152. |
| 166 | 98 | Griffin RJ | Organic aerosol formation from the oxidation of biogenic hydrocarbons. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 1999;104(D3):3555-3567. |
| 170 | 98 | Yu J | Gas-Phase ozone oxidation of monoterpenes: gaseous and particulate products. <i>Journal of Atmospheric Chemistry</i> 1999;34(2):207-258. |
| 188 | 98 | Simoneit BRT | Levoglucosan, a tracer for cellulose in biomass burning and atmospheric particles. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 1999;33(2):173-182. |
| 112 | 85 | Russell A | NARSTO critical review of photochemical models and modeling. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2000;34(12-14):2283-2324. |
| 130 | 85 | Fuentes JD | Biogenic hydrocarbons in the atmospheric boundary layer: a review. <i>Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society</i> 2000;81(7):1537-1575. |
| 174 | 85 | Guenther A | Natural emissions of non-methane volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide, and oxides of nitrogen from North America. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2000;34(12-14):2205-2230. |
| 92 | 69 | Sokolik IN | Introduction to special section: outstanding problems in quantifying the radiative impact of mineral dust. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2001;106(D16):18015-18027. |
| 178 | 69 | Huser RB | Asian dust events of April 1998. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2001;106(D16):18317-18330. |
| 121 | 54 | Zhu Y | Study of ultrafine particles near a major highway with heavy-duty diesel traffic. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2002;36(27):4323-4335. |
| 42 | 41 | Binkowski FS | Models-3 Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) model aerosol component. 1. Model description. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2003;108(D6):4183. |
| 53 | 41 | Orsini DA | Refinements to the particle-into-liquid sampler (PILS) for ground and airborne measurements of water soluble aerosol composition. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2003;37(9-10):243-1259. |

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--|
| 85 | 41 | Jiminez JL | Ambient aerosol sampling using the Aerodyne Aerosol Mass Spectrometer. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2003;108(D7):8425. |
| 29 | 29 | Zhang KM | Evolution of particle number distribution near roadways: Part II: The “road-to-ambient” process. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2004;38(38):6655-6665. |
| 31 | 29 | Wittig AE | Pittsburgh Air Quality Study overview. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2004;38(20):3107-3125. |
| 31 | 29 | Kim E | Improving source identification of Atlanta aerosol using temperature resolved carbon fractions in positive matrix factorization. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2004;38(20):3349-3362. |
| 18 | 18 | McKeen S | Assessment of an ensemble of seven real-time ozone forecasts over eastern North America during the summer of 2004. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2005;110(D21307). |
| 27 | 18 | Edney EO | Formation of 2-methyl tetrols and 2-methylglyceric acid in secondary organic aerosol from laboratory irradiated isoprene/NO _x /SO ₂ /air mixtures and their detection in ambient PM _{2.5} samples collected in the eastern United States. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2005;39(29):5281-5289. |
| 32 | 18 | Zhang Q | Hydrocarbon-like and oxygenated organic aerosols in Pittsburgh: insights into sources and processes or organic aerosols. <i>Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics</i> 2005;5(12):3289-3311. |
| 8 | 7 | Hallock-Waters KA | Carbon monoxide in the U. S. Mid-Atlantic troposphere: evidence for a decreasing trend. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> 2006;26(18):2861-2864. |
| 8 | 7 | Offenberg JH | Thermal properties of secondary organic aerosols. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> 2006;33(3):L03816. |
| 8 | 7 | Takegawa N | Seasonal and diurnal variations of submicron organic aerosol in Tokyo observed using the Aerodyne aerosol mass spectrometer. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2006;111(D11206). |
| 12 | 7 | Guenther A | Estimates of global terrestrial isoprene emissions using MEGAN (Model of Emissions of Gases and Aerosols from Nature). <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2006;6:3181-3210. |
| 3 | 3 | Kondo Y | Oxygenated and water-soluble organic aerosols in Tokyo. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2007;112(D1):D01203. |
| 3 | 3 | Pathak RK | Ozonolysis of a-pinene at atmospherically relevant concentrations: Temperature dependence of aerosol mass fractions (yields). <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2007;112(D3):D03201. |

Table 11. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Multidisciplinary (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---|
| 117 | 55 | Gard EE | Direct Observation of Heterogeneous Chemistry in the Atmosphere. <i>Science</i> 1998;279(5354):1184-1187. |
| 155 | 93 | Jang M | Heterogeneous Atmospheric Aerosol Production by Acid-Catalyzed Particle-Phase Reactions. <i>Science</i> 2002;298(5594):814-817. |

Table 12. Highly Cited Air Papers in the Field of Pharmacology & Toxicology (top 1%)

| No. of Cites | ESI Threshold | First Author | Paper |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| 157 | 99 | Oberdorster G | Pulmonary effects of inhaled ultrafine particles. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> 2001;74(1):1-8. |
| 102 | 44 | Oberdorster G | Translocation of inhaled ultrafine particles to the brain. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> 2004;16(6-7):437-445. |

Table 13. Number of Very Highly Cited Papers by Field (Top 0.1%)

| ESI Field | No. of Citations | No. of Papers | Average Cites/Paper | % of Air Papers in Field |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Chemistry | 3 | 1 | 3.0 | 0.7% |
| Clinical Medicine | 639 | 2 | 319.5 | 0.8% |
| Economics & Business | 7 | 1 | 7.0 | 33.3% |
| Engineering | 671 | 7 | 95.8 | 1.9% |
| Environment/Ecology | 277 | 2 | 138.5 | 0.5% |
| Geosciences | 178 | 1 | 178.0 | 0.2% |
| | Total = 1,775 | Total = 14 | 126.8 | 0.7% |

Table 14. Very Highly Cited Air Papers (top 0.1%)

| ESI Field | ESI Threshold | No. of Cites | First Author | Paper |
|-----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Chemistry | 3 | 3 | Rudich Y | Aging of organic aerosol: bridging the gap between laboratory and field studies. <i>Annual Review of Physical Chemistry</i> 2007;58:321-352. |

| ESI Field | ESI Threshold | No. of Cites | First Author | Paper |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Clinical Medicine | 288 | 634 | Pope CA | Lung cancer, cardiopulmonary mortality and long-term exposure to fine particulate air pollution. <i>Journal of the American Medical Association</i> 2002;287(9):1132-1141. |
| | 4 | 5 | Miller KA | Long-term exposure to air pollution and incidence of cardiovascular events in women. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> 2007;356(5):447-458. |
| Economics & Business | 7 | 7 | Peng RD | Model choice in time series studies of air pollution and mortality. <i>Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A (Statistics in Society)</i> 2006;169(2):179-203. |
| Engineering | 116 | 207 | Jayne JT | Development of an aerosol mass spectrometer for size and composition analysis of submicron particles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2000;33(1-2):49-70. |
| | 116 | 209 | Richter H | Formation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and their growth to soot – a review of chemical reaction pathways. <i>Progress in Energy and Combustion Science</i> 2000;26(4-6):565-608. |
| | 76 | 130 | Zhu YF | Concentration and size distribution of ultrafine particles near a major highway. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2002;52(9):1032-1042. |
| | 39 | 39 | Subramanian R | Positive and negative artifacts in particulate organic carbon measurements with denuded and undenuded sampler configurations. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):27-48. |
| | 39 | 55 | Canagaratna M | Chase studies of particulate emissions from in-use New York City vehicles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(6):555-573. |
| | 9 | 14 | Byun D | Review of the governing equations, computational algorithms, and other components of the Models-3 Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) modeling system. <i>Applied Mechanics Reviews</i> 2006;59:51-77. |
| | 9 | 17 | Bond TC | Light absorption by carbonaceous particles: an investigative review. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2006;40(1):27-67. |
| | Environment/ Ecology | 116 | 144 | Li N |
| 43 | | 133 | Oberdorster G | Nanotoxicology: an emerging discipline evolving from studies of ultrafine particles. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(7):823-839. |

| <i>ESI</i> Field | <i>ESI</i> Threshold | No. of Cites | First Author | Paper |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Geosciences | 176 | 178 | Huser RB | Asian dust events of April 1998. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2001;106(D16):18317-18330. |

Ratio of Actual Cites to Expected Citation Rates

The expected citation rate is the average number of cites that a paper published in the same journal in the same year and of the same document type (article, review, editorial, etc.) has received from the year of publication to the present. Using the *ESI* average citation rates for papers published by field as the benchmark, in 15 of the 19 fields in which the EPA air papers were published, the ratio of actual to expected cites is greater than 1, indicating that the air papers are more highly cited than the average papers in those fields (see Table 15). For one field, the ratio is equal to 1, indicating that the papers in that *ESI* field are cited the same as the average paper. For all 19 fields combined, the ratio of total number of cites to the total number of expected cites (34,562 to 15,305.25) is 2.2, indicating that the air papers are more highly cited than the average paper.

Table 15. Ratio of Actual Cites to Expected Cites for Air Papers by Field

| <i>ESI</i> Field | Total Cites | Expected Cite Rate | Ratio |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------|
| Biology & Biochemistry | 546 | 570.96 | 1.0 |
| Chemistry | 2,375 | 1,476.02 | 1.6 |
| Clinical Medicine | 6,479 | 2,404.04 | 2.7 |
| Computer Science | 15 | 14.06 | 1.1 |
| Economics & Business | 25 | 7.29 | 3.4 |
| Engineering | 4,259 | 1,178.88 | 3.6 |
| Environment/Ecology | 7,910 | 3,299.45 | 2.4 |
| Geosciences | 8,477 | 3,378.05 | 2.5 |
| Immunology | 377 | 225.52 | 1.7 |
| Materials Science | 1 | 9.72 | 0.1 |
| Mathematics | 35 | 15.00 | 2.3 |
| Microbiology | 22 | 20.07 | 1.1 |
| Molecular Biology & Genetics | 62 | 202.11 | 0.3 |
| Multidisciplinary | 421 | 42.32 | 9.9 |
| Neuroscience & Behavior | 227 | 330.78 | 0.7 |
| Pharmacology & Toxicology | 2,951 | 1,868.21 | 1.6 |

| <i>ESI</i> Field | Total Cites | Expected Cite Rate | Ratio |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------|
| Physics | 194 | 138.43 | 1.4 |
| Plant & Animal Science | 124 | 88.47 | 1.4 |
| Social Sciences, general | 62 | 35.87 | 1.7 |
| TOTAL | 34,562 | 15,305.25 | 2.2 |

JCR Benchmarks

Impact Factor. The *JCR* Impact Factor is a well known metric in citation analysis. It is a measure of the frequency with which the “average article” in a journal has been cited in a particular year. The Impact Factor helps evaluate a journal’s relative importance, especially when compared to others in the same field. The Impact Factor is calculated by dividing the number of citations in the current year to articles published in the 2 previous years by the total number of articles published in the 2 previous years.

Table 16 indicates the number of air papers published in the top 10% of journals, based on the *JCR* Impact Factor. Six hundred ninety-six (696) of 2,064 papers were published in the top 10% of journals, representing 33.7% of EPA’s air papers. This indicates that more than one-third of the air papers are published in the highest quality journals as determined by the *JCR* Impact Factor, which is 3.4 times higher than the expected percentage.

Table 16. Air Papers in Top 10% of Journals by *JCR* Impact Factor

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Impact Factor (IF) | <i>JCR</i> IF Rank |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2 | New England Journal of Medicine | 51.296 | 2 |
| 7 | Science | 30.028 | 9 |
| 3 | Lancet | 25.800 | 18 |
| 5 | JAMA—Journal of the American Medical Association | 23.175 | 23 |
| 1 | Journal of Clinical Investigation | 15.754 | 42 |
| 1 | Annual Review of Physical Chemistry | 11.250 | 83 |
| 10 | Circulation | 10.940 | 88 |
| 1 | Nano Letters | 9.960 | 110 |
| 2 | Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America | 9.643 | 116 |
| 27 | American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine | 9.091 | 131 |
| 7 | Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology | 8.829 | 136 |

Bibliometric Analysis of Air Research Program Journal Articles

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Impact Factor (IF) | JCR IF Rank |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Neuroscience & Biobehavioral Reviews | 8.293 | 149 |
| 1 | Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews | 7.977 | 156 |
| 1 | Journal of the American Chemical Society | 7.696 | 168 |
| 2 | Cancer Research | 7.656 | 172 |
| 1 | Mutation Research–Reviews in Mutation Research | 7.579 | 175 |
| 1 | Journal of Neuroscience | 7.453 | 177 |
| 1 | FASEB Journal | 6.721 | 206 |
| 1 | Critical Care Medicine | 6.599 | 211 |
| 5 | Journal of Immunology | 6.293 | 223 |
| 1 | Plant Physiology | 6.125 | 232 |
| 5 | Thorax | 6.064 | 237 |
| 1 | American Journal of Pathology | 5.917 | 249 |
| 130 | Environmental Health Perspectives | 5.861 | 255 |
| 4 | Journal of Biological Chemistry | 5.808 | 260 |
| 14 | Analytical Chemistry | 5.646 | 276 |
| 6 | Free Radical Biology & Medicine | 5.440 | 289 |
| 1 | Stroke | 5.391 | 293 |
| 12 | American Journal of Epidemiology | 5.241 | 308 |
| 1 | Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis | 5.138 | 325 |
| 4 | European Respiratory Journal | 5.076 | 335 |
| 2 | TrAC - Trends in Analytical Chemistry | 5.068 | 337 |
| 1 | Cellular Signaling | 4.887 | 363 |
| 1 | Faraday Discussions | 4.731 | 393 |
| 27 | Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology | 4.722 | 397 |
| 1 | Environmental Microbiology | 4.630 | 406 |
| 18 | American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology | 4.593 | 412 |
| 1 | Journal of Leukocyte Biology | 4.572 | 415 |
| 5 | Journal of Catalysis | 4.533 | 418 |
| 1 | International Journal of Epidemiology | 4.517 | 424 |

Bibliometric Analysis of Air Research Program Journal Articles

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Impact Factor (IF) | JCR IF Rank |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Antioxidants & Redox Signaling | 4.491 | 431 |
| 2 | Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics | 4.362 | 449 |
| 24 | Epidemiology | 4.339 | 452 |
| 2 | American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology | 4.334 | 455 |
| 3 | Progress in Energy and Combustion Science | 4.333 | 456 |
| 1 | Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers & Prevention | 4.289 | 463 |
| 36 | American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology | 4.250 | 472 |
| 4 | Journal of Physical Chemistry B | 4.115 | 501 |
| 2 | Mutation Research–Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis | 4.111 | 505 |
| 167 | Environmental Science & Technology | 4.040 | 518 |
| 1 | Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics | 3.956 | 545 |
| 2 | Applied Catalysis B: Environmental | 3.942 | 548 |
| 3 | Chest | 3.924 | 552 |
| 1 | Carbon | 3.884 | 562 |
| 1 | Experimental Cell Research | 3.777 | 596 |
| 1 | Human Reproduction | 3.769 | 599 |
| 5 | Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society | 3.728 | 614 |
| 1 | American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology | 3.724 | 616 |
| 1 | American Journal of Public Health | 3.698 | 626 |
| 1 | Journal of Cellular Physiology | 3.638 | 646 |
| 3 | Clinical Immunology | 3.606 | 659 |
| 1 | Optics Letters | 3.598 | 662 |
| 41 | Toxicological Sciences | 3.598 | 662 |
| 1 | Biochemical Pharmacology | 3.581 | 667 |
| 1 | Genomics | 3.558 | 676 |
| 4 | Journal of Chromatography A | 3.554 | 678 |
| 3 | Journal of Neuroscience Research | 3.476 | 704 |

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Impact Factor (IF) | JCR IF Rank |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Ecological Applications | 3.470 | 708 |
| 1 | Cancer Letters | 3.277 | 777 |
| 15 | Journal of Applied Physiology | 3.178 | 807 |
| 2 | Journal of Chemical Physics | 3.166 | 814 |
| 8 | Chemical Research in Toxicology | 3.162 | 818 |
| 1 | Remote Sensing of Environment | 3.064 | 855 |
| 38 | Journal of Physical Chemistry A | 3.047 | 863 |
| 1 | American Journal of Cardiology | 3.015 | 876 |
| Total = 696 | | | |

Immediacy Index. The *JCR Immediacy Index* is a measure of how quickly the *average article* in a journal is cited. It indicates how often articles published in a journal are cited within the year they are published. The *Immediacy Index* is calculated by dividing the number of citations to articles published in a given year by the number of articles published in that year.

Table 17 indicates the number of air papers published in the top 10% of journals, based on the *JCR Immediacy Index*. Nine hundred sixty-six (966) of the 2,064 papers appear in the top 10% of journals, representing 46.8% of the air papers. This indicates that nearly one-half of the air papers are published in the highest quality journals as determined by the *JCR Immediacy Index*, which is 4.7 times higher than the expected percentage.

Table 17. Air Papers in Top 10% of Journals by *JCR Immediacy Index*

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Immediacy Index (II) | JCR II Rank |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|
| 2 | New England Journal of Medicine | 12.743 | 2 |
| 5 | JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association | 7.781 | 4 |
| 3 | Lancet | 7.419 | 6 |
| 7 | Science | 5.555 | 16 |
| 1 | Journal of Clinical Investigation | 3.911 | 29 |
| 1 | Faraday Discussions | 2.766 | 59 |
| 10 | Circulation | 2.674 | 63 |
| 1 | International Journal of Epidemiology | 2.200 | 84 |

Bibliometric Analysis of Air Research Program Journal Articles

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Immediacy Index (II) | JCR II Rank |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 27 | American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine | 2.006 | 98 |
| 7 | Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology | 1.790 | 118 |
| 1 | Annual Review of Physical Chemistry | 1.762 | 124 |
| 2 | Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America | 1.758 | 126 |
| 1 | Critical Care Medicine | 1.641 | 146 |
| 4 | Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London Series A: Mathematical and Physical Sciences | 1.534 | 166 |
| 1 | Journal of the American Chemical Society | 1.510 | 168 |
| 1 | Nano Letters | 1.485 | 177 |
| 5 | Thorax | 1.460 | 184 |
| 24 | Epidemiology | 1.437 | 187 |
| 1 | Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis | 1.397 | 194 |
| 1 | Journal of Neuroscience | 1.319 | 216 |
| 1 | Stroke | 1.242 | 237 |
| 1 | FASEB Journal | 1.241 | 238 |
| 1 | Neuroscience & Biobehavioral Reviews | 1.222 | 243 |
| 2 | Cancer Research | 1.220 | 246 |
| 1 | Cellular Signaling | 1.213 | 249 |
| 1 | Antioxidants & Redox Signaling | 1.131 | 281 |
| 4 | Journal of Biological Chemistry | 1.110 | 291 |
| 3 | Chest | 1.110 | 291 |
| 4 | European Respiratory Journal | 1.108 | 294 |
| 12 | American Journal of Epidemiology | 1.091 | 306 |
| 1 | Mutation Research–Reviews in Mutation Research | 1.050 | 331 |
| 15 | Journal of Applied Physiology | 1.026 | 343 |
| 2 | Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics | 1.015 | 350 |
| 130 | Environmental Health Perspectives | 0.994 | 373 |
| 1 | Environmental Science and Pollution Research | 0.982 | 376 |

Bibliometric Analysis of Air Research Program Journal Articles

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Immediacy Index (II) | JCR II Rank |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 18 | American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology | 0.925 | 404 |
| 2 | American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology | 0.906 | 417 |
| 1 | Plant Physiology | 0.900 | 423 |
| 5 | Journal of Immunology | 0.886 | 435 |
| 1 | Journal of Cellular Physiology | 0.867 | 453 |
| 1 | Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics | 0.866 | 454 |
| 1 | Environmental Microbiology | 0.850 | 469 |
| 1 | Computer Physics Communications | 0.845 | 478 |
| 1 | American Journal of Pathology | 0.833 | 487 |
| 36 | American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology | 0.832 | 493 |
| 2 | Annals of Occupational Hygiene | 0.808 | 513 |
| 14 | Analytical Chemistry | 0.795 | 524 |
| 2 | Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics | 0.791 | 531 |
| 1 | Optics Letters | 0.778 | 543 |
| 1 | American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology | 0.777 | 547 |
| 2 | TrAC - Trends in Analytical Chemistry | 0.752 | 578 |
| 6 | Free Radical Biology & Medicine | 0.751 | 580 |
| 5 | Journal of Catalysis | 0.751 | 580 |
| 1 | American Journal of Public Health | 0.740 | 588 |
| 1 | Human Reproduction | 0.734 | 597 |
| 41 | Toxicological Sciences | 0.734 | 597 |
| 38 | Journal of Physical Chemistry A | 0.730 | 602 |
| 2 | Journal of Chemical Physics | 0.721 | 616 |
| 4 | Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences | 0.712 | 631 |
| 1 | Biochemical Pharmacology | 0.705 | 641 |
| 1 | Carbon | 0.690 | 664 |
| 145 | Journal of Geophysical Research | 0.684 | 673 |

| EPA Air Papers in that Journal | Journal | Immediacy Index (II) | JCR II Rank |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Agricultural and Forest Meteorology | 0.669 | 690 |
| 1 | Journal of Leukocyte Biology | 0.668 | 691 |
| 8 | Chemical Research in Toxicology | 0.663 | 703 |
| 1 | Genomics | 0.659 | 706 |
| 1 | Cancer Letters | 0.658 | 707 |
| 1 | Monthly Weather Review | 0.654 | 716 |
| 167 | Environmental Science & Technology | 0.646 | 729 |
| 5 | Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society | 0.646 | 729 |
| 1 | Journal of Environmental Pathology, Toxicology and Oncology | 0.639 | 742 |
| 4 | Journal of Physical Chemistry B | 0.637 | 746 |
| 5 | Boundary-Layer Meteorology | 0.629 | 758 |
| 1 | American Journal of Cardiology | 0.615 | 781 |
| 1 | Equine Veterinary Journal | 0.611 | 790 |
| 3 | Clinical Immunology | 0.604 | 804 |
| 6 | Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology | 0.596 | 821 |
| 7 | Environmental Research | 0.583 | 844 |
| 135 | Aerosol Science and Technology | 0.571 | 872 |
| Total = 966 | | | |

Hot Papers

ESI establishes citation thresholds for hot papers, which are selected from the highly cited papers in different fields, but the time frame for citing and cited papers is much shorter—papers must be cited within 2 years of publication and the citations must occur in a 2-month time period. Papers are assigned to 2-month periods and thresholds are set for each period and field to select 0.1% of papers. There were no hot papers identified for the current 2-month period (i.e., March-April 2007), but there were a number of hot papers identified from previous periods.

Using the hot paper thresholds established by *ESI* as a benchmark, 52 hot papers, representing 2.5% of the air papers, were identified in six fields—Clinical Medicine, Engineering, Environment/Ecology, Geosciences, Multidisciplinary, and Pharmacology & Toxicology. The number of air hot papers is 25 times higher than expected. The hot papers are listed in Table 18.

Table 18. Hot Papers Identified Using ESI Thresholds

| Field | ESI Hot Papers Threshold | No. of Cites in 2-Month Period | Paper |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Clinical Medicine | 7 | 7 cites in March-April 2002 | Peters A, et al. Increased particulate air pollution and the triggering of myocardial infarction. <i>Circulation</i> 2001;103(23):2810-2815. |
| | 12 | 21 cites in August-September 2003 | Pope CA, et al. Lung cancer, cardiopulmonary mortality and long-term exposure to fine particulate air pollution. <i>Journal of the American Medical Association</i> 2002;287(9):1132-1141. |
| | 10 | 11 cites in November-December 2005 | Peters A, et al. Exposure to traffic and the onset of myocardial infarction. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> 2004;351(17):1721-1730. |
| | 13 | 19 cites in November-December 2005 | Pope CA, et al. Cardiovascular mortality and long-term exposure to particulate air pollution: epidemiological evidence of general pathophysiological pathways of disease. <i>Circulation</i> 2004;109(1):71-77. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in July 2005 | Ito K, et al. Associations between ozone and daily mortality: analysis and meta-analysis. <i>Epidemiology</i> 2005;16(4):446-457. |
| Engineering | 4 | 4 cites in October-November 2001 | Christoforou CS, et al. Trends in fine particle concentration and chemical composition in southern California. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2000;50(1):43-53. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in July 2001 | Richter H, Howard JB. Formation of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and their growth to soot - a review of chemical reaction pathways. <i>Progress in Energy and Combustion Science</i> 2000;26(4-6):565-608. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in May 2001 | Vanderpool RW, et al. Evaluation of the loading characteristics of the EPA WINSPM 2.5 separator. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(5):444-456. |
| | 3 | 5 cites in May 2001 | Peters TM, et al. Design and calibration of the EPA PM _{2.5} well impactor ninety-six (WINS). <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;34(5):389-397. |
| | 5 | 5 cites in March- April 2003 | Weber RJ, et al. A particle-into-liquid collector for rapid measurement of aerosol bulk chemical composition. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2001;35(3):718-727. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in November-December 2005 | McMurry PH, et al. The relationship between mass and mobility for atmospheric particles: A new technique for measuring particle density. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2002;36(2):227-238. |

Bibliometric Analysis of Air Research Program Journal Articles

| Field | ESI Hot Papers Threshold | No. of Cites in 2-Month Period | Paper |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Engineering | 2 | 3 cites in March- April 2003 | Weber R, et al. Short-term temporal variation in PM _{2.5} mass and chemical composition during the Atlanta Supersite Experiment, 1999. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2003;53(1):84-91. |
| | 3 | 4 cites in July 2003 | Fujita, et al. Diurnal and weekday variations in source contributions of ozone precursors in California's South Coast Air Basin. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2003;53(7):844-863. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in November-December 2003 | Lewis CW, et al. Source apportionment of Phoenix PM _{2.5} aerosol with the Unmix receptor model. <i>Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association</i> 2003;53(3):325-338. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in February 2004 | Vette A, et al. Environmental research in response to 9/11 and homeland security. <i>EM: Air & Waste Management Association's Magazine for Environmental Managers</i> 2004;Feb:14-22. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in March-April 2005 | Russell M, et al. Daily, seasonal, and spatial trends in PM _{2.5} mass and composition in Southeast Texas. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):14-26. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in March-April 2005 | Zhu YF, et al. Seasonal trends of concentration and size distribution of ultrafine particles near major highways in Los Angeles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):5-13. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in September-October 2004 | Cho AK, et al. Determination of four quinones in diesel exhaust particles, SRM 1649a and atmospheric PM _{2.5} . <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):68-81. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in November-December 2004 | Drewnick F, et al. Measurement of ambient aerosol composition during the PMTACS-NY 2001 campaign using an aerosol mass spectrometer. Part I: Mass concentrations. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(S1):92-103. |
| | 3 | 4 cites in November-December 2005 | Canagaratna MR, et al. Chase studies of particulate emissions from in-use New York City vehicles. <i>Aerosol Science and Technology</i> 2004;38(6):555-573. |
| Environment/ Ecology | 3 | 3 cites in March-April 2001 | Lumley T, Levy D. Bias in the case-crossover design: implications for studies of air pollution. <i>Environmetrics</i> 2000;11(6):689-704. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in August 2000 | Stolzenburg MR, Hering SV. Method for the automated measurement of fine particle nitrate in the atmosphere. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2000;34(5):907-914. |

| Field | ESI Hot Papers Threshold | No. of Cites in 2-Month Period | Paper |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| Environment/ Ecology | 6 | 6 cites in September-October 2001 | Schwartz J. Assessing Confounding, Effect modification, and thresholds in the association between ambient particles and daily deaths. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2000;108(6):563-568. |
| | 5 | 5 cites in August 2001 | Seila RL, et al. Atmospheric volatile organic compound measurements during the 1996 Paso Del Norte Ozone Study. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> 2001;276(1-3):153-169. |
| | 5 | 6 cites in August 2001 | Fujita EM. Hydrocarbon source apportionment for the 1996 Paso del Norte Ozone Study. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> 2001;276(1-3):171-184. |
| | 6 | 6 cites in September-October 2003 | Jang MS, et al. Atmospheric secondary aerosol formation by heterogeneous reactions of aldehydes in the presence of a sulfuric acid aerosol catalyst. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2001;35(24):4758-4766. |
| | 5 | 5 cites in November-December 2004 | Jang MS, et al. Particle growth by acid-catalyzed heterogeneous reactions of organic carbonyls on pre-existing aerosols. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2003;37(17):3828-3837. |
| | 5 | 7 cites in May-June 2004 | Li N, et al. Ultrafine particulate pollutants induce oxidative stress and mitochondrial damage. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2003 ;111(4) :455-460. |
| | 3 | 3 cites in April-May 2004 | Sexton K, et al. Comparison of personal, indoor, and outdoor exposures to hazardous air pollutants in three urban communities. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2004;38(2):423-430. |
| | 2 | 2 cites in August 2004 | Landrigan PJ, et al. Health and environmental consequences of the World Trade Center Disaster. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2004;112(6):731-739. |
| | 5 | 9 cites in June-July 2006 | Gao S, et al. Particle Phase Acidity and Oligomer Formation in Secondary Organic Aerosol. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2004;38(24):6582-6589. |
| | 3 | 4 cites in May-June 2006 | Thurston GD, et al. Workgroup report: workshop on source apportionment of particulate matter health effects—intercomparison of results and implications. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(12):1768-1774. |
| 3 | 3 cites in September 2005 | Koenig JQ, et al. Pulmonary effects of indoor- and outdoor-generated particles in children with asthma. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(4):499-503. | |

| Field | ESI Hot Papers Threshold | No. of Cites in 2-Month Period | Paper |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| Environment/ Ecology | 3 | 4 cites in March-April 2006 | Presto AA, et al. Secondary organic aerosol production from terpene ozonolysis. 1. Effect of UV radiation. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(18):7036-7045. |
| | 6 | 6 cites in August-September 2006 | Dockery DW, et al. Association of air pollution with increased incidence of ventricular tachyarrhythmias recorded by implanted cardioverter defibrillators. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(6):670-674. |
| | 6 | 7 cites in December 2005-January 2006 | Zanobetti A, Schwartz J. The effect of particulate air pollution on emergency admissions for myocardial infarction: a multicity case-crossover analysis. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(8):978-982. |
| | 6 | 6 cites in July-August 2006 | Park SK, et al. Effects of air pollution on heart rate variability: The VA Normative Aging Study. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(3):304-309. |
| | 4 | 6 cites in March-April 2006 | Bahreini R, et al. Measurements of secondary organic aerosol from oxidation of cycloalkenes, terpenes, and m-xylene using an Aerodyne Aerosol Mass Spectrometer. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(15):5674-5688. |
| | 5 | 5 cites in March-April 2006 | Lough GC, et al. Emissions of metals associated with motor vehicle roadways. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(3):826-836. |
| | 6 | 12 cites in December-2006-January 2007 | Zhang Q, et al. Deconvolution and quantification of hydrocarbon-like and oxygenated organic aerosols based on aerosol mass spectrometry. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> 2005;39(13):4938-4952. |
| | 10 | 24 cites in March-April 2007 | Oberdorster G, et al. Nanotoxicology: an emerging discipline evolving from studies of ultrafine particles. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2005;113(7):823-839. |
| | 4 | 4 cites in February-March 2007 | Elder A. Translocation of inhaled ultrafine manganese oxide particles to the central nervous system. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> 2006;114(8):1172-1178. |
| Geosciences | 5 | 5 cites in June-July 2003 | Huser RB, et al. Asian dust events of April 1998. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research-Atmospheres</i> 2001;106(D16):18317-18330. |
| | 10 | 10 cites in June-July 2004 | Orsini DA, et al. Refinements to the particle-into-liquid sampler (PILS) for ground and airborne measurements of water soluble aerosol composition. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2003;37(9-10):1243-1259. |

| Field | ESI Hot Papers Threshold | No. of Cites in 2-Month Period | Paper |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Geosciences | 4 | 4 cites in June-July 2006 | Grell GA, et al. Fully coupled “online” chemistry within the WRF model. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> 2005;39(37):6957-6975. |
| | 6 | 6 cites in November-December 2006 | McKeen S, et al. Assessment of an ensemble of seven real-time ozone forecasts over eastern North America during the summer of 2004. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research–Atmospheres</i> 2005;110(D21):Art. No. D21307. |
| | 5 | 5 cites in February-March 2007 | Guenther A. Estimates of global terrestrial isoprene emissions using MEGAN (Model of Emissions of Gases and Aerosols from Nature). <i>Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics</i> 2006;6:3181-3210. |
| Multidisciplinary | 6 | 10 cites in May-June 2004 | Jang MS, et al. Heterogeneous atmospheric aerosol production by acid-catalyzed particle-phase reactions. <i>Science</i> 2002;298(5594):814-817. |
| Pharmacology & Toxicology | 5 | 6 cites in April 2005 | Lippmann M, et al. Effects of subchronic exposures to concentrated ambient particles (CAPs) in mice: I. Introduction, objectives, and experimental plan. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> 2005;17(4-5):177-187. |
| | 5 | 7 cites in April 2005 | Maciejczyk P, et al. Effects of subchronic exposures to concentrated ambient particles (CAPs) in mice: II. The design of a CAPs exposure system for biometric telemetry monitoring. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> 2005;17(4-5):189-197. |
| | 2 | 2 cites in September-October 2006 | Costa DL, et al. Comparative pulmonary toxicological assessment of oil combustion particles following inhalation or instillation exposure. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> 2006;91(1):237-246. |
| | 2 | 2 cites in July 2003 | Kodavanti UP, et al. Inhaled environmental combustion particles cause myocardial injury in the Wistar Kyoto rat. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> 2003;71(2):237-245. |

Author Self-Citation

Self-citations are journal article references to articles from that same author (i.e., the first author). Because higher author self-citation rates can inflate the number of citations, the author self-citation rate was calculated for the air papers. Of the 34,562 total cites, 1,605 are author self-cites—a 4.6% author self-citation rate. Garfield and Sher³ found that authors working in research-based disciplines tend to

³ Garfield E, Sher IH. New factors in the evaluation of scientific literature through citation indexing. *American Documentation* 1963;18(July):195-210.

cite themselves on the average of 20% of the time. MacRoberts and MacRoberts⁴ claim that approximately 10% to 30% of all the citations listed fall into the category of author self-citation. Kovacic and Misak⁵ recently reported a 20% author self-citation rate for medical literature. Therefore, the 4.6% self-cite rate for the air papers is well below the range for author self-citation.

Highly Cited Researchers

A search of Thomson's *ISIHighlyCited.com* revealed that 59 (1.7%) of the 3,452 authors of the air papers are highly cited researchers. *ISIHighlyCited.com* is a database of the world's most influential researchers who have made key contributions to science and technology during the period from 1981 to 1999. The highly cited researchers identified during this analysis of the air publications are presented in Table 19.

Table 19. Highly Cited Researchers Authoring Air Publications

| Highly Cited Researcher | Affiliation | ESI Field |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Ames, Bruce N. | Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute | Biology & Biochemistry Molecular Biology & Genetics |
| Andersen, Melvin E. | CIIT Centers for Health Research | Pharmacology |
| Anderson, James G. | Harvard University | Geosciences |
| Arey, Janet | University of California–Riverside | Environment/Ecology |
| Atkinson, Roger | University of California–Riverside | Environment/Ecology |
| Calvert, Jack G. | National Center for Atmospheric Research | Geosciences |
| Carter, William P.L. | University of California–Riverside | Environment/Ecology |
| Cass, Glen R. | Georgia Institute of Technology | Environment/Ecology |
| Corey, Lawrence | University of Washington | Clinical Medicine |
| Dickey, David A. | North Carolina State University | Mathematics Economics & Business |
| Dockery, Douglas W. | Harvard University | Environment/Ecology |
| Driscoll, Charles T. | Syracuse University | Environment/Ecology |
| Fehsenfeld, Fred C. | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | Geosciences |
| Folsom, Aaron R. | University of Minnesota | Clinical Medicine |
| Fuster, Valentin | Mount Sinai Medical Center | Clinical Medicine |

⁴ MacRoberts MH, MacRoberts BR. Problems of citation analysis: a critical review. *Journal of the American Society of Information Science* 1989;40(5):342-349.

⁵ Kavaci N, Misak A. Author self-citation in medical literature. *Canadian Medical Association Journal* 2004;170(13):1929-1930.

| Highly Cited Researcher | Affiliation | ESI Field |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Garcia, Rolando R. | National Center for Atmospheric Research | Geosciences |
| Giorgi, Filippo | Abdus Salam International Centre for Theoretical Physics (Trieste, Italy) | Geosciences |
| Hites, Ronald A. | Indiana University School of Public and Environmental Affairs | Environment/Ecology |
| Holben, Brent N. | National Air and Space Administration Goddard Space Flight Center | Geosciences |
| Houk, Kendall N. | University of California–Los Angeles | Chemistry |
| Hubler, Gerhard F. | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | Geosciences |
| Jacob, Daniel J. | Harvard University | Geosciences |
| Karl, Thomas R. | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | Geosciences |
| Kaufman, Yoram J. | National Air and Space Administration Goddard Space Flight Center | Geosciences |
| Kawachi, Ichiro | Harvard School of Public Health | Social Sciences, general |
| Khalil, Mohammed A.K. | Portland State University | Environment/Ecology |
| Kloner, Robert A. | Good Samaritan Hospital | Clinical Medicine |
| Koutrakis, Petros | Harvard School of Public Health | Environment/Ecology |
| Lay, Thorne | University of California–Santa Cruz | Geosciences |
| Likens, Gene E. | Institute of Ecosystem Studies | Environment/Ecology |
| Lindberg, Steven E. | Oak Ridge National Laboratory | Environment/Ecology |
| Liotta, Lance A. | National Cancer Institute | Clinical Medicine |
| Lioy, Paul J. | University of Medicine & Dentistry of New Jersey | Environment/Ecology |
| Lippmann, Morton | New York University School of Medicine | Environment/Ecology |
| Logan, Jennifer A. | Harvard University | Geosciences |
| Madronich, Sasha | National Center for Atmospheric Research | Geosciences |
| Mannucci, Pier M. | Università degli Studi di Milano | Clinical Medicine |
| Mazurek, Monica A. | Rutgers University | Environment/Ecology |
| Pankow, James F. | Oregon Health and Science University | Environment/Ecology |

| Highly Cited Researcher | Affiliation | ESI Field |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Parker, John (Jack) C. | University of Tennessee | Environment/Ecology Engineering |
| Rasmussen, Reinhold A. | Oregon Health and Science University | Environment/Ecology Geosciences |
| Richards, James H. | University of California–Davis | Environment/Ecology |
| Rogge, Wolfgang F. | Florida International University | Environment/Ecology |
| Salawitch, Ross J. | California Institute of Technology | Geosciences |
| Schwartz, Joel D. | Harvard School of Public Health | Environment/Ecology Pharmacology |
| Schwartz, Stephen E. | Brookhaven National Laboratory | Geosciences |
| Seinfeld, John H. | California Institute of Technology | Geosciences Environment/Ecology Engineering |
| Simoneit, Bernd R.T. | Oregon State University | Environment/Ecology Engineering |
| Speizer, Frank E. | Harvard Medical School | Clinical Medicine |
| Spengler, John D. | Harvard University | Environment/Ecology |
| Trainer, Michael | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration | Geosciences |
| Turco, Richard P. | University of California–Los Angeles | Geosciences |
| Van Thiel, David H. | Loyola University Medical Center | Clinical Medicine |
| Wang, J. | National Centers for Environmental Prediction | Geosciences |
| Watson, John G. | Desert Research Institute | Environment/Ecology |
| Winer, Arthur M. | University of California–Los Angeles | Environment/Ecology |
| Wofsy, Steven C. | Harvard University | Geosciences |
| Wolff, George T. | General Motors Corporation | Environment/Ecology |
| Zeger, Scott L. | Johns Hopkins University | Mathematics |
| Total = 59 | | |

Patents

There were 6 patents issued by investigators from 1998 to 2007 for research that was conducted under EPA’s air research program. The patents are listed in Table 20. Two of the 6 patents (33.3%) were referenced by a total of 9 other patents.

Table 20. Patents from the Air Research Program (1998-2007)

| Patent or Patent Application No. | Inventor(s) | Title | Patent/Patent Application Date | Patents that Referenced This Patent |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| U.S. Patent No. 6,890,372 | Dasgupta PK Morris KJ Li J | Denuder assembly for collection and removal of soluble atmospheric gases | May 2005 | None |
| U.S. Patent No. 5,763,360 | Gundel L Daisey JM Stevens RK | Quantitative organic vapor-particle sampler | June 1998 | Referenced by 6 patents: (1) 7,122,065 Adapter for low volume air sampler (2) 6,604,406 Human portable preconcentrator system (3) 6,523,393 Human portable preconcentrator system (4) 6,502,450 Single detector differential particulate mass monitor with intrinsic correction for volatilization losses (5) 6,403,384 Device and method for analyzing a biologic sample (6) 6,035,701 Method and system to locate leaks in subsurface containment structures using tracer gases |
| U.S. Patent No. 6,226,852 | Gundel L Daisey JM Stevens RK | Method for fabricating a quantitative integrated diffusion vapor-particle sampler for sampling, detection and quantitation of semi-volatile organic gases, vapors and particulate components | May 2001 | Referenced by 3 patents: (1) 7,159,475 Apparatus and method of sampling semivolatile compounds (2) 7,122,065 Adapter for low volume air sampler (3) 7,089,747 Pressure reduction apparatus and method |
| U.S. Patent No. 6,780,818 | Gundel L Daisey JM Stevens RK | Quantitative organic vapor-particle sampler | August 2004 | None |
| U.S. Patent No. 7,168,292 | Gundel LA Apte MG Hansen AD Black DR | Apparatus for particulate matter analysis | January 2007 | None |

| Patent or Patent Application No. | Inventor(s) | Title | Patent/Patent Application Date | Patents that Referenced This Patent |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| U.S. Patent No. 7,168,292 | Gundel LA Apte MG Hansen AD Black DR | Apparatus for particulate matter analysis | January 2007 | None |

Additional ESI Parameters for Air Pollution Publications

Since the last bibliometric analysis for the Particulate Matter/Ozone Research Program, which was conducted in 2005, *ESI* has begun analyzing special topics and reporting information such as the top 20 papers, top 20 authors, top 20 institutions, and top 20 countries for these special topics. One of the of *ESI* special topics is Air Pollution. The parameters reported by *ESI* for the special topic of Air Pollution are compared with the results of the analysis of the EPA Air Research Program publications below.

Top 20 Papers in Air Pollution—A review of *ESI*'s top 20 papers on the topic of air pollution (published from January 1, 2003 to April 30, 2005), indicates that 4 (20.0% of the top 20 papers) are papers from EPA's Air Research Program. These papers are listed in Table 21.

Top 20 Authors in Air Pollution—Eighteen of *ESI*'s top 20 authors (90.0% of the top 20 authors) in air pollution (ranked by total cites from 1995-2005) authored papers for EPA's Air Research Program. These authors are listed in Table 22.

Table 21. EPA Air Papers in *ESI*'s Top 20 Air Pollution Papers Overall (Published from January 1, 2003 to April 30, 2005)

| <i>ESI</i> Rank | EPA Air Program Publication |
|-----------------|--|
| 3 | Pope CA, et al. Cardiovascular mortality and long-term exposure to particulate air pollution—epidemiological evidence of general pathophysiological pathways of disease. <i>Circulation</i> 2004;109(1):71-77. |
| 4 | Binkowski FS, Roselle SJ. Models-3 Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) model aerosol component. 1. Model description. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research-Atmospheres</i> 2003;108(D6):4183. |
| 9 | Becker S, et al. Response of human alveolar macrophages to ultrafine, fine, and coarse urban air pollution particles. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> 2003;29(1):29-44. |
| 13 | McConnell R, et al. Prospective Study of Air Pollution and Bronchitic Symptoms in Children with Asthma. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> 2003;168(7):790-797. |

Table 22. *ESI's* Top 20 Overall Authors in Air Pollution (Ranked by Total Cites, 1995-2005)

| <i>ESI</i> Rank | Author | Total Cites | Number of Papers | Cites Per Paper | EPA Air Research Paper Author |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Schwartz, J. | 2,537 | 93 | 27.28 | Yes |
| 2 | Dockery, DW | 2,473 | 35 | 70.66 | Yes |
| 3 | Pope, CA | 1,973 | 29 | 68.03 | Yes |
| 4 | Samet, JM | 1,255 | 28 | 44.82 | Yes |
| 5 | Speizer, FE | 1,193 | 11 | 108.45 | Yes |
| 6 | Brunnekreef, B | 967 | 55 | 17.58 | Yes |
| 7 | Thun, MJ | 952 | 4 | 238.00 | Yes |
| 8 | Anderson, HR | 906 | 31 | 29.23 | No |
| 9 | Cass, GR | 869 | 27 | 32.19 | Yes |
| 10 | Peters, A | 770 | 39 | 19.74 | Yes |
| 11 | Burnett, RT | 668 | 39 | 17.13 | Yes |
| 12 | Zeger, SL | 653 | 15 | 43.53 | Yes |
| 13 | Katsouyanni, K | 640 | 35 | 18.29 | Yes |
| 14 | Wichmann HE | 606 | 27 | 22.44 | Yes |
| 15 | Donaldson, K | 598 | 7 | 85.43 | Yes |
| 16 | Macnee, W | 598 | 7 | 85.43 | Yes |
| 17 | Ghio, AJ | 577 | 12 | 48.08 | Yes |
| 18 | Dominici, F | 556 | 16 | 34.75 | Yes |
| 19 | Spix, C | 546 | 13 | 42.00 | No |
| 20 | Touloumi, G | 539 | 18 | 29.94 | Yes |

Top 20 Countries Publishing in Air Pollution—The United States ranks number one among the top 20 countries publishing on air pollution. From 1995-2005, the United States published 1,608 papers that were cited 16,899 times. The second ranking country, England, published 421 papers that were cited 3,295 times.

Top 20 Journals in Air Pollution—1,038 (50.2%) of the EPA Air Research Program papers were published in *ESI's* top 20 journals in air pollution (ranked by total cites from 1995-2005). The top 20 journals and the number of EPA air papers published in these journals are provided in Table 23.

Table 23. *ESI*'s Top 20 Journals in Air Pollution (Ranked by Total Cites, 1995-2005)

| <i>ESI</i> Rank | Journal | Total Cites | Number of Papers | Cites Per Paper | Number of EPA Air Papers in Journal |
|-----------------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Atmospheric Environment | 2,869 | 344 | 8.34 | 266 |
| 2 | Environmental Health Perspectives | 2,735 | 148 | 18.48 | 130 |
| 3 | American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine | 2,486 | 66 | 37.67 | 27 |
| 4 | Epidemiology | 1,715 | 544 | 3.15 | 24 |
| 5 | Environmental Science & Technology | 1,122 | 93 | 12.06 | 167 |
| 6 | Lancet | 995 | 28 | 35.54 | 3 |
| 7 | American Journal of Epidemiology | 986 | 55 | 17.93 | 12 |
| 8 | Inhalation Toxicology | 907 | 56 | 16.20 | 103 |
| 9 | European Respiratory Journal | 809 | 52 | 15.56 | 4 |
| 10 | Journal of the Air & Waste Management Association | 800 | 110 | 7.27 | 120 |
| 11 | Thorax | 702 | 25 | 28.08 | 5 |
| 12 | Science | 697 | 27 | 25.81 | 7 |
| 13 | Occupational and Environmental Medicine | 632 | 54 | 11.70 | 7 |
| 14 | Journal of Geophysical Research—Atmospheres | 612 | 74 | 8.27 | 143 |
| 15 | Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health | 576 | 38 | 15.16 | 1 |
| 16 | Archives of Environmental Health | 538 | 48 | 11.21 | 4 |
| 17 | Environmental Pollution | 492 | 71 | 6.93 | 6 |
| 18 | Water, Air, and Soil Pollution | 412 | 75 | 5.49 | 2 |
| 19 | Indoor Air | 356 | 48 | 7.42 | 2 |
| 20 | JAMA-Journal of the American Medical Association | 342 | 11 | 31.09 | 5 |
| Total | | | | | 1,038 |

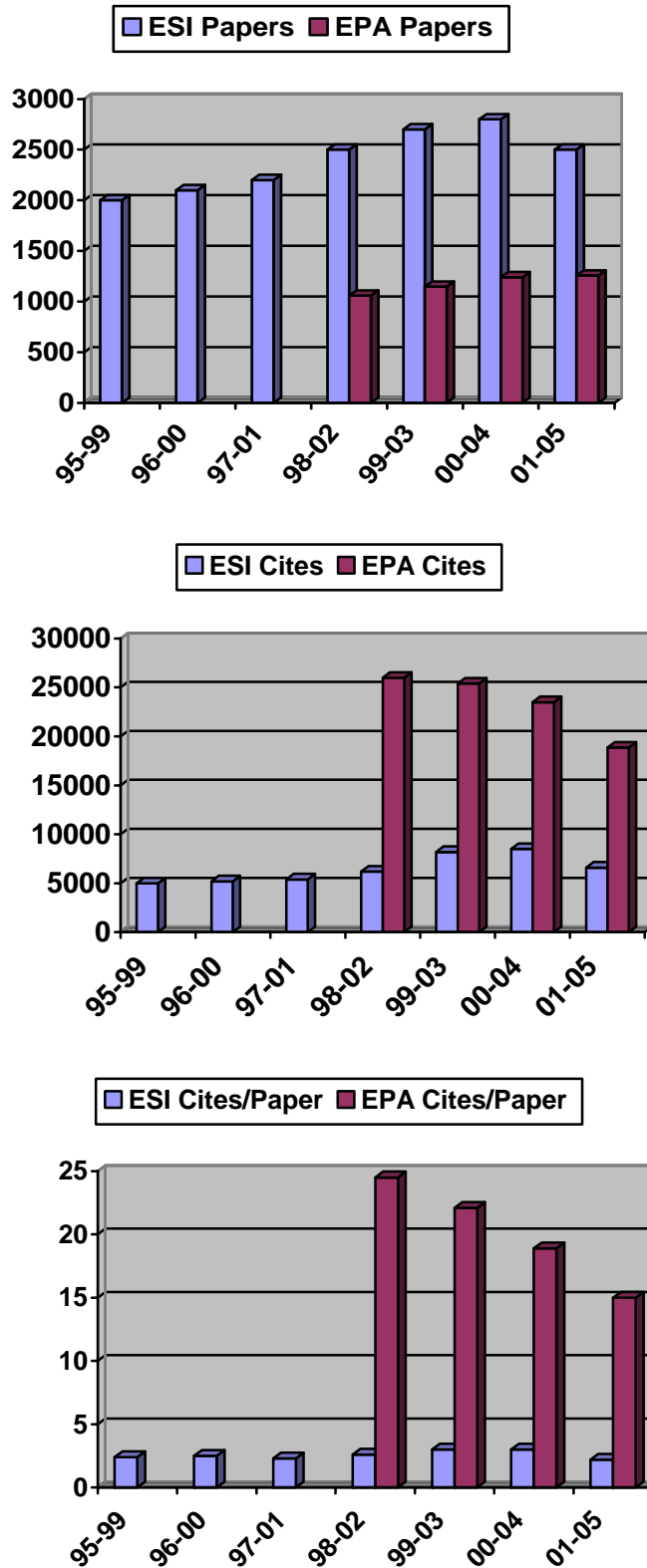
Top 20 Institutions Publishing on Air Pollution—Harvard University ranks number one on *ESI*'s top 20 overall institutions publishing on air pollution with 192 papers (published from 1995-2005) that were cited 4,771 times. Harvard University is one of the recipients of EPA grants that publishes under the Air Research Program. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ranks number two with 175 publications that were cited 2,543 times. The top 20 institutions are listed in Table 24.

**Table 24. *ESI*'s Top 20 Institutions Publishing on Air Pollution
(Ranked by Total Cites, 1995-2005)**

| <i>ESI</i> Rank | Institution | Total Cites | Number of Papers | Cites Per Paper |
|-----------------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Harvard University | 4,771 | 192 | 24.85 |
| 2 | U.S. EPA | 2,543 | 175 | 14.53 |
| 3 | University of North Carolina | 1,316 | 72 | 14.53 |
| 4 | Brigham Young University | 1,311 | 2 | 46.82 |
| 5 | GSF Forschungszentrum Umwelt & Gesundheit | 1,268 | 62 | 20.45 |
| 6 | Johns Hopkins University | 1,227 | 45 | 27.27 |
| 7 | Health Canada | 1,067 | 57 | 18.72 |
| 8 | American Cancer Society | 952 | 4 | 238.00 |
| 9 | Wageningen University | 830 | 38 | 21.84 |
| 10 | Caltech | 821 | 36 | 22.81 |
| 11 | University of Athens | 777 | 58 | 13.40 |
| 12 | University of Groningen | 633 | 19 | 33.32 |
| 13 | St. George's Hospital | 621 | 24 | 25.88 |
| 14 | University of California–Berkeley | 615 | 72 | 8.54 |
| 15 | University of British Columbia | 604 | 51 | 11.84 |
| 16 | University of California–Irvine | 603 | 24 | 25.13 |
| 17 | University of Rochester | 599 | 13 | 46.08 |
| 18 | Napier University | 591 | 8 | 73.88 |
| 19 | Municipal Institute of Medical Research (IMIM–Barcelona) | 584 | 18 | 32.44 |
| 20 | University of Maryland | 564 | 19 | 29.68 |

Air Pollution Publication Trends—According to *ESI*, the number of air pollution papers rose slightly each year from 2000 to 2004; however, the number of cites and the number of cites/paper have been declining since 1999. The number of air pollution papers published from 2001 to 2005 has declined from the number published from 2000 to 2004, and the number of cites and cites/paper from 2001 to 2005 have declined as well. These trends are depicted in Figure 1. The number of EPA Air Research Program publications, however, has increased slightly from 2001 to 2005 (1,257 publications) when compared to the number published from 2000 to 2004 (1,240 publications). Like the overall air pollution paper trends identified by *ESI*, the number of cites and the cites per paper have declined.

Figure 1. Comparison of ESI Air Pollution Publication Trends with EPA Air Research Program Publication Trends



ESI Field Distribution of Air Pollution Papers—The majority of air pollution papers from 1995 to 2005 were published in journals that fall within the *ESI* field of Clinical Medicine, followed by the fields of Environment/Ecology, Geosciences, Engineering, and Chemistry. For the EPA air papers included in this analysis, the majority of the papers were published in the *ESI* field of Geosciences, followed by Environment/Ecology, Engineering, Clinical Medicine, and Pharmacology & Toxicology. The distribution of air pollution papers among the 22 *ESI* fields and the distribution of the EPA air papers for comparison are presented in Table 25.

Table 25. Comparison of Field Distribution of Air Pollution Papers (Ranked by Number of Papers, 1995-2005) to Field Distribution of EPA Air Research Program Papers (Published from 1998-2007)

| <i>ESI</i> Rank | <i>ESI</i> Field | Air Pollution Papers Overall | | | | EPA Air Papers | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | | Total Cites | Number of Papers | Cites Per Paper | % of Papers | Total Cites | Number of Papers | Cites Per Paper | % of Papers |
| 1 | Clinical Medicine | 12,689 | 1,376 | 9.22 | 27.6% | 6,479 | 260 | 24.9 | 12.6% |
| 2 | Environment/ Ecology | 7,534 | 1,196 | 6.30 | 24.0% | 7,910 | 435 | 18.2 | 21.1% |
| 3 | Geosciences | 4,144 | 594 | 6.98 | 11.9% | 8,478 | 490 | 17.3 | 23.7% |
| 4 | Engineering | 1,921 | 566 | 3.39 | 11.3% | 4,259 | 360 | 11.8 | 17.4% |
| 5 | Chemistry | 450 | 301 | 1.50 | 6.0% | 2,375 | 150 | 15.8 | 7.3% |
| 6 | Social Sciences | 598 | 224 | 2.67 | 4.5% | 62 | 13 | 4.8 | 0.6% |
| 7 | Pharmacology & Toxicology | 1,572 | 139 | 11.31 | 2.8% | 2,951 | 220 | 13.4 | 10.7% |
| 8 | Plant & Animal Science | 433 | 116 | 3.73 | 2.3% | 124 | 11 | 11.3 | 0.5% |
| 9 | Economics & Business | 440 | 80 | 5.50 | 1.6% | 25 | 3 | 8.3 | 0.1% |
| 10 | Immunology | 357 | 75 | 4.76 | 1.5% | 377 | 14 | 26.9 | 0.7% |
| 11 | Computer Science | 91 | 66 | 1.38 | 1.3% | 15 | 4 | 3.8 | 0.2% |
| 12 | Multidisciplinary | 829 | 60 | 13.82 | 1.2% | 421 | 10 | 42.1 | 0.5% |
| 13 | Materials Science | 48 | 44 | 1.09 | 0.9% | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 0.1% |
| 14 | Biology & Biochemistry | 74 | 41 | 1.8 | 0.8% | 546 | 41 | 13.3 | 2.0% |
| 15 | Physics | 126 | 34 | 3.71 | 0.7% | 194 | 15 | 12.9 | 0.7% |
| 16 | Molecular Biology & Genetics | 279 | 27 | 10.33 | 0.5% | 62 | 8 | 7.8 | 0.4% |
| 17 | Agricultural Sciences | 72 | 24 | 3 | 0.5% | — | — | — | — |
| 18 | Mathematics | 60 | 15 | 4 | 0.3% | 35 | 7 | 5.0 | 0.3% |
| 19 | Microbiology | 23 | 4 | 5.75 | 0.1% | 22 | 1 | 22.0 | 0.05% |
| 20 | Neuroscience & Behavior | 8 | 4 | 2.00 | 0.1% | 227 | 20 | 11.4 | 1.0% |
| 21 | Psychiatry/Psychology | 3 | 4 | 0.75 | 0.1% | — | — | — | — |
| 22 | Space Science | 1 | 4 | 0.25 | 0.1% | — | — | — | — |
| Total | | 32,422 | 4,994 | 6.49 | | 34,562 | 2,064 | 16.7 | |

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