Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996

Nevada

| | SIC code ² | 1996 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's) | | Injuries ar | ıd illnesses | | Injuries | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Industry ¹ | | | | Lost workday cases | | | | Lost workday cases | | | |
| | | | Total cases (000's) | Total ⁴ (000's) | With days away from work ⁵ (000's) | Cases without lost workdays (000's) | Total cases (000's) | Total ⁴ (000's) | With days away from work ⁵ (000's) | Cases without lost workdays (000's) | |
| All industries including State and local government ⁶ | | 826.8 | 60.9 | 24.7 | 16.8 | 36.2 | 59.6 | 24.3 | 16.6 | 35.2 | |
| Private industry ⁶ | | 741.0 | 55.1 | 22.4 | 15.1 | 32.7 | 54.0 | 22.2 | 15.0 | 31.9 | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶ | | 8.2 | .5 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .5 | .2 | .2 | .3 | |
| Mining ⁷ | | 14.6 | .7 | .5 | .2 | .3 | .7 | .5 | .2 | .3 | |
| Metal mining ⁷ | 10 | 13.0 | .6 | .4 | .1 | .2 | .6 | .4 | .1 | .2 | |
| Construction | | 75.5 | 9.5 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 5.7 | 9.4 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 5.7 | |
| General building contractors Residential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 15 152 16 161 17 171 172 174 175 177 | 14.6 8.5 8.7 3.2 52.2 7.4 1.7 11.5 7.2 5.9 | 2.1 1.1 .7 .3 6.7 1.0 .2 1.0 .8 .9 | .8 .4 .3 .1 2.7 .3 .1 .4 .6 .4 | .6 .4 .2 .1 2.3 .3 .3 .5 .4 | 1.3 .7 .4 .2 4.0 .7 .1 .7 .2 .5 | 2.1 1.1 .7 .3 6.7 1.0 .2 1.0 .8 .9 | .8 .4 .3 .1 2.7 .3 .1 .4 .6 .4 | .6 .4 .2 .1 2.3 .3 .3 .5 .4 | 1.3 .7 .4 .2 4.0 .7 .1 .7 .2 .5 | |
| Manufacturing | | 38.7 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 2.5 | |
| Durable goods | | 24.2 | 2.9 | 1.1 | .7 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 1.1 | .7 | 1.7 | |
| Lumber and wood products Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 24 32 327 34 35 36 38 39 | 1.7 3.5 2.8 3.5 3.0 2.8 2.4 4.4 | .4 .5 .5 .6 .3 .4 .1 | .2 .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1 | .1 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 (⁸) | .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .1 | .4 .5 .5 .6 .3 .4 .1 | .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1 | .1 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 (⁸) | .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .1 .1 | |
| Nondurable goods | | 14.5 | 1.5 | .7 | .4 | .8 | 1.4 | .7 | .4 | .7 | |
| Food and kindred products Printing and publishing Newspapers Rubber and miscellaneous plastics | 20 27 271 | 3.0 5.4 2.1 | .5 .3 .1 | .3 .2 (⁸) | .1 .1 (⁸) | .2 .2 .1 | .5 .3 .1 | .3 .2 (⁸) | .1 .1 (⁸) | .2 .2 .1 | |
| products | 30 308 | 3.5 3.1 | .5 .5 | .2 .2 | .1 .1 | .3 .3 | .5 .5 | .2 .2 | .1 .1 | .3 .3 | |
| Transportation and public utilities ^{7,9} | | 41.9 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.7 | |
| Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing ⁹ Trucking and courier services, | 41 42 | 7.4 7.0 | .9 .6 | .5 .3 | .5 .2 | .4 .3 | .8 .6 | .5 .3 | .5 .2 | .3 .3 | |
| except air ⁹ | 421 45 48 49 | 5.9 9.0 7.6 7.8 | .6 1.2 .3 .8 | .3 .7 .2 .3 | .2 .4 .1 .2 | .3 .5 .1 .4 | .6 1.2 .3 .7 | .3 .7 .2 .3 | .2 .4 .1 .2 | .3 .5 .1 .4 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | | 169.3 | 11.4 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 11.3 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 6.2 | |
| Wholesale trade | | 32.7 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | |
| Wholesale tradedurable goodsWholesale tradenondurable goods | 50 51 | 18.7 14.0 | 1.8 1.4 | .9 .8 | .7 .4 | .8 .6 | 1.8 1.3 | .9 .8 | .7 .4 | .8 .6 | |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Nevada

| Industry ¹ | SIC code ² | 1996 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's) | | Injuries ar | nd illnesses | | Injuries | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | | Lost w | | day cases | Cases | | Lost workday cases | | Cases |
| | | | Total cases (000's) | Total ⁴ (000's) | With days away from work ⁵ (000's) | | Total cases (000's) | Total ⁴ (000's) | With days away from work ⁵ (000's) | |
| Retail trade | | 136.5 | 8.3 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 4.9 | 8.2 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 4.9 |
| Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail | 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 | 5.0 15.8 18.9 16.3 7.3 6.3 49.0 17.9 | .5 1.4 1.4 1.4 .2 .6 2.0 | .2 .8 .3 .7 .2 .2 .6 | .1 .4 .3 .4 .1 .2 .6 | .3 .6 1.1 .7 .1 .3 1.4 | .5 1.4 1.4 1.4 .2 .6 2.0 | .2 .8 .3 .7 .1 .2 .6 | .1 .4 .3 .4 .1 .2 .6 .3 | .3 .6 1.0 .7 .1 .3 1.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 37.9 | 1.6 | .7 | .4 | 1.0 | 1.6 | .7 | .4 | .9 |
| Real estate | 65 | 14.1 | 1.3 | .5 | .3 | .7 | 1.2 | .5 | .3 | .7 |
| Services | | 354.2 | 23.1 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 14.7 | 22.5 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 14.2 |
| Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Social services Engineering and management services | 70 72 73 75 76 79 80 805 806 83 87 | 184.3 9.1 43.0 8.3 2.2 25.7 39.6 4.0 13.9 7.3 20.2 | 13.6 .4 2.0 .7 .3 1.4 3.4 .9 1.8 | 5.2 .2 .9 .2 (⁸) .4 .9 .4 .3 .3 | 3.0 .1 .7 .1 (⁸) .3 .5 .2 .2 | 8.4 .2 1.1 .5 .2 .9 2.5 .5 1.5 .3 | 13.3 .4 1.9 .6 .3 1.3 3.2 .9 1.7 .6 | 5.1 .2 .9 .2 (⁸) .4 .9 .4 .3 .3 | 3.0 .1 .7 .1 (⁸) .3 .5 .2 .2 | 8.2 .2 1.1 .5 .2 .9 2.3 .5 1.3 .3 |
| State and local government | | 85.8 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 3.4 |
| State government | | 24.1 | 1.2 | .4 | .3 | .7 | 1.1 | .4 | .3 | .7 |
| Local government | | 61.7 | 4.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 2.7 |
| Services | | 35.7 | 1.8 | .6 | .5 | 1.2 | 1.8 | .6 | .5 | 1.2 |

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

⁹ In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment

in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

4 Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

5 Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work to the contribute of the contribute of

work with or without restricted work activity.

6 Excludes farms with fawer than 11 am

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

8 Fewer than 50 cases.