Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996

Tennessee

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1996 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		_
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
All industries including State and local government ⁷		2,411.3	7.6	3.7	2.4	3.9	6.9	3.4	2.2	3.6
Private industry ⁷		2,101.5	8.0	3.8	2.4	4.2	7.3	3.5	2.2	3.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		16.9	10.1	5.6	4.8	4.5	9.6	5.6	4.7	4.0
Agricultural services	07	12.1	11.6	6.5	5.5	5.1	11.0	6.5	5.5	4.5
Mining ⁸		4.7	4.3	3.0	2.7	1.3	4.3	2.9	2.6	1.3
Construction		113.1	9.9	4.8	3.8	5.1	9.8	4.8	3.8	5.0
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Miscellaneous special trade contractors Manufacturing Durable goods Lumber and wood products Sawmills and planing mills Millwork, plywood and structural members Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Public building and related furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Iron and steel foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Fabricated metal products Metal forgings and stampings Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electrical industrial apparatus Household audio and video equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 176 179 24 242 243 25 251 253 32 33 32 33 332 335 34 344 346 349 354 358 363 363 363 363 37 371	31.6 11.9 19.3 14.8 5.0 9.8 66.7 17.3 13.1 9.7 4.6 11.6 517.3 285.0 22.0 8.6 4.4 28.8 19.2 3.8 16.5 16.6 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.0 13.7 6.0 6.6 43.1 6.4 14.1 5.4 40.4 13.1 5.4 40.4 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.6 40.5 40.6 40.6 40.6 40.6 40.6 40.6 40.6 40.6	9.5 8.2 10.3 11.8 10.9 12.4 9.6 11.4 8.6 13.2 15.6 11.7 13.2 14.2 15.6 17.0 13.8 13.6 15.0 17.7 10.0 13.3 14.4 14.0 13.0 12.6 7.4 15.4 11.4 9.6 13.2 15.6 17.7 10.0 13.3 14.4 15.6 16.2 16.2 17.7 10.0 13.3 14.4 15.6 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16	4.2 3.3 4.6 6.2 5.0 6.9 4.8 6.0 3.0 7.7 8.5 2.3 5.4 6.0 9.9 6.5 6.4 4.9 6.0 9.2 2.2 2.2 6.2 7.7 5.8 8.3 4.2 4.3 9.7 4.3 9.7 4.3 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7	3.0 2.9 3.0 5.4 3.8 4.6 2.2 6.7 5.9 1.8 2.6 2.9 4.2 4.6 3.9 2.8 2.2 3.7 4.5 1.1 3.6 4.3 3.3 3.9 2.5 1.6 2.8 3.7 4.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1	5.3 4.8 5.7 5.7 5.9 5.5 4.8 5.4 5.6 5.6 7.7 3.3 6.2 7.2 7.0 8.6 7.2 7.3 7.2 7.1 10.4 9.0 8.6 7.1 7.1 6.7 8.3 7.2 7.0 8.6 7.1 7.1 7.0 8.6 7.1 7.0 8.6 7.0 7.0 8.6 7.0 7.0 8.6 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0	9.3 7.9 10.0 11.8 10.9 12.4 9.6 11.4 8.5 13.1 16.2 5.5 9.8 11.2 13.1 14.7 15.0 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.9 10.3 10.8 12.9 10.3 10.8 12.2 10.9 7.7 12.1 13.6 3.7 12.1 12.5	4.0 3.3 4.4 6.2 5.0 6.9 4.8 5.9 2.9 7.7 8.5 2.2 4.6 5.1 6.8 8.7 6.1 6.0 4.3 5.9 2.9 5.9 2.9 5.9 4.6 4.6 4.3 5.9 2.9 5.9 4.6 4.6 4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6	2.8 2.9 2.8 5.4 3.8 6.3 3.8 4.6 2.2 6.7 5.8 1.7 2.3 2.6 4.1 4.5 3.4 2.5 2.1 2.0 3.5 3.6 4.5 1.1 3.2 4.2 3.1 2.5 2.2 1.5 2.3 3.5 1.5 8 2.3 8 1.0 2.4 2.3	5.2 4.6 5.6 5.7 5.9 5.5 4.8 5.4 5.6 5.5 7.7 3.2 5.2 6.1 6.3 6.3 6.6 7.4 6.3 6.6 7.4 6.5 6.6 7.4 6.3 6.2 5.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6
Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufactures	3714 372 38 382 384 39 399	30.0 3.5 10.6 4.7 4.9 11.7 4.3	13.7 9.5 4.0 4.5 3.3 9.5 8.1	5.6 3.0 2.2 2.0 2.5 4.3 3.5	2.7 1.8 1.3 1.1 1.3 1.9 2.7	8.1 6.4 1.7 2.5 .8 5.2 4.6	9.8 7.0 2.9 2.7 2.8 7.9 7.3	3.7 2.3 1.8 1.6 2.1 3.6 3.2	2.2 1.4 1.0 .9 1.2 1.6 2.4	6.1 4.7 1.1 1.1 .7 4.3 4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued

Tennessee

Industry ²	SIC code ³	1996 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Injuries and illnesses Injuries							
			Total cases	Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
Nondurable goods		232.3	9.8	4.8	2.2	5.0	8.0	4.0	1.9	4.0
•	00									
Food and kindred products Meat products	20 201	35.3 7.0	10.6 11.1	5.7 6.4	2.7 2.5	4.8 4.7	9.2 9.5	5.0 5.2	2.4 2.1	4.2 4.3
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	3.7	11.1	5.4	3.0	5.7	8.2	4.3	2.1	3.9
Bakery products	205	8.3	14.0	7.9	4.6	6.1	12.1	6.8	3.9	5.3
Beverages Textile mill products	208 22	4.2 19.5	13.7 9.2	9.3 4.5	3.3 1.7	4.3 4.6	13.4 7.5	9.1 3.6	3.2 1.5	4.3 3.9
Knitting mills	225	7.3	9.7	5.7	2.3	4.0	7.5	3.8	1.9	3.7
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	7.4	6.6	3.3	3.0	3.4	4.5	2.4	2.2	2.0
Paper and allied products	26	21.4	7.1	3.0	1.6	4.1	6.3	2.8	1.5	3.5
Paper mills	262	5.5	5.5 5.4	1.8	.4	3.6	4.6	1.8	.4	2.8
Paperboard containers and boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products	265 267	6.5 8.0	5.4 10.2	2.3 4.4	1.7 2.3	3.0 5.8	4.9 8.9	2.2 3.8	1.6 2.1	2.7 5.1
Printing and publishing	27	36.0	8.0	3.2	1.7	4.8	7.0	2.7	1.5	4.3
Newspapers	271	8.5	5.5	2.5	1.9	3.0	4.9	2.1	1.5	2.8
Books	273	4.6	6.4	3.1	1.0	3.3	5.2	2.6	.8	2.6
Commercial printingRubber and miscellaneous plastics	275	15.9	9.5	3.5	1.8	6.0	8.4	3.0	1.8	5.3
products Hose and belting and gaskets and	30	33.6	13.0	6.9	2.9	6.1	11.6	6.4	2.6	5.2
packing	305	5.1	12.2	6.5	2.2	5.6	11.3	6.1	1.9	5.2
Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c	306 308	6.1 15.8	12.7 12.6	5.9 6.3	3.6 3.4	6.8 6.3	11.4 11.4	5.5 5.7	3.4 2.9	5.9 5.7
Leather and leather products	31	4.4	8.1	3.9	1.8	4.2	7.0	3.7	1.6	3.9
Footwear, except rubber	314	2.8	5.8	3.3	1.7	2.6	4.9	2.5	1.6	2.4
Transportation and public utilities 8,9		139.2	9.3	6.2	5.4	3.1	9.1	6.1	5.3	2.9
Railroad transportation ⁸	40 42	- 54.5	2.0 11.8	1.5 8.1	1.3 7.5	.5 3.7	2.0 11.7	1.5 8.1	1.3 7.5	.5 3.6
Trucking and courier services, except air ⁹	421	49.2	11.2	7.5	7.2	3.6	11.2	7.5	7.2	3.6
Transportation services 9	47	6.3	2.2	1.0	.7	1.2	2.2	1.0	.7	1.2
Communications	48	20.6	2.9	1.2	.7	1.7	2.5	.9	.5	1.6
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	8.3	9.2	4.8	3.6	4.4	8.8	4.7	3.5	4.1
Wholesale and retail trade		594.7	6.6	2.8	1.9	3.8	6.5	2.8	1.9	3.8
Wholesale trade		140.9	4.8	2.9	1.5	1.9	4.8	2.9	1.5	1.9
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50 51	80.7 60.2	3.9 6.0	1.7 4.5	.8 2.4	2.2 1.5	3.9 6.0	1.7 4.5	.8 2.4	2.2 1.5
Retail trade		453.8	7.3	2.8	2.0	4.5	7.2	2.7	2.0	4.5
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores	52 53	19.0 62.7	10.7 8.6	4.3 3.9	2.9 2.2	6.5 4.8	10.7 8.5	4.3 3.8	2.9 2.2	6.5 4.7
Food stores	54	69.9	7.9	2.8	2.3	5.1	7.8	2.8	2.3	5.0
Apparel and accessory stores	56	23.3	5.1	2.1	1.3	3.0	4.9	2.0	1.3	2.9
Furniture and homefurnishings stores	57 58	17.7	3.0 8.1	1.0	.6	1.9	3.0 8.1	1.0	.6	1.9
Eating and drinking places	56 59	158.2 51.8	3.5	2.8 1.3	2.3	5.3 2.2	3.3	2.7 1.2	2.3	5.3 2.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate		112.6	2.6	.8	.6	1.7	2.0	.7	.5	1.3
Services		601.9	5.6	2.6	1.7	3.1	5.4	2.5	1.6	2.9
Hotels and other lodging places	70	36.2	8.2	4.0	1.5	4.2	8.1	4.0	1.5	4.1
Personal services	72	26.6	3.3	1.5	.7	1.8	3.1	1.4	.6	1.7
Auto repair, services, and parking	75 76	19.0	2.6 5.4	1.4	1.2 1.5	1.2 3.7	2.6	1.4	1.2	1.2
Miscellaneous repair services		7.5	5.4	1.8	1.3	3.1	5.3	1.8	1.5	3.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Tennessee

Industry ²		1996 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)		Injuries ar	ıd illnesses		Injuries			
	SIC code ³			Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		
			Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	Cases without lost workdays
Amusement and recreation services	79	22.3	9.2	6.4	_	2.9	9.2	6.3	_	2.9
Health services	80	193.3	7.7	3.3	2.2	4.4	7.4	3.2	2.1	4.2
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	30.3	13.8	7.9	4.4	5.9	13.7	7.8	4.3	5.8
Legal services	81	11.4	(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Educational services	82	26.0	` 1.7	.5	.5	` 1.2	` 1.7	.5	.5	1.2
Social services	83	30.6	6.0	3.0	1.6	3.0	5.9	3.0	1.6	2.9
Membership organizations	86	12.2	4.7	2.3	2.2	_	_	1.9	1.8	_
Engineering and management services	87	57.8	3.3	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.9	1.5	1.3	1.4
State and local government		309.8	4.5	2.7	2.3	1.8	4.3	2.6	2.2	1.6
State government		82.8	2.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.3	1.4	1.3	.9
Services		47.7	2.7	1.5	1.5	1.1	2.5	1.5	1.4	1.1
Local government		227.0	5.2	3.2	2.6	2.0	4.9	3.1	2.5	1.9

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses

= total hours worked by all employees during EΗ

the calendar year 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of

restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than

those for prior years.

10 Incidence rate less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of