Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2007 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Private industry ⁶		422.2	5.1	2.5	1.9	0.6	2.6
Goods producing ⁶		75.5	5.4	2.9	2.0	0.9	2.5
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		0.8	3.4	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	0.5	4.0	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Mining ⁷	21	0.3	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)
Construction		23.2	4.9	2.5	1.9	0.6	2.4
Construction	23	23.2	4.9	2.5	1.9	0.6	2.4
Construction of buildings	2362	5.8 3.8 2.0	2.8 0.5 7.3	2.7 (¹⁰) 7.3	1.5 (¹⁰) 3.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)
Heavy and civil engineering construction		2.2 15.3	5.8 5.6	2.3 2.4	1.6 2.1	(¹⁰) 0.4	3.5 3.2
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors		3.1	5.8	3.4	3.4	(¹⁰)	2.4
Building equipment contractors	2382	6.6	5.3	2.0	1.7	0.3	3.3
Electrical contractors	23821	2.8	4.1	1.8	1.6	(10)	2.3
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	3.3	6.2	2.3	1.9	(10)	3.9
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	2.2	4.1	0.8	0.8	(10)	3.3
Manufacturing		51.5	5.7	3.2	2.1	1.1	2.5
Manufacturing	31-33	51.5	5.7	3.2	2.1	1.1	2.5
Food manufacturing		2.8 	5.7 6.4 6.0	2.8 3.9 3.2	2.7 2.6 1.9	(¹⁰) 1.2 1.3	2.9 2.5 2.8
Printing and related support activities		2.0	3.1	1.5	0.8	(¹⁰)	1.6
Chemical manufacturing		4.5	3.5	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.4
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See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2007 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	3.0	5.5	2.9	1.5	1.3	2.6
Primary metal manufacturing			6.8	5.0	2.6	2.4	1.8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	7.1	7.0	3.8	2.4	1.4	3.1
Machinery manufacturing		2.2	6.2	3.4	2.9	(10)	2.8
Computer and electronic product manufacturing		4.4	2.1	1.2	0.9	(10)	0.9
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing		0.7	4.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	2.8
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing		3.3	1.4	0.9	0.8	() (¹⁰)	0.5
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336		12.5	7.0	4.5	2.4	5.5
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	1.8	9.2	5.1	3.2	1.9	4.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing		9.6	3.8	1.7	1.1	0.6	2.1
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing		1.4	3.1	2.2	1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	8.2	3.9	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.3
Jewelry and silverware manufacturing			4.2	1.6	1.1	0.6	2.5
Jewelry (except costume) manufacturing	339911		2.7	1.5	1.4	(10)	1.1
Service providing		346.7	5.0	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		80.4	6.1	3.6	2.7	1.0	2.5
Wholesale trade	42						
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	5.3	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Retail trade	44-45	52.3	5.4	2.9	2.3	0.6	2.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	6.0	5.2	2.4	2.2	(¹⁰)	2.8
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.1	10.7	6.2	4.4	1.8	4.5
General merchandise stores	452	6.3	9.1	6.3	4.5	1.8	2.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	9.5	9.0	6.9	5.4	1.5	2.1
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Truck transportation		2.3	8.7	6.9	5.6	1.4	1.8
Transit and ground passenger transportation		2.1	8.6	4.7	4.5	(10)	3.9
Couriers and messengers	492	1.9	12.0	10.0	6.8	3.2	2.0
Information		10.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	(10)	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2007 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Information	51	10.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	(¹⁰)	0.8
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511 517	2.9 3.0	2.3 1.9	1.7 0.8	1.2 0.8	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) 1.1
Financial activities		34.1	1.2	0.5	0.5	(10)	0.7
Finance and insurance	52	27.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.5
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	8.9	1.1	0.4	0.4	(10)	0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	7.0	3.2	1.9	1.9	(10)	1.2
Professional and business services		57.7	3.6	1.3	1.1	0.2	2.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	22.4	1.1	0.4	0.2		0.7
Management of companies and enterprises	55	9.6	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.8
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56						
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.6	4.3	2.2		1.3	2.1
Education and health services		93.9	6.4	3.3	2.6	0.7	3.1
Educational services	61	18.4	2.1	1.1	0.9	0.2	1.0
Health care and social assistance	62	75.5	7.3	3.8	3.0	0.8	3.6
Ambulatory health care services Home health care services	621 6216	22.7 3.7	2.9 8.3	1.5 5.0	1.3 4.0	0.3 0.9	1.4 3.4
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	23.9 18.3	10.7 10.8	4.8 6.3	3.9 4.8	0.9 1.5	5.9 4.5
Social assistance	624	10.5	3.7	2.0	1.6	0.4	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		51.2	7.3	1.8	1.7	0.1	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2007 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2007 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	8.0	11.9	1.6	1.5	(10)	10.3
Accommodation and food services	72	43.2	6.6	1.8	1.7	0.1	4.8
Accommodation		4.0 39.2	10.2 6.2	3.7 1.6	3.4 1.5	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	6.5 4.6
Other services		18.7	3.4	2.0	1.7	0.3	1.4
Other services, except public administration	81	18.7	3.4	2.0	1.7	0.3	1.4
Personal and laundry services		5.6 8.0	2.3 2.8	1.9 0.7	1.3 0.6	0.6 (10)	(¹⁰) 2.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar vear

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.