

# Hillsborough 

Chronic Disease Prevention Fact Sheet, Profiles 2006
The School Health Profiles (Profiles) is a system of surveys assessing school health policies and programs in states and large urban school districts. Profiles surveys are conducted biennially among representative samples of middle and high school principals and lead health education teachers.

| Physical Education (PE) and Physical Activity | Among Cities * |  | Hillsborough \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of schools that required students to take 2 or more PE courses | 61.1 | (30.9-93.9) | 79.5 |
| Among schools that required a PE course, percentage in which students could not be exempted from taking a required PE course for enrollment in other courses, high physical fitness competency test score, and participation in school or community sports, other school activities, vocational training, and community service activities | 44.1 | (12.7-83.6) | 16.8 |
| Among schools that required a PE course, percentage that required students who failed the course to repeat it | 52.1 | (26.4-82.7) | 49.3 |
| Percentage of schools that taught 13 physical activity topics in a required health education course | 31.2 | (0.0-64.8) | 20.0 |
| Percentage of schools that taught in a required health education course about developing an individualized physical activity plan | 41.4 | (0.0-79.3) | 28.8 |
| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received staff development during the past two years on physical activity and fitness | 46.9 | (23.6-81.2) | 47.7 |
| Percentage of schools that offered opportunities for students to participate in intramural activities or physical activity clubs | 84.6 | (61.9-95.0) | 81.4 |
| Among schools that offered intramural activities or physical activity clubs, percentage that provided students with transportation home after intramural activities or physical activity clubs | 19.9 | (6.8-68.0) | 15.5 |
| Percentage of schools in which children or adolescents used school facilities for community-sponsored sports teams, classes, or lessons outside of school hours or when school was not in session | 66.9 | (58.0-98.9) | 82.5 |
| Tobacco-Use Prevention |  |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that prohibited all tobacco use in all locations ^ | 56.0 | (15.5-79.5) | 15.5 |
| Percentage of schools that provided referrals to tobacco cessation programs for students | 53.5 | (19.8-96.4) | 49.8 |
| Percentage of schools that prohibited all tobacco advertising ** | 79.2 | (52.2-91.0) | 74.1 |
| Percentage of schools that posted signs marking a tobacco-free school zone | 80.6 | (28.4-88.2) | 47.4 |
| Percentage of schools that taught 16 tobacco-use prevention topics in a required health education course | 38.1 | (0.0-76.8) | 33.0 |
| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received staff development during the past two years on tobacco-use prevention | 40.7 | (28.1-100.0) | 28.1 |

* Among the 12 participating cities with weighted principal survey results and the 12 cities with weighted teacher survey results.
- Prohibited all tobacco use (including cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, cigars, and pipes) by students, faculty and staff, and visitors in school buildings, on school property, in school buses or other vehicles used to transport students, and at off-campus school-sponsored events.
** Prohibited tobacco advertising in school buildings, on school grounds, on school buses or other vehicles, in school publications, and through sponsorship of school events, and prohibited students from wearing tobacco brand-name apparel or carrying merchandise with tobacco company names, logos, or cartoon characters.



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| Nutrition and Food Service | Among Cities * |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hillsborough } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Median | Range |  |
| Among schools that served lunch to students, percentage that allowed students 20 or more minutes to eat lunch once they were seated | 78.5 | (58.5-94.4) | 62.2 |
| Percentage of schools in which students could purchase the following food or beverages from vending machines or at the school store, canteen, or snack bar: |  |  |  |
| Fruits or vegetables | 35.7 | (10.3-58.8) | 38.7 |
| 100\% fruit juice or vegetable juice | 57.6 | (25.0-75.9) | 66.9 |
| Bottled water | 75.2 | (29.0-86.6) | 86.5 |
| $1 \%$ or skim milk | 40.5 | $(14.7-60.1)$ | 53.6 |
| Chocolate candy | 24.1 | (4.0-59.1) | 27.1 |
| Salty snacks that are not low in fat | 42.2 | (4.4-81.0) | 51.1 |
| Soda pop or fruit drinks that are not 100\% juice | 52.4 | (9.6-71.9) | 69.4 |
| Percentage of schools that did not allow students to purchase candy; snacks that are not low in fat; soda pop, sports drinks, or fruit drinks that are not $100 \%$ juice; or $2 \%$ or whole milk during school lunch periods | 63.2 | (27.7-84.3) | 70.8 |
| Percentage of schools that taught 14 nutrition and dietary behavior topics in a required health education course | 43.4 | (0.0-79.2) | 30.6 |
| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received staff development during the past two years on nutrition and dietary behavior | 43.4 | $(21.8-63.6)$ | 32.4 |


| Where can I get more information? |
| :---: |
| Visit www.cdc.gov/ healthyyouth/ profiles or call 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636). |
| DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES |
| CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION |

