Women in the Labor Force: A Databook



U.S. Department of Labor Elaine L. Chao, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Philip L. Rones, Acting Commissioner

September 2006

Report 996

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Women in the Labor Force: A Databook

Introduction

The past several decades have been marked by several notable changes in women's labor force activities compared to men's, including rising labor force participation, employment growth in higher-paying occupations, and earnings increases. In 1970, about 43 percent of women age 16 and older were in the labor force. By the late 1990s, the labor force participation rate of women had risen to 60 percent. Though it is still well above the rates that prevailed throughout the 1970s, 1980s, and much of the 1990s, the rate has receded slightly since 1999, to 59.3 percent in 2005. During the past several decades, women were increasingly employed in higher-paying occupations. In 2005, more than half of all the workers in management, professional, and related occupations were women. Women's earnings relative to men's also were substantially higher in 2005 than in previous decades. In 1979, among full-time workers, women's earnings were 62 percent of men's; by 2005 the ratio had grown to 81 percent. The movement of women into the labor force and into higher-paying occupations has gone hand in hand with their pursuit of higher education. For example, in 1970, about one-tenth of women age 25 to 64 in the labor force had completed 4 or more years of college; by 2005, one-third held at least a bachelor's degree.

This report presents historical and current labor force and earnings data for women and men from the Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a national monthly survey of approximately 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Unless otherwise noted, data are annual averages from the CPS. For a detailed description of the source of the data and an explanation of concepts and definitions used, see the Technical Note at the end of this report.

Highlights

• In 2005, just over 59 percent of women age 16 and over were in the labor force. Their unemployment rate declined to 5.1 percent in 2005 compared with 5.4 percent a year earlier. Although still a percentage point higher than it was in 2000, the unemployment rate for women remained low by historical standards. The unemployment rates for

white and Asian women were much lower than those of their black and Hispanic counterparts. (See tables 1, 2, and 3.)

- Since the early 1980s, women's and men's unemployment rates have been roughly similar. In 2000, the jobless rates for women and men were 4.1 and 3.9 percent, respectively, and were at 30-year lows. The rates rose from 2000 to 2003, but then declined in the next 2 years. The unemployment rates for women and men were equal in 2005 at 5.1 percent. (See table 2.)
- From 1975 to 2000, the labor force participation rate of mothers with children under age 18 rose from 47 to 73 percent. By 2005, the rate had receded slightly to about 71 percent. In general, mothers with older children (6 to 17 years of age) are more likely to participate in the labor force than are mothers of younger children (under 6 years of age). Unmarried mothers have higher participation rates than married mothers. (See tables 6 and 7.)
- The educational attainment level of working women age 25 to 64 rose substantially from 1970 to 2005. About 3 in 10 women in the labor force held college degrees in 2005, compared with about 1 in 10 in 1970. About 8 percent of women in the labor force in 2005 were high school dropouts, compared with 34 percent in 1970. (See table 9.)
- In 2005, half of all persons employed in management, professional, and related occupations were women. The share of women in specific occupations within this broad category varied. For example, 6 percent of mechanical engineers and 32 percent of physicians and surgeons were women. In contrast, 95 percent of dietitians and 86 percent of paralegals and legal assistants were women. (See table 11.)
- Employed Asian women were more likely than employed white, black, and Hispanic women to work in management, professional, and related occupations (about 45 percent compared with 39,

- 30, and 22 percent, respectively). Hispanic and black women (31 and 27 percent, respectively) were more likely than white and Asian women (19 and 18 percent, respectively) to work in service occupations. (See table 12.)
- By industry, in 2005, women accounted for more than half of all workers within financial activities, education and health services, and leisure and hospitality. However, women were substantially underrepresented (relative to their share of total employment) in mining, construction, manufacturing, and transportation and utilities. (See table 14.)
- Women who worked full time in 2005 had median weekly earnings of \$585. Asian and white women earned more than their black and Hispanic counterparts (\$665 and \$596 compared with \$499 and \$429, respectively). In 2005, women's median weekly earnings were 81 percent of men's. Women's-to-men's earnings ratios were higher among black and Hispanic women (89 and 88 percent, respectively) than among white and Asian women (80 and 81 percent, respectively). (See table 16.) (Users should note that the comparisons of earnings in the report are made on a broad level and do not control for many factors that can be significant in explaining earnings differences.)
- In 2005, female college graduates age 25 and over earned about 79 percent more than women with only a high school diploma. This difference in earnings by education has increased sharply since 1979, when female college graduates earned 43 percent more than female high school graduates. Female college graduates who were full-time wage and salary workers had median weekly earnings that were 76 percent of those of their male counterparts in 2005, \$883 versus \$1,167. (See table 17.)
- In 2005, approximately 25 percent of employed women usually worked part time—fewer than 35 hours a week. Comparatively, only about 11 percent of employed men usually worked part time. Since 1994, the proportion of employed women and men who usually work part time has remained little changed. (See table 20.)
- From 1976 to 2005, the average workweek of women in nonagricultural industries increased by about 2 hours to 36.1 hours. Men's average workweek remained relatively unchanged over the same period and was 41.7 hours in 2005. (See table 21.)

- Of all women who worked at some point during calendar year 2004, nearly 6 in 10 worked full time and year round, compared with about 4 in 10 in 1970. During the same 35-year period, the proportion of men who worked full time and year round grew from 66 to 74 percent. (See table 22.) These data were collected in the 2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS and refer to work experience during the prior calendar year.
- Both the wife and husband had earnings from work in 57 percent of married-couple families in 2004, up from 44 percent in 1967. (See table 23.) These data also were collected in the 2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS and reflect earnings and work experience of the prior calendar year.
- In 2004, working wives' contributions to family income accounted for 35 percent (median) of their families' incomes, up by 8 percentage points from 1970, when wives' earnings accounted for 27 percent of the family total. The proportion of wives earning more than their husbands also has grown. In 1987, the first year data became available for wives' earnings compared to their husbands', 18 percent of working wives whose husbands also worked earned more than their spouses; in 2004, the proportion was 25 percent. (See tables 24 and 25.) These data, also collected in the Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the CPS, reflect the earnings and work experience of the prior calendar year.
- In 2005, about 1.2 million women workers paid at an hourly rate had earnings at or below the Federal minimum wage of \$5.15 an hour; about half of these women were age 16 to 24. Among workers age 25 years and over who were paid hourly rates, 2 percent of women had earnings at or below the minimum wage, twice the rate for men. (See table 26.)
- Women were slightly less likely than men to have flexible schedules on their jobs in May 2004. White women were more likely to have flexible schedules than either their black or Hispanic counterparts. Women without children under age 18 were more likely to have flexible schedules than women with children under age 18, although the reverse was true for men. (See table 29.) Data are from the May 2004 Work Schedules supplement to the CPS.
- About 15 percent of both women and men reported working at home at least once per week as part of

their main job in May 2004. Working at home was more common for parents than for persons who were not parents. Women were slightly more likely than men to have a formal arrangement with their employer to be paid for the work they did at home than were men. While self-employment was fairly common among those who worked at home, women were less likely to be self-employed than were their male counterparts; about 29 percent of women working at home were self-employed versus 38 percent of men. (See table 30.) Data are from the May 2004 Work Schedules supplement to the CPS.

- About 1.7 million women and 2.1 million men experienced job displacement between January 2003 and December 2005. Women who were displaced were almost twice as likely as men to have left the labor force by January 2006 (21 percent versus 13 percent). (See table 31.) Data are from the January 2006 Displaced Worker supplement to the CPS.
- Among 2005 high school graduates, young women were slightly more likely than young men to enter college (70.4 versus 66.5 percent). (For information on the labor force status of recent high school graduates and dropouts by school enrollment and sex, see table 32.) Data are from the October 2005 School Enrollment supplement to the CPS.
- About 48 percent of women age 16 to 24 who were enrolled in either high school or college in October 2005 were in the labor force. Men enrolled in school had a lower labor force participation rate (42.3 percent). Among those not enrolled in school, women were less likely to be in the labor force than men (74.6 versus 87.5 percent). Young women who had not completed high school and were not enrolled in school were significantly less likely to participate in the labor force (53.5 versus 73.2 percent) and nearly twice as likely to be unemployed

- (21.2 versus 11.5 percent) as were women 16 to 24 years of age who had a high school diploma only. (See table 33.) Data are from the October 2005 School Enrollment supplement to the CPS.
- From 1970 to 1995, the rate of multiple jobholding among women nearly tripled, from 2.2 percent of employed women in 1970 to 6.5 percent in 1995. Since 1995, however, the multiple jobholding rate for women has trended downward, falling to 5.2 percent by 2005. The multiple jobholding rate for men also has trended downward over the past decade, from 6.3 percent in 1995 to 4.6 percent in 2005. (See table 34.) Data were collected in the May 2005 CPS.
- Over the past 30 years, the percentage of employed women who were self-employed has increased slightly, from 4.4 percent in 1976 to 5.4 percent in 2005, while the percentage of employed men who were self-employed has decreased slightly, to 7.8 percent in 2005 from 8.4 percent in 1976. In 2005, about 37 percent of all self-employed persons were women compared with 27 percent in 1976. (See table 35.)
- Foreign-born women were less likely to be in the labor force in 2005 than native-born women (53.8 versus 60.0 percent). Of those in the labor force, foreign-born women were more likely to be unemployed (6.3 percent) than their native-born counterparts (5.3 percent). The reverse was true for men for both labor force participation and the unemployment rate. (See table 36.)
- In 2005, about 13 percent of female wage and salary workers were represented by unions, compared with about 15 percent of men. Union attachment for both groups has fallen since 1983, when unions represented 18 percent of female wage and salary workers and nearly 28 percent for men. (See table 37.)

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex, 2005 annual averages

				Civ	vilian labor force	е		
	Civilian			Emp	oloyed	Unem	ployed	
Age	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
				Total, bot	th sexes			ı
16 years and over	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762
16 to 19 years	16,398	7,164	43.7	5,978	36.5	1,186	16.6	9,234
16 to 17 years	8,778	2,825	32.2	2,284	26.0	541	19.1	5,953
18 to 19 years	7,619	4,339	56.9	3,694	48.5	645	14.9	3,281
20 to 24 years	20,276	15,127	74.6	13,792	68.0	1,335	8.8	5,149
25 to 54 years	124,175	102,773	82.8	98,517	79.3	4,256	4.1	21,403
25 to 34 years	39,064	32,341	82.8	30,680	78.5	1,661	5.1	6,723
25 to 29 years	19,484	16,049	82.4	15,116	77.6	933	5.8	3,435
30 to 34 years	19,580	16,291	83.2	15,564	79.5	728	4.5	3,288
35 to 44 years	43,005	36,030	83.8	34,630	80.5	1,400	3.9	6,975
35 to 39 years	20,511	17,125	83.5	16,430	80.1	695	4.1	3,387
40 to 44 years	22,494	18,905	84.0	18,200	80.9	705	3.7	3,589
45 to 54 years	42,107	34,402	81.7	33,207	78.9	1,195	3.5	7,704
45 to 49 years	22,257	18,561	83.4	17,886	80.4	675	3.6	3,695
50 to 54 years	19,850	15,841	79.8	15,321	77.2	520	3.3	4,009
55 to 64 years	30,165	18,979	62.9	18,349	60.8	630	3.3	11,185
55 to 59 years	17,206	12,289	71.4	11,873	69.0	416	3.4	4,918
60 to 64 years	12,958	6,691	51.6	6,476	50.0	214	3.2	6,268
65 years and over	35,068	5,278	15.1	5,094	14.5	184	3.5	29,791
65 to 69 years	10,048	2,846	28.3	2,748	27.3	98	3.4	7,202
70 to 74 years	8,358	1,366	16.3	1,316	15.7	50	3.7	6,992
75 years and over	16,663	1,066	6.4	1,031	6.2	36	3.3	15,597

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex, 2005 annual averages
—Continued

				Civ	vilian labor forc	е		
	Civilian			Emp	oloyed	Unem	ployed	
Age	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
				Won	nen			ı
16 years and over	116,931	69,288	59.3	65,757	56.2	3,531	5.1	47,643
16 to 19 years	8,081	3,574	44.2	3,055	37.8	519	14.5	4,507
16 to 17 years	4,297	1,457	33.9	1,217	28.3	240	16.5	2,840
18 to 19 years	3,784	2,117	55.9	1,838	48.6	278	13.1	1,667
20 to 24 years	10,095	7,073	70.1	6,513	64.5	560	7.9	3,022
25 to 54 years	62,967	47,387	75.3	45,315	72.0	2,072	4.4	15,580
25 to 34 years	19,618	14,503	73.9	13,687	69.8	817	5.6	5,115
25 to 29 years	9,740	7,206	74.0	6,753	69.3	453	6.3	2,534
30 to 34 years	9,878	7,297	73.9	6,933	70.2	364	5.0	2,581
35 to 44 years	21,828	16,535	75.8	15,850	72.6	685	4.1	5,293
35 to 39 years	10,387	7,750	74.6	7,420	71.4	330	4.3	2,637
40 to 44 years	11,441	8,784	76.8	8,430	73.7	354	4.0	2,656
45 to 54 years	21,521	16,349	76.0	15,779	73.3	571	3.5	5,172
45 to 49 years	11,345	8,815	77.7	8,486	74.8	328	3.7	2,530
50 to 54 years	10,177	7,535	74.0	7,292	71.7	243	3.2	2,642
55 4 04	45.000	2 22 4	57 0	0.005	1	000	0.0	0.700
55 to 64 years	15,663	8,934	57.0	8,635	55.1	299	3.3	6,728
55 to 59 years	8,886	5,831	65.6	5,634	63.4	197	3.4	3,055
60 to 64 years	6,777	3,104	45.8	3,001	44.3	102	3.3	3,673
65 years and over	20,125	2,319	11.5	2,238	11.1	82	3.5	17,806
65 to 69 years	5,370	1,275	23.7	1,228	22.9	46	3.6	4,095
70 to 74 years	4,613	591	12.8	568	12.3	23	3.9	4,022
75 years and over	10,142	454	4.5	441	4.4	12	2.8	9,688

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex, 2005 annual averages
—Continued

				Civ	vilian labor forc	e		
	Civilian			Emp	oloyed	Unem	ployed	
Age	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
	.			Me	en			<u>. </u>
16 years and over	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119
16 to 19 years	8,317	3,590	43.2	2,923	35.1	667	18.6	4,727
16 to 17 years	4,481	1,368	30.5	1,067	23.8	300	22.0	3,113
18 to 19 years	3,836	2,222	57.9	1,855	48.4	367	16.5	1,614
20 to 24 years	10,181	8,054	79.1	7,279	71.5	775	9.6	2,127
25 to 54 years	61,208	55,385	90.5	53,201	86.9	2,184	3.9	5,823
25 to 34 years	19,446	17,837	91.7	16,993	87.4	844	4.7	1,608
25 to 29 years	9,744	8,843	90.8	8,363	85.8	480	5.4	901
30 to 34 years	9,701	8,994	92.7	8,630	89.0	364	4.0	707
35 to 44 years	21,177	19,495	92.1	18,780	88.7	715	3.7	1,682
35 to 39 years	10,124	9,374	92.6	9,010	89.0	364	3.9	750
40 to 44 years	11,053	10,121	91.6	9,770	88.4	351	3.5	933
45 to 54 years	20,585	18,053	87.7	17,429	84.7	624	3.5	2,532
45 to 49 years	10,912	9,747	89.3	9,399	86.1	347	3.6	1,165
50 to 54 years	9,673	8,306	85.9	8,029	83.0	277	3.3	1,367
55 to 64 years	14,502	10,045	69.3	9,714	67.0	331	3.3	4,457
55 to 59 years	8,321	6,458	77.6	6,239	75.0	219	3.4	1,863
60 to 64 years	6,181	3,587	58.0	3,475	75.0 56.2	112	3.4	2,594
00 to 04 years	0,101	3,367	36.0	3,473	30.2	112	3.1	2,394
65 years and over	14,944	2,959	19.8	2,857	19.1	102	3.4	11,985
65 to 69 years	4,678	1,571	33.6	1,519	32.5	52	3.3	3,107
70 to 74 years	3,745	775	20.7	748	20.0	27	3.5	2,970
75 years and over	6,521	612	9.4	589	9.0	23	3.8	5,908

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1970-2005 annual averages

	i triousarius)			Civilian I	abor force			
	Civilian			Emp		Uner	nployed	
Year	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
				Total, b	oth sexes			
1970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.5	4,093	4.9	54,315
1971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	5,016	5.9	55,834
1972 ¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	4,882	5.6	57,091
1973 ¹	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	4,365	4.9	57,667
1974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8	5,156	5.6	58,171
1975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	7,929	8.5	59,377
1976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	7,406	7.7	59,991
1977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	6,991	7.1	60,025
1978 ¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	59.3	6,202	6.1	59,659
1979	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	59.9	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	7,637	7.1	60,806
1981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	59.0	8,273	7.6	61,460
1982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	10,678	9.7	62,067
1983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	10,717	9.6	62,665
1984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	8,539	7.5	62,839
1985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	8,312	7.2	62,744
1986 ¹	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	8,237	7.0	62,752
1987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	7,425	6.2	62,888
1988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	6,701	5.5	62,944
1989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	6,528	5.3	62,523
1990 ¹	189,164	125,840	66.5	118,793	62.8	7,047	5.6	63,324
1991	190,925	126,346	66.2	117,718	61.7	8,628	6.8	64,578
1992	192,805	128,105	66.4	118,492	61.5	9,613	7.5	64,700
1993	194,838	129,200	66.3	120,259	61.7	8,940	6.9	65,638
1994 ¹	196,814	131,056	66.6	123,060	62.5	7,996	6.1	65,758
1995	198,584	132,304	66.6	124,900	62.9	7,404	5.6	66,280
1996	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	7,236	5.4	66,647
1997 ¹	203,133	136,297	67.1	129,558	63.8	6,739	4.9	66,837
1998 ¹	205,220	137,673	67.1	131,463	64.1	6,210	4.5	67,547
1999 ¹	207,753	139,368	67.1	133,488	64.3	5,880	4.2	68,385
2000 ¹	212,577	142,583	67.1	136,891	64.4	5,692	4.0	69,994
2001	215,092	143,734	66.8	136,933	63.7	6,801	4.7	71,359
2002	217,570	144,863	66.6	136,485	62.7	8,378	5.8	72,707
2003 ¹	221,168	146,510	66.2	137,736	62.3	8,774	6.0	74,658
2004 ¹	223,357	147,401	66.0	139,252	62.3	8,149	5.5	75,956
2005	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762

Table 2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

	,			Civilian I	abor force			
	Civilian				loyed	Uner	mployed	
Year	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
				Wo	omen			
1970	72,782	31,543	43.3	29,688	40.8	1,855	5.9	41,239
1971	74,274	32,202	43.4	29,976	40.4	2,227	6.9	42,072
1972 ¹	76,290	33,479	43.9	31,257	41.0	2,222	6.6	42,811
1973 ¹	77,804	34,804	44.7	32,715	42.0	2,089	6.0	43,000
1974	79,312	36,211	45.7	33,769	42.6	2,441	6.7	43,101
1975	80,860	37,475	46.3	33,989	42.0	3,486	9.3	43,386
1976	82,390	38,983	47.3	35,615	43.2	3,369	8.6	43,406
1977	83,840	40,613	48.4	37,289	44.5	3,324	8.2	43,227
1978 ¹	85,334	42,631	50.0	39,569	46.4	3,061	7.2	42,703
1979	86,843	44,235	50.9	41,217	47.5	3,018	6.8	42,608
1980	88,348	45,487	51.5	42,117	47.7	3,370	7.4	42,861
1981	89,618	46,696	52.1	43,000	48.0	3,696	7.9	42,922
1982	90,748	47,755	52.6	43,256	47.7	4,499	9.4	42,993
1983	91,684	48,503	52.9	44,047	48.0	4,457	9.2	43,181
1984	92,778	49,709	53.6	45,915	49.5	3,794	7.6	43,068
1985	93,736	51,050	54.5	47,259	50.4	3,791	7.4	42,686
1986 ¹	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	3,707	7.1	42,376
1987	95,853	53,658	56.0	50,334	52.5	3,324	6.2	42,195
1988	96,756	54,742	56.6	51,696	53.4	3,046	5.6	42,014
1989	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	3,003	5.4	41,601
1990 ¹	98,787	56,829	57.5	53,689	54.3	3,140	5.5	41,957
1991	99,646	57,178	57.4	53,496	53.7	3,683	6.4	42,468
1992	100,535	58,141	57.8	54,052	53.8	4,090	7.0	42,394
1993	101,506	58,795	57.9	54,910	54.1	3,885	6.6	42,711
1994 ¹	102,460	60,239	58.8	56,610	55.3	3,629	6.0	42,221
1995	103,406	60,944	58.9	57,523	55.6	3,421	5.6	42,462
1996	104,385	61,857	59.3	58,501	56.0	3,356	5.4	42,528
1997 ¹	105,418	63,036	59.8	59,873	56.8	3,162	5.0	42,382
1998 ¹	106,462	63,714	59.8	60,771	57.1	2,944	4.6	42,748
1999 ¹	108,031	64,855	60.0	62,042	57.4	2,814	4.3	43,175
2000 ¹	440.040	00.000	50.0	00 500	-7-	0.747	4.4	44.040
	110,613	66,303	59.9	63,586	57.5	2,717	4.1	44,310
2001	111,811	66,848	59.8	63,737	57.0 56.3	3,111	4.7	44,962 45,634
2002 2003 ¹	112,985	67,363	59.6	63,582	56.3 56.1	3,781	5.6 5.7	45,621 46,461
2003 2004 ¹	114,733 115,647	68,272 68,421	59.5 59.2	64,404 64,728	56.1 56.0	3,868 3,694	5.7 5.4	46,461 47,225
2004	116,931	68,421 69,288	59.2 59.3	65,757	56.0 56.2	3,694 3,531	5.4 5.1	47,225 47,643
2000	110,931	03,200	59.3	00,737	50.2	3,331	ა.1	47,043
								<u> </u>

Table 2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

•	ŕ			Civilian I	abor force			
	Civilian			Empl	oyed	Uner	nployed	
Year	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
				N	len			
1970	64,304	51,228	79.7	48,990	76.2	2,238	4.4	13,076
1971	65,942	52,180	79.1	49,390	74.9	2,789	5.3	13,762
1972 ¹	67,835	53,555	78.9	50,896	75.0	2,659	5.0	14,280
1973 ¹	69,292	54,624	78.8	52,349	75.5	2,275	4.2	14,667
1974	70,808	55,739	78.7	53,024	74.9	2,714	4.9	15,069
1975	72,291	56,299	77.9	51,857	71.7	4,442	7.9	15,993
1976	73,759	57,174	77.5	53,138	72.0	4,036	7.1	16,585
1977	75,193	58,396	77.7	54,728	72.8	3,667	6.3	16,797
1978 ¹	76,576	59,620	77.9	56,479	73.8	3,142	5.3	16,956
1979	78,020	60,726	77.8	57,607	73.8	3,120	5.1	17,293
1980	79,398	61,453	77.4	57,186	72.0	4,267	6.9	17,945
1981	80,511	61,974	77.0	57,397	71.3	4,577	7.4	18,537
1982	81,523	62,450	76.6	56,271	69.0	6,179	9.9	19,073
1983	82,531	63,047	76.4	56,787	68.8	6,260	9.9	19,484
1984	83,605	63,835	76.4	59,091	70.7	4,744	7.4	19,771
1985	84,469	64,411	76.3	59,891	70.9	4,521	7.0	20,058
1986 ¹	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	4,530	6.9	20,376
1987	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	4,101	6.2	20,692
1988	87,857	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	3,655	5.5	20,930
1989	88,762	67,840	76.4	64,315	72.5	3,525	5.2	20,923
1990 ¹	90,377	69,011	76.4	65,104	72.0	3,906	5.7	21,367
1991	91,278	69,168	75.8	64,223	70.4	4,946	7.2	22,110
1992	92,270	69,964	75.8	64,440	69.8	5,523	7.9	22,306
1993	93,332	70,404	75.4	65,349	70.0	5,055	7.2	22,927
1994 ¹	94,355	70,817	75.1	66,450	70.4	4,367	6.2	23,538
1995	95,178	71,360	75.0	67,377	70.8	3,983	5.6	23,818
1996	96,206	72,087	74.9	68,207	70.9	3,880	5.4	24,119
1997 ¹	97,715	73,261	75.0	69,685	71.3	3,577	4.9	24,454
1998 ¹	98,758	73,959	74.9	70,693	71.6	3,266	4.4	24,799
1999 ¹	99,722	74,512	74.7	71,446	71.6	3,066	4.1	25,210
2000 ¹	101,964	76,280	74.8	73,305	71.9	2,975	3.9	25,684
2001	103,282	76,886	74.4	73,196	70.9	3,690	4.8	26,396
2002	104,585	77,500	74.1	72,903	69.7	4,597	5.9	27,085
2002	104,385	78,238	73.5	73,332	68.9	4,906	6.3	28,197
2004 ¹	107,710	78,980	73.3	74,524	69.2	4,456	5.6	28,730
2005	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section

of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 3. Employment status by race, age, sex, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

				Civilian la	abor force			
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Uner	nployed	
Race, age, sex, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
White								
Total, 16 years and over	184,446	122,299	66.3	116,949	63.4	5,350	4.4	62,148
16 to 19 years	12,690	5,950	46.9	5,105	40.2	845	14.2	6,739
20 to 24 years	15,871	12,109	76.3	11,231	70.8	878	7.2	3,763
25 to 54 years	99,796	83,341	83.5	80,346	80.5	2,995	3.6	16,455
55 to 64 years	25,534	16,275	63.7	15,788	61.8	488	3.0	9,258
65 years and over	30,556	4,624	15.1	4,480	14.7	144	3.1	25,932
Women, 16 years and over	94,419	55,605	58.9	53,186	56.3	2,419	4.4	38,814
16 to 19 years	6,219	2,962	47.6	2,597	41.8	365	12.3	3,257
20 to 24 years	7,814	5,546	71.0	5,190	66.4	356	6.4	2,268
25 to 54 years	49,834	37,563	75.4	36,152	72.5	1,411	3.8	12,271
55 to 64 years	13,119	7,542	57.5	7,317	55.8	225	3.0	5,578
65 years and over	17,433	1,993	11.4	1,930	11.1	63	3.2	15,440
Men, 16 years and over	90,027	66,694	74.1	63,763	70.8	2,931	4.4	23,334
16 to 19 years	6,471	2,988	46.2	2,508	38.8	480	16.1	3,482
20 to 24 years	8,057	6,562	81.4	6,041	75.0	522	7.9	1,495
25 to 54 years	49,962	45,778	91.6	44,194	88.5	1,585	3.5	4,183
55 to 64 years	12,415	8,734	70.4	8,471	68.2	263	3.0	3,681
65 years and over	13,123	2,631	20.0	2,550	19.4	81	3.1	10,492
Black or African American								
Total, 16 years and over	26,517	17,013	64.2	15,313	57.7	1,700	10.0	9,504
16 to 19 years	2,481	803	32.4	536	21.6	267	33.3	1,677
20 to 24 years	2,835	1,957	69.0	1,599	56.4	358	18.3	878
25 to 54 years	15,254	12,202	80.0	11,247	73.7	955	7.8	3,052
55 to 64 years	2,980 2,967	1,647 403	55.3 13.6	1,555 375	52.2 12.7	92	5.6 6.9	1,333 2,564
00 years and over	2,907	403	13.6	3/3	12.7	28	0.9	2,304
Women, 16 years and over	14,635	9,014	61.6	8,158	55.7	856	9.5	5,621
16 to 19 years	1,258	405	32.2	282	22.4	123	30.3	853
20 to 24 years	1,494	1,017	68.1	852	57.0	166	16.3	477
25 to 54 years		6,494	77.3	5,986	71.2	507	7.8	1,909
55 to 64 years		891	53.7	844	50.8	47	5.3	769
65 years and over	1,819	207	11.4	193	10.6	14	6.6	1,612
Men, 16 years and over	11,882	7,998	67.3	7,155	60.2	844	10.5	3,884
16 to 19 years	1,223	399	32.6	254	20.8	145	36.3	824
20 to 24 years	1,341	940	70.1	748	55.8	192	20.5	401
25 to 54 years		5,708	83.3	5,260	76.8	448	7.8	1,143
55 to 64 years	1,319	756	57.3	711	53.9	45	5.9	564
65 years and over	1,148	196	17.1	182	15.9	14	7.1	952

Table 3. Employment status by race, age, sex, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

·				Civilian la	abor force			
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Uner	nployed	
Race, age, sex, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
Aston								
Asian Total, 16 years and over	9,842	6,503	66.1	6,244	63.4	259	4.0	3,339
16 to 19 years	616	160	26.0	140	22.8	209	12.4	456
20 to 24 years	867	538	62.1	503	58.1	35	6.5	329
25 to 54 years	6,142	4,878	79.4	4,717	76.8	161	3.3	1,264
55 to 64 years	1,123	757	67.4	719	64.0	37	4.9	366
65 years and over	1,093	170	15.5	165	15.1	5	3.1	923
Women, 16 years and over	5,163	3,002	58.2	2,885	55.9	118	3.9	2,161
16 to 19 years	299	79	26.5	73	24.4	6	7.9	220
20 to 24 years	439	260	59.2	250	57.0	10	3.8	179
25 to 54 years	3,202	2,233	69.7	2,154	67.3	79	3.6	969
55 to 64 years	604	354	58.6	335	55.3	20	5.6	250
65 years and over	619	76	12.3	74	11.9	2	3.1	543
Men, 16 years and over	4,679	3,500	74.8	3,359	71.8	141	4.0	1,178
16 to 19 years	317	81	25.6	67	21.3	14	16.8	236
20 to 24 years	428	279	65.0	254	59.2	25	9.0	150
25 to 54 years	2,940	2,645	90.0	2,563	87.2	82	3.1	295
55 to 64 years	519	402	77.5	385	74.2	17	4.3	117
65 years and over	474	94	19.8	91	19.2	3	3.1	380
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Total, 16 years and over	29,133	19,824	68.0	18,632	64.0	1,191	6.0	9,310
16 to 19 years	2,689	1,038	38.6	847	31.5	191	18.4	1,651
20 to 24 years	3,647	2,651	72.7	2,423	66.4	227	8.6	997
25 to 54 years	18,194	14,446	79.4	13,749	75.6	697	4.8	3,749
55 to 64 years	2,361	1,378	58.4	1,317	55.8	61	4.4	983
65 years and over	2,242	311	13.9	296	13.2	15	4.9	1,930
Women, 16 years and over	14,172	7,839	55.3	7,295	51.5	544	6.9	6,333
16 to 19 years	1,313	462	35.2	382	29.1	80	17.2	851
20 to 24 years	1,692	1,005	59.4	912	53.9	93	9.2	686
25 to 54 years	8,640	5,654	65.4	5,318	61.5	336	5.9	2,987
55 to 64 years	1,237	599	48.4	569	46.0	30	5.0	639
65 years and over	1,289	119	9.3	113	8.8	6	5.1	1,170
Men, 16 years and over	14,962	11,985	80.1	11,337	75.8	647	5.4	2,977
16 to 19 years	1,376	577	41.9	465	33.8	112	19.3	799
20 to 24 years	1,956	1,645	84.1	1,511	77.3	134	8.2	310
25 to 54 years	9,554	8,792	92.0	8,431	88.2	361	4.1	762
55 to 64 years	1,123 953	779 192	69.3 20.1	748 183	66.6 19.2	31 9	4.0 4.8	344 761

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 4. Employment status by marital status and sex, 2005 annual averages

		Civilian labor force							
	Civilian			Emp	loyed	Unem	ployed		
Marital status and sex	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force	
Total									
Total, 16 years and over	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762	
Married, spouse present	119,750	82,712	69.1	80,256	67.0	2,456	3.0	37,038	
Unmarried, total	106,332	66,608	62.6	61,473	57.8	5,135	7.7	39,724	
Never married	62,172	42,397	68.2	38,593	62.1	3,804	9.0	19,774	
Other marital status	44,161	24,211	54.8	22,880	51.8	1,331	5.5	19,949	
Divorced	22,140	15,851	71.6	15,030	67.9	821	5.2	6,289	
Separated	8,175	5,622	68.8	5,237	64.1	384	6.8	2,553	
Widowed	13,846	2,738	19.8	2,613	18.9	126	4.6	11,107	
	•								
Women									
Total, 16 years and over	116,931	69,288	59.3	65,757	56.2	3,531	5.1	47,643	
Married, spouse present	59,205	35,941	60.7	34,773	58.7	1,168	3.3	23,263	
Unmarried, total	57,726	33,346	57.8	30,983	53.7	2,363	7.1	24,380	
Never married	29,046	19,183	66.0	17,588	60.6	1,595	8.3	9,864	
Other marital status	28,680	14,163	49.4	13,396	46.7	768	5.4	14,516	
Divorced	12,990	9,157	70.5	8,711	67.1	446	4.9	3,833	
Separated	4,553	2,906	63.8	2,680	58.9	226	7.8	1,647	
Widowed	11,137	2,100	18.9	2,005	18.0	96	4.5	9,037	
Men									
Total, 16 years and over	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119	
Married, spouse present	60,545	46,771	77.2	45,483	75.1	1,287	2.8	13,775	
Unmarried, total	48,606	33,262	68.4	30,490	62.7	2,772	8.3	15,344	
Never married	33,125	23,214	70.1	21,006	63.4	2,209	9.5	9,911	
Other marital status	15,481	10,048	64.9	9,484	61.3	563	5.6	5,433	
Divorced	9,151	6,694	73.2	6,319	69.0	375	5.6	2,457	
Separated	3,622	2,715	75.0	2,558	70.6	158	5.8	906	
Widowed	2,708	638	23.6	608	22.4	30	4.8	2,070	

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

Table 5. Employment status by sex, presence and age of children, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005

Characteristic Total	Civilian noninstitutional population	Total	Percent of population	Em Total	Percent of population	Une	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
	tutional population	Total		Total		Total		
Total	116,534							
	116,534							
Women, 16 years and over		68,597	58.9	65,113	55.9	3,484	5.1	47,937
With children under 18 years old	. 37,112	26,168	70.5	24,787	66.8	1,382	5.3	10,944
With children 6 to 17, none younger	. 20,470	15,744	76.9	15,077	73.7	667	4.2	4,726
With children under 6 years old	16,642	10,424	62.6	9,709	58.3	715	6.9	6,218
Under 3 years old	9,742	5,744	59.0	5,339	54.8	405	7.1	3,998
With no children under 18 years old	. 79,422	42,428	53.4	40,326	50.8	2,102	5.0	36,993
Men, 16 years and over	. 108,702	78,854	72.5	74,164	68.2	4,690	5.9	29,849
With children under 18 years old	28,770	27,114	94.2	26,114	90.8	1,000	3.7	1,657
With children 6 to 17, none younger	. 15,776	14,686	93.1	14,169	89.8	516	3.5	1,090
With children under 6 years old	. 12,994	12,428	95.6	11,944	91.9	484	3.9	566
Under 3 years old	7,783	7,463	95.9	7,192	92.4	272	3.6	320
With no children under 18 years old	. 79,932	51,740	64.7	48,050	60.1	3,690	7.1	28,192
White								
Women, 16 years and over	94,166	55,102	58.5	52,758	56.0	2,344	4.3	39,064
With children under 18 years old	29,330	20,532	70.0	19,691	67.1	841	4.1	8,799
With children 6 to 17, none younger	16,264	12,488	76.8	12,061	74.2	427	3.4	3,776
With children under 6 years old	. 13,066	8,044	61.6	7,630	58.4	414	5.1	5,022
Under 3 years old	7,751	4,499	58.0	4,274	55.1	225	5.0	3,252
With no children under 18 years old	. 64,836	34,571	53.3	33,067	51.0	1,504	4.4	30,265
Men, 16 years and over	. 89,572	65,691	73.3	62,233	69.5	3,457	5.3	23,881
With children under 18 years old	24,100	22,892	95.0	22,130	91.8	762	3.3	1,208
With children 6 to 17, none younger	13,235	12,419	93.8	12,019	90.8	400	3.2	817
With children under 6 years old	10,865	10,474	96.4	10,111	93.1	363	3.5	391
Under 3 years old	6,573	6,362	96.8	6,171	93.9	190	3.0	211
With no children under 18 years old	. 65,471	42,798	65.4	40,104	61.3	2,695	6.3	22,673

Table 5. Employment status by sex, presence and age of children, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005—Continued

Civilian noninsti- tutional population			Fm	ployed	1.1	Civilian labor force					
				pioyeu	Une	mployed	Not in				
population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor force				
. 14,565	8,925	61.3	8,039	55.2	886	9.9	5,640				
5,023	3,818	76.0	3,374	67.2	444	11.6	1,205				
2,745	2,187	79.7	1,994	72.6	193	8.8	559				
2,278	1,631	71.6	1,380	60.6	251	15.4	646				
1,207	817	67.7	673	55.8	144	17.7	389				
	5,107	53.5	4,664	48.9	442	8.7	4,435				
11,812	7,773	65.8	6,859	58.1	915	11.8	4,038				
2,452	2,175	88.7	2,009	81.9	165	7.6	277				
1,372	1,192	86.8	1,117	81.4	75	6.3	181				
	983	91.0	893	82.7	90	9.2	97				
606	550	90.9	487	80.4	64	11.6	55				
9,360	5,598	59.8	4,849	51.8	749	13.4	3,761				
5,108	2,924	57.2	2,806	54.9	119	4.1	2,184				
1,797	1,167	64.9	1,129	62.8	37	3.2	631				
945	685	72.5	664	70.3	21	3.1	260				
853	481	56.5	465	54.6	16	3.3	371				
511	268	52.5	262	51.2	6	2.4	243				
3,311	1,758	53.1	1,676	50.6	82	4.6	1,553				
4,629	3,454	74.6	3,305	71.4	149	4.3	1,175				
1,486	1,387	93.4	1,346	90.6	41	2.9	99				
785	728	92.8	699	89.1	29	4.0	56				
701	659	93.9	647	92.3	12	1.8	42				
405	376	92.9	368	91.0	8	2.1	29				
3,144	2,067	65.8	1,959	62.3	108	5.2	1,077				
	5,023 2,745 2,278 1,207 9,542 11,812 2,452 1,372 1,080 606 9,360 5,108 1,797 945 853 511 3,311 4,629 1,486 785 701 405	5,023 3,818 2,745 2,187 2,278 1,631 1,207 817 9,542 5,107 11,812 7,773 2,452 2,175 1,372 1,192 1,080 983 606 550 9,360 5,598 5,108 2,924 1,797 1,167 945 685 853 481 511 268 3,311 1,758 4,629 3,454 1,486 1,387 785 728 701 659 405 376	5,023 3,818 76.0 2,745 2,187 79.7 2,278 1,631 71.6 1,207 817 67.7 9,542 5,107 53.5 11,812 7,773 65.8 2,452 2,175 88.7 1,372 1,192 86.8 1,080 983 91.0 606 550 90.9 9,360 5,598 59.8 5,108 2,924 57.2 1,797 1,167 64.9 945 685 72.5 853 481 56.5 511 268 52.5 3,311 1,758 53.1 4,629 3,454 74.6 1,486 1,387 93.4 785 728 92.8 701 659 93.9 405 376 92.9	5,023 3,818 76.0 3,374 2,745 2,187 79.7 1,994 2,278 1,631 71.6 1,380 1,207 817 67.7 673 9,542 5,107 53.5 4,664 11,812 7,773 65.8 6,859 2,452 2,175 88.7 2,009 1,372 1,192 86.8 1,117 1,080 983 91.0 893 606 550 90.9 487 9,360 5,598 59.8 4,849 5,108 2,924 57.2 2,806 1,797 1,167 64.9 1,129 945 685 72.5 664 853 481 56.5 465 511 268 52.5 262 3,311 1,758 53.1 1,676 4,629 3,454 74.6 3,305 1,486 1,387 93.4 1,346 785 728 92.8 699 701	5,023 3,818 76.0 3,374 67.2 2,745 2,187 79.7 1,994 72.6 2,278 1,631 71.6 1,380 60.6 1,207 817 67.7 673 55.8 9,542 5,107 53.5 4,664 48.9 11,812 7,773 65.8 6,859 58.1 2,452 2,175 88.7 2,009 81.9 1,372 1,192 86.8 1,117 81.4 1,080 983 91.0 893 82.7 606 550 90.9 487 80.4 9,360 5,598 59.8 4,849 51.8 5,108 2,924 57.2 2,806 54.9 1,797 1,167 64.9 1,129 62.8 945 685 72.5 664 70.3 853 481 56.5 465 54.6 511 268 52.5 262 51.2 3,311 1,758 53.1 1,676 50.6	5,023 3,818 76.0 3,374 67.2 444 2,745 2,187 79.7 1,994 72.6 193 2,278 1,631 71.6 1,380 60.6 251 1,207 817 67.7 673 55.8 144 9,542 5,107 53.5 4,664 48.9 442 11,812 7,773 65.8 6,859 58.1 915 2,452 2,175 88.7 2,009 81.9 165 1,372 1,192 86.8 1,117 81.4 75 1,080 983 91.0 893 82.7 90 606 550 90.9 487 80.4 64 9,360 5,598 59.8 4,849 51.8 749 5,108 2,924 57.2 2,806 54.9 119 1,797 1,167 64.9 1,129 62.8 37 945 685 72.5 664 70.3 21 853 481 56.5 465 54.6 16 511 268 52.5 262 51.2 6 3,311 1,758 53.1 1,676	5,023 3,818 76.0 3,374 67.2 444 11.6 2,745 2,187 79.7 1,994 72.6 193 8.8 2,278 1,631 71.6 1,380 60.6 251 15.4 1,207 817 67.7 673 55.8 144 17.7 9,542 5,107 53.5 4,664 48.9 442 8.7 11,812 7,773 65.8 6,859 58.1 915 11.8 2,452 2,175 88.7 2,009 81.9 165 7.6 1,372 1,192 86.8 1,117 81.4 75 6.3 1,080 983 91.0 893 82.7 90 9.2 606 550 90.9 487 80.4 64 11.6 9,360 5,598 59.8 4,849 51.8 749 13.4 5,108 2,924 57.2 2,806 54.9 119 4.1 1,797 1,167 64.9 1,129 62.8 37 3.2				

Table 5. Employment status by sex, presence and age of children, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005—Continued

	Civilian			Civilian la	bor force			
	Civilian noninsti-			Em	ployed	Une	employed	Not in
Characteristic	tutional Tota population		Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor force
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Women, 16 years and over	14,023	7,726	55.1	7,208	51.4	518	6.7	6,297
With children under 18 years old	6,341	3,726	58.8	3,490	55.0	236	6.3	2,616
With children 6 to 17, none younger	3,068	2,088	68.1	1,975	64.4	113	5.4	980
With children under 6 years old	3,273	1,638	50.0	1,515	46.3	123	7.5	1,636
Under 3 years old	1,905	847	44.5	786	41.3	61	7.3	1,058
With no children under 18 years old	7,682	4,000	52.1	3,718	48.4	282	7.1	3,682
Men, 16 years and over	14,791	11,754	79.5	11,017	74.5	737	6.3	3,037
With children under 18 years old	4,847	4,594	94.8	4,384	90.4	210	4.6	254
With children 6 to 17, none younger	2,208	2,058	93.2	1,956	88.6	102	5.0	150
With children under 6 years old	2,639	2,536	96.1	2,428	92.0	108	4.2	104
Under 3 years old	1,559	1,503	96.4	1,453	93.2	50	3.3	56
With no children under 18 years old	9,944	7,160	72.0	6,633	66.7	527	7.4	2,784

NOTE: Children are "own children" and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as His-

panic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

SOURCE: 2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 6. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child, marital status, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005

		Civilian labor force						
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Unem	ployed	Not in
Presence and age of children	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor force
			Tota	al, all mari	tal statuses			
Total, 16 years and over	116,534	68,597	58.9	65,113	55.9	3,484	5.1	47,937
With children under 18 years old	37,112	26,168	70.5	24,787	66.8	1,382	5.3	10,944
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	20,470	15,744	76.9	15,077	73.7	667	4.2	4,726
With children under 6 years old	16,642	10,424	62.6	9,709	58.3	715	6.9	6,218
With children under 3 years old	9,742	5,744	59.0	5,339	54.8	405	7.1	3,998
With no children under 18 years old	79,422	42,428	53.4	40,326	50.8	2,102	5.0	36,993
			Total,	married, s	pouse prese	nt	<u></u>	
Total, 16 years and over	59,449	35,809	60.2	34,738	58.4	1,071	3.0	23,641
With children under 18 years old	26,709	18,184	68.1	17,626	66.0	558	3.1	8,525
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	14,495	10,875	75.0	10,563	72.9	312	2.9	3,620
With children under 6 years old	12,214	7,309	59.8	7,063	57.8	246	3.4	4,905
With children under 3 years old	7,345	4,185	57.0	4,049	55.1	136	3.3	3,160
With no children under 18 years old	32,741	17,625	53.8	17,112	52.3	513	2.9	15,116
			Total,	other ma	l rital statuses	1		
Total, 16 years and over	57,084	32,788	57.4	30,375	53.2	2,413	7.4	24,296
With children under 18 years old	10,403	7,985	76.8	7,161	68.8	824	10.3	2,419
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	5,975	4,869	81.5	4,515	75.6	355	7.3	1,106
With children under 6 years old	4,428	3,115	70.4	2,646	59.8	469	15.1	1,313
With children under 3 years old	2,397	1,559	65.0	1,290	53.8	269	17.2	838
With no children under 18 years old	46,681	24,803	53.1	23,214	49.7	1,589	6.4	21,878
			Whi	te. all mar	ital statuses			
Total, 16 years and over	94,166	55,102	58.5	52,758	56.0	2,344	4.3	39,064
With children under 18 years old	29,330	20,532	70.0	19,691	67.1	841	4.1	8,799
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	16,264	12,488	76.8	12,061	74.2	427	3.4	3,776
With children under 6 years old	13,066	8,044	61.6	7,630	58.4	414	5.1	5,022
With children under 3 years old	7,751	4,499	58.0	4,274	55.1	225	5.0	3,252
With no children under 18 years old	64,836	34,571	53.3	33,067	51.0	1,504	4.4	30,265
			White.	married, s	pouse prese	ent		
Total, 16 years and over	51,119	30,576	59.8	29,703	58.1	873	2.9	20,544
With children under 18 years old	22,535		67.8		65.9	438	2.9	7,256
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	12,236	9,173	75.0	8,929	73.0	245	2.7	3,063
With children under 6 years old	10,299	6,106	59.3	5,913	57.4	193	3.2	4,193
With children under 3 years old	6,243	3,541	56.7	3,431	54.9	111	3.1	2,702
With no children under 18 years old	28,584	15,296	53.5	14,861	52.0	435	2.8	13,287
			White	other ma	rital statuses	1		
Total, 16 years and over	43,047	24,527	57.0	23,055	53.6	1,471	6.0	18,520
With children under 18 years old	6,795	5,252	77.3	4,850	71.4	403	7.7	1,542
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	4,028	3,315	82.3	3,133	77.8	182	5.5	713
With children under 6 years old	2,767	1,938	70.0	1,717	62.1	221	11.4	829
With children under 3 years old	1,507	957	63.5	843	55.9	114	11.9	550
With no children under 18 years old	36,252	19,274	53.2	18,206	50.2	1,069	5.5	16,978
See feathers at and of table								

Table 6. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child, marital status, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005—Continued

				Civilian la	abor force			
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Unem	ployed	Not in
Presence and age of children	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population		Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor
		ВІ	ack or Africa	an America	an, all marita	l statuses		
Total, 16 years and over	14,565	8,925	61.3	8,039	55.2	886	9.9	5,640
With children under 18 years old	5,023	3,818	76.0	3,374	67.2	444	11.6	1,205
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	2,745	2,187	79.7	1,994	72.6	193	8.8	559
With children under 6 years old	2,278	1,631	71.6	1,380	60.6	251	15.4	646
With children under 3 years old	1,207	817	67.7	673	55.8	144	17.7	389
With no children under 18 years old	9,542	5,107	53.5	4,664	48.9	442	8.7	4,435
		Black	or African	American,	married, spo	ouse prese	nt	
Total, 16 years and over	4,168	2,765	66.3	2,661	63.8	104	3.8	1,403
With children under 18 years old	1,997	1,526	76.4	1,461	73.2	65	4.3	470
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	1,130	895	79.2	858	76.0	37	4.1	235
With children under 6 years old	867	631	72.8	603	69.6	28	4.4	236
With children under 3 years old	468	322	68.7	310	66.1	12	3.8	147
With no children under 18 years old	2,171	1,238	57.0	1,200	55.2	39	3.1	933
		Blac	ck or African	American	, other marit	al statuses	1	
Total, 16 years and over	10,397	6,160	59.2	5,378	51.7	782	12.7	4,237
With children under 18 years old	3,027	2,292	75.7	1,913	63.2	379	16.5	735
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	1,616	1,292	79.9	1,136	70.3	156	12.1	324
With children under 6 years old	1,411	1,000	70.9	777	55.1	223	22.3	411
With children under 3 years old	738	496	67.1	363	49.2	132	26.7	243
With no children under 18 years old	7,371	3,868	52.5	3,465	47.0	404	10.4	3,502
					tal statuses			
Total, 16 years and over	5,108	2,924	57.2	2,806	54.9	119	4.1	2,184
With children under 18 years old	1,797	1,167	64.9	1,129	62.8	37	3.2	631
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	945	685	72.5	664	70.3	21	3.1	260
With children under 6 years old	853	481	56.5	465	54.6	16	3.3	371
With children under 3 years old	511	268	52.5	262	51.2	6	2.4	243
With no children under 18 years old	3,311	1,758	53.1	1,676	50.6	82	4.6	1,553
			Asian,		pouse prese			
Total, 16 years and over	3,054	1,790	58.6	1,741	57.0	49	2.8	1,264
With children under 18 years old	1,574	987	62.7	960		27	2.8	586
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	800	566	70.8	550	68.8	16	2.8	234
With children under 6 years old	774	421	54.4	409	52.9	12	2.7	353
With children under 3 years old	472	238	50.3	234	49.5	4	1.6	235
With no children under 18 years old	1,480	803	54.2	781	52.8	22	2.7	677
					rital statuses			
Total, 16 years and over	2,055	1,135	55.2	1,065	51.8	69	6.1	920
With children under 18 years old	224	180	80.2	170	75.9	10	5.4	44
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	145	119	82.1	114	78.4	5	4.5	26
With children under 6 years old	79	60	76.7	56	71.3	4	7.1	18
With children under 3 years old	39 1,831	31 955	78.6 52.2	28 895	71.7 48.9	3 60	8.8 6.3	8 876
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Table 6. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child, marital status, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005—Continued

				Civilian la	abor force			
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Unem	ployed	Not in
Presence and age of children	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor force
			Hispanic c	or Latino, a	ıll marital sta	tuses		
Total, 16 years and over	14,023	7,726	55.1	7,208	51.4	518	6.7	6,297
With children under 18 years old	6,341	3,726	58.8	3,490	55.0	236	6.3	2,616
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	3,068	2,088	68.1	1,975	64.4	113	5.4	980
With children under 6 years old	3,273	1,638	50.0	1,515	46.3	123	7.5	1,636
With children under 3 years old	1,905	847	44.5	786	41.3	61	7.3	1,058
With no children under 18 years old	7,682	4,000	52.1	3,718	48.4	282	7.1	3,682
		ŀ	Hispanic or L	atino, mar	ried, spouse	present		
Total, 16 years and over	6,888	3,628	52.7	3,463	50.3	165	4.5	3,260
With children under 18 years old	4,379	2,339	53.4	2,237	51.1	102	4.4	2,040
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	2,035	1,294	63.6	1,241	61.0	53	4.1	741
With children under 6 years old	2,344	1,045	44.6	996	42.5	49	4.7	1,299
With children under 3 years old	1,385	556	40.1	529	38.2	27	4.8	830
With no children under 18 years old	2,510	1,289	51.4	1,227	48.9	63	4.9	1,220
			Hispanic or	Latino, oth	er marital st	atuses ¹		
Total, 16 years and over	7,135	4,097	57.4	3,745	52.5	353	8.6	3,038
With children under 18 years old	1,963	1,387	70.7	1,253	63.9	133	9.6	576
With children 6 to 17 years old, none younger	1,033	794	76.9	734	71.1	60	7.5	239
With children under 6 years old	930	593	63.8	519	55.9	73	12.4	337
With children under 3 years old	520	292	56.1	257	49.5	35	11.8	228
With no children under 18 years old	5,172	2,711	52.4	2,491	48.2	220	8.1	2,461

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{lncludes}$ never-married, divorced, separated, and widowed persons.

NOTE: Children are "own children" and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Detail for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all

races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

SOURCE: 2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 7. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child, 1975-2005

`	iii iiiododiide	,	children under	age 18		With own children ages 6 to 17					
	Civilian la	abor force		Unem	ployed	Civilian la	bor force	-	Unem	nployed	
Year	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Total	Percent of labor force	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Total	Percent of labor force	
1975 1976	14,616 15,073	47.4 48.8	13,069 13,725	1,548 1,346	11.0 8.9	8,917 9,388	54.9 56.2	8,218 8,769	700 621	7.9 6.6	
1977	15,669	50.8	14,276	1,393	8.9	10,040	58.3	9,389	650	6.5	
1978	16,385	53.0	15,142	1,242	7.6	10,401	60.0	9,845	556	5.3	
1979	16,883	54.5	15,624	1,259	7.7	10,646	61.6	10,030	615	5.8	
	·			·							
1980	17,790	56.6	16,526	1,264	7.1	11,252	64.3	10,640	612	5.4	
1981	18,422	58.1	16,952	1,471	8.0	11,490	65.5	10,725	765	6.7	
1982	18,744	58.5	16,854	1,890	10.1	11,377	65.8	10,440	936	8.2	
1983	18,924	58.9	16,792	2,131	11.3	11,340	66.3	10,303	1,037	9.1	
1984	19,555	60.5	17,782	1,773	9.1	11,538	68.1	10,739	799	6.9	
1985	20,041	62.1	18,306	1,735	8.7	11,826	69.9	10,984	842	7.1	
1986	20,620	62.8	18,922	1,698	8.2	12,075	70.4	11,320	756	6.3	
1987	21,422	64.7	19,798	1,624	7.6	12,438	72.0	11,661	778	6.3	
1988	21,545	65.1	20,141	1,404	6.5	12,683	73.3	12,042	641	5.1	
1989	21,936	65.7	20,647	1,289	5.9	12,800	74.2	12,168	632	4.9	
1990	22,196	66.7	20,865	1,331	6.0	12,799	74.7	12,133	666	5.2	
1991	22,327	66.6	20,774	1,552	7.0	12,691	74.4	12,017	674	5.3	
1992	22,756	67.2	21,052	1,704	7.5	13,183	75.9	12,391	793	6.0	
1993	23,063	66.9	21,521	1,541	6.7	13,441	75.4	12,757	684	5.1	
1994	24,191	68.4	22,467	1,724	7.1	13,863	76.0	13,074	789	5.7	
1995	24,695	69.7	23,195	1,500	6.1	14,300	76.4	13,608	691	4.8	
1996	24,720	70.2	23,386	1,334	5.4	14,427	77.2	13,794	633	4.4	
1997	25,604	72.1	24,082	1,522	5.9	14,993	78.1	14,282	711	4.7	
1998	25,647	72.3	24,209	1,438	5.6	15,028	78.4	14,370	658	4.4	
1999	25,472	72.1	24,307	1,165	4.6	15,150	78.5	14,633	516	3.4	
2000	25,795	72.9	24,693	1,102	4.3	15,479	79.0	14,931	549	3.5	
2001	26,269	72.7	25,030	1,239	4.7	15,839	79.4	15,220	619	3.9	
2002	26,140	72.2	24,612	1,529	5.8	15,948	78.6	15,171	777	4.9	
2003	26,202	71.7	24,598	1,603	6.1	15,993	78.7	15,166	828	5.2	
2004	25,913	70.7	24,413	1,501	5.8	15,782	77.5	15,006 15,077	776	4.9	
2005	26,168	70.5	24,787	1,382	5.3	15,744	76.9	15,077	667	4.2	

Table 7. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child, 1975-2005—Continued

`	in thousands	,	children unde	r age 6		With own children under age 3					
	Civilian la	abor force		Unem	ployed	Civilian la	bor force		Unem	nployed	
Year	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Total	Percent of labor force	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Total	Percent of labor force	
1975 1976	5,699 5,684	39.0 40.1	4,851 4,957	848 727	14.9 12.8	2,824 2,702	34.3 34.1	2,326 2,285	500 418	17.7 15.5	
1977	5,629	41.2	4,887	742	13.2	2,795	35.4	2,371	424	15.2	
1978	5,983	44.0	5,297	687	11.5	3,179	39.4	2,768	411	12.9	
1979	6,238	45.7	5,594	644	10.3	3,380	41.1	2,979	401	11.9	
1980	6,538	46.8	5,886	652	10.0	3,565	41.9	3,167	398	11.2	
1981	6,933	48.9	6,227	706	10.2	3,826	44.3	3,380	446	11.7	
1982	7,367	49.9	6,414	953	12.9	4,133	45.6	3,542	591	14.3	
1983	7,583	50.5	6,489	1,094	14.4	4,233	46.0	3,551	682	16.1	
1984	8,017	52.1	7,043	974	12.1	4,401	47.6	3,839	562	12.8	
1985	8,215	53.5	7,322	893	10.9	4,601	49.5	4,089	513	11.1	
1986	8,545	54.4	7,602	943	11.0	4,786	50.8	4,227	559	11.7	
1987	8,983	56.7	8,137	846	9.4	5,064	52.9	4,570	494	9.8	
1988	8,862	56.1	8,099	763	8.6	4,947	52.4	4,477	470	9.5	
1989	9,136	56.7	8,478	657	7.2	5,053	52.4	4,671	381	7.5	
1990	9,397	58.2	8,732	664	7.1	5,216	53.6	4,823	393	7.5	
1991	9,636	58.4	8,758	878	9.1	5,417	54.5	4,868	550	10.1	
1992	9,573	58.0	8,662	911	9.5	5,329	54.5	4,776	553	10.4	
1993	9,621	57.9	8,764	857	8.9	5,349	53.9	4,857	492	9.2	
1994	10,328	60.3	9,394	935	9.0	5,724	57.1	5,165	559	9.8	
1995	10,395	62.3	9,587	809	7.8	5,650	58.7	5,172	478	8.5	
1996	10,293	62.3	9,592	701	6.8	5,619	59.0	5,222	397	7.1	
1997	10,610	65.0	9,800	810	7.6	5,839	61.8	5,366	473	8.1	
1998	10,619	65.2	9,839	780	7.3	5,882	62.2	5,454	428	7.3	
1999	10,322	64.4	9,674	648	6.3	5,645	60.7	5,285	359	6.4	
2000	10,316	65.3	9,763	553	5.4	5,670	61.0	5,350	320	5.6	
2001	10,430	64.4	9,810	620	5.9	5,743	60.7	5,350	393	6.8	
2002	10,193	64.1	9,441	752	7.4	5,600	60.5	5,160	440	7.9	
2003	10,209	62.9	9,433	776	7.6	5,568	58.7	5,112	456	8.2	
2004	10,131	62.2	9,407	724	7.1	5,401	57.3	4,983	417	7.7	
2005	10,424	62.6	9,709	715	6.9	5,744	59.0	5,339	405	7.1	

Table 7. Employment status of women by presence and age of youngest child,1975-2005—Continued

	With no own children under age 18									
	Civilian la	abor force		Unem	ployed					
Year	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Total	Percent of labor force					
1975 1976 1977 1978 1980 1981 1982 1983 1985 1986 1989 1999 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	22,365 23,327 24,385 25,362 26,962 27,144 27,992 28,351 28,856 29,684 30,850 31,112 31,538 32,490 33,255 33,942 34,047 34,487 34,495 35,455 35,843 36,509 37,295 38,253 39,314	45.1 45.7 46.4 47.0 48.6 48.1 48.7 48.6 48.7 49.3 50.4 50.5 50.5 51.2 51.9 52.3 52.0 52.3 52.1 53.1 52.9 53.0 53.6 54.1 54.3	20,381 21,389 22,348 23,631 25,285 25,375 25,934 26,041 26,373 27,652 28,814 29,107 29,688 30,911 31,761 32,391 32,167 32,481 32,476 33,345 34,054 34,698 35,572 36,680 37,587	1,984 1,938 2,037 1,731 1,677 1,769 2,059 2,311 2,483 2,032 2,036 2,005 1,850 1,580 1,495 1,551 1,880 2,006 2,020 2,110 1,789 1,811 1,723 1,573 1,727	8.9 8.3 8.4 6.8 6.2 6.5 7.4 8.2 8.6 6.8 6.6 6.4 5.9 4.9 4.5 4.6 5.5 5.8 5.9 6.0 5.0 5.0 4.6 4.1 4.4					
2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	40,142 40,996 41,278 42,039 42,289 42,428	54.8 54.4 54.0 54.1 53.8 53.4	38,408 39,363 39,038 39,667 40,000 40,326	1,733 1,633 2,241 2,372 2,289 2,102	4.3 4.0 5.4 5.6 5.4 5.0					

NOTE: "Own children" include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Data for 1994 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey.

SOURCE: Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1975-2005, Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 8. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 to 64 years of age by educational attainment and sex, 2005 annual averages

		Civilian labor force							
				Emp	loyed	Unem	ployed		
Educational attainment and sex	Civilian noninstitutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force	
Total									
Total, 25 to 64 years	154,340	121,752	78.9	116,866	75.7	4,886	4.0	32,588	
Less than a high school diploma	18,883	11,893	63.0	10,965	58.1	928	7.8	6,990	
High school graduates, no college ¹	47,669	36,432	76.4	34,688	72.8	1,744	4.8	11,236	
Some college or associate degree	41,581	33,808	81.3	32,507	78.2	1,300	3.8	7,773	
College graduates, total	46,207	39,619	85.7	38,705	83.8	914	2.3	6,589	
Bachelor's degree	30,500	25,880	84.9	25,219	82.7	661	2.6	4,619	
Master's degree	11,218	9,679	86.3	9,480	84.5	199	2.1	1,539	
Professional degree	2,507	2,242	89.4	2,216	88.4	25	1.1	266	
Doctoral degree	1,983	1,818	91.7	1,789	90.2	29	1.6	165	
Women									
Total, 25 to 64 years	78,630	56,322	71.6	53,951	68.6	2,371	4.2	22,308	
Less than a high school diploma	8,956	4,364	48.7	3,926	43.8	438	10.0	4,592	
High school graduates, no college ¹	23,768	16,191	68.1	15,392	64.8	799	4.9	7,577	
Some college or associate degree	22,444	17,018	75.8	16,331	72.8	687	4.0	5,426	
College graduates, total	23,461	18,748	79.9	18,302	78.0	446	2.4	4,713	
Bachelor's degree	15,769	12,360	78.4	12,048	76.4	312	2.5	3,408	
Master's degree	6,019	4,972	82.6	4,868	80.9	104	2.1	1,047	
Professional degree	969	803	82.8	787	81.2	16	1.9	167	
Doctoral degree	705	613	87.0	599	85.0	14	2.3	91	
Men									
Total, 25 to 64 years	75,710	65,430	86.4	62,915	83.1	2,515	3.8	10,280	
Less than a high school diploma	9,927	7,529	75.8	7,039	70.9	490	6.5	2,398	
High school graduates, no college ¹	23,900	20,241	84.7	19,296	80.7	945	4.7	3,659	
Some college or associate degree		16,790	87.7	16,176	84.5	613	3.7	2,347	
College graduates, total	22,746	20,871	91.8	20,403	89.7	468	2.2	1,875	
Bachelor's degree	14,731	13,520	91.8	13,171	89.4	349	2.6	1,211	
Master's degree	5,199	4,707	90.5	4,613	88.7	94	2.0	492	
Professional degree	1,538	1,439	93.6	1,430	92.9	10	0.7	99	
Doctoral degree	1,278	1,205	94.2	1,190	93.1	15	1.2	74	

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 9. Percent distribution of the civilian labor force 25 to 64 years of age by educational attainment and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages

		Percent distribution							
Veer	Civilian labor		High	school	Coll	ege			
Year	force (thousands)	Total	Less than 4 years	4 years, no college	1 to 3 years	4 years or more			
			Total, bo	h sexes					
1970¹	61,765	100.0	36.1	38.1	11.8	14.1			
1971	62,344	100.0	34.5	38.4	12.3	14.8			
1972	63,704	100.0	33.3	38.8	12.4	15.5			
1973	64,775	100.0	30.9	39.7	13.0	16.4			
1974	66,527	100.0	29.3	39.5	13.7	17.5			
1975	67,774	100.0	27.5	39.7	14.4	18.3			
1976	69,243	100.0	25.8	39.6	15.2	19.4			
1977	71,324	100.0	24.9	39.2	15.7	20.2			
1978	73,504	100.0	23.7	39.2	16.5	20.6			
1979	75,781	100.0	21.8	39.5	17.3	21.3			
1980	78,010	100.0	20.6	39.8	17.6	22.0			
1981	80,273	100.0	19.7	40.6	17.7	22.0			
1982	81,516	100.0	18.8	40.8	17.3	23.1			
1983	83,615	100.0	17.8	39.9	18.1	24.2			
1984	86,001	100.0	16.7	40.2	18.4	24.7			
1985	88,424	100.0	15.9	40.2	19.0	24.9			
1986	90,500	100.0	15.5	40.2	19.5	24.8			
1987	92,966	100.0	14.9	40.2	19.7	25.3			
1988	94,870	100.0	14.7	39.9	19.7	25.7			
1989	97,318	100.0	14.0	39.6	20.0	26.4			
1990 1991	99,175 100,480	100.0 100.0	13.4 13.0	39.5 39.4	20.7 21.1	26.4 26.5			
	.00, .00	100.0	.0.0	00.1					
			Pe	ercent distribu	tion				
V	Civilian labor		Less than a	High school	Some college, no				
Year	force (thousands)	Total	high school	graduates,	degree, or	College			
	(triousurius)		diploma	no college ²	associate	graduates ³			
					degree				
			Total, bot	h sexes					
1992 ⁴	103,018	100.0	12.1	35.7	25.6	26.6			
1993	104,237	100.0	11.3	35.1	26.6	27.0			
1994	105,610	100.0	10.8	33.9	27.7	27.6			
1995	107,032	100.0	10.4	33.2	28.1	28.3			
1996	108,932	100.0	10.6	32.9	27.8	28.7			
1997	110,945	100.0	10.6	32.9	27.5	29.0			
1998	111,932	100.0	10.5	32.4	27.4	29.8			
1999	113,095	100.0	10.0	31.8	27.6	30.5			
2000	115,750	100.0	10.1	31.4	27.8	30.7			
2001	116,893	100.0	10.1	30.9	28.0	31.0			
2002	118,028	100.0	10.0	30.7	27.7	31.6			
2003	119,621	100.0	9.9	30.3	27.6	32.1			
2004	120,135	100.0	9.7	30.1	27.7	32.4			
2005	121,752	100.0	9.8	29.9	27.8	32.5			

Table 9. Percent distribution of the civilian labor force 25 to 64 years of age by educational attainment and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

Percent distribution

Year	Civilian labor force					
			High s	school	Coll	ege
	(thousands)	Total	Less than 4 years	4 years, no college	1 to 3 years	4 years or more
			Won	nen		
ľ						
1970¹	22,462	100.0	33.5	44.3	10.9	11.2
1971	22,804	100.0	32.2	44.2	11.9	11.8
1972	23,606	100.0	30.7	45.1	11.8	12.4
1973	24,158	100.0	28.4	45.9	12.4	13.3
1974	25,203	100.0	26.7	45.3	13.4	14.6
1975	26,146	100.0	26.5	45.5	13.9	14.1
1976	27,166	100.0	24.0	45.1	14.7	16.2
1977	28,369	100.0	22.8	45.1	15.2	16.9
1978	29,738	100.0	22.0	44.9	16.1	17.0
1979	31,151	100.0	20.1	45.0	17.1	17.8
1980	32,593	100.0	18.4	45.4	17.4	18.7
1981	33,910	100.0	17.4	46.1	17.9	18.6
1982	34,870	100.0	16.6	45.6	18.3	19.5
1983	35,712	100.0	15.6	44.8	18.8	20.9
1984	37,234	100.0	14.5	44.9	18.9	21.7
1985	38,779	100.0	13.7	44.4	19.9	22.0
1986	39,767	100.0	13.2	44.3	20.3	22.2
1987	41,105	100.0	12.5	44.0	20.7	22.8
1988	42,254	100.0	12.4	43.3	21.2	23.1
1989	43,650	100.0	11.9	42.9	20.9	24.3
1990	44,699	100.0	11.3	42.4	21.9	24.5
1991	45,315	100.0	10.9	41.6	22.2	25.2
			Pe	ercent distribu	tion	
	0: :::		Pe	ercent distribu		
Voor	Civilian labor				Some	
Year	force	Total	Pe Less than a high school	ercent distribu High school graduates,		College
Year		Total	Less than a	High school	Some college, no degree, or associate	College graduates ³
Year	force	Total	Less than a high school	High school graduates,	Some college, no degree, or	
Year	force	Total	Less than a high school	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate	
	force	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate	
Year 1992 ⁴	force	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate	
	force (thousands)	400.0	Less than a high school diploma Won	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate degree	graduates ³
1992 ⁴	force (thousands) 46,589	100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate degree	graduates ³ 25.0
1992 ⁴	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245	100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6	Some college, no degree, or associate degree	graduates ³ 25.0 25.7
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405	100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0	Some college, no degree, or associate degree	25.0 25.7 26.2
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678 52,525	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8 8.5	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7 32.1	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4 29.5	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2 29.9
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678 52,525 53,749	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8 8.5 8.5	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7 32.1 31.6	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4 29.5 29.8	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2 29.9 30.1
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678 52,525 53,749 54,229	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8 8.5 8.5 8.5	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7 32.1 31.6 31.0	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4 29.5 29.8 30.2	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2 29.9 30.1 30.4
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678 52,525 53,749 54,229 54,710 55,596	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Less than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8 8.5 8.5 8.4 8.1	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7 32.1 31.6 31.0 30.6	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4 29.5 29.8 30.2 29.9	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2 29.9 30.1 30.4 31.3
1992 ⁴ 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 2000 2001 2002	force (thousands) 46,589 47,245 48,405 49,247 50,240 51,261 51,678 52,525 53,749 54,229 54,710	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Uess than a high school diploma Won 10.3 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.8 8.5 8.5 8.4 8.1 7.9	High school graduates, no college ² nen 37.4 36.6 35.0 34.1 33.6 33.5 32.7 32.1 31.6 31.0 30.6 30.0	Some college, no degree, or associate degree 27.3 28.4 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.4 29.4 29.5 29.8 30.2 29.9 29.9	25.0 25.7 26.2 26.9 27.8 28.4 29.2 29.9 30.1 30.4 31.3 32.2

Table 9. Percent distribution of the civilian labor force 25 to 64 years of age by educational attainment and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

educationa	al attainment and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued									
	a		P	ercent distribu	tion					
Year	Civilian labor force		High :	school	Coll	ege				
real	(thousands)	Total	Less than 4	4 years, no	1 to 3 years	4 years or				
	(1100001100)		years	college	1 to 3 years	more				
			Me	en						
1970¹	39,303	100.0	37.5	34.5	12.2	15.7				
1971	39,539	100.0	35.9	35.1	12.5	16.5				
1972	40,098	100.0	34.8	35.1	12.8	17.3				
1973	40,617	100.0	32.4	36.0	13.4	18.2				
1974	41,344	100.0	30.8	36.0	13.9	19.3				
1975	41,628	100.0	28.9	36.1	14.8	20.2				
1976	42,077	100.0	27.0	36.0	15.5	21.5				
1977	42,954	100.0	26.3	35.3	16.1	22.3				
1978	43,766	100.0	24.8	35.3	16.9	23.0				
1979	44,630	100.0	23.0	35.7	17.5	23.8				
1980	45,417	100.0	22.2	35.7	17.7	24.3				
1981	46,363	100.0	21.5	36.5	17.4	24.6				
1982	47,144	100.0	20.3	36.8	17.5	25.5				
1983	47,903	100.0	19.4	36.3	17.7	26.6				
1984	48,767	100.0	18.4	36.7	18.0	26.9				
1985	49,647	100.0	17.7	36.9	18.3	27.1				
1986	50,733	100.0	17.2	37.0	18.9	26.9				
1987	51,860	100.0	16.8	37.1	18.9	27.2				
1988	52,616	100.0	16.5	37.3	18.5	27.8				
1989	53,668	100.0	15.7	36.9	19.2	28.2				
1990	54,476	100.0	15.1	37.2	19.7	28.0				
1991	55,165	100.0	14.7	37.5	20.2	27.6				
			P	ercent distribu	tion					
Year	Civilian labor force (thousands)	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college ²	Some college, no degree, or associate degree	College graduates ³				
-			Me	en	1					
4										
1992 ⁴	56,428	100.0	13.7	34.2	24.3	27.8				
1993	56,992	100.0	12.9	33.9	25.1	28.1				
1994	57,205	100.0	12.4	33.0	25.9	28.8				
1995	57,784	100.0	11.8	32.4	26.3	29.4				

100.0

100.0

100.0

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100.0

100.0

58,692

59,684

60,255

60,570

62,001

62,664

63,318

64,025

64,519

65,430

1996......

1997.....

1998......

1999......

2000.....

2001.....

2002.....

2003.....

2004.....

2005.....

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31.9

¹ Data from 1970-1991 are based on the March Current Population Survey. ² Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

³ Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

⁴ Beginning in 1992, data on educational attainment are annual averages and are based on the "highest diploma or degree received" rather than the "number of years of school completed."

Table 10. Employed persons by major occupation and sex, 2004-05 annual averages

	Year			
Occupation and sex	2004		2005	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total				
Total, 16 years and over	139,252	100.0	141,730	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	48,532	34.9	49,245	34.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	20,235	14.5	20,450	14.4
Professional and related occupations	28,297	20.3	28,795	20.3
Service occupations	22,720	16.3	23,133	16.3
Sales and office occupations	35,464	25.5	35,962	25.4
Sales and related occupations	15,983	11.5	16,433	11.6
Office and administrative support occupations	19,481	14.0	19,529	13.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	14,582	10.5	15,348	10.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	991	.7	976	0.7
Construction and extraction occupations	8,522	6.1	9,145	6.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5,069	3.6	5,226	3.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,954	12.9	18,041	12.7
Production occupations	9,462	6.8	9,378	6.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	8,491	6.1	8,664	6.1
Women				
Total, 16 years and over	64,728	100.0	65,757	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	24,396	37.7	24,896	37.9
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	8,517	13.2	8,689	13.2
Professional and related occupations	15,879	24.5	16,207	24.6
Service occupations	12,894	19.9	13,251	20.2
Sales and office occupations	22,660	35.0	22,772	34.6
Sales and related occupations	7,878	12.2	8,072	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	14,781	22.8	14,700	22.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	652	1.0	713	1.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	204	.3	220	0.3
Construction and extraction occupations	216	.3	274	0.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	231	.4	219	0.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	4,126	6.4	4,124	6.3
Production occupations	2,875	4.4	2,838	4.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,251	1.9	1,286	2.0

Table 10. Employed persons by major occupation and sex, 2004-05 annual averages—Continued

	Year			
Occupation	2004		2005	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Men				
Total, 16 years and over	74,524	100.0	75,973	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	24,136	32.4	24,349	32.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	11,718	15.7	11,761	15.5
Professional and related occupations	12,418	16.7	12,588	16.6
Service occupations	9,826	13.2	9,882	13.0
Sales and office occupations	12,805	17.2	13,190	17.4
Sales and related occupations	8,105	10.9	8,362	11.0
Office and administrative support occupations	4,700	6.3	4,829	6.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	13,930	18.7	14,635	19.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	786	1.1	756	1.0
Construction and extraction occupations	8,306	11.1	8,871	11.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,838	6.5	5,008	6.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13,827	18.6	13,917	18.3
Production occupations	6,587	8.8	6,540	8.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	7,240	9.7	7,377	9.7

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages

Occupation	Total employed	Percent wome
Total, 16 years and over	. 141,730	46.
Anagement, professional, and related occupations	49,245	50.
Management, business, and financial operations occupations		42.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Management occupations	•	37.
Chief executives	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23.
General and operations managers		29.
Advertising and promotions managers		56.
Marketing and sales managers		41.
Administrative services managers		30.
Computer and information systems managers		32.
Financial managers	1,045	51.
Human resources managers	272	72.
Industrial production managers		17.
Purchasing managers	. 183	39.
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	. 244	11.
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers	. 195	19.
Farmers and ranchers	. 827	25.
Construction managers	. 881	6.
Education administrators	. 805	63.
Engineering managers	. 97	9.
Food service managers		44.
Funeral directors		21.
Lodging managers	. 159	49.
Medical and health services managers		71
Property, real estate, and community association managers	I	48.
Social and community service managers		69.
Business and financial operations occupations		55.
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products		50.
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products		55.
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators		61.
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation		47.
Cost estimators		17.
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists		70.
Logisticians		41.
Management analysts		
Accountants and auditors.		40.
	,	61.
Appraisers and assessors of real estate		34.
Budget analysts		68.
Financial analysts		39.
Personal financial advisors		30.
Insurance underwriters		71.
Loan counselors and officers		54.
Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents		58.
Tax preparers		68.
Professional and related occupations		56.
Computer and mathematical occupations		27.
Computer scientists and systems analysts	. 745	30.
Computer programmers	. 581	26.
Computer software engineers	. 832	21.
	334	33.

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Occupation	Total employed	Percent wor
Database administrators	89	
Network and computer systems administrators		
Network systems and data communications analysts		
Operations research analysts		
Architecture and engineering occupations.		,
Architecture and engineering occupations		
Aerospace engineers		
Chemical engineers		
Civil engineers		
Computer hardware engineers		
Electrical and electronics engineers		
•		
Industrial engineers, including health and safety		
Mechanical engineers		
Drafters		
Engineering technicians, except drafters		
Surveying and mapping technicians		
Life, physical, and social science occupations	· ·	
Biological scientists		
Medical scientists		
Chemists and materials scientists		
Environmental scientists and geoscientists		
Market and survey researchers		
Psychologists		
Chemical technicians		
Community and social services occupations		
Counselors		
Social workers		
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists		
Clergy		
Legal occupations		
Lawyers		
Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers		
Paralegals and legal assistants		
Miscellaneous legal support workers		
Education, training, and library occupations	· ·	
Postsecondary teachers		
Preschool and kindergarten teachers		
Elementary and middle school teachers	2,616	
Secondary school teachers		
Special education teachers		
Other teachers and instructors	709	
Librarians		
Teacher assistants		
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2,736	
Artists and related workers	234	
Designers	774	
Producers and directors		
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	273	
Musicians, singers, and related workers	213	
Announcers	61	
News analysts, reporters and correspondents	89	
Public relations specialists	154	
Editors	150	
Technical writers	52	

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

	Total employed	Percent womer
Writers and authors	178	62.8
Miscellaneous media and communication workers.		58.3
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators		13.6
Photographers		39.0
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations		73.2
Chiropractors		21.8
Dentists	_	22.
Dietitians and nutritionists.		95.
Pharmacists		48.
Physicians and surgeons		32.
,		
Physician assistants		62.
Registered nurses	•	92.
Occupational therapists		92.
Physical therapists		68.
Respiratory therapists	94	58.
Speech-language pathologists		92.
Veterinarians	61	38.
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians		74.
Dental hygienists	132	97.
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	276	72.
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	155	31.
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	390	81.
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	510	93.
Medical records and health information technicians	101	0.0
	121	86.
rvice occupations		57.
	23,133	57.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092	57. 89.
rvice occupationsHealthcare support occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900	57. 89. 88.
rvice occupationsHealthcare support occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55	57. 89. 88. 77.
rvice occupations Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Physical therapist assistants and aides Massage therapists	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111	57. 89. 88. 77. 82.
rvice occupations Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Physical therapist assistants and aides Massage therapists Dental assistants	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96.
rvice occupations Healthcare support occupations Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides Physical therapist assistants and aides Massage therapists Dental assistants Protective service occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 424 123 677 89	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 51	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 55 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 51	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63. 56.
rvice occupations. Healthcare support occupations. Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides. Physical therapist assistants and aides. Massage therapists. Dental assistants. Protective service occupations. First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives. Fire fighters. Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers. Detectives and criminal investigators. Police and sheriff's patrol officers. Private detectives and investigators. Security guards and gaming surveillance officers. Crossing guards. Food preparation and serving related occupations. Chefs and head cooks. First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers.	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 1,11 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 51 7,374 317	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63. 56. 20.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 255 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 51 7,374 317 574	57 89 88 77 82 96 22 12 3 29 24 14 37 24 63 56 20 58
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 255 111 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 51 7,374 317 574 1,838	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63. 56. 20. 58.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 1,11 259 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 517,374 317 574 1,838 664 1,384	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63. 56. 20. 58. 42. 61.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 2,894 2,894 122 243 424 123 677 89 814 7,374 317 574 1,838 664 384	57. 89. 88. 77. 82. 96. 22. 12. 3. 29. 24. 14. 37. 24. 63. 56. 20. 58. 42. 61. 56.
rvice occupations	23,133 3,092 1,900 1,900 2,894 2,894 243 424 243 424 23 677 89 814 51 7,374 317 574 1,838 664 384 305	

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Food servers, nonrestaurant	147	69.1
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers		46.6
Dishwashers		23.8
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	256	84.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations		40.6
First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers	291	36.3
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	238	6.2
Janitors and building cleaners	2,074	32.8
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,382	89.5
Pest control workers	69	2.6
Grounds maintenance workers	1,187	7.5
Personal care and service occupations	4,531	78.3
First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	128	48.3
First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers	152	64.4
Nonfarm animal caretakers	146	69.8
Gaming services workers	98	49.8
Barbers	106	19.2
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	738	92.0
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers		85.1
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	69	15.7
Transportation attendants		74.5
Child care workers	1,329	94.8
Personal and home care aides	668	85.9
Recreation and fitness workers		67.0 69.4
ales and office occupations		63.3 49.1
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers		
	3.523	I 41.5
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers		-
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers	1,414	25.5
	1,414 3,075	25.5 75.9
Cashiers	1,414 3,075 159	25.5 75.9 51.9
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks	1,414 3,075 159 139	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons.	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179	25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents. Telemarketers Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279	25.5 75.9 51.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers Office and administrative support occupations	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529	25.5 75.9 51.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers Office and administrative support occupations First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative supportworkers	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529 1,598	25.5 75.9 51.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8
Cashiers	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529 1,598 58	25.5 75.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents. Telemarketers Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers. Office and administrative support occupations First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative supportworkers. Telephone operators Bill and account collectors	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 531 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529 1,598 58 207	25.5 75.9 51.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters. Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers. Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers. Office and administrative support occupations. First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative supportworkers. Telephone operators Bill and account collectors. Billing and posting clerks and machine operators.	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529 1588 207 427	25.5 75.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8 78.0
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers Office and administrative support occupations First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative supportworkers Telephone operators Bill and account collectors Billing and posting clerks and machine operators Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 1,598 58 207 427 1,456	25.5 75.9 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8 78.0 72.2
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks Parts salespersons Retail salespersons Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents Travel agents Sales representatives, services, all other Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing Models, demonstrators, and product promoters. Real estate brokers and sales agents Telemarketers. Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers. Office and administrative support occupations. First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative supportworkers. Telephone operators Bill and account collectors. Billing and posting clerks and machine operators.	1,414 3,075 159 139 3,248 235 392 91 474 1,379 63 995 179 279 19,529 1588 207 427 1,456 164	41.5 25.5 75.9 51.9 12.0 51.9 50.2 45.2 28.7 76.3 32.9 27.2 85.9 57.1 64.4 62.7 75.3 69.8 78.0 91.3 91.4

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages —Continued

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Court, municipal, and license clerks	106	81.4
Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	64	73.4
Customer service representatives.	_	68.7
Eligibility interviewers, government programs		82.7
File clerks		81.4
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	138	65.9
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan		79.4
Library assistants, clerical		85.4
Loan interviewers and clerks		77.0
Order clerks.	143	67.2
Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	_	89.3
Receptionists and information clerks		92.4
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks		64.0
Couriers and messengers		15.8 59.1
Dispatchers	291	
Postal service clerks	_	41.7
Postal service mail carriers		39.1
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators		45.1
Production, planning, and expediting clerks		57.1
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks		31.9
Stock clerks and order fillers	-	37.1
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping		52.6
Secretaries and administrative assistants	*	97.3
Computer operators	184	55.3
Data entry keyers		82.2
Word processors and typists		95.0
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks		86.9
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service		55.5
Office clerks, general		84.5
Office machine operators, except computer	58	60.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		4.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations		22.5
Graders and sorters, agricultural products		69.4
Logging workers		1.7
Construction and extraction occupations		3.0
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers		2.9
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	245	.9
Carpenters	1,797	1.9
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	297	2.3
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	119	1.7
Construction laborers	1,491	3.6
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	414	2.7
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	252	.8
Electricians	852	2.6
Painters, construction and maintenance	689	7.5
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	661	1.2
Roofers	274	2.4
Sheet metal workers	147	3.6
Structural iron and steel workers	63	1.6
Helpers, construction trades	113	3.2

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Construction and building inspectors	107	8.5
Highway maintenance workers		4.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations		4.2
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers		5.7
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers		13.7
		13.7
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers		2.1
Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers		
Security and fire alarm systems installers.		4.5
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians		4.5
Automotive body and related repairers		1.9
Automotive service technicians and mechanics		1.8
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists		.5
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics		1.0
Small engine mechanics		1.8
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers		1.4
Home appliance repairers		3.0
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	444	2.6
Maintenance and repair workers, general	344	4.1
Millwrights	. 65	2.0
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	110	3.5
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	152	6.0
Precision instrument and equipment repairers	69	7.7
Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers		12.0
roduction, transportation, and material moving occupations		22.9
Production occupations		30.3
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers		20.9
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	209	58.7
Bakers	183	54.0
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	292	22.3
Food batchmakers	85	46.4
Computer control programmers and operators	. 51	11.2
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	123	22.8
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	60	10.3
Machinists	420	6.8
Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic		20.3
Tool and die makers		1.1
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers		5.8
Job printers		20.1
Printing machine operators		15.6
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers		62.8
, , ,		
Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials	70	76.0
Sewing machine operators		77.4
		79.3
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers		16.7
Upholsterers		4.9
UpholsterersCabinetmakers and bench carpenters		
Upholsterers Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood	56	
Upholsterers Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Stationary engineers and boiler operators.	56 116	3.0
Upholsterers Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Stationary engineers and boiler operators Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators.	56 116 79	3.0 4.6
Upholsterers Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood Stationary engineers and boiler operators.	56 116 79	11.3 3.0 4.6 15.2

Table 11. Employed persons by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages —Continued

Occupation	Total employed	Percent women
Cutting workers	100	21.2
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers		38.5
Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers		40.6
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians		46.7
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders		55.6
Painting workers		15.0
Photographic process workers and processing machine operators		62.9
Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders		30.1
Helpersproduction workers		16.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		14.8
Supervisors, transportation and material moving workers		18.1
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers		5.2
Bus drivers		48.7
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers		4.5
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15.5
Locomotive engineers and operators	_	13.5
Railroad conductors and yardmasters		.7
,		10.0
Parking lot attendants		14.2
		2.8
Crane and tower operators.	1	.2
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators		6.3
'		14.1
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment.		14.1
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand		61.1
Packers and packagers, hand		8.7
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	13	8.7

NOTE: Generally, data for occupations with fewer than 50,000 employed as well as certain other occupations are not published separately but are included in the totals for the appropriate categories shown. Therefore, detailed occupations may not always sum to

the broader categories.

Table 12. Percent distribution of employed women by occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Occupation	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	53,186 100.0	8,158 100.0	2,885 100.0	7,295 100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	38.8	30.4	44.5	22.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	13.6	10.0	15.6	7.9
Professional and related occupations	25.2	20.4	29.0	14.4
Service occupations	19.0	27.3	18.2	30.5
Sales and office occupations	35.1	33.4	28.7	33.0
Sales and related occupations	12.5	11.0	11.9	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	22.6	22.4	16.8	20.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	1.1	.9	.7	2.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	.4	.2	.3	1.0
Construction and extraction occupations	.4	.3	.1	.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	.3	.4	.3	.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5.9	8.0	7.9	12.1
Production occupations	4.0	5.3	6.7	8.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	1.9	2.7	1.2	3.6

Table 13. Employed persons by industry and sex, 2004-05 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

	Year			
Industry and sex	2004		20	05
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total, both sexes				
Total, 16 years and over	139,252	100.0	141,730	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2,232	1.6	2,197	1.6
Mining	539	.4	624	.4
Construction	10,768	7.7	11,197	7.9
Manufacturing	16,484	11.8	16,253	11.5
Durable goods	10,329	7.4	10,333	7.3
Nondurable goods	6,155	4.4	5,919	4.2
Wholesale and retail trade	20,869	15.0	21,405	15.1
Wholesale trade	4,600	3.3	4,579	3.2
Retail trade	16,269	11.7	16,825	11.9
Transportation and utilities	7,013	5.0	7,360	5.2
Transportation and warehousing	5,844	4.2	6,184	4.4
Utilities	1,168	.8	1,176	.8
Information	3,463	2.5	3,402	2.4
Financial activities	9,969	7.2	10,203	7.2
Finance and insurance	6,940	5.0	7,035	5.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	3,029	2.2	3,168	2.2
Professional and business services	14,108	10.1	14,294	10.1
Professional and technical services	8,386	6.0	8,584	6.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	5,722	4.1	5,709	4.0
Education and health services	28,719	20.6	29,174	20.6
Educational services	12,058	8.7	12,264	8.7
Health care and social assistance	16,661	12.0	16,910	11.9
Hospitals	5,700	4.1	5,719	4.0
Health services, except hospitals	8118.0	5.8	8,332	5.9
Social assistance	2,844	2.0	2,860	2.0
Leisure and hospitality	11,820	8.5	12,071	8.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,690	1.9	2,765	2.0
Accommodation and food services	9,131	6.6	9,306	6.6
Other services	6,903	5.0	7,020	5.0
Other services, except private households	6,124	4.4	6,208	4.4
Private households	779	.6	812	.6
Public administration	6,365	4.6	6,530	4.6

Table 13. Employed persons by industry and sex, 2004-05 annual averages-- Continued

	Year			
Industry and sex	2004		20	05
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Women				
Total, 16 years and over	64,728	100.0	65,757	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	546	.8	544	.8
Mining	55	.1	80	.1
Construction	1,041	1.6	1,079	1.6
Manufacturing	4,998	7.7	4,882	7.4
Durable goods	2,728	4.2	2,697	4.1
Nondurable goods	2,270	3.5	2,185	3.3
Wholesale and retail trade	9,289	14.4	9,509	14.5
Wholesale trade	1,355	2.1	1,316	2.0
Retail trade	7,934	12.3	8,192	12.5
Transportation and utilities	1,671	2.6	1,727	2.6
Transportation and warehousing	1,395	2.2	1,477	2.2
Utilities	276	.4	250	.4
Information	1,501	2.3	1,502	2.3
Financial activities	5,572	8.6	5,640	8.6
Finance and insurance	4,149	6.4	4,115	6.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,424	2.2	1,525	2.3
Professional and business services	6,039	9.3	6,132	9.3
Professional and technical services	3,746	5.8	3,818	5.8
Management, administrative, and waste services	2,293	3.5	2,314	3.5
Education and health services	21,497	33.2	21,869	33.3
Educational services	8,306	12.8	8,459	12.9
Health care and social assistance	13,191	20.4	13,410	20.4
Hospitals	4,366	6.7	4,372	6.6
Health services, except hospitals	6,383	9.9	6,582	10.0
Social assistance	2,441	3.8	2,456	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	6,037	9.3	6,207	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,230	1.9	1,249	1.9
Accommodation and food services	4,807	7.4	4,958	7.5
Other services	3,573	5.5	3,614	5.5
Other services, except private households	2.854	4.4	2,869	4.4
Private households	719	1.1	745	1.1
Public administration	2,908	4.5	2,971	4.5

Table 13. Employed persons by industry and sex, 2004-05 annual averages-- Continued

		Year		
Industry and sex	20	• .	20	05
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Men			1	
Total, 16 years and over	74,524	100.0	75,973	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1,687	2.3	1,654	2.2
Mining	483	.6	545	.7
Construction	9,727	13.1	10,118	13.3
Manufacturing	11,485	15.4	11,370	15.0
Durable goods	7,600	10.2	7,636	10.1
Nondurable goods	3,885	5.2	3,734	4.9
Wholesale and retail trade	11,580	15.5	11,896	15.7
Wholesale trade	3,245	4.4	3,263	4.3
Retail trade	8,335	11.2	8,633	11.4
Transportation and utilities	5,342	7.2	5,633	7.4
Transportation and warehousing	4,449	6.0	4,707	6.2
Utilities	892	1.2	926	1.2
Information	1,962	2.6	1,900	2.5
Financial activities	4,396	5.9	4,563	6.0
Finance and insurance	2,791	3.7	2,920	3.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,605	2.2	1,643	2.2
Professional and business services	8,068	10.8	8,161	10.7
Professional and technical services	4,639	6.2	4,766	6.3
Management, administrative, and waste services	3,429	4.6	3,395	4.5
Education and health services	7,222	9.7	7,304	9.6
Educational services	3,752	5.0	3,804	5.0
Health care and social assistance	3,470	4.7	3,500	4.6
Hospitals	1,333	1.8	1,347	1.8
Health services, except hospitals	1,735	2.3	1,749	2.3
Social assistance		.5	404	.5
Leisure and hospitality	5,783	7.8	5.864	7.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,460	2.0	1,516	2.0
Accommodation and food services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5.8	4,348	5.7
Other services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.5	3,407	4.5
Other services, except private households	3,270	4.4	3,339	4.4
Private households	60	.1	67	.1
Public administration	3,458	4.6	3,558	4.7
			•	

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Total, 16 years and over	141,730	46.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	2,197	24.7
Crop production	903	24.7
Animal production		25.2
Forestry, except logging		32.2
Logging		6.2
Fishing, hunting, and trapping		18.6
Support activities for agriculture and forestry		35.6
Mining	624	12.8
Oil and gas extraction		20.6
Coal mining		5.9
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying		6.1
Support activities for mining		14.1
Support activities for mining	330	14.1
Construction	11,197	9.6
Manufacturing	16,253	30.0
Durable goods	10,333	26.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	503	20.9
Glass and glass products	153	30.9
Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum products	206	9.6
Primary metals and fabricated metal products		17.3
Iron and steel mills and steel products	274	15.0
Aluminum production and processing		13.0
Nonferrous metal, except aluminum, production and processing		21.0
Foundries		12.2
Metal forgings and stampings	70	20.9
Cutlery and hand tools	57	31.5
Structural metals and tanks and shipping containers		19.3
Machine shops; turned products; screws, nuts, and bolts		12.5
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities		20.3
Machinery manufacturing		22.3
Agricultural implements	•	19.7
Construction, mining, and oil field machinery		12.6
Commercial and service industry machinery	134	28.8
Metalworking machinery	162	15.1
Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment		15.2
Computers and electronic products		33.7
Computer and peripheral equipment	· ·	32.6
Communications, audio, and video equipment		30.3
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments		36.4
Electrical equipment and appliances		32.4
Household appliances		35.5
Transportation equipment		24.1
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment	· ·	24.4
Aircraft and parts		26.2
Aerospace products and parts		24.8

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Ship and boat building	173	19.3
Wood products	542	15.6
Sawmills and wood preservation	155	9.4
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood products	74	18.4
Prefabricated wood buildings and mobile homes	74	11.1
Miscellaneous wood products	239	20.2
Furniture and related product manufacturing	656	28.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,210	41.3
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	487	45.8
Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing	138	41.0
Nondurable goods	5,919	36.9
Food manufacturing	1,506	38.7
Animal food, grain, and oilseed milling	126	26.9
Sugar and confectionery products	77	43.8
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods	161	34.9
Dairy products	133	26.3
Animal slaughtering and processing	471	37.9
Retail bakeries	168	59.0
Bakeries, except retail	163	38.3
Beverages and tobacco products	289	27.1
Beverages manufacturing	252	26.0
Textiles, apparel, and leather	871	54.0
Fabric mills, except knitting	135	40.6
Carpet and rug mills	73	39.1
Textile product mills, except carpets and rugs	141	58.8
Cut and sew apparel	301	63.5
Paper and printing	1,241	32.0
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	214	17.0
Paperboard containers and boxes	164	28.5
Miscellaneous paper and pulp products	118	34.6
Printing and related support activities	745	36.6
Petroleum and coal products	153	19.7
Petroleum refining	132	18.8
Chemicals	1,208	35.0
Resins, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments	·	30.1
Pharmaceuticals and medicines	420	46.3
Paints, coatings, and adhesives	62	24.0
Soaps, cleaning compounds, and cosmetics	141	44.7
Plastics and rubber products		31.4
Plastics product manufacturing		33.4
Tire manufacturing		17.3
Rubber product, except tire, manufacturing	99	33.8
Wholesale and retail trade	21,405	44.4
Wholesale trade	4,579	28.7
Motor vehicles, parts and supplies	236	20.5
Furniture and home furnishings	102	46.9
Lumber and other construction materials	252	17.0

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Professional and commercial equipment and supplies	435	32.
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		20.
Electrical goods		28.
Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment, and supplies	187	25.
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		23.
Recyclable materials		16.
Miscellaneous durable goods		37.
Paper and paper products		32.
Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied products		42.
·		52.
Apparel, fabrics, and notions		·
Groceries and related products		26
Farm product raw materials		25
Petroleum and petroleum products		24.
Alcoholic beverages		12
Farm supplies	54	17
Miscellaneous nondurable goods	240	42
Wholesale electronic markets, agents and brokers	68	41
Retail trade	16,825	48
Automobile dealers	1,337	19
Other motor vehicle dealers	191	23
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	526	15
Furniture and home furnishings stores		42
Household appliance stores		34
Radio, TV, and computer stores		30
Building material and supplies dealers		28
Hardware stores		35
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores		31
Grocery stores		50
	· ·	
Specialty food stores		45
Beer, wine, and liquor stores		44
Pharmacies and drug stores		63
Health and personal care, except drug, stores		69
Gasoline stations	520	47
Clothing and accessories, except shoe, stores	890	73
Shoe stores	144	61
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	223	67
Sporting goods, camera, and hobby and toy stores	456	41
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	68	87
Music stores	138	36
Book stores and news dealers	202	58
Department stores and discount stores		63
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores		61
Retail florists		72
Office supplies and stationery stores.		44
Used merchandise stores		64
		73
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		i
Miscellaneous retail stores		50 48
Electronic shopping	83	4

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Mail order houses	. 78	69.8
Vending machine operators	. 64	22.7
Fuel dealers	. 84	23.8
Transportation and utilities	7,360	23.5
Transportation and warehousing	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	23.9
Air transportation	574	36.2
Rail transportation	. 282	9.7
Water transportation	. 61	28.0
Truck transportation	2,033	11.5
Bus service and urban transit		40.5
Taxi and limousine service		17.1
Services incidental to transportation		26.2
Postal Service		39.2
Couriers and messengers	. 647	20.5
Warehousing and storage		30.2
Utilities	1,176	21.3
Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	· ·	22.9
Natural gas distribution		17.1
Electric and gas, and other combinations		29.2
Water, steam, air-conditioning, and irrigation systems		19.8
Sewage treatment facilities		14.1
Information	3,402	44.2
Newspaper publishers		48.8
Publishing, except newspapers and software		51.7
Motion pictures and video industries		38.6
Radio and television broadcasting and cable		39.0
Wired telecommunications carriers		36.6
Internet service providers		31.7
Data processing, hosting, and related services.		47.8
Libraries and archives		79.4
Financial activities	10,203	55.3
Finance and insurance]	58.5
Banking and related activities.		67.3
Savings institutions, including credit unions	· ·	74.1
Non-depository credit and related activities		55.4
Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments	•	38.1
Insurance carriers and related activities		60.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	. 3,168	48.1
Real estate	•	50.8
Rental and leasing services.		33.5
Automotive equipment rental and leasing.		30.6
Video tape and disk rental		50.8
Other consumer goods rental		32.9
Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing		20.5

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Professional and business services	14,294	42.9
Professional and technical services.	8,584	44.5
Legal services	1,658	57.9
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	884	62.7
Architectural, engineering, and related services	1,468	25.8
Specialized design services	357	58.7
Computer systems design and related services	1,632	26.6
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	1,009	42.6
Scientific research and development services	493	45.4
Advertising and related services	511	52.2
Veterinary services	251	76.1
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	321	53.0
•		
Management, administrative, and waste services	5,709	40.5 49.6
Management of companies and enterprises	63	
Employment services	1,015	57.4
Business support services	739	65.1
Travel arrangement and reservation services	259	67.1
Investigation and security services	682	25.0
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,161	48.6
Landscaping services	1,133	10.4
Other administrative and other support services	252	49.9
Waste management and remediation services	407	16.5
Education and health services	29,174	75.0
Educational services	12,264	69.0
Elementary and secondary schools	8,359	75.6
Colleges and universities, including junior colleges	3,263	53.1
Business, technical, and trade schools and training	108	51.4
Other schools, instruction, and educational services	534	66.1
Health care and social assistance	16,910	79.3
Hospitals	5,719	76.5
Health services, except hospitals	8,332	79.0
Offices of physicians	1,801	76.8
Offices of dentists	792	80.3
Offices of chiropractors	163	58.1
Offices of optometrists	98	72.3
Offices of other health practitioners	275	70.9
Outpatient care centers	901	77.7
Home health care services	795	89.8
Other health care services	1,045	70.2
Nursing care facilities	1,848	86.7
Residential care facilities, without nursing	615	73.7
Social assistance	2,860	85.9
Individual and family services	994	77.5
,	74	64.0
Community food and housing, and emergency services		
Community food and housing, and emergency services	221	60.4

Table 14. Employed persons by detailed industry and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

Industry	Total employed	Percent women
Leisure and hospitality	12,071	51.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,765	45.2
Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	796	42.6
Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	392	41.5
Bowling centers	55	39.3
Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	1,523	47.7
Accommodation and food services	9,306	53.3
Accommodation	1,552	57.0
Traveler accommodation	1,448	57.6
Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses	104	49.1
Food services and drinking places	7,754	52.5
Restaurants and other food services	7,514	52.3
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	240	58.2
Other services	7,020	51.5
Other services, except private households	6,208	46.2
Repair and maintenance	2,160	12.7
Automotive repair and maintenance	1,252	10.2
Car washes	155	16.3
Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	172	15.2
Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	327	9.4
Personal and household goods repair and maintenance	244	26.2
Personal and laundry services	2,116	72.1
Barber shops	115	22.9
Beauty salons	914	90.7
Nail salons and other personal care services	334	75.9
Drycleaning and laundry services	323	60.6
Funeral homes, cemeteries, and crematories	151	36.4
Other personal services	279	59.4
Membership associations and organizations	1,932	55.3
Religious organizations	1,066	48.0
Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grantmaking and giving services	624	66.9
Labor unions	69	39.9
Business, professional, political, and similar organizations	173	64.6
Private households	812	91.7
Public administration	6 520	<i>1</i>
Public administration	6,530	45.5
Executive offices and legislative bodies	889	55.9
Public finance activities	364	63.8
Other general government and support	91	41.3
Justice, public order, and safety activities	2,710	34.7
Administration of human resource programs	874	72.1
Administration of environmental quality and housing programs	338	40.8
Administration of economic programs and space research	540	42.1
National security and international affairs	725	37.2

NOTE: Generally, data for industries with fewer than 50,000 employed as well as certain other industries are not published separately but are included in the totals for the appropriate categories shown. Therefore, detailed industries may not always

sum to the broader categories.

Table 15. Percent distribution of employed women by industry, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Industry	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
T. 1. 1. 10	50.400	0.450	0.001	7.005
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		8,158	2,885	7,295
Percent	. 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture and related industries	1.0	.1	.3	1.0
Mining	1	-	.1	.1
Construction	. 1.9	.6	.9	1.5
Manufacturing	. 7.3	7.2	10.7	10.3
Durable goods	. 4.0	3.5	7.0	4.5
Nondurable goods	. 3.3	3.7	3.7	5.8
Wholesale and retail trade	. 14.9	11.4	14.4	15.2
Wholesale trade	. 2.1	1.1	2.8	2.7
Retail trade	. 12.8	10.3	11.6	12.5
Transportation and utilities	2.4	4.0	2.4	2.7
Transportation and warehousing	2.0	3.6	2.2	2.4
Utilities	4	.4	.2	.3
Information	. 2.3	2.4	2.2	1.8
Financial activities	. 8.7	7.7	9.5	7.3
Finance and insurance	6.2	6.2	7.5	4.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.5	1.6	2.0	2.5
Professional and business services	. 9.6	7.5	10.3	9.0
Professional and technical services	. 6.2	3.2	7.7	3.6
Management, administrative, and waste services	. 3.4	4.3	2.6	5.5
Education and health services	. 32.7	39.0	28.9	27.4
Educational services	. 13.3	11.6	9.2	9.5
Health care and social assistance	. 19.4	27.4	19.7	17.8
Hospitals	. 6.3	8.5	8.2	4.2
Health services, except hospitals	9.6	13.3	9.2	8.9
Social assistance	3.5	5.5	2.3	4.8
Leisure and hospitality	. 9.5	8.3	10.3	12.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	. 2.0	1.1	1.5	1.5
Accommodation and food services	. 7.4	7.2	8.9	11.4
Other services	. 5.6	4.7	6.6	7.2
Other services, except private households	. 4.4	3.7	5.9	3.7
Private households	. 1.2	1.0	.7	3.5
Public administration	. 4.1	7.1	3.5	3.6

⁻ Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in current dollars by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 1979-2005 annual averages

	Total, both sexes							Women		
Year	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
1979	\$241	\$248	\$199	-	\$194	\$182	\$184	\$169	-	\$157
1980	262	269	212	-	209	201	203	185	-	172
1981	284	291	235	-	223	219	221	206	-	190
1982	302	310	245	-	240	239	242	217	-	203
1983	313	320	261	-	250	252	254	232	-	215
1984	326	336	269	-	259	265	268	241	-	223
1985	344	356	277	-	270	277	281	252	-	230
1986	359	371	291	-	277	291	294	264	-	241
1987	374	384	301	-	285	303	307	276	-	251
1988	385	395	314	-	290	315	318	288	-	260
1989	399	409	319	-	298	328	334	301	-	269
1990	412	424	329	-	304	346	353	308	-	278
1991	426	442	348	-	312	366	373	323	-	292
1992	440	458	357	-	321	380	387	335	-	302
1993	459	475	369	-	331	393	401	348	-	313
1994	467	484	371	-	324	399	408	346	-	305
1995	479	494	383	-	329	406	415	355	-	305
1996	490	506	387	-	339	418	428	362	-	316
1997	503	519	400	-	351	431	444	375	-	318
1998	523	545	426	-	370	456	468	400	-	337
1999	549	573	445	-	385	473	483	409	-	348
2000¹	576	590	474	\$615	399	493	502	429	\$547	366
2001	596	610	491	639	417	512	522	454	563	388
2002	608	623	498	658	424	529	547	473	566	397
2003	620	636	514	693	440	552	567	491	598	410
2004	638	657	525	708	456	573	584	505	613	419
2005	651	672	520	753	471	585	596	499	665	429

Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in current dollars by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 1979-2005 annual averages— Continued

			Men				Women's ear	nings as a per	rcent of men's	3
Year	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Total	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity
1979	\$292	\$298	\$227	-	\$219	62.3	61.7	74.4	-	71.7
1980	313	320	244	-	234	64.2	63.4	75.8	-	73.5
1981	340	350	268	-	251	64.4	63.1	76.9	-	75.7
1982	364	375	278	-	269	65.7	64.5	78.1	-	75.5
1983	379	387	294	-	274	66.5	65.6	78.9	-	78.5
1984	392	401	303	-	287	67.6	66.8	79.5	-	77.7
1985	407	418	305	-	296	68.1	67.2	82.6	_	77.7
1986	419	433	319	-	299	69.5	67.9	82.8	_	80.6
1987	434	450	327	-	306	69.8	68.2	84.4	_	82.0
1988	449	465	348	-	308	70.2	68.4	82.8	_	84.4
1989	468	482	348	-	315	70.1	69.3	86.5	-	85.4
1990	481	494	361	_	318	71.9	71.5	85.3	-	87.4
1991	493	506	375	-	323	74.2	73.7	86.1	_	90.4
1992	501	514	380	-	339	75.8	75.3	88.2	_	89.1
1993	510	524	392	-	346	77.1	76.5	88.8	_	90.5
1994	522	547	400	-	343	76.4	74.6	86.5	_	88.9
1995	538	566	411	-	350	75.5	73.3	86.4	_	87.1
1996	557	580	412	-	356	75.0	73.8	87.9	_	88.8
1997	579	595	432	-	371	74.4	74.6	86.8	_	85.7
1998	598	615	468	-	390	76.3	76.1	85.5	_	86.4
1999	618	638	488	-	406	76.5	75.7	83.8	-	85.7
2000¹	641	662	510	\$685	417	76.9	75.8	84.1	79.9	87.8
2000*	670	689	529	732	417	76.9 76.4	75.8 75.8	85.8	79.9 76.9	88.2
2001	679	702	529 524	752 756	440 451	76.4 77.9	75.6 77.9	90.3	76.9 74.9	88.0
2002	695	702	524 555	756	451 464	77.9 79.4	77.9	90.3 88.5	74.9 77.5	88.4
2003	713	715	569	802	464	79.4 80.4		88.5 88.8	77.5 76.4	88.4 87.3
2004	713	732 743	559 559	802 825	480 489	80.4 81.0	79.8 80.2	88.8 89.3	76.4 80.6	87.3 87.7
∠∪∪5	122	743	559	ŏ ∠ 5	489	81.0	80.2	89.3	80.6	81.1

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) include persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who

reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Data for 2000-02 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. Starting in 2003, Asians constitute a separate category. For more information, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings. Data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000.

Table 17. Median usual weekly earnings of employed full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and over by educational attainment and sex, 2005 annual averages

Educational attainment and sex	Total employed (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings
Total, both sexes		
Total	92,453	\$696
Less than a high school diploma	8,861	409
Less than 1 year of high school	3,331	388
1-3 years of high school	4,508	421
4 years of high school, no diploma	1,022	446
High school graduate or more	83,592	735
High school graduates, no college	27,514	583
Some college, no degree	16,062	653
Associate degree		699
Occupational program	5,023	692
Academic program	4,386	708
College graduates	30,607	1,013
Bachelor's degree		937
Master's degree	7,784	1,129
Professional degree	1,549	1,370
Doctoral degree	1,431	1,421
Women		
Total	40,443	612
Less than a high school diploma	2,878	341
Less than 1 year of high school	932	321
1-3 years of high school	1,594	347
4 years of high school, no diploma	352	382
High school graduate or more	37,565	636
High school graduates, no college	11,517	493
Some college, no degree	7,448	570
Associate degree	4,656	614
Occupational program	2,372	596
Academic program	2,284	636
College graduates	13,944	883
Bachelor's degree	9,057	813
Master's degree	3,871	983
Professional degree	568	1,131
Doctoral degree	448	1,214

Table 17. Median usual weekly earnings of employed full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and over by educational attainment and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Educational attainment and sex	Total employed (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings
Men		
Total	52,010	\$771
Less than a high school diploma	5,983	455
Less than 1 year of high school	2,399	413
1-3 years of high school	2,914	486
4 years of high school, no diploma	671	492
High school graduate or more	46,027	826
High school graduates, no college	15,997	652
Some college, no degree	8,615	753
Associate degree	4,753	791
Occupational program	2,651	784
Academic program	2,102	802
College graduates	16,662	1,167
Bachelor's degree	10,786	1,071
Master's degree	3,913	1,333
Professional degree	980	1,558
Doctoral degree	983	1,536

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages

	Both	sexes	Wo	men	Men		Women's
Occuration		Median		Median		Median	earnings
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	as percent
	employed	earnings	employed	earnings	employed	earnings	of men's
Total, 16 years and over	103,560	\$651	45,154	\$585	58,406	\$722	81.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	36,908	937	18,597	813	18,311	1,113	73.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	. 14,977	997	6,782	847	8,195	1,167	72.6
Management occupations	10,340	1,083	4,122	902	6,219	1,230	73.3
Chief executives	1,043	1,834	253	1,413	790	1,903	74.3
General and operations managers	754	1,099	226	932	528	1,152	80.9
Advertising and promotions managers	66	870	38	(1)	28	(1)	(1)
Marketing and sales managers	. 728	1,235	283	990	445	1,440	68.8
Administrative services managers	73	978	22	(1)	51	1,104	(1)
Computer and information systems managers	326	1,428	100	1,094	227	1,540	71.0
Financial managers	949	1,061	503	853	446	1,347	63.3
Human resources managers	263	1,083	188	998	75	1,357	73.5
Industrial production managers	295	1,123	48	(1)	247	1,147	(1)
Purchasing managers	184	1,099	72	939	112	1,199	78.3
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	227	757	28	(1)	200	771	(1)
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers	77	680	13	(1)	65	689	(1)
Construction managers	430	1,051	30	(1)	400	1,060	(1)
Education administrators	712	1,114	440	972	272	1,289	75.4
Engineering managers	89	1,788	9	(1)	80	1.852	(1)
Food service managers		651	249	549	345	740	(1)
Lodging managers	. 100	647	52	525	48	(1)	(1)
Medical and health services managers	432	1,089	308	1,026	123	1,327	77.3
Property, real estate, and community association managers	341	724	193	662	149	803	82.4
Social and community service managers	258	838	176	784	82	990	79.2
Business and financial operations occupations	4,637	871	2,660	778	1,976	1,037	75.0
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products	153	802	75	708	77	930	76.1
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm							
products	271	785	145	710	126	912	77.9
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	. 276	789	174	706	102	971	72.7
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction,							
health, safety, and transportation	128	893	57	923	71	877	105.2
Cost estimators	80	941	14	(1)	67	961	(1)
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	585	791	417	762	168	904	84.3
Management analysts	288	1,229	128	981	160	1,362	(1)
Accountants and auditors		887	855	784	529	1,072	73.1
Appraisers and assessors of real estate		832	32	(1)	42	(1)	(1)
Budget analysts	. 50	1,050	35	(1)	14	(1)	(1)
Financial analysts	. 74	1,136	33	(1)	41	(1)	(1)
Personal financial advisors	270	1,134	83	888	188	1,239	71.7
Insurance underwriters	110	894	79	851	31	(1)	(1)
Loan counselors and officers	. 387	861	210	786	178	977	80.5
Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents		764	43	(1)	30	(1)	(1)
Tax preparers	52	668	36	(1)	16	(1)	(1)
Professional and related occupations	21,931	902	11,815	792	10,116	1,058	74.9
Computer and mathematical occupations	2,924	1,132	760	1,007	2,164	1,174	85.8
	L						

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

		sexes	Wo	men	Men		Women's
Occupation	Tatal	Median	Tatal	Median	Tatal	Median	earnings as
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	percent of
	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	men's
Computer scientists and systems analysts		\$1,091	198	\$983	449	\$1,140	86.2
Computer programmers		1,086	133	1,014	391	1,129	89.8
Computer software engineers		1401	165	1,174	612	1,456	80.6
Computer support specialists		823	95	858	215	809	106.1
Database administrators		1,116	23	(1)	58	1,314	(1)
Network and computer systems administrators	1	1,058	34	(1)	166	1,072	(1)
Network systems and data communications analysts		1,062	59	952	195	1,082	88.0
Operations research analysts		1,252	38	(1)	43	(1)	(1)
Architecture and engineering occupations		1,105	322	945	2,187	1,133	83.4
Architects, except naval		1,146	42	(1)	134	1,147	(1)
Aerospace engineers		1,362	10	(1)	78	1,449	(1)
Civil engineers	. 277	1,138	37	(1)	239	1,166	(1)
Computer hardware engineers	. 72	1,405	5	(1)	66	1,524	(1)
Electrical and electronics engineers	. 330	1,350	22	(1)	309	1,354	(1)
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	. 185	1,161	28	(1)	157	1,198	(1)
Mechanical engineers	. 306	1,262	18	(1)	288	1,265	(1)
Drafters	. 186	769	42	(1)	144	783	(1)
Engineering technicians, except drafters	. 354	805	67	695	287	819	84.9
Surveying and mapping technicians	. 98	735	2	(1)	96	742	(1)
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1,164	965	452	837	712	1,073	78.0
Biological scientists	. 106	890	49	(1)	56	1,000	(1)
Medical scientists	1	935	55	938	70	934	100.4
Chemists and materials scientists		1,128	36	(1)	72	1,241	(1)
Environmental scientists and geoscientists		1,217	21	(1)	66	1,223	(1)
Market and survey researchers		997	54	898	52	1,138	78.9
Psychologists		966	50	909	32	(1)	(1)
Chemical technicians		699	25	(1)	60	701	(1)
Community and social services occupations		725	1,054	683	742	797	85.7
Counselors		740	345	728	154	788	92.4
Social workers		700	473	682	129	780	87.4
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	1	662	146	608	90	751	81.0
Clergy		785	49	(1)	335	813	(1)
Legal occupations		1,052	638	846	524	1,531	55.3
Lawyers		1,609	203	1,354	395	1,748	77.5
Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers		1,101	30	(1)	43	(1)	(1)
Paralegals and legal assistants		740	261	737	50	769	95.8
Miscellaneous legal support workers		715	144	702	37	(1)	(1)
Education, training, and library occupations		713	4,405	753	1,660	960	78.4
		1,072	323	924	485	1,173	78.8
Preschool and kindergarten teachers			323 495	520	19	-	
Preschool and kindergarten teachers		521 826	1,801	813	403	(1) 909	(1)
Elementary and middle school teachers							89.4
Secondary school teachers		878	577	841	460	942	89.3
Special education teachers		868	327	853	55 120	949	89.9
Other teachers and instructors		728	187	657	120	803	81.8
Librarians		829	137	826	25	(1)	(1)
Teacher assistants	. 546	398	496	398	50	398	100.0
	1		I		1		I

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

	Both	sexes	Wo	men	Men		Women's
•		Median		Median		Median	earnings as
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	percent of
	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	men's
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Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations		\$819	623	\$735	865	\$885	83.1
Artists and related workers	83	868	28	(1)	54	989	(1)
Designers		816	218	653	282	920	71.0
Producers and directors		971	28	(1)	48	(1)	(1)
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers		713	21	(1)	102	749	(1)
Musicians, singers, and related workers		893	13	(1)	38	(1)	(1)
News analysts, reporters and correspondents		866	31	(1)	31	(1)	(1)
Public relations specialists		860	86	817	49	(1)	(1)
Editors		865	59	794	49	(1)	(1)
Writers and authors	. 70	887	43	(1)	27	(1)	(1)
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio	0.4	040		(4)	50	000	(4)
operators		813	6	(1)	59	823	(1)
Photographers		721	19	(1)	34	(1)	(1)
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4,821	878	3,560	834	1,262	1,043	80.0
Dietitians and nutritionists		666	47	(1)	3	(1)	(1)
Pharmacists		1,557	89	1,483	96	1,597	92.9
Physicians and surgeons		1,547	187	1,134	375	1,862	60.9
Physician assistants		1,155	26	(1)	26	(1)	(1)
Registered nurses		935	1,654	930	151	1,011	92.0
Occupational therapists		996	55	983	5	(1)	(1)
Physical therapists		1,036	74	1,014	43	(1)	(1)
Respiratory therapists		854	46	(1)	34	(1)	(1)
Speech-language pathologists	. 68	933	60	914	7	(1)	(1)
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians		750	197	725	82	836	86.7
Dental hygienists		895	49	(1)	3	(1)	(1)
Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	. 212	873	145	789	67	973	81.1
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	144	658	34	(1)	110	730	(1)
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support							
technicians	290	504	237	503	53	521	96.5
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses		625	369	621	31	(1)	(1)
Medical records and health information technicians		543	88	522	15	(1)	(1)
Service occupations	14,123	413	7,099	379	7,024	478	79.3
Healthcare support occupations		410	1,842	408	243	422	96.7
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides		388	1,181	385	153	406	94.8
Dental assistants		474	142	479	8	(1)	(1)
Protective service occupations	,	678	525	514	2,025	729	70.5
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives		1,009	15	(1)	105	1,010	(1)
Fire fighters	228	944	9	(1)	219	952	(1)
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers		605	115	531	286	632	84.0
Detectives and criminal investigators		1,054	31	(1)	88	1,188	(1)
Police and sheriff's patrol officers		826	97	738	573	849	86.9
Private detectives and investigators		662	29	(1)	39	(1)	(1)
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	. 667	481	159	405	507	508	79.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4,007	356	1,966	337	2,041	371	90.8
Chefs and head cooks	. 275	486	46	(1)	229	494	(1)
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and]
serving workers	451	422	272	398	179	522	76.2
Cooks	1,198	336	433	314	766	350	89.7
	.,			0.1			
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Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

	Both sexes Women		M	Women's			
		Median		Median		Median	earnings as
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	percent of
	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	men's
		carriings		carriings		carriings	
Food preparation workers	339	\$321	189	\$318	149	\$324	98.1
Bartenders	210	420	107	417	102	422	98.8
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including							
fast food	132	310	98	308	34	(1)	(1)
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and						, ,	. ,
coffee shop	90	292	56	289	34	(1)	(1)
Waiters and waitresses	848	352	556	332	292	384	86.5
Food servers, nonrestaurant	82	409	42	(1)	40	(1)	(1)
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	163	347	72	325	92	367	88.6
Dishwashers	141	296	29	(1)	112	293	(1)
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	77	332	65	322	12	(1)	(1)
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,425	394	1,249	344	2,176	428	80.4
First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and	0, .20		.,	0	2,	0	00
janitorial work	177	537	57	433	120	613	70.6
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn	1 '''	001	0.	100	120	0.0	70.0
service, and groundskeeping workers	101	593	3	(1)	98	598	(1)
Janitors and building cleaners	1,477	408	421	363	1,056	441	82.3
Maids and housekeeping cleaners		335	724	328	1,030	390	84.1
Pest control workers		508	1	(1)	54	511	(1)
Grounds maintenance workers	787	389	43	(1)	744	393	1 1
	-	409	1,517	390	540	491	(1) 79.4
Personal care and service occupations			41		40		
First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	-	628		(1)	-	(1)	(1)
First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers	58	577	31	(1)	27	(1)	(1)
Nonfarm animal caretakers	57	379	43	(1)	14	(1)	(1)
Gaming services workers	. 77	579	38	(1)	39	(1)	(1)
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists		416	258	409	27	(1)	(1)
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges		457	11	(1)	49	(1)	(1)
Transportation attendants	. 77	680	55	619	22	(1)	(1)
Child care workers		332	414	330	30	(1)	(1)
Personal and home care aides	402	390	328	381	75	442	86.2
Recreation and fitness workers		487	107	479	73	494	97.0
Sales and office occupations		575	15,654	520	9,539	690	75.4
Sales and related occupations		622	4,449	483	5,582	762	63.4
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers		631	979	525	1,386	723	72.6
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers		881	250	753	673	944	79.8
Cashiers	1,428	336	1,064	322	363	389	82.8
Counter and rental clerks	102	429	48	(1)	55	589	(1)
Parts salespersons	123	562	14	(1)	109	586	(1)
Retail salespersons	1,869	494	810	401	1,060	606	66.2
Advertising sales agents	194	870	99	730	95	1,017	71.8
Insurance sales agents	341	742	178	624	162	908	68.7
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	288	1,007	93	733	195	1,239	59.2
Travel agents	56	593	46	(1)	11	(1)	(1)
Sales representatives, services, all other	369	814	112	648	257	919	70.5
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing		920	289	737	851	960	76.8
Real estate brokers and sales agents		773	275	716	213	989	72.4
Telemarketers	98	367	70	360	28	(1)	(1)
Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors,]	007	'	000		('')	l (''
and related workers	66	422	21	(1)	46	(1)	(1)
and rolated workers	l	722		(')	7.0	('')	('')
	l				1		L

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

	Both	sexes	Women		Men		Women's
		Median		Median		Median	earnings as
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	percent of
	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	men's
				Ū			
Office and administrative support assumptions	15,161	ΦE E O	11 205	\$533	3,957	PCOE	88.1
Office and administrative support occupations First-line supervisors/managers of office and	15,161	\$550	11,205	φουο	3,957	\$605	00.1
administrative support	1,399	686	953	656	447	796	82.4
Bill and account collectors	1,399	518	115	519	60	516	100.6
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators		572	313	566	42	(1)	(1)
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	964	555	861	551	102	580	95.0
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		613	123	611	12	(1)	(1)
Tellers		426	270	425	26	(1)	(1)
Court, municipal, and license clerks		575	81	571	14	(1)	(1)
Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	64	607	49	(1)	15	(1)	(1)
Customer service representatives	1,490	524	1,010	505	480	624	80.9
File clerks	255	507	201	505	54	513	98.4
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	107	376	66	367	41	(1)	(1)
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	128	502	99	501	29	(1)	(1)
Library assistants, clerical	58	517	54	496	5	(1)	(1)
Loan interviewers and clerks	179	623	134	614	45	(1)	(1)
Order clerks	120	519	77	509	42	(1)	(1)
Human resources assistants, except payroll and							
timekeeping	60	601	55	580	5	(1)	(1)
Receptionists and information clerks	923	466	846	463	76	504	91.9
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel							
clerks	134	626	90	586	44	(1)	(1)
Couriers and messengers	212	664	31	(1)	182	678	(1)
Dispatchers	274	584	168	556	105	613	90.7
Postal service clerks	147	791	58	750	89	830	90.4
Postal service mail carriers	295	832	110	733	185	874	83.9
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing							
machine operators		751	50	742	59	763	97.2
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	275	694	152	650	123	767	84.7
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	472	488	138	450	334	504	89.3
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,012	427	361	409	651	448	91.3
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers,							
recordkeeping	60	467	35	(1)	26	(1)	(1)
Secretaries and administrative assistants	2,684	562	2,611	559	73	654	85.5
Computer operators	164	599	89	541	76	674	80.3
Data entry keyers	403	509	324	507	79	529	95.8
Word processors and typists	216	500	206	499	10	(1)	(1)
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	238	560	204	565	35	(1)	(1)
Mail clerks and mail machine operators except postal							
service	99	508	52	480	47	(1)	(1)
Office clerks, general		518	574	509	98	591	86.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		623	517	486	11,569	628	77.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations		372	154	327	601	388	84.3
Graders and sorters, agricultural products		402	48	(1)	15	(1)	(1)
Logging workers		483	2	(1)	62	485	(1)
Construction and extraction occupations	6,826	604	163	480	6,663	606	79.2
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades	0.45	000	00	/41	000	000	(4)
and extraction workers	645	830	20	(1)	626	839	(1)
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons		598	- 47	- (4)	166	598 550	- (4)
Carpenters	1,213	556	17	(1)	1,196	559	(1)
							L

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

	Both	sexes	Wo	men	М	en	Women's
Occupation	-	Median	-	Median	-	Median	earnings as
Occupation	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	Total	weekly	percent of
	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	Employed	earnings	men's
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	178	\$482	2	(1)	176	\$484	(1)
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	90	519	2	(1)	88	518	(1)
Construction laborers.	1,170	502	38	(1)	1,132	504	(1)
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	367	733	11	(1)	356	735	(1)
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	185	511	1	(1)	184	510	(1)
Electricians	747	713	13	(1)	734	712	(1)
Painters, construction and maintenance	384	466	17	(1)	367	469	(1)
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	550	703	2	(1)	547	704	(1)
Roofers	209	500	6	(1)	203	503	(1)
Sheet metal workers	127	653	4	(1)	123	655	(1)
Structural iron and steel workers	58	772	1	(1)	57	768	(1)
Helpers, construction trades	110	437	2	(1)	108	430	(1)
Construction and building inspectors		791	9	(1)	75	824	(1)
Highway maintenance workers		581	3	(1)	83	575	(1)
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,504	705	199	\$691	4,305	706	97.9
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers,				4.1			4.0
and repairers	307	814	18	(1)	289	817	(1)
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	336	753	45	(1)	291	749	(1)
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and	000	004	00	(4)	477	050	(4)
repairers	206	861	29	(1)	177	858	(1)
Security and fire alarm systems installers	56	705	3	(1)	53	730	(1)
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	137	919	8	(1)	129	920	(1)
Automotive body and related repairers	137	587	2	(1)	135	579	(1)
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	724	629	13	(1)	711	631	(1)
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	326	694	1	(1)	325	693	(1)
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians				440			
and mechanics	218	726	1	(1)	216	727	(1)
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and				4.1			
installers	314	693	3	(1)	311	694	(1)
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	444	724	14	(1)	430	724	(1)
Maintenance and repair workers, general	305	631	11	(1)	294	635	(1)
Millwrights	58	824	3	(1)	55	891	(1)
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	105	868	4	(1)	102	875	(1)
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	145	788	9	(1)	136	780	(1)
Precision instrument and equipment repairers	54	819	4	(1)	50	877	(1)
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	15,251	540	3,288	420	11,963	591	71.1
Production occupations	8,403	538	2,412	423	5,991	608	69.6
First-line supervisors/managers of production and							
operating workers	825	761	162	545	662	817	66.7
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	195	473	117	441	79	528	83.5
Bakers	117	411	59	357	58	480	74.4
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing							
workers	262	444	56	400	206	471	84.9

Table 18. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages-- Continued

		sexes	Wo	men	Men		Women's
Occupation	Total Employed	Median weekly earnings	Total Employed	Median weekly earnings	Total Employed	Median weekly earnings	earnings as percent of men's
Food batchmakers	. 71	\$465	26	(1)	44	(1)	(1)
Computer control programmers and operators	54	697	5	(1)	49	(1)	(1)
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders	. 120	502	30	(1)	90	\$533	(1)
Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool							
setters, operators	55	557	7	(1)	48	(1)	(1)
Machinists	401	697	25	(1)	376	712	(1)
Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal	60	529	13	(1)	46	(1)	(1)
Tool and die makers		821	1	(1)	91	824	(1)
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers		599	32	(1)	518	608	(1)
Printing machine operators		585	30	(1)	170	617	(1)
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	_	372	82	\$347	43	(1)	(1)
Sewing machine operators		360	171	355	64	372	(1)
Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters		516	4	(1)	50	518	(1)
Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood		428	6	(1)	48	(1)	(1)
Stationary engineers and boiler operators		819	2	(1)	105	797	(1)
, ,	100	019		(1)	103	131	(1)
Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system	69	674	2	(4)	67	710	(1)
operators	69	0/4	-	(1)	67	710	(1)
Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and	50	700	_	(4)		747	(4)
tenders		769	7	(1)	50	717	(1)
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers		498	11	(1)	84	503	(1)
Cutting workers		496	22	(1)	72	525	(1)
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers		596	237	486	380	679	71.6
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	76 291	545 410	37	(1) 384	39 132	(1) 452	(1) 85.0
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders		_	159			_	
Painting workers	. 177 58	562 603	23 16	(1)	155 42	592	(1)
Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders Transportation and material moving occupations		543	876	(1) 412	5,972	(1) 574	(1) 71.8
Supervisors, transportation and material moving workers		734	29	(1)	164	751	(1)
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	98	1,366	6	(1)	92	1,368	(1)
Bus drivers	353	517	141	456	213	576	79.2
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers		624	101	473	2,657	631	75.2 75.0
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	,	483	24	(1)	155	500	(1)
Locomotive engineers and operators		998	1	(1)	52	1,013	(1)
Railroad conductors and yardmasters		1,017	_ `	- (• /	50	1,017	- (' '
Service station attendants		323	9	(1)	59	333	(1)
Crane and tower operators	69	727	2	(1)	66	727	(1)
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators		616		- ` '	67	616	- ` '
Industrial truck and tractor operators		499	31	(1)	483	494	(1)
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment		385	27	(1)	197	390	(1)
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand		456	210	406	1,173	469	86.6
Packers and packagers, hand		372	240	358	137	406	88.2
Refuse and recyclable material collectors		491	4	(1)	62	501	(1)

NOTE: Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

Table 19. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by industry and sex, 2005 annual averages

	Both	Sexes	Woi	men	Me	en	Women's	
Industry	Total Employed	Median Weekly Earnings	Total Employed	Median Weekly Earnings	Total Employed	Median Weekly Earnings	earnings as percent of men's	
Total, 16 years and over	103,560	\$651	45,154	\$585	58,406	\$722	81.0	
Agriculture and related industries	914	414	163	345	752	729	47.3	
Mining	592	885	65	693	527	897	77.3	
Construction	7,876	622	678	602	7,198	624	96.5	
Manufacturing	14,903	676	4,332	541	10,571	739	73.2	
Durable goods	9,554	704	2,435	572	7,119	757	75.6	
Nondurable goods	5,349	624	1,897	508	3,452	702	72.4	
Wholesale and retail trade	14,569	566	5,747	475	8,822	640	74.2	
Wholesale trade	3,734	692	1,029	575	2,705	750	76.7	
Retail trade	10,835	516	4,718	450	6,117	598	75.3	
Transportation and utilities	6,065	743	1,351	644	4,714	774	83.2	
Transportation and warehousing	4,923	716	1,115	631	3,809	746	84.6	
Utilities	1,142	884	237	723	905	924	78.2	
Information	2,677	820	1,154	696	1,523	946	73.6	
Financial activities	7,834	741	4,416	645	3,417	932	69.2	
Finance and insurance	5,876	765	3,523	653	2,353	1,061	61.5	
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,958	654	893	616	1,065	696	88.5	
Professional and business services	9,749	743	3,980	636	5,769	847	75.1	
Professional and technical services	5,864	965	2,530	754	3,333	1,155	65.3	
Management, administrative, and waste services.	3,885	493	1,449	473	2,436	506	93.5	
Education and health services	21,325	678	15,643	631	5,682	825	76.5	
Educational services	9,216	760	6,210	729	3,005	862	84.6	
Health care and social assistance	12,109	610	9,433	578	2,676	781	74.0	
Leisure and hospitality	· ·	414	3,103	388	3,725	449	86.4	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,509	529	609	504	900	571	88.3	
Acomodation and food services	5,319	388	2,494	361	2,824	412	87.6	
Other services	4,062	535	1,799	447	2,263	621	72.0	
Other services, except private households	3,644	579	1,432	493	2,212	625	78.9	
Private households	418	351	367	340	51	416	81.7	
Public administration	6,167	788	2,723	682	3,444	896	76.1	
	3,107	, 50	2,720	332	3, 114		70.1	

Table 20. Employed persons by full- and part-time status and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages

`	,		Total, both sexes		
Year	Total employed	Usually full time ¹	Usually part time ²	Percent usually full time	Percent usually part time
1970	78,678	66,753	11,925	84.8	15.2
1971	79,367	66,973	12,393	84.4	15.6
1972 ³	82,153	69,214	12,939	84.3	15.7
1973 ³	85,064	71,803	13,262	84.4	15.6
1974	86,794	73,093	13,701	84.2	15.8
1975	85,846	71,586	14,260	83.4	16.6
1976	88,752	73,964	14,788	83.3	16.7
1977	92,017	76,625	15,391	83.3	16.7
1978 ³	96,048	80,193	15,855	83.5	16.5
1979	98,824	82,654	16,171	83.6	16.4
1980	99,303	82,562	16,740	83.1	16.9
1981	100,397	83,243	17,154	82.9	17.1
1982	99,526	81,421	18,106	81.8	18.2
1983	100,834	82,322	18,511	81.6	18.4
1984	105,005	86,544	18,462	82.4	17.6
1985	107,150	88,534	18,615	82.6	17.4
1986 ³	109,597	90,529	19,069	82.6	17.4
1987	112,440	92,957	19,483	82.7	17.3
1988	114,968	95,214	19,754	82.8	17.2
1989	117,342	97,369	19,973	83.0	17.0
1990 ³	118,793	98,666	20,128	83.1	16.9
1991	117,718	97,190	20,528	82.6	17.4
1992	118,492	97,664	20,828	82.4	17.6
1993	120,259	99,114	21,145	82.4	17.6
1994 ³	123,060	99,772	23,288	81.1	18.9
1995	124,900	101,679	23,220	81.4	18.6
1996	126,708	103,537	23,170	81.7	18.3
1997 ³	129,558	106,334	23,224	82.1	17.9
1998 ³	131,463	108,202	23,261	82.3	17.7
1999 ³	133,488	110,302	23,186	82.6	17.4
2000 ³	136,891	113,846	23,044	83.2	16.8
2001	136,933	113,573	23,361	82.9	17.1
2002	136,485	112,700	23,785	82.6	17.4
2003 ³	137,736	113,324	24,412	82.3	17.7
2004 ³	139,252	114,518	24,734	82.2	17.8
2005 ³	141,730	117,016	24,714	82.6	17.4

Table 20. Employed persons by full- and part-time status and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousa			Women		
Year	Total employed	Usually full time ¹	Usually part time ²	Percent usually full time	Percent usually part time
1970	29,688	21,929	7,758	73.9	26.1
1971	29,976	21,950	8,026	73.2	26.8
1972 ³	31,257	22,842	8,416	73.1	26.9
1973 ³	32,715	23,960	8,756	73.2	26.8
1974	33,769	24,714	9,055	73.2	26.8
1975	33,989	24,598	9,391	72.4	27.6
1976	35,615	25,814	9,799	72.5	27.5
1977	37,289	27,076	10,213	72.6	27.4
1978 ³	39,569	28,912	10,658	73.1	26.9
1979	41,217	30,227	10,990	73.3	26.7
1980	42,117	30,845	11,270	73.2	26.8
1981	43,000	31,337	11,664	72.9	27.1
1982	43,256	31,086	12,170	71.9	28.1
1983	44,047	31,679	12,367	71.9	28.1
1984	45,915	33,473	12,441	72.9	27.1
1985	47,259	34,672	12,587	73.4	26.6
1986 ³	48,706	35,845	12,862	73.6	26.4
1987	50,334	37,210	13,124	73.9	26.1
1988	51,696	38,398	13,298	74.3	25.7
1989	53,027	39,484	13,544	74.5	25.5
1990 ³	53,689	40,165	13,524	74.8	25.2
1991	53,496	39,783	13,713	74.4	25.6
1992	54,052	40,301	13,751	74.6	25.4
1993	54,910	40,991	13,919	74.7	25.3
1994 ³	56,610	40,940	15,670	72.3	27.7
1995	57,523	41,743	15,779	72.6	27.4
1996	58,501	42,776	15,725	73.1	26.9
1997 ³	59,873	44,076	15,797	73.6	26.4
1998 ³	60,771	45,014	15,757	74.1	25.9
1999 ³	62,042	46,372	15,670	74.7	25.3
2000 ³	63,586	47,916	15,670	75.4	24.6
2001	63,737	47,950	15,788	75.2	24.8
2002	63,582	47,494	16,088	74.7	25.3
2003 ³	64,404	47,946	16,459	74.4	25.6
2004 ³	64,728	48,073	16,654	74.3	25.7
2005 ³	65,757	49,158	16,598	74.8	25.2

Table 20. Employed persons by full- and part-time status and sex, 1970-2005 annual averages—Continued

Year Total employed Usually full time¹ Usually part time² 1970	Percent usually full time 91.5 91.2 91.1 91.4 91.2 90.6 90.6	Percent usually part time 8.5 8.8 8.9 8.6 8.8
1971	91.2 91.1 91.4 91.2 90.6	8.8 8.9 8.6
1972³ 50,896 46,373 4,523 1973³ 52,349 47,843 4,507 1974 53,024 48,378 4,646 1975 51,857 46,988 4,870 1976 53,138 48,150 4,988 1977 54,728 49,551 5,178 1978³ 56,479 51,281 5,198 1979 57,607 52,427 5,180 1980 57,186 51,717 5,471 1981 57,397 51,906 5,492 1982 56,271 50,334 5,937 1983 56,787 50,643 6,145 1984 59,091 53,070 6,020 1985 59,891 53,862 6,028 1986³ 60,892 54,685 6,207 1987 62,107 55,746 6,360 1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	91.1 91.4 91.2 90.6	8.9 8.6
1973³ 52,349 47,843 4,507 1974 53,024 48,378 4,646 1975 51,857 46,988 4,870 1976 53,138 48,150 4,988 1977 54,728 49,551 5,178 1978³ 56,479 51,281 5,198 1979 57,607 52,427 5,180 1980 57,186 51,717 5,471 1981 57,397 51,906 5,492 1982 56,271 50,334 5,937 1983 56,787 50,643 6,145 1984 59,091 53,070 6,020 1985 59,891 53,862 6,028 1986³ 60,892 54,685 6,207 1987 62,107 55,746 6,360 1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	91.4 91.2 90.6	8.6
1974	91.2 90.6	
1975	90.6	8.8
1976		0.0
1977	90.6	9.4
1978³	50.0	9.4
1979	90.5	9.5
1980	90.8	9.2
1981 57,397 51,906 5,492 1982 56,271 50,334 5,937 1983 56,787 50,643 6,145 1984 59,091 53,070 6,020 1985 59,891 53,862 6,028 1986³ 60,892 54,685 6,207 1987 62,107 55,746 6,360 1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	91.0	9.0
1982	90.4	9.6
1983	90.4	9.6
1984 59,091 53,070 6,020 1985 59,891 53,862 6,028 1986 ³ 60,892 54,685 6,207 1987 62,107 55,746 6,360 1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	89.4	10.6
1985	89.2	10.8
1986³	89.8	10.2
1987 62,107 55,746 6,360 1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	89.9	10.1
1988 63,273 56,816 6,457 1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	89.8	10.2
1989 64,315 57,885 6,430	89.8	10.2
	89.8	10.2
10003	90.0	10.0
1990 ³	89.9	10.1
1991 64,223 57,407 6,815	89.4	10.6
1992 64,440 57,363 7,077	89.0	11.0
1993 65,349 58,123 7,226	88.9	11.1
1994 ³ 66,450 58,832 7,617	88.5	11.5
1995 67,377 59,936 7,441	89.0	11.0
1996 68,207 60,762 7,445	89.1	10.9
1997 ³ 69,685 62,258 7,427	89.3	10.7
1998 ³ 70,693 63,189 7,504	89.4	10.6
1999 ³ 71,446 63,930 7,516	89.5	10.5
2000 ³ 73,305 65,930 7,375	89.9	10.1
2001 73,196 65,623 7,573	89.7	10.3
2002 72,903 65,205 7,697	89.4	10.6
2003 ³ 73,332 65,379 7,953	89.2	10.8
2004 ³ 74,524 66,444 8,080	89.2	10.8
2005 ³	89.3	10.7

¹ Prior to 1994, total includes persons who usually work part time but who worked 35 or more hours during the reference week; for 1994 and later years, such persons were included in the part-time total. In all years, the total includes those who usually work full time but who worked less than 35 hours during the reference week for noneconomic reasons, such as illness or holiday, and those absent from work for the entire reference week who usually work full time. These groups are not shown separately.

entire reference week and for 1994 and later years, those who worked 35 or more hours during the reference week. These groups are not shown separately.

² For all years, total includes those who usually work less than 35 hours a week but who were absent from work for the

³ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

Table 21. Average weekly hours at work in all industries and in nonagricultural industries by sex, 1976-2005 annual averages

Voor		All industries		Nonag	gricultural indu	stries
Year	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men
1976	38.7	34.1	41.7	38.4	34.1	41.4
1977	38.8	34.2	41.9	38.5	34.2	41.6
1978	39.0	34.5	42.1	38.7	34.4	41.8
1979	38.9	34.5	42.0	38.6	34.4	41.7
1980	38.5	34.5	41.5	38.3	34.4	41.2
1981	38.1	34.1	41.1	37.9	34.1	40.7
1982	38.0	34.1	40.9	37.7	34.0	40.6
1983	38.3	34.5	41.2	38.1	34.4	41.0
1984	38.8	34.9	41.8	38.6	34.9	41.5
1985	39.0	35.2	42.0	38.9	35.2	41.8
1986	39.1	35.4	42.1	38.9	35.3	41.9
1987	39.0	35.3	42.0	38.8	35.3	41.8
1988	39.4	35.7	42.4	39.3	35.7	42.2
1989	39.6	35.8	42.6	39.4	35.8	42.4
1990	39.4	35.8	42.3	39.3	35.8	42.1
1991	39.2	35.8	42.0	39.1	35.8	41.9
1992	38.9	35.6	41.7	38.8	35.6	41.6
1993	39.4	36.0	42.2	39.3	36.0	42.1
1994 ¹	39.2	35.5	42.2	39.1	35.6	42.1
1995	39.3	35.6	42.3	39.2	35.7	42.2
1996	39.3	35.7	42.3	39.2	35.7	42.2
1997	39.5	36.0	42.4	39.4	36.0	42.3
1998	39.3	35.8	42.2	39.2	35.9	42.2
1999	39.6	36.2	42.4	39.5	36.2	42.4
2000 ¹	39.7	36.4	42.5	39.6	36.4	42.4
2001	39.2	36.1	41.9	39.2	36.1	41.8
2002	39.2	36.0	41.8	39.1	36.1	41.7
2003	39.0	35.9	41.7	39.0	35.9	41.6
2004	39.0	35.9	41.7	39.0	35.9	41.6
2005	39.2	36.1	41.8	39.1	36.1	41.7

¹ The comparability of historical data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

Table 22. Work experience of the population by sex and full- and part-time status, selected years, 1970-2004

(Percent distribution)

Y ear	Population (in housands) 138,953 153,180 169,452	Total (in thousands) 93,850	Percent of population	Total	Ust Total	ually work fu 50 to 52 weeks	Ill time 1 to 49 weeks	Usu: Total	ally work pa 50 to 52 weeks	1 to 49 weeks
Total, both sexes 19701975	138,953 153,180	thousands)		Total	Total			Total		
1970 1975	153,180	93,850								
1975	153,180	93,850								
			67.5	100.0	79.4	55.6	23.8	20.6	6.7	13.9
1980	169.452	102,603	67.0	100.0	78.9	54.3	24.6	21.2	7.5	13.7
1300	, -	115,752	68.3	100.0	78.5	56.1	22.4	21.4	7.7	13.7
1985	179,944	123,466	68.6	100.0	78.2	58.7	19.5	21.9	8.3	13.6
1990	189,238	132,562	70.1	100.0	78.8	60.4	18.4	21.3	8.7	12.6
1995	199,925	138,971	69.5	100.0	78.6	62.9	15.7	21.3	9.1	12.2
2000 ¹	214,292	150,787	70.4	100.0	80.4	66.7	13.7	19.5	9.3	10.2
2003	222,509	150,689	67.7	100.0	79.8	66.3	13.6	20.2	10.2	10.0
2004	225,236	152,235	67.6	100.0	79.9	66.8	13.1	20.1	10.2	9.9
Women										
1970	73,657	38,809	52.7	100.0	67.9	40.7	27.2	32.2	10.1	22.1
1975	80,834	43,511	53.8	100.0	67.1	41.4	25.7	32.8	11.7	21.1
1980	89,259	51,492	57.7	100.0	67.7	44.7	23.0	32.3	11.9	20.4
1985	94,490	56,165	59.4	100.0	68.1	48.9	19.2	31.8	12.3	19.5
1990	98,970	61,494	62.1	100.0	69.8	51.5	18.3	30.2	12.8	17.4
1995	104,058	65,304	62.8	100.0	70.2	54.3	15.9	29.7	13.3	16.4
2000 ¹	111,440	71,341	64.0	100.0	72.9	58.4	14.5	27.1	13.4	13.7
2003	115,269	71,150	61.7	100.0	72.1	58.8	13.3	27.9	14.5	13.4
2004	116,534	71,683	61.5	100.0	71.9	59.0	13.0	28.1	14.7	13.4
Men										
1970	65,296	55,041	84.3	100.0	87.6	66.1	21.5	12.4	4.4	8.0
1975	72,346	59,091	81.7	100.0	87.5	63.8	23.7	12.5	4.4	8.1
1980	80,193	64,260	80.1	100.0	87.2	65.2	22.0	12.8	4.4	8.4
1985	85,454	67,301	78.8	100.0	86.5	66.8	19.7	13.5	4.8	8.7
1990	90,269	71,068	78.7	100.0	86.4	68.0	18.4	13.5	5.1	8.4
1995	95,867	73,667	76.8	100.0	86.2	70.6	15.6	13.9	5.5	8.4
2000 ¹	102,853	79,446	77.2	100.0	87.5	74.2	13.3	12.6	5.5	7.1
2003	107,241	79,539	74.2	100.0	86.8	73.0	13.8	13.2	6.3	6.9
2004	108,702	80,552	74.1	100.0	87.0	73.8	13.2	13.0	6.2	6.8

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

NOTE: See Technical Note for an explanation of the work experience concept.

SOURCE: Annual Social and Economic Supplements, 1971-2005, Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 23. Married-couple families by number and relationship of earners, 1967-2004

					Marrie	d-couple fa	amilies				
				One e	arner			Two	earners or	more	
Year	Total	otal No earners	Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1967	43,292	2,943	16,490	15,429	716	345	23,859	18,888	4,639	-	-
1968	43,842	2,888	16,375	15,310	730	335	24,579	19,743	4,522	-	-
1969	44,436	3,022	16,268	15,133	797	339	25,145	20,327	4,517	-	-
1970	44,832	3,252	16,117	14,931	867	320	25,464	20,510	4,622	-	-
1971	45,939	3,471	16,847	15,502	1,004	340	25,621	20,641	4,651	-	-
1972	46,594	3,632	16,787	15,387	1,003	398	26,175	21,279	4,553	-	-
1973	47,185	4,027	16,080	14,547	1,110	423	27,078	22,152	4,535	-	-
1974	47,438	4,325	15,795	14,122	1,216	457	27,319	22,451	4,442	-	-
1975	47,878	4,943	16,217	14,343	1,394	481	26,717	22,338	3,861	-	-
1976	48,150	4,962	15,630	13,690	1,424	516	27,559	23,104	3,829	-	-
1977	48,131	5,177	15,119	13,153	1,456	512	27,835	23,474	3,812	-	-
1978	48,532	5,226	14,456	12,434	1,509	513	28,850	24,655	3,609	-	-
1979	49,132	5,559	13,912	11,934	1,499	480	29,660	25,595	3,476	-	-
1980	49,316	5,903	13,900	11,621	1,707	573	29,513	25,557	3,380	-	-
1981	49,669	6,213	13,832	11,524	1,680	628	29,624	25,729	3,212	-	-
1982	49,947	6,427	14,235	11,575	2,048	613	29,285	25,387	3,149	-	-
1983	50,134	6,549	13,692	11,100	1,944	647	29,893	26,119	2,996	-	-
1984	50,395	6,630	12,952	10,472	1,852	628	30,814	27,035	2,891	-	-
1985	50,978	6,693	12,961	10,406	1,897	658	31,324	27,787	2,764	-	-
1986	51,574	6,731	12,565	9,984	1,917	664	32,278	28,811	2,730	-	-
1987	51,847	6,741	12,435	9,787	1,946	702	32,671	29,369	2,576	-	-
1988	52,149	6,754	11,876	9,463	1,777	636	33,519	30,536	2,303	532	148
1989	52,385	6,812	11,748	9,212	1,840	695	33,825	30,879	2,373	435	138
1990	52,241	6,770	11,630	9,107	1,826	698	33,841	30,829	2,369	479	164
1991	52,549	7,091	11,523	8,873	1,993	657	33,935	31,049	2,161	527	197
1992	53,254	7,256	11,977	9,114	2,145	718	34,021	31,268	1,940	624	199
1993	53,248	7,282	11,842	8,745	2,411	687	34,123	31,302	2,051	614	156
1994	53,929	7,227	11,774	8,719	2,374	681	34,928	32,125	2,048	603	151
1995	53,621	7,278	11,739	8,821	2,253	664	34,604	32,061	1,878	539	127
1996	53,654	7,148	11,556	8,671	2,214	671	34,950	32,406	1,899	522	123
1997	54,362	7,289	11,728	8,792	2,302	634	35,345	32,764	1,853	569	158
1998	54,829	7,257	12,279	9,198	2,419	662	35,293	32,810	1,726	616	141
1999	55,352	7,163	12,328	9,093	2,595	640	35,861	33,360	1,815	519	167
2000	56,643	7,463	12,717	9,515	2,601	600	36,463	33,892	1,865	566	139
2001	56,798	7,666	12,907	9,621	2,698	588	36,224	33,696	1,898	501	129
2002	57,362	7,803	13,487	10,109	2,818	560	36,071	33,547	1,845	558	121
2003	57,767	8,043	14,051	10,469	3,026	557	35,673	33,220	1,789	548	117
2004	58,179	7,997	14,381	10,852	2,990	539	35,801	33,221	1,843	613	12

Table 23. Married-couple families by number and relationship of earners, 1967-2004—Continued

(Percent distribution)

	•				Marrie	d-couple fa	amilies				
				One e	earner			Two	earners or	more	
Year	Total	No earners	Total	Husband only	Wife only	Other family member	Total	Husband and wife	Husband and other family member	Wife and other family member	Husband and wife are not earners
1967	100.0	6.8	38.1	35.6	1.7	0.8	55.1	43.6	10.7	_	-
1968	100.0	6.6	37.4	34.9	1.7	0.8	56.1	45.0	10.3	-	-
1969	100.0	6.8	36.6	34.1	1.8	0.8	56.6	45.7	10.2	-	-
1970	100.0	7.3	35.9	33.3	1.9	0.7	56.8	45.7	10.3	-	-
1971	100.0	7.6	36.7	33.7	2.2	0.7	55.8	44.9	10.1	-	-
1972	100.0	7.8	36.0	33.0	2.2	0.9	56.2	45.7	9.8	-	-
1973	100.0	8.5	34.1	30.8	2.4	0.9	57.4	46.9	9.6	-	-
1974	100.0	9.1	33.3	29.8	2.6	1.0	57.6	47.3	9.4	-	-
1975	100.0	10.3	33.9	30.0	2.9	1.0	55.8	46.7	8.1	-	-
1976	100.0	10.3	32.5	28.4	3.0	1.1	57.2	48.0	8.0	-	-
1977	100.0	10.8	31.4	27.3	3.0	1.1	57.8	48.8	7.9	-	-
1978	100.0	10.8	29.8	25.6	3.1	1.1	59.4	50.8	7.4	-	-
1979	100.0	11.3	28.3	24.3	3.1	1.0	60.4	52.1	7.1	-	-
1980	100.0	12.0	28.2	23.6	3.5	1.2	59.8	51.8	6.9	-	-
1981	100.0	12.5	27.8	23.2	3.4	1.3	59.6	51.8	6.5	-	-
1982	100.0	12.9	28.5	23.2	4.1	1.2	58.6	50.8	6.3	-	-
1983	100.0	13.1	27.3	22.1	3.9	1.3	59.6	52.1	6.0	-	-
1984	100.0	13.2	25.7	20.8	3.7	1.2	61.1	53.6	5.7	-	-
1985	100.0	13.1	25.4	20.4	3.7	1.3	61.4	54.5	5.4	-	-
1986	100.0	13.1	24.4	19.4	3.7	1.3	62.6	55.9	5.3	-	-
1987	100.0	13.0	24.0	18.9	3.8	1.4	63.0	56.6	5.0	-	-
1988	100.0	13.0	22.8	18.1	3.4	1.2	64.3	58.6	4.4	1.0	.3
1989	100.0	13.0	22.4	17.6	3.5	1.3	64.6	58.9	4.5	0.8	.3
1990	100.0	13.0	22.3	17.4	3.5	1.3	64.8	59.0	4.5	0.9	.3
1991	100.0	13.5	21.9	16.9	3.8	1.3	64.6	59.1	4.1	1.0	.4
1992	100.0	13.6	22.5	17.1	4.0	1.3	63.9	58.7	3.6	1.2	.4
1993	100.0	13.7	22.2	16.4	4.5	1.3	64.1	58.8	3.9	1.2	.3
1994	100.0	13.4	21.8	16.2	4.4	1.3	64.8	59.6	3.8	1.1	.3
1995	100.0	13.6	21.9	16.5	4.2	1.2	64.5	59.8	3.5	1.0	.2
1996	100.0	13.3	21.5	16.2	4.1	1.3	65.1	60.4	3.5	1.0	.2
1997	100.0	13.4	21.6	16.2	4.2	1.2	65.0	60.3	3.4	1.0	.3
1998	100.0	13.2	22.4	16.8	4.4	1.2	64.4	59.8	3.1	1.1	.3
1999	100.0	12.9	22.3	16.4	4.7	1.2	64.8	60.3	3.3	0.9	.3
2000	100.0	13.2	22.5	16.8	4.6	1.1	64.4	59.8	3.3	1.0	.2
2001	100.0	13.5	22.7	16.9	4.8	1.0	63.8	59.3	3.3	0.9	.2
2002	100.0	13.6	23.5	17.6	4.9	1.0	62.9	58.5	3.2	1.0	.2
2003	100.0	13.9	24.3	18.1	5.2	1.0	61.8	57.5	3.1	0.9	.2
2004	100.0	13.7	24.7	18.7	5.1	0.9	61.5	57.1	3.2	1.1	.2

⁻ Dash indicates data not available.

NOTE: These data, collected in the Annual Social and Economic Supplement, reflect the earnings and work experience of the entire year.

SOURCE: Annual Social and Economic Supplement 1968-2005 Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 24. Contribution of wives' earnings to family income, 1970-2004

Year	Contribution to family income (median percent)
1970	26.6
1971	27.5
1972	26.7
1973	26.0
1974	25.4
1975	26.3
1976	26.4
1977	26.1
1978	26.1
1979	26.0
1980	26.7
1981	27.3
1982	28.4
1983	28.8
1984	28.4
1985	28.3
1986	29.0
1987	29.5
1988	29.6
1989	29.9
1990	30.7
1991	31.3
1992	32.4
1993	32.2
1994	31.9
1995	31.9
1996	32.6
1997	32.7
1998	32.8
1999	32.8
2000	33.5
2001	
2002	
2003	35.2
	34.8

SOURCE: Annual Social and Economic Supplements 1971-2005 Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 25. Wives who earn more than their husbands, 1987-2004

		n which wives have ut husbands may no		Families in	which both wives ar have earnings	nd husbands
Year	Married-couple families in which wife (but not necessarily husband) had earnings from work	Wives who earn more than their husbands ¹	Percent of wives who earn more than their husbands ¹	Married-couple families in which both wife and husband had earnings from work	Wives who earn more than their husbands ²	Percent of wives who earn more than their husbands ²
1987	32,025	7,581	23.7	29,755	5,311	17.8
1988	32,810	7,827	23.9	30,503	5,520	18.1
1989	33,119	8,068	24.4	30,848	5,796	18.8
1990	33,093	8,221	24.8	30,794	5,923	19.2
1991	33,516	8,983	26.8	30,998	6,465	20.9
1992	33,987	9,715	28.6	31,221	6,948	22.3
1993	34,286	10,000	29.2	31,264	6,978	22.3
1994	35,066	10,184	29.0	32,091	7,209	22.5
1995	34,819	9,822	28.2	32,030	7,033	22.0
1996	35,120	10,070	28.7	32,389	7,340	22.7
1997	35,613	10,309	28.9	32,745	7,441	22.7
1998	35,806	10,467	29.2	32,782	7,443	22.7
1999	36,454	10,548	28.9	33,340	7,434	22.3
2000	37,037	11,070	29.9	33,873	7,906	23.3
2001	36,864	11,329	30.7	33,665	8,130	24.1
2002	36,905	11,765	31.9	33,531	8,391	25.0
2003	36,761	11,923	32.4	33,189	8,351	25.2
2004	36,802	12,004	32.6	33,201	8,402	25.3

¹ Includes families in which husband had no earnings from work.

NOTE: These data, collected in the Annual Social and

SOURCE: 1988-2005 Annual Social and Economic Supplements, Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

² Excludes families in which husband had no earnings from work.

Table 26. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in triousarius)		Wo	rkers paid hourly	rates	
			al at or below pre		wage
Characteristic	Total	Total	Percent of hourly paid workers	At prevailing Federal minimum wage	Below prevailing Federal minimum wage
Age and sex					
Total, 16 years and over	75,609	1,882	2.5	479	1,403
16 to 24 years	16,374	1,002	6.1	283	720
25 years and over	59,235	880	1.5	196	683
Women, 16 years and over	37,957	1,234	3.3	290	944
16 to 24 years	8,086	650	8.0	153	496
25 years and over	29,871	584	2.0	137	447
Men, 16 years and over	37,652	648	1.7	189	459
16 to 24 years	8,288	353	4.3	130	223
25 years and over	29,364	296	1.0	60	236
Race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
White	60,978	1,537	2.5	349	1,188
Women	30,078	1,053	3.5	216	836
Men	30,901	485	1.6	133	352
Black or African American	9,793	215	2.2	96	119
Women	5,372	111	2.1	54	57
Men	4,421	105	2.4	42	63
Asian	2,720	65	2.4	14	51
Women	1,437	35	2.4	9	26
Men	1,283	30	2.3	5	25
Hispanic or Latino	12,527	282	2.2	71	210
Women	5,060	167	3.3	42	125
Men	7,467	114	1.5	29	85
Full- and part-time status ¹					
Full-time workers	57,385	752	1.3	143	608
Women	25,474	430	1.7	74	356
Men	31,911	321	1.0	69	252
Part-time workers	18,084	1,126	6.2	336	790
Women	12,415	799	6.4	216	583
Men	5,669	327	5.8	120	207

¹ The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

NOTE: The prevailing Federal minimum wage was \$5.15 per hour in 2005. Data are for wage and salary workers, excluding the incorporated self-employed. They refer to a person's earnings on his or her sole or principal job, and pertain only to workers who are

paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and other nonhourly workers are not included. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 27. Percent distribution of employed persons by age, sex, and contingent and noncontingent status, February 2005

		C	ontingent workers	s ¹	Noncontingent	
Age and sex	Total employed	Estimate 1	Estimate 2	Estimate 3	workers ¹	
Total, 16 years and over	138,952	1.8	2.3	4.1	95.9	
16 to 19 years	5,510	5.6	6.1	8.6	91.4	
20 to 24 years	13,114	4.6	5.2	8.2	91.8	
25 to 34 years	30,103	2.3	2.9	4.8	95.2	
35 to 44 years	34,481	1.2	1.7	3.0	97.0	
45 to 54 years	32,947	0.8	1.2	2.7	97.3	
55 to 64 years	17,980	0.8	1.1	3.0	97.0	
65 years and over	4,817	1.6	2.3	5.2	94.8	
Women, 16 years and over	65,006	1.8	2.4	4.3	95.7	
16 to 19 years	2,931	5.6	6.2	8.4	91.6	
20 to 24 years	6,186	4.0	4.8	7.8	92.2	
25 to 34 years	13,480	2.2	2.7	4.6	95.4	
35 to 44 years	15,958	1.1	1.7	3.2	96.8	
45 to 54 years	15,754	1.1	1.6	3.2	96.8	
55 to 64 years	8,495	0.9	1.1	3.2	96.8	
65 years and over	2,202	2.6	3.5	7.2	92.8	
Men, 16 years and over	73,946	1.8	2.2	3.9	96.1	
16 to 19 years	2,579	5.6	6.1	8.9	91.2	
20 to 24 years	6,928	5.2	5.7	8.6	91.4	
25 to 34 years	16,624	2.4	3.1	5.0	95.0	
35 to 44 years	18,523	1.3	1.6	2.9	97.1	
45 to 54 years	17,193	0.6	0.8	2.1	97.9	
55 to 64 years	9,485	0.7	1.1	2.8	97.2	
65 years and over	2,615	0.7	1.3	3.5	96.5	

¹ Contingent workers are those who do not have an implicit or explicit contract for ongoing employment. Persons who do not expect to continue in their jobs for personal reasons, such as retirement or returning to school, are not considered contingent workers, provided that they would have the option of continuing in the job were it not for these personal reasons. Estimate 1 includes wage and salary workers who expect their jobs will last for an additional year or less and who had worked at their jobs for 1 year or less. Estimate 2 includes wage and salary workers, the self-employed, and independent contractors who expect their em-

ployment to last for an additional year or less and who had worked at their jobs (or been self-employed) for 1 year or less. Estimate 3 includes all workers who do not expect their jobs to last. This is the broadest definition of contingency and estimates 1 and 2 of contingency are included in estimate 3. Noncontingent workers are those workers who do not fall into any of the three definitions of contingency.

SOURCE: Contingent and alternative work arrangements supplement to the Current Population Survey, February 2005, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 28. Percent distribution of employed persons by age, sex, and alternative work arrangements, February 2005

			Percent of	workers wit	h alternative arra	ngements ¹	
Age and sex	Total employed (in thousands)	Total	Independent contractors	On-call workers	Temporary help agency workers	Workers provided by contract firms	Workers with traditional arrangements
Total, 16 years and over	138,952	100.0	7.4	1.8	0.9	0.6	89.1
16 to 19 years	5,510	100.0	1.6	2.4	.6	.1	94.3
20 to 24 years	13,114	100.0	2.7	2.7	1.5	.7	91.9
25 to 34 years	30,103	100.0	5.0	1.8	1.2	.7	91.1
35 to 44 years	34,481	100.0	8.0	1.7	.7	.6	88.9
45 to 54 years	32,947	100.0	8.5	1.3	.6	.6	89.0
55 to 64 years	17,980	100.0	10.8	1.5	.8	.6	86.2
65 years and over	4,817	100.0	18.3	3.6	.7	.4	76.8
Women, 16 years and over	65,006	100.0	5.6	1.9	1.0	.4	91.0
16 to 19 years	2,931	100.0	1.9	1.8	.3	-	95.7
20 to 24 years	6,186	100.0	2.6	2.5	1.5	.4	92.5
25 to 34 years	13,480	100.0	3.8	1.8	1.3	.5	92.6
35 to 44 years	15,958	100.0	5.8	2.0	.8	.4	91.0
45 to 54 years	15,754	100.0	6.6	1.3	.8	.3	90.9
55 to 64 years	8,495	100.0	7.7	1.9	1.0	.5	88.8
65 years and over	2,202	100.0	13.3	3.8	.8	.7	81.1
Men, 16 years and over	73,946	100.0	9.1	1.7	.8	.8	87.5
16 to 19 years	2,579	100.0	1.2	3.2	.9	.3	92.6
20 to 24 years	6,928	100.0	2.8	2.9	1.5	.9	91.4
25 to 34 years	16,624	100.0	6.1	1.8	1.1	.8	89.9
35 to 44 years	18,523	100.0	9.8	1.4	.6	.8	87.1
45 to 54 years	17,193	100.0	10.3	1.2	.4	.8	87.3
55 to 64 years	9,485	100.0	13.6	1.1	.5	.7	83.9
65 years and over	2,615	100.0	22.5	3.5	.6	.1	73.3

¹ Independent contractors are workers who were identified as independent contractors, independent consultants, or freelance workers, whether they were self-employed or wage and salary workers. On-call workers are workers who are called to work only as needed, although they can be scheduled to work for several days or weeks in a row. Temporary help agency workers are workers who were paid by a temporary help agency, whether or not their job was temporary. Workers provided by contract firms are workers who are employed by a company that provides them or their services to others under contract and who are usually assigned to only one customer and usually work at the customer's worksite.

NOTE: Workers with traditional arrangements are those who do not fall into any of the "alternative arrangements" categories. Detail may not sum to totals because the total employed includes day laborers (an alternative arrangement, not shown separately) and a small number of workers who were both "on call" and "provided by contract firms." Dash represents zero.

SOURCE: Contingent and alternative work arrangements supplement to the Current Population Survey, February 2005, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 29. Flexible schedules: Full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, May 2004

Both sexes			Women			Men		
	With flexib	le schedules ²		With flexib	le schedules ²		With flexib	le schedules ²
Total ¹	Number	Percent of total	Total ¹	Number	Percent of total	Total ¹	Number	Percent of total
99,778	27,411	27.5	43,366	11,558	26.7	56,412	15,853	28.1
. 1,427	336	23.6	524	151	28.9	903	185	20.5
. 98,351	27,075	27.5	42,842	11,406	26.6	55,509	15,668	28.2
. 9,004	2,058	22.9	3,856	993	25.8	5,147	1,065	20.7
. 24,640	6,902	28.0	10,283	2,851	27.7	14,358	4,051	28.2
26,766	7,807	29.2	11,342	3,202	28.2	15,424	4,605	29.9
. 24,855	6,651	26.8	11,415	2,882	25.2	13,440	3,769	28.0
. 11,745	3,181	27.1	5,361	1,316	24.5	6,383	1,865	29.2
1,341	475	35.4	585	161	27.6	757	314	41.4
. 10,431	2,394	23.0	4,380	1,144	26.1	6,050	1,250	20.7
76,261	21,360	28.0	33,040	8,935	27.0	43,222	12,425	28.7
13,086	3,656	27.9	5,946	1,477	24.8	7,140	2,179	30.5
80,498	23,121	28.7	34,276	9,539	27.8	46,222	13,582	29.4
12,578	2,476	19.7	6,131	1,283	20.9	6,447	1,193	18.5
. 14,110	2,596	18.4	5,489	1,166	21.2	8,621	1,430	16.6
57,630	16,270	28.2	22,704	5,888	25.9	34,926	10,382	29.7
25,144	6,693	26.6	10,676	3,088	28.9	14,469	3,605	24.9
17,004	4,448	26.2	9,986	2,582	25.9	7,018	1,866	26.6
. 61,761	16,759	27.1	27,081	7,349	27.1	34,680	9,410	27.1
38,018	10,652	28.0	16,285	4,209	25.8	21,733	6,443	29.6
. 21,739	5,960	27.4	10,262	2,619	25.5	11,477	3,341	29.1
16,279	4,692	28.8	6,023	1,590	26.4	10,256	3,102	30.2
	99,778 1,427 98,351 9,004 24,640 26,766 24,855 11,745 1,341 10,431 76,261 13,086 80,498 12,578 14,110 57,630 25,144 17,004	Total ¹ Number 99,778 27,411 1,427 336 98,351 27,075 9,004 2,058 24,640 6,902 26,766 7,807 24,855 6,651 11,745 3,181 1,341 475 10,431 2,394 76,261 21,360 13,086 3,656 80,498 23,121 12,578 2,476 14,110 2,596 57,630 16,270 25,144 6,693 17,004 4,448 61,761 16,759 38,018 10,652 21,739 5,960	Number total 99,778 27,411 27.5 1,427 336 23.6 98,351 27,075 27.5 9,004 2,058 22.9 24,640 6,902 28.0 26,766 7,807 29.2 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,745 3,181 27.1 1,341 475 35.4 10,431 2,394 23.0 76,261 21,360 28.0 13,086 3,656 27.9 80,498 23,121 28.7 12,578 2,476 19.7 14,110 2,596 18.4 57,630 16,270 28.2 25,144 6,693 26.6 17,004 4,448 26.2 61,761 16,759 27.1 38,018 10,652 28.0 21,739 5,960 27.4	Total ¹ Number Percent of total Total ¹ 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 1,427 336 23.6 524 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 1,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,341 475 35.4 585 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 76,261 21,360 28.0 33,040 13,086 3,656 27.9 5,946 80,498 23,121 28.7 34,276 12,578 2,476 19.7 6,131 14,110 2,596 18.4 5,489 57,630 16,270 28.2 22,704 25,144 6,693 26.6 10,676 17,00	Total ¹ Number Percent of total Total ¹ Number 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 11,558 1,427 336 23.6 524 151 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 11,406 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 993 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 2,851 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 3,202 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 2,882 11,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,316 1,341 475 35.4 585 161 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 1,144 76,261 21,360 28.0 33,040 8,935 13,086 3,656 27.9 5,946 1,477 80,498 23,121 28.7 34,276 9,539 12,578 2,476 19.7 6,131 1,283 <t< td=""><td>Total¹ Number Percent of total Total¹ Number Percent of total 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 11,558 26.7 1,427 336 23.6 524 151 28.9 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 11,406 26.6 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 993 25.8 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 2,851 27.7 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 3,202 28.2 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 2,882 25.2 11,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,316 24.5 1,341 475 35.4 585 161 27.6 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 1,144 26.1 176,261 21,360 28.0 33,040 8,935 27.0 13,086 3,656 27.9 5,946 1,477 24.8</td><td>Total¹ Number Percent of total Total¹ Number Percent of total Total¹ 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 11,558 26.7 56,412 1,427 336 23.6 524 151 28.9 903 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 11,406 26.6 55,509 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 993 25.8 5,147 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 2,851 27.7 14,358 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 3,202 28.2 15,424 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 2,882 25.2 13,440 11,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,316 24.5 6,383 1,341 475 35.4 585 161 27.6 757 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 1,144 26.1 6,050 76,261 21,</td><td> Total Number Percent of total Total Number Percent of total Number N</td></t<>	Total¹ Number Percent of total Total¹ Number Percent of total 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 11,558 26.7 1,427 336 23.6 524 151 28.9 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 11,406 26.6 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 993 25.8 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 2,851 27.7 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 3,202 28.2 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 2,882 25.2 11,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,316 24.5 1,341 475 35.4 585 161 27.6 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 1,144 26.1 176,261 21,360 28.0 33,040 8,935 27.0 13,086 3,656 27.9 5,946 1,477 24.8	Total ¹ Number Percent of total Total ¹ Number Percent of total Total ¹ 99,778 27,411 27.5 43,366 11,558 26.7 56,412 1,427 336 23.6 524 151 28.9 903 98,351 27,075 27.5 42,842 11,406 26.6 55,509 9,004 2,058 22.9 3,856 993 25.8 5,147 24,640 6,902 28.0 10,283 2,851 27.7 14,358 26,766 7,807 29.2 11,342 3,202 28.2 15,424 24,855 6,651 26.8 11,415 2,882 25.2 13,440 11,745 3,181 27.1 5,361 1,316 24.5 6,383 1,341 475 35.4 585 161 27.6 757 10,431 2,394 23.0 4,380 1,144 26.1 6,050 76,261 21,	Total Number Percent of total Total Number Percent of total Number N

¹ Includes persons who did not provide information on flexible schedules.

NOTE: Data relate to the sole or principal job of full-time wage and salary workers who were at work during the survey reference week and exclude all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses were incorporated. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-

origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Own children include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

SOURCE: May 2004 Flexible schedules and shift work supplement to the Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

² Persons with flexible schedules are able to vary or make changes in their beginning and ending hours of work, whether or not they have a formal flexitime program on their job.

Table 30. Job-related work at home on primary job: All workers by marital status, presence and age of children, sex, and pay status, May 2004

			Persons	who usually wo	rked at home ¹	
					listribution by clas	s of worker 2
Characteristic	Total employed ³	Total	Rate	Wage a	and salary	
		Total	rato	Paid	Unpaid	Self-employed ⁴
Total						
Total, 16 years and over	136,602	20,673	15.1	16.2	49.3	33.7
Married, spouse present	77,243	14,623	18.9	16.4	48.1	34.6
Not married	59,359	6,050	10.2	15.7	52.2	31.5
Never married	36,857	3,087	8.4	17.7	58.1	23.2
Other marital status	22,502	2,963	13.2	13.6	46.1	40.2
With own children under 18	50,011	8,584	17.2	17.4	47.5	34.0
With own children under 6	21,373	3,599	16.8	19.2	47.3	32.8
With no own children under 18	86,591	12,090	14.0	15.4	50.5	33.4
Women						
Total, 16 years and over	64,185	9,893	15.4	17.8	51.4	29.4
Married, spouse present	33,750	6,509	19.3	18.2	48.8	31.4
Not married	30,435	3,384	11.1	17.1	56.5	25.5
Never married	16,754	1,522	9.1	19.2	66.2	12.7
Other marital status	13,681	1,862	13.6	15.3	48.6	35.9
With own children under 18	24,108	4,051	16.8	19.9	46.6	31.5
With own children under 6	9,331	1,614	17.3	23.4	42.6	32.6
With no own children under 18	40,077	5,842	14.6	16.3	54.8	27.9
Men						
Total, 16 years and over	72,417	10,780	14.9	14.7	47.3	37.6
Married, spouse present	43,493	8,114	18.7	15.0	47.5	37.1
Not married	28,924	2,666	9.2	13.9	46.8	39.1
Never married	20,104	1,565	7.8	16.2	50.3	33.3
Other marital status	8,820	1,101	12.5	10.5	41.8	47.4
With own children under 18	25,903	4,533	17.5	15.1	48.4	36.3
With own children under 6	12,042	1,986	16.5	15.8	51.0	33.0
With no own children under 18	46,514	6,247	13.4	14.5	46.5	38.6

¹ Persons who usually work at home are defined as those who work at home at least once per week as part of their primary job.

NOTE: Data refer to employed persons in nonagricultural industries. Own children include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children.

SOURCE: May 2004 Work at Home supplement to the Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

²Unpaid family workers and wage and salary workers who did not report pay status are included in total but not shown separately.

 $[\]ensuremath{^3}$ Includes persons who did not provide information on work at home.

⁴ Includes both the incorporated and unincorporated self-employed.

Table 31. Displaced workers¹ by age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and employment status in January 2006 (Numbers in thousands)

Age, sex, race, and Hispanic			Percent distributi	on by employment s	tatus
or Latino ethnicity	Total	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Not in labor force
Total					
Total, 20 years and over	3,815	100.0	69.9	13.4	16.7
20 to 24 years	111	100.0	66.4	21.4	12.2
25 to 54 years	2,841	100.0	74.5	13.4	12.0
55 to 64 years	728	100.0	60.6	12.3	27.0
65 years and over	135	100.0	25.4	10.8	63.8
Women, 20 years and over	1,739	100.0	65.6	13.1	21.3
20 to 24 years	44	100.0	(2)	(2)	(2)
25 to 54 years	1,289	100.0	69.6	14.2	16.2
55 to 64 years	350	100.0	59.7	10.0	30.3
65 years and over	55	100.0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Men, 20 years and over	2,076	100.0	73.5	13.6	12.9
20 to 24 years	67	100.0	77.4	21.4	1.2
25 to 54 years	1,552	100.0	78.6	12.8	8.5
55 to 64 years	377	100.0	61.5	14.5	24.0
65 years and over	80	100.0	27.5	18.3	54.2
White					
Total, 20 years and over	3,169	100.0	70.0	13.2	16.8
Women	1,386	100.0	64.8	13.3	22.0
Men	1,784	100.0	74.1	13.1	12.8
Black or African American					
Total, 20 years and over	452	100.0	71.2	13.4	15.4
Women	271	100.0	70.7	11.5	17.9
Men	181	100.0	72.1	16.3	11.6
Asian					
Total, 20 years and over	113	100.0	72.0	12.3	15.7
Women	48	100.0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Men	65	100.0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Total, 20 years and over	416	100.0	60.2	22.9	16.9
Women	187	100.0	56.2	20.3	23.5
Men	230	100.0	63.5	25.0	11.5

¹ Data refer to persons who had 3 or more years of tenure on a job they had lost or left between January 2003 and December 2005 because of plant or company closings or moves, insufficient work, or the abolishment of their positions or shifts.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because

data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

SOURCE: January 2006 Displaced Worker supplement to the Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Table 32. Labor force status of 2005 high school graduates and 2004-05 high school dropouts 16 to 24 years old by school enrollment and sex, October 2005

				Civiliar	n labor force			
	Civilian			Em	nployed	Un	employed	Not in
Characteristic	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	labor force
Total, 2005 high school graduates	2,675	1,529	57.2	1,320	49.3	209	13.7	1,146
Women	1,414	778	55.0	668	47.2	110	14.2	635
Men	1,262	751	59.5	652	51.7	99	13.1	511
Enrolled in college	1,834	869	47.4	795	43.4	73	8.4	965
Women	995	463	46.5	431	43.3	31	6.8	533
Men	839	406	48.4	364	43.4	42	10.3	433
Not enrolled in college	841	660	78.5	525	62.4	136	20.6	181
Women	418	315	75.4	236	56.5	79	25.1	103
Men	423	345	81.6	288	68.2	57	16.4	78
Total, 2004-05 high school dropouts ¹	407	233	57.2	156	38.3	77	32.9	174
Women	180	97	54.0	69	38.4	28	28.8	83
Men	227	136	59.7	87	38.3	49	35.9	91

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm Data}$ refer to persons who dropped out of school between October 2004 and October 2005.

SOURCE: October 2005 Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table 33. Labor force status of persons 16 to 24 years old by school enrollment, sex, and educational attainment, October 2005

(Numbers in thousands)				Civilian la	abor force			
	Civilian			Er	nployed	Une	mployed]
Characteristic	noninstitutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
Enrolled in school	20,905	9,442	45.2	8,528	40.8	914	9.7	11,462
Enrolled in high school ¹	9,905	3,075	31.0	2,552	25.8	523	17.0	6,830
Women	4,671	1,547	33.1	1,260	27.0	287	18.6	3,123
Men	5,234	1,528	29.2	1,292	24.7	236	15.4	3,706
Enrolled in college	11,000	6,367	57.9	5,976	54.3	391	6.1	4,633
Women	5,965	3,551	59.5	3,356	56.3	195	5.5	2,414
Men	5,034	2,816	55.9	2,620	52.0	196	7.0	2,218
Not enrolled in school	15,856	12,896	81.3	11,504	72.6	1,392	10.8	2,960
Women	7,578	5,656	74.6	5,062	66.8	594	10.5	1,921
Less than a high school diploma	1,449	776	53.5	611	42.2	165	21.2	673
High school graduates, no college ²	3,219	2,355	73.2	2,083	64.7	271	11.5	864
Some college or associate degree	1,861	1,553	83.4	1,430	76.8	123	7.9	308
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,049	973	92.8	938	89.4	35	3.6	76
Men	8,279	7,240	87.5	6,442	77.8	798	11.0	1,039
Less than a high school diploma	2,009	1,602	79.8	1,357	67.5	246	15.3	406
High school graduates, no college ²	3,849	3,381	87.8	3,018	78.4	363	10.7	468
Some college or associate degree	1,713	1,576	92.0	1,424	83.1	153	9.7	137
Bachelor's degree and higher	708	681	96.1	644	90.9	37	5.4	27

¹ Includes a small number of persons enrolled in grades below high school.

² Includes high school diploma or equivalent.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}\xspace$. Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

SOURCE: October 2005 Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 34. Multiple jobholders and multiple jobholding rates by sex and race, May of selected years, 1970-2005, not seasonally adjusted

•	,		Multiple jo	obholders			Multip	ole jobholdin	ing rate ¹		
Year	Total employed	Total	Wor Number	men Percent of all multiple jobholders	Men	Total	Women	Men	White	Black or African American²	
1970	78,358	4,048	636	15.7	3,412	5.2	2.2	7.0	5.3	4.4	
1971	78,708	4,035	765	19.0	3,270	5.1	2.6	6.7	5.3	3.8	
1972	81,224	3,770	735	19.5	3,035	4.6	2.4	6.0	4.8	3.7	
1973	83,758	4,262	869	20.4	3,393	5.1	2.7	6.6	5.1	4.7	
1974	85,786	3,889	867	22.3	3,022	4.5	2.6	5.8	4.6	3.8	
1975	84,146	3,918	956	24.4	2,962	4.7	2.9	5.8	4.8	3.7	
1976	87,278	3,948	911	23.1	3,037	4.5	2.6	5.8	4.7	2.8	
1977	90,482	4,558	1,241	27.2	3,317	5.0	3.4	6.2	5.3	2.6	
1978	93,904	4,493	1,281	28.5	3,212	4.8	3.3	5.8	5.0	3.1	
1979	96,327	4,724	1,407	29.8	3,317	4.9	3.5	5.9	5.1	3.0	
1980	96,809	4,759	1,549	32.5	3,210	4.9	3.8	5.8	5.1	3.2	
1985	106,878	5,730	2,192	38.3	3,537	5.4	4.7	5.9	5.7	3.2	
1989	117,084	7,225	3,109	43.0	4,115	6.2	5.9	6.4	6.5	4.3	
1991	116,626	7,183	3,129	43.6	4,054	6.2	5.9	6.4	6.4	4.9	
1994	122,946	7,316	3,343	45.7	3,973	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.1	4.9	
1995	124,554	7,952	3,727	46.9	4,225	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.6	5.2	
1996	126,391	7,846	3,494	44.5	4,352	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.4	5.1	
1997	129,565	8,197	3,800	46.4	4,398	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.5	5.7	
1998	131,476	8,126	3,688	45.4	4,438	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.3	5.5	
1999	133,411	7,895	3,778	47.9	4,117	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.5	
2000	136,685	7,751	3,667	47.3	4,084	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.9	4.9	
2001	137,121	7,540	3,626	48.1	3,914	5.5	5.7	5.3	5.6	5.3	
2002	136,559	7,247	3,511	48.4	3,736	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.5	4.7	
2003	137,567	7,338	3,498	47.7	3,841	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.5	4.3	
2004	138,867	7,258	3,605	49.7	3,653	5.2	5.6	4.9	5.3	5.1	
2005	141,730	6,895	3,402	49.3	3,493	4.9	5.2	4.6	5.4	4.4	

¹ Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified group.

² Data for years prior to 1977 refer to the black-and-other popu-

NOTE: Data from 1994-2004 are not strictly comparable with data for prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error in Employment and Earnings. Comprehensive surveys of multiple jobholders were not conducted in 1981-84, 1986-88, 1990, and 1992-93.

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

lation group.

Table 35. Unincorporated self-employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, 1976-2005 annual averages

		Total			Women			Men		Self-
Year	Total employed	Self- employed	Self- employed as a percent of total	Total employed	Self- employed	Self- employed as a percent of total	Total employed	Self- employed	Self- employed as a percent of total	employed women as percent of total self- employed
1976	85,421	5,782	6.8	35,027	1,549	4.4	50,394	4,233	8.4	26.8
1977	88,734	6,115	6.9	36,677	1,692	4.6	52,057	4,423	8.5	27.7
1978	92,661	6,428	6.9	38,900	1,814	4.7	53,761	4,614	8.6	28.2
1979	95,477	6,792	7.1	40,556	1,982	4.9	54,921	4,810	8.8	29.2
1980	95,938	7,001	7.3	41,461	2,097	5.1	54,477	4,904	9.0	30.0
1981	97,030	7,097	7.3	42,333	2,192	5.2	54,697	4,905	9.0	30.9
1982	96,125	7,263	7.6	42,591	2,309	5.4	53,534	4,954	9.3	31.8
1983	97,450	7,575	7.8	43,367	2,439	5.6	54,083	5,136	9.5	32.2
1984	101,685	7,785	7.7	45,262	2,566	5.7	56,423	5,219	9.2	33.0
1985	103,971	7,810	7.5	46,615	2,603	5.6	57,356	5,207	9.1	33.3
1986	106,435	7,881	7.4	48,054	2,610	5.4	58,381	5,271	9.0	33.1
1987	109,232	8,201	7.5	49,668	2,778	5.6	59,564	5,423	9.1	33.9
1988	111,800	8,519	7.6	51,020	2,955	5.8	60,780	5,564	9.2	34.7
1989	114,143	8,605	7.5	52,341	3,043	5.8	61,802	5,562	9.0	35.4
1990	115,570	8,719	7.5	53,011	3,122	5.9	62,559	5,597	8.9	35.8
1991	114,449	8,850	7.7	52,815	3,150	6.0	61,634	5,700	9.2	35.6
1992	115,246	8,576	7.4	53,380	2,963	5.6	61,866	5,613	9.1	34.5
1993	117,144	8,959	7.6	54,273	3,065	5.6	62,871	5,894	9.4	34.2
1994	119,651	9,003	7.5	55,755	3,443	6.2	63,896	5,560	8.7	38.2
1995	121,460	8,901	7.3	56,642	3,440	6.1	64,818	5,461	8.4	38.6
1996	123,264	8,971	7.3	57,630	3,506	6.1	65,634	5,465	8.3	39.1
1997	126,159	9,056	7.2	59,026	3,550	6.0	67,133	5,506	8.2	39.2
1998	128,085	8,962	7.0	59,945	3,482	5.8	68,140	5,480	8.0	38.9
1999	130,207	8,790	6.8	61,193	3,424	5.6	69,014	5,366	7.8	39.0
2000	134,427	9,205	6.8	62,983	3,631	5.8	71,444	5,573	7.8	39.4
2001	134,635	9,121	6.8	63,147	3,594	5.7	71,488	5,527	7.7	39.4
2002	134,174	8,923	6.7	62,995	3,499	5.6	71,179	5,425	7.6	39.2
2003	135,461	9,344	6.9	63,824	3,609	5.7	71,636	5,736	8.0	38.6
2004	137,020	9,467	6.9	64,182	3,607	5.6	72,838	5,860	8.0	38.1
2005	141,730	9,509	6.7	65,757	3,565	5.4	75,973	5,944	7.8	37.5

NOTE: Beginning in 2000, data reflect the introduction of the 2002 Census industry classification system derived from the 2002 North American Industry Classification System into the Current Population Survey (CPS).

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 36. Employment status of the native-born¹ and foreign-born² civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)				Civilia	n labor force			
	Civilian			Em	ployed	Unem	nployed	
Characteristic	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
Both sexes								
Native born: ¹								
16 years and over	191,594	125,968	65.7	118,997	62.1	6,971	5.5	65,626
16 to 24 years	32,228	19,771	61.3	17,352	53.8	2,419	12.2	12,457
25 to 34 years	31,118	26,219	84.3	24,753	79.5	1,466	5.6	4,899
35 to 44 years	35,745	30,072	84.1	28,793	80.5	1,280	4.3	5,673
45 to 54 years	35,904	29,452	82.0	28,374	79.0	1,079	3.7	6,451
55 to 64 years	25,625	15,963	62.3	15,386	60.0	577	3.6	9,661
65 years and over	30,975	4,490	14.5	4,339	14.0	151	3.4	26,484
Foreign born: ²								
16 years and over	31,763	21,433	67.5	20,255	63.8	1,178	5.5	10,330
16 to 24 years	4,191	2,497	59.6	2,278	54.4	219	8.8	1,694
25 to 34 years	7,821	5,988	76.6	5,670	72.5	318	5.3	1,833
35 to 44 years	7,481	6,085	81.3	5,787	77.4	298	4.9	1,396
45 to 54 years	5,342	4,305	80.6	4,096	76.7	210	4.9	1,036
55 to 64 years	3,294	2,050	62.2	1,945	59.0	105	5.1	1,244
65 years and over	3,634	507	14.0	479	13.2	28	5.5	3,127
Women								
Native born: ¹								
16 years and over	99,797	59,893	60.0	56,736	56.9	3,158	5.3	39,904
16 to 24 years	16,123	9,673	60.0	8,600	53.3	1,074	11.1	6,450
25 to 34 years	15,905	12,259	77.1	11,602	72.9	657	5.4	3,646
35 to 44 years	18,326	14,139	77.2	13,544	73.9	595	4.2	4,187
45 to 54 years	18,395	14,222	77.3	13,720	74.6	502	3.5	4,173
55 to 64 years	13,293	7,594	57.1	7,331	55.2	263	3.5	5,699
65 years and over	17,755	2,006	11.3	1,939	10.9	67	3.4	15,749
Foreign born: ²								
16 years and over	15,849	8,528	53.8	7,992	50.4	536	6.3	7,321
16 to 24 years	1,938	922	47.6					
25 to 34 years	3,676	2,150	58.5	2,003	54.5	147	6.8	
35 to 44 years	3,644	2,480	68.0	2,336	64.1	144	5.8	1,165
45 to 54 years	2,690	1,901	70.7	1,798	66.8	103	5.4	789
55 to 64 years	1,732	872	50.3	826	47.7	46	5.3	861
65 years and over	2,169	204	9.4	196	9.1	8	3.9	1,965

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 36. Employment status of the native-born¹ and foreign-born² civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex, 2004 annual averages—Continued

				Civilia	n labor force]
Country of birth,	Civilian noninsti-			Em	ployed	Unem	nployed	Not in labor
age, and sex	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of labor force	force
Men								
Native born: ¹								
16 years and over	91,797	66,075	72.0	62,261	67.8	3,813	5.8	25,722
16 to 24 years	16,105	10,098	62.7	8,753	54.3	1,345	13.3	6,007
25 to 34 years	15,212	13,960	91.8	13,151	86.4	809	5.8	1,253
35 to 44 years	17,419	15,933	91.5	15,249	87.5	685	4.3	1,486
45 to 54 years	17,509	15,230	87.0	14,654	83.7	577	3.8	2,278
55 to 64 years	12,332	8,369	67.9	8,055	65.3	314	3.8	3,963
65 years and over	13,219	2,484	18.8	2,401	18.2	84	3.4	10,735
Foreign born: ²								
16 years and over	15,913	12,905	81.1	12,263	77.1	642	5.0	3,008
16 to 24 years	2,253	1,575	69.9	1,445	64.2	130	8.2	678
25 to 34 years	4,145	3,838	92.6	3,667	88.4	172	4.5	307
35 to 44 years	3,836	3,606	94.0	3,451	90.0	155	4.3	231
45 to 54 years	2,652	2,405	90.7	2,298	86.6	107	4.5	247
55 to 64 years	1,562	1,178	75.4	1,119	71.7	59	5.0	384
65 years and over	1,465	303	20.7	283	19.3	20	6.6	1,162

¹ Native-born persons are those who were born in the United States or a U.S. Island Area such as Puerto Rico, or born abroad of a U.S.-citizen parent.

U.S. citizen. This group primarily includes legally admitted immigrants, but also includes refugees, students, temporary workers, and undocumented aliens.

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

² Foreign born refers to people residing in the United States who were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas, such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents neither of whom was a

Table 37. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by sex, annual averages, 1983-2005

•			Total, both sexe	es		Women					
Year	Total	Member	s of unions ¹	Represer	nted by unions ²	Total	Membe	rs of unions ¹	Represen	ted by unions ²	
	employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	
1983	88,290	17,717	20.1	20,532	23.3	40,433	5,908	14.6	7,262	18.0	
1984	92,194	17,340	18.8	19,932	21.6	42,172	5,829	13.8	7,100	16.8	
1985	94,521	16,996	18.0	19,358	20.5	43,506	5,732	13.2	6,910	15.9	
1986 ³	96,903	16,975	17.5	19,278	19.9	44,961	5,802	12.9	6,961	15.5	
1987	99,303	16,913	17.0	19,051	19.2	46,365	5,842	12.6	6,907	14.9	
1988	101,407	17,002	16.8	19,241	19.0	47,495	5,982	12.6	7,109	15.0	
1989	103,480	16,960	16.4	19,198	18.6	48,691	6,141	12.6	7,243	14.9	
1990 ³	104,876	16,776	16.0	19,105	18.2	49,323	6,179	12.5	7,330	14.9	
1991	103,723	16,612	16.0	18,790	18.1	49,105	6,142	12.5	7,247	14.8	
1992	104,668	16,418	15.7	18,578	17.7	49,842	6,274	12.6	7,411	14.9	
1993	106,101	16,627	15.7	18,682	17.6	50,626	6,516	12.9	7,610	15.0	
1994 ³	107,989	16,748	15.5	18,850	17.5	51,419	6,642	12.9	7,740	15.1	
1995	110,038	16,360	14.9	18,346	16.7	52,369	6,430	12.3	7,479	14.3	
1996	111,960	16,269	14.5	18,158	16.2	53,488	6,410	12.0	7,397	13.8	
1997 ³	114,533	16,110	14.1	17,923	15.6	54,708	6,347	11.6	7,304	13.4	
1998 ³	116,730	16,211	13.9	17,918	15.4	55,757	6,362	11.4	7,280	13.1	
1999 ³	118,963	16,477	13.9	18,182	15.3	57,050	6,528	11.4	7,425	13.0	
2000	122,089	16,334	13.4	18,153	14.9	58,427	6,671	11.4	7,662	13.1	
2001	122,229	16,305	13.3	18,026	14.7	58,582	6,768	11.6	7,672	13.1	
2002 ³	121,826	16,145	13.3	17,695	14.5	58,555	6,820	11.6	7,629	13.0	
2003	122,358	15,776	12.9	17,448	14.3	59,122	6,732	11.4	7,601	12.9	
2004	123,554	15,472	12.5	17,087	13.8	59,408	6,593	11.1	7,450	12.5	
2005	125,889	15,685	12.5	17,223	13.7	60,423	6,815	11.3	7,626	12.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 37. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by sex, annual averages, 1983-2005—Continued

•	Men										
Year	Total	Member	rs of unions ¹	Represer	nted by unions ²						
. σα.	employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed						
1983	47,856	11,809	24.7	13,270	27.7						
1984	50,022	11,511	23.0	12,832	25.7						
1985	51,015	11,264	22.1	12,448	24.4						
1986 ³	51,942	11,173	21.5	12,317	23.7						
1987	52,938	11,071	20.9	12,144	22.9						
1988	53,912	11,019	20.4	12,132	22.5						
1989	54,789	10,820	19.7	11,955	21.8						
1990 ³	55,553	10,597	19.1	11,775	21.2						
1991	54,618	10,470	19.2	11,542	21.1						
1992	54,826	10,144	18.5	11,167	20.4						
1993	55,475	10,112	18.2	11,072	20.0						
1994 ³	56,570	10,106	17.9	11,110	19.6						
1995	57,669	9,929	17.2	10,868	18.8						
1996	58,473	9,859	16.9	10,761	18.4						
1997 ³	59,825	9,763	16.3	10,619	17.7						
1998 ³	60,973	9,850	16.2	10,638	17.4						
1999 ³	61,914	9,949	16.1	10,758	17.4						
2000	63,662	9,664	15.2	10,491	16.5						
2001	63,647	9,538	15.0	10,354	16.3						
2002 ³	63,272	9,325	14.7	10,066	15.9						
2003	63,236	9,044	14.3	9,848	15.6						
2004	64,145	8,878	13.8	9,638	15.0						
2005	65,466	8,870	13.5	9,597	14.7						

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm Data}$ refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

SOURCE: Current Population Survey, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

² Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

³ Not strictly comparable with data for prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error in Employment and Earnings.

Technical Note

he estimates in this report were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a national monthly sample survey of approximately 60,000 households, which provides a wide range of information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. Earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS monthly sample. The survey is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau, using a scientifically selected national sample with coverage in all 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Over its history, numerous changes have been made in the CPS questionnaire, methodology, and estimation procedures to improve the quality of the data that the survey produces. In January 2003, several major changes were introduced to the CPS. As a result, most data for 2003 forward are not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. These changes include the following:

- Population controls were updated by the Census Bureau to incorporate new intercensal information and assumptions about the growth of the population, especially estimates of net international migration.
- The survey questions on Hispanic ethnicity and race were modified to comply with new standards on race and ethnicity data from Federal agencies. In accordance with the new standards, individuals now are asked whether they are of Hispanic ethnicity before being asked about their race. Also, individuals now are asked directly if they are Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino, instead of being asked a general question on country of origin. With respect to race, the response category of Asian and Pacific Islanders was split into two categories: Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders. In accordance with the new standards, individuals were allowed to choose more than one race category. Prior to 2003, individuals who considered themselves to belong to more than one race were required to select a single primary race. In this report, data by race for 2003 forward include only those who choose a single race category.
- New occupational and industrial classification systems were introduced. These systems were derived from the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The new classification systems differ substantially from the previous systems. The introduction of the

new occupational and industrial classification systems effectively created a break in series from 2000 forward for data disaggregated by class of worker status—that is, the classification of workers as either self-employed or wage and salary. This change resulted in a slightly lower estimate of the number of wage and salary workers and in minor revisions to the earnings measures for 2000-2002. Users therefore may note some differences with previously published women's-to-men's earnings ratios for those years.

Additionally, data for 2004 are not strictly comparable with data for 2003 and earlier years because of the introduction in January 2004 of further revisions to the population controls used in the CPS.

For more information about these and other recent changes to the survey, see "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* on the Internet at **www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf** or the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of the February 2005 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*.

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Concepts and Definitions

Concepts used in this report are defined below.

Civilian labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed.

Employed persons. Employed persons are those who, during the survey week, (a) did any work at all as paid civilians; (b) worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm; (c) worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family business; or (d) were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, or another reason.

Unemployed persons. Unemployed persons are those who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work at that time, and made specific efforts to find employment sometime in the prior 4 weeks. Persons laid off from their former jobs and awaiting recall did not need to be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Civilian labor force participation rate. This rate is the civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Unemployment rate. This rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

Race. White, black or African American, and Asian are terms used to describe the race of persons. Persons in these categories are those who selected that race group only. Data for the remaining race categories—American Indian or Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders, and persons who selected more than one race category—are included in totals but are not shown separately because the number of survey respondents was too small to develop estimates of sufficient quality for publication. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This term refers to persons who identified themselves in the CPS enumeration process as being Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Family. A family is a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses.

Usual weekly earnings. Data are collected on wages and salaries before taxes and other deductions and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the principal job in the case of multiple jobholders). Earnings of self-employed workers are excluded, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated. Prior to 1994, respondents were asked how much they usually earned per week. Since January 1994, respondents have been asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, monthly, annually, other) and how much they usually earn in the reported period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.

Medians of weekly earnings. The median is the amount that divides a given earnings distribution into two equal groups, one having earnings above the median, and the other having earnings below the median. The BLS estimating procedure for determining the median of an earnings distribution places each reported or calculated weekly earnings value into a \$50-wide interval that is centered on a multiple of \$50. The value of the median is estimated through a linear interpolation of the interval in which the median lies. Over-the-year changes

in the medians for specific groups may not necessarily be consistent with the movements estimated for the overall group boundary. The most common reasons for this possible anomaly follow: (1) There could be a change in the relative weights of the subgroups. For example, the medians of both 16- to 24-year-olds and those 25 years and over may rise, but if the lower earning 16-to-24 age group accounts for a greatly increased share of the total, the overall median could actually fall. (2) There could be a large change in the shape of the distribution of reported earnings. This could be caused by survey observations that are clustered at rounded values, for example, \$250, \$300, or \$400. An estimate lying in a \$50-wide centered interval containing such a cluster, or "spike," tends to change more slowly than one in other intervals. Medians, for example, measure the central tendency of a multipeaked distribution that shifts over time. As the distribution shifts, the median does not necessarily move at the same rate. Specifically, the median takes relatively more time to move through a frequently reported interval but, once above the upper limit of such an interval, it can move relatively quickly to the next frequently reported earnings interval. BLS procedures for estimating medians mitigate such irregular movements of the measures; however, users should be cautious of these effects when evaluating short-term changes in the medians, as well as in ratios of the medians.

Hours at work. These are the actual hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off during Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday.

Usual hours, or usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hoursworked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for reasons such as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. To differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group includes some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who were temporarily absent from work. Similarly, part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work.

Wage and salary workers. These are workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors but, for purposes of the earnings series, ex-

cludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated.

Hourly paid workers. Workers who are paid an hourly wage are a subset of wage and salary workers, representing approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Workers paid by the hour are, therefore, included in the full- and part-time worker tables in this report, along with salaried workers and other workers not paid by the hour. (Data for workers paid at hourly rates are presented separately.)

Work experience. These data reflect the work activity during the calendar year and are obtained from the Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the Current Population Survey. Persons who worked were those who answered "yes" to the following questions from the ASEC: "Did you work at a job or business at any time during (the year)?" or "Did you do any temporary, part-time, or seasonal work even for a few days during (the year)?" Since the reference period is a full year, the number of persons with some employment or unemployment greatly exceeds the average levels for any given month, which are based on a 1-week reference period, and the corresponding annual averages of monthly estimates.

Reliability

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and

nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than an entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence. Standard errors included in this report were rounded for presentation purposes, as were the earnings estimates. Consequently, a precise confidence interval cannot be constructed using these data.

CPS data also are affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of the Bureau of Labor Statistics *Employment and Earnings* publication.