



ELECTRIC POWER
RESEARCH INSTITUTE

"Together...shaping the future of Electricity"

MGP Site Management Program

Speaker:

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MGP Site Management Staff

Babu R. Nott, Senior Program Manager

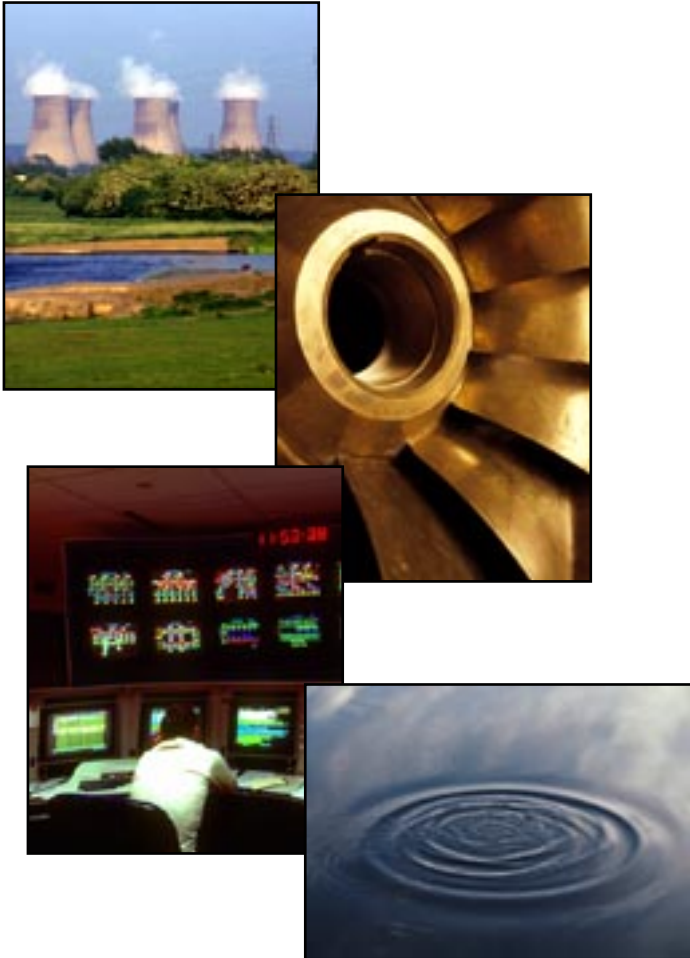
James Lingle, Manager

Together...shaping the future of electricity



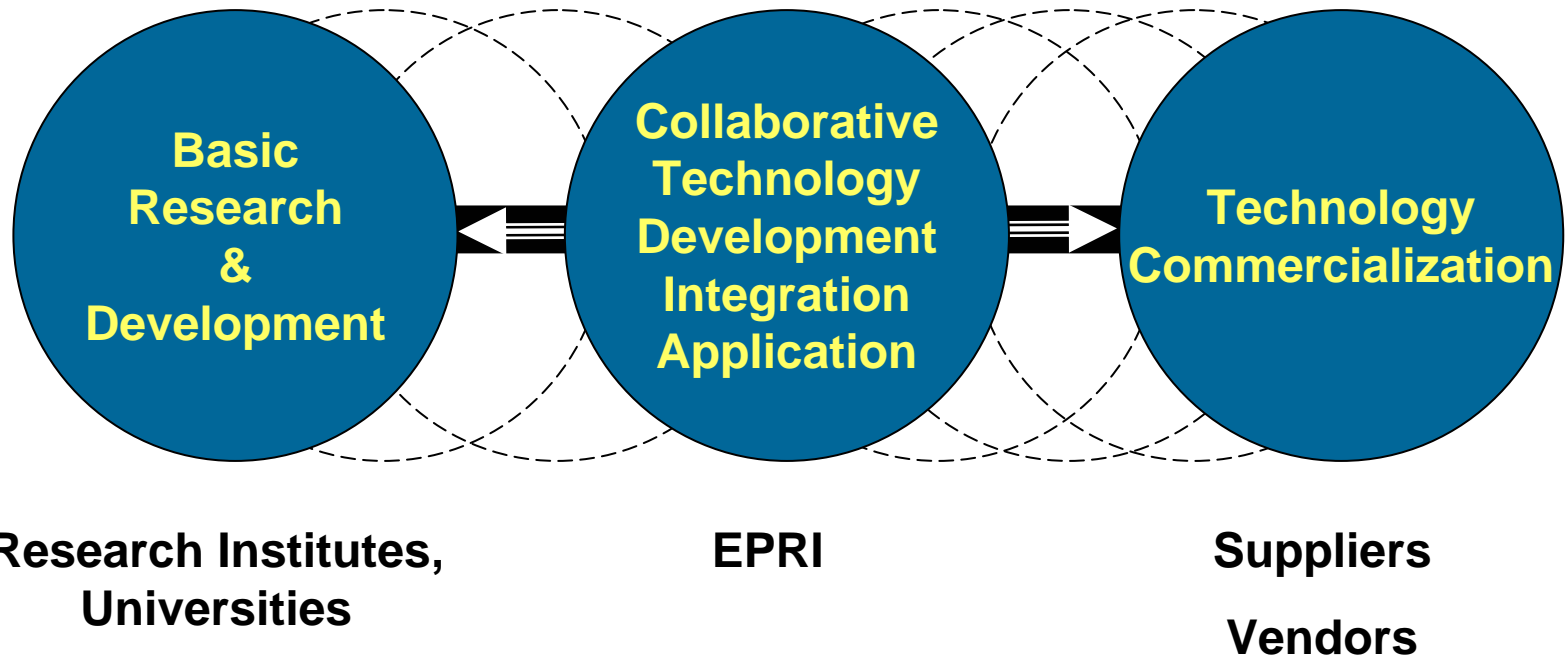
- Founded in 1973
- Objective, non-profit electricity collaborative research organization
- Technology development, integration, demonstration and application
- Broad technology portfolio ranging from near-term solutions to long-term strategic research (Technology Innovation Program)

One of the World's Largest & Most Successful R&D Collaborations



- Over 700 North American members alone
- Over 130 international participants
- Independent electricity research
 - Major issue focus
 - Major opportunity focus

EPRI's Role in the Technology Development to Commercialization Cycle



Depends On The Specific Technology

Extensive Energy Research Program



Generation

Distributed Resources
Fossil Steam Plants
Combustion Turbines
Market Analysis
Renewables
Hydroelectric



Nuclear Power

Equipment Reliability
Nuclear Operations &
Asset Management
High Performance Fuel
Nondestructive
Evaluation
High Performance
Workforce
Risk/Safety Mgt



Environment & Energy Analysis

Air Quality
Global Climate
Change
Land & Groundwater
Water & Ecosystems
Electromagnetic
Fields (EMF)
Occupational
Health & Safety



Power Delivery & Markets

Transmission
Substations
Grid Reliability
Power Markets
Distribution
Power Quality
Energy Utilization

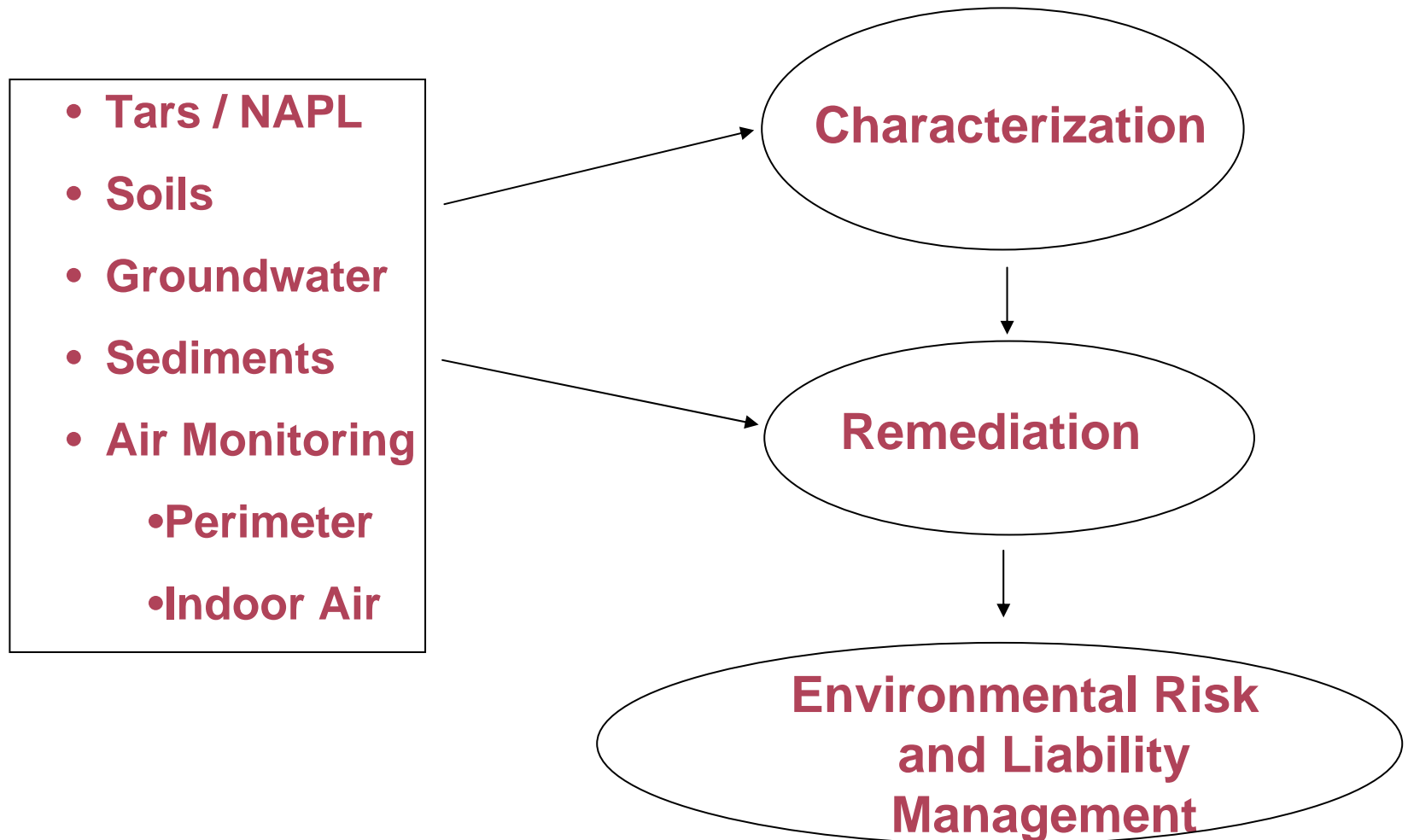
EPRI Fundamentals

- R&D generally performed by subcontractors (over 1600 ongoing projects)
- R&D not intended to develop alternatives for available suitable products
- Generalized research results accessible to public, commercialized (400 patents and 1000+ current products)
- EPRI owns results of research

Collaboratively Funded Manufactured Gas Plant (MGP) Site Management Issues

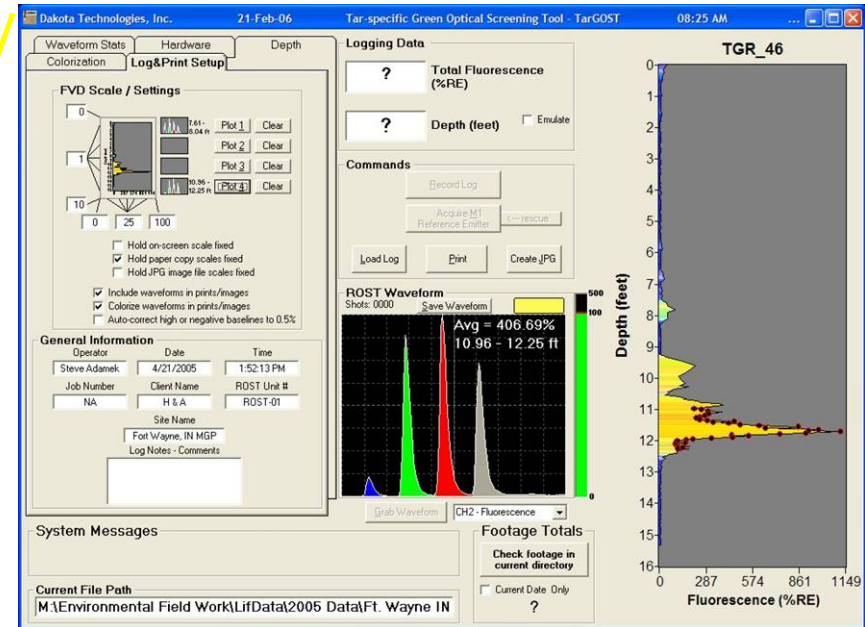
- Developing in-situ technologies that reduce or eliminate the need for “dig and haul”
- Forensics and Fingerprinting
 - MGP residuals
 - Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (NAPLs)
- Off-site emissions/odor issues
- Methods and techniques for remediating sediments
- Human and ecological risks

EPRI's MGP Research Portfolio

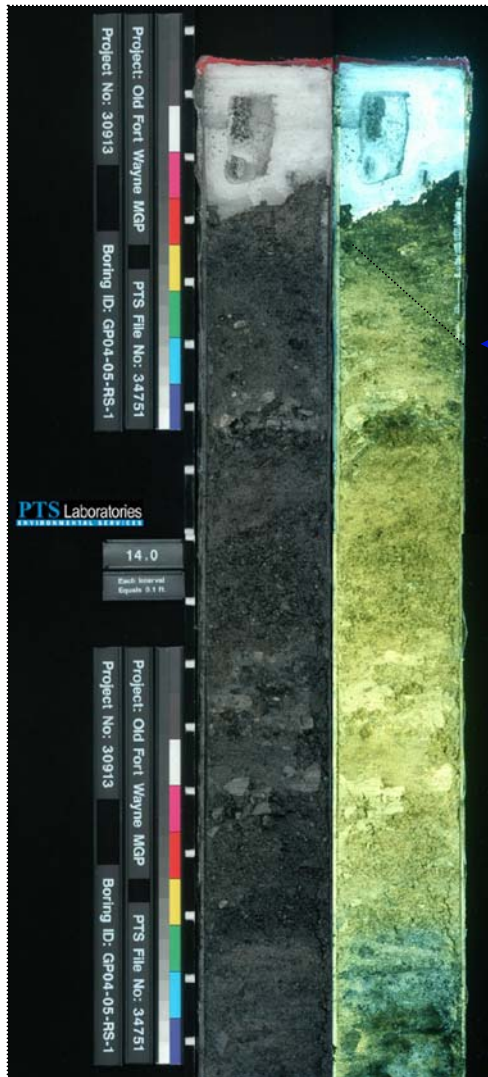


MGP Characterization in Soil

- EPRI is credited for validating some down-hole *Screening Tools* such as Tar Specific Green Optical Screening Tool (TarGOST®)
 - Rapid
 - Inexpensive
 - Reliable



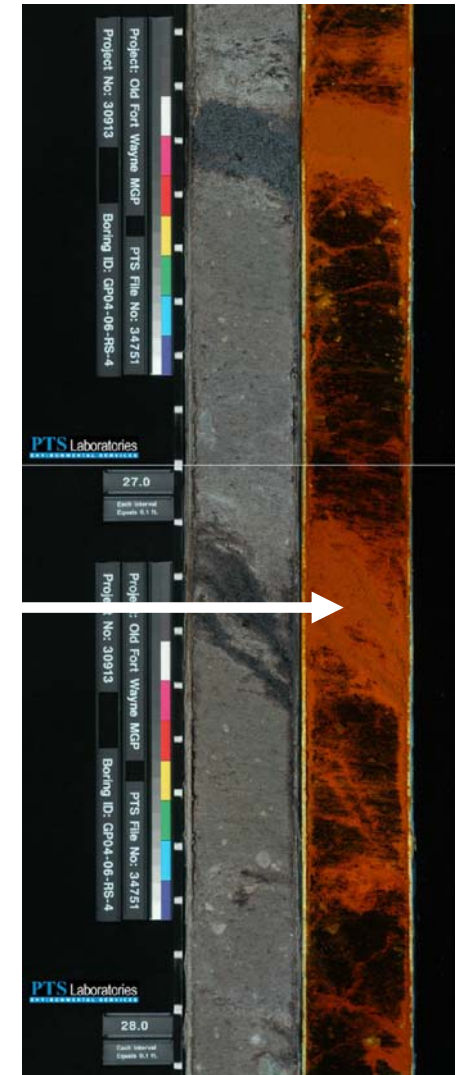
Fluorescent Core Photography verifies TarGOST Results



← “Light-end” LNAPL

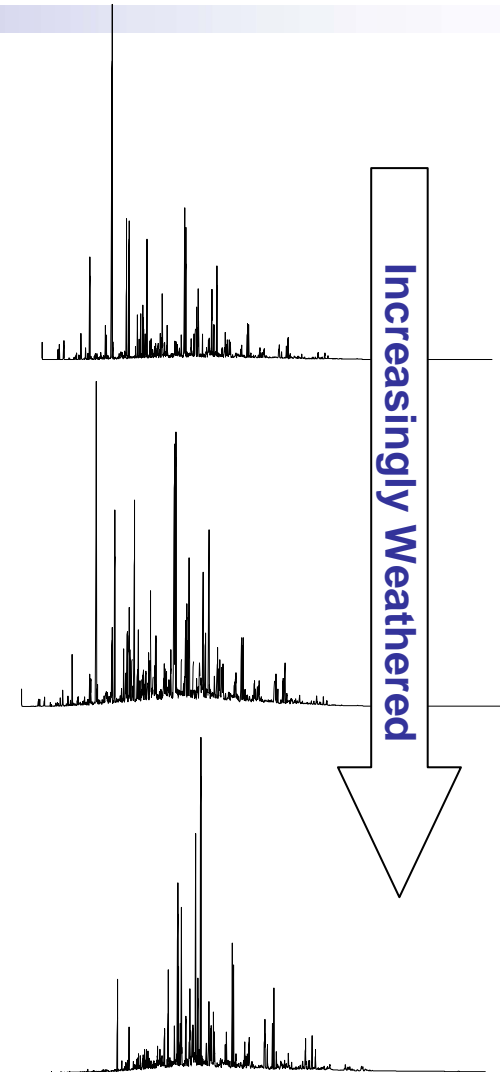
Heavier DNAPL oil

Note: Fluorescent photography performed by PTS Laboratories, Santa Fe Springs, CA

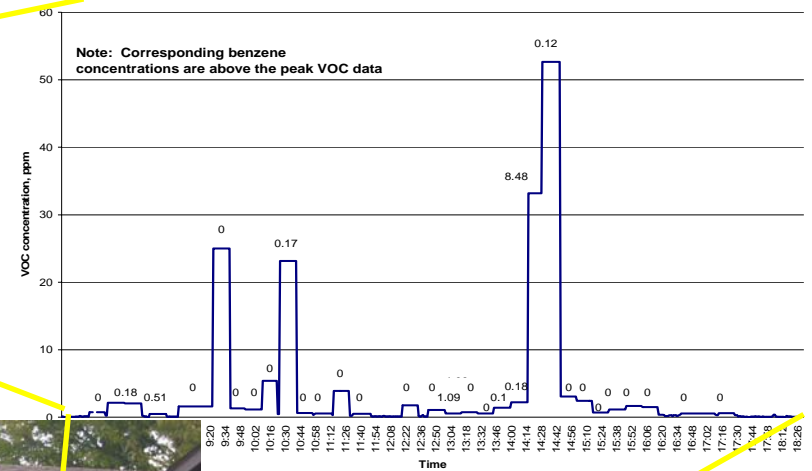
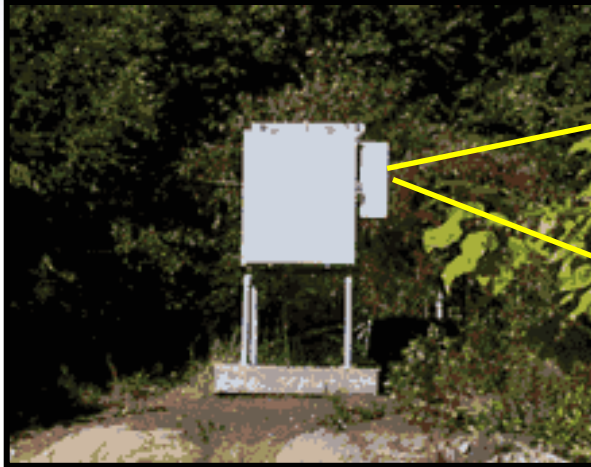


Source Identification

- Using forensic techniques to identify and measure degradation products of hydrocarbon-type contaminants
- Additional line-of-evidence for the effectiveness of natural and engineered remediation projects

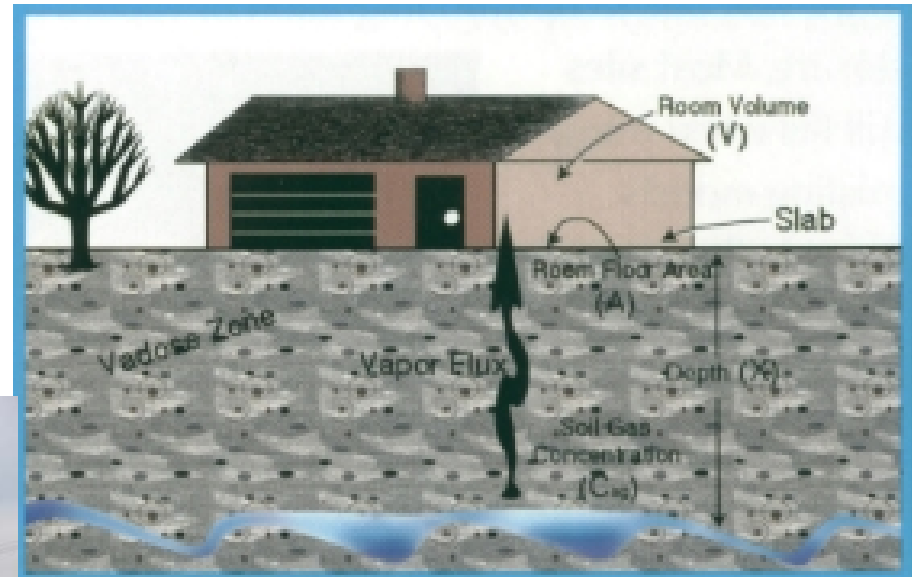


Air Monitoring: Fixed and Portable Air Monitors produce Total Hydrocarbon Concentration vs. Benzene readouts



MGP – Air Monitoring

Soil Vapor Intrusion – Indoor air quality



Finding better ways to monitor for and identify any potential MGP-related airborne contaminants

MGP Remediation

- Typically relies on '*dig and haul*' technologies



Foaming excavation
For odor control

Excavating soils at an MGP site

Remediating sediments at an MGP site



Testing alternative strategies when dig and haul is not an option

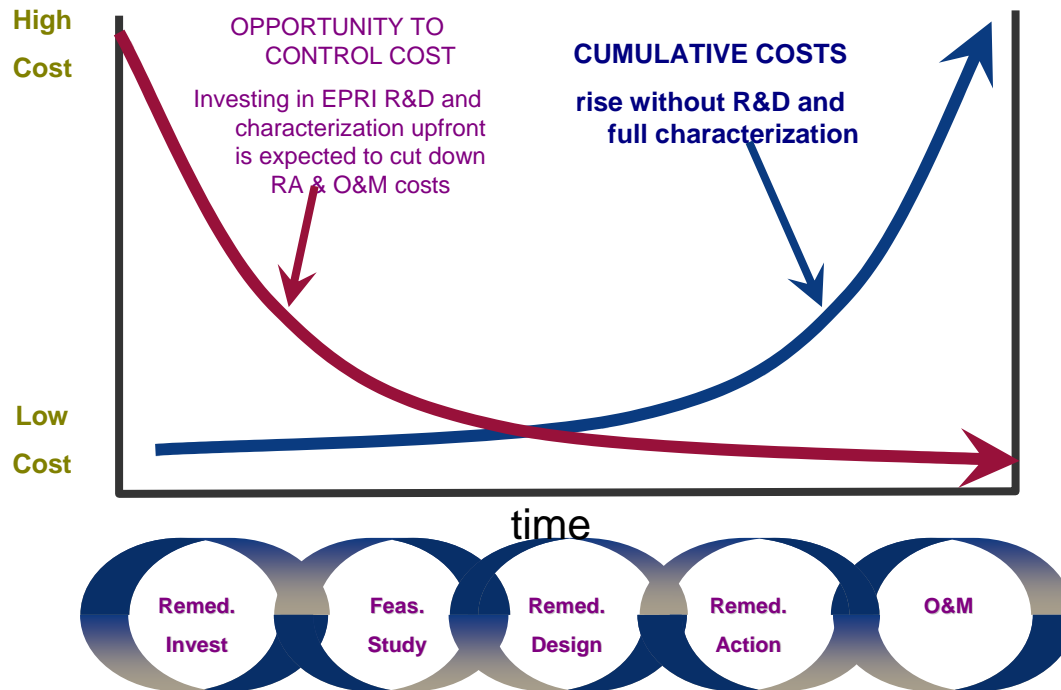
- Using In-situ Technologies instead of 'dig and haul'
 - Advanced Chemical Oxidation



- In-Situ Stabilization/Solidification
 - Barrier walls along rivers
 - Site wide solidification
 - High pressure grouts



EPRI MGP Program focuses on using R&D to assist in Reducing Long-Term Costs to Utility Industry



Long Term Spending Timeline on MGP Sites

An investment in R&D during the RI Phase is anticipated to lower long term O&M costs