GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS) DATA PREPARATION AND COLLECTION

Purpose

This ENV Water Quality and Hydrology (ENV-WQH) procedure describes the process for preparing and collection global positioning system (GPS) data using the Trimble GeoExplorer unit and Pathfinder Office software.

Scope

This document applies to ENV-WQH staff, contractors, and students who use the GPS for field-based data collection.

In this procedure

This procedure addresses the following major topics:

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Integrated Work

The work specified in this procedure is conducted with applicable Integrated Work Documents, in accordance with LANL IMP 300-00-00, Integrated Work **Management** Management for Work Activities.

Signatures

Prepared by.	Signature on file	Date:	2/7/06
	Kevin Buckley, ENV-WQH		
Approved by	Signature on file	Date:	2/16/06
	Ken Mullen, Team Leader, ENV-WQH		
Approved by	Signature on file	Date:	2/7/06
	Mike Alexander, Team Leader, ENV-WQH		
Approved by	Signature on file	Date:	2/16/06
	Ryan Romero, Acting Team Leader, ENV-WQH		
Approved by	Signature on file	Date:	2/27/06
	Steve Rae, ENV-WQH Safety Committee Chair		
Approved by	Signature on file	Date:	2/27/06
	Steve Rae, ENV-WQH Group Leader		

General information about this procedure

Attachments There following are attachments to this document.

No.	Description	No of Pages
1	Field Cheat Sheet – Trimble GeoExplorer GPS Unit	1

History of revision

This table lists the revision history and effective dates of this procedure.

Revision	Date	Description Of Changes
0	2/06	New document.

training to this procedure

Who requires The following personnel require training before implementing this procedure:

All ENV-WQH staff, contract personnel, and students who perform GPS data collection for field-based purposes

Training method

The training method for this procedure is "self-study" (reading) and is documented in accordance with the procedure for training (ENV-WQH-QP-024, Personnel Training).

References

The following documents are referenced in this procedure:

http://www.trimble.com/support_trl.asp?Nav=Collection-5549 for a complete listing of Trimble guides and tutorials to the GeoExplorer3

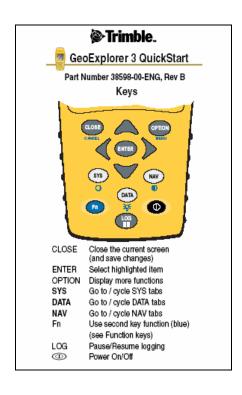
Note

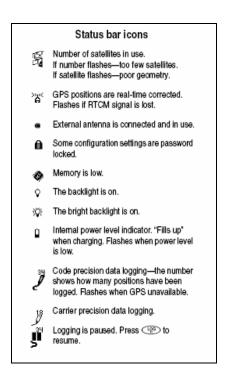
Actions specified within this procedure, unless preceded with "should" or "may," are to be considered mandatory (i.e., "shall").

GPS unit familiarization

GPS Unit

Quick reference to important buttons on the Trimble GeoExplorer GPS unit:





Preparing the GPS for a project

Installing Pathfinder Office

To use the Trimble GPS unit, install Trimble Pathfinder Office on the computer. Contact the WQH IM team to install Trimble Pathfinder Office: wqh_im_support@lanl.gov

• From Programs on your Start Menu, open the Pathfinder Office Program

Creating a project

When a field sampling trip to a new sampling location is planned, a GPS project file is created for the collection of location data. Location data for new sampling locations is necessary to maintain current data in the Water Quality Database (WQDB) and allowing the same sampling location to be revisited in the future.

To create a project file, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Create a folder for the GPS project on the Server under Common Files.
2	Label the folder with project name and date.
3	Open Pathfinder® Office on the computer.

Collecting data summary.

The process for collecting data using the GPS unit includes:

- Create a Data Dictionary for new projects (Preparing GPS for New Project section of this document)
- Perform initial tasks (below)
- Collect data, or features (below)
- Close a file (below)

Creating a A data dictionary is needed to compile position information while collecting GPS data dictionary data. A data dictionary makes it easy to collect the correct data in the field. Without a data dictionary, location information will be unconsolidated and unusable.

To create a data dictionary, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Select Utilities / Data Dictionary Editor using Pathfinder Office software. The Data Dictionary Editor screen will appear. Untitled - Data Dictionary Editor
2	Enter project title in Name field.
3	Type your name in the Comment field.
4	Save the data dictionary in the folder created on the Server in Common Files.

Creating attributes

Three types of features can be collected using the GPS: point features such as wells, line features such as stream channels, and area or polygon features such as parking lots.

Additional data about each feature (point, line, or area) can be collected and stored with the GPS data by creating attributes. The following types of attributes can be created in the Data Dictionary Editor:

- Menu
- Numeric
- Text
- Date
- Time
- File Name
- Separator

Add desired attributes to each feature created.

Creating a point feature

A point feature is used for a single point in the field, such as a sampling location or a well.

To create a point feature, perform the following steps:

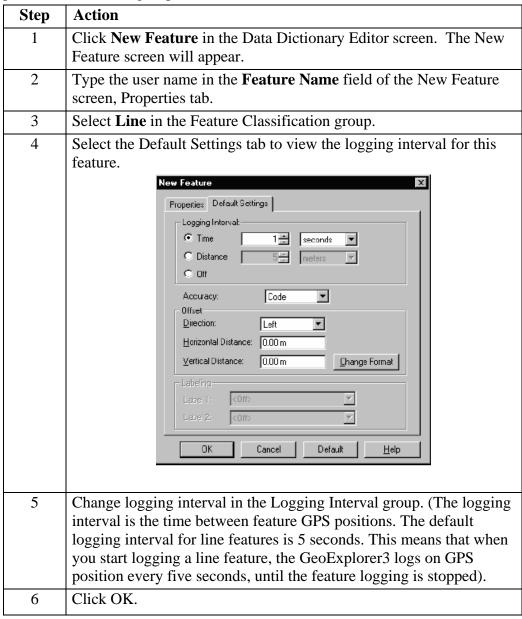
Step	Action
1	Click New Feature. The New Feature screen will appear. New Feature
2	Select Properties tab.
3	In the Feature Name field, type the name of the point feature (name is displayed in the handheld GPS unit in the field).
4	In the Feature Classification group, the Point option is the default (for a single point, this is appropriate).
5	Click OK (the name of the point feature will now be displayed in the list of features).

Creating a point feature with a date attribute

To create a point with a date or number associated with it, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	In the New Attribute Type screen, select Date option and click OK . The New Date Attribute screen will appear.
	Attribute Name: Date Comment: Cancel ✓ Auto Generate on Creation ✓ Auto Generate on Update Format C Lay · Month · Year C Month · Day · Year ✓ Year · Month · Day O Not Permitted ✓ Not Permitted
2	Type Date in the Attribute Name field.
3	Select Auto Generate on Creation (ensures the date sampled is entered upon data collection).
4	Select the Auto Generate On Update (ensures the date sampled is entered upon data collection).
5	Click OK.
6	Click Close in the New Attribute Type screen.

Creating a line A line feature will document a line, such as a road. To create a line feature, **feature** perform the following steps:



Creating an area feature

An area can be mapped with the area feature. If there is no information about the area, attributes are not needed.

To create an area feature, select Area in the Feature Classification group. Follow steps used for point or line feature creation.

Creating a Menu attributes are used to add information as a defined set of options (such as **menu attribute** condition of the samplers: good, repair, or replace).

(in a feature) To create a menu attribute, perform the following steps:

Click New Attribute in the Data Dictionary Editor screen. The New Attribute Type screen will appear. New Attribute Type screen will appear. New Attribute Type New Attribute Screen will appear. New Attribute Screen New Attribute Screen New Attribute Screen New Attribute Value New Attribute Value		a menu attribute, perform the following steps:
New Attribute Type screen will appear. New Attribute Type New Additional Type New	Step	Action
2 Select Menu option and click OK. The New Menu Attribute screen will appear.	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Will appear. Now Attribute Name and click New. The New Attribute Value screen will appear. Now Attribute Value: Good Lice Code		- Type Menuj Numeric Tegt Date Tine File Name
Now Attribute Value: Good Add Cancel Code Value 1: Code Value 1: Code Value Cancel C	2	_
screen will appear. New Attribute Value - Menu Item Attribute Value: Gcod Default Code Value 1: Help		Attibute Name: Concilion Conceil Menu Attibute Value Name User Code 1 User Code 2 Helb Menu Field Field Entry On Creation G Name C Browned C Browned
New Attribute Value - Menu Item Attribute Value: Gcod Default Code Value 1: Help	3	
Attibute Value: Gcod Add Default Code Value 1: Help		
Code Value 1:		
		Code Value 1:

Table continued on next page.

Creating a menu attribute (in a feature), continued

e	Step	Action
	4	Enter values and Click Add to enter the different value choices in the menu attribute.
	5	Click Close to return to the New Menu Attribute screen, which will now show the Attribute Values entered.
Ī	6	Click OK to create the attribute.
Ī	7	Click Close in the New Attribute Type screen.

Creating a numeric feature)

Use a numeric attribute type to enter numeric values in a field. The minimum and maximum values help eliminate incorrect entries, and a sensible default value can attribute (in a save time. This can also be used as an ID number associated with the point feature.

To create a numeric attribute, perform the following steps:

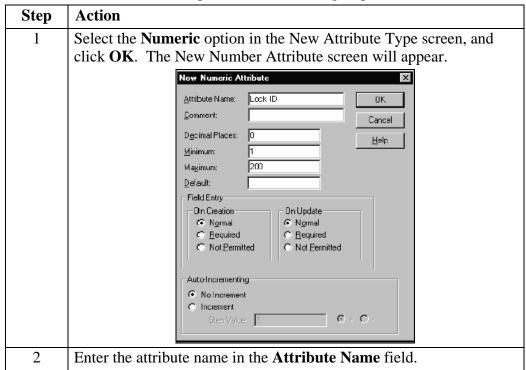


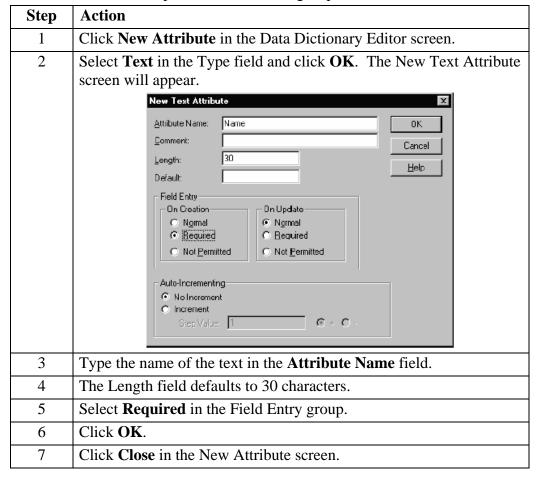
Table continued on next page.

Creating a numeric attribute (in a feature), continued

	Step	Action
	3	The default value for the Decimal Places field is 0. Do not change this, as the lock ID numbers do not have any decimal places.
	4	Enter the minimum and maximum numbers to limit the range of values.
-	5	Click OK.
	6	Click Close in the New Attribute Type screen. The attributes created now appear in the attribute field.

Creating a text Text attributes are useful when the information to be stored varies for different **attribute (in a** occurrences of a feature and when a defined menu list is impractical. The text **feature)** attribute feature allows entry of alphanumeric characters.

To create text attribute, perform the following steps:



Creating aThis attribute is useful when creating a menu attribute with a known default value (such as "1 gallon glass bottle"). This saves time in the field when most of the **attribute with** menu options are the same.

a default value To create a menu attribute with a default value, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Select Menu option in the New Attribute Type screen, and click OK .
2	Type the menu name (eg "bottle type") in the Attribute Name field of the New Menu Attribute screen.
3	Click New. The New Attribute Value – Menu Item screen will appear. New Attribute Value - Menu Item Attribute Value: 10 Add Default Code Value 1: Code Value 2:
4	Type other entries (eg "1 gallon plastic bottle") in Attribute Value field.
5	Click Add.
6	Type the value in the Attribute Value field and check the Default box.
7	When all values have been entered, click Close to return to the New Menu Attribute screen, which now displays the attribute values. A * symbol appears in front of the default value.
8	Click OK .
9	Click Close in the New Attribute screen.

Saving the data dictionary

Save the new data dictionary by performing the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Select File/Save As on the menu bar.
	By default, the name of the data dictionary is the file name; for example, C:\Pfdata\Single Stage GPS Locations.ddf).
2	Click Save in the Save As screen.
3	Select File/Exit on the menu bar.

Transferring data to the GPS

data to the **GPS**

Transferring Before taking the unit to the field for a new project, transfer the Data Dictionary from the computer to the GPS unit in preparation for field use. To transfer the Data Dictionary, perform the following steps:

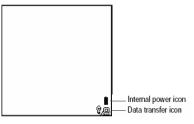
	ctionary, perform the following steps:
Step	Action
1	Place the GeoExplorer 3 handheld in the GeoExplorer 3 Support Module (below). Connect the Support Module to the computer via a serial cable (the GPS unit does not have be turned on to transfer data). The Support Module charges the GPS unit as well.
2	Select Utilities/Data Transfer to start the Data Transfer utility in Pathfinder Office. The Data Transfer screen will appear. Data Transfer Device De
3	Select the Send tab in the Data Transfer screen.
4	Click Add .
5	Select Data Dictionary from the list.
6	Browse the Open screen until the data dictionary appears on the list of files. Highlight the file and click Open. The data dictionary will appear in the Files to Send box of the Data Transfer screen.
7	Click Transfer All to transfer the data dictionary to the GeoExplorer 3 handheld.
8	Click Close in the message box the that shows summary information about the transfer.
9	Click Close in the Data Transfer screen.

Conducting pre-data collection equipment check

equipment

Checking the Before going out in the field, check the internal power level to make sure there is enough power to complete the data collection session.

> When the GPS unit is turned off and in the Support Module, a standby screen appears (below). Check that the internal power source is fully charged (internal power icon is completely black) and data is being transferred (data transfer icon appears).



Starting the GPS unit

Turn on the GeoExplorer 3 Unit by pressing the button in the bottom right hand corner of the unit.

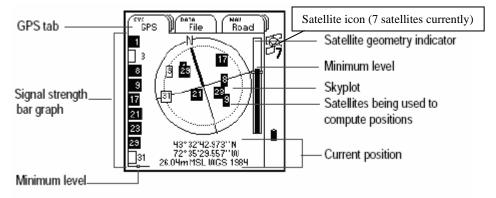
Obtain a clear view of the sky:

- Hold the GPS screen facing towards you and up.
- Move clear of signal reception obstacles, such as people, buildings, heavy tree cover, large vehicles, powerful transmitters, and in general anything that blocks light.
- Face south to help with the satellite configuration

Conducting pre-data collection equipment check, continued

GPS signal

Checking the When the GPS unit is turned on, it automatically begins to track visible satellites and to calculate its current position. Use the satellite icon to check if the unit is computing positions.



Select the GPS tab on the unit to view the satellites currently tracked and those that are being used to calculate the current position.

To verify adequate GPS signal, view the GPS screen by performing the following steps:

ereps.	
Step	Action
1	Press until the GPS tab is active. The screen above will appear.
2	View:
	• <u>Skyplot</u> to check the satellites that the GeoExplorer 3 is currently tracking.
	NOTE: Black boxes are the satellites the unit is using to compute its current GPS position. Unfilled boxes are the satellites the unit is getting signals from, but not using because the signals are too weak. In the above example 8 satellites are being tracked, and seven are being used by the computer.
	• <u>Signal strength</u> bar graph (on the left) to check the signal strength of the satellites. If the strength of a GPS signal is below the configured minimum level, there may be some obstruction blocking the signal.
	• <u>Satellite geometry indicator</u> (on the right) to view the overall quality of the GPS positions. This is determined by the geometry of the satellites. When the bar is above the configured minimum level indicator, GPS positions are being computed.
3	If, as a result of step 2 above, it is determined that the GPS signal is not adequate, adjust the minimum level (reference section below).

Conducting pre-data collection equipment check, continued

Adjust minimum level

If the bar on the satellite geometry indicator is below the configured minimum level indicator, adjust the minimum level to collect GPS positions.

To make Minimum Level adjustment, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Press until the tab on the top left part of the screen displays "SYS Setup".
2	Select the Configuration tab.
3	Select the GPS tab. "GPS precision" will appear on top of the screen.
4	Using the left and right arrow buttons, adjust the GPS precision from low to high.
5	Press sys to tab back to the GPS screen and determine if precision setting will allow you to collect data. Repeat steps above if needed.

Collecting data

Creating a new file

Before starting a data collection session, create a new file by performing the following steps:

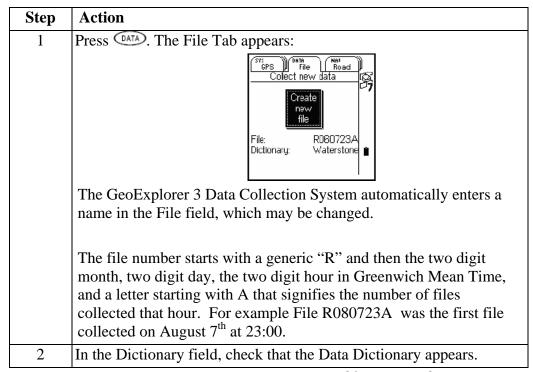


Table continued on next page.

Creating a new file, continued

Step	Action	
3	IF	THEN
	all information in the form is	Press ENTER. The file is create
	correct	and the New Feature list
		appears.
		New Road New Feature State Road Water Faucet CLake Begin GPS Logging Now Later
	the incorrect data dictionary is displayed	 Highlight 'data dictionary' and press ENTER. A new window will open. Highlight the correct data dictionary and press ENTER. Move up to the Create New File box and press ENTER. The file is created and the New feature list appears:
		SLake Begin GPS Logging Now Later

Collecting a Point Feature

To collect a point feature, perform the following steps:

	T
Step	Action
1	Select the point in the data dictionary you want to collect and press ENTER. The feature will now appear on the main screen, and the GPS unit starts logging position points.
	When the GeoExplorer 3 starts logging GPS Condition: Condition:
	icon
2	12 points minimum should be collected at one point.
3	Press on each attribute to open up the list or options for each.
	Enter the attributes for the point.
4	Press close the point feature.
	The message Feature stored appears briefly at the bottom of the screen to confirm that you have saved the feature.
5	Press in the New Feature Screen.
6	When prompted "Please confirm Close rover file?", select "yes" and press ENTER.

Collecting a line feature using the Later button

To collect a line feature using the Later button, perform the following steps:

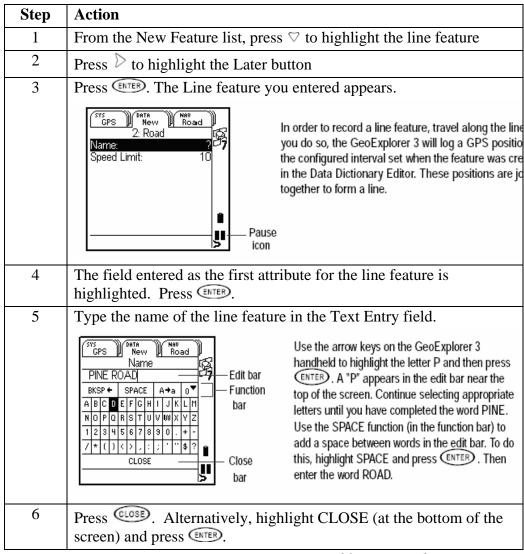


Table continued on next page.

Collecting a line feature using the Later button, continued

Step	Action
7	If the Name attribute was specified as required during GPS preparation, the GPS unit may provide a warning that the Name field is required. To clear an "Error" message from the screen, press CLOSE.
8	Press to begin logging GPS positions for the road feature.
9	At the end of the road, press to close the line feature.

Collecting a point feature using the Later button

The feature below is used when the destination point has not yet been reached. It allows the user to enter information prior to reaching the location.

To collect a point feature using the Later button, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	From the New Feature list, press ∇ to highlight the point feature
	Use the Later button to start recording the attributes for a feature before you actual get to it. Begin GPS Now Later Later button Later button Use the Later button to start recording the attributes for a feature before you actual get to it. Later button
2	With the Later button highlighted, press ENTER
	The point feature will appear (and when the Later button is used, a pause icon flashes over the logging icon).
3	Enter the attributes of the point using the Data Dictionary.
4	When the location is reached, press (location).
5	Record at least 12 points.
6	Press (DATA) to close and store the feature.

Collecting ar area feature

Collecting an To collect an area feature, perform the following steps:

Step	Action	
1	From the New Feature list, press ♥ to highlight the area feature.	
2	Press of to highlight the Now button.	
3	Press ENTER.	
	In order to record an area feature, you travel around the perimeter of the area. As you do so, the GeoExplorer 3 wi log a GPS position at the configured interval set when the feature was created in the Data Dictionary Editor. These positions are joined together to form the perimeter of the area. The first and last GPS positions are joined together to clos the area, so there is no need to return to the start point.	
4	To view the DATA map while collecting feature, press until the Map tab is active. The features collected are displayed on the map, along with the lake perimeter currently being collected. You can view the map at differ scales. To do this, press option. Current Feature Line Point R060723A 200ft	
5	To pause logging, press, Log again To resume logging, press Log again	
6	Press DATA to go back to the New tab. The area form is still active and the GPS unit is still logging positions for the feature.	
7	When finished traversing the perimeter, press to close the feature.	

Closing the file

Closing a File

When the data collection session is completed, turn off the GPS unit handheld. This automatically closes the file.

- Press (the data file is closed, and the handheld is turned off) OR
- Press (GLOSE) until the File tab appears. This will close the current data file and start a new file.

Post data collection processing

data

Transferring After field data collection is complete, download the data from the GPS unit to the desk top computer by performing the following steps:

Step	Action	
1	Place the GPS unit in the Support Module that is connected to the computer.	
2	Using Pathfinder Office, select Utilities / Data Transfer. The Data Transfer screen will appear. Data Transfer	
3	Select the device name from the Device list that represents your GPS unit.	
4	Select the Receive tab.	
5	Click Add and select Data File from the list. The Open screen appears. The files shown are the current files on the data collector/hand-held unit.	
6	The software will default to a file on the C: drive. Browse in the Destination field to the specific project folder on the Server.	
7	Select one or more files to be transferred. Highlight the filename(s) and click Open . The Open dialog disappears, and the selected data files appear in the Files to Receive list.	
8	Click Transfer All . The data files are transferred from the GPS unit. The files are transferred to will default to the current project folder.	
9	Click Close to close the message providing transfer information.	
10	Click Close to close the Data Transfer screen.	

Differentially correcting data

The data collected by GPS receivers is subject to errors, including satellite clock and atmospheric errors. Differential correction can remove much of the error from the data, and can improve the accuracy of GPS positions to the specified accuracy of the receiver. In the field, the B.O.B (Beacon On a Belt) can be used to improve accuracy, but it will also be necessary to differentially correct the data on the desk top computer.

To download correction data, perform the following steps:

Step	Action
1	Access http://nmeri.unm.edu/ and click GPS data . Current days data is displayed under the date (e.g. 7/20/05).
2	Click Data . Hourly data is displayed.
3	Click each file created? while in the field.
4	Save the file when prompted. Browse to Pfdata \ (name of the project should be in this folder) \ base
	If in the field previous days, the data is now stored in one large file per day.
5	Click on the number (e.g. 07) associated with the month. Displayed are all the days in the month.
6	Select the day in the field.
7	When prompted, save the large file in the base folder as in step 4.
8	Using Pathfinder Office software, double click on the file in the base folder to extract the hourly data from the large daily file.

correcting data, continued

Differentially To use the differential correction utility, perform the following steps:

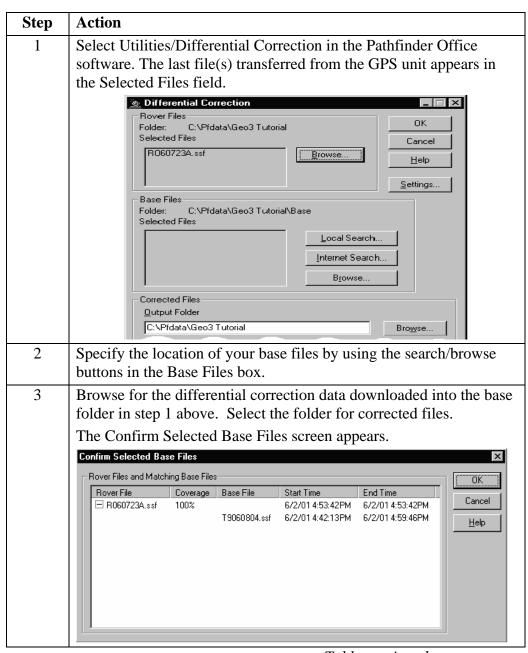


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Differentially correcting data, continued

Step	Action
4	Ensure the selected base files provide coverage for the rover files. Click OK . The Reference Position screen appears.
	Reference Position Reference Position Station Latitude: Station Longitude: Station Height (HAE): Station Height: Station Height: Station Base File Site: System: System: Lat/Long Zone: Lat/Long La
5	Click OK to confirm the reference position.
6	Specify the output folder. By default, the output folder is the current project folder.
7	Select a processing option. Processing Smart Code and Carrier Phase Processing Code Processing Only Carrier Phase Processing Only
8	Click OK to differentially correct the selected files. The Differential Completed dialog appears providing details of the differential correction.
9	Click OK.

Viewing Data When the data has been transferred and differentially corrected, it can be displayed, edited, and plotted. View field data using the Pathfinder Office Map, which can be used to make graphical queries and measurements on the collected data. Color, symbols, and line styles can be specified for each feature. The Map window provides an easy way to verify the integrity of the field data.

To view the data:

Step	Action	
1	Select File / Open using the Pathfinder Office menu bar.	
2	Select the data file(s).	
3	Select View / Map. The Map window displays the selected file.	
4	To display the attributes of any feature on the map, double-click the feature. The Feature Properties screen appears. It provides attribute information about the selected feature.	
5	To change the color of the Area ("Lake") feature. Right click on the map, and from the shortcut menu, select Lake Layer Style. The Lake style screen appears. Use this dialog to change the color of the lake area.	
6	To measure between positions and features and to compute areas, select Data / Measure from the GPS Pathfinder Office menu bar. The cursor becomes a ruler when the Map window is displayed. Click a point on the Road feature. Then click a point on the Lake feature. The distance between the two points is computed and displayed at the bottom of the screen.	

For more information about the Pathfinder Office Map window display, refer to the View menu topic in the Pathfinder Office online help

coordinate system

Changing the Coordinate systems are three-dimensional reference frames used to describe the location of objects in space. The GeoExplorer 3 data collection system provides position anywhere on the earth's surface in relation to the configured coordinate system. Before comparing geographic data obtained from different sources, the data must be referenced to the same datum and coordinate system because different datums and coordinate systems provide different coordinate values for a single geographic location.

To set the coordinate system in Pathfinder Office:

Step	Action		
1	Open the project.		
2	Select Options / Coordinate System. The Coordinate System screen appears. Coordinate System Select By Coordinate System and Zone		
	Zone: New Mexico Central 3002 Datum: NAD 1983 (Conus) Altitude Measured From Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) Mean Sea Level (MSL) Geoid Model Defined Geoid (GEOID99 (Conus)) Other Geoid: GEOID99 (Conus) Coordinate Units: Feet Altitude Units: Feet		
3	Change the Coordinate System to: • System: US State Plane 1983 • Zone: New Mexico Central 3002 • Coordinate and Altitude Units: Feet		
4	Click OK.		

Preparing GPS data

Post processing GPS data

Provide all data points collected in the field to the WQH IM Team for entry into the Water Quality Data Base (WQDB). The data should include:

- Location Name
- Location Type
- The X or Northing of the location
- The Y or Easting of the location
- The Elevation of the location

This information can be found by selecting the point of interest on the map and pressing the "+?" button on the toolbar while viewing data in Pathfinder Office.

- The units of measurement for X, Y, and Elevation. This is usually FEET
- Watershed the sampling location is in
- If the location is Differentially Correct (DGPS) or Uncorrected (UGPS)
- The Location Type:

MON = Monitoring Well

NOC = Well not Otherwise Classified

OUT = Outfall

SPR = Spring

SUP = Supply Well

WCS = Watercourse

WIP = Water from an Industrial Process

UA = Unassigned

WTF = Water Treatment Facility

Creating waypoints for navigation

GPS data transfer to waypoints

In some cases there may be pre-existing sources of coordinate information to use with the GPS to find locations. The Trimble GPS units are equipped with navigational tools that allow the user to load coordinates, or waypoints, onto the GPS and then use the GPS to navigate to the location in the field.

There are two ways to create a waypoint file.

- Enter in the coordinates by hand creating a .wpt file.
- Choose the coordinates from an imported map (in most cases, an ArcMap Shapefile [.shp]). Then convert the Shapefile to a waypoint (.wpt) file before transferring to the GPS unit.

Entering waypoints by hand

To enter waypoints by hand, perform the following steps:

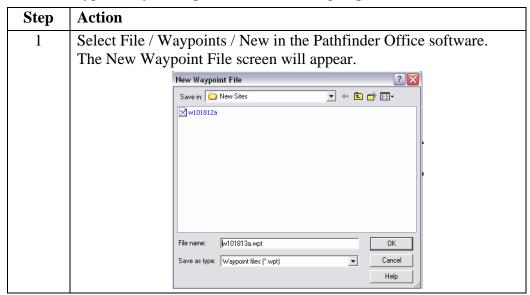


Table continued on next page.

Entering waypoints by hand, continued

To enter waypoints by hand, perform the following steps:

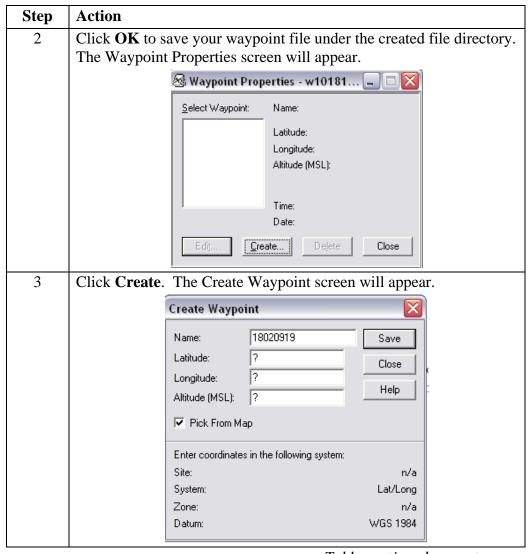


Table continued on next page.

Entering waypoints by hand, continued

Step	Action		
4	Enter coordinates in the boxes. If coordinates are different than the Create Waypoint screen fields (ex, coordinate system used by NMED is State Plane 1927), change the coordinates by selecting coordinate system on the Options – Coordinate System menu in Pathfinder Office.		
	Select By Coordinate System and Zone Site System: US State Plane 1983 Zone: New Mexico Central 3002 Datum: NAD 1983 (Conus) Altitude Measured From Height Above Ellipsoid (HAE) Mean Sea Level (MSL) Geoid Model Defined Geoid (GEOID99 (Conus)) Other Geoid: GEOID99 (Conus) Coordinate Units: Feet		
5	Rename the waypoint in the Name field.		
6	Click Save.		
7	Repeat steps 3 through 7 for all waypoints.		
8	Save the waypoint file (what screen is this save button?)		
9	Export waypoints to the GPS unit (steps provided later in this document).		
10	Close Create Waypoint screen.		
11	Close Waypoint Property screen.		

Importing map coordinates/
Shapefile

To import an ArcMap Shapefile file, perform the following steps:

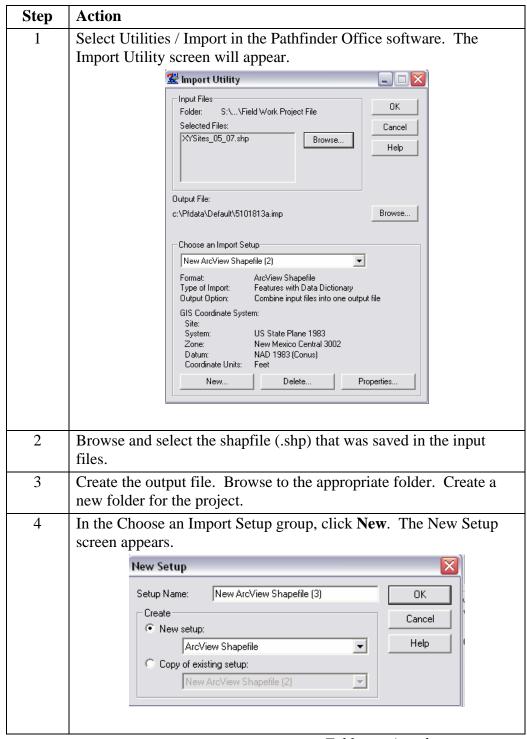


Table continued on next page.

Importing map coordinates/Shapefile, continued

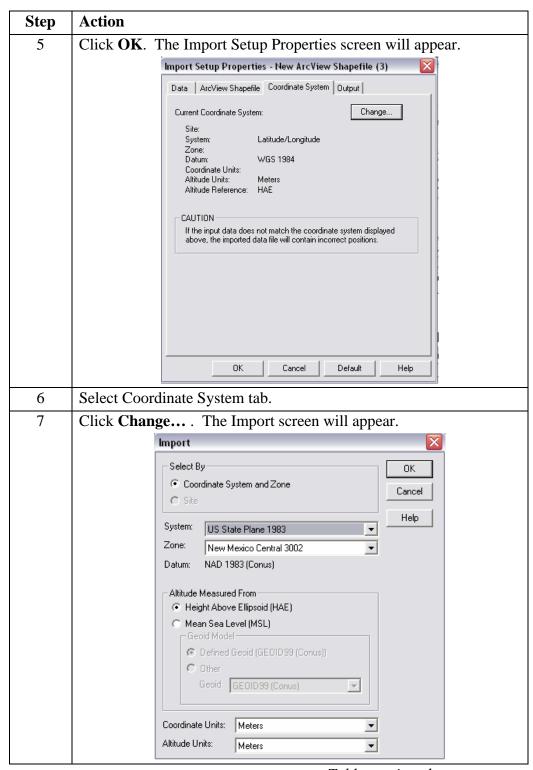


Table continued on next page.

Importing map coordinates/Shapefile, continued

Step	Action		
8	Change the coordinate system to:		
	System: US State Plane 1983		
	Zone: New Mexico Central 3002		
	Coordinate and Altitude Units: Feet		
9	Click OK until the main Pathfinder Office screen appears.		
10	Open the imported file and map it.		

Create waypoints from the Shapefile data

To create waypoints using the imported Shapefile, perform the following steps:

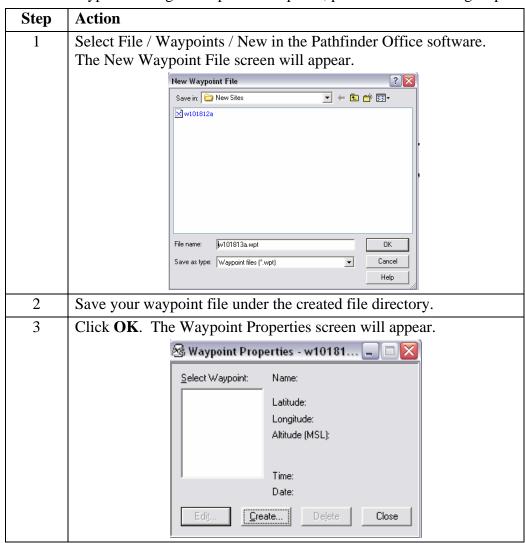


Table continued on next page.

Create waypoints from the Shapefile data. continued

Step	Action				
4	Click Create.	The Create	Waypoint screen	n will appea	r.
		Create Waypo	pint	X	
		Name:	18020919	Save	
		Latitude:	?	Close	
		Longitude:	?	Close	k
		Altitude (MSL):	?	Help	:
		Pick From M	ар		
		Enter coordinate	s in the following system:		
		Site:		n/a	
		System:		Lat/Long	
		Zone:		n/a	
		Datum:		WGS 1984	
5		-	box, and click or coordinates/Shap	-	
6	Double click on each point. The attributes, including the name, will appear.				
7	Rename the waypoint in the Name field				
8	Click Save.				
9	Repeat steps 3 through 8 for all waypoints				
10	Export waypoints to the GPS unit (steps provided later in this document).				

waypoints to the hand-held GPS unit

Transferring Transfer the waypoints from the computer to the GPS unit by performing the **waypoints to** following steps:

Step	Action		
1	Place the GPS unit in the Support Module that is connected to the computer.		
2	The software will default to a file on the C: drive. Browse to the specific project folder on the Server.		
3	Using Pathfinder Office, select Utilities / Data Transfer. The Data Transfer screen will appear. Device		
4	Select the device name from the Device list that represents your GPS unit.		
5	Select the Send tab.		
6	Click Add and select waypoints from the list. The Open screen appears.		
7	Select one or more files to be transferred. Click Open .		
	Click OK in the Waypoint Filter box.		
8	Click Transfer All . A message will appear displaying summary information about the transfer.		
9	Click Close.		
10	Click Close in the Data Transfer screen.		

a waypoint

Navigating to Navigating with the GPS unit is fairly accurate and easy and will normally guide the user to within 40 feet of the target. When user is within about 40 feet of the target, the GPS unit will beep. At this point, maps, field notes, sampling stakes, and/or visual confirmation should be used to find the exact location.

To navigate to a waypoint, perform the following steps:

Step	Action			
1	Press the NAV button on the GPS unit. The window will display a small person on a road. If not, press the NAV button to page through the tabs until the ROAD tab is displayed.			
2	Press the OPTION button on the upper right side of the GPS.			
3	Using ▷s, move to SELECT TARGET.			
4	Press the ENTER button. A drop down menu of all the waypoints stored in the GPS will appear.			
5	Use \triangleright s to highlight the desired waypoint.			
6	Press Inter. All drop down menus will disappear. The ROAD screen will appear displaying waypoints in text towards the bottom of the screen.			
7	Select the distance and arrow direction information windows (recommended) at the bottom of the screen for guidance to the waypoint. If the information windows are not displayed:			
	Step Action			
	1	Press OPTION on the upper right side of the GPS.		
	2	Move to INFO WINDOWS using the arrows.		
	3	Select or deselect the INFO WINDOWS as needed.		
	4 Press GLOSE. The ROAD screen will appear.			

Click here to record self-study training to this document.

FIELD CHEAT SHEET TRIMBLE GEOEXPLORER GPS UNIT

Instructions for Data Collection

- 1. Press DATA Key.
- 2. To appropriate Dictionary
 - a. Use arrow keys to move down to Dictionary.
 - b. Press Enter key
 - c. Use arrow keys to find dictionary.
 - d. Press Enter key to select dictionary.
- 3. Use arrow keys to move up to: Create new file.
- 4. Select: Create new file by pressing enter.
- 5. Use arrow keys to select Feature.
- 6. Press ENTER button
- 7. Attribute window will open.
- 8. If you want to make a Comment, press ENTER key.
- 9. Make comment using the arrow keys to move around the letter screen.
- 10. When finished with comment press CLOSE key.
- 11. Collect 12 points, look in lower right of screen to see how many points you have collected.
- 12. Press CLOSE key to stop collecting points.
- 13. Press CLOSE key Again.
- 14. GPS will ask if you want to Close rover file, choose yes and Press ENTER key.
- 15. Repeat all steps for next data point.

Instructions for Finding a Location

- 1. Press NAV key.
- 2. Make sure you are in Road window.
- 3. Press OPTION key.
- 4. Use arrow keys to Select Target.
- 5. Press enter key.
- 6. Select waypoint you want to got to from list.
- 7. Navigate to waypoint, notice Accuracy is only +/- 30m (100 ft.).
- 8. Repeat for next waypoint.

Instructions for SYS key

- 1. GPS screen will display number and Location of satellites.
- Press SYS key until Setup window Is active.
- 3. Select configurations.
- 4. Select GPS.
- 5. Here you can adjust GPS Precision.