

# PROJECT facts

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
OFFICE OF FOSSIL ENERGY  
NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

Sequestration

03/2006



## ADVANCED OXYFUEL BOILERS AND PROCESS HEATERS FOR COST EFFECTIVE CO<sub>2</sub> CAPTURE AND SEQUESTRATION

### Background

Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> from large stationary combustion systems has been targeted as a cost efficient means of reducing the emission of greenhouse gases from fossil fuel combustion systems. A number of concepts exist or have been proposed to reduce emissions, including fuel switching, efficiency improvements, CO<sub>2</sub> capture from conventional flue gas streams, and oxy-fuel fired systems with CO<sub>2</sub> capture. Switching fuels from coal to lower carbon fuels such as natural gas can reduce emissions, but severely restricts the nation's fuel flexibility and underutilizes the most abundant natural resource in the United States. Enhancing site efficiency by building natural gas combined cycle plants or making efficiency improving plant modifications can also significantly reduce emissions of greenhouse gases. However, these options simply do not provide enough reduction in emissions to mitigate the growing problem of global warming.

One economical solution to overcome these problems is to switch to oxy-fuel combustion. The use of oxygen in place of air results in a much lower volume of flue gas, which enhances thermal efficiency, thereby lowering CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. This four-year project will advance the integration of oxygen transport membranes (OTM) into oxyfired boilers from the bench scale to the point-of-readiness for engineering scaleup. The development of this novel boiler will require both Praxir's expertise in OTM development and oxyfuel combustion and the experience of Alstom Power in boiler development and manufacturing. These highly efficient boilers, through incorporation of lower cost OTM oxygen generation technology, can economically provide a significant portion of the required reductions in greenhouse gases.

### Primary Project Goal

The object of this project is to develop and demonstrate the integration of a novel ceramic oxygen transport membrane (OTM) with the combustion process to enhance boiler efficiency and carbon dioxide recovery.

### CONTACTS

#### Sean Plasynski

Sequestration Technology Manager  
National Energy Technology  
Laboratory  
626 Cochran Mill Road  
P.O. Box 10940  
Pittsburgh, PA 15236  
412-386-4867  
sean.plasynski@netl.doe.gov

#### Timothy Fout

Project Manager  
National Energy Technology  
Laboratory  
3610 Collins Ferry Road  
P.O. Box 880  
Morgantown, WV 26507  
304-285-1341  
timothy.fout@netl.doe.gov

#### John Sirman

Praxair, Inc.  
39 Old Ridgebury Rd  
Danbury, CT 06810  
john\_sirman@praxair.com



## PARTNERS

Praxair  
Alstom Power

## COST

**Total Project Value**  
\$5,564,765

**DOE/Non-DOE Share**  
\$3,895,335 / \$1,669,430

## ADDRESS

### National Energy Technology Laboratory

1450 Queen Avenue SW  
Albany, OR 97321-2198  
541-967-5892

2175 University Avenue South  
Suite 201  
Fairbanks, AK 99709  
907-452-2559

3610 Collins Ferry Road  
P.O. Box 880  
Morgantown, WV 26507-0880  
304-285-4764

626 Cochran Mill Road  
P.O. Box 10940  
Pittsburgh, PA 15236-0940  
412-386-4687

One West Third Street, Suite 1400  
Tulsa, OK 74103-3519  
918-699-2000

## CUSTOMER SERVICE

**1-800-553-7681**

## WEBSITE

[www.netl.doe.gov](http://www.netl.doe.gov)

## Objective

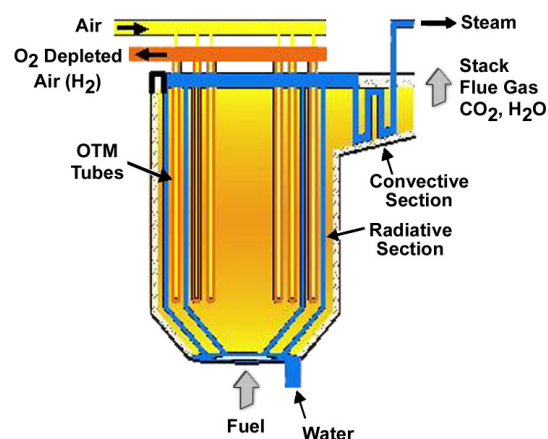
- Identify the optimal design based on technical performance; identify and demonstrate the most promising OTM materials for the integrated system; and develop a conceptual design for a laboratory scale boiler simulator.
- Perform economic analyses throughout the program to ensure the novel boiler will bring economic value to both the industrial customers and to the participating companies.
- Complete project by June 2006.

## Accomplishments

A ceramic membrane and seal assembly have been developed for thermal integration between the high temperature membrane and the combustion process. Alstom Power has initiated modeling studies to understand and predict the combustion characteristics of oxy-fuel technology. Current efforts are focusing on laboratory scale evaluations for integration of OTM with the combustion process. Multi- and single- tube reactors have been built and operated with early prototype OTM tubes. Throughout all operation, no membrane failures have been observed.

## Benefits

The development of a novel oxy-fuel boiler will significantly reduce the complexity of CO<sub>2</sub> capture, drastically reduce the cost of carbon sequestration, and offer increased thermal efficiency and reduced pollution emissions. This highly efficient boiler will economically provide a significant portion of the required reductions in greenhouse gases. Gasification plants which integrate OTM technology will have higher efficiency, lower cost of electricity, and lower emissions of pollutants compared to using a conventional cryogenic air separation unit.



Praxair Advanced Boiler