

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
WASHINGTON

National Bureau of Standards  
Certificate of Analyses  
Standard Sample 6 F  
Cast Iron

ANALYST	C		Mn	P	S			Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Mo	Ti	As	N	
	Total	Graphitic	Persulfate-Arsenite	Gravimetric (weighed as $Mg_3P_2O_7$ after removal of arsenic)	Alkali-Molybdate <sup>a</sup>	Gravimetric (direct oxidation and final precipitation after reduction of iron)	Evolution ( $HCl$ , sp. gr. 1.18, $ZnS$ -iodine <sup>b</sup> theoretical sulfur titer <sup>c</sup> )	Combustion Iodate titration	Sulfuric acid dehydration	$H_2S$ - $CuS$ - $CuO$	Weighed as nickel dimethylglyoxime	$FeSO_4$ - $KMnO_4$ titration	Colorimetric	$H_2O_2$ photometric		Distillation-titration	
1.....	2.89	2.17	<sup>d</sup> 0.497	0.527	<sup>e</sup> 0.530	0.105	0.104	<sup>f</sup> 0.103	<sup>h</sup> 1.86	<sup>b</sup> 0.256	0.060	<sup>i</sup> 0.439	<sup>j</sup> 0.030	0.010	<sup>k</sup> 0.065	<sup>l</sup> 0.032	<sup>m</sup> 0.004
2.....	2.90	2.19	.495		.53	.107	<sup>n</sup> 0.103	<sup>o</sup> 0.109	<sup>p</sup> 1.86	.254	.061	<sup>q</sup> 0.443	.034	.007	.055	<sup>r</sup> 0.032	.004
3.....	2.95	2.21	.497	.539		.107	.105		<sup>s</sup> 1.84	.256	.061	<sup>t</sup> 0.443	.034	.009	<sup>u</sup> 0.070	<sup>v</sup> 0.033	
4.....	2.92	2.17	<sup>u</sup> .507	<sup>v</sup> .536	.538		.103	<sup>w</sup> 0.109	<sup>x</sup> 1.86	.250	<sup>y</sup> .061	<sup>z</sup> <sup>u</sup> .450	<sup>aa</sup> .030	.011	.070	<sup>ab</sup> 0.030	
	2.91	2.19	<sup>u</sup> .497		.529	.106	<sup>ac</sup> .104		<sup>ad</sup> 1.85	.247	.060	.448	<sup>ae</sup> 0.038	.007	.060		
	2.90	2.27	<sup>u</sup> .508	.526	.524	.106		<sup>af</sup> 0.105	<sup>ag</sup> 1.85	.256	.057	.442	<sup>ah</sup> 0.027	.010	<sup>ai</sup> 0.066		.007
7.....	2.89	2.18	<sup>u</sup> .504		<sup>aj</sup> .529			<sup>ak</sup> 0.104	<sup>al</sup> 1.85	.253	.063	.434	<sup>am</sup> 0.027	.012	.059		
8.....	2.89	2.17	<sup>u</sup> .493		.523	.106	<sup>an</sup> .102		<sup>ao</sup> 1.85	<sup>ap</sup> 0.245	.060	.441	<sup>aq</sup> 0.037	.008	.058	<sup>ar</sup> 0.031	
Averages..	2.91	2.19	0.499	0.532	0.529	0.106	0.103	0.106	1.85	0.252	0.060	0.442	0.032	0.009	0.063	0.032	0.005
General average..	2.91	2.19	0.499	0.530			0.105		1.85	0.252	0.060	0.442	0.032	0.009	0.063	0.032	0.005

<sup>a</sup> Precipitated at 40° C, washed with a 1-percent solution of  $KNO_3$  and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phthalate and the ratio 23 NaOH:1P.

<sup>b</sup> Sample annealed by covering with a layer of graphite, and heating for 20 minutes at 685° C.

<sup>c</sup> Value obtained by standardizing the titrating solution by means of sodium oxalate through  $KMnO_4$  and  $Na_2S_2O_8$ , and use of the ratio 21:1S.

<sup>d</sup> Potentiometric titration.

<sup>e</sup> Molybdenum-blue photometric method. See J. Research NBS 26, 405 (1941) RP1386.

<sup>f</sup> 1-g sample burned in oxygen at 1,425° C, and sulfur dioxide absorbed in starch-iodide solution. Iodine liberated from iodide by titration, during the combustion, with standard  $KIO_3$  solution. Titer based on 93 percent of the theoretical factor.

<sup>g</sup> Double dehydration with intervening filtration.

<sup>h</sup> Diethylthiocarbamate photometric method. See J. Research NBS 47, 380 (1951) RP2265.

<sup>i</sup> Chromium separated from the bulk of the iron in a 10-g sample by hydrolytic precipitation with  $NaHCO_3$ , oxidized with persulfate, and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>j</sup> Vanadium separated as in (i), oxidized with  $HNO_3$  and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>k</sup> Cupferron separation after solution of sample in dilute  $HCl$  (1+2). Vanadium separated by treatment with NaOH.

<sup>l</sup> Molybdenum-blue photometric method. See J. Research NBS 24, 7 (1940) RP1267.

<sup>m</sup> Sulfuric acid digestion for 3 hours of a 1-g sample. See J. Research NBS 43, 201 (1949) RP2021.

<sup>n</sup> Solution in diluted  $HCl$  (1+1).

<sup>o</sup> Combustion gases absorbed in  $NaOH-H_2O_2$ , and excess NaOH titrated with  $H_2SO_4$ .

<sup>p</sup> Perchloric acid dehydration.

<sup>q</sup> Bicarbonate hydrolysis-perchloric acid oxidation.

<sup>r</sup> Distillation- $H_2S-As_2S_3$ .

<sup>s</sup> As in (i), except  $FeSO_4-KMnO_4$  titration.

<sup>t</sup> As in (k), except vanadium separated by  $Na_2CO_3$  fusion.

<sup>u</sup> Titrating solution standardized by use of a standard iron or steel.

<sup>v</sup> Weighed as ammonium phosphomolybdate.

<sup>w</sup> Dimethylglyoxime photometric method.

<sup>x</sup> Persulfate oxidation, potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

<sup>y</sup> Five-gram sample as in (j).

<sup>z</sup> Absorbed in ammoniacal cadmium chloride.

<sup>aa</sup>  $FeSO_4-(NH_4)_2S_2O_8-KMnO_4$  method.

<sup>ab</sup> Sulfide precipitation,  $Na_2S_2O_8$  titration.

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The iron for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Lynchburg Foundry Co.

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A. V. ASTIN, Director.

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