Section 4: Proposed Project Costs

Proposed projects costs reported by different agencies in the Carson Range vary by treatment (Table 3). Accurate comparisons among communities are difficult because of variations in the condition of individual treatment areas and accounting methods, and because the sequence of implementing treatments affects costs. The most detailed projected cost estimates are found in the individual plans from which this comprehensive plan is tiered.

Implementation Costs

In general, implementation costs in the Carson Range are lower compared to those reported by Fire Safe Councils or individuals in nearby communities (as of 2007). This is a result of established programs, known operators, and reduced haul distances. It also represents collaborative efforts, innovative treatment methodologies, and community partnerships that work with local agencies to accomplish fuel reduction work in the Carson Range.

Table 3. Implementation costs in the Carson Range and adjacent communities

	Cost/Acre in Different Sierra Nevada Communities (2007 Costs)							
Treatment	Carson Range	Lake Tahoe Basin	Foresthill FSC	El Dorado County FSC	Plumas County FSC	Truckee		
Mechanical thinning	\$350-\$3,500	\$1,000–3,500	\$1,250		\$600-\$2,300	\$500		
Hand thinning	\$350-\$2,500	\$650-\$3,500	\$1,300*	\$1,425	\$750-\$900*			
Chipping	\$50–\$700	\$200–\$700	\$1,100					
Mastication	\$550-\$950	\$700–\$1,500			\$700–\$1,300	\$700-\$1,400		
Pile burning	\$300-\$1500	\$300–\$700						
Broadcast burning	\$400–\$900	\$400–\$1500						
Animal Based	\$200-\$350							
Community Biomass	\$100-\$1000							

^{*} hand thinning and pile burning

Although costs per acre can be lower, hand thinning is not necessarily less expensive than mechanical thinning because it may also require pile burning or chipping to remove all of the harvested material. Additionally, *hand*-removed material is generally limited to small trees and sufficient numbers of trees may not be removed to achieve forest health and/or fuels reduction objectives. Mitigation measures associated with environmental compliance, lack of road access, steep topography, operating near residential areas, and areas with high recreational use, a limited operating season, and coordination between multiple agencies add significant cost to treatments. Treatments in urban lots, parcels, or steeper slopes are generally more expensive than those in other areas.

Planning Costs

Treatment costs in Table 3 represent implementation costs; they do not include costs for project planning (surveys and project design), environmental compliance, final project layout, contracting, or monitoring. Accurate costs for these items are difficult to establish because agencies track these costs differently. The Nevada Tahoe Resource Team estimates that planning costs for their projects range from \$700 to \$1,500 per acre. These costs are considered similar for Nevada Division of State Parks, Carson City, and Washoe County. Cost estimates for project planning, compliance, and final layout on National Forest System lands in the Carson Range range between \$100 and \$300 an acre. The Washoe Tribe estimates planning costs from \$150 to \$300 an acre.

Total Costs of the Proposed Projects

Note that all implementation and planning cost estimates in this plan represent the best-known data at the time of this writing. Market forces and inflation can obviously affect project costs over time. In addition, because specific prescriptions and treatment methodologies have not been determined for all projects, projected cost estimates must rely on average cost-per-acre ranges. Costs were estimated based on current contract rates and average price per acre for each involved agency. In addition, maintenance treatments were estimated on a project basis. A summary of these costs, by implementing agency or jurisdiction is displayed in Table 4.

Given the wide range of variables and estimates, this comprehensive plan projects that total plan implementation cost will range between \$89,000,000 and \$149,000,000 over all jurisdictions, with annual expenditures ranging between \$7,600,000 and \$16,500,000 (based on variation in acres treated by year).

Table 4. Ten-year projected costs for first and second entry/maintenance treatments

First Entry – 48,681 acres, Second entry/Maintenance 18,112 acres					
Jurisdiction	Cost Types	Projected Costs (Low)	Projected Costs (High)		
	Planning Costs	\$229,643	\$382,738		
Carson City	Implementation Costs	\$577,341	\$962,236		
	Total Costs	\$806,984	\$1,344,973		
	Planning Costs	\$7,875,355	\$13,125,592		
USDA Forest Service	Implementation Costs	\$50,224,270	\$83,707,117		
Sel vice	Total Costs	\$58,099,626	\$96,832,710		
Private Lands (CWPP)	Planning Costs	\$4,994,515	\$8,324,192		
	Implementation Costs	\$12,843,039	\$21,405,064		
	Total Costs	\$17,837,554	\$29,729,256		
	Planning Costs	\$690,439	\$1,150,732		
City of Reno	Implementation Costs	\$2,796,279	\$4,660,466		
	Total Costs	\$3,486,719	\$5,811,198		
Nevada Division of State Parks	Planning Costs	\$1,461,606	\$2,436,010		
	Implementation Costs	\$3,893,223	\$6,488,704		
	Total Costs	\$5,354,829	\$8,924,714		
	Planning Costs	\$193,112	\$321,854		
Washoe County	Implementation Costs	\$689,686	\$1,149,477		
	Total Costs	\$882,798	\$1,471,331		
	Planning Costs	\$42,716	\$71,194		
Washoe Tribe	Implementation Costs	\$112,336	\$187,227		
	Total Costs	\$155,053	\$258,421		
	Planning Costs	\$558,741	\$931,235		
Whittell Forest - UNR	Implementation Costs	\$1,955,593	\$3,259,322		
	Total Costs	\$2,514,334	\$4,190,557		
Total Planning Costs		\$16,046,128	\$26,743,547		
Total Implementation Co	osts	\$73,091,768	\$121,819,614		
Total Costs		\$89,137,896	\$148,563,160		

Carson	Range	Fuel	Reduction	and	Wildfire	Prevention	Strategy
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