

LTBMU Special Interest							
<i>Arabis rectissima var simulans</i>	Washoe Trail rock cress	LSI					Jeffrey pine-fir forest on gentle slopes, in gently disturbed areas, on sandy granitic or andesitic soil; 7,021 – 10,020' elevation. Blooms June – July.
<i>Meesia longiseta</i>	Meesia moss	LSI					<i>Meesia longiseta</i> is distinguished from <i>M. triquetra</i> by the entire leaf margins, synoicous sexual condition, and leaves generally more slender. This species occurs in habitats similar to those of <i>M. triquetra</i> .
<i>Myurella julacea</i>	Small mousetail moss	LSI			2.3		This species occurs on shaded, damp cliffs and in crevices or on ledges, usually growing among other bryophytes or as small, pure patches on base-rich soil among rocks, or in crevices on mountains. often in calcareous areas, although it is not restricted to basic substratum. Occurring from sea-level to subalpine areas, it is seldom present in much quantity.
<i>Orthotrichum praemorsum</i>	Orthotrichum moss	LSI					Saxicolous, acrocarpous moss, characterized by its hygroscopic leaves and non-arctic habitat; found by Lawton in 1955 in the Lake Tahoe area.
<i>Orthotrichum shevockii</i>	Shevrock's moss	LSI			1B.3		Erect, small dark green tufts on dry granitic boulders. Leaves 5 mm long. Highly papillose leaf cells and bitristrate leaf margins. In the Lake Tahoe area, it has been found at Lake Tahoe, and also about one mile up in Voltaire Canyon near Carson City.
<i>Orthotrichum spjutii</i>	Spjut's bristle-moss	LSI			1B.3		Sierra Nevada endemic, previously known only from a single rock face by Koenig Lake, Bridgeport District, Humboldt-Toiyabe NF. Saxicolous, acrocarpous moss occurring on rocks and crevices with indirect light.
<i>Pohlia tundrae</i>	Tundrae pohlia moss	LSI			2.3		A moss of mesic alpine tundra in the western US; scattered, or forming dense, compact mats on soil, with a distinct gloss when dry. Propagula long and cylindrical and extend beyond the erect leaves of tufted plants. Suspected the length of the Sierra.
<i>Sphagnum species</i>	Sphagnum species	LSI					Usually growing in wet places.

S = USFS LTBMU Sensitive Species, Regional Forester's Sensitive Species List, Region 5

LSI = USFS LTBMU Species of Interest

SI = TRPA Special Interest Species, Regional Plan for the LTBMU: Goals and Policies (1986) and Code of Ordinances (1987)

CA State List

R = rare T = threatened E = endangered

NV State List

CE = Nevada Critically Endangered

Fed List:

CE = Candidate for Endangered

SC = Species of concern

CNPS List

1A = presumed extinct in CA, 1B = Rare or Endangered in CA and elsewhere

2 = Rare or Endangered in CA but more common elsewhere

3 = Plants need more information - Review list