§ 646.146

- (b) Operating a customs bonded warehouse pursuant to section 311 or 555 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1311 or 1555):
- (c) An agent of a tobacco products manufacturer, an export warehouse proprietor, or an operator of a customs bonded warehouse;
- (d) A common or contract carrier transporting the cigarettes involved under a proper bill of lading or freight bill which states the quantity, source, and destination of the cigarettes;
- (e) Licensed or otherwise authorized by the State, in which he possesses cigarettes, to account for and pay cigarette taxes imposed by that State; and who has complied with the accounting and payment requirements relating to his license or authorization with respect to the cigarettes involved; or
- (f) An agent of the United States, of an individual State, or of a political subdivision of a State and having possession of cigarettes in connection with the performance of official duties.
- (g) Operating within a foreign-trade zone established under 19 U.S.C., section 81b, when the cigarettes involved have been entered into the zone under zone-restricted status or, in respect to foreign cigarettes, have been admitted into the zone but have not been entered in the United States.

Person. Any individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership, society, or joint stock company.

State. A State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands.

[45 FR 48612, July 21, 1980, as amended by T.D. ATF-472, 67 FR 8881, Feb. 27, 2002]

RECORDS

$\S 646.146$ General requirements.

Each distributor of cigarettes shall keep copies of invoices, bills of lading, or other suitable commercial records relating to each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes. Dividing a single agreement for the disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes into the delivery of smaller components of 60,000 cigarettes or less does not exempt the distributor from the recordkeeping requirements of this part. The distributor shall include the information

prescribed in §646.147 in his commercial records of disposition.

§ 646.147 Required information.

- (a) Distributors who are exempted persons. Each distributor who is an exempted person as defined in §646.143 shall show the following information in his commercial records.
- (1) For each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes to an exempted person; or for each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes to a person who is not an exempted person and which is delivered by the distributor to the recipient's place of business, the distributor shall show on dated records—
- (i) The full name of the purchaser (or the recipient if there is no purchaser):
- (ii) The street address (including city and state) to which the cigarettes are destined; and
- (iii) The quantity of cigarettes disposed of.
- (2) For each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes, other than the dispositions specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the distributor shall show on dated records—
- (i) The full name of the purchaser (if any):
- (ii) The name, address (including city and state), and signature of the person receiving the cigarettes;
- (iii) The street address (including city and state) to which the cigarettes are destined:
- (iv) The quantity of cigarettes disposed of;
- (v) The driver's license number of the individual receiving the cigarettes;
- (vi) The license number of the vehicle in which the cigarettes are removed from the distributor's business premises:
- (vii) A declaration by the individual receiving the cigarettes of the specific purpose of receipt (such as personal use, resale, delivery to another person, etc.); and
- (viii) A declaration by the person receiving the cigarettes of the name and address of his principal when he is acting as an agent.
- (b) Distributors who are not exempted persons. Each distributor who is not an exempted person as defined in §646.143 shall show on dated commercial records the information specified in

paragraphs (a)(2) (i) through (viii) of this section for each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0391)

 $[45\ FR\ 48612,\ July\ 21,\ 1980,\ as\ amended\ by\ T.D.\ ATF-172,\ 49\ FR\ 14943,\ Apr.\ 16,\ 1984]$

§646.150 Retention of records.

- (a) General. Each distributor of cigarettes shall retain the records required by §§ 646.146 and 646.147 for three years following the close of the year in which the records are made. The distributor shall keep the required records on his business premises.
- (b) Shorter retention periods. The appropriate ATF officer may, pursuant to an application submitted by a distributor, approve a shorter retention period where—
- (1) The distributor requesting the shorter retention period is an agent of a tobacco products manufacturer;
- (2) The tobacco products manufacturer will keep the required record for each disposition of more than 60,000 cigarettes from the agent's premises for the full retention period specified in paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (3) The approval of a shorter retention period will not unduly hinder the administration of enforcement of this subpart.
- (c) Application requirements. Each distributor proposing to employ a shorter retention period shall submit a written application, in duplicate, to the appropriate ATF officer. A distributor may not employ a shorter retention period until approval is received from the appropriate ATF officer. Each application should indicate the duration of the proposed retention period and should include the information required by paragraph (b) of this section.

[45 FR 48612, July 21, 1980, as amended by T.D. ATF-472, 67 FR 8880, 8881, Feb. 27, 2002]

OTHER PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE DISTRIBUTION OF CIGARETTES

§ 646.153 Authority of appropriate ATF officers to enter business premises.

Any appropriate ATF officer may enter the business premises of any distributor of cigarettes to inspect the records required by §§ 646.146 through

646.147 or to inspect any cigarettes stored on the premises—

- (a) Pursuant to duly issued search warrant or an administrative inspection warrant; or
- (b) Upon the consent of the distributor to enter his premises.

[45 FR 48612, July 21, 1980, as amended by T.D. ATF-472, 67 FR 8881, Feb. 27, 2002]

PENALTIES AND FORFEITURES

§646.154 Penalties.

- (a) Any person who knowingly ships, transports, receives, possesses, sells, distributes, or purchases contraband cigarettes shall be fined not more than \$100,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.
- (b) Any person who knowingly violates any regulation contained in this part or makes any false statement or misrepresentation with respect to the information required to be recorded by this part shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than three years, or both.

§ 646.155 Forfeitures.

- (a) Any contraband cigarettes involved in any violation of the provisions of 18 U.S.C. chapter 114 shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture. All provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (title 26 U.S.C.) relating to the seizure, forfeiture, and disposition of firearms, as defined in section 5845(a) of that Code, shall, so far as applicable, extend to seizures and forfeitures of contraband cigarettes under the provisions of 18 U.S.C. chapter 114.
- (b) Any vessel, vehicle or aircraft used to transport, carry, convey, or conceal or possess any contraband cigarettes with respect to which there has been committed any violation of any provision of 18 U.S.C. chapter 114 or the regulations in this subpart shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture under the Customs laws, as provided by the Act of August 9, 1939 (49 U.S.C. 781–788).

(18 U.S.C. 2344; 53 Stat. 1291 (49 U.S.C. 782))